## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS




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## U.S. Department of Commerce

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NoTE--This issue of the Sunvey went to the printer on June 9, 1988. It incorporates data from the following monthly BEA news releases:

Gross National Product (May 26),
Personal Income and Outlays (May 27), and
Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators (June 1).

## the BUSINESS SITUATION

$\mathbf{R}_{\text {EVISED estimates show that real }}$ GNP, a measure of production, increased at an annual rate of 4 percent in the first quarter of 1988; the preliminary estimates had shown an increase of $21 / 2$ percent (see table 1 on page 17). Gross domestic purchases, a measure of demand, was essentially unrevised at an annual rate of 2 percent. Increases in both the GNP price index (fixed weights) and the gross domestic purchases price index (fixed weights) were unrevised at an annual rate of $31 / 2$ percent. ${ }^{1}$

Most of the unusually large revision in real GNP was accounted for by a $\$ 13$ billion upward revision in net exports. Exports were revised up $\$ 101 / 2$ billion, and imports were revised down $\$ 21 / 2$ billion. The revised estimates incorporated newly available data on merchandise exports and imports for March and partial information from BEA's survey of direct investment income. The latter reflected the effect of an upward adjustment in profits of foreign-owned corporations in the United States, described in discussing corporate profits.

On the revised basis, merchandise exports were up $\$ 21$ billion, or $301 / 2$ percent, in the first quarter. A $\$ 91 / 2$ billion upward revision in nonagricultural merchandise exports brought the first-quarter increase in line with the strong increases of the past couple of quarters. Two end-use categories in particular-capital goods except autos, and industrial supplies and ma-terials-showed even stronger in-

Note.-Quarterly estimates in the national income and product accounts are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes in them are differences between these rates. Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are compounded to annual rates. Real, or constantdollar, estimates are expressed in 1982 dollars.

[^0]creases than had been : ndicated. For agricultural exports, the first-quarter increase was substantial even after a $\$ 1 / 2$ billion downward revision. On the revised basis, merchandise imports were up $\$ 11 / 2$ billion, or 1 percent. For petroleum imports, a $\$ 5$ billion downward revision sharply reduced its first-quarter increase. For nonpetroleum imports, the first-quarter increase was slight after a $\$ 1$ billion downward revision.

The picture of the other major components of production and demand, as sketched in last month's "Business Situation," did not alter much. Personal consumption expenditures and Federal Government purchases were revised up $\$ 21 / 2$ billion and $\$ 2$ billion, respectively, and inventory investment was revised down $\$ 21 / 2$ billion.

## Corporate profits

Profits from current productionprofits before tax with inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption adjustment-declined $\$ 3$ billion in the first quarter of 1988 after
a decline of $\$ 2$ billion in the preceding quarter. Profits before tax declined $\$ 5$ billion in the first quarter, while corporate profits tax liabilities declined $\$ 6$ billion; as a result, profits after tax increased $\$ 1$ billion.

The sharp drop in tax liabilities reflected the impact of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 (TRA), which reduced the maximum tax rate from 46 percent to 34 percent, effective July 1, 1987. Quarterly national income and product account (NIPA) estimates of tax liabilities in 1987 continued to be influenced by the higher rates even after the effective date of rate reduction, because quarterly tax liabilities are calculated by applying the annual average effective tax rate to quarterly taxable profits. For 1988, the average tax rate is not affected by the preTRA rates. (For more detail on this and other tax-related issues, see "Federal Fiscal Programs" in the February 1988 SURVEY.)

The $\$ 5$ billion decline in profits before tax was the sum of a $\$ 1$ billion increase in domestic profits and a $\$ 6$

## Looking Ahead . . .

- Regional Projections. A comparison of BEA's regional economic projections for 1986 and 1987 with actual estimates and an evaluation of the differences will appear in the June Survey.
- U.S. International Transactions and Investment Position. Revised estimates of U.S. international transactions will be presented in the June Survey, along with preliminary estimates for the first quarter of 1988. The revisions cover 1983-87. The same issue will present preliminary estimates for yearend 1987 of U.S. assets abroad and foreign assets in the United States and the sources of change in the investment position.
- U.S. Multinational Companies: Operations in 1986. Data and analysis of the operations in 1986 of U.S. parent companies and their foreign affiliates, by industry and country of foreign affiliate, will be presented in the June Survey. Selected data will be available as of June 29.
- Annual Revisions of the National Income and Product Accounts. Revised estimates will be presented in the July Survey. The revisions cover the 3 -year period beginning with the first quarter of 1985.
billion decline in profits from the rest of the world (ROW). Domestic profits are the profits of all corporations located in the United States, regardless of whether they are owned by U.S. residents or by foreign residents. National profits are profits attributable to U.S.-owned corporations, regardless of where they are located. To derive a national measure, domestic profits must be (1) increased by the amount of profits earned by U.S.-owned corporations abroad and (2) reduced by the amount of profits earned by foreignowned corporations in the United States. The net of these additions and subtractions-i.e., profits of U.S.owned corporations abroad less profits of foreign-owned corporations in the United States-is ROW profits.
Estimates of domestic profits are based on tax accounting rules and are measured before income taxes; estimates of ROW profits are based on financial accounting standards and are measured after U.S. and foreign income taxes. ${ }^{2}$ (Although based on financial accounting standards, ROW profits are adjusted to remove capital gains and losses for consistency with NIPA concepts.) Thus, one measure of the profits of foreign-owned corporations in the United States is included in domestic profits, and a different measure is included (as a negative) in ROW profits. Usually these two measures move together rather closely; in the first quarter, however, they did not.

A $\$ 61 / 2$ billion increase in the profits of foreign-owned corporations in the United States more than accounted for the $\$ 6$ billion drop in ROW profits in the first quarter. A large but not precisely quantifiable part of the increase reflected the implementation of a recent financial accounting standard. The standard was adopted in response to the reduction in tax rates by the TRA. This rate reduction necessitated a reduction in corporate balance sheet accounts for deferred taxes, which, according to this financial standard, must be reflected in the income statement as an adjustment to (i.e., as an increase in) current earnings by the end of 1988 .
2. For an explanation of some of the differences between tax, financial, and NIPA accounting practices, see U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Corporate Profits: Profits Before Tax, Profits Tax Liability, and Dividends, Methodology Paper Series MP-2, (Washington, DC: GPO, May 1985), 51-53.

Thus, implementation of this adjustment by foreign-owned corporations increased the amount that is subtracted in estimating ROW profits. It did not, however, increase the taxaccounting measure included in domestic profits. National profits for the first quarter, therefore, were understated by the amount of the adjustment. (It should be noted that the current understatement offsets overstatement earlier, when profits of for-eign-owned corporations were calculated using higher tax rates.)

In addition, the adjustment for deferred taxes in ROW profits affected the measurement of GNP. ROW profits appear as part of net exports of factor services in the product-side estimate of GNP. To the extent that these net exports are understated, GNP is also understated. Gross domestic product (GDP), in contrast, is not affected because GDP is defined to exclude all factor incomes from the rest of the world.

As noted above, the size of the adjustment (and, therefore, the size of the understatement in GNP) cannot be precisely quantified; at present only very limited information is available on the profits of foreign-owned corporations. (If the entire first-quarter change in profits of foreign-owned corporations in the United States is taken as an upper limit of the effect of the adjustment on GNP, then the GNP growth rate may have been understated by as much as 0.5 percentage point.) BEA surveys of direct investment will provide additional information on these profits for the revised estimate of GNP to be released in June.

## Government sector

The fiscal position of the government sector in the NIPA's improved in the first quarter of 1988, as the combined deficit of the Federal Government and of State and local governments decreased $\$ 161 / 2$ billion (table 1). The deficit of the Federal Government declined $\$ 81 / 2$ billion, and the surplus of State and local governments increased $\$ 8$ billion.

The Federal sector.-The Federal Government deficit declined to $\$ 152$ billion, as receipts increased more than expenditures.

Receipts increased $\$ 14$ billion, compared with $\$ 14 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the fourth quarter. On balance, the first-quarter increase was largely attributable to larger tax bases; tax changes offset each other. Increases due to social security changes and the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 were offset by decreases due to the Tax Reform Act of 1986 (TRA).

The increase in total receipts was more than accounted for by a $\$ 251 / 2$ billion increase in contributions for social insurance. The increase included (1) $\$ 14$ billion from the increase in social security rates (to 7.51 percent from 7.15 percent for employers and for employees, and to 13.02 percent from 12.30 percent for the self-employed), (2) $\$ 21 / 2$ billion from an increase in the medicare supplementary medical insurance premium (to $\$ 24.80$ from $\$ 17.90$ per month), and (3) $\$ 1$ billion from an increase in the maximum earnings base for social security (to $\$ 45,000$ from $\$ 43,800$ ). Indirect business tax and nontax accruals also increased, by $\$ 1 / 2 / 2$ billion.

A $\$ 7$ billion decline in personal tax and nontax receipts was the net result of a $\$ 16$ billion decline due to TRA and a $\$ 9$ billion increase due to larger tax bases. A $\$ 6$ billion decline in corporate profits tax accruals was the net result of a $\$ 7$ billion decline due to TRA, a $\$ 31 / 2$ billion decline due to declining profits, and a $\$ 5$ billion increase due to the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987.

Expenditures increased $\$ 51 / 2$ billion, compared with $\$ 39$ billion in the fourth quarter. The first-quarter increase reflected several large, partly offsetting changes in the components. The largest increase was in transfer payments to persons, which increased $\$ 15$ billion; $\$ 13$ billion of this increase was due to cost-of-living adjustments to benefits under social security and several other Federal retirement and income support programs. Grants-inaid to State and local governments increased $\$ 9$ billion, including large increases in medicaid, highway, aid to families with dependent children, and education grants. Net interest paid increased $\$ 21 / 2$ billion, and defense purchases of goods and services increased $\$ 11 / 2$ billion.

Of the declines, the largest was in nondefense purchases of goods and services. The $\$ 11$ billion decline was accounted for by purchases of agricul-
tural commodities by the Commodity Credit Corporation. Subsidies less the current surplus of government enterprises declined $\$ 61 / 2$ billion, reflecting a decline in subsidies to farmers. Transfer payments to foreigners declined $\$ 51 / 2$ billion; the decline was in ec̣onomic and military aid.

Cyclically adjusted surplus or defi-cit.-When measured using cyclical adjustments based on middle-expansion trend GNP, the Federal deficit on the national income and product accounts basis declined from $\$ 1991 / 2$ billion in the fourth quarter to $\$ 1961 / 2$ billion in the first (see table 3 on page 18). The cyclically adjusted deficit as a percentage of middle-expansion trend GNP declined from 4.5 percent in the fourth quarter to 4.3 percent in the first.

State and local sector.-The State and local government surplus increased $\$ 8$ billion in the first quarter to $\$ 46$ billion, as receipts increased more than expenditures. A $\$ 61 / 2$ billion increase in the other funds surplus largely accounted for the total increase; the social insurance funds surplus increased $\$ 11 / 2$ billion.
Receipts increased $\$ 19$ billion, compared with $\$ 6$ billion in the fourth quarter. The previously discussed increase in Federal grants-in-aid accounted for almost one-half of the total increase. Personal tax and nontax receipts and indirect business tax and nontax accruals each increased $\$ 41 / 2$ billion.

Expenditures increased $\$ 11$ billion, compared with $\$ 141 / 2$ billion in the
fourth quarter. Most of the increase was in purchases of goods and services. The deceleration in purchases was more than accounted for by struc-
tures, which changed little after a $\$ 31 / 2$ billion increase. All other categories of purchases increased in both quarters.

Table 1.-Government Sector Receipts and Expenditures

|  | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |  | Level <br> 1988:I |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{\mathrm{I}}$ |  |
|  | I | II | III | IV |  |  |
| Government sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts | 30.4 | 59.1 | 8.8 | 22.0 | 23.8 | 1,522.9 |
| Expenditures | 21.8 | 18.2 40.8 | 9.5 -7 | 54.9 -33.0 | 7.5 16.3 | $1,628.9$ -106.0 |
| Surplus or deficit (-) | 8.6 | 40.8 | $-.7$ | -33.0 | 16.3 | -106.0 |
| Federal Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts... | 26.8 | 43.6 | . 1 | 14.6 | 14.1 | 951.6 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts. | 5.2 | 34.1 | -11.4 | 9.2 | -7.2 | 406.3 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals...... | 12.4 | 4.9 | 6.7 | -2.2 | -5.8 | 106.6 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals | 2.2 | . 9 | - 3 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 56.5 |
| Contributions for social insurance............. | 7.0 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 6.5 | 25.5 | 382.2 |
| Expenditures... | 8.6 | 12.3 | -3.3 | 39.0 | 5.6 | 1,103.4 |
| Purchases of goods and services. | -1.7 | 12.6 | 2.5 | 6.9 | $-9.2$ | 379.7 |
| National defense. | 8.5 | 7.0 | 4.5 | . 7 | 1.7 | 301.5 |
| Nondefense.. | -10.1 | 5.6 | -2.0 | 6.1 | -11.0 | 78.2 |
| Of which: Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change | -10.9 | -1.5 | -1.1 | 3.8 | -11.5 | -13.8 |
| Transfer payments. | 1.0 | 5.3 | 1.4 | 8.4 | 9.8 | 431.6 |
| To persons... | 4.9 | 5.5 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 15.2 | 421.4 |
| To foreigners | -3.9 | $-3$ | -7 | 5.8 | -5.4 | 10.2 |
| Grants-in-aid to State and local governments | $-6$ | 3.7 | $-2.5$ | -1.5 | 9.1 | 111.2 |
| Net interest paid.. | 1.8 | 2 | 3.1 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 151.5 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | 8.0 | -9.5 | -7.6 | 18.5 | -6.3 | 29.4 |
| Subsidies............................... | 14.1 | -11.2 | -6.7 | 17.7 | -6.6 | 31.8 |
| Of which: Agricultural subsidies................... | 14.1 | -11.4 | -6.7 | 17.6 | -6.7 | 16.9 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises. Less: Wage accruals less disbursements.. | ${ }_{0}^{6.1}$ | -1.7 0 | . 8 | -.8 | -.3 .3 | ${ }_{0}^{2.4}$ |
| Surplus or deficit (-). | 18.2 | 31.3 | 3.4 | -24.5 | 8.4 | -151.8 |
| State and local governments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts. | 3.0 | 19.2 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 18.9 | 682.4 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts. | -1.0 | 7.7 | -. 9 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 170.5 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals............ | 1.7 | 1.3 | 2.1 | -. 7 | 0 | 27.7 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. | 4.2 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 325.5 |
| Contributions for social insurance. | -1.2 | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 | 47.6 |
| Federal grants-in-aid ......................... | -. 6 | 3.7 | $-2.5$ | -1.5 | 9.1 | 111.2 |
| Expenditures.. | 12.6 | 9.6 | 10.4 | 14.5 | 11.0 | 636.6 |
| Purchases of goods and services.. | 11.6 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 13.0 | 9.9 | 569.8 |
| Of which: Structures... | 2.6 | -1.2 | -1.2 | 3.5 | -. 1 | 64.8 |
| Transfer payments to persons.. | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 123.9 |
| Net interest paid. | -. 3 | -. 5 | -. 4 | -. 5 | -. 6 | -34.3 |
| Less: Dividends received by government... | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | 7.2 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises ................. | -. 3 | . 1 | -. 1 | -. 5 | -. 2 | -15.6 |
| Subsidies..................................................................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.1 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises...... | . 3 | $-1$ | . 1 | . 5 | . 2 | 16.6 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements........................................ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit (-)... | -9.6 | 9.6 | -4.1 | -8.5 | 7.9 | 45.8 |
| Social insurance funds. | -1.2 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 55.0 |
| Other...... | -8.4 | 8.8 | $-5.3$ | -9.8 | 6.3 | -9.2 |

[^1]
# National Income and Product Accounts Tables 

## Selected NIPA Tables

New estimates in this issue: First quarter 1988, revised $\left(^{r}\right.$ ).
The selected set of 52 national income and product accounts (NIPA) tables shown in this section presents quarterly estimates, which are updated monthly. (In most of these tables, annual estimates are also shown.) The full set of 130 tables usually shown in July presents annual NIPA revisions. For more information on the presentation of the estimates, see "National Income and Product Accounts Estimates: When They are Released, Where They Are Available, and How They Are Presented" in the January 1988 Survey.

The full set of estimates for 1984-86 is in the July 1987 issue of the Surver; estimates for 1983 are in the July 1986 issue. Estimates for 1929-82 are in National Income and Product Accounts, 1929-82: Statistical Tables (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00174-7, price $\$ 23.00$ ). These publications are available from the Superintendent of Documents; see address on inside front cover

The full set of NIPA tables is available on diskette for $\$ 240$ per year ( 12 updates, for the quarterly estimates prepared each month). For more information, write to the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-54), U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230.

Table 1.1.-Gross National Product
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | Ir |
| Gross national product...... | 4,235.0 | 4,488.5 | 4,288.1 | 4,377.7 | 4,445.1 | 4,524.0 | 4,607.4 | 4,668.7 |
| Personal consumption expenditures | 2,799.8 | 2,967.8 | 2,858.6 | 2,893.8 | 2,943.7 | 3,011.3 | 3,022.6 | 3,071.9 |
| Durable goods. | 402.4 | 413.7 | 419.8 | 396.1 | 409.0 | 436.8 | 413.0 | 426.4 |
| Nondurable goods. | 939.4 | 982.9 | 946.3 | 969.9 | 982.1 | 986.4 | 993.1 | 998.8 |
| Services.................... | 1,458.0 | 1,571.2 | 1,492.4 | 1,527.7 | 1,552.6 | 1,588.1 | 1,616.5 | 1,646.8 |
| Gross private domestic investment. | 671.0 | 717.5 | 660.2 | 699.9 | 702.6 | 707.4 | 760.2 | 756.7 |
| Fixed investment | 655.2 | 671.5 | 666.6 | 648.2 | 662.3 | 684.5 | 690.8 | 704.3 |
| Nonresidential ... | 436.9 | 443.4 | 439.7 | 422.8 | 434.6 | 456.6 | 459.6 | 477.4 |
| Structures.... | 137.4 | 134.2 | 132.9 | 128.7 | 129.7 | 137.1 | 141.1 | 140.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 299.5 | 309.2 | 306.7 | 294.1 | 304.9 | 319.5 | 318.5 | 337.4 |
| Residential.......... | 218.3 | 228.1 | 226.9 | 225.4 | 227.7 | 227.9 | 231.2 | 226.9 |
| Change in business inventories. | 15.7 | 46.1 | -6.4 | 51.6 | 40.3 | 22.9 | 69.4 | 52.4 |
| Nonfarm.... | 16.8 | 36.2 | 5.1 | 48.7 | 27.3 | 11.1 | 57.5 | 36.2 |
| Farm. | -1.1 | 9.9 | -11.6 | 2.9 | 13.0 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 16.3 |
| Net exports of goods and services $\qquad$ | -105.5 | -119.6 | -116.9 | -112.2 | -118.4 | -123.7 | -124.3 | -109.4 |
| Exports. | 376.2 | 427.8 | 383.3 | 397.3 | 416.5 | 439.2 | 458.1 | 482.7 |
| Imports.................................... | 481.7 | 547.4 | 500.2 | 509.5 | 534.8 | 562.9 | 582.4 | 592.1 |
| Government purchases of goods and services $\qquad$ | 869.7 | 922.8 | 886.3 | 896.2 | 917.1 | 929.0 | 948.8 | 949.5 |
| Federal. | 366.2 | 379.4 | 368.6 | 366.9 | 379.6 | 382.1 | 388.9 | 379.7 |
| National defense | 277.8 | 295.2 | 279.0 | 287.5 | 294.5 | 299.0 | 299.8 | 301.5 |
| Nondefense... | 88.4 | 84.2 | 89.6 | 79.4 | 85.1 | 83.0 | 89.2 | 78.2 |
| State and local .... | 503.5 | 543.4 | 517.7 | 529.3 | 537.6 | 546.9 | 559.9 | 569.8 |

Norg.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in

Table 1.3.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | Ir |
| Gross national product.. | 4,235.0 | 4,488.5 | 4,288.1 | 4,377.7 | 4,445.1 | 4,524.0 | 4,607.4 | 4,668.7 |
| Final sales. | 4,219.3 | 4,442.5 | 4,294.6 | 4,326.0 | 4,404.8 | 4,501.1 | 4,587.9 | 4,616.3 |
| Change in business inventories | 15.7 |  | -6.4 | 51.6 |  | 22.9 | 69.4 | 52.4 |
| Goods.. | 1,693.8 | 1,782.2 | 1,698.9 | 1,738.7 | 1,763.5 | 1,798.3 | 1,828.4 | 1,854.1 |
| Final sales ... | 1,678.0 | 1,736.2 | 1,705.3 | 1,687.1 | 1,723.2 | 1,775.4 | 1,758.9 | 1,801.6 |
| Change in business inventories. | 15.7 | 46.1 | -6.4 | 51.6 | 40.3 | 22.9 | 69.4 | 52.4 |
| Durable goods. | 726.8 | 773.3 | 737.3 | 747.0 | 756.7 | 785.7 | 803.8 | 812.8 |
| Final sales ......... | 721.9 | 748.0 | 741.8 | 711.9 | 734.6 | 787.6 | 757.7 | 795.0 |
| Change in business inventorie | 4.8 | 25.3 | -4.5 | 35.2 | 22.1 | -1.9 | 46.0 | 17.8 |
| Nondurable goods. | 967.0 | 1,008.9 | 961.6 | 991.7 | 1,006.8 | 1,012.6 | 1,024.6 | 1,041.3 |
| Final sales. | 956.1 | 988.2 | 963.5 | 975.2 | 988.6 | 987.8 | 1,001.2 | 1,006.6 |
| Change in business inventories | 10.9 |  | -1.9 | 16.5 | 18.2 | 24.8 | 23.4 | 34.7 |
| Services. | 2,116.2 | 2,271.3 | 2,160.0 | 2,212.0 | 2,252.2 | 2,289.3 | 2,331.5 | 2,372.8 |
| Structures ..... | 425.1 | 35.0 | 429.3 | 426.9 | . 4 | 136.4 | 447.5 | 441.8 |

Nors.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in

Table 1.2.-Gross National Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ |
| Gross national product...... | $\begin{array}{r} 3,713.3 \\ \\ 2,450.5 \\ 383.5 \\ 87.2 \\ 1,189.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,821.0 \\ & 2,497.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,731.5 \\ & 2,480.5 \end{aligned}$ | 3,772.2 | 3,795.3 | 3,835.9 | 3,880.8 | 3,918.0 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. |  |  |  | 2,475.9 | 2,487.5 | 2,520.7 | 2,504.6 | 2,530.9 |
| Durable goods Nondurable goods. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,497.2 \\ 388.2 \\ 878.1 \\ 1,230.9 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 2,400.0 \\ 399.0 \\ 880.3 \\ 1,201.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | 375.9 <br> 883.2 <br> 816 | 385.4 879.0 29.1 | 406.9 875.7 | 384.5 874.6 | 396.7 888.4 |
| Services....... |  |  |  | 1,216.9 | 1,223.1 | 1,238.1 | 1,245.6 | 1,255.7 |
| Gross private domestic investment. | 654.0 | 687.6 | 631.0 | 671.8 | 673.7 | 681.9 | 723.1 | 735.7 |
| Fired investment. | 640.2 | 644.7 | 645.4 | 624.2 | 634.7 | 657.3 | 662.6 | 680.3 |
| Nonresidential.. | 443.8 | 448.3 | 443.2 | 426.0 | 437.9 | 468.8 | 465.6 | 488.1 |
| Structures, ........... | $\begin{aligned} & 130.3 \\ & 313.5 \\ & 196.4 \end{aligned}$ | 124.5 | 124.6 | 120.4 | 120.4 | 127.2 | 129.8 | 127.6 |
| Producers' durable equipment |  | 323.9196.4 | 318.6202.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 305.6 \\ & 198.2 \end{aligned}$ | 317.5196.8 | 336.6 | 335.8 | 360.5192.2 |
| Residential..... |  |  |  |  |  | 193.5 | 397.8 197.0 |  |
| Change in business inventories........ | $\begin{array}{r} 13.8 \\ 15.4 \\ -1.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 42.9 \\ 32.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -14.4 \\ 2.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47.6 \\ & 43.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.0 \\ & 22.7 \end{aligned}$ | 24.612.112.5 | 60.551.5 | 55.437.617.8 |
| Nonfarm. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm..... |  | 10.4 | -16.6 | 3.7 | 16.3 | 12.5 | 9.0 | 17.8 |
| Net exports of goods and services. $\qquad$ | -145.8 | -135.5 | -151.8 | -135.2 | -132.7 | -138.4 | -135.8 | -119.1 |
| Exports. | $\begin{aligned} & 377.4 \\ & 523.2 \end{aligned}$ | 425.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 388.3 \\ & 540.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 397.8 \\ & 533.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 414.5 \\ & 547.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 437.1 \\ & 575.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 453.5 \\ & 589.3 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{4754.3}$ |
| Imports...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services | 754.5 | 771.7 | 771.8 | 759.6 | 766.7 | 771.7 | 788.9 | 770.5 |
| Federal... | $\begin{array}{r} 332.5 \\ 250.7 \\ .81 .8 \\ 42.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 336.0 \\ 264.2 \\ 71.7 \\ 435.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 344.6 \\ 252.7 \\ 91.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 327.3 \\ 257.4 \\ 69.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 332.6 \\ 263.5 \\ 69.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 336.3 \\ 268.3 \\ \hline 679 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 347.6 \\ 267.7 \\ 80.0 \end{array}$ | 327.5264.86.7443.0 |
| National defense... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondefense................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local ............. |  |  | 427.1 | 432.3 | 434.1 | 435.4 | 441.3 |  |

Table 1.4.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonalily adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{+}$ |
| Grose national product...... | 3,713.3 | 3,821.0 | 3,731.5 | 3,772.2 | 3,795.3 | 3,835.9 | 3,880.8 | 3,918.0 |
| Final sales | 3,699.5 | 3,778.1 | 3,745.8 | 3,724.5 | 3,756.3 | 3,811.4 | 3,820.3 | 3,862.6 |
| Change in business inventories. | 13.8 | 42.9 | $-14.4$ | 47.6 | 39.0 | 24.6 | 60.5 | 55.4 |
| Goods | 1,595.0 | 1,655.2 | 1,602.6 | 1,626.0 | 1,638.2 | 1,666.8 | 1,689.7 | 1,725.7 |
| Final sales. | 1,581.3 | 1,612.3 | 1,616.9 | 1,578.4 | 1,599.2 | 1,642.2 | 1,629.2 | 1,670.3 |
| Change in business inventories. | 13.8 | 42.9 | -14.4 | 47.6 | 39.0 | 24.6 | 60.5 | 55 |
| Durable goods........................... | 716.9 | 770.5 | 731.2 | 739.2 | 753.2 | 786.4 | 803.3 | 825.7 |
| Final sales. | 712.6 | 747.5 | 735.5 | 707.8 | 733.4 | 787.3 | 761.4 | 808.7 |
| Change in business inventories. | 4.3 | 23.1 | -4.3 | 31.4 | 19.9 | -1.0 | 41.9 | 17.0 |
| Nondurable goods ...................... | 878.1 | 884.7 | 871.4 | 886.8 | 885.0 | 880.4 | 886.4 | 900.0 |
| Final sales .......................... | 868.6 | 864.8 | 881.4 | 870.6 | 865.9 | 854.9 | 867.8 | 861.7 |
| Change in business inventories. | 9.5 | 19.9 | -10.0 | 16.2 | 19.1 | 25.5 | 18.6 | 38.4 |
| Services | 1,730.8 | 1,782.1 | 1,741.3 | 1,764.0 | 1,777.4 | 1,787.1 | 1,800.0 | 1,809. |
| Structures .................................... | 387.4 | 383.7 | 387.5 | 382.1 | 379.7 | 382.0 | 391.0 | 382.5 |

Nort.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in

Table 1.5.-Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers
[Billions of dollars]

|  |  |  |  | easonally | y adjust | d at an | nual rat |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 |  |  | 87 |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $I^{r}$ |
| Gross national product............. | 4,235.0 | 4,488.5 | 4,288.1 | 4,377.7 | 4,445.1 | 4,524.0 | 4,607.4 | 4,668.7 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services. | 376.2 | 427.8 | 383.3 | 397.3 | 416.5 | 439.2 | 458.1 | 482.7 |
| Plus: Imports of goods and services. | 481.7 | 547.4 | 500.2 | 509.5 | 534.8 | 562.9 | 582.4 | 592.1 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 4,340.5 | 4,608.2 | 4,405.1 | 4,489.8 | 4,563.4 | 4,647.7 | 4,731.7 | 4,778.2 |
| Less: Change in business inventories. | 15.7 | 46.1 | -6.4 | 51.6 | 40.3 | 22.9 | 69.4 | 52.4 |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 4,324.8 | 4,562.1 | 4,411.5 | 4,438.2 | 4,523.2 | 4,624.8 | 4,662.2 | 4,725.7 |
| 1. Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced. <br> 2. Final sales in the United States of goods and services wherever produced. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nors-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1.7.-Gross National Product by Sector
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | Ir |
| Gross national product ..... | 4,235.0 | 4,488.5 | 4,288.1 | 4,377.7 | 4,445.1 | 4,524.0 | 4,607.4 | 4,668.7 |
| Gross domestic product. | 4,201.3 | 4,461.2 | 4,260.6 | 4,346.9 | 4,417.3 | 4,500.6 | 4,579.8 | 4,645.0 |
| Business. | 3,605.2 | 3,823.8 | 3,650.8 | 3,725.2 | 3,785.0 | 3,858.5 | 3,926.6 | 3,976.7 |
| Nonfarm. | 3,583.8 | 3,746.7 | 3,586.6 | 3,650.4 | 3,704.1 | 3,785.5 | 3,846.7 | 3,905.6 |
| Nonfarm less housing .... | 3,186.3 | 3,372.2 | 3,228.5 | 3,286.5 | 3,333.8 | 3,408.1 | 3,460.3 | 3,512.6 |
| Housing ......................... | 347.4 | 374.5 | 358.1 | 363.9 | 370.3 | 377.4 | 386.4 | 393.0 |
| Farm......... | 76.4 | 81.7 | 75.7 | 76.9 | 84.1 | 83.9 | 82.0 | 79.8 |
| Statistical discrepancy | -4.9 | -4.6 | -11.6 | -2.2 | -3.1 | -10.9 | -2.1 | -8.6 |
| Households and institutions..... | 152.2 | 164.2 | 155.4 | 158.9 | 162.2 | 165.9 | 169.7 | 174.2 |
| Private households ................ | 9.3 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
| Nonprofit institutions ........... | 142.8 | 154.2 | 145.8 | 149.2 | 152.3 | 155.9 | 159.6 | 164.0 |
| Government ..... | 443.9 | 473.2 | 454.5 | 462.9 | 470.0 | 476.2 | 489.5 | 494.2 |
| Federal. | 143.9 | 150.4 | 144.7 | 148.8 | 150.2 | 150.6 | 151.9 | 155.8 |
| State and local. | 299.9 | 322.8 | 309.8 | 314.1 | 319.8 | 325.6 | 331.6 | 338.3 |
| Rest of the world. | 33.7 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 30.7 | 27.8 | 23.4 | 27.5 | 23.7 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic business product less housing. | 3,249.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nort.-Percent changes from table 8.1. | eceding | peri | for sel | ected ite | ms in | is tab | are sh | $n$ in |

Table 1.8.-Gross National Product by Sector in Constant Dollars

| [Billions of 1982 dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ |
| Gross national product. | 3,713.3 <br> 3,683.5 | $\|3,821.0\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,731.5 \\ & 3,707.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,772.2 \\ & 3,745.6 \end{aligned}$ | 3,795.3 <br> 3,771.4 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{3 , 8 3 5 . 9} \\ \mathbf{3 , 8 1 5 . 9} \end{array}\right\|$ | 3,880.8 <br> 3,857.5 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \mathbf{3 , 9 1 8 . 0} \\ \mathbf{3 , 8 9 8 . 0} \end{array}$ |
| Gross domestic product.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,303.4 \\ & 3,222.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,218.5 \\ & 3,142.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 3,254.7 \\ 3,171.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,278.4 .4 \\ & \mathbf{3 , 1 9 6 . 2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 , 3 2 0 . 3} \\ & \mathbf{3 , 2 4 3 . 7} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 , 3 6 0 . 3} \\ & 3,277.0 \end{aligned}$ | 3,398.6 |
| Nonfarm... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm less housing ........ | ${ }_{2}^{2} 8181.9$ | ${ }^{2,988.4}$ | 2,863.7 | $2,890.7$ | 282.7 | 2,959.1 | $2,290.5$ | 3,034.4 |
| Housing ........................... | 884.7 |  | ${ }^{278.8} 8$ | 280.7 85.2 |  | 284.7 86.0 | 286.5 | 288.5 83.1 |
| Stat | -4.7 | ${ }_{-3.9}^{85.3}$ | -86.3 | ${ }_{-1.9}^{85}$ | -2.7 | 86.0 -9.4 | ${ }^{85.0}$ | ${ }_{-7.4}^{83.1}$ |
| Households and institutions. | 125.99.9116.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 130.9 \\ 9.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}127.2 \\ 9.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 128.99.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 130.0 \\ 9.5 \end{array}$ | 131.99.6 | 132.8 | 134.4 |
| Private households .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonprofit institutions. |  | 121.4 | 118.0 | 119.5 | 120.6 | 122.3 | 123.1 | 124.6 |
| Government....... | $\begin{aligned} & 359.7 \\ & 122.6 \\ & 237.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 363.3 \\ & 122.9 \\ & 240.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 361.6 \\ & 123.0 \\ & 238.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 362.0 \\ & 12.7 \\ & 239.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 363.0 \\ & 122.8 \\ & 240.2 \end{aligned}$ | 363.7122.9 | 364.5123.0 | 365.0122.9 |
| Federal.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local. |  |  |  |  |  | 240.8 | 241.5 | 242.1 |
| Reest of the world.... | 29.8 | 23.4 | 24.2 | 26.6 | 23.9 | 20.0 | 23.3 | 20.0 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic business product less housing... | 2,913.1 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| Nork.-Percent changes fro table 8.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1.6.-Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 |  |  | 87 |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | Ir |
| Gross national product................ | 3,713.3 | 3,821.0 | 3,731.5 | 3,772.2 | 3,795.3 | 3,835.9 | 3,880.8 | 3,918.0 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services. | 377.4 | 425.8 | 388.3 | 397.8 | 414.5 | 437.1 | 458.5 | 475.3 |
| Plus: Imports of goods and services. | 523.2 | 561.9 | 540.1 | 539.0 | 547.2 | 575.6 | 589.3 | 594.3 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 3,859.1 | 3,956.6 | 3,883.3 | 3,907.4 | 3,927.9 | 3,974.4 | 4,016.6 | 4,097.1 |
| Less: Change in business inventories. | 13.8 | 42.9 | -14.4 | 47.6 | 39.0 | 24.6 | 60.5 | 55.4 |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 3,845.3 | 3,913.6 | 3,897.6 | 3,859.7 | 3,888.9 | 3,949.8 | 3,956.1 | 3,981.7 |
| 1. Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced. <br> 2. Final sales in the United States of goods and services wherever produced. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norz.-Percent changes from table 8.1. | preceding | g period | for sel | ected ite | ms in | his ta | are sh | $n$ in |

Table 1.9.-Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income [Billions of dollars]

| Gross national product...... | 4,235,0 | 4,488.5 | 4,288.1 | 4,377.7 | 4,445.1 | 4,524.0 | 4,607.4 | 4,668.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ | 456.7 | 479.1 | 465.9 | 469.7 | 476.6 | 483.0 | 486.9 | 492.6 |
| Capital consumption allowances without capital consumption adjustment. | 477.7 | 506.1 | 484.3 | 496.6 | 502.8 | 509.1 | 516.1 | 519.1 |
| Less: Capital consumption adjustment | 21.0 | 27.1 | 18.4 | 26.8 | 26.2 | 26.1 | 29.2 | 26.5 |
| Equals: Net national product | 3,778.4 | 4,009.4 | 3,822.3 | 3,907.9 | 3,968.5 | 4,040.9 | 4,120.5 | 4,176.1 |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability $\qquad$ | 347.7 | 367.8 | 351.9 | 358.3 | 365.2 | 371.8 | 375.9 | 382.0 |
| Business transfer payments. ............ | 22.3 | 23.2 | -22.6 | 22.8 | 23.1 | 23.8 | 23.6 | 23.8 |
| tatistical discrep | -4.9 | -4.6 | -11.6 | 2 | -3.1 | -10.9 | 2.1 | -8.6 |
| Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. | 8.7 | 13.0 | 11.6 | 19.3 | 9.9 | 2.3 | 20.4 | 18.9 |
| Equals: National income. | 3,422.0 | 3,636.0 | 3,471.0 | 3,548.3 | 3,593.3 | 3,659.0 | 3,743.5 | 3,792.8 |
| Less: Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption | 284 | 304 |  | 294.0 | 296.8 | 314.9 | 313.0 | 09.9 |
| Net interest. | 326.1 | 337.1 | 321.7 | 323.6 | 331.1 | 340.6 | 358.3 | 357.8 |
| Contributions for social insurance. | 374.3 | 394.5 | 381.0 | 386.7 | 390.9 | 396.6 | 408.7 | 429.8 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements. $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 3 | -. 3 | 0 |
| Plus: Government transfer payments to persons. | 496.0 | 519.9 | 504.1 | 510.9 | 518.4 | 522.5 | 527.8 | 545.3 |
| Personal interest income. | 497.6 | 516.2 | 496.8 | 499.8 | 506.3 | 520.0 | 538.8 | 545.8 |
| Personal dividend income .. | 81.2 | 87.5 | 82.9 | 84.5 | 86.3 | 88.7 | 90.5 | 92.1 |
| Business transfer payments. | 22.8 | 23.2 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 23.1 | 23.3 | 23.6 | 23.8 |
| Equals: Personal income........... | 3,534.3 | 3,746.5 | 3,593.6 | 3,662.0 | 3,708.6 | 3,761.0 | 3,854.4 | 3,902.3 |

Table 1.10.-Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

| Gross national product | $\begin{array}{r} 3,713.3 \\ \\ 442.0 \\ 3,271.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,821.0 \\ 458.7 \\ 3,362.3 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 3,731.5 \\ 449.1 \\ \mathbf{3 , 2 8 2 . 4} \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} \hline 3,772.2 \\ 458.2 \\ \mathbf{3 , 3 1 8 . 9} \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,795.3 \\ 456.6 \\ 3,338.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,835.9 \\ \\ 460.4 \\ 3,375.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,880.8 \\ 464.6 \\ 3,416.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,918.0 \\ 468.3 \\ 3,449.7 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Net national product |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus | 314.2 | 320.5 | 318.7 | 316.2 | 319.9 | 323.6 | 322.4 | 326.3 |
| Statistical discrepancy | -4.3 | -3.9 | -10.2 | -1.9 | -2.7 | -9.4 | -1. | -7.4 |
| Equals: National income. | 2,961.4 | 3,945.7 | 2,973,9 | 3,004,6 | 3,021.5 | 3,061.3 | 3,095.6 | 3,130.8 |

## Table 1.11 is on the next page.

Table 1.14.-National Income by Type of Income


Table 1.16.-Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Constant Dollars

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multirow{3}{*}{1986} \& \multirow{3}{*}{1987} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Seasonally adjusted at annual rates} <br>
\hline \& \& \& 1986 \& \& \& 87 \& \& 1988 <br>
\hline \& \& \& IV \& I \& II \& III \& IV \& $\mathrm{I}^{\prime}$ <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{Billions of dollars} <br>
\hline Gross domestic product of corporate business...... \& 2,539.1 \& 2,674.8 \& 2,572.0 \& 2,613.7 \& 2,646,8 \& 2,703.3 \& 2,735.4 \& 2,777.3 <br>
\hline Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ \& $$
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r}
282.8 \\
2,256.2
\end{array}\right.
$$ \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
296.2 \\
2,378.6
\end{array}
$$ \& 289.3 \& 291.8 \& 294.5 \& 297.8 \& $$
300.9
$$ \& 304.6 <br>
\hline Net domestic product. $\qquad$ Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies. \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{242.2} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
255.2 \\
2,123.3
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
244.8 \\
2,037.9
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r}
248.0 \\
2,073.9
\end{array}\right.
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r}
253.9 \\
2,098.4
\end{array}\right.
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
259.2 \\
2.146 .3
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,

259.8

$2,174.7$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
264.7 \\
2,208.0
\end{array}
$$} <br>

\hline less subsidies......................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Domestic income ...................... \& 2,014.1 \& 2,123.3 \& 2,037.9 \& 2,073.9 \& 2,098.4 \& 2,146.3 \& | $2,174.7$ |
| :--- |
| $1,820.4$ | \& 2,208.0 <br>

\hline Wages and salaries............ \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$1,414.4$
274.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,494.5} \& 1,437.1 \& 1,463.1 \& 1,480.2 \& 1,502.6 \& 1,532.1 \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$1,550.4$
294.8} <br>
\hline Supplements to wages and salaries $\qquad$ \& \& \& 278.2 \& 278.1 \& 280.6 \& 284.0 \& 288.3 \& <br>
\hline Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption \& 253.2 \& 270.6 \& 251.4 \& 261.3 \& 263.8 \& 283.1 \& 274.3 \& <br>
\hline Profits before tax .................. \& 200.7 \& 240.0 \& 218.2 \& 224.4 \& 235.7 \& 253.0 \& 246.9 \& 248.1 <br>
\hline Profits tax liability. \& 105.0 \& 136.3 \& 113.9 \& 128.0 \& 134.2 \& 143.0 \& 140.0 \& 134.2 <br>
\hline Profits after tax........ \& 95.6 \& 103.7 \& 104.3 \& 96.4 \& 101.5 \& 110.0 \& 106.9 \& 113.9 <br>
\hline Dividends... \& 71.5 \& 86.5 \& 72.0 \& 80.2 \& 84.1 \& 87.6 \& 94.1 \& 91.6 <br>
\hline Undistributed profits \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{- $\begin{array}{r}24.1 \\ 6.5\end{array}$} \& 17.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{32.3
-8.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{16.2
-11.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-20.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{- 22.4} \& 12.8 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{22.3
-16.4} <br>
\hline Inventory valuation adjustment \& \& -17.5 \& \& \& \& \& -21.3 \& <br>
\hline Capital consumption adjustment. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{46.0
71.8} \& 48.2 \& 42.1 \& 48.2 \& 48.0 \& 47.7 \& 48.7 \& 45.7 <br>
\hline Net interest........................... \& \& 75.5 \& 71.1 \& 71.5 \& 73.9 \& 76.7 \& 80.1 \& 80.5 <br>
\hline Gross domestic product of financial corporate business. $\qquad$ \& 163.0 \& 180.9 \& 167.3 \& 178.9 \& 181.4 \& 182.2 \& 181.3 \& 182.0 <br>
\hline Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. $\qquad$ \& 2,376.1 \& 2,493.8 \& 2,404.7 \& 2,434.8 \& 2,465.4 \& 2,521.1 \& 2,554.0 \& 2,595.3 <br>
\hline Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ \& 264.4 \& 275.8 \& 269.6 \& 271.8 \& 274.3 \& 277.2 \& 280.0 \& 283.2 <br>
\hline Net domestic product.................... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$2,111.7$
226.4} \& 2,218.0 \& 2,135.1 \& 2,163.0 \& 2,191.2 \& 2,243.9 \& 2,274.0 \& 2,312.2 <br>
\hline Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies. $\qquad$ \& \& 238.2 \& 228.5 \& 231.4 \& 237.0 \& 242.0 \& 242.4 \& 247.0 <br>
\hline Domestic income. \& 1,885.3 \& 1,979.8 \& 1,906.6 \& 1,931.6 \& 1,954.2 \& 2,001.9 \& 2,031.6 \& 2,065.1 <br>
\hline Compensation of employees... \& 1,560.7 \& 1,630.7 \& 1,582.6 \& 1,598.4 \& 1,615.1 \& 1,638.6 \& 1,670.5 \& 1,700.2 <br>
\hline Wages and salaries ............. \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1,356.4} \& 1,370.6 \& 1,325.2 \& 1,342.5 \& 1,357.1 \& 1,377.5 \& 1,405.3 \& 1,428.7 <br>
\hline Supplements to wages and salaries $\qquad$ \& \& 260.1 \& 257.3 \& 256.0 \& 258.0 \& 261.1 \& 265.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{271.6} <br>
\hline Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline adjustments ................... \& 225.8 \& 243.7 \& 224.6 \& 233.4 \& 235.9 \& 256.2 \& 249.3 \& 252.4 <br>
\hline Profis berore \& 17.6 \& \& \& \& \& 26. \& \& <br>
\hline Profits tax liability ... \& 78.3 \& 107.8 \& 87.2
1049 \& 99.8
97 \& 105.3 \& 111.4 \& 111.8 \& 110.0 <br>
\hline Profits after tax............. Dividends. \& 96.3
74.1 \& $\begin{array}{r}105.2 \\ 88.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 104.9
75.6 \& 97.1
82.4 \& 102.6
86.3 \& 111.6
89.9 \& 109.7
96.5 \& 115.5 <br>
\hline Dividends...................... \& 74.1
22.2 \& 88.8
16.5 \& 75.6
29.2 \& 82.4
14.7 \& 86.3
16.4 \& 89.9
21.7 \& 96.5
13.2 \& 94.1
21.4 <br>
\hline Inventory valuation adjustment. \& 6.5 \& -17.5 \& -8.9 \& -11.3 \& -20.0 \& -17.6 \& -21.3 \& -16.4 <br>

\hline Capital consumption adjustment. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 44.6 \\
& 98.9
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
48.2 \\
105.5
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 41.4 \\
& 99.4
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 47.8 \\
& 99.8
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
47.9 \\
108.2
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
47.8 \\
107.1
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
49.1 \\
111.8
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
46.3 \\
112.5
\end{array}
$$
\]} <br>

\hline Net interest........................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{Billions of 1982 dollars} <br>
\hline Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. \& 2,182.2 \& 2,239.0 \& 2,199.3 \& 2,207.6 \& 2,219.9 \& 2,254.4 \& 2,274.1 \& 2,314.4 <br>

\hline Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
259.8 \\
1,922.4
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{269.1

$1,969.9$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
263.9 \\
1,935.3
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
266.2 \\
1,941.4
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

\left|$$
\begin{array}{r}
267.9 \\
1,952.0
\end{array}
$$\right|

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r|r|}
\hline 270.0 \\
1,984.4
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{272.3

$2,001.8$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{274.0
$2,040.5$} <br>
\hline Net domestic product.................. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies $\qquad$ \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
200.3 \\
1,722.1
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
203.2 \\
1,766.6
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
203.4 \\
1,781.9
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
200.5 \\
1,740.9
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
202.5 \\
1,749.5
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
205.6 \\
1,778.7
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
204.3 \\
1,797.5
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
206.8 \\
1,833.7
\end{array}
$$
\]} <br>

\hline Domestic income....................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 1.11.-Command-Basis Gross National Product in Constant Dollars

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 |  |  | 987 |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ |
| Gross national product........... | 3,713.3 | 3,821.0 | 3,731.5 | 3,772.2 | 3,795.3 | 3,835.9 | 3,880.8 | 3,918.0 |
| Less: Net exports of goods and services. | -145.8 |  | -151.8 | -135.2 | -132.7 | -138.4 | -135.8 | -119.1 |
|  | 377.4 | 425.8 | 388.3 | 397.8 | 414.5 | 437.1 | 453.5 | 475.8 |
| Imports....................... | 523.2 | 561.3 | 540.1 | 538.0 | 547.2 | 575.6 | 589.3 | 594.3 |
| Equals: Gross domeatic purchases | 3,859.1 | 3,956.6 | 3,883.3 | 3,907.4 | 3,927.9 | 3,974.4 | 4,016.6 | 4,037.1 |
| Plus: Command-basis net exports of goods and services... Command-basis | -114.6 | -122.7 | -126.3 | -117.4 | -121.1 | -126.5 | -125.8 | -109.9 |
| exports ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 408.6 \\ & 523.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 438.6 \\ & 561.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 413.9 \\ & 540.1 \end{aligned}$ | 415.6 533.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 426.1 \\ & 547.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 449.1 \\ & 575.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 463.5 \\ & 589.3 \end{aligned}$ | 484.5 594.3 |
| Equals: Command-basis gross national product.. | 3,744.4 | 3,833.9 | 3,757.0 | 3,790.0 | 3,806.8 | 3,847.9 | 3,890.8 | 3,927.2 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terms of trade ${ }^{2} . . . .{ }_{\text {a }}$................. | 108.3 | 103.1 | 106.6 | 104.5 | 102.9 | 102.8 | 102.2 | 102.0 |

1. Exports of goods and services deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and
2. Ratio of the implicit price deflator for exports of goods and services to the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services with the decimal point shifted two places to the right. table 8.1.

Table 1.19.—Truck Output
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ |
| Truck output ${ }^{1}$-...... | 58.4 | 63.3 | 58.3 | 61.4 | 61.3 | 63.5 | 66.9 | 67.9 |
| Final sales. | 58.3 | 61.7 | 58.0 | 55.7 | 61.5 | 66.3 | 63.5 | 66.8 |
| Personal consumption | 27.6 | 29.3 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 29.9 | 31.7 | 28.6 | 29.9 |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | 32.4 | 34.7 | 31.4 | 32.1 | 34.9 | 36.3 | 35.5 | 36.8 |
| Net exports of goods and services. | -7.4 | -7.0 | -5.9 | -8.0 | $-7.8$ | -6.5 | -5.8 | -5.5 |
| Exports................... | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 4.4 | 3.9 |
| Import.............................. | 10.3 | 10.5 | 9.1 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 9.4 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 5.7 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.5 |
| Change in business inventories... | . 1 | 1.5 | . 3 | 5.7 | -. 1 | -2.8 | 3.4 | 1.2 |

1. Includes new trucks only.

Table 1.20.-Truck Output in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1986 \\ \hline \text { IV } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{1^{r}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Truck output ${ }^{1 . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 50.5 | 53.7 | 49.6 | 52.4 | 52.4 | 53.7 | 56.4 | 57.4 |
| Final sales ................ | 50.4 | 52.5 | 49.4 | 47.6 | 52.5 | 56.1 | 53.6 | 56.4 |
| Personal consumption | 23.8 | 24.9 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 25.5 | 27.0 | 24.1 | 25.3 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 28.0 | 29.5 | 26.7 | 27.5 | 29.9 | 30.6 | 30.0 | 31.1 |
| Netexports of goods and |  | $-6.0$ |  | -6.8 | -6.6 |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{2.6}^{6.4}$ | -6.0 3.0 | ${ }_{2.7}^{-5.1}$ | -6.8 2.6 | -6.6 | ${ }_{2.8}^{-5}$ | $-4.8$ | ${ }_{3.3}$ |
| Imports............................. | 8.9 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 7.9 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.7 |
| Change in business inventories ... | 1 | 1.3 | . 2 | 4.8 | -. 1 | -2.3 | 2.8 | 1.0 |

1. Includes new trucks only.

Table 1.17.-Auto Output [Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $I{ }^{\text {r }}$ |
| Auto output... | $\begin{aligned} & 119.4 \\ & 118.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.9 \\ & 108.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124.6 \\ & 121.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114.9 \\ 95.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.7 \\ & 104.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.1 \\ & 124.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.1 \\ & 106.5 \end{aligned}$ | 103.8 |
| Final sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 116.4 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 135.3 | 130.2 | 141.3 | 117.5 | 125.1 | 148.3 | 129.8 | 134.9 |
| New autos.................... | 101.5 | 93.7 | 105.3 | 83.8 | 89.3 | 109.3 | 92.5 | 98.4 |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | 33.8 | 36.5 | 36.0 | 33.7 | 35.8 | 39.0 | 37.3 | 36.6 |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | 20.7 | 17.5 | 21.0 | 15.8 | 17.6 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 20.5 |
| New autos............................. | 45.8 | 44.6 | 45.5 | 40.6 | 44.5 | 47.7 | 45.8 | 47.7 |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | -25.1 | -27.2 | $-24.5$ | -24.7 | -26.8 | -29.2 | -27.8 | -27.2 |
| Net exports of goods and services | -38.9 | -41.1 | -42.6 | -39.2 | -39.5 | -43.1 | -42.7 | -40.6 |
| Exports................................. | 6.3 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 8.3 |
| Imports................................. | 45.2 | 48.0 | 48.7 | 45.0 | 46.6 | 49.4 | 50.9 | 48.9 |
| Government purchases of goods and services.................. | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Change in business inventories of new and used autos. $\qquad$ | .9 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 19.3 | 4.9 | $-17.9$ | 9.7 | $-12.6$ |
| New......................................... | . 7 | 3.8 | 6.0 | 20.0 | 4.4 | $-18.2$ | 8.8 | $-12.8$ |
| Used........................................ | . 2 | . 2 | -2.4 | -. 7 | . 5 | . 3 | . 8 | . 2 |
| Addenda: <br> Domestic output of new autos 1 <br> Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 98.2 \\ & 55.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 93.4 \\ & 50.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 97.2 | 86.3 |
|  |  | 93.8 53.5 | 101.1 62.3 | 99.3 46.7 |  | 85.1 <br> 59.5 | 57.7 | 57.2 |
| 1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States. <br> 2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1.18.-Auto Output in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ |
| Auto output. | $106.4$ | 98.3 | 109.6 | 102.3 | 97.0 | 93.5 | 100.6 | 90.4 |
| Final sales ...... |  | 95.4 | 107.8 | 85.9 | 93.4 | 109.4 | 92.8 | 101.7 |
| Personal consumption | 1107.3 |  | ${ }_{90}^{12.6}$ | 101.7 | 106.276.3 | $\begin{gathered} 124.5 \\ 92.6 \end{gathered}$ | 108.0 | ${ }_{82.9}^{112.9}$ |
| New autos................ | 89.3 | 110.1 79.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | 29.8 | 30.4 | 32.0 | 29.7 | 29.9 | 31.9 | 30.2 | 30.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment. |  | 14.9 | 17.339.1 | 13.034.9 | 15.238.0 | 16.040.4 | 15.4 <br> 38.5 | 17.840.2 |
| New autos........................ | 40.3 -21.8 | 37.9 -23.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | -21.8 | -23.0 | -21.8 | -21.8 | -22.8 | -24.4 | -23.1 | -22.4 |
| services...................... | -31.65.437.1 | -30.95.75.7 | -33.35.13.4 | -30.0 4.9 | -29.5 5.9 | -32.2 | -31.9 6.7 | -30.46.837.2 |
| Exports |  |  |  | 34.9 | 5.9 35.4 | - 57.4 | 38.6 |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services... | $\begin{gathered} 37.1 \\ 1.3 \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 | 38.4 1.2 | 1.2 1.2 | 1.4 1.4 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline 1.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 38.6 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Change in business inventories of new and used autos............. | $\begin{array}{r} -.9 \\ -1.1 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3.0 \\ 2.8 \\ .2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.8 \\ 4.0 \\ -2.1 \end{array}$ | 16.317.0-.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 3.6 \\ 3.2 \\ .5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -15.9 \\ -16.2 \\ -.2 \end{array}$ | 7.87.17 | $\begin{array}{r} -11.3 \\ -11.5 \\ .2 \end{array}$ |
| New......................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Used............................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic output of new autos ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.3 \\ & 49.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 79.6 \\ 45.4 \end{gathered}$ | 86.353.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 85.8 \\ & 40.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79.7 \\ & 4.7 \end{aligned}$ | 71.450.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 81.7 \\ & 48.5 \end{aligned}$ | 72.348.2 |
| Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the 2. Consists of
2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and govern-
ment purchases.

Table 2.1.-Personal Income and Its Disposition
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1986 \\ \hline \text { IV } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{\mathrm{I}^{r}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Personal income. | $3,534.3$$2,089.1$ | 3,746.5 | 3,593.6 | 3,662.0 | 3,708.6 | 3,761.0 | 3,854.4 | 3,902.3 |
| Wage and salary dishursements. |  | 2,212.7 | 2,128.5 | 2,163.3 | 2,191.4 | 2,226.1 | 2,270.2 | 2,308.7 |
| Commodity-producing industries. | 623.3 | 641.1 | 628.4 | 632.9 | 635.0 | 641.8 |  |  |
| Manufacturing.... | 470.5 | 484.0 | 474.5 | 477.2 | 479.0 | 485.1 | 494.7 | 501.2 |
| Distributive industries. | 497.1 | 522.9 | 504.7 | 511.5 | 518.9 | ${ }_{5}^{5263} 3$ | 585.0 | 543.0 |
| Service industries. Government and government enterprises .. | 573.9 394.8 | 627.3 | 591.6 403.8 | 606.7 412.2 | 619.3 418.1 | 633.9 424.2 | 649.3 | 662.8 439.1 |
| Other labor income | 201.1 | 210.2 | 204.4 | 206.7 | 209.5 | 211.1 | 213.5 | 215.4 |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm <br> Nonfarm |  | 48.4 279.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 36.6 \\ 261.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 320.9 \\ 51.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 323.1 \\ & 47.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 322.7 \\ 40.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 342.7 \\ \\ 54.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 338.5 \\ 45.9 \end{array}$ |
| Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment |  |  |  |  |  | 17.3 | 20.9 |  |
| Personal dividend income.... | $\begin{array}{r} 16.7 \\ 81.2 \\ 497.6 \\ \mathbf{4 1 8 . 3} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.3 \\ & 87.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.4 \\ & 82.9 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{84.5}^{20.0}$ | 18.9 86.3 | ${ }_{88.7}^{17.3}$ | 90.5 | ${ }_{92.1}^{22.1}$ |
| Personal interest income ..... |  | 516.2$543.1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 496.8 \\ & 526.6 \end{aligned}$ | 499.8533 | $\begin{aligned} & 506.3 \\ & \mathbf{5 4 1 . 5} \end{aligned}$ | 520.0545.8 | 551.4 | ${ }_{5}^{545.8}$ |
| Transfer payments........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits. | 269.2 | 282.8 | 273.5 | 278.0 | 282.3 | 284.4 | 286.5 | 297.8 |
| Government unemployment insurance benefits | 16.4 | 14.6 | 16.6 | 15.6 | 14.916.7 | 14.5 | 13.2 |  |
| Veterans benefits..... | 16.8 | ${ }_{16.6}^{14.6}$ | 16.4 | 16.6 |  |  | 16.4 | 13.4 16.5 |
| Government employees retirement benefits. | $\begin{array}{r} 71.0 \\ 145.0 \end{array}$ | $76.2$ | $72.4$ | 73.9 | 76.0 | $77.3$ | 77.6 | 80.5 |
| Other transfer payments. Aid to families with | 145.0 | 152.9 |  | $149.6$ | 151.5 | 153.0 | 157.6 | 160.9 |
| dependent children Other $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.2 \\ 128.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.7 \\ 136.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.4 \\ 131.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.5 \\ 133 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.7 \\ 134.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.8 \\ 136.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.8 \\ 140.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.8 \\ 144.2 \end{array}$ |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.. | 159.6 | 169.9 | 161.8 | 166.7 | 168.4 | 170.7 | 173.6 | 189.4 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments. $\qquad$ | 512.2 | 564.8 | 532.0 | 536.1 | 578.0 | 565.7 | 579.4 | 576.8 |
| Equals: Disposable personal income $\qquad$ | 3,022.1 | 3,181.7 | 3,061.6 | 3,125.9 | 3,130.6 | 3,195,3 | 3,275.0 | 3,325.5 |
| Less: Personal outlays, | 2,891.5 | 3,062.7 | 2,952.6 | 2,987.5 | 3,037.4 | 3,106.5 | 3,119.3 | 3,170.3 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 2,799.8 | 2,967.8 | 2,858.6 | 2,893.8 | 2,943.7 | 3,011.3 | 3,022.6 | 3,071.9 |
| Interest paid by consumers to business. | 89.91.7 | 93.5 |  |  | 92. | 93.9 | 95.4 | 97.0 |
| Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) |  | 1.4 | 92.1 | 92.1 1.7 | 92. | 1.2 | 95.4 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Equals: Personal saving ... | 130.6 | 119.0 | 109.0 | 138.4 | 93.2 | 88.8 | 155.7 | 155.2 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disposable personal income: <br> Total, billions of 1982 <br> dollars | 2,645.1 | 2,677.2 | 2,656.7 | 2,674.6 | 2,645.5 | 2,674.7 | 2,713.8 | 2,739.8 |
| Per capita: Current dollars. |  |  |  |  |  | 13,090 | 13,384 |  |
| 1982 dollars..... | 12,50810,947241.6 | 10,980 | 10,956242.5 |  | 10,865 | 10,958 | 11,090 | 11,169 |
| Population (mid-period, |  | 243.8 |  | 243.0 | 243.5 | 244.1 | 244.7 | 245.3 |
| Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income $\qquad$ | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 4.7 |  |

Nork.
table 8.1.

Table 2.2.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product
[Billions of dollars]

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | $1{ }^{\text {r }}$ |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,799.8 \\ 402.4 \\ 194.9 \\ 139.9 \\ 67.6 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} 2,967.8 \\ 413.7 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,858.6 \\ 419.8 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,893.8 \\ 396.1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 2,943.7 \\ 409.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,011.3 \\ 436.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,022.6 \\ 413.0 \end{array}$ | 3,071.9 |
| Durable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 426.4 |
| Motor vehicles and parts. Furniture and household |  | 193.9 | 201.2 | 177.6 | 189.6 | 215.2 | 193.3 | 200.2 |
| equipment.................. |  | 146.7 | 143.8 | 146.0 | 146.0 | 147.9 | 146.8 | 152.2 |
| Other ............. |  | 73.1 | 74.8 | 72.5 | 73.5 | 73.7 | 72.9 | 74.0 |
| Nondurable goods. | 939.4 | 982.9 | 946.3 | 969.9 | 982.1 | 986.4 | 993.1 | 998.8 |
| Food. | 497.8 | 515.8 | 507.5 | 514.8 | 515.0 | 514.0 | 519.3 | 523.9 |
| Clothing and shoes .................. | 167.5 | 177.0 | 169.6 | 174.0 | 175.8 | 178.7 | 179.6 | 178.9 |
| Gasoline and oil.... | 75.3 | 80.3 | 68.4 | 75.8 | 80.6 | 82.7 | 82.1 | 81.3 |
| Other nondurable grods.. | 198.8 | ${ }^{209.7}$ | 200.8 | 205.3 | 216.7 | 211.0 | 212.0 | 214.7 |
| Other $\qquad$ | 188.8 | 19.9 | 185.7 | 189.8 | 194.6 | 195.5 | 195.8 | 198.3 |
| Services ... | 1,458.0 | 1,571.2 | 1,492.4 | 1,527.7 | 1,552.6 | 1,588.1 | 1,616.5 | 1,646.8 |
| Housing. | 436.9 | 469.3 | 449.0 | 456.3 | 464.1 | 472.9 | 483.7 | 492.4 |
| Household operation.. | 178.6 | 182.1 | 179.8 | 176.6 | 179.6 | 186.2 | 186.0 | 189.0 |
| Electricity and gas.. | ${ }^{87.6}$ | 87.4 | 87.5 | 84.8 | 85.8 | 90.0 | 88.9 | ${ }^{90.3}$ |
| Other.................... | ${ }_{951}^{91.0}$ | ${ }^{94.7}$ | ${ }_{97.6} 9$ | ${ }_{1021} 1.8$ | ${ }_{1037}^{93.8}$ | ${ }_{1063}^{96.3}$ | ${ }_{1091}^{97.1}$ | ${ }^{98.7}$ |
| Transportation. | 319.8 | 351.0 | 330.1 | 338.5 | ${ }_{346.8}^{1}$ | 355.4 | 363.3 | ${ }_{370.8}^{11.4}$ |
| Other .................................... | 427.7 | 463.6 | 435.8 | 454.3 | 458.5 | 467.2 | 474.5 | 483.2 |

Table 2.3.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{r}$ |
| Personal consumption expenditures.. | 2,450.5 | 2,497.2 | 2,480.5 | 2,475.9 | 2,487.5 | 2,520.7 | 2,504.6 | 2,530.9 |
| Durable goods. | 383.5 | 388.2 | 399.0 | 375.9 | 385.4 | 406.9 | 384.5 | 396.7 |
| Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household | 175.7 | 169.5 | 179.1 | 158.1 | 166.4 | 186.6 | 166.8 | 172.9 |
| $\qquad$ | $144.7$ | $152.8$ | $150.7$ | $151.5$ | $152.5$ | $154.1$ | $153.3$ | 159.1 64.6 |
| Nondurable goods. | 877.2 | 878.1 | 880.3 | 883.2 | 879.0 | 875.7 | 874.6 | 878.4 |
| Food... | 444.9 | 441.2 | 444.0 | 447.5 | 441.6 | 437.1 | 438.6 | 441.7 |
| Clothing and shoes | 158.0 | 159.5 | 158.4 | 160.4 | 157.3 | 161.7 | 158.6 | 158.1 |
| Gasoline and oil............... | 100.3 174.1 | 171.1 | 175.4 |  | 1788.1 | 170.9 | 175.9 | 102.6 176.0 |
| Other nondurable goods..... | 21.5 | ${ }_{21.1}^{176.4}$ | ${ }_{22.3}^{17.4}$ | ${ }_{21.0}^{175.5}$ | 21.4 | 20.4 | ${ }_{21.5}^{17.9}$ | 21.5 |
| Other ..... | 152.6 | 155.3 | 153.1 | 154.5 | 156.6 | 155.6 | 154.4 | 154.5 |
| Services. | 1,189.8 | 1,230.9 | 1,201.1 | 1,216.9 | 1,223.1 | 1,238.1 | 1,245.6 | 1,255.7 |
| Housing. | 350.0 | 358.8 | 353.1 | 355.3 | 357.7 | 360.0 | 362.2 | 364.5 |
| Household operation ..... | 151.3 | 153.6 | 152.8 | 150.0 | 151.4 | 156.5 | 156.6 | 159.0 |
| Electricity and gas. | 76.8 | 77.7 | 78.2 | 75.8 | 76.1 | 79.8 | 79.3 | 80.6 |
| Other. | 74.5 | 75.9 | 74.6 | 74.2 | 75.3 | 76.7 | 77.3 | 78.4 |
| Transportation.......................... | 84.4 | 88.1 | 85.5 | 86.9 | 87.5 | 88.6 | 89.5 | 90.2 |
| Medical care............................ | ${ }_{352.3}^{251.9}$ | 367.1 | ${ }_{353.6}^{256.3}$ | - 366.0 | ${ }_{364.5}^{262.0}$ | 367.8 | 267.2 370.1 | ${ }_{373.5}^{268.5}$ |

Table 3.2.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 198 |
|  |  |  | Iv | 1 | II | III | IV | $1{ }^{r}$ |
| Receipts. | 827.4 | 915.7 | 852.5 | 879.3 | 922.9 | 923.0 | 997.6 | 951.6 |
| Personal tax and nontax |  | 403.73957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 363.0355.27.177 |  | 376.4 | ${ }_{373.5}^{381.5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 415.6 \\ & 406.8 \end{aligned}$ | 404.3 | 413.5 405.6 | ${ }_{398.0}^{406.3}$ |
| Estate and gift taxes. |  | 7.41.0 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 8.0.9 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 7.01.4 |
| Nontaxes................ |  |  | . 9 | 7 |  | 1.2 | 1.3 |  |
| Corporate profits tax accrua | 88.817.865.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 109.4 \\ 17.0 \\ 92.4 \end{array}$ | 90.5 <br> 17.2 | 103.016.6 | 107.917.1 | $\begin{array}{r}114.5 \\ 17.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 112.317.3 | $\begin{array}{r}106.6 \\ 17.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Federal Reserve banks ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other .......................... |  |  | 73.3 | 86.3 | 90.8 | 97.5 | 95.1 | 89.2 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.9 \\ & 31.2 \\ & 13.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 54.1 \\ & 32.5 \\ & 15.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51.1 \\ & 31.3 \\ & 14.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 54.232.4 | 53.932.5 | 54.932.9 | 56.533.6 |
| Excise taxes .................... |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 53.3 \\ & 32.1 \\ & 15.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Customs duties.. |  |  |  |  | 15.76.1 | 15.1 | 15.8 | ${ }_{6}^{16.6}$ |
| Nontaxes......... | $\begin{array}{r} 13.7 \\ 6.7 \\ 6.0 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{6}^{15.4}$ | 14.0 ${ }^{5}$ | 15.2 6.0 |  | 6.2 | 6.2 |  |
| Contributions for social insurance | 329.8$1,032.0$ | $\begin{array}{r} 348.4 \\ 1,067.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 334.5 \\ 1,041.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 341.5 \\ 1,049.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 345.2 \\ 1,062.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 350.3 \\ 1,058.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 356.8 \\ 1,097.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 382.2 \\ 1,1,103.4 \end{array}$ |
| Expenditures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases of goods and servi | $\begin{gathered} 366.2 \\ 277.8 \\ 88.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 379.4 \\ 295.2 \\ 84.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 368.6 \\ & 279.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 366.9 \\ & 287.5 \\ & 90 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 379.6 \\ & 294.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 382.1 \\ 299.0 \\ 83.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 388.9 \\ & 299.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 379.7 \\ 301.5 \\ 78.2 \end{array}$ |
| National defense .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondefense.............. |  |  | 89.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer payments..... | $\begin{array}{r} 3999.9 \\ 385.9 \\ 14.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 413.5 \\ 401.9 \\ 11.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 405.7 \\ \begin{array}{c} 391.0 \\ 14.7 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 406.7 \\ & 396.0 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | 412.0401.510.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 413.4 \\ & 403.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 421.8 \\ & 406.2 \\ & 40.2 \end{aligned}$ | 431.6421.4 |
| To persons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grants-in-aid to State and local governments. | 106.9 | 103.4 | 102.8 | 102.2 | 106.0 | 103.5 | 102.0 | 111.2 |
| Net interest paid. | 175.7 <br> 157.8 <br> 135.2 <br> 22.6 | 142.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 137.8 \\ & 155.4 \\ & 134.4 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 139.5 \\ & 158.2 \\ & 185.1 \\ & 13.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 139.8 \\ & 158.1 \\ & 133.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 142.9 \\ & 161.0 \\ & 136.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 148.9 \\ & 166.0 \\ & 140.8 \end{aligned}$ | 151.5 <br> 16.1 <br> 142.9 <br> 2.2 |
| Interest paid. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 142.8 \\ & 160.8 \\ & 136.6 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To persons and business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To foreigners.... |  | 24.3 | 22.9 | 23.1 | 24.5 | 24.3 | 25.2 | 26.2 |
| Less: Interest received by government | 22.1 | 18.0 | 19.6 | 18.7 | 18.3 | 18.1 | 17.1 | 17.6 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | $\begin{array}{r} 23.3 \\ 25.5 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{31.3}^{28.0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.3 \\ & 24.5 \end{aligned}$ | 34.338.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 24.8 \\ & 27.5 \end{aligned}$ | 17.220.7 | $\begin{array}{r}35.8 \\ 38.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 29.431.8 |
| Subsidies .................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises........ | 2.2 | 3.3 | -1.8 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.4 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ -151.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ -188.7 \\ 16.7 \\ -205.4 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ -170.5 \\ -29.1 \\ -190.6 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ -139.2 \\ 19.3 \\ -158.6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} .3 \\ -135.8 \\ 22.9 \\ -158.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -.3 \\ \\ -160.2 \\ 28.5 \\ -188.8 \end{array}$ | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social insurance fur | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -204.7 \\ 15.4 \\ -220.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -101.4 \\ 22.7 \\ -174.1 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  |  | - $\begin{array}{r}41.2 \\ -193.0\end{array}$ |

Table 3.7B.-Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type [Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual ratea |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | Ir |
| Government purchases of goods and services.......... | $\begin{aligned} & 869.7 \\ & 366.2 \end{aligned}$ | $922.8$ | 886.3 | 896.2 | $917.1$ |  | 948.8 | 949.5 |
| Federal. |  | 379.4 | 368.6 | 366.9 | 379.6 | 382.1 | 388.9 | 379.7 |
| National defense | $\begin{aligned} & 366.2 \\ & 277.8 \end{aligned}$ | 295.289.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 279.0 \\ 85.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 287.5 \\ 88.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 294.5 \\ 89.2 \end{array}$ | 299.093.4 | 299.889.2 | 301.587.1 |
| Durable goods... | 83.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods... | 11.1 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 182.5 | 188.0 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 196.5 |
| Services ................ | 176.2 | 187.2 | 176.3 |  |  | 186.8 | 191.5 |  |
| Compensation of employees......... | 104.3 | 108.8 | 105.0 | 107.7 | 108.6 | 108.9 | 110.0 | 112.6 |
| Military .... | $70.4$$33.8$ | 73.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 71.0 \\ 34.0 \end{array}$ | 72.7 | 73.0 | $73.4$$\mathbf{3 5 . 6}$ | 74.235.8 | 75.936.7 |
| Civilian. |  | 35.5 |  | 35.0 | 35.5 |  |  |  |
| Other services. | 71.96.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 78.4 \\ 7.4 \end{array}$ | 71.3 | 74.8 | 79.56.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 77.9 \\ 7.8 \end{array}$ | 81.57.7 | 83.97.2 |
| Structures..... |  |  | 7.0 | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Nondefense... | $\begin{array}{r} 88.4 \\ 4.1 \\ 11.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 84.2 \\ 4.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89.6 \\ 4.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 79.4 \\ 4.2 \end{array}$ | 85.14.8 | 83.04.6 | 89.25.0 | $\begin{array}{r}78.2 \\ 4.9 \\ \hline 7\end{array}$ |
| Durable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods...... Commodity Credit |  | 2.0 | 13.1 | 2.0 | 1.5 | . 2 | 4.1 | $-7.7$ |
| Corporation inventory change $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.3 \\ 5.9 \\ 66.3 \end{array}$ | -4.3 | 7.35.8 | -3.65.6 | -5.16.6 | -6.16.4 | -2.36.4 | -13.86.1 |
| Other nondurables........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services ................. |  | 69.8 | 66.1 | .66.3 | 70.8 | 70.4 | 71.7 | 72.2 |
| Compensation of employees. | $\begin{array}{r} 39.6 \\ 26.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.6 \\ & 28.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.8 \\ & 26.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.0 \\ & 25.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.6 \\ & 29.1 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.7 \\ & 28.7 \end{aligned}$ | 41.929.7 | 43.228.9 |
| Other services...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures... | 6.7 | 7.8 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 8.4 | 8.8 |
| State and local.. | 503.5 | 543.4 | 517.7 | 529.3 | 537.6 | 546.9 | 559.9 | 569.8 |
| Durable goods. | $\begin{array}{r} 24.6 \\ 39.1 \\ 378.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27.4 \\ 43.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25.7 \\ 39.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.3 \\ & 41.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27.0 \\ 43.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.8 \\ & 44.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.5 \\ & 45.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}29.3 \\ 45.7 \\ 430.0 \\ \hline 238\end{array}$ |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services........ |  | 409.0 | 391.0 | 397.2 | 404.8 | 418.1 | 421.0331.6 |  |
| Compensation of employees... | $\begin{array}{r} 299.9 \\ 78.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 322.8 \\ 86.3 \\ 63.3 \end{array}$ | 309.8 | 314.1 | 319.8 | 325.6 |  | 338.891.7 |
| Other services..... |  |  | 81.2 | 83.1 | 85.0 | 87.5 | 89.4 |  |
| Structures..... |  |  | 61.5 | 64.1 | 62.7 | 61.4 | 64.9 | 64.8 |

Table 3.3.--State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures [Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | Iv | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ |
| Receipts | $\begin{aligned} & 618.8 \\ & 149.3 \end{aligned}$ | 651.1 | 629.1 | 632.1 | 651.3 | 657.6 | 663.5 | 682.4 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts. |  | 161.1 | 155.6 | 154.6 | 162.3 | 161.4 | 165.9 | 170.5 |
| Income taxes... Nontaxes | 76.3 60.3 | 82.0 65.3 | 80.5 62.1 | 77.9 63.4 | 84.1 64.7 | 81.6 66.0 | 84.6. 67.8 | 87.6 68.6 |
| Other... | 12.6 | 13.7 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.4 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals | 21.3 | 26.9 | 23.4 | 25.0 | 26.4 | 28.4 | 27.7 | 27.7 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. | 296.8 | 313.7 | 300.7 | 305.0 | 311.0 | 317.9 | 320.9 | 325.5 |
| Sales tares... | 139.8 | 149.9 | 143.8 | 145.3 | 148.9 | 152.8 | 152.9 |  |
| Property taxes | 114.6 | 122.6 | 117.5 | 119.4 | 121.5 | 123.6 | 125.7 | 127.9 |
| Other ............. | 42.4 | 41.2 | 46.5 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 41.5 | 42.3 | 42.8 |
| Contributions for social insurance. | 44.5 | 46.1 |  | 45.2 | 45.7 | 46.3 | 47.0 | 47.6 |
| Federal grants-in-aid. | $\begin{aligned} & 106.9 \\ & 561.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103.4 \\ & 607.1 \end{aligned}$ | 102.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 102.2 \\ & 591.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.0 \\ & 600.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103.5 \\ & 611.1 \end{aligned}$ | 102.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 111.2 \\ & 636.6 \end{aligned}$ |
| Expenditures... |  |  | 578.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases of goods and servicis | 503.5 | 543.4 | 17.7 | 529.3 | 537.6 | 546.9 | 559.9 | 69.8 |
| Compensation of employees. Other. | $\begin{gathered} 299.9 \\ 203.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 322.8 \\ & 220.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 309.8 \\ & 207.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 314.1 \\ & 215.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 319.8 \\ & 217.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 325.6 \\ & 221.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 331.6 \\ & 228.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 338.3 \\ & 2315 \end{aligned}$ |
| Transfer payments to | 110.1 | 118.0 | 113.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 114.9 \\ -32.2 \end{array}$ | 116.9 | 118.8-33.1 | 121.6 | $\begin{gathered} 123.9 \\ -34.3 \end{gathered}$ |
| Net interest paid .... | -31.5 | $\begin{array}{r} -32.9 \\ 53.9 \\ 86.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -31.9 \\ 50.0 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} -32.7 \\ 52.9 \end{array}$ |  | -33.7 |  |
| Interest paid................... | $\begin{aligned} & 48.0 \\ & 79.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} -32.2 \\ 51.4 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} -33.1 \\ 54.7 \end{array}$ | 56. | $\begin{array}{r} -34.3 \\ 58.3 \end{array}$ |
| government $\qquad$ |  |  | 81.9 | 83.7 | 85.6 | 87.8 | 90.1 | 92.6 |
| Less: Dividends received by government | 5.6 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 7.2 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -14.6 \\ .8 \\ 15.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} -15.1 \\ 1.0 \\ 16.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -14.7 \\ .9 \\ 15.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -15.0 \\ .9 \\ 15.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -14.9 \\ .9 \\ 15.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -15.0 \\ 1.0 \\ 15.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -15.4 \\ 1.0 \\ 16.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -15.6 \\ 1.1 \\ 16.6 \end{array}$ |
| Subsidies $\qquad$ Less: Current surplus of government enterprises. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts | 56.8 | 44.0 | 50.6 | 41.0 | 50.6 | 46.5 | 37.9 | 45.8 |
| Social insurance funds.... Other.....................$~$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49.4 \\ 7.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51.7 \\ -7.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51.3 \\ & -.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50.2 \\ -9.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51.0 \\ -.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52.1 \\ -5.6 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 53.4 \\ -15.5 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 55.0 \\ -9.2 \end{array}$ |
| Other ..................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3.8B.-Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $I$ |
| Government purchases of soods and services........... | $\begin{aligned} & 754.5 \\ & 332.5 \end{aligned}$ | 771.7 | 771.8 | 759.6 | 766.7 | 771.7 | 788.9 | 770.5 |
| Federal.. |  | 336.0 | 344.6 | 327.3 | 332.6 | 336.3 | 347.6 | 327.5 |
| National defense. | 250.7 | 264.2 | 252.7 | 257.4 | 263.5 | 268.3 | 267.7 | 264.8 |
| Durable goods... | 77.9 | 87.7 | 80.3 | 88.7 | 86.4 | 92.3 | 88.7 | 86.3 |
| Nondurable goods ... | 15.1 | 14.5 | 15.3 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 15.2 | 13.8 |
| Services .................. | 152.0 | 155.8 | 151.3 | 153.6 | 157.0 | 155.2 | 157.5 | 159.0 |
| Compensation of employees | 88.8 | 89.1 | 89.2 | 89.0 | 89.0 | 89.1 | 89.2 | 89.0 |
| Military .......................... | 59.9 | 60.2 | 60.3 | 60.3 | 60.1 | 60.2 | 60.3 | 60.1 |
| Civilian......... | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.8 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.8 |
| Other services.................... | 63.2 | 66.8 | 62.1 | 64.6 | 68.0 | 66.1 | 68.4 | 70.0 |
| Structures............................. | 5.6 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 5.7 |
| Nondefense... | 81.8 | 71.7 | 91.9 | 69.9 | 69.1 | 67.9 | 80.0 | 62.7 |
| Durable goods..... | 4.6 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 5.5 |
| Nondurable goods $\qquad$ Commodity Credit | 13.6 | 1.3 | 24.6 | 3.1 | -2.5 | -2.8 | 7.3 | -9.3 |
| Corporation inventory change $\qquad$ | 7.8 | -5.0 | 18.8 | -2.5 | -9.1 | -9.2 | 1.0 | -15.1 |
| Other nondurables............. | 5.8 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 5.9 |
| Services ................. | 57.5 | 58.3 | 57.0 | 55.8 | 59.3 | 58.7 | 59.4 | 58.7 |
| Compensation of employees. | 33.8 | 33.8 | 38.8 | 38.7 | 33.8 | 33.8 | 33.8 | 33.9 |
| Other services..... | 23.7 | 24.5 | 23.1 | 22.1 | 25.4 | 24.8 | 25.6 | 24.7 |
| Structures......... | 6.1 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.7 |
| State and local.... | 422.1 | 435.8 | 427.1 | 432.3 | 434.1 | 435.4 | 441.3 | 443.0 |
| Durable goods... | 22.7 | 24.8 | 23.5 | 24.0 | 24.6 | 25.1 | 25.7 | 26.3 |
| Nondurable goods... | 43.3 | 46.2 | 44.4 | 45.1 | 45.8 | 46.6 | 47.4 | 48.2 |
| Services.... | 301.7 | 309.2 | 304.8 | 306.5 | 308.4 | 310.0 | 311.8 | 313.5 |
| Compensation of employees... | 237.1 | 240.4 | 238.6 | 293.3 | 240.2 | 240.8 | 241.5 | 242.1 |
| Other services........................ | 64.6 | 68.8 | 66.2 | 67.2 | 68.2 | 69.3 | 70.4 | 71.4 |
| Structures......... | 54.4 | 55.5 | 54.5 | 56.7 | 55.3 | 53.7 | 56.4 | 55.1 |

Table 3.9.-National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services


1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems, other than
3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 4.1.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ |
| Receipts from foreigners ... | 376.2 | 427.8 | 383.3 | 397.3 | 416.5 | 439.2 | 458.1 | 482.7 |
| Exports of goods and services ....... | 376.2 | 427.8 | 383.3 | 397.3 | 416.5 | 439.2 | 458.1 | 482.7 |
| Merchandise............................ | 224.9 | 257.6 | 281.7 | 235.6 | 247.4 | 267.2 | 280.3 | 302.9 |
| Durable goods.... | 139.7 | 159.5 | 144.0 | 146.6 | 150.9 | 164.0 | 176.4 | 188.7 |
| Nondurable goods ... | 85.1 | 98.2 | 87.6 | 89.0 | 96.5 | 103.2 | 103.9 | 114.2 |
| Services.................................. | 151.3 | 170.1 | 151.6 | 161.7 | 169.0 | 171.9 | 177.8 | 179.8 |
| Factor income ${ }^{1}$...................... | 86.1 | 94.6 | 82.3 | 87.9 | 92.6 | 94.2 | 103.7 | 102.9 |
| Other .................................... | 65.2 | 75.5 | 69.3 | 73.8 | 76.4 | 77.7 | 74.1 | 76.9 |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net) $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Payments to foreigners...... | 376.2 | 427.8 | 383.3 | 397.3 | 416.5 | 439.2 | 458.1 | 482.7 |
| Imports of goods and services... | 481.7 | 547.4 | 500.2 | 509.5 | 534.8 | 562.9 | 582.4 | 592.1 |
| Merchandise............................ | 367.5 | 411.3 | 382.8 | 386.1 | 401.8 | 421.7 | 435.4 | 439.7 |
| Durable goods. | 237.7 | 262.1 | 249.8 | 249.1 | 256.8 | 264.1 | 278.6 | 284.6 |
| Nondurable goods .................. | 129.8 | 149.1 | 132.9 | 137.0 | 145.0 | 157.7 | 156.8 | 155.2 |
| Services.................................. | 114.2 | 136.1 | 117.5 | 123.4 | 133.0 | 141.1 | 147.0 | 152.4 |
| Factor income ${ }^{1}$..................... | 52.3 | 67.2 | 54.8 | 57.2 | 64.8 | 70.8 | 76.1 | 79.3 |
| Other ................................... | 61.8 | 68.9 | 62.7 | 66.2 | 68.2 | 70.3 | 70.9 | 73.1 |
| Transfer payments (net)................ | 15.7 | 13.0 | 16.6 | 12.4 | 11.6 | 11.0 | 16.9 | 11.6 |
| From persons (net)................... | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| From government (net)............. | 14.0 | 11.6 | 14.7 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 15.6 | 10.2 |
| Interest paid by government to foreigners. | 22.6 | 24.3 | 22.9 | 23.1 | 24.5 | 24.3 | 25.2 | 26.2 |
| Net foreign investment ................ | -143.9 | -156.9 | -156.5 | -147.7 | -154.5 | -159.0 | -166.4 | -147.3 |

1. Line 7 less line 16 equals rest-of-the-world product as shown in table 1.7.

Table 3.10.-National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | Ir |
| National defense purchases......... | 250.7 | 264.2 | 252.7 | 257.4 | 263.5 | 268.3 |  | 264.8 |
| Durable goods.. | 77.9 | 87.7 | 80.3 | 83.7 | 86.4 | 92.3 | 88.7 | 86.3 |
| Military equipment | 63.8 | 72.8 | 66.2 | 69.4 | 71.3 | 76.6 | 73.9 | 30.4 |
| Aircraft ................ | 26.8 | 30.6 | 30.9 | 28.4 | 28.1 | 33.1 | 32.8 |  |
| Missiles | 11.3 | 12.97.6 | ${ }_{7}^{11.5}$ | 11.4 | 13.78.1 | $\begin{array}{r}13.1 \\ 74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13.27.4 | 12.47.4 |
| Ships..... | 7.6 |  |  | 7.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Vehicles.. | 5.24.8 | 4.95.3 | 5.3 |  | 5.1 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.75.6 |
| Electronic equipment |  |  | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.3 |  |
| Other. | 8.2 | 11.5 | 6.1 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 13.2 | 10.3 | 11.214.6 |
| Other durable goods...... | 14.0 | 15.0 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 15.7 | 14.8 |  |
| Nondurable goods........................ | 15.1 | 14.5 | 15.3 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 15.2 | 13.8 |
| Petroleum products.... | 8.54.32.3 | 8.4 | 8.94.0 | 8.03.8 | 8.14.0 | 8.24.12.2 | 9.6 | 8.03.6 |
| Ammunition............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurable goods.. |  | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 |  | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Services ... | 152.0 | 155.8 | 151.3 | 153.6 | 157.0 | 155.2 | 157.5 | 159.0 |
| Compensation of employees.. | $\begin{gathered} 88.8 \\ 59.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89.1 \\ & 60.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89.2 \\ & 60.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89.0 \\ 60.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89.0 \\ 60.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89.1 \\ & 60.2 \end{aligned}$ | 89.260.3 | 89.060.128.8 |
| Military .......................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian... | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.8 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.9 |  |
| Other services... | 63.2 | 66.8 | 62.1 | 64.6 | 68.0 | 66.1 | 68.4 | 70.0 |
| Contractual research and development |  | 25.3 | 26.0 | 25.6 | 26.2 | 24.4 | 24.9 | 26.419.2 |
| Installation support ${ }^{1}$.................. | 25.8 15.6 | 17.6 | 15.3 | 16.7 | 17.8 | 17.9 | 18.0 |  |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$.............. | 6.87.7 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 19.2 8.3 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{\text {s ............. }}$ |  | 7.9 | 7.03.8 | 7.14.0 |  | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.14.3 |
| Transportation of materiel .... | 3.8 |  |  |  | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.6 |  |
| Travel of persons ............. | 3.3.2 | 3.6 | 8.1.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 3.2 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.4.2 |
| Other ................. |  |  |  |  | . 2 | -. 5 | . 6 |  |
| Structures ....... | 5.6 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 5.7 |
| Military facilities ...................... | $\begin{aligned} & 3.4 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.9 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 . 6} \\ & \mathbf{2 . 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.2 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | 4.22.1 | 3.62.1 |
| Other ................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations. <br> 2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems. <br> 3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.2.-Exports and Imports of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1986 \\ \hline \text { IV } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{\mathrm{I}^{r}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Exports of goods and services .... | 377.4 | 425.8 | 388.3 | 397.8 | 414.5 | 437.1 | 453.5 | 475.3 |
| Merchandise... | 244.6 | 281.1 | 256.7 | 258.7 | 270.5 | 291.4 | 303.8 | 324.8 |
| Durable goods... | 158.1 | 176.5 | 159.8 | 161.7 | 166.9 | 181.7 | 195.8 | 209.9 |
| Nondurable goods ... | 91.5 | 104.6 | 96.9 | 96.9 | 103.6 | 109.7 | 108.1 | 115.8 |
| Services.. | 132.8 | 144.7 | 131.7 | 139.2 | 144.0 | 145.7 | 149.7 | 150.5 |
| Factor income ${ }^{1}$... | 74.5 | 79.3 | 70.7 | 74.7 | 77.9 | 78.7 | 85.9 | 85.0 |
| Other | 58.2 | 65.4 | 61.0 | 64.5 | 66.1 | 67.1 | 63.8 | 65.5 |
| Imports of goods and services.... | 523.2 | 561.3 | 540.1 | 533.0 | 547.2 | 575.6 | 589.3 | 594.3 |
| Merchandise. | 420.2 | 444.5 | 435.7 | 425.2 | 4328 | 454.9 | 465.3 |  |
| Durable goods... | 248.1 | 264.6 | 255.7 | 253.5 | 258.3 | 266.2 | 280.5 | 281.5 |
| Nondurable goods ................. | 172.1 | 179.9 | 179.9 | 171.7 | 174.5 | 188.8 | 184.8 | 185.2 |
| Services... | 103.0 | 116.8 | 104.5 | 1078 | 114.4 | 120.6 | 124.0 | 127.6 |
| Factor income ' ${ }^{\text {........ }}$ | 44.8 | 55.9 | 46.5 | 48.1 | 54.0 | 58.7 | 62.7 | 65.0 |
| Other ............................... | 58.2 | 60.9 | 58.0 | 59.7 | 60.4 | 62.0 | 61.3 | 62.6 |

1. Line 6 less line 13 equals rest-of-the-world product as shown in table 1.8.

Table 4.3.-Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category
[Billions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow{3}{*}{1986} \& \multirow{3}{*}{1987} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Seasonally adjusted at annual rates} <br>
\hline \& \& \& 1986 \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1987} \& 1988 <br>
\hline \& \& \& IV \& 1 \& II \& III \& IV \& Ir <br>
\hline Merchandise exports.......... \& 224.9 \& 257.6 \& 231.7 \& 235.6 \& 247.4 \& 267.2 \& 280.3 \& 302.9 <br>
\hline Foods, feeds, and beverages.. \& 22.6 \& 24.6 \& 22.7 \& 21.5 \& 23.4 \& 28.3 \& 25.3 \& 29.9 <br>
\hline Industrial supplies and \& \& 67.0 \& 60.5 \& 62.1 \& 66.2 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Durable goods.... \& 58.1
16.6 \& 19.1 \& 17.5 \& 17.9 \& 18.3 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 68.2 \\
& 19.6
\end{aligned}
$$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 71.7 \\
& 20.6
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 78.6
22.7 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods. \& 41.6 \& 47.9 \& 43.0 \& 44.1 \& 47.9 \& 48.6 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
51.1 \\
100.7
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{55.8
109.8} <br>
\hline Capital goods, except autos. \& 79.8 \& 90.8 \& 82.3 \& 82.1 \& 84.5 \& 95.7 \& \& <br>
\hline Autos.................................. \& 25.4 \& 27.2 \& 24.9 \& 25.9 \& 26.2 \& 26.0 \& 30.7 \& 30.5 <br>
\hline Consumer goods ... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
14.5 \\
5.7
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
18.0 \\
7.4
\end{array}
$$} \& 15.6 \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{16.417 .6} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{18.719 .2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{21.1
9.2} <br>
\hline Durable goods..... \& \& \& 6.5 \& 6.8 \& 7.3 \& 7.6

112 \& 8.1 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable goods ........ \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8.8

24.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10.6 \\
& 30.0
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 9.1 \& 9.6 \& 10.4 \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{11.211 .2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{11.9

38.0} <br>
\hline Other......................... \& \& \& 25.7 \& 27.6 \& 29.5 \& 30.3 \& 32.6 \& <br>

\hline Durable goods ${ }^{1}$...... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 12.2 \\
& 12.2
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 15.0 \\
& 15.0
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& 12.9 \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{13.814 .8} \& 15.1 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 16.3 \\
& 16.3
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{16.5

16.5} <br>
\hline Nondurable goods ${ }^{1}$. \& \& \& 12.9 \& 13.8 \& 14.8 \& 15.1 \& \& <br>
\hline Merchandise imports. \& 367.5 \& 411.3 \& 382.8 \& 386.1 \& 401.8 \& 421.7 \& 435.4 \& 439.7 <br>
\hline Foods, feeds, and beverages.. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{23.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{25.5} <br>
\hline Industrial supplies and materials, excluding \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline petroleum ................. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 61.4 \\
& 32.1
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{66.0

33.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{64.1
33.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{63.6

32.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 62.3 \\
& 31.8
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 65.6 \\
& 33.1
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{72.4

36.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{77.1
39.8} <br>
\hline Durable goods... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Nondurable goods ..................... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 29.1 \\
& 23.8 \\
& 33.8
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 32.4 \& 30.6 \& 30.9 \& 30.5 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 32.5 \\
& 50.6
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 35.8 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{37.3

39.6} <br>
\hline Petroleum and products............... \& \& 42.5 \& 32.0 \& 34.8 \& 40.0 \& \& 44.8 \& <br>

\hline Capital goods, except autos .......... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 75.4 \\
& 78.1
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 87.1 \\
& 85.2
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

79.3
\]

$$
82.0
$$} \& 79.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 85.1 \\
& 84.3
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 89.0 \\
& 85.1
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 95.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{98.5

87.6} <br>
\hline Autos ....................................... \& \& \& \& 82.4 \& \& \& 88.9 \& <br>

\hline Consumer goods ........................ \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
77.8 \\
43.6
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
87.0 \\
46.8
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& 82.9 \& 82.9 \& 87.5 \& 87.9 \& 89.7 \& 92.0 <br>

\hline Durable goods.......................... \& \& \& 46.1 \& 45.2 \& 46.5 \& 47.4 \& 48.0 \& 49.0 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods ..................... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{34.2
17.0} \& 40.2 \& 36.9 \& 37.7 \& 41.1 \& 40.5 \& 41.6 \& 43.0 <br>
\hline Other.................... \& \& 19.1 \& 18.0 \& 19.2 \& 18.3 \& 19.1 \& 19.8 \& 19.4 <br>

\hline Durable goods ${ }^{1}$.......................... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
8.5 \\
8.5
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9.5 \\
& 9.5
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{9.0

9.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9.6 \\
& 9.6
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9.1 \\
& 9.1
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9.5 \\
& 9.5
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{9.9

9.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{9.7
9.7} <br>
\hline Nondurable goods ${ }^{1}$................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Addenda:} <br>
\hline Exports of agricultural products ${ }^{2}$. \& 27.0 \& 29.9 \& 28.1 \& 26.2 \& 28.7 \& 33.6 \& 31.1 \& 36.7 <br>
\hline Exports of nonagricultural products \& 197.9 \& 227.7 \& 203.6 \& 209.4 \& 218.8 \& 233.6 \& 249.2 \& 266.2 <br>
\hline Imports of nonpetroleum products $\qquad$ \& 333.7 \& 368.7 \& 350.7 \& 351.3 \& 361.9 \& 371.1 \& 390.6 \& 400.1 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

1. Because no data are available to distribute exports and imports of "other" merchandise etween durable and nondurable goods, they are distributed equally.

Table 5.1.-Gross Saving and Investment
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ |
| Gross saving. | 532.0 | 565.2 | 515.3 | 554.3 | 551.3 | 559.3 | 595.9 | 618.1 |
| Gross private saving... | ${ }^{679.8}$ | 672.6 | 653.4 | 683.8 | 639.9 | 648.7 | 718.2 | 724.1 |
| Personal saving........ | 130.6 | 119.0 | 109.0 | 138.4 | 93.2 | 88.8 | 155.7 | 155.2 |
| Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption adjustmen | 92.6 40.0 | 74.6 43.9 | $\begin{gathered} 7.5 \\ 45.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 75.6 \\ 38.7 \end{array}$ | 70.1 | 76.8 46.7 | 75.7 48.3 | 76.3 47.1 |
| Undistributed profits <br> Inventory valuation adjustment | 40.0 6.5 | 43.9 -17.5 | 45.4 -8.9 | 38.7 -11.3 | 42.1 -20.0 | 46.7 -17.6 | 48.3 -21.3 | 4.1 -16.4 |
| Capital consumption adjustment. | 46.0 | 48.2 | 42.1 | 48.2 | 48.0 | 47.7 | 48.7 | 45.7 |
| Corporate capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment | 282.8 | 296.2 | 289.3 | 291.8 | 294.5 | 297.8 | 300.9 | 304.6 |
| Noncorporate capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 173.8 | 182.8 | 176.6 | 178.0 | 182.1 | 185.3 | 186.0 | 188.0 |
|  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Government surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts. | -147.8 | -107.4 | -138.1 | -129.5 | -88.6 | -89.3 | -122.3 | -106.0 |
| Federal.................................- | -204.7 | 151.4 | -188.7 | -170.5 | -139.2 | -135.8 | -160.2 379 | -151.8 |
| State and local ........................ | 56.8 | 44.0 | 50.6 | 41.0 | 50.6 | 46.5 | 37.9 | 45.8 |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net). | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross investment............ | 527.1 | 560.6 | 503.7 | 652.1 | 548.1 | 548.4 | 593.8 | 609.5 |
| Gross private domestic investment | 671.0 | 717.5 | 660.2 | ${ }^{699.9}$ | 702.6 -1545 | 707.4 | 760.2 | 756.7 -1473 |
| Net foreign investment....... | -143.9 | -156.9 | -156.5 | -147.7 | -154.5 | -159.0 | -166.4 | -147.3 |
| Statistical discrepancy ....... | -4.9 | -4.6 | -11.6 | -2.2 | -3.1 | -10.9 | -2.1 | -8.6 |

Table 4.4.-Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1986 \\ \text { IV } \end{gathered}$ | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{\mathbf{I}^{r}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Merchandise exports..... | 244.6 | 281.1 | 256.7 | 258.7 | 270.5 | 291.4 | 303.8 | 324.8 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages. Industrial supplies and | 25.7 | 30.0 | 27.5 | 26.3 | 28.8 | 34.5 | 30.4 | 34.4 |
| materials... | 63.5 | 70.2 | 67.4 | 67.6 | 70.1 | 70.4 | 72.8 | 77.6 |
| Durable goods.. | 18.1 | 20.0 | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.4 | 20.2 | 20.9 | 22.5 |
| Nondurable goods. | 45.4 | 50.2 | 47.9 | 48.1 | 50.8 | 50.2 | 51.9 | 55.2 |
| Capital goods, except autos | 94.2 | 110.4 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 102.6 | 116.2 | 124.3 | 135.2 |
| Autos.... | 22.6 | 23.8 | 22.0 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 26.7 | 26.5 |
| Consumer goods. | 14.0 | 17.0 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 16.7 | 17.6 | 18.1 | 19.5 |
| Durable goods.... | 5.9 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 9.1 |
| Nondurable goods ... | 8.1 | 9.5 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.4 |
| Other.. | 24.6 | 29.7 | 26.2 | 27.8 | 29.4 | 29.9 | 31.6 | 31.5 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{1}$ | 12.3 | 14.8 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 15.8 | 15.7 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{1}$ | 12.3 | 14.8 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 15.8 | 15.7 |
| Merchandise imports. | 420.2 | 444.5 | 435.7 | 425.2 | 432.8 | 454.9 | 465.3 | 466.7 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages. | 22.9 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 23.2 | 24.2 | 23.5 | 23.2 | 23.4 |
| Industrial supplies and materials, excluding petroleum | 72.8 | 73.6 | 75.1 | 74.9 | 71.0 | 71.3 | 77.3 | 77.7 |
| Durable goods... | 38.0 | 37.6 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 36.4 | 36.1 | 39.2 | 40.3 |
| Nondurable goods. | 34.8 | 36.0 | 36.2 | 36.3 | 34.6 | 35.2 | 38.0 | 37.4 |
| Petroleum and products... | 74.3 | 77.4 | 78.5 | 69.5 | 72.1 | 87.5 | 80.5 | 81.5 |
| Capital goods, except autos .... | 93.3 | 108.1 | 97.6 | 96.8 | 103.8 | 111.4 | 120.3 | 123.3 |
| Autos... | 66.3 | 68.1 | 67.3 | 67.2 | 67.6 | 67.7 | 69.9 | 67.5 |
| Consumer goods. | 74.1 | 76.3 | 77.1 | 75.3 | 77.2 | 76.3 | 76.5 | 76.4 |
| Durable goods... | 42.2 | 42.1 | 43.3 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.2 | 41.9 |
| Nondurable goods. | 31.8 | 34.2 | 33.7 | 33.6 | 35.2 | 33.9 | 34.2 | 34.5 |
| Other. | 16.7 | 17.5 | 17.2 | 18.2 | 16.9 | 17.3 | 17.7 | 16.9 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{1}$ | 8.3 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.5 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{1}$............ | 8.3 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.4 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of agricultural products ${ }^{2}$. $\qquad$ | 30.3 | 35.3 | 33.7 | 31.2 | 34.1 | 40.2 | 35.9 | 40.6 |
| Exports of nonagricultural products $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 214.4 \\ & 345.9 \end{aligned}$ | 245.8 | 222.9 | 227.4 | 236.4 | 251.2 | 267.9 | 284.1 |
| Imports of nonpetroleum products $\qquad$ |  | 367.1 | 357.2 | 355.7 | 360.7 | 367.4 | 384.8 | 385.2 |

1. Because no data are available to distribute exports and imports of "other" merchandise between durable and nondurable goods, they are distributed equally. 2. Includes parts of line 2 and line 5 .

Table 6.3B.-National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | Ir |
| National income without capital consumption adjustment. $\qquad$ | 3,394.5 | 3,602.3 | 3,446.2 | 3,515.0 | 3,560.4 | 3,626.2 | 3,707.5 | 3,759.5 |
| Domestic industries.. | 3,360.7 | 3,574.9 | 3,418.6 | 3,484.2 | 3,532.6 | 3,602.8 | 3,680.0 | 3,735.8 |
| Private industries. | 2,864.7 | 3,045.9 | 2,910.7 | 2,967.0 | 3,007.2 | 3,070.2 | 3,139.2 | 3,183.1 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries | 82.9 | 93.9 | 81.9 | 96.4 | 92.7 | 86.1 | 100.4 | $\cdots$ |
| Mining............ | 40.2 | 40.0 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 39.0 | 41.1 | 42.4 | .......... |
| Construction.... | 181.8 | 190.5 | 186.2 | 188.4 | 190.5 | 190.0 | 193.1 |  |
| Manufacturing....................... | 684.4 | 720.5 | 695.5 | 697.3 | 710.5 | 734.5 | 739.6 |  |
| Durable goods ..................... | 410.7 | 423.0 | 412.7 | 419.8 | 419.0 | 429.0 | 424.3 |  |
| Nondurable goods............ | 273.7 | 297.4 | 282.8 | 277.5 | 291.5 | 305.5 | 315.3 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities $\qquad$ | 269.5 | 277.0 | 271.7 | 269.6 | 274.7 | 277.6 | 286.3 |  |
| Transportation................. | 113.8 | 120.6 | 117.3 | 117.4 | 119.1 | 121.0 | 124.9 |  |
| Communication.................. | 70.9 | 72.7 | 71.1 | 70.8 | 72.2 | 73.8 | 74.1 |  |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services. | 84.7 | 83.7 | 88.3 | 81.3 | 83.4 | 82.8 | 87.3 | ......... |
| Wholesale trade.................... | 210.1 | 219.3 | 213.0 | 219.0 | 218.2 | 221.2 | 223.7 |  |
| Retail trade.................... | 301.3 | 313.8 | 308.3 | 308.9 | 311.2 | 317.6 | 317.7 |  |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate $\qquad$ | 465.6 | 510.6 | 477.4 | 492.8 | 504.3 | 515.1 | 530.4 |  |
| Services .................................. | 629.0 | 680.2 | 644.7 | 657.3 | 671.1 | 687.0 | 705.6 |  |
| Government and government enterprises. | 496.1 | 529.0 | 508.0 | 517.3 | 525.4 | 532.6 | 540.8 | 552.7 |
| Rest of the world ......................... | 33.7 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 30.7 | 27.8 | 23.4 | 27.5 | 23.7 |

Table 5.8.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1986 \\ \text { IV } \end{gathered}$ | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{I^{r}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Change in business inventories. | 15.7 | 46.1 | -6.4 | 51.6 | 40.3 | 22.9 | 69.4 | 52.4 |
| Farm. | -1.1 | 9.9 | -11.6 | 2.9 | 13.0 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 16.3 |
| Nonfarm | 16.8 | 36.2 | 5.1 | 48.7 | 27.3 | 11.1 | 57.5 | 36.2 |
| Change in book value ....... | 10.0 | 55.9 | 13.5 | 61.5 | 49.7 | 31.0 | 81.5 | 55.1 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment ${ }^{1}$. $\qquad$ | 6.8 | -19.8 | -8.4 | -12.8 | -22.4 | -19.9 | -24.1 | -18.9 |
| Manufacturing......................... | -4.6 | 6.2 | -4.7 | 5.9 | -3.7 | 12.8 | 10.0 | 13.8 |
| Durable goods ....................... | -5.2 | 4.6 | -7.6 | 1.4 | -1.6 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.3 |
| Nondurable goods ...... | . 6 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 4.5 | -2.2 | 3.6 | . 6 | 4.5 |
| Wholesale trade. | 4.0 | 8.3 | -5.2 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 1.4 | 16.4 | 23.7 |
| Durable goods... | 1.7 | 5.2 | -5.8 | 6.1 | 6.2 | -2.7 | 11.3 | 20.3 |
| Nondurable goods .................. | 2.3 | 3.1 | . 6 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 3.4 |
| Merchant wholesalers.......... | 4.0 | 8.1 | -5.0 | 5.2 | 11.2 | . 9 | 15.0 | 20.6 |
| Durable goods ..................... | 2.0 | 4.7 | -6.1 | 5.0 | 7.1 | $-3.0$ | 9.7 | 18.5 |
| Nondurable goods............... | 2.0 | 3.4 | 1.1 | . 2 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 5.3 | 2.2 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers. | 0 | . 3 | -. 2 | 2.2 | -3.0 | . 5 | 1.3 | 3.1 |
| Durable goods .............. | -. 3 | . 5 | 2 | 1.1 | -. 9 | . 3 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| Nondurable goods........ | . 3 | -. 3 | -. 5 | 1.1 | -2.1 | . 2 | -. 2 | 1.3 |
| Retail trade.... | 6.9 | 14.6 | 7.4 | 28.3 | 16.9 | -9.5 | 22.9 | -7.6 |
| Durable goods.... | 3.7 | 9.7 | 2.6 | 21.4 | 10.7 | -14.1 | 20.8 | $-15.5$ |
| Nondurable goods .................. | 3.2 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 2.0 | 8.0 |
| Other.. | 10.5 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 8.2 | 6.2 |
| Durable goods. | 4.6 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 3.7 |
| Nondurable goods ............... | 5.9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | . 9 | -. 7 | . 8 | 3.7 | 2.5 |

1. The inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) shown in this table differs from the IVA that adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (first-in, first-out; statistics. This mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics. Prior to 1973, the two IVA's are the same because information required for separate eatimates is not available

Table 5.10.-Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry


1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current- dollar change in business inventories (CBD) component of GNP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at their respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change
in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of cal is stated at annual rates.
2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product of households and instit

Table 5.9.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{*}$ |
| Change in business inventories. | 13.8 | 42.9 | -14.4 | 47.6 | 39.0 | 24.6 | 60.5 | 55.4 |
| Farm... | -1.6 | 10.4 | -16.6 | 3.7 | 16.3 | 12.5 | 9.0 | 17.8 |
| Nonfarm .......... | 15.4 | 32.5 | 2.3 | 43.9 | 22.7 | 12.1 | 51.5 | 37.6 |
| Manufacturing..... | -5.2 | 5.6 | -4.9 | 5.3 | -4.4 | 12.1 | 9.4 | 18.8 |
| Durable goods ....... | $-5.2$ | 4.2 | -7.1 | 1.1 | -1.7 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| Nondurable goods ........ | 0 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 4.2 | -2.7 | 3.5 | . 6 | 5.1 |
| Wholesale trade.. | 3.7 | 7.0 | -5.9 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 14.2 | 25.0 |
| Durable goods ........................ | 1.7 | 4.9 | $-5.3$ | 5.7 | 5.6 | -2.4 | 10.7 | 18.5 |
| Nondurable goods .................. | 2.1 | 2.1 | -. 6 | . 9 | 0 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 6.5 |
| Merchant wholesalers......... | 3.7 | 6.9 | -4.7 | 3.6 | 9.6 | 1.2 | 18.3 | 21.0 |
| Durable goods .................. | 1.9 | 4.4 | -5.5 | 4.6 | 6.4 | $-2.7$ | 9.1 | 16.8 |
| Nondurable goods.............. | 1.8 | 2.6 | . 8 | -1.0 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers...... | 0 | 0 | -1.3 | 3.0 | -4.0 | . 3 | . 9 | 4.0 |
| Durable goods ..................... | -. 3 | . 5 | . 2 | 1.1 | -. 8 | . 3 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Nondurable goods............... | . 3 | -. 5 | -1.5 | 1.9 | -3.2 | 0 | -. 8 | 2.3 |
| Retail trade........................... | 6.6 | 13.2 | 6.7 | 25.2 | 15.5 | $-8.0$ | 20.2 | -6.3 |
| Durable goods ................... | 3.6 | 8.7 | 2.2 | 18.8 | 9.8 | -12.2 | 18.3 | -13.5 |
| Nondurable goods .................. | 3.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 7.2 |
| Other. | 10.2 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 7.7 | 5.1 |
| Durable goods .............................. | 4.2 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 3.3 |
| Nondurable goods ................... | 6.0 | 1.4 | . 5 | 1.0 | -. 2 | 1.3 | 3.7 | 1.8 |

Table 5.11.-Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry in Constant Dollars

|  | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1986 \\ \hline \text { IV } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1987 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \frac{1988}{\mathrm{I}^{r}} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 1 | II | III | IV |  |
| Inventories ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 845.8 \\ 73.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 857.7 \\ 74.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 867.4 \\ 78.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 873.6 \\ 81.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 888.7 \\ 83.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 902.5 \\ 88.1 \end{array}$ |
| Farm... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm | 772.5 | 788.5 | 789.2 | 792.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 805.1 \\ & 461.7 \end{aligned}$ | 814.5466.0 |
| Durable goods... Nondurable good | 438.7 333.9 | 446.5 377.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 451.5 \\ & 337.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 451.3 \\ & 341.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Manufacturing..... | 317.0 | 318.3 | 317.2 | 320.2 | 322.6 | 326.0 |
| Durable goods... | 205.31117 | $\begin{aligned} & 205.5 \\ & 112.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 205.1 \\ & 112.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 207.8 \\ & 118.0 \end{aligned}$ | 209.4 | 211.6114.4 |
| Nondurable goods ... |  |  |  |  | 118.1 |  |
| Wholesale trade. | 177.61096 | 119.1 | 112.5 | 111.9 | 184.6 | 190.8 |
| Durable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods | 68.0 | 68.2 | 68.2 | 69.2 | 70.0 | 71.7 |
| Merchant wholesalers. | $\begin{gathered} 151.5 \\ 96.6 \\ 54.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 152.4 \\ 97.7 \\ 54.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 154.8 \\ 99.3 \\ 55.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 155.1 \\ 98.7 \\ 56.5 \end{array}$ | 158.4100.9 | 163.7105.158.6 |
| Durable goods ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods.. |  |  |  |  | 57.5 |  |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers... | 26.1 | 26.813.313.5 | 25.813.1 | 25.913.212 | 26.113.61 | 27.114.018.1 |
| Durable goods ., | $\begin{aligned} & 20.1 \\ & 13.1 \\ & 13.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods. |  | 13.5 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.5 |  |
| Retail trade. | $\begin{array}{r} 174.8 \\ 87.3 \\ 87.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 181.1 \\ 92.0 \\ 89.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 185.0 \\ 94.4 \\ 90.6 \end{array}$ | 183.09.49.4 | 188.095.9 | 186.592.698.9 |
| Durable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ... |  |  |  | 91.6 | 92.1 |  |
| Other. | $\begin{aligned} & 103.2 \\ & 269.4 \\ & 167.0 \end{aligned}$ | 104.9 | 106.4 | 108.0 | 109.9 | 111.2 |
| Final sales : |  | ${ }_{163.4}^{267.3}$ | 270.0 | 274.6 | 275.0168.4 | 278.6 <br> 171.1 |
| Final sales of goods and structures ${ }^{2}$.. |  |  | 164.9 | 168.7 |  |  |
| Ratio of inventories to final sales | 167.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories to final sales. | $\begin{aligned} & 3.14 \\ & 2.87 \\ & 4.62 \end{aligned}$ | 3.21 <br> 2.93 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.21 \\ & \mathbf{2 . 9 2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.18 \\ & 2.88 \end{aligned}$ | 3.282.93 | 3.242.92 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures. |  | 4.80 | 4.79 | 4.70 | 4.78 | 4.76 |

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. Quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the constant-dollar change in business inventories component of GNP is stated at annual rates.
2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product
of households and institutions, government, and rest of the world, and includes a small amount of final sales by farms.

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 198 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | m | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{p}$ |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. | 284.4 | 304.7 | 281.1 | 294.0 | 296.8 | 4.9 | . 0 | 309.9 |
| Domestic industries. | 253.2 | 270.6 | 251.4 | 261.3 | 263.8 | 283.1 | 274.3 | 277.4 |
| Financial... | 27.5 | 27.0 | 26.8 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 26.9 | 25.0 | . 9 |
| Nonfinancial. | 225.8 | 243.7 | 224.6 | 233.4 | 235.9 | 256.2 | 249.3 | 25 |
| Rest of the world. | 31.2 | 34.0 | 29.7 | 32.6 | 33.0 | 31.9 | 38.7 | 32.5 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment. | 238.4 | 256.5 | 239.0 | 245.7 | 248.8 | 267.3 | 264.3 | 264.2 |
| Domestic industries | 207.2 | 222.5 | 209.3 | 21.1 | 215.8 | 235.4 | 225.6 | 231.7 |
| Financial. | 26.1 | 27.0 | 26.1 | 27.6 | 27.8 | 27.0 | 25.5 | 25.6 |
| Federal Reserve banks. | 16.0 | 16.0 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 16.1 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 17.5 |
| Other... | 10.1 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 9.3 | 8.1 |
| Nonfinancial. | 181.1 | 195.5 | 183.2 | 185.5 | 188.0 | 208.4 | 200.1 | 206.1 |
| Manufacturing..... | 9.4 | 8.6 | 75.4 | 75.4 | 85.5 | 100.7 | 92.9 |  |
| Durable goods.... | 31.1 | 37.2 | 31.3 | 38.7 | 37.4 | 42.8 | 29.9 |  |
| Primary metal industries...... | -1.8 | . | $-.4$ | 8 | $-.7$ | 1.4 | 1.7 |  |
| Fabricated metal products.... | 4.1 | 5.0 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 6.7 | 5.5 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical........ <br> Electric and electronic | 3.9 | 5.2 | 3.1 16 | 4.9 29 | 5.0 | 7.0 | 3.7 |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 5.9 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 6.2 3.5 | 2.2 |  |
| Other................................. | 14.7 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 19.1 | 16.3 | 18.0 | 14.8 |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 38.4 | 51.5 | 44.1 | 36.7 | 48.2 | 57.9 | 63.0 |  |
| Food and kindred products. | 8.7 | 9.9 | 9.1 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 11.1 | 12.5 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products.. | 6.7 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 10.2 | 10.9 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products........ | 5.4 | 11.6 | 5.9 | 2.3 | 12.7 | 14.7 | 16.6 |  |
| Other..................................... | 17.6 | 20.7 | 20.8 | 18.8 | 19.2 | 21.9 | 22.9 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities...... | 42.4 | 38.8 | 41.9 | 37.4 | 39.0 | 37.9 | 40.9 |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade ................. | 52.1 | 50.5 | 49.7 | 56.2 | 45.2 | 52.1 | 48.7 |  |
| Other ..... | 17.2 | 17.5 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 18.3 | 17.6 | 17.6 |  |
| Rest of the world ....... | 31.2 | 34.0 | 29.7 | 32.6 | 33.0 | 31.9 | 38.7 | 32.5 |

Table 7.2.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1988 \\ \hline \mathrm{I}^{r} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | IV | I | 11 | III | IV |  |
| Grosa national product... | $\begin{aligned} & 115.1 \\ & 115.0 \end{aligned}$ | 119.1 <br> 118.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 116.1 \\ & 116.0 \end{aligned}$ | 117.4 <br> 117.3 | $118.6$$118.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119.6 \\ & 119.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.7 \\ & 120.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 121.8 \\ 121.6 \end{array}$ |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Chance in business inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods. | $\begin{aligned} & 108.3 \\ & 108.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.0 \\ & 110.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.5 \\ & 108.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.7 \\ & 109.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110.8 \\ & 110.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.2 \\ & 111.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.1 \\ & 111.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.6 \\ & 112.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods.. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 105.7 \\ 105.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.8 \\ & 106.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.0 \\ & 105.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.7 \\ & 106.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.7 \\ & 106.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 106.9 \\ 106.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.0 \\ & 107.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 107.0 \\ 107.1 \end{array}$ |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods .... | $\begin{aligned} & 109.9 \\ & 109.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} 113.7 \\ 113.5 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|} 110.1 \\ 109.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.8 \\ & 111.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.5 \\ & 118.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.2 \\ & 114.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.5 \\ & 115.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 116.3 \\ 116.1 \end{array}$ |
| Final sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services ... | $\begin{aligned} & 122.5 \\ & 106.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127.8 \\ & 109.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124.3 \\ & 107.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 125.8 \\ & 107.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127.1 \\ & 109.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 128.4 \\ & 110.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129.9 \\ & 110.6 \end{aligned}$ | 131.4111.7 |
| Structures ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.1.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product, 1982 Weights

|  | $1986$ | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{+}$ |
| Gross national product.... | 115.1 | 119.1 | 116.1 | 117.4 | 118.6 | 119.6 | 120.7 | 121.8 |
| Personal consumption expenditures ...... | 115.2 | 120.0 | 116.4 | 118.0 | 119.5 | 120.7 | 121.9 | 122.7 |
| Durable goods. | 106.2 | 109.1 | 107.1 | 107.9 | 108.6 | 109.7 | 110.3 | 110.7 |
| Nondurable goods. | 107.7 | 112.6 | 108.2 | 110.4 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.3 | 114.6 |
| Services............... | 123.1 | 128.3 | 124.9 | 126.2 | 127.6 | 129.0 | 130.5 | 131.8 |
| Gross private domestic investment............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment. | 104.9 | 107.3 | 105.7 | 106.4 | 107.1 | 107.9 | 107.9 | 108.7 |
| Nonresidential.. | 103.2 | 104.9 | 103.9 | 104.3 | 104.7 | 105.2 | 105.4 | 106.1 |
| Structures.. | 100.7 | 102.9 | 100.8 | 101.6 | 102.6 | 103.5 | 104.0 | 105.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment .... | 104.7 | 106.1 | 105.8 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.2 | 106.2 | 106.9 |
| Residential. | 110.9 | 115.8 | 112.0 | 113.5 | 115.3 | 117.4 | 117.0 | 117.7 |
| Net exports of goods and services ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports. | 103.6 | 106.0 | 103.5 | 104.5 | 105.6 | 106.4 | 107.3 | 108.8 |
| Imports........................................... | 92.6 | 99.5 | 93.5 | 96.3 | 98.9 | 100.7 | 101.8 | 102.6 |
| Government purchases of goods and services $\qquad$ | 116.5 | 121.2 | 117.6 | 119.3 | 120.6 | 121.7 | 123.1 | 124.9 |
| Federal. | 111.3 | 114.4 | 111.1 | 113.2 | 114.3 | 114.4 | 115.7 | 117.5 |
| National defense. | 112.1 | 115.3 | 112.1 | 114.2 | 115.3 | 115.3 | 116.5 | 118.2 |
| Nondefense. | 109.3 | 112.1 | 108.7 | 110.5 | 111.7 | 112.4 | 113.6 | 115.7 |
| State and local ... | 120.3 | 126.2 | 122.4 | 123.8 | 125.2 | 127.1 | 128.6 | 130.4 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Final sales. | 115.0 | 118.9 | 116.0 | 117.3 | 118.5 | 119.5 | 120.5 | 121.6 |
| Personal consumption expenditures, food | 112.2 | 117.2 | 114.5 | 115.3 | 116.9 | 117.8 | 118.8 | 119.1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures, energy. | 90.8 | 92.1 | 85.0 | 90.3 | 91.9 | 93.6 | 92.8 | 92.0 |
| Other personal consumption expenditures. | 119.1 | 124.2 | 120.8 | 122.2 | 123.6 | 124.8 | 126.3 | 127.5 |

Nors.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in

Table 7.3.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, 1982 We ights

| [Index numbers, $1982=100]$ |
| :--- |

Table 7.4.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product [Index numbers, $1982=100$ ]

| - | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{\mathrm{Ir}}$ |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV |  |
| Gross national product................... | 114.1 | 117.5 | 114.9 | 116.1 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 118.7 | 119.2 |
| Personal consumption expenditures ..... | 114.3 | 118.8 | 115.2 | 116.9 | 118.3 | 119.5 | 120.7 | 121.4 |
| Durable goods. | 104.9 | 106.6 | 105.2 | 105.4 | 106.1 | 107.4 | 107.4 | 107.5 |
| Nondurable goods. | 107.1 | 111.9 | 107.5 | 109.8 | 111.7 | 112.6 | 113.6 | 118.7 |
| Services................ | 122.5 | 127.6 | 124.3 | 125.5 | 126.9 | 128.3 | 129.8 | 131.1 |
| Gross private domestic investment........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment. | 102.3 | 104.2 | 103.3 | 103.9 | 104.4 | 104.1 | 104.3 | 103.5 |
| Nonresidential. | 98.5 | 98.9 | 99.2 | 99.3 | 99.2 | 98.4 | 98.7 | 97.8 |
| Structures... | 105.5 | 107.8 | 106.7 | 106.9 | 107.8 | 107.8 | 108.7 | 109.7 |
| Producers' durable equipment .......... | 95.5 | 95.5 | 96.3 | 96.3 | 96.0 | 94.9 | 94.9 | 93.6 |
| Residential | 111.1 | 116.1 | 112.2 | 113.7 | 115.7 | 117.8 | 117.4 | 118.0 |
| Change in business inventories ............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports of goods and services ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports.. | 99.7 | 100.5 | 98.7 | 99.9 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 101.0 | 101.6 |
| Imports.......................................... | 92.1 | 97.5 | 92.6 | 95.6 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 98.8 | 99.6 |
| Government purchases of goods and services $\qquad$ | 115.3 | 119.6 | 114.8 | 118.0 | 119.6 | 120.4 | 120.3 | 123.2 |
| Federal | 110.2 | 112.9 | 107.0 | 112.1 | 114.1 | 113.6 | 111.9 | 115.9 |
| National defense .................................. | 110.8 | 111.7 | 110.4 | 111.7 | 111.8 | 111.4 | 112.0 | 113.9 |
| Nondefense........................................ | 108.1 | 117.3 | 97.5 | 113.6 | 123.1 | 122.2 | 111.5 | 124.8 |
| State and local ...................................... | 119.3 | 124.7 | 121.2 | 122.4 | 123.8 | 125.6 | 126.9 | 128.6 |

Nors.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in
table 8.1. table 8.1.

Table 7.5.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

| Gross national product................... | 114.1 | 117.5 | 114.9 | 116.1 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 118.7 | 119.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 114.1 | 117.6 | 114.7 | 116.1 | 117.3 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 119.5 |
| Goods | 106.2 | 107.7 | 106.0 | 106.9 | 107.6 | 107.9 | 108.2 | 107.4 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories... | 106.1 | 107.7 | 105.5 | 106.9 | 107.8 | 108.1 | 108.0 | 107.9 |
| Durable goods. | 101.4 | 100.4 | 100.8 | 101.1 | 100.5 | 99.9 | 100.1 | 98.4 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories... | 101.3 | 100.1 | 100.9 | 100.6 | 100.2 | 100.0 | 99.5 | 98.3 |
| Nondurable goods. | 110.1 | 114.0 | 110.3 | 111.8 | 113.8 | 115.0 | 115.6 | 115.7 |
| Final sales. | 110.1 | 114.3 | 109.3 | 112.0 | 114.2 | 115.5 | 115.4 | 116.8 |
| Services | 122.3 | 127.4 | 124.0 | 125.4 | 126.7 | 128.1 | 129.5 | 131.1 |
| Structures. | 109.7 | 113.4 | 110.8 | 111.7 | 113.1 | 114.2 | 114.4 | 115.5 |

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.6.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector


Table 7.7.-Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1986 \\ \hline \text { IV } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1987 |  |  |  | $\underline{1988}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Gross national product. | 114.1 <br> 103.3 <br> 115.5 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 117.5 \\ 104.4 \\ 119.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.9 \\ & 103.7 \\ & 116.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 116.1 \\ 103.6 \\ 117.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.1 \\ & 104.4 \\ & 118.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.9 \\ & 104.9 \\ & 119.7 \end{aligned}$ | 118.7 <br> 104.8 <br> 120.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 119.2 \\ & 105.2 \\ & 121.1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Net national product... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises..... | 115.0 | 117.9 | 113.8 | 114.4 | 118.3 | 121.4 | 117.6 | 120.1 |
| Statistical discrepancy ...... | 112.7 | 115.8 | 113.4 | 114.5 | 115.5 | 116.2 | 116.9 | 117.0 |
| Equals: National income......................... | 115.6 | 119.4 | 116.7 | 118.1 | 118.9 | 119.5 | 120.9 | 121.1 |

Table 7.8.-Implicit Price Deflators for Command-Basis Gross National Product

| [Index numbers, 1982=100] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross national product............................. | 114.1 | 117.5 | 114.9 | 116.1 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 118.7 | 119.2 |
| Less: Net exports of goods and services.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports ..................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 99.7 \\ 92.1 \\ 112.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100.5 \\ 97.5 \\ 116.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 98.7 \\ 92.6 \\ 113.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99.9 \\ 95.6 \\ 114.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100.5 \\ 97.7 \\ 116.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100.5 \\ 97.8 \\ 116.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 101.0 \\ 98.8 \\ 117.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 101.6 \\ 99.6 \\ 118.4 \end{array}$ |
| Imports ..................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plus: Command-basis net exports of goods and services. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| command-basis exports........................ | 92.1 | 97.5 | 92.6 | 95.6 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 98.8 | 99.6 |
| Imports....................................... | 92.1 | 97.5 | 92.6 | 95.6 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 98.8 | 99.6 |
| Equale: Command-basis gross national product | 113.1 | 117.1 | 114.1 | 115.5 | 116.8 | 117.6 | 118.4 | 118.9 |

Nors.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.9.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

| Personal consumption expenditures. | 115.2 | $120.0$ | 116.4 | 118.0 | 119.5 | 120.7 | 121.9 | 122.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods. | 106.2 |  | 107.1 | 107.9 | 108.6 | 109.7 | 110.3 | 110.7 |
| Motor vehicles and parts | 110.0 | 114.1 | 111.5 | 112.2 | 113.6 | 114.8 | 115.7 | 115.4 |
| Furniture and household equipment. | 101.1 | 102.3 | 100.5 | 102.2 | 101.8 | 102.8 | 102.6 | 108.2 |
| Other ....................................... | 108.0 | 11.9 | 109.7 | 109.9 | 111.2 | 112.4 | 114.0 | 115.4 |
| Nondurable goods. | 107.7 | 112.6 | 108.2 | 110.4 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.3 | 114.6 |
| Food | 112.2 | 117.2 | 114.5 | 115.3 | 116.9 | 117.8 | 118.8 | 119.1 |
| Clothing and shoes | 106.0 | 111.1 | 107.1 | 108.6 | 111.8 | 110.6 | 113.3 | 113.1 |
| Gasoline and oil. | 75.3 | 79.4 | 66.7 | 75.9 | 79.0 | 82.0 | 80.9 | 79.3 |
| Other nondurable goods | 115.7 | 120.6 | 116.3 | 118.8 | 120.0 | 121.5 | 122.5 | 124.1 |
| Fuel oil and coal | 75.0 | 75.6 | 67.8 | 75.9 | 75.0 | 76.1 | 75.5 | 76.4 |
| Other. | 121.3 | 126.9 | 123.0 | 124.7 | 126.2 | 127.7 | 129.1 | 130.7 |
| Services | 123.1 | 128.3 | 124.9 | 126.2 | 127.6 | 129.0 | 130.5 | 131.8 |
| Housing. | 124.5 | 130.3 | 126.8 | 128.0 | 129.3 | 130.9 | 133.1 | 134.6 |
| Household operation | 118.2 | 118.4 | 117.9 | 117.6 | 118.3 | 118.9 | 118.6 | 118.7 |
| Electricity and gas. | 113.9 | 111.9 | 111.8 | 111.5 | 112.2 | 112.3 | 111.7 | 111.6 |
| Other | 122.7 | 125.0 | 124.1 | 124.0 | 124.7 | 125.6 | 125.7 | 126.0 |
| Transportation. | 113.5 | 121.0 | 115.2 | 119.2 | 120.1 | 121.7 | 123.2 | 125.0 |
| Medical care.... | 128.1 | 135.0 | 130.4 | 132.2 | 134.1 | 135.6 | 137.9 | 140.0 |
| Other | 122.6 | 127.7 | 124.3 | 125.8 | 127.1 | 128.4 | 129.5 | 130.6 |

Table 7.14.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, $1982=100]$

| Exports of goods and services .... | 103.6 | 106.0 | 103.5 | 104.5 | 105.6 | 106.4 | 107.3 | 108.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Merchandise | 96.3 | 97.8 | 95.2 | 96.2 | 97.3 | 98.2 | 99.3 | 101.3 |
| Durable goods. | 99.3 | 101.5 | 99.4 | 100.3 | 101.3 | 101.8 | 102.6 | 103.9 |
| Nondurable goods | 92.4 | 92.8 | 89.6 | 90.6 | 92.0 | 93.4 | 94.9 | 97.8 |
| Services | 114.2 | 117.9 | 115.5 | 116.6 | 117.7 | 118.3 | 118.9 | 119.7 |
| Factor income. | 115.9 | 119.7 | 116.9 | 118.1 | 119.3 | 120.1 | 121.0 | 121.4 |
| Other | 111.3 | 114.8 | 113.0 | 113.8 | 114.9 | 115.1 | 115.3 | 116.5 |
| Imports of goods and services | 92.6 | 99.5 | 93.5 | 96.3 | 98.9 | 100.7 | 101.8 | 102.6 |
| Merchandise. | 86.2 | 93.3 | 86.8 | 89.8 | 92.7 | 94.8 | 95.6 | 96.4 |
| Durable goods. | 100.3 | 107.3 | 103.2 | 104.5 | 106.7 | 108.1 | 109.8 | 112.8 |
| Nondurable goods ......... | 71.9 | 79.2 | 70.2 | 74.9 | 78.5 | 81.4 | 81.3 | 79.8 |
| Services | 111.4 | 117.4 | 113.0 | 115.2 | 117.0 | 117.8 | 119.6 | 120.7 |
| Factor income. | 115.5 | 119.3 | 116.5 | 117.7 | 118.9 | 119.7 | 120.6 | 121.1 |
| Other ............... | 108.2 | 115.9 | 110.4 | 113.2 | 115.5 | 116.3 | 118.9 | 120.4 |

Table 7.15.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category, 1982 Weights

| [Index numbers, 1982=100] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | Ir |
| Merchandise exports. | 96.3 | 97.8 | 95.2 | 96.2 | 97.3 | 98.2 | 99.3 | 101.3 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages | 87.8 | 82.1 | 82.4 | 81.7 | 81.4 | 82.0 | 83.3 | 87.0 |
| Industrial supplies and materials | 91.6 | 95.4 | 89.7 | 91.8 | 94.4 | 96.8 | 98.5 | 101.2 |
| Durable goods.. | 91.6 | 95.4 | 89.7 | 91.8 | 94.4 | 96.8 | 98.5 | 101.2 |
| Nondurable goods. | 91.6 | 95.4 | 89.7 | 91.8 | 94.4 | 96.8 | 98.5 | 101.2 |
| Capital goods, except autos | 98.2 | 100.2 | 98.6 | 99.5 | 100.1 | 100.2 | 100.8 | 102.1 |
| Autos. | 112.4 | 114.3 | 113.4 | 113.3 | 114.1 | 114.5 | 115.2 | 114.9 |
| Consumer goods. | 103.0 | 106.0 | 104.0 | 105.3 | 105.8 | 106.1 | 106.6 | 108.6 |
| Durable goods.. | 96.7 | 98.9 | 97.3 | 98.3 | 98.5 | 98.8 | 99.7 | 101.1 |
| Nondurable goods. | 108.0 | 111.6 | 109.3 | 110.8 | 111.6 | 111.9 | 112.1 | 114.5 |
| Other. | 99.4 | 101.1 | 98.1 | 99.3 | 100.4 | 101.3 | 103.1 | 104.9 |
| Durable goods.. | 99.4 | 101.1 | 98.1 | 99.3 | 100.4 | 101.3 | 103.1 | 104.9 |
| Nondurable goods. | 99.4 | 101.1 | 98.1 | 99.3 | 100.4 | 101.3 | 103.1 | 104.9 |
| Merchandise imports.. | 86.2 | 93.3 | 86.8 | 89.8 | 92.7 | 94.8 | 95.6 | 96.4 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages.. | 104.9 | 103.6 | 106.2 | 102.9 | 101.0 | 104.3 | 106.2 | 109.0 |
| Industrial supplies and materials, |  |  | 84.9 | 85.3 | 88.3 | 92.7 | 94.3 | 99.7 |
| excluding petroleum. | 84.4 | 90.2 90.3 | 84.9 | 85.8 | 88.5 | 92.9 | ${ }_{94.5}^{94.3}$ | 99.7 |
| Nondurable goods. | 84.3 | 90.0 | 84.7 | 85.1 | 88.1 | 92.5 | 94.1 | 99.6 |
| Petroleum and products. | 45.5 | 55.0 | 40.8 | 50.1 | 55.5 | 57.8 | 55.7 | 48.6 |
| Capital goods, except autos .. | 92.5 | 99.4 | 95.6 | 97.8 | 99.4 | 99.3 | 101.1 | 102.8 |
| Autos... | 117.8 | 125.1 | 121.9 | 122.6 | 124.7 | 125.7 | 127.2 | 129.7 |
| Consumer goods.. | 105.0 | 113.8 | 107.5 | 110.0 | 113.1 | 115.0 | 117.0 | 120.2 |
| Durable goods.. | 103.2 | 111.2 | 106.3 | 108.3 | 110.7 | 111.9 | 113.7 | 116.9 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 107.5 | 117.6 | 109.3 | 112.5 | 116.6 | 119.5 | 121.6 | 124.9 |
| Other. | 102.0 | 108.9 | 104.6 | 105.6 | 108.2 | 110.2 | 111.8 | 115.1 |
| Durable goods.... | 102.0 | 108.9 | 104.6 | 105.6 | 108.2 | 110.3 | 111.8 | 115.0 |
| Nondurable goods ................................. | 102.0 | 108.9 | 104.6 | 105.6 | 108.2 | 110.2 | 111.8 | 115.1 |

Table 7.17.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights [Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \frac{1988}{I^{r}} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | Iv | I | II | III | IV |  |
| National defense purchases | 2.1 | 115.3 | 112.1 | 114.2 | 115.3 | 115.3 | 116.5 | 118.2 |
| Durable goods | 112.4 | 112.9 | 112.7 | 113.9 | 113.8 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 113.0 |
| Military equipment | 123.6 | 114.5 | 114.6 | 116.0 | 115.8 | 113.0 | 113.3 | 114.2 |
| Aircraft |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{118.7}^{117.7}$ | 1118.8 |
| Missiles | 114.2 | 124.9 |  | 129.5 | 120.2 130.1 11 | 116.4 121.1 |  |  |
| Ships. |  |  | 116.3 | 117.6 | 117.8 | $\begin{array}{r}118.0 \\ 92.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{92.0}^{118.0}$ | 118.8 |
| Vehicles. | $87.3$$107.2$ | 93 | ${ }^{117.3}$ |  |  |  |  | 109.310.310.0 |
| ${ }^{\text {Electronic equipment }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 108.2 \\ & 102.8 \end{aligned}$ | 101.6 | 107.7101.9 | 107.9102410.4 | 108.4 | 92.0 108.8 |  |
| Other durable goods | $\begin{aligned} & 107.2 \\ & 102.6 \\ & 103.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 103.1 | 103.7 107.1 | 105.0 |
| Nondurable goods $\qquad$ <br> Petroleum products $\qquad$ <br> Ammunition | 70.8 | 70.4 | 63.0 | 65.3 | 70.5 | 71.8 | 74.1 | 73.8 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 54.0 \\ 104.8 \\ 107.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52.4 \\ 106.8 \end{array}$ | 105.2 | ${ }^{4504.6}$ | 52.7106.1 | 54.2 | 109.3 | -55.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurable goods. |  | 109.9 | 107.9 | 108.6 | 109.6 | 110.3 | 111.1 | 111.4 |
| Services | 116.3 | 120.9 | 116.9 | 119.5 | 120.6 | 121.1 | 122.5 | 124.8 |
| Compensation of employ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 117.4 \\ 117.6 \\ 117.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122.2 \\ & 121.8 \end{aligned}$ | 117.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 121.0 \\ & 120.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122.0 \\ & 121.5 \\ & 1920 \end{aligned}$ | 122.3121812181218 | 123.3 <br> 123.0 | 126.5 |
| Military. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian. |  | 118.5 | 115.3 | 112.7 | ${ }_{117.8}^{123.0}$ | 118.8 | 120.8 | ${ }_{12}^{12}$ |
| Other services.. | 117.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 121.3 |
| Contractual research and development | 113.4 | 115.6 <br> 1238 <br> 118.8 |  | 114.2121.9 | 112.7 | 116.0 | 117.3 | 117.3 |
| Installation support ${ }^{1}$. |  |  | 114.0 |  |  |  | 126.0 |  |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$ | 1298.8 | 114.6 | 113.7 | 113 <br> 141 <br> 98 <br> 105 | $\begin{gathered} 113.8 \\ 14.9 \\ 9.4 \\ 10.4 \end{gathered}$ | 114.4149.796.2106.3 | 116.4157.796.4106.3 | 116.5160.897.2106.3 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation of materiel | ${ }^{87.3}$ | 95.5 | 90.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Travel of persons... | 102 | 105.7 | . 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures $\qquad$ <br> Military facilities $\qquad$ <br> Other | $\begin{aligned} & 117.2 \\ & 120.4 \\ & 112.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.7 \\ & 124.2 \\ & 115.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.0 \\ & 121.1 \\ & 113.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 118.9 \\ 122.3 \\ 113.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | 119.7 <br> 123.1 <br> 114.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 121.2 \\ & 124.3 \\ & 116.6 \end{aligned}$ | 122.9127.0116.7 | 1180.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems.
3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 7.16.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |  |  |  | $\frac{1988}{I^{r}}$ |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 116.5 | 121.2 | 117.6 | 119.3 | 120.6 | 121.7 | 123.1 | 124.9 |
| Federal. | 111.3 | 114.4 | 111.1 | 113.2 | 114.3 | 114.4 | 115.7 | 117.5 |
| National defense. | 112.1 | 115.3 | 112.1 | 114.2 | 115.3 | 115.3 | 116.5 | 118.2 |
| Durable goods. | 112.4 | 112.9 | 112.7 | 113.9 | 113.8 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 113.0 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 70.8 | 70.4 | 63.0 | 65.3 | 70.5 | 71.8 | 74.1 | 73.8 |
| Services.. | 116.3 | 120.9 | 116.9 | 119.5 | 120.6 | 121.1 | 122.5 | 124.8 |
| Compensation of employees | 117.4 | 122.2 | 117.7 | 121.0 | 122.0 | 122.3 | 123.3 | 126.5 |
| Military . | 117.6 | 121.8 | 117.8 | 120.7 | 121.5 | 121.8 | 123.0 | 126.1 |
| Civilian. | 117.1 | 123.0 | 117.6 | 121.7 | 123.0 | 123.1 | 124.0 | 127.4 |
| Other services. | 114.0 | 118.5 | 115.3 | 116.4 | 117.8 | 118.8 | 120.8 | 121.3 |
| Structures... | 117.2 | 120.7 | 118.0 | 118.9 | 119.7 | 121.2 | 122.9 | 125.8 |
| Nondefense. | 109.3 | 112.1 | 108.7 | 110.5 | 111.7 | 112.4 | 113.6 | 115.7 |
| Durable goods..... | 98.9 | 99.5 | 99.1 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 99.2 | 99.4 | 100.7 |
| Nondurable goods. $\qquad$ Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurables... | 94.7 | 96.9 | 94.0 | 96.6 | 96.9 | 97.5 | 96.4 | 97.7 |
| Services. | 115.6 | 120.1 | 116.2 | 118.9 | 119.9 | 120.5 | 121.2 | 123.5 |
| Compensation of employees.. | 117.3 | 123.1 | 117.7 | 121.9 | 123.1 | 123.3 | 124.0 | 127.5 |
| Other services.... | 113.1 | 115.6 | 114.0 | 114.3 | 115.0 | 116.2 | 116.9 | 117.3 |
| Structures. | 109.4 | 111.0 | 109.8 | 110.2 | 110.6 | 111.4 | 111.9 | 113.2 |
| State and local. | 120.3 | 126.2 | 122.4 | 123.8 | 125.2 | 127.1 | 128.6 | 130.4 |
| Durable goods | 108.6 | 110.6 | 109.7 | 109.9 | 110.3 | 111.0 | 111.3 | 112.0 |
| Nondurable goods. | 90.5 | 94.9 | 89.4 | 92.7 | 94.4 | 96.1 | 96.5 | 95.4 |
| Services.. | 126.5 | 132.7 | 128.6 | 129.9 | 131.6 | 138.6 | 135.5 | 137.7 |
| Compensation of employees. | 127.3 | 134.2 | 129.8 | 131.3 | 133.1 | 135.2 | 137.3 | 139.7 |
| Other services.. | 122.8 | 125.6 | 122.9 | 123.9 | 124.7 | 126.5 | 127.3, | 128.5 |
| Structures... | 113.2 | 114.0 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 113.5 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 117.3 |

Table 7.18.-Current-Dollar Cost and Profit Per Unit of Constant-Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business


Table 8.1.-Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series
[Percent]


## Reconciliation and Other Special Tables

Table 1.-Revisions in Selected Component Series of the NIPA's, First Quarter of 1988

|  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter at annual rates |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Preliminary | First revision | Difference |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Preliminary | First revision |
| GNP <br> National income. | Billions of current dollars |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,660.9 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{4 , 6 6 8 . 7} \\ & \mathbf{3 , 7 9 2 . 8} \end{aligned}$ | 7.8 <br> $\cdots$ <br> $\cdots$ | 4.7 | 5.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 5.4 |
| Compensation of employees ................................................. | 2,762.4 | 2,764.5 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7.4 | 7.7 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments |  | $\begin{aligned} & 309.9 \\ & 718.4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | -3.9 |
| Other.......................................................................................................... | 714.0 |  | ................... | -1.6 | . 8 |
| Personal income ................................................................... | 3,897.2 | 3,902.3 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.1 |
|  | Billions of constant (1982) dollars |  |  |  |  |
| GNP ..................................................................................... | 3,902.6 | 3,918.0 | 15.4 | 2.3 | 3.9 |
| Less: Exports ............................................ | $\begin{aligned} & 464.6 \\ & 596.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 475.3 \\ & 594.3 \end{aligned}$ | 10.7 | 10.2 | 20.7 |
| Plus: Imports. |  |  | -2.5 | 5.2 | 3.4 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases. | 4,034.9 | 4,037.1 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures...................................... | $2,528.2$488.3 | 2,530.9 ${ }_{488.1}$ | 2.7 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| Nonresidential fixed investment.......................................... |  |  | $-.2$ | 21.0 | 20.8 |
| Residential investment..................................................... | 192.257.9768.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 492.2 \\ 55.4 \\ 770.5 \end{array}$ | 0 | -9.4 | -9.4 |
| Change in business inventories ....................................................................................... |  |  | -2.5 2.2 | -10.0 | $-9.0$ |
|  | Index numbers, $1982=100^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| GNP price index (fixed weights) $\qquad$ <br> GNP price index (chained weights) $\qquad$ | 121.8 | 121.8 | \%.................. | 3.73.52.4 | 3.63.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GNP implicit price deflator .................................................. | $\begin{aligned} & 119.4 \\ & 121.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119.2 \\ & 121.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{-2}{0}$ | 3.4 | 1.7 |
| Gross domestic purchases price index (fixed weights)................ |  |  |  |  | 3.4 |

1. Not at annual rates.

Notz.-For the first quarter of 1988 , the following revised or additional major source data were incorporated: For personal consumption expenditures, revised retail sales for February and March; for nonresidential fixed investment, revised manufacturers'
shipments of equipment for February and March, contruction put in place for February (revised) and March, and partial shipments of equipment for February and March, contruction put in place for February (revised) and March, and partial
information on actual plant and equipment expenditures for the quarter, for residential investment, construction put in place for February (revised) and March; for change in business inventories, manufacturing and trade inventories for February (revised) and March; for net exports of goods and services, merchandise exports and merchandise imports for March; for government purchases of goods and services, Federal outlays for March, and State and local construction put in place for February (revised) and March;
for wages and salaries, revised employment, average hourly earnings. and average weekly hours for February and March; for for wages and salaries, revised employment, average hourly earnings, and average weeky hours for February and March; for
corporate profts, domestic book profits for the quarter; and for $G N P$ prices, merchandise export and import price indexe of for
March these indexes are prepared only for the last month of each quarter), unit-value indexes for petroleum imports for March and for merchandise exports and nonpetroleum merchandise imports for February, and residential housing prices for the quarter.

Table 2.-Reconciliation of Changes in Compensation Per Hour in the Business Economy Other Than Farm and Housing and Average Hourly Earnings in the Private Nonfarm Economy, Seasonally Adjusted

|  | 1987 |  |  | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | I ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| 1. Compensation per hour of all persons in the business economy other than farm and housing (percent change at annual rate) ${ }^{1}$ | 2.5 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 2.7 |
| 2. Less: Contribution of supplements.. | -. 1 | -. 1 | -. 5 | . 6 |
| 3. Plus: Contribution of housing and nonprofit institutions. | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 |
| 4. Less: Contribution of employees of government enterprises, unpaid family workers, and the self-employed. | . 1 | . 3 | -. 1 | -. 1 |
| 5. Equals: Wages and salaries per hour of employees in the private nonfarm economy (percent change at annual rate) | 2.6 | 3.2 | 4.5 | 2.2 |
| 6. Less: Contribution of nonproduction workers in manufacturing | -. 3 | -. 2 | -. 4 | -. 2 |
| 7. Less: Contribution of non-BLS data, detailed weighting, and seasonal adjustment........... | . 6 | . 3 | . 2 | . 3 |
| 8. Equals: Average hourly earnings, production and nonsupervisory workers in the private nonfarm economy (percent change at annual rate). | 2.3 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 2.1 |
| r Revised. <br> ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. <br> 1. BLS estimates of changes in heurly compensation in the nonfarm business sector for <br> 3.4 percent. |  |  |  | 5 an |

Table 3.-Cyclically Adjusted Federal Receipts, Expenditures, Surplus or Deficit (-), and Debt [Billions of dollars; quarters at seasonally adjusted annual rates]

|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV |  |
| Based on middle-expansion trend GNP: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level.......................... | 81.6 | 892.0 | ${ }_{192} 78.3$ | 801.7 | 819.1 | 841.3 | 862.0 | 904.2 | 897.8 | 903.9 | 912.8 |
| Change from preceding period. | 30.1 | 79.4 | $-6.5$ | 13.4 | 17.4 | 22.2 | 20.7 | 42.2 | -6.4 | 6.1 | 8.9 |
| Due to automatic inflation effects | 16.3 | 23.3 | 2.0 | 5.1 | 7.4 | -1.3 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 2.2 |
| Due to discretionary policy and other factors | 13.8 | 56.1 | -8.5 | 8.3 | 10.0 | 23.5 | 11.5 | 33.7 | -11.2 | 0.8 | 6.7 |
| Expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage of trend GNP. | 24.7 | 24.3 | 24.5 | ${ }^{1,45.2}$ | 1,24.6 | 24.5 | 24.4 | 24.4 | 24.0 | 24.6 | 24.5 |
| Change from preceding period. | 46.4 | 39.8 | -17.3 | 42.3 | -10.5 | 5.8 | 9.8 | 15.2 | -1.9 | 39.5 | 5.6 |
| Due to automatic inflation effects....... | 18.1 | ${ }_{217}^{18.1}$ | 9.1 | 2.8 | -2.3 | 3.2 | 8.4 | 3.9 | ${ }^{3.6}$ | 3.0 | ${ }_{11.4}$ |
| Surplue to dor defiscretitionary policy and other factors. | 28.3 | 21.7 | -26.4 | 39.5 | -12.8 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 11.3 | -5.5 | 36.5 | 11.8 |
| Level....................... | -218.6 | -179.1 | -215.1 | -243.8 | -216.0 | -199.6 | -188.7 | -161.8 | -166.1 | -199.6 | -196.3 |
| Percentage of trend GNP. |  |  |  | -5.9 |  |  |  |  | -3.8 |  |  |
| Change from preceding period. | -16.3 | 39.5 | 10.7 | $-28.7$ | 27.8 | 16.4 | 10.9 | 26.9 | -4.3 | -33.5 | -3.3 |
| Due to automatic inflation effects............. | -14.5 | 5.1 34.4 | -7.1 17.8 | 2.3 -31.0 | 22.7 | -40.9 | 0.8 10.1 | ${ }^{42.6}$ | 1.2 -5.5 | 2.2 -35.7 | -18.5 |
| Debt: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At par value, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level................end GNP. | 1,734.8 41.5 | 1,902.6 | ${ }^{1,561.7}$ | ${ }^{1,627.5}$ | 1,689.2 | $\begin{array}{r}1,734.8 \\ \hline 40.9\end{array}$ | 1,780.4 | 1,829.7 | $1,861.5$ 42.0 | $\xrightarrow{1,902.6}$ | ${ }^{1,961.7}$ |
| At market value, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level | 1,870.1 | 957.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Perce | 44.8 | 4.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Based on 6-percent unemployment rate trend GNP: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 840.1 19.6 | 921.0 20.4 | 815.3 19.4 | 828.9 19.5 | 846.7 19.6 | 869.4 20.0 | 889.9 20.1 | ${ }_{20.8}^{983.5}$ | 927.0 20.4 | ${ }_{20.3}^{933.6}$ | ${ }_{20.3}^{942.4}$ |
| Expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1,027.9$ 24.0 | 1,068.3 23 | ${ }_{23.8}^{99.4}$ | 1,042.1 | 1,032.1 | 1,038.1 ${ }_{23.8}$ | 1,047.9 | 1,063.3 | $\begin{array}{r}1,061.3 \\ \hline 2.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,100.8 | 1,106.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -187.9 -4.4 | -147.3 -3.3 | -184.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 213.2 \\ -5.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 185.4 \\ -4.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -168.7 \\ -3.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -158.0 \\ -3.6 \end{array}$ | -129.8 -2.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 184.3 \\ -3.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -167.2 \\ -8.6 \end{array}$ | -164.2 -3.5 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Middleexpansion trend GNP: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars.... | ${ }_{3,662.0}^{4,17.7}$ | ${ }_{3,745.2}^{4,39.0}$ | ${ }_{3,631.2}^{4,099.6}$ | 3,651.7 | ${ }_{3,672.2}^{4,212.0}$ | ${ }^{4,6932.9}$ | ${ }_{3,713.7}^{4,31.6}$ | 3,734.6 | 3,755.7 | 4,483.8 | ${ }^{4,59798.1}$ |
| 6 -percent unemployment rate trend GNP: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars..................... | $\begin{gathered} 4,286.4 \\ 3,758.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,514.6 \\ & 3,843.7 \end{aligned}$ | $3,2726.6$ | $\stackrel{4,261.0}{3,747.6}$ | $4,322.7$ $3,768.7$ | $4,854.6$ $3,789.9$ | $4,484.9$ $3,811.3$ | 4,488.2 $3,832.8$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,544.3 \\ & 3,854.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,600.9 \\ & 3,876.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,646.3 \\ & \mathbf{3 , 8 9 7 . 9} \end{aligned}$ |

Table 4.-Gross Private Domestic Investment by Type


Table 5.-Gross Private Domestic Investment by Type in Constant Dollars

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{[Billions of 1982 dollars]} \\
\hline \& \multirow{3}{*}{1985} \& \multirow{3}{*}{1986} \& \multirow{3}{*}{1987} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Seasonally adjusted at annual rates} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1987} \& 1988 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& I \& II \& III \& Iv \& I \\
\hline Gross private domestic investment. \& 636.1 \& 654.0 \& 687.6 \& 671.8 \& 673.7 \& 681.9 \& 723.1 \& 735.7 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Fixed investment \(\qquad\) Nonresidential \(\qquad\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 628.7 \\
\& \hline 454.1 \\
\& 149.4
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 640.2 \\
\& 443.8
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \& \[
\begin{gathered}
624.2 \\
4260
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 634.7 \\
\& 437.9
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 657.3 \\
\& 463.8
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 662.6 \\
\& 465.6
\end{aligned}
\] \& 680.3
488.1 \\
\hline \& \& \& 124.5 \& 120.4 \& 120.4 \& 127.2 \& 129.8 \& 127.6 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
 \\
farm.
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& 72.1 \& \& \\
\hline Public utilities .... \& 84.8
24.2 \& 78.7
24.1 \& 24.7 \& \({ }_{22.6}\) \& 23.8 \& 26.3 \& 26.2 \& 73.8
25.8 \\
\hline Mining exploration, shafts, and wells. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{35.3
5.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{23.5
4.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{23.3
3.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{21.7
3.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{21.8
3.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{25.0
3.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.8
3.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.3
3.7} \\
\hline Other \({ }^{1}\). \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Producers' durable equipment \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{304.8} \& 313.5 \& 323.9 \& 305.6 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{317.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{336.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{335.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{360.5} \\
\hline Information processing
and related and related \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Industrial equipment \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
120.5 \\
64.2
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
128.7 \\
64.7
\end{gathered}
\] \& 137.6 \& \({ }^{128.5}\) \& \[
132.4
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
146.1 \\
66.6
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
143.5 \\
69.0
\end{array}
\] \& 159.7
70.8 \\
\hline Transportation and related equipment...... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{61.5
58.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{60.9
59.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{58.1
62.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{53.5
59.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{59.8
60.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{60.4
63.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
58.6 \\
\hline 4.7
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{63.1
66.9} \\
\hline Other \({ }^{2}\). \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Residential. \& 174.6 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{196.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{196.4} \& 198.2 \& 196.8 \& 193.5 \& 197.0 \& 192.2 \\
\hline Single family structure \& 79.4 \& \& \& 96.4 \& 97.3 \& 97.2 \& 100.2 \& 97.7 \\
\hline Multifamily structures.. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }^{27.6}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{76.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 23.2 \\
\& 75.4
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{26.2
75.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{23.7
75.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{21.2
75.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{75.1}^{21.7}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20.0
74.5} \\
\hline Other. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Change in business} \\
\hline Nonfarm \& \[
\begin{gathered}
7.4 \\
12.0
\end{gathered}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
13.8 \\
15.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 42.9 \\
\& 32.5
\end{aligned}
\] \& \({ }_{43.9}^{47.6}\) \& \({ }_{22.7}^{39.0}\) \& \({ }_{12.1}^{24.6}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
60.5 \\
51.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 55.4

37.6
12.8 <br>

\hline Manufacturing. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
-7.8 \\
-5.4
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -5.2 \\
& -5.2
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 5.6 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-4.4

-1.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}12.1 \\ 8.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{9.4
8.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}13.8 \\ 8.7 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$} <br>
\hline Durable goods. \& \& \& 4.2 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Nondurable goods. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-2.5

2.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\stackrel{0}{3.7}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7.1 .0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
4.2 <br>
6.6 <br>
\hline

} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-2.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{

3.5 <br>
1.6 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{14.2}{ }^{6}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5.1

25.0
18.5} <br>
\hline Wholesale trade. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Durable goods. \& $-.1$ \& 1.7 \& 4.9 \& 5.7 \& 5.6 \& -2.4 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{18.5
6.5} <br>
\hline Nondurable goods... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2.6
10.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2.1
6.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2.1
13.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\% 9.9} \& ${ }^{0} 5$ \& 4.0 \& \& <br>
\hline Retail trade. \& \& \& \& \& 15.5 \& -8.0 \& ${ }^{20.2}$ \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-6.3} <br>
\hline Automotive. \& 5.8 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}.7 \\ 2.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{2.1}^{6.6}$} \& 21.3 \& 3.0 \& $-11.9$ \& 14.1 \& <br>
\hline Other durable grods... \& 2.4 \& \& \& $-2.5$ \& 6.8 \& $-3$ \& 4.3 \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{7.
7.
5.1
17.8} <br>
\hline Nondurable goods.. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2.1
7.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3.0
10.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4.5
6.7
10.4} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{6.4
6.8
3.7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{5.7
6.0
16.3} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{4.2
6.4
12.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.9
7.7
9.0} \& <br>
\hline Other \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Farm....... \& -4.6 \& -1.6 \& 10.4 \& \& \& \& 9.0 \& <br>

\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{| 1. Consists of farm buildings; streets, dams, reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, airfields, etc.; brokers' commissions on sale of structures; and net purchases of used structures (see the July 1987 Survey, national income and product accounts tables, table 5.5, lines 18, 22, 23 , and 24). |
| :--- |
| 2. Consists of furniture and fixtures; agricultural, construction, mining and oilfield, and service industry machinery; electrical equipment not elsewhere classified; and other equipment less the sale of equipment scrap other than autos (table 5.7 , lines 22 through 30). |}} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

```
M,
the set of Selected Necmed tables after the annual revision.
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# Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators 

## Recent Data and Percent Changes

| Index | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | II | III | IV | I |
| Leading index. <br> Coincident index <br> Lagging index. | Index (1967 = 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{r} 188.6 \\ 167.6 \\ 142.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{r} 190.6 \\ 168.0 \\ 142.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{r} 191.0 \\ 169.4 \\ 141.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}  \\ \\ \\ 191.9 \\ 170.0 \\ 141.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{\top} 192.0 \\ 170.1 \\ 143.1 \end{array}$ | 192.4 <br> 172.5 <br> 142.5 | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{r} 189.8 \\ 172.0 \\ 143.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{\top} 190.5 \\ 173.4 \\ { }^{r} 143.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{\prime} 188.7 \\ 173.0 \\ { }^{\prime} 143.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{r} 191.5 \\ & { }^{1} 174.2 \\ & { }^{\prime} 143.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }^{r} 191.9 \\ { }^{1} 175.2 \\ { }^{1} 144.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192.2 \\ & 175.2 \\ & 143.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{\tau} 188.9 \\ 167.9 \\ 142.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{r} 191.6 \\ 169.8 \\ 142.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { } 190.9 \\ 172.6 \\ 143.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{r} 190.7 \\ & { }^{r} 174.1 \\ & { }^{r} 143.7 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Percent change from preceding month (quarter) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leading index. <br> Coincident index <br> Lagging index. | .5-.2.1 | 1.1.2.4 | .2.8-.5 | .5.4-.2 | $\begin{array}{r} r .1 \\ .1 \\ 1.1 \end{array}$ | $r$.1.4-.4 | $\begin{array}{r} r-1.4 \\ -.3 \\ .6 \end{array}$ | $r$.4.8.1 | $\begin{array}{r} r-.9 \\ -.2 \\ r-.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ 1.5 \\ r \\ \\ \\ r \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $r .2$$r .6$$r .3$ | .20-.4 | $r$1.3.4-.4 | r 1.41.1.1 | -.41.6.6 | $r-.1$$r .9$$r$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| r Revised.P Preliminary.Note.-Quarterly data are averages of monthly figures. Quarterly percent changes are computed from quarterly data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Long-Term Perspective: January 1968 to April 1988

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

## A Note on Revisions to the Leading Indicators

BEA's composite index of leading indicators increased 0.2 percent in April; the contributions of the individual components to the change in the index are shown in table 1. This estimate is preliminary and is based on data for 9 of the index's 11 components. (The table on the facing page shows the estimates as both levels and as percent changes; in this discussion, "estimates" refers to percent changes.)

In March the leading index also increased 0.2 percent. This first revised estimate for March is based on data for all 11 of the index's components. The preliminary estimate for March, released last month, was a 0.8 -percent increase.

For any month, the difference between the first revised estimate and the preliminary estimate is the first revision. The size of the first revision for March, 0.6 percentage point, is larger than usual. First revised estimates are subject to further revision for as many as 10 additional months, as source data for the components undergo revision. The leading index is also subject to occasional comprehensive revisions to introduce changes in the component series and in statistical procedures.

During the 10 -year period 1977-86, the first revision accounted for about two-thirds of the total difference between the preliminary and final estimates. During the past 12 months the average absolute size of the first revision, 0.37 percentage point, was virtually identical to its 1977-86 average of 0.35 percentage point. (However, the average absolute value of the preliminary estimate during the past 12 months, 0.64 percent, was smaller than that during 1977-86, 0.88 percent. Thus, relative to the preliminary estimates, first revisions during the past 12 months have been larger than usual.)

The first revision for March is typical in that the inclusion of the credit and inventory components, which are not available when the preliminary estimates are prepared, accounted for the biggest part of the revision. March's first revision also reflects (as do first revisions in

Table 1.-Net Contributions of the Individual Components to Changes in the Leading Index

| Component | 1987 |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Average workweek, production workers, manufacturing (hours) $\qquad$ | -0.08 | -0.16 | 0.16 | -0.16 | ${ }^{2} 0$ | 0.20 |
| Average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance (thousands) | -. 09 | $-.19$ | -. 35 | . 27 | ${ }^{r} .16$ | . 10 |
| New orders, manufacturing consumer goods and materials (billions of 1982 dollars) $\qquad$ | 0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} .05$ | -. 11 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$. 09 | ${ }^{\text {r }} .01$ | $-.01$ |
| Vendor performance, companies receiving slower deliveries from vendors (percent) | -. 18 | . 22 | -. 13 | -. 09 | ${ }^{\top} .13$ | -.37 . |
| Contracts and orders, plant and equipment (billions of 1982 dollars) $\qquad$ | -.10.01 | . 25 | .09.- .31 | -. 04 | ${ }^{r}-.11$ | 0 |
| Building permits (index: 1967 $=100$ ) |  | r -.20 |  | ${ }^{\text {r. }} 44$ | ${ }^{\circ} .10$ | -. 07 |
| Change in inventories on hand and on order (annual rate, billions of 1982 dollars) $\qquad$ | .31-.08 |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & -.01 \\ & -.18 \end{aligned}\right.$ | r-.08 | $\text { p-.13} \begin{array}{r} \text { r.01 } \end{array}$ | n.a. |
| Change in sensitive materials prices (percent) |  | ${ }^{-}-.15$ |  |  |  | . 07 |
| Stock prices, 500 common stocks (index: 1941- $43=100) .$ | $\begin{aligned} & -.91 \\ & -.07 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -.11 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | .26.17 | $\begin{aligned} & .20 \\ & .19 \end{aligned}$ | 「. 20 | -. 10 |
| Money supply (M2) (billions of 1982 do |  |  |  |  | r. 08 | . 14 |
| Change in credit-business and consumer borrowing (annual rate, percent) | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} -.07 \\ r-.31 \\ -1.35 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} r .32 \\ .37 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} -.69 \\ -.94 \end{array}\right.$ | r. 64 O <br> 1.48 .39 <br> .21  |  | n.a. |
| Percent change in leading index |  |  |  |  |  | . 16 |
| n.a. Not available. <br> ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. <br> ${ }^{r}$ Revised. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note.-The net contribution of an individual co composite movement of the group. The percent cha differences) the sum of the net contributions of adjustment factor of $\mathbf{0 . 1 3 9}$. | ponent in the e indivi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { s tha } \\ & \text { index } \\ & \text { dual } \end{aligned}$ | compl: ompo | nent's <br> nts | $\begin{aligned} & \text { shar } \\ & \text { for } \end{aligned}$ | in the nding trend |

general) revisions in source data for some of the components.

The inclusion in the first revised estimate of two components that are not included in the preliminary estimate has both a direct and an indirect effect. The direct effect is simply the sum of the contributions of the two components. The indirect effect is the change in the sum of the contributions of the other nine components that results from the reduction in their effective weights when additional components are included. These direct and indirect effects offset each other if the two components omitted from the preliminary estimate behave in the same way as the nine included components. ${ }^{1}$

In table 2, the first revisions in the leading index are separated into two parts-one attributable to revisions in the source data for the original nine components and the other attributable to the inclusion of these two components; this latter part is further separated into its direct and indirect effects. In March, for example, revisions in source data for the nine components contributed 0.06 percentage point to the first revision; including the credit and inventory components made a direct contribution of $\mathbf{- 0 . 5 2}$ percentage point and an indirect contribution of $\mathbf{- 0 . 1 4}$ percentage point.

Clearly, the inclusion of these two components was the more important factor in the first revisions during the past 12 months; the average absolute value of this effect was almost three times as large as that of revisions in source data for the other nine components. The direct effect of including two additional components usually far outweighed the indirect effect, but on occasion (e.g., November 1987) the indirect effect dominated.

Eliminating the part of the first revision that results from including additional components in the first revised estimate is one goal of research currently underway at BEA. One possibility is to replace these two components with others that are available in time for inclusion in the preliminary estimate; another is simply to remove these two components from the index. The results shown in table 2 suggest that either alternative may reduce the first revisions to the leading index.

1. More technically, the direct and indirect effects sum to zero if the average weighted change in the two additional components is the same as the average weighted change in the preliminary values of the other nine components.

Table 2.-First Revisions in the Leading Index, April 1987-March 1988
[Percentage points, except where noted]

| Month | Change in leading index (percent) |  | First revision | Amount of revision attributable to: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Preliminary estimate | First revised estimate ${ }^{1}$ |  | Revised source data for nine components | Inclusion of two additional components |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total effect | Direct effect | Indirect effect |
| April 1987. | -0.6 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.32 | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.08 |
| May ........................... | . 7 | . 5 | -. 2 | 0 | -. 20 | $-.16$ | -. 04 |
| June .......................... | . 8 | 1.0 | .2 | . 11 | . 09 | . 19 | -. 10 |
| July ........................... | . 5 | . 3 | -. 2 | . 30 | -. 50 | -. 42 | -. 08 |
| August ....................... | . 6 | . 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| September.................. | -. 1 | 0 | . 1 | . 07 | . 03 | -. 08 | . 11 |
| October...... | - 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 07 | . 33 | . 25 | . 08 |
| November...... | -1.7 | -1.2 | . 5 | -. 08 | . 58 | . 23 | . 35 |
| December ................... | -. 2 | . 3 | . 5 | -. 18 | . 68 | . 56 | . 12 |
| January 1988.............. | -. 6 | -1.1 | -. 5 | . 19 | -. 69 | -. 84 | . 15 |
| February ..................... | . 9 | 1.3 | 4. | . 14 | . 26 | . 46 | -. 20 |
| March ......................... | . 8 | . 2 | -. 6 | . 06 | -. 66 | -. 52 | -. 14 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Algebraic | . 07 | . 19 | .12 | . 08 | . 03 | . 01 | . 08 |
| Absolute ................... | . 64 | . 57 | . 37 | . 13 | .37 | .34 | . 12 |

# Pollution Abatement and Control Expenditures, 1983-86 

$\mathrm{R}_{\text {EAL spending for pollution abate- }}$ ment and control (PAC) increased 4.5 percent in 1986, the fourth consecutive year of increase (chart 1). Real spending had increased at about the same rate in 1985. Prices for PAC goods and services, as measured by the fixed-weighted price index for PAC, leveled off in 1986. PAC prices had increased about 3 percent each year from 1983 through 1985.

Real pollution abatement (PA) ex-penditures-which account for over nine-tenths of total PAC expendi-tures-increased 4.8 percent in 1986. Of the remaining portion of PAC, spending for regulation and monitoring increased 9.0 percent and spending for research and development declined 5.2 percent.
Expenditures discussed in this article are for goods and services that U.S. residents use to produce cleaner air and water and to dispose of solid waste. PA directly reduces pollutant emissions by preventing the generation of pollutants, recycling them, or treating them prior to discharge. Regulation and monitoring is a government activity that stimulates and guides action to reduce pollutant emissions. Research and development not only supports abatement, but also helps increase the efficiency of regulation and monitoring. ${ }^{1}$

1. PAC spending covers most, but not all, PAC activities, which are defined as those resulting from rules and regulations restricting the release of pollutants into common-property media such as the air and water; PAC spending excludes (1) PAC activities that do not use productive resources (e.g., plant closings due to PAC, delays in plant construction, or curtailments in the use of chemicals in manufacturing and agriculture) and (2) PAC activities that, although re-source-using, are nonmarket activities (e.g., volunteer litter removal).

Estimates of PAC spending are based directly or indirectly on surveys. About three-fifths of the total estimate is based directly on surveys of PAC spending. The most important of these surveys is the Census Bureau's Pollution Abatement Costs and Expenditures Survey, which provides pollution abatement operating costs and capital spending by manufacturing industries. About two-fifths of the total estimate is based on more general survey information and assumptions

The Pollution Abatement Costs and Expenditures Survey will not be collected by the Census Bureau for the year 1987. This survey, which covers manufacturing industries, is the most important of the surveys used as source data for BEA's pollution abatement and control estimates. BEA is investigating whether it will be possible to prepare 1987 estimates in the absence of this survey.

The first section of this article discusses real PAC spending in 1986, prices of PAC goods and services in 1986, and likely 1987 real spending. The next section compares real PAC spending in recent years with real spending in 1972-82. The final section, a special analysis, discusses patterns in prices for PAC goods and services in 1972-86.

## Recent estimates.

Real PAC spending in 1986.-The $\$ 3.1$ billion increase to $\$ 70.8$ billion in PAC spending in 1986 can be traced to increases in four of the five largest

Note.-Gary L. Rutledge, Chief of the Environmental Economics Division, supervised the preparation of the estimates. Kit D. Farber planned and coordinated the compilation and analysis of estimates. Preparation of estimates involved the entire staff: Personal consump-tion-Frederick G. Kappler; business-David M. Bratton, Frederick J. Dreiling, Kit D. Farber, Frederick G. Kappler, Nikolaos A. Stergioulas, and Howard J. White; and govern-ment-David M. Bratton, Kit D. Farber, and Howard J. White. David M. Bratton prepared the analysis of renewed growth in public sewer system construction spending, which is highlighted in the box accompanying the article. Shirley D. Tisdale and Sonia R. Bundy provided statistical assistance and secretarial services, respectively.
necessary to utilize this information. For further in formation, see "Pollution Abatement and Control Expenditures, Revised Estimates for 1972-83 and Estimates for 1984," Survey of Current Business 66 (July 1986).
components of PAC (table 1, with detail in tables 6 and 7). Business operation of plant and equipment increased $\$ 1.0$ billion to $\$ 17.3$ billion,






Note.-Pollution abatement and control (PAC) expenditures include expenditures for the direct abatement of pollution (PA) and for regulation, monitoring, research, and development.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 1.-Constant-Dollar PAC Spending in 1986

| [Billions of 1982 dollars] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level ${ }^{p}$ | Change from preceding year |  |
|  |  | Dollar ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Percent ${ }^{p}$ |
| Pollution abatement and control..... | 70.8 | 3.06 | 4.5 |
| Pollution abatement..................... | 67.5 | 3.07 | 4.8 |
| Personal consumption................. | 12.2 | . 89 | 7.8 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement devices. | 8.2 | . 66 | 8.8 |
| Operation of devices............... | 4.0 | . 23 | 5.9 |
| Business. | 42.2 | 1.37 | 3.4 |
| Capital. | 14.6 | -. 31 | -2.1 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement devices.. | 4.5 | -. 14 | -3.1 |
| Plant and equipment........... | 7.8 | -. 19 | -2.4 |
| Other........................... | 2.4 | . 02 | . 9 |
| Current account .... | 27.6 | 1.68 | 6.5 |
| Operation of motor vehicle emission abatement devices $\qquad$ | 2.8 | . 09 | 3.1 |
| Operation of plant and equipment | 17.3 | 1.02 | 6.2 |
| Operation of public sewer systems $\qquad$ | 6.6 | . 62 | 10.4 |
| Costs recovered................... | -1.4 | -. 16 | -13.0 |
| Other................................ | 2.2 | . 11 | 5.5 |
| Government.. | 13.1 | . 82 | 6.6 |
| Public sewer system construction | 7.7 | . 72 | 10.3 |
| Other ......................................... | 5.4 | . 10 | 1.8 |
| Regulation and monitoring............ | 1.2 | . 10 | 9.0 |
| Research and development............. | 2.1 | -. 11 | -5.2 |
| ${ }^{\text {P Preliminary }}$. |  |  |  |
| Note.-Based on table 6. |  |  |  |

personal consumption purchases of motor vehicle emission abatement devices increased $\$ 0.7$ billion to $\$ 8.2$ billion, government construction of sewer systems increased $\$ 0.7$ billion to $\$ 7.7$ billion, and business operation of sewer systems increased $\$ 0.6$ billion to $\$ 6.6$ billion (in 1982 dollars).
Business PA spending increased $\$ 1.4$ billion to $\$ 42.2$ billion. All of the increase was for spending on current account, which increased $\$ 1.7$ billion to $\$ 27.6$ billion. Spending to operate plant and equipment accounted for more than one-half of the increase in business spending. Spending to operate public sewer systems, classified as a business activity in the national economic accounts, accounted for more than one-third of the increase. Spending to operate motor vehicle emission abatement devices on fleet cars and trucks increased slightly. Capital spending declined $\$ 0.3$ billion to $\$ 14.6$ billion, reflecting declines in purchases of plant and equipment and of motor vehicle emission abatement devices.
Government PA spending increased $\$ 0.8$ billion to $\$ 13.1$ billion. Most of the increase was for spending by State and local governments for construction of public sewer systems, the largest single component of government PA spending. Such spending is classified as a government activity in the national economic accounts.

Other government spending, mainly for the disposal of residential and commercial solid waste, increased slightly.
Personal consumption spending for PA, all of which is for purchase and operation of motor vehicle emission abatement devices, increased $\$ 0.9$ billion to $\$ 12.2$ billion. The increase mainly reflects purchases of devices as sales of motor vehicles increased; spending to operate devices-primarily for the additional cost of using unleaded rather than leaded gasoline in vehicles with catalytic converters-increased moderately.
Spending for PAC regulation and monitoring, all of which is by government, increased $\$ 0.1$ billion to $\$ 1.2$ billion. Spending at all levels of gov-ernment-Federal, State, and localincreased.
Spending for PAC research and development declined $\$ 0.1$ billion to $\$ 2.1$ billion. Declines in spending by business and by Federal government overshadowed a small increase in spending by State and local governments.

Of the major types of PAC spending, air PAC spending increased $\$ 0.8$ billion to $\$ 32.2$ billion, water PAC spending increased $\$ 1.4$ billion to $\$ 26.9$ billion, and solid waste disposal spending increased $\$ 0.9$ billion to $\$ 12.4$ billion.
Prices in 1986.-Prices of PAC goods and services increased less than 0.1 percent in 1986 (table 2). Underlying the leveling off of overall PAC prices was a 2.9 -percent decline in air PAC prices, a 1.0 -percent increase in water PAC prices, and a 4.3 -percent increase in solid waste disposal prices. The decline in air PAC prices, the first noted since the series began in 1972, is traceable to a sharp decline in energy prices. (See the last section for a discussion of the role of energy in PAC prices.) Prices for purchases other than energy increased in 1986.
Real PAC spending in 1987.-Real PAC spending is expected to decline slightly in 1987, according to the limited information available in midMay. Business plans, according to a survey of U.S. companies conducted by BEA, indicate a decline in capital spending. Spending by persons and business to purchase and operate motor vehicle emission abatement devices is expected to decline. Spending to operate industrial facilities and to construct and operate public sewer systems is expected to increase.

Table 2.-PAC Spending in Current and Constant Dollars and Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes: Percent Change


## Patterns in real PAC spending, 1972-86

Since 1982, the pattern of PAC spending has roughly followed that of overall economic activity, reflecting the complementary relationship between pollution abatement and conventional production. Following a decline in 1982, overall economic activity picked up through 1984, then moderated in 1985 and 1986. Following declines in several years, PAC spending grew moderately in 1983 (4.0 percent), rapidly in 1984 ( 7.8 percent), and moderately in 1985 ( 4.7 percent) and in 1986 (4.5 percent). Rates of growth in PAC spending since 1982-slightly larger than growth in the overall economy, as measured by real GNPsuggest the additional influence of environmental regulatory activity on PAC spending. Stimulation of spending by environmental regulatory activity, most evident in the early 1970's, has recurred in recent years. Increased concern about environmental issues led Congress to strengthen major environmental legislation in 1984 (Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments) and in 1986 (Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments and Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act).
Real spending by sector.-Business spending, although it increased at lower rates than total PAC, largely determined the pattern in total PAC spending in 1972-86 (table 3). The pattern of government spending roughly resembled that of total PAC, increasing at higher rates than the total in 1986 and 1985 and at lower rates in

Table 3.-Constant-Dollar PAC Spending, by Sector

|  | Millions of 1982 dollars |  |  |  | Percent change |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1983 | $1984{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1985{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1986{ }^{\text {p }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1972- \\ 82 \\ \text { aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { annu- } \\ \text { al } \\ \text { rate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Change from preceding year |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1983 | $1984{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1985{ }^{\text { }}$ | $1986{ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Pollution abatement and control............................. | 60,007 | 64,713 | 67,734 | 70,793 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 7.8 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| Personal consumption. | 9,731 | 10,565 | 11,332 | 12,218 | 9.8 | 17.0 | 8.6 | 7.3 | 7.8 |
| Durables .................. | 6,060 | 6,893 | 7,509 | 8,171 | 19.4 | 21.6 | 13.7 | 8.9 | 8.8 |
| Nondurables........... | 3,671 | 3,673 | 3,823 | 4,048 | 3.3 | 10.1 | (*) | 4.1 | 5.9 |
| Business.............................................................. | 38,124 | 41,078 | 42,441 | 43,763 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 7.7 | 3.3 | 3.1 |
| On capital account ............................................ | 12,898 | 14,561 | 14,946 | 14,637 | . 7 | $-4.0$ | 12.9 | 2.6 | -2.1 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement ............. | 3,231 | 4,335 | 4,625 | 4,482 | 20.9 | 20.6 | 34.2 | 6.7 | -3.1 |
| Plant and equipment ..................................... | 7,615 | 7,905 | 7,948 | 7,760 | (*) | -14.9 | 3.8 | . 5 | -2.4 |
| Other... | 2,052 | 2,320 | 2,372 | 2,395 | -5.3 | 13.8 | 13.1 | 2.2 | . 9 |
| On current account......................................... | 25,226 | 26,517 | 27,495 | 29,126 | 4.2 | 8.1 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 5.9 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement .................. | 2,619 | 2,661 | 2,748 | 2,834 | 7.7 | 6.1 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 3.1 |
| Plant and equipment.. | 14,998 | 16,173 | 16,330 | 17,345 | 3.8 | 6.5 | 7.8 | 1.0 | 6.2 |
| Public sewer systems ${ }^{1}$ | 5,475 | 5,649 | 5,946 | 6,567 | 5.8 | 6.15 | -3.2 | 5.3 | 10.4 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$........................................................ | 2,133 | 2,034 | 2,472 | 2,380 | -. 8 | 31.5 | -4.6 | 21.5 | -3.7 |
| Government....................................................... | 12,152 | 13,070 | 13,961 | 14,812 | . 7 | -3.6 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.1 |
| Public sewer system construction | 5,551 | 6,387 | 6,990 | 7,707 | -1.1 | -9.7 | 15.1 | 9.4 | 10.3 |
| Other ${ }^{3}$.................................................................... | 6,601 | 6,683 | 6,972 | 7,105 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 1.9 |

${ }_{p}^{r}$ Revised.
${ }^{\circ}$ Presiminary.

1. Spending 0.1 percent

Construction of to operate public sewer systems is classified in the national income and product accounts as business spending. 2. For this table, private purchases for research and development are included with business pollution abatement spending on 3. For this
overnment pollutio, spending for government regulation and monitoring and for research and development are included with
Note.-Based on table 6.
Table 4.-Constant-Dollar PAC Spending, by Type

|  | Millions of 1982 dollars |  |  |  | Percent change |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1983 | $1984{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1985{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1986{ }^{\text {p }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1972- \\ 82 \\ \text { aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { annu- } \\ \text { al } \\ \text { rate } \end{gathered}$ | Change from preceding year |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1983 | $1984{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1985 r | $1986{ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Pollution abatement and control............................ | 60,007 | 64,713 | 67,734 | 70,793 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 7.8 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| Pollution abatement | 56,453 | ${ }^{61,326}$ | 64,460 | 67,583 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 8.6 | 5.1 | 4.8 |
| Air ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 26,367 | 28,591 | 29,524 | 30,401 19,535 | 5.5 10.8 | 5.6 15.7 | $\begin{array}{r}8.4 \\ 12.7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.3 | 3.0 4.4 |
| Mobie sources ${ }^{\text {Devices........ }}$ | - | 11,227 | 12,134 | 12,653 | 19.9 | 21.3 | 20.8 | 8.1 | 4.3 |
| Operation of devices.. | 6,290 | 6,334 | 6,571 | 6,882 | 4.9 | 8.4 | 7 | 3.7 | 4.7 |
| Stationary sources........ | 10,785 | 11,030 | 10,819 | 10,867 | 1.6 | -6.2 | 2.3 | -1.9 | . 4 |
| Facilities ......... | 4,520 | 4,511 | 4,239 | 4,174 | . 7 | -19.2 | $-.2$ | -6.0 | -1.5 |
| Industrial ${ }^{3}$ | 4,104 | 4,115 | 3,929 | 3,881 | (*) | -19.3 | . 3 | -4.5 | -1.2 |
| Other ${ }^{4}$.. | 416 | 396 | 310 | 293 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operation of facilities ................................. | ${ }_{5}^{6,269}$ | 6,519 | 6,580 | 6,692 | 2.6 | 6.2 | 4.0 | .9 1 | 1.7 |
| Industrial <br> Other 5 | $\begin{array}{r}5,990 \\ \\ \hline 76\end{array}$ | 6,260 | 6,342 | 6,425 268 | 2.7 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Water ${ }^{6}$.......... | 21,543 | 23,257 | 24,770 | 26,201 | . 8 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 5.8 |
| Point sources. | 20,428 | 22,103 | 23,604 | 25,002 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 8.2 | 6.8 | 5.9 |
| Facilities ...... | 10,001 | 11,180 | 11,943 | 12,539 | -1.4 | -5.4 | 11.8 | 6.8 | 5.0 |
| Industrial ${ }^{\text {a }}$.. | 2,811 | 2,900 | 2,941 | 2,852 | -. 7 | -8.7 | 8.2 | 1.4 | -3.0 |
| Public sewer systems. | 5,551 | 6,387 | 6,990 | 7,707 | -1.1 | -9.7 | 15.1 | 9.4 | 10.3 |
| Other ${ }^{7} \ldots . .$. Operation of facilities...... | 10,639 | 10,923 | -2,011 | 12,986 | 5.3 | 10.5 | 4.7 | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| Operation of facilities ... | 10,429 4,509 | - | 5,042 | 1,46 5,279 | 4.8 | 12.1 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 4.7 |
| Public sewer systems. | 5,475 | 5,649 | 5,946 | 6,567 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 5.3 | 10.4 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {5 }}$......... | 443 | 479 | 673 | 617 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonpoint sources. | 1,115 | 1,154 | 1,167 | 1,200 | -4.6 | -6.3 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 2.8 |
| Solid waste | ${ }_{5}^{\mathbf{9 , 7}, 200}$ | 10,782 6009 | 11,136 | 12,068 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 10.7 | 1.3 .2 | 8.4 |
| Other ${ }^{8}$. | 4,540 | 4,773 | 5,113 | 5,400 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 7.1 | 5.6 |
| Other ${ }^{9}$. | -1,196 | -1,304 | -969 | -1,138 | 1.3 | -4.8 | 9.0 | -25.7 | 17.4 |
| Regulation and monitoring .. | 1,315 | 1,230 | 1,103 | 1,202 | 6.0 | -5.9 | -6.5 | -10.3 | 9.0 |
| Air | 310 | 316 | 304 | 359 | ........... |  |  |  |  |
| Water. | 448 | 428 | 460 | 458 | ...... |  | ...... |  |  |
| Solid waste. | 149 | 162 | 220 | 208 | ...... | ....... |  |  |  |
| Other ${ }^{9}$.................................................... | 408 | 325 | 119 | 177 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Research and development. | 2,239 | 2,157 | 2,171 | 2,058 | -. 9 | 25.6 | $-3.7$ | . 6 | -5.2 |
| Air .......................................................................... | 1,393 | 1,411 | 1,511 | 1,405 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water | 307 | 283 | 273 | 271 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solid waste.. | 96 | 91 | 97 | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other ${ }^{9}$................................................... | 443 | 372 | 290 | 289 |  |  |  |  |  |

## ${ }^{r}$ Revised.

${ }^{-}$Preliminary.

1. The Clean Air Act classifies sources of pollutants as either mobile, such as passenger cars, or stationary, such as factories. 2. Excludes spending to reduce emissions from mobile sources other than cars and trucks.
2. Consists of new plant and equipment expenditures for pollution abatement according to results from the plant and quipment expenditures survey by BEA.
3. Consists of spending to operate government enterprises and all spending by government; separate data on spending to acquire and operate government pollution abatement facilities are not available.
acquire The operate government pollution abatement facilities are not available.
4. The Federal Water Pollution Control Act defines point sources as facilities that discharge to a body of water through a pipe or ditch.
5. Consists of spending for private connectors to public sewer systems, capital spending by owners of feedlots, and spending for fixed capital of government enterprises such as the Tennessee Valley Authority. by households for collection and disposal of solid waste by business.
preceding years. Personal consumption spending moved more steadily and strongly upward than total PAC throughout 1972-86.

Business spending-about threefifths of total PAC spending-increased 3.1 percent in 1986, near the low end of its range in recent years. Business spending increased at an average annual rate of 2.7 percent in 1972-82. The growth in business spending throughout 1972-86 was largely attributable to spending on current account. Spending to operate plant and equipment increased steadily, except for a slowdown in 1985. Spending to operate public sewer systems increased in 1986 at about twice the rate in most prior years. Business capital spending increased over the period, but much less than other spending; spending for plant and equipment, the larger of the two major components, has fallen off from a peak in 1975.

Government PAC spending increased 6.1 percent in 1986, following similar rates of increase in 1985 and 1984 and a decline in 1983. Government spending increased at an average annual rate of about 1 percent in 1972-82. The overall pattern mainly reflects spending for construction of public sewer systems. Such spending has shown strong increases since 1983, following declines from a peak in 1978. (See accompanying box for a discussion of factors influencing recent spending for public sewer system construction.) Other government spending increased slowly throughout 1972-86.

Personal consumption spending for PAC increased 7.8 percent in 1986, in line with increases in most recent years. The 1983 rate was atypically high, 17.0 percent. Personal consumption spending had shown strong growth in 1972-82 (9.8 percent, at an average annual rate). Most of the increase throughout 1972-86 was for purchases of motor vehicle emission abatement devices. Spending for nondurables increased, but less than durables.

Real spending by type.-Table 4 organizes estimates of PAC spending according to definitions emphasized in PAC legislation. For air PA, the Clean Air Act classifies sources of pollutants as mobile (e.g., cars) or stationary (e.g., factories). For water PA, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act classifies sources as point (e.g., factories) or nonpoint (e.g., highway construction projects).

Spending for air PA increased 3.0 percent in 1986, about the same as in 1985 but less than in other recent years. Spending increased at an aver age annual rate of 5.5 percent in 1972-82. Most of the increase throughout the period was in spending for abatement of pollution from mobile sources of pollution, mainly for purchases of motor vehicle emission abatement devices. Spending for abatement of pollution from stationary sources, the other portion of air PA, generally increased only slightly or declined throughout the period. Such spending declined as a portion of total air PA spending-from twothirds in 1972 to one-third in 1986.

The low overall growth in stationary sources resulted from increases in operation of industrial facilities that only partially offset declines in their purchase.

Spending for water PA increased 5.8 percent in 1986 after somewhat larger increases in the two preceding years and small increases in 1983 and in 1972-82. This pattern reflects spending for point sources of pollution, almost all of water PA spending. Steady growth in operation of facilities accounted for much of the increase in water PA. Such spending increased as a portion of spending for point sources from about one-third in 1972 to one-half in 1986, reflecting
sustained increases in operation of public sewer systems and industrial facilities. Within purchases of facilities, construction of public sewer systems accounted for all of the 1986 increase, most of the 1985 and 1984 increases, and most of the 1983 decline. For industrial facilities, the decline in 1986 followed small increases in 1985 and 1984 and a large decline in 1983. Within purchases of point source facilities, each category declined in 1972-82. Spending for nonpoint sources of water pollution increased in recent years, following moderate declines in 1983 and in 1972-82.

Spending for solid waste disposal increased 8.4 percent in 1986, near the

## Renewed Growth in Public Sewer System Construction Spending

From 1983 to 1986, real spending for construction of public sewer systems increased at an average annual rate of 11.6 percent. Similar growth rates have not been witnessed since the mid-1970's, when strong public sentiment to clean up the Nation's waters and unprecedented levels of Federal subsidization stimulated substantial State and local government investment in the wastewater treatment plants, connecting sewer lines, and pumping stations that make up public sewer system infrastructure. What has caused the rapid growth in this spending in the 1980's? There are several contributing factors: (1) An approaching compliance deadline of the Clean Water Act, (2) local incentives to expand wastewater treatment capacity or repair deteriorating connecting sewer lines, (3) restructuring of the Federal construction grant program for public sewer systems, and (4) improving State and local government financial positions.
Approaching compliance deadline.-Under the Clean Water Act, all municipal dischargers must comply with stringent secondary treatment requirements by July 1, 1988. Secondary treatment involves the removal from wastewater of 85 percent of solid and organic materials and disinfection prior to discharge. In most cases, achieving secondary treatment is expensive, frequently requiring large-scale construction. Much of recent construction spending is directly attributable to municipal agencies' attempts to demonstrate progress towards compliance.

Enforcement actions-including fines-can be taken against dischargers who fail to meet the secondary treatment deadline and cannot prove either inability to complete necessary construction or inability to obtain adequate financing. Compliance rates have been high. By February 1987, over four-fifths of all operating treatment plants had achieved at least secondary treatment requirements.

Local incentives.-In many localities, industrial, commercial, and residential construction in the 1980's (particularly since mid1982) created substantial demand for expanded wastewater treatment capacity, connecting sewer systems, and pumping stations. Municipalities attempted simultaneously to accommodate growth and to maintain (or to attain for the first time) secondary treatment.

In many areas, the existing connecting sewer lines are both old and rapidly deteriorating. The replacement and rehabilitation of concrete lines have contributed significantly to construction spending.

Restructuring of the Federal construction grant program.-Since the mid-1950's, the Federal government has provided grants to municipalities to assist in financing the construction of wastewater treatment plants. From 1974 to 1983, this grant program was the dominant factor influencing spending levels; these grants financed over one-half of public sewer system construction spending. Since 1983, however, construction spending has increased rapidly but grants have been relatively stable, as the Federal construction grant program was restructured. The restructuring may have affected spending in several ways.

In 1981, Federal funding for grants was cut from $\$ 4.5$ billion to $\$ 2.5$ billion. The maximum Federal share of eligible project costs was also scheduled for reduction (from 75 percent to 55 percent) beginning October 1, 1984. On the one hand, decreased grant program funding can be seen as reducing municipal ability to construct public sewer systems. On the other hand, reducing the maximum Federal share of eligible project costs beginning in 1984 allowed reduced grant monies to contribute to an increased number of projects. A streamlined grant allocation procedure also may have stimulated construction spending.
By early 1985, further restructuring of the Federal grant program was under discussion; the final form of the program was implemented under the Water Quality Act of 1987. Funds were authorized for Federal grants (up to $\$ 9.6$ billion through fiscal year 1990 ) and for capitalization of revolving funds (up to $\$ 8.6$ billion through fiscal year 1994). States were required to match one-fifth of the Federal contribution to the revolving funds. The State Revolving Funds (SRF's) were set up mainly to provide loans, which were to be available at below-market interest rates (with the principal and interest fully repaid within 20 years of project completion). To spur construction of needed projects, Congress allowed SRF monies to be used to refinance-at below-market interest rates-debt obligations incurred by municipalities after March 7, 1985. Municipalities, aware of pending legislation, had an incentive to incur debt (and to drop off State waiting lists for grants) and begin construction.
Improving State and local financial positions.-By 1983, the outlook for State and local governments seeking to improve or expand existing sewer systems had brightened: Sewer system construction prices had begun to moderate and, more generally, the fiscal positions of many State and local governments were strengthening and interest rates for debt financing were falling. The bond market became a more attractive source of financing as interest rates on long-term, high-grade municipal bonds fell from approximately $111 / 2$ percent in 1982 to $71 / 4$ percent in 1986. Debt financing by State and local governments for water and sewer projects rebounded in 1982 from a low in 1981 and surged in 1985 and 1986.

Outlook for the rest of the 1980 's. -The Environmental Protection Agency estimated that, as of 1986 , over $\$ 76$ billion in combined government funding is needed to complete construction to bring all municipalities into compliance with treatment requirements. Some of this construction has been done, but much remains. An important factor in maintaining low-cost financing was the Internal Revenue Service interpretation in early 1988 of provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 and of the Clean Water Act, which retained the tax-exempt status of State and local bonds for sewage treatment plants. If economic growth continues and if State and local government positions remain favorable, spending for public sewer system construction can be expected to increase at least to the end of this decade.
high end of its range (from 1.5 to 10.7 percent) in recent years. Spending increased at an average annual rate of 3.1 percent in 1972-82. This pattern reflects industrial spending, primarily for operation of facilities. Other spending, mainly by government for the disposal of residential and commercial solid waste, increased, but overall not as much as industrial spending.

## Patterns in prices for PAC, 1972-86

Prices for PAC goods and services trended upward over the period 197286 , at an average annual rate of 7.0

## Prices for Pollution Abatement and Control (Fixed Weights): Change From Preceding Year






Table 5.-Selected Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for PAC: Average Annual Rate of Change, 1972-86 and Subperiods
[Percent]

|  | 1972-86 | Subperiods |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1972-75 | 1975-78 | 1978-81 | 1981-86 |
| Pollution abatement and control. | 7.0 | 9.9 | 6.8 | 11.4 | 2.8 |
| Components other than energy ......... | 7.0 | 9.0 | 7.0 | 9.9 | 4.1 |
| Energy components......................................................................... | 8.3 | 21.3 | 6.1 | 22.9 | -4.9 |
| By type: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air PAC. | 6.6 | 10.4 | 6.2 | 12.9 | 1.1 |
| Components other than energy .............................................. | 6.5 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 9.3 | 4.0 |
| Water PAC................................ | 7.3 | 10.3 | 7.8 | 10.3 | 3.6 |
| Solid waste disposal ..................................................................... | 7.0 | 8.5 | 5.7 | 10.3 | 5.0 |
| By major component: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pollution abatement ................................................................. | 6.9 | 9.9 | 6.8 | 11.5 | 2.7 |
| Personal consumption................................................................ | 5.2 | 6.7 | 5.4 | 13.3 | -. 4 |
| Durables............................................................................... | 5.2 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 7.5 | 3.4 |
| Nondurables................................................................................... | 5.1 | 10.8 | 3.6 | 23.7 | -6.8 |
| Business................................................................................................ | 7.4 | 11.4 | 6.9 6.8 | 11.7 9.4 | 3.9 |
| Capital............................ Motor vehicle devices.. | 6.5 5.3 | 9.3 5.1 | 6.8 | 9.4 | 3.1 |
| Motor vehicle devices ..................................................................................... | 6.7 | 10.7 | 6.3 | 9.9 | 2.7 |
| Current account ................................................................................................ | 8.0 | 12.9 | 6.9 | 13.1 | 2.9 |
| Operation of motor vehicle devices...................................... | 5.4 | 11.1 | 4.1 | 23.5 | -6.3 |
| Operation of plant and equipment....................................... | 8.8 | 15.5 | 7.3 | 12.8 | 3.5 |
| Operation of public sewer systems....................................... | 7.7 | 12.0 | 8.0 | 11.3 | 2.9 |
| Government ................................................................................. | 6.9 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 9.5 | 4.3 |
| Public sewer system construction ............................................. | 6.8 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 9.3 | 4.1 |
| Other ................................................................................. | 7.1 | 9.3 7.9 | 6.7 6.7 | 9.9 8.9 | 4.4 |
| Regulation and monitoring <br> Research and development | 6.8 7.8 | 7.9 9.4 | 6.7 7.6 | 8.9 10.8 | 4.9 |

percent (chart 2 and table 5). The pattern of price increases during the period resembles that for the general economy, as measured by the GNP fixed-weighted price index.
Within this timeframe, four periods of price change emerge: PAC prices rose rapidly in 1972-75, moderated somewhat in 1975-78, rose rapidly in 1978-81, and stabilized in 1981-86, rising at considerably slower rates than in preceding years. This pattern is evident for all types of PAC-air PAC, water PAC, and solid waste dis-posal-and for the major components of PAC spending.
The fluctuations in the rate of increase can be traced to energy prices. ${ }^{2}$ Energy prices, affected by OPEC pricing decisions, show more volatile changes than other PAC prices. For the years of particularly

[^2]sharp price rises (1974, 1979, and 1980), energy prices rose at rates more than twice those of other prices. For the years when PAC prices increased at their lowest rates (in 198186), energy prices dropped as other prices decelerated.
Changes in prices for energy purchases, which account for one-third of total air PAC spending, affect air PAC prices more than other PAC prices. Price fluctuations for air PAC exhibited the same pattern as overall PAC prices, but were more pronounced as a result of sharp swings in energy prices. Prices for air PAC purchases other than energy generally increased less during 1972-86 than average PAC prices, except in 198186. Water PAC prices generally increased more than average, except in 1978-81. Solid waste disposal prices generally increased less than average through 1981, and more thereafter.

Of the major components of PAC, business prices increased more than the average PAC rate in 1972-86, government prices increased at about the same rate, and personal consumption prices increased less than average.

The pattern of change in PAC prices mainly reflects the behavior of business PA prices. Business prices increased 7.4 percent in 1972-86. Prices rose rapidly in 1972-75 (11.4 percent), moderated in 1975-78 ( 6.9 percent), picked up in 1978-81 (11.7 percent), and slowed considerably in 1981-86 ( 2.9 percent). Prices for spending on
current account had a particularly strong effect on business prices: Cur-rent-account spending is almost twothirds of business spending, and prices of current-account components exhibited sharper swings than those of capital components. Prices for operation of industrial facilities and motor vehicle emission abatement devices fluctuated considerably, mainly as a result of energy prices. Prices for other components of operation showed a similar, but less pronounced, pattern. Prices for capital generally increased less than other business prices, except in 1981-86.

Government PA prices increased 6.9 percent in 1972-86. Prices rose moderately in 1972-75 (8.2 percent) and in 1975-78 (7.4 percent), picked up in 1978-81 (9.5 percent), and slowed considerably in 1981-86 (4.3 percent). Prices for construction of public sewer systems and other government purchases increased steadily throughout the period, but with a slowdown in 1981-86.

Personal consumption PA prices increased 5.2 percent in 1972-86. Prices rose moderately in 1972-75 (6.7 percent) and in 1975-78 (5.4 percent), in-
creased sharply in 1978-81 (13.3 percent), and declined in 1981-86 (0.4 percent). The volatility is attributable to energy prices, almost all of nondurables spending. Prices for durables increased at a more stable pace throughout the period.

Regulation, monitoring, research, and development prices resembled the pattern of increase in overall PAC prices. Regulation and monitoring prices increased 6.8 percent in 1972 86, about the same rate as overall prices. Research and development prices increased 7.8 percent in 197286, slightly higher than overall prices.

Table 6.-Expenditures for Pollution Abatement and Control in Current and Constant Dollars and Selected Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes


Table 7.-Business and Government Expenditures for Air and Water Pollution Abatement in Current and Constant Dollars

|  | 1983 |  |  | 1984 - |  |  | 1985 r |  |  | $1986{ }^{\text {p }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Air | Water | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Air | Water | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Air | Water | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Air | Water |
|  | Millions of current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 32,058 | 16,306 |  | 35,566 | 18,241 |  | 37,318 | 18,917 |  | 37,817 | 18,466 | 19,351 |
| On capital account (line 7) | $\begin{gathered} 12,43 \\ \substack{3,013} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,468 \\ 3,313 \\ \hline, 15 \end{gathered}$ | 5,005 | 14,513 8,858 <br> 4,576 4,576 <br> 7,405 4,282 |  | 5,655 | 15,076  <br> 5,037  <br> 5,037 9,178 <br> 5,037  |  | 5,898 | 15,032 9,180 <br> 5,090 5,090 <br> 7,290 4,090 |  | 5,852 |
| Mlart vehicle emission abatement ... |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2,900 \\ 2,103 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,123 \\ & 2,529 \end{aligned}$ | 7,4202,616 | 5,037 4,141 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,279 \\ & 2,666 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 3,199 <br> 2,650 <br> 1 |
| Residential systems ${ }^{\text {a }}$ A ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | $\begin{aligned} & 7,055 \\ & 2,103 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,405 \\ \mathbf{2 , 5 2 9} \\ \mathbf{3} \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 7,290 \\ 2,650 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| On current account (line 8). | $\begin{aligned} & 19,585 \\ & 1,885 \end{aligned}$ | 8,838 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,4 \\ 10,747 \\ 5,084 \end{array}$ | 21,053 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 11,670 \\ 5,588 \\ 5, \end{array}$ | ${ }^{22,242}$ | $\underset{\text { 9,589 }}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} 12,502 \\ 5,996 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,785 \\ & 15,535 \\ & 1,535 \end{aligned}$ | 9.286 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 13,49 \\ 6,404 \end{array}$ |
| Private (ine 9). | $\begin{array}{r} 3,280 \\ 2,547 \\ 5,848 \\ 2,039 \end{array}$ | 8,696 <br> 8.547 |  | 14,825 <br> 2,546 | ${ }_{9,236}^{9,385} 5$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { 15,585 } \\ 2,65}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ |  |  |  | 9,131 |  |
| Motor vehicle emission ab |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,645 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 15,535 \\ 2,127 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Manufacturng estabishments..................ts |  | 3,121 1,865 | 2,175 | 3,366 | 3,420 1,902 | 192 | ${ }_{3}^{2,146}$ | 1,983 | -212 | 2,200  <br> 3,930 1,966 |  | 3,2182332,403 |
| Other nonmanufacturing establishments... | $\begin{aligned} & 2,898 \\ & 441 \end{aligned}$ | 1,163 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,735 \\ & \hline 441 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,368 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential syytems ${ }^{4}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}486 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ |  | -486 | ${ }^{3,613}$ | ............... | $\begin{array}{r}2,513 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ${ }^{3,541}$ |  | 2,403 |
| Aovernment enterprise (line 10 ) | 5,805 | 143 | -7 |  | 147 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,657 \\ 173 \\ 6,481 \\ 3 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,506 \\ & 22 \\ & 6,481 \\ & \hline, \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Publicly owned electric utilities.. | $\begin{array}{r}161 \\ 5,642 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 143 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,663 \\ 5,642 \\ \mathbf{5}, 64 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,228 \\ & 167 \\ & \hline, 059 \\ & \hline 2 \end{aligned}$ | 147 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,082 \\ \mathbf{2 0} \\ \mathbf{6 , 0 5 9} \end{array}$ |  | 151 151 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,249 \\ 179 \\ 7,068 \\ \mathbf{8} \end{array}$ | 155 <br> 155 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{7 , 0 9 5} \\ & \mathbf{7 , 0 6 8} \\ & \mathbf{7} \end{aligned}$ |
| Public sewer systems <br> Other $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government (line 12)... | 7,232 | 562 | 6,670 | 8,401 | 545 | 7,856 | 9,750 | 438 9,312 |  | 10,680 | 452 | 10,228 |
| ederal (line 13) | $\begin{array}{r} 579 \\ 572 \\ 8 \\ 894 \\ 4 \\ 4290 \\ 6,358 \\ 501 \\ 5,857 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 443 \\ 436 \\ 88 \\ 290 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 607 \\ 599 \\ 88 \\ 351 \\ 14 \\ 337 \\ 7,443 \\ 510 \\ 6,933 \end{array}$ | 115 | $\begin{gathered} 492 \\ 484 \\ 88 \\ 337 \end{gathered}$ | 8238168 |  | $\begin{array}{r}725 \\ 787 \\ 789 \\ \hline 89\end{array}$ | 786780 | 130 <br> 130 | 6566506448 |
| Federal excl. highway erosion abatement |  | 136 |  |  | 115 |  |  | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |  |  | 14 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 412 \\ 12 \\ 399 \\ 8,515 \\ 8,513 \\ 8,002 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 458 \\ 10 \\ 448 \\ 9,436 \\ 8,950 \\ 8,986 \end{array}$ | 10 10 |  |
| State and local excl. highway erosion |  | 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 290 \\ 5,936 \\ 79 \\ 5,857 \\ 59 \end{array}$ |  | 14 | $\begin{array}{r} 337 \\ 7,027 \\ 94 \\ \mathbf{9 , 9 3 3} \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 399 \\ 8,187 \\ 185 \\ \mathbf{8 , 0 0 2} \end{array}$ |  |  | 4.4889,4489,1388,986 |
| Hughway erosion abatemen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government enterprise fixed capital |  | ${ }_{422}^{422}$ |  |  | ${ }_{416}^{416}$ |  |  | ${ }_{328}^{328}$ |  |  | ${ }_{312}^{312}$ |  |
| Public sewer systems ${ }^{\text {c }}$....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Millions of constant (1982) dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business (line 28) ${ }^{2}$. | 31,308 | 16,081 | 15,228 | 33,552 | 17,506 | 16,046 | 34,461 | 17,779 | $\begin{array}{r} 16,682 \\ 5,233 \end{array}$ | 35,227 | 17,757 | 17,470 |
| On capital account (line 29).- | $\begin{array}{r} 12,127 \\ 3,231 \\ 6,915 \\ 1,980 \\ 19,182 \\ 19, \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,334 \\ & 3,231 \\ & 4104 \end{aligned}$ | 4,793 | 13,596 8,450 <br> 4,335 4,335 <br> 7,015 4,115 |  | 5,146 | $\begin{array}{r} 13,787 \\ 4,625 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,555 \\ & 4,625 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 13,522 \\ 4,482 \end{array}$ | 8,363 <br> 4,482 | 5,159 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement Plant and equipment expenditures |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,811 \\ 1,880 \\ 2 \\ 10,435 \\ 1,010 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,900 \\ 2,243 \\ 3 \\ 10,900 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,{ }_{2}^{2,91} \\ 2,288 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,015 \\ 2,243 \\ 3 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,871 \\ & \begin{array}{c} 6,288 \\ \hline \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}6,733 \\ 2,304 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,881 | 2,8522,3043 |
| Agricultural business ${ }^{5}$..... |  | 8,747 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| On current account (line 30). |  |  |  | 19,956 | 9,056 |  | 20,673 | 9,224 | 11,449 | 21,704 | 9,394 |  |
| Private (line 31)... | 13,550 | 8.609 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,435 \\ 4,941 \end{array}$ |  | 2,661 | 10,900 5,231 |  | 9,089 |  |  | ${ }_{2} 9834$ |  |
| Motor vehicle emission abatem | 2,619 5 5694 | 2,619 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,661 \\ 5,967 \\ 5,967 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,748 \\ & 6,082 \end{aligned}$ | 3,785 | 2827 | 2,834 |  |  |
| Privately owned electric utility establighments | 5,994 1,964 | 1,796 | 2,607 167 | 1,929 <br> 1,961 | 1,273 1,750 | ${ }_{1}, 176$ | 1,911 |  | ${ }_{187}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1,918}$ | - | ${ }^{202}$ |
| Other nonmanufacturing establishments ......... | $\begin{array}{r}1,842 \\ \hline \\ \hline 125\end{array}$ | 1,137 |  | 3,159 | 1,280 | 1,879 | 3,391 | 1,363 | 2,028 | 3,594 | 1,423 | 2,172 |
| Residential systems ${ }^{4}$ - |  |  | 425 | 428 |  | 428 | 430 |  |  | 433 |  | ${ }_{8} 8$ |
| Government enterprise (ine ${ }^{\text {A }}$ A ) |  |  |  | 5,804 | 135 | 5,669 | 6,103 | 135 |  |  |  | 6,590 |
| Publicly owned electric utilities... | 155 | 137 |  | 153 | 135 | 18 | 154 | 135 | 19 | 156 | 185 | 21 |
| Public sewer systems ${ }^{\text {a }}$ <br> Other $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}5,475 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}5,475 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,649. |  | $\begin{array}{r}5,649 \\ \hline 2\end{array}$ | 5,946 |  | $\begin{array}{r}5,946 \\ \mathbf{3} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,567 |  | $\begin{array}{r}6,567 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Government (line 34). | 6,870 | 555 | 6,315 | 7,731 | 520 | 7,211 | 8,502 | 413 | 8,089 | 9,158 | 426 | 8,732 |
| Federal (ine 35). | 559 |  |  | 568 | 111 | 457 | 740 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal excl. highway erosion abatement | 52 | 135 | 417 | 561 | 111 | 450 | 735 | 98 | 642 | 09 | 124 |  |
| Hithway erosion abatement........... |  |  | 265 |  |  | 281 |  |  | 283 |  |  | 311 |
| State and local excl. highway erosion abatement. | 4 | 4 |  | 13 | 13 |  | 11 | 11 |  | 9 | 9 |  |
| Highway erosion abatement. |  |  | 265 |  |  | 281 |  |  | 283 | 311 |  | ${ }^{311}$ |
| Government enterprise fixed capital (line 37). | 6,043 | ${ }_{416}^{416}$ | 5,626 |  | 396 396 | 6,474 |  | ${ }_{310}^{310}$ | 7,158 |  | 293 | 7,831 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 492 \\ 5,551 \end{array}$ | 416 | 5,55 5,51 | 6,387 | 396 | 86 6,387 | 6,990 | 310 | 168 6,990 | 417 7,707 | 293 | 7,707 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
p Preliminary

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.

1. Consists of air and water pollution abatement expenditures only
2. Line numbers correspond to those in table 6 .
3. Consists of manufacturing companies and of privately and cooperatively owned electric utili-
4. Consists of manufacturing companies and
ties and other nonmanufacturing companies.

# Gross State Product by Industry, 1963-86 

IIN this article, BEA introduces annual estimates of gross state product (GSP) by component and by industry for each State and the District of Columbia for the period 1963-86 (tables 1 and 2). These estimates are the most comprehensive measures of production available for States and will improve the basis for analyzing and forecasting trends in State economic activity.

GSP is the gross market value of the goods and services attributable to labor and property located in a State. It is the State counterpart of the Nation's gross domestic product (GDP).

BEA prepares GSP estimates for 61 industries. For each industry, GSP is composed of four components: (1) Compensation of employees (hereafter termed "compensation"); (2) proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption allowances ("proprietors' income"); (3) indirect business tax and nontax liability ("IBT"); and (4) other, mainly capital-related, charges ("capital charges"). ${ }^{1}$ For the farming, mining, construction, and manufacturing industries, BEA directly estimates total GSP and three compo-nents-compensation, proprietors' income, and IBT-and then subtracts the three components from GSP to get capital charges. For the other industries, BEA directly estimates each

Note.-Daniel Garnick, Edward Trott, Jr., and Vernon Renshaw developed the methodology for the estimates, and the last two took the lead in preparing and evaluating the estimates, under the supervision of Hugh Knox. Elizabeth Rozycki, Bruce Levine, and Kenneth Horowitz participated in the preparation of the estimates; they were assisted by Jamila Bomani, Shirley Bell, Shirley Watson, and Arletha Mason. Wendy Graves provided secretarial assistance.

[^3]of the four components of GSP and then sums the components to get GSP.

Previously, earnings by place of work-estimated in connection with State personal income-was the only part of GSP that BEA published regularly by industry. Earnings includes most of the compensation and proprietors' income GSP components, but excludes capital charges and IBT. (Table A shows in detail how GSP corresponds to earnings and GDP.) The capital charges component reflects capital stocks and profit rates by State. The IBT component reflects liabilities charged to business expense, most of which are sales and property taxes levied by State and local governments. ${ }^{2}$
In the absence of State estimates of capital charges and IBT, earnings (or wages and salaries) have often been "blown up" to approximate GSP in nonfarm industries. ${ }^{3}$ This procedure assumes that each State's share of total GSP for the Nation in an industry equals its share of earnings in the industry. ${ }^{4}$ That is, blowups assume away State-to-State differences in capital stocks and rates of return to capital and in tax structures and rates. Blowups are particularly prone to error where earnings are a small portion of GSP, such as in the real estate, oil and gas extraction, petroleum refining, and other capital-intensive industries. BEA's GSP estimates overcome, for the most part, the limitations of blowup estimates.

BEA estimates GSP in both current and constant dollars. Current-dollar

[^4]GSP estimates reflect changes in the command over resources associated with production and are particularly useful for analyzing the differential regional effects of large changes in relative output prices, such as the changes in energy and agricultural prices in the 1970's and 1980's.

Constant-dollar GSP estimates reflect changes in the physical volume of production and are particularly useful for comparing regional trends in labor productivity or for projecting the volume of industrial output. Consequently, the constant-dollar GSP estimates will be used in the set of BEA regional projections to be published in 1990 (when the GSP estimates will be updated).
The constant-dollar GSP estimates are now based on national price deflators by industry. At some point, it may be possible to develop State price data to improve the constant-dollar estimates. Such data would improve the estimates for those industriessuch as energy, construction, real estate, and State and local govern-ment-in which prices vary regionally.

## Analyzing Regional Growth Patterns Using GSP

This section focuses on changes in regional shares of national totals for GSP and its components, emphasizing what the GSP estimates show about regional growth patterns that is not shown by compensation-the component that corresponds most closely to the measures (earnings or wages and salaries) commonly used in blowups. The discussion is based on currentdollar estimates for economic census years 1967, 1977, and 1982, and for 1986 (the most recent year for which estimates have been made).

From 1977 to 1986, the share of economic activity generated in the Na -
tion's interior regions-whether measured by GSP or compensation-declined more than 3 percentage points, while the share generated by regions along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts increased (table B). Relative weakness in the interior regions was apparent in the sharp declines in the manufacturing and farming industries of the Great Lakes and Plains regions in the late 1970's and early 1980's and then spread to the Southwest, Rocky Mountain, and interior Southeast regions after 1982, as declining oil prices adversely affected the regions' energy-oriented industries. In both the Great Lakes region in 1977-82 and in the energy-oriented regions in 1982-86, the capital charges component of GSP had substantially larger
relative declines than did compensation.

## Manufacturing in the Great Lakes region

The Great Lakes region dominated the relative economic decline of the interior regions in both manufacturing and all industries combined from 1977 to 1982. Its share of GSP for manufacturing declined 5.5 percentage points (to 23.0 percent of the Nation), and its share of GSP for all industries declined 2.9 points (to 16.9 percent). The other interior regions combined, in contrast, increased their share of both manufacturing GSP (by 1.9 points) and all-industry GSP (2.6 points) over this period.

The Great Lakes' relative loss of both manufacturing and all-industry GSP occurred in part because the region's manufacturing profitability declined, relative to other regions, from the late 1960's. From 1967 to 1982, capital charges in manufacturing fell as a percentage of manufacturing GSP by 8.9 points (to 16.4 percent) in the Great Lakes region; in all other regions combined, the percentage fell only 1.8 points (to 21.8 percent). In addition, the region's loss reflected its heavy dependence on manufacturing industries that were hard hit by the 1980 and 1981-82 recessions and by increasing competition from foreign producers.
Forecasts and projections-including those of BEA-made in the late

Table A.-The Relation of Gross National Product and Gross Domestic Product to the Totals of State Earnings and Gross State Product, 1982 [Billions of dollars]


IVA Inventory valuation adjustment
OCA Capital consumption allowance
IBT Indirect business tax

1. For definitions, see Survey of Current Busingss, July 1987, pp. 104-105.
2. For definitions, see State Personal Income: Estimates for 1929-82 and a Statement of Sources and Methods (1984)
3. Differs from the gross domestic product entry in that it excludes the wages and salaries of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad ( $\$ 8.8$ billion) and includes wages and sal aries paid to students by State colleges and universities ( $\$ 1.7$ billion), other statistical revisions not yet incorporated into gross domestic product (\$0.1 billion), and wages and salaries paid to U.S. residents employed by international organizations and by foreign embassies and consulates located in the United States ( $\$ 0.3$ billion).
4. Differs from the gross domestic product entry in that it excludes the wages and salaries of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad ( $\$ 8.8$ billion) and includes wages and sal-
aries paid to students by State colleges and universities ( $\$ 1.7$ billion).
5. Differs from the gross domestic product entry in that it excludes employer contributions for social insurance of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad ( $\$ 3.6$ billion)
6. Differs from the gross domestic product entry in that it excludes other labor income of Federal civilian personnel stationed abroad ( $\$ 0.1$ billion).
7. Differs from the gross domestic product entry because different data sources are used.
8. When income and capital consumption allowances are parts of the same aggregate, the two associated entries for the capital consumption adjustment cancel. In the case of the capital consumption allowance for buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals, there is no income, and the capital consumption adjustment of $\$ 5.9$ billion is in-
Note-Not product
Notz.-Not all line items of gross domestic product or gross state product are available by in-
dustry.

1970's substantially underestimated the Great Lakes' relative decline from 1977 to 1982. Apart from not anticipating the severity of the 1981-82 recession, the forecasts were based on trends in compensation only. While the Great Lakes' share of compensation in manufacturing had been nearly constant in the decade preceding the forecasts, its share of capital charges in manufacturing had declined substantially.
[Percentage-point change in share of U.S. total for Great Lakes manufacturing]

|  | $1967-77$ | $1977-82$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| GSP .....................................................30 | -5.50 |  |
| Capital charges .................. | -3.56 | -9.19 |
| Compensation............... | -.07 | -4.78 |

Although the Great Lakes region dominated the decline of the interior regions from 1977 to 1982, it had the smallest decline in the all-industry GSP share of any interior region from 1982 to 1986. Some of the Great Lakes' manufacturing industries that had been hard hit-such as the motor vehicles industry-recovered well from the 1981-82 recession. In addition, other manufacturing operations were restructured to improve their relative profitability. In the meantime, the interior regions that had been gaining GSP share began to decline.

## Mining in three interior regions

The relative economic decline of the interior regions from 1982 to 1986 was dominated by decline in regions dependent on energy-related mining. Each of the three interior regions with large mining sectors lost share of all-industry GSP from 1982 to 1986 after gaining share from 1977 to 1982.
Energy-related mining-that is, oil and gas extraction and coal miningdominates the U.S. mining industry, and, even with growth of oil production in Alaska, energy-related mining is concentrated in the interior regions. The Southwest, Rocky Mountain, and interior Southeast regions combined accounted for 75 percent of the Nation's mining GSP in 1977 and still accounted for over 70 percent in 1986.

Large changes in world oil prices affect the States with energy-related mining because they bring large changes in the value of production (GSP) in mining. These changes in production, in turn, can lead to large changes in oil and gas exploration and in related industries-for example, in production of oil drilling equipment and in selected distributive and service industries.

Because compensation is generally small relative to IBT and capital

Table B.-GSP and Compensation as a Share of U.S. Total, All Industries, for Regions for Selected Years, 1967-86

charges in energy-related mining (especially in oil and gas extraction), compensation alone provides an inadequate basis for analyzing the economic effects of the ups and downs of oil prices. Substantial oil price increases in 1973 and 1979 (associated with the OPEC oil embargo and disruption of oil production in Iran, respectively) increased the value of U.S. oil, gas, and coal production and stimulated domestic exploration up through the 1981-82 recession. As a result, most of the Southwest and Rocky Mountain States and several interior Southeast States (especially Louisiana) experienced a growing share of all-industry GSP. In all three regions, the share of all-industry GSP increased faster than the share of allindustry compensation from 1977 to 1982, reflecting the substantial increase in profits for many producers involved in energy-related mining. In the interior Southeast, the share of all-industry GSP increased while the share of compensation actually declined slightly. In the Southwest, where three of the four States have important oil and gas extraction industries, the share of GSP increased by more than 2 percentage points.

Oil prices peaked in 1981, and their subsequent fall began to eliminate the gains in share of all-industry GSP in the Southwest, Rocky Mountain, and interior Southeast regions. The Southwest and Rocky Mountain regions each had declines in share from 1982 to 1986 that amounted to more than one-half of their gains from 1977 to 1982, and the interior Southeast experienced a decline more than twice its earlier gain. As in the case of the 1977-82 "boom," the 1982-86 "bust" resulted in larger changes in share of all-industry GSP than compensation for all three regions.

## Appendix-Sources and Methods

The GSP estimates presented in this article are an extension of the benchmark estimates published in a 1985 BEA staff paper. ${ }^{5}$ The new estimates include (1) updates of the 1963 ,

[^5]1967, 1972, and 1977 benchmark-year estimates published previously, (2) 1982 benchmark-year estimates, and (3) annual estimates for nonbenchmark years. To make the previously published benchmark-year estimates consistent with the 1982 estimates, they are adjusted to incorporate both the 1985 revisions to the national income and product accounts and re-

Table C.-Industries for Which GSP Estimates Are Available

|  | $\begin{gathered} 1972 \mathrm{SIC} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries |  |
| Farms.... | 01.02 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ..... | 07-09 |
| Mining | B |
| Metal mining. | 10 |
| Coal mining. | 12 |
| Oil and gas extraction | 13 |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels. | 14 |
| Construction | C |
| Manufacturing | D |
| Durable goods. |  |
| Lumber and wood products. |  |
| Furniture and fixtures. |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products... |  |
| Primary metal industries ..... |  |
| Fabricated metal products |  |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 35 |
| ic and electronic equipment <br> Motor vehicles and equipment.. | ${ }_{371}^{36}$ |
| Transportation equipment, excluding motor |  |
| vehicles ........................................... | 79 |
| Instruments and related products |  |
|  |  |
| Nondurable goods. |  |
| Food and kindred products. |  |
| Tobacco manufactures......... |  |
| Textile mill products. |  |
| Apparel and other textile products |  |
| Paper and allied products. | 26 |
| Printing and publishing. | 27 |
| Chemicals and allied products... | 28 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 29 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products. | 30 |
| Leather and leather products ........................... | 31 |
| Transportation and public utilities. | E |
| Railroad transportation | 40 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit.. | 41 |
| Trucking and warehousing........ | 42 |
| Water transportation. | 44 |
| Transportation by air. | 45 |
| Pipelines, except natural | 46 |
| Transportation services. | 47 |
| Communication....... | 48 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services ....... | 49 |
| Wholesale trade. |  |
| Retail trade ..... | G |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | H |
| Banking...... | , |
| Credit agencies other than banks | 61 |
| Holding companies and investment servi |  |
| Insurance carriers .................................. | 63 |
| Insurance agents, brokers, and services... | 64 |
| Real estate .................. | -66 |
| Services |  |
| Hotels and other lodging places... | 70 |
| Personal services ......................... | 72 |
| Business services | 73 |
| Auto repair services and garag | 75 |
| Miscellaneous repair services ...... | 76 |
| Motion pictures. | 78 |
| Amusement and recreation service | 79 |
| Health services .................... | 80 |
| Legal services. | 81 |
| Educational services |  |
| Social services and membership organizations | 83,86 |
| Miscellaneous professional services... |  |
| Private households...... | 88 |
| Government |  |
| Federal civilian government |  |
| Federal military government |  |
| State and local government ............................ | 91-96 |

cently completed revisions to the State personal income series.

## Compensation and proprietors' income

Annual estimates by State and industry of two components of compen-sation-wages and salaries, and other labor income-as well as of proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) are from BEA's State personal income series. ${ }^{6}$ Wages and salaries, in turn, is part of the basis for assigning to States the component of compensation not measured in the personal income ac-count-employer contributions for social insurance-and proprietors' income with IVA is the basis for assigning noncorporate capital consumption allowances.

## Capital charges

For the benchmark years, the sources and methods for capital charges differ among industries.
6. See State Personal Income: Estimates for 1929-82 and a Statement of Sources and Methods (1984). (Available from: Economic and Statistical Analysis/ BEA, U.S. Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell Street, P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, GA 30384; accession no. BEA REM 84-101; price \$18.) In energy-producing mining industries, proprietors' income with IVA is adjusted to reflect State of production, rather than State of receipt, of income. This adjustment is made mainly to account for income received by limited partners not living in the State where the income is produced.

Goods-producing industries.-For 27 agricultural, mining, construction, and manufacturing industries, BEA estimates capital charges by first estimating total GSP and then subtracting compensation, proprietors' income, and IBT. Economic census data on value added in production, adjusted to conform to BEA's income and product definitions, are the basis for estimating total GSP.

Regulated distributive and service industries.-For seven transportation, communication, utility, and finance industries, data contained in financial reports filed by firms with regulatory agencies are the basis for estimating capital charges. BEA employs indicators of capital stock or its use-for example, airline boardings-to assign capital charges for multistate firms to States.

Real estate industry.-For this industry, BEA mainly uses data from the population and housing censuses and the U.S. Department of Agriculture to assign capital charges to States in accordance with the location of real property.

Tables 1 and 2 follow; text continues on p. 46.

## Data Availability

The GSP estimates presented here, as well as more detailed tabulations, are available on magnetic tape and personal computer diskettes. A magnetic tape containing total GSP by two-digit industry in both current and constant (1982) dollars for the United States, BEA regions, and States costs $\$ 200$. Diskettes cost $\$ 20$ each and are available by BEA region; a diskette for a region contains estimates for the United States, the BEA region, and each State of the region. (The Southeast region, on two diskettes, costs $\$ 40$.)
Orders should be addressed to: Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, U.S. Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell Street, P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, GA 30384. Orders must include a check, payable to Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA. ESA/BEA accession numbers follow.

| Magnetic tape ... | BEA REA 88-401 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Diskettes: |  |
| New England | BEA REA 88-402 |
| Mideast. | BEA REA 88-403 |
| Great Lakes | BEA REA 88-404 |
| Plains............................ | BEA REA 88-405 |
| Southeast (AL-LA) | BEA REA 88-406 |
| Southeast (MS-WV).. | BEA REA 88-407 |
| Southwest.................... | BEA REA 88-408 |
| Rocky Mountain. | BEA REA 88-409 |
| Far West (plus AK and |  |
| HI) ... | BEA REA 88-410 |

Table 1.-Total Gross State Product, by Component, for States and Regions for Selected Years, 1963-86
[Millions of dollars]


Table 1.-Total Gross State Product, by Component, for States and Regions for Selected Years, 1963-86-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

| State and region | 1963 | 1967 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1989 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| reat Lakes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 133,425 | 176,814 | 246,484 | 275,578 | 289,778 | 307,681 | 345,083 | 388,106 | 432,983 | 467,946 | 480,518 | 523,757 | 526,210 | 559,774 | 624,118 | 662,480 | 700,852 |
| Compensation | 74,540 | 102,197 | 151,082 | 170,460 | 184,105 | 190,262 | 214,346 | 240,230 | 269,875 | 297,307 | 310,070 | 331,723 | 336,231 | 351,337 | 385,370 | 409,971 | 431,330 |
| Proprietors' income | 15,109 | 19,179 | 22,605 | 26,637 | 27,170 | 30,373 | 32,681 | 36,629 | 38,966 | 42,867 | 39,745 | 44,002 | 41,051 | 43,043 | 54,471 | 58,592 | 63,884 |
| Capital charges. | 30,765 | 40,170 | 51,318 | 55,637 | 54,855 | 62,334 | 71,751 | 83,020 | 99,443 | 95,039 | 95,896 | 109,561 | 107,969 | 120,435 | 135,632 | 142,240 | 150,773 |
| Indirect business taxes | 13,011 | 15,268 | 21,479 | 22,843 | 23,648 | 24,712 | 26,255 | 28,227 | 30,698 | 32,731 | 34,807 | 38,471 | 40,959 | 45,063 | 49,214 | 52,466 | 55,627 |
| Illinois: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 39,325 | 53,048 | 74,129 | 82,447 | 88,592 | 95,385 | 104,481 | 115,465 | 127,867 | 137,989 | 143,110 | 156,693 | 159,778 | 168,074 | 187,484 | 198,138 | 209,666 |
| Compensation. | 22,707 | 31,022 | 44,956 | 50,051 | 54,922 | 57,501 | 63,666 | 70,340 | 78,445 | 85,922 | 90,874 | 97,772 | 100,862 | 104,382 | 114,214 | 120,345 | 126,641 |
| Proprietors' income | 4,581 | 5,775 | 7,310 | 8,945 | 9,299 | 11,043 | 11,368 | 12,375 | 13,278 | 14,796 | 12,599 | 15,244 | 13,669 | 14,359 | 18,164 | 19,733 | 21,185 |
| Capital charges | 8,544 | 11,969 | 15,068 | 16,165 | 16,744 | 18,803 | 20,862 | 23,527 | 26,292 | 26,950 | 28,743 | 31,882 | 32,752 | 35,542 | 39,672 | 41,772 | 44,577 |
| Indirect business taxes | 3,494 | 4,282 | 6,795 | 7,286 | 7,628 | 8,039 | 8,585 | 9,224 | 9,852 | 10,321 | 10,893 | 11,796 | 12,494 | 13,858 | 15,297 | 16,178 | 17,133 |
| Indiana: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 16,330 | 21,640 | 30,024 | 34,184 | 35,594 | 37,718 | 42,629 | 47,726 | 53,386 | 57,914 | 59,050 | 64,456 | 64,042 | 67,677 | 76,086 | 80,262 | 84,922 |
| Compensation | 8,898 | 12,209 | 17,971 | 20,329 | 21,968 | 22,571 | 25,760 | 29,075 | 32,766 | 36,217 | 37,406 | 40,426 | 40,553 | 42,516 | 46,363 | 48,951 | 51,372 |
| Proprietors' incom | 2,015 | 2,454 | 2,855 | 4,018 | 3,548 | 4,205 | 4,746 | 4,766 | 5,164 | 5,362 | 4,844 | 5,188 | 4,867 | 4,889 | 6,812 | 7,079 | 7,895 |
| Capital charges | 3,909 | 5,184 | 6,596 | 7,122 | 7,288 | 8,024 | 9,025 | 10,534 | 11,870 | 12,570 | 12,908 | 14,634 | 14,249 | 15,569 | 17,588 | 18,320 | 19,364 |
| Indirect business taxes | 1,509 | 1,794 | 2,601 | 2,715 | 2,790 | 2,918 | 3,099 | 3,351 | 3,586 | 3,764 | 3,892 | 4,208 | 4,374 | 4,868 | 5,517 | 6,116 | 6,506 |
| Michigan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 31,434 | 40,834 | 56,323 | 62,894 | 62,954 | 65,781 | 76,702 | 88,484 | 98,620 | 104,512 | 103,841 | 111,249 | 108,627 | 118,373 | 132,369 | 143,719 | 153,240 |
| Compensation | 16,284 | 22,922 | 35,009 | 39,981 | 41,733 | 42,336 | 49,073 | 56,125 | 63,607 | 69,747 | 70,517 | 74,283 | 73,503 | 77,848 | 86,369 | 94,598 | 100,670 |
| Proprietors' income | 3,129 | 4,002 | 4,222 | 4,605 | 4,862 | 5,042 | 5,466 | 6,397 | 6,761 | 7,124 | 6,964 | 7,654 | 7,237 | 7,868 | 9,530 | 10,488 | 11,280 |
| Capital charges | 7,775 | 9,289 | 12,230 | 13,074 | 10,991 | 12,869 | 16,263 | 19,549 | 21,156 | 20,020 | 18,282 | 20,276 | 18,367 | 22,526 | 25,699 | 27,384 | 29,361 |
| Indirect business taxes | 4,247 | 4,621 | 4,862 | 5,233 | 5,368 | 5,583 | 5,900 | 6,414 | 7,096 | 7,622 | 8,078 | 9,037 | 9,520 | 10,250 | 11,069 | 11,689 | 12,354 |
| Ohio: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product.. | 33,624 | 44,488 | 62,036 | 69,051 | 73,692 | 77,312 | 86,105 | 96,613 | 108,193 | 117,472 | 121,642 | 133,627 | 134,204 | 142,682 | 158,543 | 167,645 | 176,102 |
| Compensation. | 19,664 | 26,523 | 38,845 | 43,862 | 47,536 | 48,852 | 54,604 | 60,992 | 68,146 | 75,190 | 78,958 | 84,618 | 85,485 | 89,226 | 97,692 | 103,423 | 107,858 |
| Proprietors' income | 3,472 | 4,486 | 5,316 | 5,798 | 6,254 | 6,598 | 7,304 | 8,202 | 8,733 | 9,568 | 8,848 | 9,549 | 9,127 | 10,093 | 12,779 | 13,826 | 14,768 |
| Capital charges. | 7,785 | 10,167 | 12,919 | 14,164 | 14,520 | 16,245 | 18,245 | 21,058 | 24,324 | 25,166 | 25,693 | 30,273 | 29,644 | 32,235 | 36,574 | 38,343 | 40,627 |
| Indirect business taxes | 2,703 | 3,312 | 4,955 | 5,228 | 5,382 | 5,617 | 5,953 | 6,361 | 6,990 | 7,548 | 8,143 | 9,187 | 9,948 | 10,868 | 11,674 | 12,319 | 13,098 |
| Wisconsin: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product.. | 12,712 | 16,803 | 23,972 | 27,001 | 28,947 | 31,484 | 35,115 | 39,818 | 44,917 | 50,059 | 52,876 | 57,732 | 59,558 | 62,969 | 69,636 | 72,716 | 76,922 |
| Compensation.. | 6,988 | 9,522 | 14,300 | 16,238 | 17,948 | 19,001 | 21,243 | 23,698 | 26,911 | 30,232 | 32,315 | 34,624 | 35,828 | 37,366 | 40,732 | 42,654 | 44,789 |
| Proprietors' income | 1,913 | 2,462 | 2,902 | 3,270 | 3,208 | 3,485 | 3,798 | 4,890 | 5,030 | 6,018 | 6,490 | 6,368 | 6,151 | 5,834 | 7,186 | 7,467 | 8,756 |
| Capital charges. | 2,753 | 3,560 | 4,504 | 5,112 | 5,312 | 6,394 | 7,356 | 8,352 | 9,802 | 10,383 | 10,269 | 12,496 | 12,956 | 14,563 | 16,099 | 16,422 | 16,845 |
| Indirect business taxes | 1,059 | 1,259 | 2,266 | 2,381 | 2,480 | 2,605 | 2,718 | 2,877 | 3,175 | 3,476 | 3,802 | 4,244 | 4,623 | 5,219 | 5,657 | 6,164 | 6,535 |
| Plains: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 46,418 | 61,142 | 90,065 | 105,823 | 110,885 | 121,041 | 132,332 | 147,583 | 167,717 | 187,820 | 197,687 | 222,019 | 227,437 | 237,702 | 265,745 | 278,528 | 292,523 |
| Compensation | 24,020 | 32,414 | 49,215 | 55,230 | 61,357 | 66,317 | 74,619 | 82,920 | 93,612 | 105,476 | 114,436 | 124,198 | 129,542 | 136,236 | 148,200 | 156,118 | 163,006 |
| Proprietors' incom | 9,681 | 11,456 | 16,670 | 24,034 | 20,302 | 21,166 | 18,899 | 22,052 | 26,770 | 29,309 | 23,407 | 30,797 | 26,774 | 23,953 | 33,376 | 37,254 | 42,252 |
| Capital charges. | 9,027 | 12,496 | 16,716 | 18,676 | 20,910 | 24,683 | 29,387 | 32,588 | 36,315 | 40,944 | 46,188 | 51,248 | 54,542 | 58,884 | 63,625 | 62,972 | 64,049 |
| Indirect business taxes. | 3,690 | 4,775 | 7,463 | 7,884 | 8,316 | 8,875 | 9,427 | 10,024 | 11,019 | 12,091 | 13,606 | 15,782 | 16,579 | 18,686 | 20,514 | 22,009 | 23,061 |
| Iowa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 8,236 | 11,052 | 15,346 | 18,563 | 19,408 | 21,665 | 23,545 | 26,233 | 29,995 | 33,059 | 34,442 | 38,917 | 37,634 | 37,157 | 41,407 | 42,100 | 43,896 |
| Compensation. | 3,687 | 5,076 | 7,519 | 8,546 | 9,740 | 10,660 | 12,065 | 13,535 | 15,048 | 16,847 | 18,007 | 19,139 | 19,175 | 19,668 | 20,785 | 21,266 | 21,812 |
| Proprietors income | 2,384 | 2,857 | 3,516 | 5,288 | 4,156 | 4,688 | 4,029 | 4,390 | 6,202 | 6,019 | 4,597 | 6,970 | 4,848 | 3,725 | 6,384 | 7,141 | 8,673 |
| Capital charges .......... | 1,522 | 2,289 | 3,064 | 3,453 | 4,206 | 4,955 | 6,065 | 6,889 | 7,143 | 8,384 | 9,826 | 10,509 | 11,084 | 10,961 | 11,145 | 10,302 | 9,775 |
| Indirect business taxes. | 643 | 829 | 1,247 | 1,276 | 1,306 | 1,362 | 1,386 | 1,418 | 1,602 | 1,809 | 2,013 | 2,299 | 2,528 | 2,807 | 3,031 | 3,257 | 3,464 |
| Kansas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 6,449 | 8,234 | 12,385 | 14,334 | 15,438 | 16,958 | 18,775 | 20,341 | 22,936 | 26,433 | 28,066 | 31,831 | 33,287 | 34,966 | 38,495 | 40,364 | 42,472 |
| Compensation. | 3,167 | 4,146 | 6,197 | 7,067 | 7,964 | 8,792 | 9,955 | 11,103 | 12,636 | 14,425 | 15,964 | 17,635 | 18,442 | 19,218 | 20,844 | 21,790 | 22,789 |
| Proprietors' income | 1,281 | 1,508 | 2,689 | 3,305 | 3,061 | 2,934 | 2,947 | 3,037 | 3,360 | 4,199 | 2,954 | 3,841 | 4,227 | 4,064 | 4,747 | 5,416 | 6,077 |
| Capital charges .... | 1,415 | 1,862 | 2,466 | 2,869 | 3,246 | 3,961 | 4,518 | 4,761 | 5,359 | 6,091 | 7,059 | 7,683 | 7,960 | 8,807 | 9,789 | 9,684 | 10,059 |
| Indirect business taxes | 586 | 718 | 1,032 | 1,092 | 1,167 | 1,272 | 1,355 | 1,440 | 1,580 | 1,718 | 2,089 | 2,673 | 2,657 | 2,823 | 3,068 | 3,408 | 3,483 |
| Minnesota: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 10,708 | 14,291 | 21,273 | 25,182 | 26,638 | 28,599 | 31,310 | 35,595 | 40,285 | 45,401 | 48,846 | 53,766 | 55,919 | 59,371 | 67,250 | 71,183 | 75,626 |
| Compensation .... | 5,792 | 8,039 | 12,532 | 14,080 | 15,601 | 16,905 | 18,909 | 20,995 | 23,992 | 27,402 | 29,950 | 32,505 | 34,115 | 36,143 | 40,063 | 42,709 | 45,025 |
| Proprietors' incom | 1,957 | 2,333 | 3,030 | 4,784 | 4,277 | 3,920 | 3,639 | 5,232 | 5,326 | 5,722 | 5,699 | 6,058 | 5,369 | 4,853 | 7,026 | 7,534 | 8,850 |
| Capital charges .... | 2,078 | 2,828 | 3,761 | 4,235 | 4,545 | 5,398 | 6,223 | 6,655 | 8,008 | 9,034 | 9,654 | 11,302 | 12,219 | 13,554 | 14,717 | 15,026 | 15,466 |
| Indirect business taxes | 880 | 1,090 | 1,950 | 2,082 | 2,215 | 2,376 | 2,540 | 2,712 | 2,959 | 3,243 | 3,542 | 3,901 | 4,217 | 4,906 | 5,570 | 6,017 | 6,378 |
| Missouri: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product... | 13,532 | 17,907 | 26,307 | 29,239 | 30,316 | 32,626 | 36,594 | 41,328 | 46,642 | 51,227 | 53,142 | 58,868 | 61,226 | 66,640 | 74,493 | 79,220 | 83,534 |
| Compensation ..... | 7,800 | 10,653 | 15,814 | 17,464 | 18,940 | 19,994 | 22,392 | 24,877 | 27,930 | 31,047 | 33,342 | 36,140 | 38,028 | 40,593 | 44,570 | 47,572 | 50,010 |
| Proprietors' income. | 1,959 | 2,260 | 3,244 | 3,995 | 3,493 | 3,760 | 3,991 | 4,889 | 5,596 | 6,420 | 5,291 | 6,669 | 5,874 | 5,847 | 7,314 | 8,344 | 8,871 |
| Capital charges. | 2,829 | 3,711 | 5,307 | 5,714 | 5,710 | 6,563 | 7,707 | 8,835 | 10,176 | 10,615 | 11,149 | 12,439 | 13,467 | 15,549 | 17,376 | 17,811 | 18,839 |
| Indirect business taxes | 944 | 1,283 | 1,942 | 2,065 | 2,173 | 2,309 | 2503 | 2,727 | 2,941 | 3,145 | 3,360 | 3,620 | 3,858 | 4,639 | 5,143 | 5,404 | 5,721 |
| Nebraska: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 4,177 | 5,570 | 8,417 | 9,884 | 10,341 | 11,661 | 12,505 | 13,619 | 15,410 | 17,259 | 18,073 | 20,820 | 21,244 | 21,565 | 24,268 | 25,639 | 26,521 |
| Compensation. | 2,102 | 2,692 | 4,307 | 4,858 | 5,455 | 5,892 | 6,660 | 7,341 | 8,200 | 9,226 | 10,071 | 10,905 | 11,457 | 11,891 | 12,815 | 13,425 | 13,840 |
| Proprietors' inco | 968 | 1,231 | 1,885 | 2,504 | 1,992 | $\underline{2,623}$ | 2,135 | 2,189 | 2,951 | 3,231 | 2,278 | 3,776 | 3,413 | 2,913 | 4,127 | 4,812 | 5,270 |
| Capital charges ........... | 783 | 1,186 | 1,521 | 1,778 | 2,098 | 2,285 | 2,789 | 3,110 | 3,188 | 3,622 | 4,430 | 4,685 | 4,800 | 5,030 | 5,499 | 5,412 | 5,309 |
| Indirect business taxes.. | 324 | 461 | 704 | 744 | 796 | 862 | 922 | 980 | 1,070 | 1,181 | 1,294 | 1,455 | 1,573 | 1,760 | 1,862 | 2,011 | 2,124 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compensation. | 732 | 910 | 1,456 | 1,636 | 1,864 | 2,125 | 2,440 | 2,649 | 3,032 | 3,440 | 3,775 | 4,283 | 4,589 | 4,780 | 4,904 | 4,981 | 4,978 |
| Proprietors' income | 570 | 592 | 1,190 | 2,400 | 1,958 | 1,757 | 1,176 | 976 | 1,731 | 1,716 | 1,059 | 1,688 | 1,418 | 1,268 | 1,887 | 1,974 | 2,104 |
| Capital charges | 170 | 305 | 277 | 248 | 524 | 828 | 1,173 | 1,354 | 1,352 | 1,947 | 2,558 | 3,014 | 3,187 | 2,888 | 2,930 | 2,675 | 2,627 |
| Indirect business taxes..... | 149 | 185 | 277 | 297 | 317 | 334 | 349 | 362 | 419 | 501 | 754 | 1,189 | 1,100 | 1,058 | 1,090 | 1,087 | 1,020 |
| South Dakota: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product.. | 1,695 | 2,098 | 3,136 | 4,041 | 4,082 | 4,487 | 4,464 | 5,125 | 5,915 | 6,836 | 6,922 | 7,644 | 7,835 | 8,003 | 9,023 | 9,297 | 9,802 |
| Compensation.. | 740 | 897 | 1,390 | 1,577 | 1,794 | 1,948 | 2,198 | 2,419 | 2,773 | 3,088 | 3,326 | 3,588 | 3,736 | 3,942 | 4,218 | 4,375 | 4,553 |
| Proprietors' income | 561 | 676 | 1,115 | 1,759 | 1,365 | 1,485 | 982 | 1,338 | 1,604 | 2,002 | 1,529 | 1,796 | 1,626 | 1,283 | 1,891 | 2,033 | 2,406 |
| Capital charges | 230 | 315 | 319 | 380 | 581 | 694 | 913 | 983 | 1,090 | 1,251 | 1,513 | 1,616 | 1,827 | 2,095 | 2,169 | 2,061 | 1,975 |
| Indirect business taxes............ | 164 | 209 | 311 | 326 | 341 | 360 | 371 | 385 | 448 | 495 | 554 | 645 | 646 | 693 | 751 | 824 | 871 |
| Southeast: <br> Gross state product $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100,510 | 140,042 | 224,774 | 255,862 | 281,501 | 303,157 | 340,821 | 381,856 | 436,904 | 488,375 | 537,889 | 608,107 | 637,204 | 691,312 | 772,398 | 824,201 | 872,948 |
| Compensation. | 54,048 | 78,355 | 131,663 | 150,470 | 167,498 | 177,735 | 199,997 | 224,131 | 255,306 | 287,699 | 319,847 | 355,787 | 377,210 | 403,168 | 443,254 | 476,308 | 505,787 |
| Proprietors' income. | 14,953 | 18,131 | 26,304 | 30,815 | 32,550 | 34,083 | 38,796 | 42,649 | 50,043 | 54,042 | 53,674 | 58,994 | 59,722 | 62,416 | 74,065 | 77,997 | 84,079 |
| Capital charges. | 21,739 | 30,928 | 46,560 | 52,324 | 57,723 | 65,897 | 74,446 | 85,340 | 98,431 | 110,199 | 122,134 | 142,751 | 147,228 | 166,924 | 189,012 | 199,347 | 209,953 |
| Indirect business taxes... | 9,770 | 12,627 | 20,247 | 22,253 | 23,730 | 25,441 | 27,582 | 29,736 | 33,124 | 36,435 | 42,234 | 50,575 | 58,044 | 59,112 | 66,405 | 70,775 | 73,326 |

Table 1.-Total Gross State Product, by Component, for States and Regions for Selected Years, 1963-86-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

| State and region | 1963 | 1967 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product.... | 7,196 | 9,954 | 15,008 | 16,985 | 18,768 | 20,517 | 23,132 | 25,768 | 29,607 | 32,769 | 34,969 | 38,829 | 40,328 | 48,918 | 48,710 | 51,919 | 55,007 |
| Compensation. | 4,170 | 5,870 | 9,157 | 10,385 | 11,656 | 12,509 | 14,248 | 16,004 | 18,165 | 20,140 | 21,988 | 23,785 | 24,709 | 26,321 | 28,632 | 30,896 | 32,540 |
| Proprietors income | 1,074 | 1,192 | 1,738 | 2,032 | 1,976 | 2,294 | 2,672 | 2,782 | 3,289 | 3,565 | 3,301 | 3,672 | 3,685 | 3,866 | 4,539 | 4,744 | 5,124 |
| Indirect business | 1,488 | 674 | 1,076 | 1,179 | 1,262 | 1,377 | 1,503 | 1,651 | 1,838 | 2,004 | 2,211 | 2,520 | 2,700 | 10,093 | 8,513 | 3,819 | 16 |
| Arkansas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 3,858 | 5,249 | 8,336 | 9,756 | 10,767 | 11,551 | 13,010 | 14,665 | 17,154 | 18,911 | 20,123 | 22,885 | 23,462 | 25,394 | 28,716 | 29,926 | 31,633 |
| Compensation .... | 1,949 | 2,723 | 4,440 | 5,075 | 5,721 | 6,073 | 7,003 | 7,979 | 9,138 | 10,238 | 11,138 | 12,150 | 12,651 | 18,639 | 14,944 | 15,770 | 16,628 |
| Proprietors' inco | 844 | 976 | 1,514 | 2,046 | 2,223 | 2,279 | 2,330 | 2,593 | 3,664 | 3,211 | 2,761 | 3,457 | 3,246 | 2,996 | 8,973 | 4,145 | 4,317 |
| Capital charges.. | 785 | 1,180 | 1,801 | 2,008 | 2,144 | 2,461 | 2,873 | 3,215 | 3,389 | 4,414 | 5,042 | 5,885 | 6,114 | 7,089 | 7,887 | 7,912 | 8,524 |
| Indirect business taxe | 279 | 370 | 581 | 626 | 679 | 738 | 803 | 877 | 963 | 1,047 | 1,183 | 1,393 | 1,451 | 1,693 | 1,923 | 2,098 | 2,173 |
| Florida: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 14,443 | 20,837 | 38,478 | 45,470 | 49,711 | 52,989 | 57,486 | 64,830 | 75,367 | 86,060 | 97,830 | 110,787 | 118,301 | 132,590 | 149,554 | 164,340 | 177,729 |
| Compensation. | 7,896 | 11,843 | 22,870 | 27,140 | 30,262 | 31,483 | 34,153 | 38,126 | 44,068 | 50,716 | 58,625 | 66,842 | 72,430 | 79,150 | 88,293 | 96,618 | 104,445 |
| Proprietors' incon | 2,457 | 3,111 | 5,308 | 5,992 | 6,340 | 6,937 | 7,736 | 9,097 | 10,931 | 12,441 | 13,565 | 13,338 | 13,505 | 16,623 | 16,627 | 18,517 | 20,725 |
| Capital charges. | 2,831 | 4,069 | 6,644 | 8,109 | 8,508 | 9,677 | 10,293 | 11,826 | 13,939 | 15,732 | 17,389 | 21,123 | 21,996 | 24,832 | 30,796 | 33,940 | 36,292 |
| Indirect business | 1,259 | 1,813 | 3,656 | 4,229 | 4,601 | 4,893 | 5,304 | 5,781 | 6,430 | 7,170 | 8,251 | 9,484 | 10,370 | 11,949 | 13,942 | 15,870 | 16,339 |
| Georgia: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 10,330 | 14,867 | 24,354 | 27,681 | 29,646 | 31,373 | 35,631 | 40,354 | 45,868 | 51,038 | 55,503 | 62,481 | 66,766 | 74,966 | 86,213 | 94,121 | 102,922 |
| Compensation | 5,984 | 8,954 | 15,076 | 17,159 | 18,785 | 19,543 | 22,202 | 24,989 | 28,325 | 31,857 | 35,512 | 39,565 | 42,734 | 46,879 | 52,949 | 58,290 | 63,355 |
| Proprietors' in | 1,539 $\mathbf{2 , 1 1 0}$ | 1,850 | 2,633 4,888 | 3,113 5,410 | 3,101 5,664 | 3,236 6,345 | 3,598 <br> 7,381 | 3,703 8894 | 4,532 10,014 | 4,979 10888 | 4,318 12,018 | 5,210 18,614 | 5,520 14,014 | 5,699 17,101 | 7,259 19891 | 7,455 | 8,405 |
| Indirect business | 697 | 999 | 1,757 | 1,948 | 2,096 | 2,249 | 2,450 | 2,727 | 2,996 | 3,314 | 3,655 | 4,092 | 4,498 | 5,305 | 6,048 | 6,682 | 7,088 |
| Kentucky: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state produ | 8,570 | 11,312 | 16,813 | 18,762 | 21,022 | 22,744 | 25,444 | 28,434 | 32,028 | 35,234 | 36,828 | 40,947 | 42,286 | 44,565 | 49,512 | 51,234 | 58,135 |
| Compensation | 3,843 | 5,415 | 8,635 | 9,851 | 11,049 | 11,868 | 13,479 | 15,155 | 17,199 | 19,369 | 20,519 | 22,222 | 23,065 | 23,845 | 25,818 | 27,027 | 28,078 |
| Proprietors' inco | 1,369 | 1,610 | 2,109 | 2,324 | 2,626 | 2,548 | 3,033 | 3,592 | 3,747 | 4,097 | 4,238 | 5,030 | 4,968 | 4,149 | 5,816 | 5,569 | 5,689 |
| Capital charges | 1,939 | 2,637 | 3,897 2,172 | 4,281 2,306 | 4,964 | 5,790 $\mathbf{2 , 5 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 2 6 6}$ $\mathbf{2 , 6 6 6}$ | 6,932 $\mathbf{2 , 7 5 5}$ | 8,083 3,000 | 8,570 3,199 | 8,740 3,331 | 10,082 3,613 | 10,408 | 11,998 | 12,907 | 13,529 | 14,063 5,307 |
| Louisiana: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 9,589 | 14,134 | 20,305 | 22,557 | 26,662 | 29,543 | 34,245 | 38,003 | 43,896 | 51,178 | 62,166 | 74,505 | 75,743 | 73,930 | 79,034 | 79,719 | 74,426 |
| Compensation | 4,480 | 6,665 | 9,917 | 11,041 | 12,528 | 14,151 | 16,325 | 18,405 | 21,394 | 24,377 | 28,244 | 32,602 | 34,342 | 34,209 | 35,822 | 36,375 | 34,957 |
| Proprietors' inco | 1,217 | 1,565 | 2,205 | 2,636 | 3,266 | 3,390 | 3,843 | 4,234 | 4,499 | 5,185 | 5,626 | 6,084 | 6,468 | 6,444 | 6,866 | 7,313 | 7,298 |
| Capital charges | 2,817 | 4,433 | 5,963 | 6,577 | 8,383 | 9,373 | 11,201 | 12,293 | 14,245 | 17,184 | 21,285 | 24,873 | 24,729 | 24,845 | 26,715 | 26,820 | 23,917 |
| Indirect business | 1,074 | 1,471 | 2,220 | 2,304 | 2,485 | 2,628 | 2,876 | 3,071 | 3,758 | 4,432 | 7,010 | 10,947 | 10,204 | 8,763 | 9,998 | 9,522 | 8,581 |
| Mississippi: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 4,186 | 5,602 | 8,841 | 10,268 | 10,983 | 11,870 | 13,958 | 15,786 | 17,959 | 20,178 | 21,470 | 24,545 | 25,587 | 26,610 | 29,637 | 30,819 | 31,880 |
| Compensation | 2,117 | 3,055 | 5,055 | 5,794 | 6,445 | 6,788 | 7,723 | 8,700 | 9,861 | 11,024 | 11,974 | 13,172 | 13,703 | 14,265 | 15,282 | 16,087 | 16,708 |
| Proprietors' inco | 946 | 1,018 | 1,448 | 1,689 | 1,595 | 1,555 | 2,067 | 2,333 | 2,455 | 2,944 | 2,260 | 2,526 | 2,771 | 2,439 | 3,257 | 3,284 | 3,267 |
| Capital charges. | 767 | 1,044 | 1,598 | 1,983 | 2,068 | 2,563 | 3,110 | 3,596 | 4,360 | 4,804 | 5,607 | 6,857 | 7,059 | 7,841 | 8,785 | 8,924 | 9,259 |
| Indirect business | 355 | 486 | 740 | 802 | 875 | 965 | 1,059 | 1,158 | 1,284 | 1,407 | 1,629 | 1,990 | 2,005 | 2,036 | 2,243 | 2,425 | 2,505 |
| North Carolina: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 12,592 | 17,124 | 27,408 | 30,861 | 33,033 | 34,939 | 39,160 | 43,754 | 49,737 | 54,532 | 58,876 | 65,940 | 69,128 | 77,669 | 87,748 | 93,821 | 100,961 |
| Compensation.... | 6,381 | 9,482 2192 | $\begin{array}{r}15,937 \\ 2957 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 18,033 3,661 | 19,849 3,747 | 20,706 3,841 | 23,313 4,419 | 25,971 | $\begin{array}{r}29,396 \\ 5,294 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 33,029 5,188 | 36,363 | 40,139 $\mathbf{6 , 1 4 2}$ | 42,323 | 46,121 | 51,328 | 55,462 8,658 | ${ }_{9,432}^{59,512}$ |
| Proprietors' inco | 1,825 | 2,192 3,370 | 2,957 | 6,661 | 6,747 | 7,841 | 4,419 7,971 | 4,484 9,718 | 11,159 | 5,188 12,144 | 5,41 12,820 | -6,142 | 6,369 $\mathbf{1 5 , 0 5 2}$ | 18,081 | 20,649 | 21,698 | -23,628 |
| Indirect business taxes. | 1,958 | 2,080 | 2,871 | 3,053 | 3,134 | 3,273 | 3,457 | 3,580 | 3,888 | 4,171 | 4,452 | 4,938 | 5,384 | 7,208 | 7,614 | 8,145 | 8,505 |
| South Carolina: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 5,112 | 7,468 | 11,714 | 13,349 | 14,712 | 15,514 | 17,676 | 19,709 | 22,391 | 25,102 | 27,275 | 30,788 | 31,940 | 35,224 | 39,581 | 41,832 | 44,727 |
| Compensation .... | 3,059 | 4,564 | 7,616 | 8,738 | 9,843 | 10,273 | 11,750 | 13,087 | 14,763 | 16,608 | 18,414 | 20,454 | 21,378 | 23,159 | 25,540 | 27,087 | 28,762 |
| Proprietors' incom | 697 | 885 | 1,149 | 1,322 | 1,478 | 1,489 | 1,646 | 1,740 | 2,081 | 2,341 | 2,096 | 2,424 | 2,287 | 2,232 | 2,945 | 3,012 | 3,181 |
| Capital charges ......... | 1,009 | 1,553 | 2,160 | 2,411 | 2,443 | 2,728 | 3,153 | 8,698 | 4,157 | 4,612 | 5,054 | 5,954 | $\mathbf{6 , 1 3 9}$ $\mathbf{2 1 3 7}$ | 7,275 $\mathbf{2} 423$ | 8,234 2,822 | 8,628 8,094 | 9,438 $\mathbf{3 , 2 9 0}$ |
| Indirect business tares | 347 | 467 | 789 | 878 | 949 | 1,023 | 1,127 | 1,234 | 1,389 | 1,541 | 1,712 | 1,956 | 2,137 | 2,423 | 2,822 | 3,094 | 3,290 |
| Tennessee: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grose state produ | 8,8 | 12,436 | 19,842 | 22,490 | 24,223 | 25,990 | 29,543 | 33,196 | 38,289 | 42,235 | 45,018 | 49,881 | 51,967 | 56,319 | 63,207 | 67,560 | 72,328 |
| Compensation. | 4,988 | 7,149 | 11,781 | 13,365 | 14,864 | 15,659 | 17,617 | 19,891 | 22,821 | 25,434 | 27,528 | 30,155 | 31,330 | 33,436 | 36,668 | 39,247 | 42,007 |
| Proprietors' income | 1,445 | 1,692 | 2,314 | 2,772 | 2,677 | 2,728 | 3,372 | 3,539 | 4,130 | 4,557 | 4,656 | 4,805 | 4,920 | 4,787 | 6,234 | 6,529 | 6,904 |
| Capital charges... | 1,916 | 2,749 | 4,282 | 4,717 | 4,917 | 5,680 | 6,421 | 7,390 | 8,707 | 9,404 | 9,781 | 11,574 | 12,057 | 13,983 | 15,231 | 16,170 | 17,370 |
| Indirect business | 598 | 847 | 1,465 | 1,637 | 1,764 | 1,923 | 2,133 | 2,375 | 2,631 | 2,840 | 3,053 | 3,346 | 3,661 | 4,070 | 4,718 | 5,281 | 5,671 |
| Virginia: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 11,067 | 15,229 | 25,232 | 28,566 | 31,431 | 34,345 | 38,359 | 42,880 | 48,434 | 53,415 | 58,634 | 65,816 | 70,375 | 78,506 | 87,599 | 95,369 | 104,155 |
| Compensation... | 6,718 | 9,369 | 16,235 | 18,506 | 20,558 | 21,993 | 24,545 | 27,816 | 30,651 | 34,318 | 38,209 | 42,636 | 46,081 | 50,043 | 55,177 | 60,342 | 65,414 |
| Proprietors' incom | 1,188 | 1,584 | 2,248 | 2,462 | 2,613 | 2,808 | 3,091 | 3,386 | 4,152 | 4,286 | 4,294 | 4,832 | 4,483 | 5,136 | 6,322 | 6,777 | 7,603 |
| Capital charges .......... | 2,197 | 2,895 | 4,430 | 4,966 | 5,470 | 6,529 | 7,410 | 8,638 | 9,809 | 10,771 | 11,770 | 13,599 | 14,764 | 17,021 | 19,371 | 21,052 | 23,385 |
| Indirect business taxes | 964 | 1,380 | 2,319 | 2,632 | 2,791 | 3,016 | 3,814 | 3,539 | 3,822 | 4,039 | 4,361 | 4,750 | 5,046 | 6,236 | 6,720 | 7,224 | 7,769 |
| West Virginia: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state produc | 4,672 | 5,830 | 8,443 | 9,165 | 10,543 | 11,781 | 13,178 | 14,477 | 16,172 | 17,722 | 19,197 | 20,702 | 21,370 | 21,619 | 22,885 | 23,541 | 24,096 |
| Compensation. | 2,512 | 3,266 | 4,944 | 5,381 | 5,937 | 6,690 | 7,639 | 8,556 | 9,524 | 10,588 | 11,385 | 12,064 | 12,464 | 12,101 | 12,801 | 13,162 | 13,381 |
| Proprietors' income | 353 | 457 | 685 | 767 | 909 | 978 | 990 | 1,167 | 1,270 | 1,247 | 1,319 | 1,473 | 1,499 | 1,632 | 1,878 | 2,001 | 2,135 |
| Capital charges. | 1,477 329 | 1,715 | 2,212 | 2,359 | 2,985 | 3,295 | 3,658 891 | 3,768 $\mathbf{9 8 6}$ | 4,254 1,125 | 4,617 1,270 | $\mathbf{5 , 1 0 9}$ $\mathbf{1 , 3 8 4}$ | 5,617 1,548 | 5,663 1,743 | 6,042 1,794 | 6,324 1,890 | 6,394 2,009 | 6,517 2,083 |
| Southwest: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 48,476 | 58,475 | 94,943 | 109,055 | 125,205 | 141,661 | 162,049 | 184,656 | 213,676 | 248,640 | 289,160 | 341,229 | 356,834 | 370,289 | 405,423 | 430,934 | 430,180 |
| Compensation. | 22,401 | 31,452 | 51,744 | 58,959 | 67,168 | 74,673 | 85,584 | 97,408 | 113,468 | 132,036 | 152,861 | 178,393 | 194,057 | 200,796 | 218,250 | 232,568 | 234,231 |
| Proprietors' income. | 5,981 | 7,442 | 13,641 | 16,165 | 17,032 | 19,421 | 21,867 | 24,295 | 27,343 | 31,672 | 32,458 | 33,187 | 35,457 | 37,478 | 39,078 | 42,524 | 44,392 |
| Capital charges | 11,083 | 14,449 | 20,882 | 24,345 | 30,143 | 35,363 | 41,059 | 47,729 | 56,241 | 66,615 | 79,588 | 95,740 | 94,282 | 97,767 | 110,286 | 116,291 | 112,339 |
| Indirect business | 4,062 | 5,132 | 8,676 | 9,585 | 10,862 | 12,204 | 13,539 | 15,224 | 16,624 | 18,317 | 24,254 | 33,909 | 33,038 | 33,759 | 37,803 | 39,412 | 39,214 |
| Arizona: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 4,231 | 5,600 | 10,843 | 12,643 | 13,961 | 14,680 | 16,424 | 18,996 | 22,648 | 26,888 | 29,931 | 33,066 | 33,603 | 37,631 | 43,442 | 48,589 | 58,253 |
| Compensation. | 2,385 | 3,248 | 6,433 | 7,538 | 8,335 | 8,718 | 9,711 | 11,141 | 13,248 | 15,874 | 17,948 | 20,263 | 21,151 | 23,147 | 26,211 | 29,238 | 31,874 |
| Proprietors' incom | 570 | 730 | 1,247 | 1,397 | 1,708 | 1,604 | 1,975 | 2,198 | 2,621 | 2,948 | 3,273 | 2,924 | 2,944 | 3,239 | 3,788 | 3,989 | 4,518 |
| Capital charges. | 916 | 1,100 | 2,192 | 2,562 | 2,622 | 2,916 | 3,100 | 3,760 | 4,737 | 5,870 | 6,335 | 7,304 | 6,836 | 8,213 | 9,725 | 11,139 | 12,414 |
| Indirect business taxes.... | 359 | 523 | 971 | 1,145 | 1,296 | 1,441 | 1,638 | 1,898 | 2,043 | 2,196 | 2,375 | 2,575 | 2,672 | 3,145 | 3,816 | 4,308 | 4,542 |
| New Mexico: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groes state product | 2,827 | 3,350 | 5,151 | 5,880 | 6,879 | 7,806 | 8,774 | 9,982 | 11,690 | 13,816 | 16,442 | 19,399 | 20,023 | 20,910 | 22,665 | 28,887 | 23,609 |
| Compensation. | 1,495 | 1,855 | 2,927 | 3,292 | 3,706 | 4,170 | 4,787 | 5,436 | 6,235 | 7,095 | 7,897 | 8,950 | 9,618 | 10,152 | 10,974 | 11,721 | 12,022 |
| Proprietors' income. | 358 | 406 | 662 | 756 | 854 | 1,013 | 1,026 | 1,184 | 1,370 | 1,552 | 1,789 | 1,717 | 1,723 | 1,727 | 1,866 | 2,196 | 2,243 |
| Capital charges ... | 746 | 774 | 1,113 | 1,317 | 1,706 | 1,914 | 2,151 | 2,420 | 2,950 | 3,831 | 4,891 | 6,084 | 6,010 | 6,280 | 6,932 | 7,303 | 6,805 |
| Indirect business taxes..... | 230 | 315 | 448 | 516 | 613 | 710 | 809 | 943 | 1,135 | 1,338 | 1,865 | 2,648 | 2,673 | 2,760 | 2,903 | 2,671 | 2,540 |

Table 1.-Total Gross State Product, by Component, for States and Regions for Selected Years, 1963-86-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

| State and region | 1963 | 1967 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oklahoma: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 6,354 | 8,367 | 18,202 | 15,026 | 16,807 | 18,704 | 20,970 | 28,587 | 27,240 | 32,067 | 37,739 | 45,225 | 48,700 | 47,592 | 50,077 | 50,842 | 49,814 |
| Compensation.... | 3,317 | 4,521 | 7,033 | 7,895 | 8,980 | 9,915 | 11,169 | 12,679 | 14,625 | 16,866 | 19,840 | 23,341 | 25,774 | 25,391 | 26,470 | 26,919 | 26,255 |
| Proprietors' inco | 1,967 1,487 | 1,263 | 2,163 2,877 | 2,685 <br> $\mathbf{3 , 2 5 5}$ | 2,634 3,868 | 2,882 | 3,123 $\mathbf{5 , 1 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 1 4}$ $\mathbf{5 , 9 1 2}$ | 3,822 6,960 | 8,137 | 5,029 10,008 | 5,158 | 5,779 13,065 | 5,347 12,809 | 5,640 13,703 | 5,918 1, 378 | 6,429 12961 |
| Indirect business taxes | +582 | 725 | 1,129 | 1,191 | 1,325 | 1,453 | 1,538 | 1,682 | 1,833 | 2,053 | 2,862 | 4,205 | 4,082 | 4,093 | 4,340 | 4,386 | 4,230 |
| Texas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 30,064 | 41,158 | 65,747 | 75,507 | 87,558 | 100,471 | 115,881 | 132,091 | 152,098 | 175,869 | 205,047 | 243,539 | 254,508 | 264,156 | 289,239 | 307,615 | 303,510 |
| Compensation. | 15,203 | 21,829 | 35,351 | 40,234 | 46,148 | 51,870 | 59,917 | 68,152 | 79,360 | 92,201 | 1.07,177 | 125,839 | 137,514 | 142,106 | 154,595 | 164,690 | 164,080 |
| Capital charges | 7,935 | 10,717 | 14,700 | 17,212 | 21,947 | 26,080 | 30,668 | 35,637 | 41,594 | 48,776 | 58,353 | 69,831 | 68,371 | 70,465 | 79,926 | 84,172 | 80,159 |
| Indirect business taxes | 2,891 | 3,568 | 6,128 | 6,734 | 7,628 | 8,600 | 9,554 | 10,701 | 11,614 | 12,730 | 17,152 | 24,481 | 23,611 | 23,761 | 26,743 | 28,047 | 27,902 |
| Rocky Mountain: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product.. | 14,298 | 17,811 | 29,061 | 33,913 | 38,381 | 42,531 | 47,579 | 53,543 | 63,370 | 72,899 | 82,887 | 93,558 | 97,639 | 102,720 | 111,605 | 117,232 | 120,192 |
| Compensation. | 7,547 | 9,680 | 16,476 | 18,889 | 21,395 | 23,727 | 26,984 | 30,633 | 35,571 | 40,979 | 46,128 | 52,400 | 56,321 | 58,652 | 63,352 | 66,589 | 68,047 |
| Proprietors' inc | 2,300 | 2,761 | 4,662 | 5,562 | 6,290 | 6,366 | 6,651 | 7,037 | 9,104 | 9,430 | 10,726 | 9,769 | 9,282 | 10,032 | 10,611 | 11,004 | 12,433 |
| Capital charges.... | 3,319 1,133 | $\mathbf{3 , 8 9 1}$ 1,479 | 5,492 $\mathbf{2 , 4 3 1}$ | 6,758 <br> 2,705 | 7,678 $\mathbf{3 , 0 1 9}$ | 9,064 $\mathbf{3 , 3 7 4}$ | 10,214 3,731 | 11,697 4,175 | 13,924 4,771 | 17,067 5,423 | 19,087 $\mathbf{6 , 8 9 5}$ | 22,363 9,026 | 22,726 9,810 | 24,151 | 26,771 1062 | 11,181 | 28,281 11,202 |
| Colorado: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 6,066 | 7,861 | 13,597 | 15,890 | 17,694 | 19,628 | 21,884 | 24,772 | 28,941 | 33,435 | 37,620 | 42,099 | 45,252 | 48,462 | 53,373 | 56,713 | 59,177 |
| Compensation | 3,346 | 4,498 | 8,214 | 9,473 | 10,620 | 11,665 | 13,146 | 14,820 | 17,263 | 20,130 | 23,017 | 26,559 | 29,364 | 30,741 | 33,419 | 35,257 | 36,550 |
| Proprietors' inco | 957 | 1,161 | 1,870 | 2,152 | 2,488 | 2,675 | 2,842 | 3,159 | 3,696 | 4,212 | 4,716 | 4,037 | 4,123 | 4,656 | 4,946 | 5,117 | 5,701 |
| Capital charges | 1,273 | 1,547 | 2,329 | 2,926 | 3,097 | 3,622 | 4,042 | 4,716 | 5,713 | 6,618 | 7,044 | 8,143 | 8,186 | 9,004 | 10,446 | 11,437 | 11,825 |
| Indirect business | 489 | 655 | 1,183 | 1,339 | 1,489 | 1,665 | 1,855 | 2,077 | 2,268 | 2,475 | 2,844 | 3,359 | 3,579 | 3,926 | 4,403 | 4,755 | 4,964 |
| Idaho: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 1,872 | 2,402 | 3,822 | 4,527 | 5,200 | 5,600 | 6,311 | 6,914 | 8,202 | 8,957 | 9,670 | 10,384 | 10,432 | 11,346 | 12,299 | 13.027 | 13,170 |
| Compensation. | 948 | 1,227 | 2,003 | 2,289 1,042 | 2,619 1,379 | 2,972 1129 | 3,451 | 3,914 | 4,449 | 4,957 | 5,312 | 5,795 | 5,864 | 6,261 | 6,718 | 7,046 | 7,108 |
| Capital charg | 420 | 523 | 723 | -919 | 1,903 | 1,169 | 1,825 | 1,513 | 1,524 | 2,015 | 1,910 | 2,130 | 2,231 | 2,355 | 2,778 | 1,059 | 2,164 |
| Indirect business t | 119 | 171 | 257 | 276 | 299 | 330 | 855 | 382 | 425 | 469 | 512 | 574 | 621 | 728 | 815 | 875 | -924 |
| Montana: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groses state produc | 2,016 | 2,482 | 3,785 | 4,505 | 4,931 | 5,402 | 5,855 | 6,317 | 7,576 | 8,576 | 9,525 | 10,831 | 11,007 | 11,381 | 11,726 | 11,543 | 12,163 |
| Compensation | 1,021 | 1,245 | 1,862 | 2,105 | 2,384 | 2,630 | 2,951 | 3,305 | 3,783 | 4,230 | 4,563 | 5,004 | 5,199 | 5,448 | 5,678 | 5,745 | 5,709 |
| Proprietors' incon | 456 | 481 | 910 | 1,161 | 1,094 | 1,106 | 992 | 859 | 1,310 | 1,205 | 1,324 | 1,451 | 1,191 | 1,114 | 1,226 | 1,269 | 1,830 |
| Capital charges | 360 | 542 | 682 | 888 | 1,073 | 1,255 | 1,466 | 1,666 | 1,914 | 2,467 | 2,758 | 3,174 | 3,388 | 3,543 | 3,565 | 3,267 | 3,374 |
| Indirect business | 179 | 215 | 332 | 350 | 380 | 411 | 446 | 487 | 569 | 674 | 881 | 1,203 | 1,228 | 1,271 | 1,247 | 1,244 | 1,235 |
| Utah: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state produc | 2,979 | 3,479 | 5,465 | 6,185 | 6,970 | 7,798 | 8,860 | 10,122 | 11,861 | 13,498 | 15,121 | 17,007 | 17,892 | 19,381 | 21,739 | 23,172 | 24,008 |
| Compensation | 1,660 | 2,046 | 3,328 | 3,758 | 4,245 | 4,695 | 5,370 | 6,148 | 7,129 | 8,143 | 9,072 | 10,239 | 10,944 | 11,587 | 12,772 | 13,564 | 13,943 |
| Proprietors' inco | 308 | 403 | 629 | 735 | 805 | 891 | 1,045 | 1,218 | 1,383 | 1,523 | 1,608 | 1,323 | 1,276 | 1,327 | 1,538 | 1,605 | 1,781 |
| Capital charges | 787 | 747 | 1,071 | 1,205 | 1,381 | 1,613 | 1,782 | 2,015 | 2,511 | 2,901 | 3,310 | 4,003 | 4,187 | 4,802 | 5,415 | 5,775 | 6,014 |
| Indirect business | 225 | 283 | 438 | 487 | 538 | 598 | 663 | 741 | 839 | 931 | 1,134 | 1,443 | 1,485 | 1,665 | 1,946 | 2,133 | 2,179 |
| Wyoming: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 1,366 | 1,586 | 2,393 | 2,806 | 3,586 | 4,104 | 4,669 | 5,417 | 6,790 | 8,434 | 10,900 | 13,238 | 13,056 | 12,150 | 12,468 | 12,777 | 11,673 |
| Compensation. | 572 | 664 | 1,070 | 1,264 | 1,526 | 1,765 | 2,066 | 2,446 | 2,948 | 3,519 | 4,163 | 4,803 | 4,950 | 4,616 | 4,764 | 4,977 | 4,737 |
| Proprietors' inco | 195 | 235 | 415 | 472 | 524 | 565 | 591 | 697 | 912 | 975 | 1,148 | 1,073 | 975 | 917 | 955 | 1,021 | 958 |
| Capital charges ... | 478 | 532 | 687 | 819 | 1,223 | 1,404 | 1,600 | 1,786 | 2,261 | 3,065 | 4,065 | 4,915 | 4,734 | 4,447 | 4,567 | 4,662 | 4,147 |
| Indirect business taxes | 121 | 155 | 221 | 252 | 313 | 370 | 412 | 488 | 670 | 874 | 1,524 | 2,447 | 2,397 | 2,232 | 2,241 | 2,174 | 1,900 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compensation. | 48,767 | 66,685 | 100,076 | 111,573 | 123,594 | 134,976 | 151,668 | 171,585 | 197,821 | 226,786 | 252,885 | 280,595 | 296,385 | 316,450 | 348,389 | 377,295 | 403,521 |
| Proprietors' income. | 11,516 | 14,365 | 20,921 | 23,578 | 27,153 | 29,940 | 34,113 | 37,155 | 43,020 | 48,478 | 54,988 | 45,512 | 46,531 | 52,572 | 56,298 | 60,577 | 67,785 |
| Capital charges | 15,854 | 20,706 | 28,986 | 32,528 | 34,319 | 41,205 | 46,263. | 54,269 | 65,919 | 74,677 | 77,965 | 92,257 | 94,742 | 108,471 | 126,415 | 138,314 | 148,739 |
| Indirect business taxes | 7,618 | 10,731 | 17,647 | 19,432 | 21,138 | 23,462 | 25,769 | 28,713 | 29,729 | 30,573 | 32,877 | 36,746 | 36,572 | 40,705 | 46,096 | 48,984 | 51,872 |
| California: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 65,905 | 88,653 | 132,199 | 146,473 | 160,979 | 179,858 | 201,536 | 227,590 | 260,296 | 293,600 | 325,171 | 354,905 | 372,541 | 408,216 | 456,874 | 496,850 | 533,816 |
| Compensation ... | 38,791 | 52,717 | 79,042 | 87,587 | 96,799 | 105,693 | 118,254 | 133,360 | 152,866 | 174,695 | 195,362 | 218,049 | 232,444 | 249,603 | 276,541 | 300,898 | 322,266 |
| Proprietors' income | 8,749 | 10,789 | 16,592 | 18,505 | 21,297 | 23,606 | 27,155 | 29,695 | 34,092 | 38,787 | 44,351 | 35,618 | 36,992 | 41,095 | 44,147 | 47,775 | 53,178 |
| Capital charges | 12,194 | 16,409 | 22,274 | 24,653 | 25,798 | 31,592 | 35,278 | 41,275 | 49,736 | 56,370 | 60,030 | 72,853 | 75,449 | 86,961 | 101,263 | 110,889 | 118,999 |
| Indirect business taxes | 6,171 | 8,739 | 14,290 | 15,728 | 17,085 | 18,967 | 20,849 | 23,259 | 23,601 | 23,748 | 25,428 | 28,385 | 27,656 | 30,471 | 34,521 | 36,863 | 38,928 |
| Nevada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groses state produc | 1,647 | 2,152 | 3,761 | 4,350 | 4,744 | 5,322 | 6,074 | 7,118 | 8,805 | 10,394 | 11,970 | 13,387 | 13,796 | 14,890 | 16,350 | 17,918 | 19,426 |
| Compensation. | 1,009 | 1,307 | 2,353 | 2,714 | 2,990 | 3,314 | 3,785 | 4,446 | 5,422 | 6,362 | 7,306 | 8,278 | 8,607 | 9,043 | 9,782 | 10,540 | 11,323 |
| Proprietors' income | 182 | 199 | 376 | 432 | 450 | 499 | 599 | 681 | 854 | 898 | 1,010 | 828 | 803 | 897 | 982 | 1,094 | 1,267 |
| Capital charges ... | 327 | 467 | 707 | 823 | 872 | 1,024 | 1,143 | 1,390 | 1,841 | 2,352 | 2,745 | 3,246 | 3,287 | 3,771 | 4,217 | 4,762 | 5,233 |
| Indirect business taxes | 129 | 179 | 325 | 382 | 432 | 485 | 547 | 601 | 688 | 782 | 909 | 1,036 | 1,099 | 1,240 | 1,434 | 1,587 | 1,666 |
| Oregon: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product | 5,896 | 7,869 | 12,311 | 14,090 | 15,536 | 16,610 | 19,112 | 21,842 | 25,519 | 28,656 | 30,219 | 31,578 | 31,148 | 33,526 | 36,882 | 38,922 | 41,278 |
| Compensation. | 3,299 | 4,506 | 7,251 | 8,252 | $\mathbf{9 , 1 3 3}$ $\mathbf{2 1 2 8}$ | 9,737 | 11,211 | 12,842 | 14,922 | 16,989 3 | 18,285 | 19,123 | 19,130 | 19,962 | 21,565 | $\begin{array}{r}22,726 \\ 4 \\ 48 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 23,750 |
| Proprietors | 1,270 | 1,258 | 2,597 | 3,060 | 3,224 | 3,530 | 4,127 | 4,929 | 5,994 | 6,575 | 6,415 | 6,891 | 6,640 | 7,346 | 8,303 | 8,673 | 5,126 9,278 |
| Indirect business taxes | , | 524 | 858 | 955 | 1,051 | 1,145 | 1,259 | 1,401 | 1,543 | 1,701 | 1,883 | 2,051 | 2,188 | 2,437 | 2,802 | 2,977 | 3,169 |
| Washington: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 10,306 | 13,814 | 19,360 | 22,197 | 24,946 | 27,794 | 31,090 | 35,172 | 41,869 | 47,865 | 51,354 | 55,240 | 56,745 | 61,561 | 67,347 | 71,756 | 77,683 |
| Compensation | 5,668 | 8,155 | 11,430 | 13,020 | 14,672 | 16,233 | 18,418 | 20,937 | 24,611 | 28,740 | 31,931 | 35,146 | 36,205 | 37,843 | 40,501. | 43,131 | 46,182 |
| Proprietors' income | 1,621 | 2,122 | 2,348 | 2,817 | 8,278 | 3,637 | 3,843 | 4,107 | 5,015 | 5,402 | 5,942 | 5,558 | 5,546 | 6,809 | 6,915 | 7,128 | 8,214 |
| Capital charges .... | 2,062 | 2,247 | 3,409 | 3,992 | 4,425 | 5,059 | 5,715 | 6,676 | 8,347 | 9,380 | 8,774 | 9,267 | 9,365 | 10,393 | 12,632 | 13,990 | 15,229 |
| Indirect business taxes .... | 955 | 1,289 | 2,173 | 2,367 | 2,571 | 2,865 | 3,114 | 3,452 | 3,897 | 4,343 | 4,707 | 5,275 | 5,629 | 6,557 | 7,338 | 7,557 | 8,110 |
| Alaska: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product. | 985 | 1,470 | 2,619 | 2,879 | 4,047 | 6,387 | 7,782 | 7,370 | 7,997 | 8,929 | 12,860 | 18,723 | 19,648 | 20,084 | 20,802 | 21,237 | 19,575 |
| Compensation.. | 690 | 998 | 1,732 | 1,928 | 2,587 | 4,138 | 5,173 | 4,722 | 4,505 | 4,567 | 5,291 | 6,327 | 7,362 | 8,115 | 8,496 | 8,667 | 8,294 |
| Proprietors' income. | 94 | 131 | 252 | 273 | 394 | 525 | 605 | 711 | 897 | 966 | 1,173 | 1,072 | 1,255 | 1,477 | 1,558 | 1,847 | 2,020 |
| Capital charges ... | 135 | 253 | 463 | 473 | 781 | 1,313 | 1,494 | 1,374 | 1,803 | 2,291 | 3,314 | 4,728 | 5,566 | 6,264 | 6,716 | 7,080 | 6,681 |
| Indirect business taxes..... | 66 | 89 | 172 | 205 | 285 | 411 | 510 | 563 | 798 | 1,005 | 3,083 | 6,596 | 5,464 | 4,222 | 4,028 | 8,626 | 2,567 |
| Hawaii: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product.. | 2,170 | 3,066 | 5,390 | 6,116 | 7,032 | 7,743 | 8,302 | 9,037 | 10,119 | 11,431 | 13,076 | 13,398 | 14,259 | 15,533 | 16,724 | 17,994 | 19,320 |
| Compensation. | 1,407 | 1,985 | 3,647 | 4,103 | 4,542 | 5,039 | 5,448 | 5,887 | 6,554 | 7,281 | 8,138 | 8,807 | 9,444 | 10,024 | 10,616 | 11,302 | 11,984 |
| Proprietors' income | 220 | 273 | 523 | 551 | 888 | 784 | 777 | 845 | 891 | 1,145 | 1,805 | 902 | 1,028 | 1,383 | 1,220 | 1,296 | 1,476 |
| Capital charges. | 373 | 539 | 768 | 955 | 1,049 | 1,297 | 1,388 | 1,548 | 1,856 | 2,101 | 2,115 | 2,580 | 2,579 | 2,809 | 3,476 | 3,873 | 4,236 |
| Indirect business taxes...... | 170 | 269 | 453 | 507 | 558 | 623 | 688 | 756 | 818 | 904 | 1,017 | 1,109 | 1,207 | 1,306 | 1,408 | 1,503 | 1,612 |

[Millions


Selected Years, 1963-86
of dollars]

| 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1963 | 1967 | 1972 | 1977 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1963 | 1967 | 1972 | 1977 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New England |  |  | Connecticut |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Maine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 206,107 | 225,201 | 245,850 | 10,076 | 14,045 | 19,325 | 29,547 | 47,241 | 52,777 | 59,363 | 64,696 | 70,639 | 2,401 | 3,128 | 4,584 | 7,515 | 12,099 | 13,375 | 14,782 | 15,896 | 17,326 |  |
| 1,026 | 1,035 | 1,216 | 86 | 87 | 108 | 144 | 216 | 198 | 233 | 209 | 281 | 87 | 85 | 117 | 206 | 226 | 208 | ${ }^{238}$ | 218 | 189 |  |
| ${ }_{213}^{781}$ | ${ }_{209}^{970}$ | 1,106 | 29 9 | ${ }_{9}^{43}$ | ${ }_{18}^{63}$ | ${ }_{34}^{90}$ | ${ }_{63}^{137}$ | ${ }_{84}^{162}$ | ${ }_{86}^{172}$ | 175 77 | 203 75 | ${ }_{1}^{22}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | $\stackrel{46}{4}$ | 113 | ${ }_{4}^{73}$ | 158 | 118 | 189 | ${ }_{7} 28$ |  |
| 8,928 | 10,170 | 11,758 | 518 | 704 | 1,072 | 1,102 | 1,670 | 2,041 | 2,417 | 2,661 | 2,949 | 108 | 160 | 266 | 396 | 586 | 629 | 800 | 896 | 1,079 |  |
| 52,914 | 55,018 | 56,433 | 3,764 | 5,322 | 5,593 | 8,643 | 13,368 | 14,404 | 16,168 | 16,650 | 17,181 | 652 | 878 | 1,088 | 1,786 | 2,915 | 3,147 | 3,479 | 3,499 | 3,663 |  |
| 37,208 <br> 15 | 39,028 15990 | 39,790 16,643 | 2,889 | 4,186 1,136 | 4,089 1,505 | 6,488 2 2 | - ${ }_{3,774}$ | 10,484 | 11,994 | 12,369 | 12,680 | 166 | ${ }^{278}$ | 411 | -614 | 1,076 1,889 | 1,246 1,901 | 1,473 2,005 | 1,508 1,990 | 1,628 <br> 2,036 |  |
| 15,706 | 15,990 | 16,643 |  | 1,136 |  | 2,155 |  | 3,920 | 4,174 | 4,280 | 4,501 | 486 | 601 | 677 | 1,172 |  | 1,901 |  |  |  | 8 |
| 15,965 | 17,436 | 18,134 | 657 | 832 | 1,398 | ${ }^{2,236}$ | 3,508 | 4,081 | 4,622 | 5,077 | 5,383 | 224 | 258 | 413 | 669 | 1,283 | 1,404 | 1,489 | 1,582 | 1,619 | 9 |
| 19,830 | 22,199 | ${ }_{24,739}$ | 944 | - 1,266 | 1,1,862 | 2,076 2,745 | 3,429 4 4 | 3,576 4,856 | 5,132 | 4,708 <br> 6,088 | 5,026 6,813 | 153 249 | ${ }_{336}^{194}$ | 556 | ${ }_{893} 84$ | +688 | + 738 | +1847 | [943 | 1,031 1989 | 11 |
| 34,492 | 38,242 | 44,372 | 1,721 | ${ }_{2}^{1,367}$ | 3,574 | 5,412 | 8,548 | ${ }^{9} 9,973$ | 10,777 | 11,964 | 14,063 | 330 | 431 | 612 | 991 | 1,751 | 2,062 | ${ }_{2}^{1,222}$ | 2,441 | 2,826 | 12 |
| 37,218 | 41,699 | 46,816 | 1,045 | 1,565 | 2,420 | 4,037 | 7,235 | 8,188 | 9,399 | 10,553 | 11,779 | 212 | 302 | 523 | 960 | 1,636 | 1,793 | 2,042 | 2,248 | 2,505 | 13 |
| 4,384 | 4,710 | 4,823 | 193 | 283 | 510 | 796 | 1,325 | 1,400 | 1,592 | 1,707 | 1,754 | 105 | 110 | 156 | 268 | 438 | 471 | 505 | 542 |  | 14 |
| 1,752 <br> 14,323 | 1,849 15880 | 1,960 17,164 | 72 529 | 802 | 192 1,390 | 262 1,972 | $\begin{array}{r}1393 \\ 3,059 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1432 3,383 | 1,475 3,779 | 506 4,322 | 522 4,611 | 94 163 | 97 243 | 138 400 | 178 609 | ${ }_{962}^{276}$ | 296 1,035 | 313 1,125 | 337 1,229 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 1,336 } \\ \hline 138\end{array}$ | ${ }_{16}^{15}$ |
| New Hampshire |  |  | Rhode Island |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Vermont |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14,846 | 16,585 | 18,518 | 2,528 | 3,482 | 4,983 | 7,057 | 10,592 | 11,528 | 12,921 | 13,961 | 15,205 | 1,054 | 1,522 | ,238 | 3,399 | 5,871 | 6,519 | 7,215 | 7,915 | ,636 |  |
| 72 | 79 | 85 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 17 | 42 | 44 | 49 | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | 64 | 65 3 | 74 | 113 | 131 | 258 | 208 | 207 40 | 220 | 236 38 |  |
| 19 | 53 22 | ${ }_{25}^{65}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{11}$ | $18$ |  |  | $\stackrel{69}{9}$ | ${ }_{11}^{60}$ | 11 | 106 10 | 3 <br> 9 | ${ }_{11}^{4}$ | 111 | 21 21 | ${ }_{23}^{23}$ | ${ }_{25}^{38}$ | $\stackrel{40}{25}$ | ${ }_{23}^{34}$ | +38 |  |
| 934 | 1,142 | 1,350 | 116 | 177 | 232 | 281 | 223 | 253 | 300 | 346 | 403 | 60 | 105 | 146 | 170 | 287 | 345 | 398 | 468 | 538 |  |
| 4,262 | 4,589 | 4,812 | 796 | 1,111 | 1,370 | 2,074 | 2,791 | ${ }^{2,877}$ | 3,423 | 3,501 | 3,696 | ${ }^{254}$ | 419 | 458 | ${ }_{593}^{793}$ | 1,494 | 1,585 | 1,765 | 1,888 | 1,981 |  |
| 3,089 1,173 | 3, $\begin{aligned} & 3,377 \\ & 1,212\end{aligned}$ | 3,573 <br> 1,239 | 445 <br> 350 | 681 430 | -836 | 1,438 | 1,919 | 1,935 ${ }^{193}$ | 2,404 1,019 | 2,467 | 2,586 1,110 | $\begin{array}{r}167 \\ 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{123}^{297}$ | 295 163 | 574 219 | -1,189 | 1,186 | 1,322 | 1,421 | 1,472 | 8 |
| 1,007 | 1,075 | 1,168 | 194 | 243 | 374 | 506 | 760 | 839 | 893 | 962 | 1,028 | 89 | 107 | 193 | 324 | 463 | 549 | 613 | 664 | 691 | 9 |
|  |  | 1,049 | 162 | 217 | 515 | 458 | 680 | 729 |  |  | , 917 | 55 | 72 | 112 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 2,660 | ${ }_{2,983}^{1,68}$ | 3,463 | ${ }_{363}$ | 358 488 | 694 | 1,418 | 1,772 | 2,043 | 2,188 | -1,488 | -1,715 | 1170 | ${ }_{237}^{159}$ | ${ }_{367}^{259}$ | ${ }_{466}$ | ${ }_{971}$ | 1,154 | 1,238 | 1,380 | 1,572 | 12 |
| 2,215 | 2,562 | 2,952 | 253 | 377 | 628 | 1,044 | 1,802 | 1,997 | 2,255 | 2,505 | 2,771 | 129 | 194 | 314 | 513 | 863 | 975 | 1,102 | 1,215 | 1,373 | 13 |
| 232 | 252 | 262 | 93 | 123 | 20 | 178 | 261 | 284 | 303 | 325 | 333 | 29 | 26 | 44 | 75 | 121 | 129 | 140 | 153 | 158 |  |
| 140 | 148 1,046 | 159 $\mathbf{1 , 1 5 9}$ | 119 152 | 161 204 | 256 361 | 607 | 219 928 | ${ }_{991}^{207}$ | r $\begin{array}{r}211 \\ 1,090\end{array}$ | 1,240 1,167 | 1,265 | 688 |  | -9 ${ }^{9}$ | 17 309 | 465 | $\begin{array}{r}26 \\ 507 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 28 551 | 29 596 | 33 643 | 15 16 |
| Delaware |  |  | District of Columbia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Maryland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,186 | 10,966 | 11,706 | 4,517 | 6,282 | 9,366 | 14,975 | 21,402 | 22,959 | 25,100 | 27,185 | 28,791 | 9,884 | 13,756 | 21,969 | 34,361 | 52,583 | 57,888 | 64,465 | 70,580 | 76,504 |  |
| ${ }_{21} 21$ | 192 | 218 | 0 | 0 | 0 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 129 | 169 | 234 | 313 126 | ${ }_{182}^{506}$ | 408 | 559 <br> 238 | ${ }_{5276}^{576}$ | 623 308 |  |
| 31 | ${ }_{1}^{31}$ |  | 1 | 1 0 | ${ }_{1}^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3} \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\frac{4}{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | 6 7 |  | 47 25 | 76 41 | 126 43 | 182 95 | 102 | ${ }_{122}^{233}$ | 276 117 | ${ }_{114}^{308}$ |  |
| 480 | 511 | 565 | 191 | 201 | 298 | 359 | 1,360 | 1,349 | 1,548 | 1,746 | 1,991 | 558 | 779 | 1,414 | 1,983 | 2,213 | 2,541 | 3 3,076 | 3,533 | 4,012 |  |
| 3,246 | 3,377 | 3,325 | 185 | 244 | 281 | 434 | 650 | 818 | 886 | ${ }_{9}^{989}$ | 1,050 | 2,498 | ${ }^{3,065}$ | ${ }^{3,833}$ | 5,397 | 7,249 | 7 | 8,579 | 9,023 | 9,106 |  |
| 2,436 | 2,472 | 2,462 | 160 | 216 | 256 | 386 | 609 | 771 | 796 | ${ }_{852}^{136}$ | 872 | 1,085 | 1,390 | 1,710 | 3,361 <br> 2,036 | 3,300 | 4,1291 3,691 | 3,871 | 4,029 | 4,243 |  |
| 806 | 821 | 912 | 414 | 495 | 751 | 1,136 | 1,429 | 1,616 | 1,729 | 1,769 | 1,805 | 926 | 1,263 | 1,754 | 2,925 | 4,591 | 5,249 | 5,722 | 6,294 | 6,590 |  |
| ${ }_{523}^{553}$ | 611 | 657 | ${ }_{367}^{251}$ | 332 | ${ }_{58}^{339}$ | 408 | 473 | 470 | 514 | 515 | 532 | 566 | ${ }^{834}$ | 1,394 | 2,123 | ${ }^{3,738}$ | 4,032 | 4,720 | 5,081 | 5,469 | 10 |
| 820 1,637 | $\begin{array}{r}1,874 \\ \hline 102\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}984 \\ 29129 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 367 <br> 43 <br> 3 | 599 | $\begin{array}{r}548 \\ 1,026 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 700 2032 |  | 1,044 2 2 | +1,148 | ${ }_{2}^{1,210}$ | 1,274 2675 | 1,055 |  | 2,519 | 3,997 <br> 5 <br> 5 <br> , 446 | 5,745 88.31 | 6,427 | -7,219 | 11,238 | - 12,8278 | 12 |
| 1,298 | 1,469 | 1,616 | 789 | 1,168 | 1,974 | 3,160 | 5,543 | 6,079 | 6,840 | 7,532 | 8,251 | 1,124 | 1,766 | 3,014 | 5,110 | 9,433 | 10,628 | 12,108 | 13,716 | 15,335 | 13 |
| 153 | 160 | 165 | 1,548 | 2,352 | 3,297 | 5,437 | 7,737 | 8,016 | 8,682 | 9,324 | 9,366 | 796 | 1,075 | 1,881 | 2,901 | 4,214 | 4,565 | 5,043 | 5,254 | 5,400 |  |
| 161 | 166 | 172 | 145 | 156 | 314 | 88 | 572 | 611 | 636 | 668 | 704 | 254 | 413 | 570 | 635 | 1,126 | 1,193 | 1,287 | 1,361 | 1,432 | 15 |
| 787 | 851 | 927 | 191 | 281 | 535 | 916 | 854 | 917 | 1,001 | 1,057 | 1,129 | 649 | 995 | 1,942 | 3,362 | 5,110 | 5,347 | 5,646 | 6,089 | 6,519 | 16 |
| New York |  |  | Pennsylvania |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Great Lakes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 311,727 | 336,071 | 362,736 | 34,620 | 46,311 | 65,005 | 98,668 | 141,282 | 150,058 | 163,383 | 172,990 | 183,559 | 133,425 | 176,814 | 246,484 | 388,106 | 526,210 | 559,774 | 624,118 | 662,480 | 700,852 |  |
| 1,436 | 1,448 | 1,497 | 436 | 546 |  | 1,081 | 1,700 | 1,440 | 1,893 | 1,861 |  |  |  |  | 10,349 | 13,129 | 8,408 |  | 12,652 |  |  |
|  |  | 664 497 |  |  | 694 | -275 | 2,127 |  | 2,092 | 457 2.025 | , 520 | 1,105 | 1884 1,095 | 609 1,420 | ${ }_{3,086}^{1,017}$ | 1,4979 | 5,287 | 5,495 | 5,400 | 1,852 |  |
| 11,622 | 13,174 | 14,908 | 1,425 | 2,105 | 3,647 | 4,764 | 5,379 | 5,664 | 6,193 | 6,648 | 7,455 | 5,594 | 8,513 | 11,528 | 17,214 | 18,543 | 18,979 | 21,505 | 23,310 | 25,307 |  |
| 56,457 | 58,699 | 59,877 | 12,240 | 16,525 | 19,955 | 29,324 | 35,963 | 35,970 | 39,590 | 40,000 | 40,642 | 51,939 | 66,449 | 85,199 | 132,679 | 146,024 | 154,690 | 177,280 | 183,727 | 187,840 |  |
| 30,478 25,979 | 26,521 | 37,109 27 | 7,524 4,716 | 10,757 | ${ }_{7}^{12,565}$ | 18,636 10,688 | 21,235 | 20,184 | 22,944 16,646 | 23,017 | 22,795 17,847 | 37,713 14,227 | 48,942 | 21,229 | -96,590 | 96,883 49,141 | 101,514 53,176 | 119,538 | 123,740 59,986 | 125,184 62,656 |  |
| 31,155 |  | 33,298 |  |  | 6,395 |  | 14,859 |  |  | 18,486 |  |  | 14,320 |  | 34,302 |  |  |  | 61,589 |  |  |
| 27,786 | 29,286 | 30,602 | 2,297 | 2,998 | ${ }^{4,166}$ | 6,153 | 9,419 | 9,801 | 11,075 | 11,678 | 12,300 | 8,103 | 11,152 | 16,368 | 26,121 | 36,283 | 36,960 | 43,198 | 45,907 | 48,287 |  |
| 㐌,6967 | -26,933 | 29,138 80,407 | 3,369 4,485 | 5,864 | 6,437 8,510 | ${ }_{12,219}^{9,847}$ | ${ }_{20,724}^{12,910}$ | ${ }_{23,218}^{13,99}$ | 24,554 | 16,178 | 29,749 | 17,962 | ${ }_{23,747}^{16,36}$ | 23,248 | 36,724 | 881,841 | 59,059 | -58,055 | -62,516 | - 113,773 |  |
| 60,509 | 66,882 | 72,920 | 3,505 | 5,016 | 7,738 | 13,133 | 23,070 | 25,366 | 28,116 | 31,253 | 33,942 | 11,570 | 16,608 | 25,369 | 43,901 | 73,554 | 81,334 | 90,073 | 99,643 | 108,183 |  |
| 4,769 | 5,100 1,040 | 5,151 $\mathbf{1 , 0 9 5}$ | 878 134 | 1,136 | 1,667 | 2,358 | 3,703 |  | 4,280 |  |  | 1,966 | 2,683, | 4,110 | 5,733 <br> 1,594 | 8,346 | 8,947 <br> 2,738 | 9,644 <br> 2,956 <br> 8 | $\xrightarrow{10,323} \mathbf{3 , 2 5 2}$ | 10,506 | 14 |
| 27,546 | 29,625 | 32,683 | 1,841 | 2,800 | 4,721 | 7,268 | 10,323 | 10,963 | 11,649 | 12,275 | 12,887 | 7,342 | 10,348 | 17,982 | 27,837 | 41,896 | 44,150 | 47,058 | 49,800 | 53,577 | 16 |

Table 2.-Gross Product by Industry,
[Millions


Selected Years, 1963-86-Continued
of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1984 \& 1985 \& 1986 \& 1963 \& 1967 \& 1972 \& 1977 \& 1982 \& 1983 \& 1984 \& 1985 \& 1986 \& 1963 \& 1967 \& 1972 \& 1977 \& 1982 \& 1983 \& 1984 \& 1985 \& 1986 \& Line <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Indiana} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Michigan} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Ohio} \& <br>
\hline 76,086 \& 80,262 \& 84,922 \& 31,434 \& 40,834 \& 56,323 \& 88,484 \& 108,627 \& 118,373 \& 132,369 \& 143,719 \& 153,240 \& 33,624 \& 44,488 \& 62,036 \& 96,613 \& 134,204 \& 142,682 \& 158,543 \& 167,645 \& 176,102 \& <br>
\hline $$
\begin{gathered}
2,422 \\
216
\end{gathered}
$$ \& $\begin{array}{r}2,100 \\ \hline 192\end{array}$ \& 2,061

205 \& $\begin{array}{r}505 \\ 48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 513
77 \& 733

115 \& 1,238 \& 1,796 \& | 1,487 |
| :---: |
| 05 | \& $\begin{array}{r}1,741 \\ \hline 329\end{array}$ \& 1,816 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,637 \\ \hline 858 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 595

75 \& 660

100 \& | 931 |
| :--- |
| 151 |
| 1 | \& $\begin{array}{r}1,649 \\ \hline 244 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1,979 \\ \hline 844 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ \& 1,410 \& $\begin{array}{r}2,237 \\ \hline 136\end{array}$ \& 2,074 \& 1,909

439 \& <br>
\hline ${ }^{637}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{631}$ \& 556 \& 201 \& 166 \& 205 \& 618 \& 1,147 \& 1,079 \& 1,065 \& 1,152 \& 1,011 \& ${ }_{1} 214$ \& ${ }^{218}$ \& - 460 \& 949 \& 1,864 \& 1,741 \& , 1,828 \& 1,705 \& 1,441 \& <br>
\hline - 23,2448 \& -3,573 \& 3,891
25,305 \& ${ }_{14,868}^{14,093}$ \& 17,765 \& 22,092 \& 3, 3 3,480 \& - ${ }_{31,690}^{3,38}$ \& ${ }_{3}^{35,706}$ \& 3,676
42,265 \& 4, 4 4,320 \& 47,540 \& ${ }^{18,381}$ \& - 17,3132 \& 22,712 \& 34,591 \& 40,578 \& 4,4956 \& - 58,754 \& 50,454 \& 51,421 \& <br>
\hline 17,317 \& 17,750 \& 18,109 \& 12,635 \& 15,001 \& 18,282 \& 29,999 \& 24,493 \& 27,779 \& 33,550 \& 36,733 \& 37,722 \& 9,615 \& 12,498 \& 16,126 \& 24,635 \& 26,865 \& 27,959 \& 32,409 \& 33,475 \& 38,590 \& <br>
\hline 6,626 \& 6,838 \& 7,196 \& 2,233 \& 2,764 \& 3,809 \& 5,987 \& 7,197 \& 7,927 \& 8,715 \& 9,286 \& 9,818 \& 3,765 \& 4,893 \& 6,586 \& 9,955 \& 13,713 \& 14,997 \& 16,345 \& 16,980 \& 17,831 \& <br>
\hline 7,334 \& 7,827 \& 8.187 \& 2,060 \& 2,737 \& 4,007 \& 6,715 \& 8,603 \& 9,580 \& 10,288 \& 10,858 \& 11,347 \& 2,994 \& 3,735 \& 5,484 \& 9,141 \& 12,828 \& 13,711 \& 15,098 \& 15,569 \& 16,308 \& <br>
\hline 4,424 \& 4,703 \& 4,984 \& 1,626 \& 2,359 \& 3,635 \& 4,798 \& ${ }^{6,541}$ \& 6,853 \& 8,279 \& \& 9,484 \& 1,892 \& 2,522 \& 3,842 \& \& 8,807 \& 8,903 \& 10,331 \& 11,053 \& 11,445 \& 10 <br>

\hline $\xrightarrow{7,401}$ \& ${ }^{7,973}$ \& - ${ }^{8,538}$ \& 2,572 \& -3,552 \& | 5,206 |
| :--- |
| 6,903 | \& 8,069

9 \& 10,266 \& ${ }_{\text {19,237 }}^{11,19}$ \& 12,167
20881 \& ${ }_{21}^{13,152}$ \& $\xrightarrow{14,188} 2$ \& 3,040
4,428 \& 4,136
5
5790 \& 5,811
7794 \& ${ }^{9,145}$ \& 12,635 \& ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{13,722}$ \& 22,771 \& 24,472 \& 27,058 \& 11 <br>
\hline 9,080 \& 10,057 \& 10,956 \& $\stackrel{2,414}{ }$ \& 3,595 \& 5,523 \& 9,704 \& 15,343 \& 16,912 \& 18,689 \& 21,199 \& 23,189 \& 2,918 \& 4,222 \& 6,459 \& 10,791 \& 18,174 \& 20,033 \& 22,284 \& 24,697 \& 26,725 \& 13 <br>
\hline 1,194 \& 1,296 \& 1,338 \& 291 \& 405 \& 628 \& 922 \& 1,360 \& 1,448 \& 1,562 \& 1,687 \& 1,678 \& 703 \& 867 \& 1,250 \& 1,747 \& 2,492 \& 2,633 \& 2,804 \& 2,999 \& 3,021 \& 14 <br>
\hline 5,329 \& 5,732 \& 6,154 \& 1,805 \& 2,484 \& 4,46
4,482 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 7,096 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 10,391 \& 10,867 \& 11,473 \& 12,047 \& 13,252 \& 150
1,804 \& 2,436 \& 4,141 \& \& 9,784
9,784 \& 602
10,427 \& 11,228 \& 11,977 \& 12,789 \& 15 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Plains} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Iowa} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Kansas} \& <br>
\hline 265,745 \& 278,528 \& 292,523 \& 8,236 \& 11,052 \& 15,346 \& 26,233 \& 37,634 \& 37,157 \& 41,407 \& 42,100 \& 43,836 \& 6,449 \& 8,234 \& 12,385 \& 20,341 \& 33,287 \& 34,966 \& 38,495 \& 40,364 \& 42,472 \& <br>

\hline 17,605 \& 17,540 \& 18,900 \& 1,269 \& 1,559 \& 2,126 \& 3,111 \& 4,608 \& 2,491 \& 4,418 \& 4,142 \& 4,574 \& 580 \& 568 \& 1,274 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,388 \\
& 109
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 2,463 \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,794 \\
& 154
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 2,073 \& 2,361 \& 2,823 \& <br>

\hline 3,597 \& $\xrightarrow{1,063}$ \& ${ }_{2} 1,531$ \& ${ }_{34}^{51}$ \& 74 \& ${ }_{47}$ \& 194
59 \& 62 \& 848 \& 99 \& ${ }_{99}$ \& 90 \& 395 \& 370 \& 378 \& 717 \& 1,486 \& 1,356 \& 1,435 \& 1,332 \& ${ }_{877}$ \& <br>
\hline 10,110 \& 10,490 \& 11,263 \& 377 \& 567 \& 695 \& 1,349 \& 1,273 \& 1,225 \& 1,349 \& 1,366 \& 1,396 \& 306 \& 360 \& 570 \& 1,094 \& 1,322 \& 1,408 \& 1,580 \& 1,581 \& 1,721 \& <br>
\hline 54,162 \& \& ${ }^{57,122}$ \& 1,783 \& 2,513 \& 3,562 \& 6,572 \& 8,515 \& 8,615 \& 9,265 \& 9,189 \& 9,228 \& 1,188 \& 1,684 \& $\stackrel{2,285}{ }$ \& 3,910 \& 5,934 \& 6,602 \& 7,427 \& 7,579 \& 7,922 \& <br>
\hline 31,804
22,358 \& ${ }_{23,246}^{32,31}$ \& 24,261 \& 1,001 \& 1,464
1,049 \& 2,061
1,501 \& $\xrightarrow{3,627}$ \& 4,807

3,708 \& | 4,731 |
| :--- |
| 3,884 | \& 5,313

3,952 \& 5,257
3,932 \& 5,210
4,018 \& 669
518 \& ${ }_{738}^{946}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1,296 \\ \hline 89\end{array}$ \& 2,163
1,747 \& 3,119
2,816 \& 3,584
3,018 \& ${ }_{3,142}^{4,286}$ \& 4,210
3,369 \& - 4,386 \& 8 <br>
\hline 27,920 \& 28,863 \& 29,703 \& 712 \& 894 \& 1,312 \& \& 2.904 \& 3.075 \& 3,344 \& 3.452 \& 3.555 \& 731 \& \& \& 2128 \& 3,828 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 19,9 \& 20,7 \& 21,129 \& 507 \& 637 \& 1890 \& 1,871 \& 2,634 \& 2,611 \& 2,899 \& 2,948 \& ${ }_{2} 8,959$ \& 351 \& 451 \& 1,720 \& 1,556 \& ${ }_{2,369}^{3,88}$ \& 2,431 \& ${ }_{2,737}^{4,888}$ \& 2,881 \& ${ }_{2} \mathbf{2 , 9 4 7}$ \& 10 <br>
\hline 24,914 \& 26,747 \& 28,035 \& 845 \& 1,159 \& 1,602 \& $\stackrel{2,496}{ }$ \& 3,162 \& 3,437 \& 3,663 \& 3,806 \& 3,951 \& 674 \& 884 \& 1,319 \& 2,034 \& 2,889 \& 3,099 \& $\stackrel{3,366}{ }$ \& 3,644 \& 3,823 \& 11 <br>
\hline 42,637 \& 45,214 \& 49,394 \& 1,428 \& 1,842 \& 2,123 \& 3,309 \& 6,481 \& 7,012 \& 7,190 \& 7,364 \& 7,835 \& 1,013 \& 1,277 \& 1,659 \& 2,728 \& 5,011 \& 5,417 \& 5,697 \& 6,019 \& ${ }_{6}^{6,572}$ \& 12 <br>
\hline 36,589 \& 39,996 \& 42,905 \& 690 \& 942 \& 1,429 \& 2,621 \& 4,322 \& 4,692 \& 5,097 \& 5,532 \& 5,873 \& 550 \& 758 \& 1,201 \& 2,238 \& 4,063 \& 4,393 \& 4,906 \& 5,285 \& 5,635 \& 13 <br>
\hline ${ }^{3,616}$ \& 3,905 \& 3,966 \& $-5$ \& 65 \& 159 \& 56 \& 137 \& 148 \& 159 \& 170 \& 176 \& 7 \& ${ }_{167}^{138}$ \& 245 \& ${ }_{4}^{378}$ \& 389
743 \& 419 \& 465
763 \& ${ }_{8}^{502}$ \& 523
880 \& 14 <br>
\hline 20,695 \& 22,181 \& 23,496 \& 523 \& 731 \& 1,231 \& 2,114 \& 3,161 \& 3,343 \& 3,499 \& 3,700 \& 3,845 \& 454 \& 664 \& ${ }_{993}$ \& 1,624 \& 2,642 \& 2,825 \& 3,028 \& 3,275 \& 3,522 \& 16 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Missouri} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Nebraska} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{North Dakota} \& <br>
\hline 74,493 \& 79,220 \& 83,534 \& 4,177 \& 5,570 \& 417 \& 13,619 \& 21,244 \& 21,565 \& 24,268 \& 25,639 \& 26,521 \& 1,621 \& 1,992 \& 3,201 \& 5,342 \& 10,293 \& 10,000 \& 10,808 \& 10,725 \& 10,733 \& <br>
\hline 1,884 \& 2,061 \& 1,943 \& 551 \& 730 \& 1,145 \& 1,572 \& 2,887 \& 1,940 \& 2,975 \& 3,244 \& 3,190 \& 380 \& 373 \& 723 \& 726 \& 1,442 \& 974 \& 1,398 \& 1,302 \& 1,544 \& <br>
\hline 282 \& ${ }_{307}^{229}$ \& ${ }_{293}^{294}$ \& ${ }_{62}^{22}$ \& ${ }_{38}$ \& ${ }_{36}^{52}$ \& ${ }_{46}^{89}$ \& 142 \& 150 \& 151
83 \& ${ }_{83}^{127}$ \& 132

70 \& | 5 |
| :---: |
| 67 | \& ${ }_{61}^{8}$ \& 14

62 \& 222 \& 1,566 \& 1,153 \& 1,184 \& 1,058 \& 43
679 \& <br>
\hline 2,907 \& 3,139 \& 3,458 \& ${ }^{237}$ \& 293 \& 479 \& 619 \& 762 \& 777 \& 904 \& 950 \& 958 \& 103 \& 105 \& 207 \& 419 \& 756 \& 885 \& 708 \& 605 \& 592 \& <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{r}17,810 \\ 1088 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 18,418 \& 18,912 \& \& 907 \& 1,229 \& ${ }^{2}, 034$ \& 2,915 \& 3,075 \& 3,501 \& ${ }^{3,586}$ \& 3,648 \& 45 \& 71 \& 137 \& ${ }^{356}$ \& 473 \& ${ }_{522}^{522}$ \& 576
58
58 \& ${ }_{6}^{612}$ \& ${ }_{622} 62$ \& <br>

\hline ${ }^{10,888}$ \& 71,293 \& 11,420 \& | 266 |
| :---: |
| 319 | \& 424

483 \& 646

583 \& | 1,090 |
| :--- |
| 93 | \& 1,524 \& 1,500 \& 1,833

1,668 \& 1,813
1,774 \& 1,831
1,817 \& 11
34 \& 30
41 \& 59
78 \& 154
202 \& $\stackrel{211}{262}$ \& 295
295 \& ${ }_{323}^{253}$ \& ${ }_{344}^{267}$ \& 260
362 \& 8 <br>
\hline 8,533 \& 8,791 \& 9,155 \& 444 \& 542 \& 858 \& 1,402 \& 2,247 \& 2.511 \& 2,775 \& 2,985 \& 2,989 \& 182 \& 210 \& 320 \& 81 \& 860 \& 956 \& 1,156 \& ,139 \& 1,130 \& <br>
\hline 5,505 \& 5,794 \& 5,873 \& 273 \& 350 \& 529 \& 1,117 \& 1,670 \& 1,676 \& 1,829 \& 1,862 \& 1,872 \& 130 \& 159 \& 244 \& ${ }^{8} 8$ \& 765 \& ${ }^{756}$ \& 834 \& 839 \& 841 \& 10 <br>

\hline -7,528 \& 8,211 \& -8,7072 \& ${ }_{717}^{450}$ \& ${ }_{922}^{598}$ \& +1,227 \& | 1,423 |
| :--- |
| 2,005 | \& ${ }_{3}^{1,910}$ \& 1,014

3,926 \& 2,126
4

4 \& ${ }_{4}^{2,272}$ \& +2,363 \& | 189 |
| :--- |
| 266 | \& 235

325 \& 351
409 \& 584
767 \& 759
1.594 \& $\begin{array}{r}800 \\ 1,707 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 847
1,710 \& . 1784 \& 893
1,813 \& 12 <br>
\hline 11,403 \& 12,507 \& 13,484 \& 386 \& 541 \& 858 \& 1,485 \& 2,559 \& 2,780 \& 3,061 \& 3,382 \& 3,568 \& 133 \& 178 \& 288 \& 566 \& 1,049 \& 1,141 \& 1,230 \& 1,292 \& 1,351 \& 13 <br>
\hline 2,017 \& 2,178 \& 2,181 \& 23 \& \& 170 \& 275 \& \& 50 \& \& \& 60 \& -55 \& 88 \& 5 \& 121 \& -7 \& -7 \& -8 \& -8 \& -8 \& <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{r}4,805 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 5,183 \& $\begin{array}{r}5,537 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{322}^{106}$ \& 95
436 \& ${ }_{724}^{184}$ \& -1,286 \& 2,034 \& 2,148 \& 2,301 \& 2,450 \& r $\begin{array}{r}\text { 533 } \\ 2,551\end{array}$ \& 56
120 \& $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 157 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 143

239 \& | 200 |
| :---: |
| 393 | \& 287

704 \& | 317 |
| :--- |
| 745 | \& 387

786 \& $\begin{array}{r}351 \\ 848 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 348
884 \& 16 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Southeast}} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Alabama}} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Arkansas}} \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 772,398 \& 824,201 \& 872,948 \& 7,196 \& 9,954 \& 15,008 \& 25,768 \& 40,328 \& 43,918 \& 48,710 \& 51,919 \& 55,007 \& 3,858 \& 5,249 \& 8,336 \& 14,665 \& 23,462 \& 25,394 \& 28,716 \& 29,926 \& 31,633 \& <br>
\hline $\underset{3}{18,275}$ \& 16,585 \& 16,058
3,579 \& 338
28 \& 250
36 \& 462
64 \& 693
105 \& 1,179 \& 1,001 \& 1,264 \& 1,128 \& 1,134 \& $\stackrel{44}{18}$ \& 401 \& 692
58 \& 1,159 \& 1,513 \& 1,196 \& 1,786 \& 1,583 \& 1,758 \& <br>
\hline 31,635 \& 31,629 \& 25,388 \& 99 \& 130 \& 201 \& 636 \& 1,559 \& 1,497 \& 1,560 \& 1,623 \& 1,389 \& 102 \& 122 \& 143 \& 293 \& 764 \& 712 \& 723 \& 714 \& 508 \& <br>
\hline 39,552 \& 42,668 \& 45,846 \& 312 \& 485 \& 720 \& 1,526 \& 1,246 \& 1,327 \& 1,459 \& 1,647 \& 1,754 \& 224 \& 326 \& 448 \& 848 \& 1,108 \& 1,149 \& 1,321 \& 1,424 \& 1.552 \& <br>
\hline 162,902 \& 167,357 \& 176,338 \& 1,904 \& $\xrightarrow{2,861} 1$ \& 3,996

1,962 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
6,588 <br>
3,080 <br>
\hline

 \& -9,357 \& 10,404 \& ${ }^{11,917}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{12,262}$ \& 12,918 \& 

807 <br>
394 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 1,296 \& -2,151 \& 3,805

2,123 \& 5,773
2,810 \& - ${ }_{3,252}^{6,454}$ \& 7,319
3
3874 \& 7,381 \& $\begin{array}{r}7,782 \\ 4,050 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& <br>
\hline 89,757 \& 90,976 \& 97,174 \& 917 \& 1,428 \& 2,034 \& 3,508 \& 5,002 \& 5,529 \& 5,943 \& 6,065 \& 6,509 \& 413 \& 678 \& ${ }_{972}$ \& 1,681 \& 2,963 \& 3,202 \& 3,445 \& 3,480 \& 3,732 \& <br>
\hline 75,703 \& 79,787 \& 83,315 \& 645 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 483 \& 752 \& \& \& \& 3,035 \& 3,143 \& 3,295 \& <br>
\hline 50,774 \& 55,102 \& 57,537 \& 491 \& \& 976 \& 1,791 \& 2,614 \& 2,708 \& 3,178 \& 3,462 \& ${ }^{3,606}$ \& 225 \& 291 \& ${ }_{461}$ \& 870 \& 1,301 \& 1,367 \& 1,587 \& 1,675 \& 1,718 \& 10 <br>

\hline \& \& \& 732 \& 1,010 \& 1,580 \& 2,679 \& ${ }_{8}^{3,597}$ \& ${ }^{3,965}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{4,428}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{4,834}$ \& | 5,249 |
| :--- |
| 720 | \& ${ }_{541}$ \& ${ }_{71}^{593}$ \& 965 \& ${ }^{1,641}$ \& ${ }_{3}^{2,257}$ \& 2,554 \& 2,856 \& 3,125 \& \& <br>

\hline 107,911
104,688 \& 117,200 \& 130,206
128,046 \& 863
711 \& 1,155
1,034 \& 1,700
1,587 \& 2,800
2,653 \& 5,169
4,770 \& 5,720
5,279 \& 5,867 \& 6,336

6,639 \& $7,7,397$ \& | 542 |
| :--- |
| 363 | \& 721

480 \& 1,012
808 \& +1,613 \& 3,223
2,644 \& 3,944

2,942 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
3,862 <br>
3,238 <br>
\hline

 \& 3,548 \& 

3,879 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 13 <br>

\hline 22,829 \& 24,629 \& 25,007 \& 473 \& 550 \& 847 \& 1,250 \& 2,111 \& 2,234 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 303 \& 346 \& 375 \& 409 \& 442 \& 454 \& <br>
\hline 19,364 \& 20,518 \& 21,355 \& 144 \& 237 \& \& \& 914 \& 57 \& 1,018 \& 1,068 \& 1,101 \& 79 \& 76 \& 127 \& 204 \& 05 \& 337 \& 64 \& 85 \& 401 \& 15 <br>
\hline 58,518 \& 63,958 \& 69,348 \& 456 \& 715 \& 1,168 \& 2,147 \& 3,495 \& 3,813 \& 4,060 \& 4,569 \& 4,912 \& 224 \& 355 \& 567 \& 1,061 \& 1,761 \& 1,861 \& 2,063 \& 2,263 \& 2,431 \& 16 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 2.-Gross Product by Industry,
millions


Selected Years, 1963-86-Continued
of dollars

| 1984 | 188 | 1986 |  |  |  |  | 882 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 198 |  |  | 1986 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Georgi |  |  | entucky |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Suisia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86,213 | 94,121 | 102,922 | 8.570 |  |  |  | 42,2862,1482,1523,3973,1409,9624,6805,2833,5462,5462,2648,7815,4814,4141,0292,9832,89 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,589 \\ 336 \\ 365 \\ 1,488 \\ 1,549 \\ 1,467 \\ 1,081 \\ 949 \\ 613 \\ 687 \\ 1,164 \\ 1820 \\ 171 \\ 169 \\ 606 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,9,92 | 21,53 | 3,002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11, | ${ }_{12,9}$ | 1,10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11,27 | 12,9010 | 14,5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7,02 | 7,7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| th Car |  |  | South Carolina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tennessee |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 7,468 \\ 232 \\ 188 \\ 194 \\ 4,446 \\ 2,491 \\ 1,854 \\ 525 \\ 415 \\ 775 \\ \hline 812 \\ 666 \\ 247 \\ 405 \\ 491 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,670 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,073 |  |  | ${ }^{1,363}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9,674 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| West Virginia |  |  | hwes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Arizon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 885 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,60022525170731798696162547331670943703202175479 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5,364 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rocky Mounta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,077 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,854 |  |  |  |  |  |
| , 40 | , 6,65 | 5,132 |  |  | [1, 5 56 |  |  | ${ }^{39,6665}$ | , | ${ }_{\substack{41,125 \\ 31,296}}$ | 855 | 967 | , 127 | ${ }_{8}$ S,095 | , 16 | ${ }_{\text {6,466 }} \mathbf{4} 86$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7,42 | ${ }_{7} 7,313$ | 7.10 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{15,2022}$ | ${ }_{47,907}^{16,59}$ |  | 48,720 | ,132 | 2,54, | ${ }_{\text {2,887 }}^{12027}$ | ${ }_{\text {r,i81 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {1,233 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underset{3,190}{4,238}$ | ${ }_{2,97}^{4,96}$ | 3,031 |  |  | ${ }_{18,03}$ |  | 20,901 | 23,858 | 25,190 | 24,2 |  | 1,065 | 2,30 | 4,427 | $\underset{\substack{6,290}}{4,990}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,978 | 3,917 |  |  | 6,543 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,900 | 6,342 | 6,00 |  |  | ${ }_{7,249}^{8,96}$ | ${ }_{14,367}^{16,887}$ | ${ }_{30,211}^{30,43}$ | ${ }_{38,282}^{34,04}$ | $\xrightarrow{36,792}$ 37,708 | ${ }^{39,6}$ | ${ }_{48,19}^{41,40}$ | 2,148 | 1, | 3,27 | 7,7 | ${ }^{14,4864} 1$ |  |  |  | 18,9 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,833 | 4,057 | 4,255 |  |  | 4,598 | 8,664 | 15,556 | 17,369 | 18,963 | 20,9 | 22,042 | 1,012 | , | 2,501 | 4,653 | 7,879 |  |  |  | 10,607 | 16 |

Table 2.-Gross Product by Industry,
[Millions


Selected Years, 1963-86-Continued
of dollars]

| 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1963 | 1967 | 1972 | 1977 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1963 | 1967 | 1972 | 1977 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Idaho |  |  | Montana |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Utah |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12,299 | 13,027 | 13,170 | 2,016 | 2,482 | 3,785 | 6,317 | 11,007 | 11,381 | 11,726 | 11,543 | 12,163 | 2,979 | 3,479 | 5,465 | 10,122 | 17,892 | 19,381 | 21,739 | 23,172 | 24,008 | 1 |
| 1,156 | 1,236 | 1,076 119 | 299 | 282 9 | $\begin{array}{r}543 \\ 21 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | ${ }_{43}^{431}$ | 875 43 | 660 78 | ${ }_{5}^{521}$ | 248 57 | 948 | $\begin{array}{r}78 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 106 | 147 12 18 | 191 25 | 340 42 | 302 51 | 338 56 | 317 56 | $\begin{array}{r}349 \\ 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |
| 217 | 217 | . 170 | 76 | 98 | 148 | 423 | 1,334 | 1,169 | 1,159 | 1,079 | 888 | 259 | 137 | 197 | 517 | 1,043 | 914 | 862 | 762 | 625 | 4 |
| ${ }^{414}$ | 424 | 436 | 120 | 139 | 244 | 496 | 1,107 | 1,129 | 1,089 | 1,064 | 1,022 | 158 | 162 | 349 | 774 | ,945 | 1,033 | 1,267 | 1,296 | 1,220 | 5 |
| $\stackrel{1}{1,064}$ | 2,163 1,067 | 2,152 <br> 1,048 | 223 136 | 313 183 | 420 269 | ${ }_{698}^{698}$ | 677 338 | 769 410 | 862 477 | $\begin{array}{r}867 \\ 465 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 881 460 | 617 470 | 600 413 | 840 602 | 1,501 | 2,797 $\mathbf{1 , 9 2 6}$ | 3,026 2,052 | 3,658 | 3,904 2,664 | 3,989 2 | 6 |
| 1,015 | 1,095 | 1,104 | ${ }_{87}$ | 130 | 151 | 246 | 344 | 359 | 385 | 402 | ${ }_{421}^{46}$ | 146 | 187 | $\stackrel{3}{29}$ | ${ }_{463}$ | 1,871 | ${ }^{2} 974$ | 1,138 | 1,240 | 1,320 | 8 |
| 1,305 | 1,381 | 1,380 | 242 | 311 | 435 | 694 | 1,214 | 1,304 | 1,481 | 1,480 | 1,488 | 295 | 370 | 566 | 1,038 | 2,262 | 2.598 | 2,845 | 2,965 | 3,035 | 9 |
| ${ }_{1} 752$ | 758 1819 | 169 1365 | ${ }_{218}^{100}$ | ${ }_{270}^{116}$ | 180 406 | ${ }_{692} 5$ | ${ }_{610}^{610}$ | ${ }_{977}^{631}$ | ${ }_{1}^{697}$ | 6888 | 1.663 | ${ }_{283}^{202}$ |  |  | 7 720 | 1,221 | 1,264 | ${ }_{2}^{1,422}$ | 1,529 |  |  |
| ${ }_{1}^{1,868}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1,982}$ | 2,080 | 200 300 | 378 | 408 | ${ }_{876}^{692}$ | 1,797 | 1,972 | 1,932 | ${ }^{1,943}$ | $\xrightarrow{2,008}$ | 375 | ${ }_{476}$ | 747 788 | 1,405 | 2,567 | ${ }_{2}^{1,868}$ | 3,086 | ${ }_{3,323}$ | 8,574 | 12 |
| 1,677 | 1,849 | 1,980 | 177 | 234 | 372 | 741 | 1,207 | 1,326 | 1,439 | 1,538 | 1,607 | 277 | 351 | 595 | 1,215 | 2,318 | 2,562 | 2,962 | 3,263 | 3,500 | 13 |
| ${ }_{187}^{288}$ | 306 189 | 310 | 53 | 80 66 | 133 | ${ }_{101}^{209}$ | 265 | 283 <br> 135 | 1304 | ${ }_{140}^{325}$ | 322 | 203 | 328 | 445 | ${ }_{111} 6$ | 915 | ${ }_{231}^{992}$ | 1,086 | 1,208 | 1,244 | ${ }_{15}^{14}$ |
| 1,006 | 1,089 | 1,125 | 150 | 186 | 304 | 555 | ${ }_{871}$ | ${ }_{947}^{135}$ | 1,003 | 1,060 | 1,081 | 199 | 299 | 513 | 913 | 1,554 | 1,691 | 1,815 | 1,997 | 2,162 | 16 |
| Far West |  |  | California |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nevada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 577,453 | 625,446 | 672,204 | 65,905 | 88,653 | 132,199 | 227,590 | 372,541 | 408,216 | 456,874 | 496,850 | 533,816 | 1,647 | 2,152 | 3,761 | 7,118 | 13,796 | 14,890 | 16,350 | 17,918 | 19,426 | 1 |
| 11,571 4083 | 11,353 | 11,357 | 1,880 <br> 816 | 2,102 | 3,1883 | 5,385 | 8,188 | 7,238 | ${ }^{8,370}$ | 8,390 | 7,963 3 3 | $\stackrel{32}{4}$ | 34 | ${ }_{10}^{67}$ | 72 | 122 | 114 | 126 | 105 | $\begin{array}{r}110 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |
| 8,346 | 8,120 | [ 6,706 | 899 | 868 | 1,062 | 2,721 | 7,695 | 7,468 | 7,726 | 7,452 | 5,927 | 39 | 35 | 67 | 103 | 342 | 382 | 411 | 451 | 548 | 4 |
| ${ }^{26,155}$ | 28,241 | 31,184 | 3,800 | 4,148 | 6,326 | 11,761 | 15,286 | 16,303 | 19,668 | 21.568 | 23,855 | 167 | 111 | 270 | 585 | 1,123 | 1,115 | 1,216 | 1,309 | 1,505 | 5 |
| 108,944 | 11488 | 120,209 | 14,675 | 19,544 | ${ }^{25,106}$ | 41,544 | 71,250 | 78,499 | 88,697 | ${ }_{64}^{93,772}$ | ${ }_{6}^{97,680}$ | 88 | 114 | 159 | 361 234 294 | 626 <br> 386 | 681 408 | $\begin{array}{r}829 \\ 536 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}896 \\ 569 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ${ }_{583}^{933}$ | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |
| 34,530 | 35,976 | ${ }_{38,111}$ | 5,059 | -6,583 | ${ }_{9}^{16,078}$ | $\stackrel{\text { 26,109 }}{ }$ | 24,524 | ${ }_{26,123}^{52,36}$ | ${ }_{28,640}^{60,0}$ | 64,759 | - 31,584 | ${ }_{83}$ | 38 | 61 | 234 127 | 386 240 | $\stackrel{428}{273}$ | ${ }_{293}$ | 327 | 351 | 8 |
|  | 51,603 |  |  |  |  |  | 29,698 | 33,359 |  |  |  |  |  | 348 | 659 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42,427 | 45,793 | 48,957 | 4,467 | 5,951 | 8,997 | 16,420 | 25,937 | 27,640 | 33,185 | 36,081 | 38,711 | 57 | 69 | 130 | ${ }_{253} 6$ | 1,346 | 1,578 | ${ }^{1,688}$ | ${ }^{1} 789$ | 790 | 10 |
| -59,506 | 64,781 | ${ }^{69,366}$ | 6,958 | 9,296 | ${ }^{13,836}$ | 23,538 | -38,397 | 42,302 | 47,077 | 51,514 | ${ }_{\substack{55,216 \\ 9800}}$ | 166 | 217 | 402 | 784 | 1,394 | 1,457 | 1,624 | 1,787 | 1,907 | 11 |
| 92,683 106,032 | 117,953 | 1168,068 | 10,652 | 12,008 | 23,860 | 41,245 | ${ }_{66,778}^{60,651}$ | 74,657 | 74,384 | 824,833 | 93,790 103,997 | 234 | 327 735 | 528 1,227 | 2,371 2,31 | 1,777 | 5,217 | 2,180 5,723 | 2,441 6,439 | 1,746 $\mathbf{6}, 901$ | 13 |
| 13,164 | 14,212 | 14,436 | 1,726 | 2,552 | 3,771 | 5,530 | 8,280 | 8,994 | 9,705 | 10,544 | 10,742 |  |  | 127 | 175 | 261 | 286 | 320 | 344 | 359 |  |
| 10,613 | 11,389 | 11,626 | 1,522 | 2,155 | 3,525 | 4,460 | 7,570 | 8,100 | 8,602 | 9,217 | 9,406 | 40 | 46 | 107 | 165 | , | 326 | 312 | 307 | 309 | 15 |
| 45,838 | 50,624 | 54,798 | 5,072 | 7,547 | 12,318 | 20,216 | 30,140 | 31,846 | 34,553 | , 38,343 | 41,881 | 94 | 164 | 319 | 576 | 1,120 | 1,179 | 1,230 | 1,341 | 1,426 | 16 |
| Washington |  |  | Alaska |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hawaii |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67,347 | 71,756 | 77,683 | 985 | 1,470 | 2,619 | 7,370 | 19,648 | 20,084 | 20,802 | 21,237 | 19,575 | 2,170 | 3,066 | 5,390 | 9,037 | 14,259 | 15,533 | 16,724 | 17,994 | 19,320 | 1 |
| 1,872 | 1,673 | 2,029 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 20 | 24 | 139 | 132 | 160 | 205 | 325 | ${ }^{336}$ | 355 | 377 | 386 68 | ${ }_{3}$ |
| 149 | 155 | 174 | 21 | 84 | 223 | 722 | 8,720 | 7.478 | 7,450 | 7,638 | 6,530 | 1 | ${ }_{0}$ | 5 | ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r}49 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{5}^{57}$ | ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }_{3}^{62}$ | $\begin{array}{r}68 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 |
| 4,120 | 4,109 | 4,468 | ${ }_{99}^{92}$ | 168 | 294 | 1,401 | 2,367 | 2,938 | 2,929 | 2,500 | 1,981 | 143 | 214 | 416 | 566 | 892 | 987 | 948 | 1,036 | 1,183 |  |
| 7950 | 88,477 |  | 16 | ${ }_{38}^{96}$ | 188 | ${ }_{110}$ | 533 <br> 169 <br> 1 | ${ }_{183}^{665}$ | 183 | ${ }_{179}$ | 184 | ${ }_{34}$ | 231 | ${ }_{79}$ | 562 153 | 110 | 127 | ${ }_{130}$ | 143 | , 154 | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |
| 3,629 | 3,837 | 4,042 | 53 | 59 | 89 | 286 | 364 | 481 | 589 | 684 | 792 | 168 | 187 | 250 | 409 | 603 | 609 | 736 | 801 | 847 | 8 |
|  | 6,329 | 6,661 | 103 | 142 | 237 |  | 1,317 | 1,424 |  |  |  | 190 |  | 532 | 922 |  | 1,517 |  | 1,783 | 1,911 |  |
| 5,681 7 7 |  | 6,243 <br> 8,330 | 31 80 | 514 | ${ }^{85}$ | ${ }_{516}^{232}$ |  |  |  |  | 4900 | 161 | ${ }_{320}^{212}$ | 319 <br> 55 | 447 1035 | ${ }_{1}^{634}$ | 661 1789 | 7 788 | ${ }_{2036}^{803}$ | ${ }_{2}^{841}$ | 10 |
| 9,923 | 10,761 | ${ }^{\text {12,167 }}$ | 116 | 164 | 321 | 898 | 1,470 | 1,621 | 1,686 | 1,784 | 1,805 | 294 | 459 | ${ }_{784}$ | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{1,388}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1,670}$ | 2,775 | 3,022 | 3,398 | 12 |
| 9,833 | 10,767 | 11,687 | 79 | 121 | 221 | 862 | 1,332 | 1,519 | 1,675 | 1,720 | 1,648 | 240 | 383 | 774 | 1,444 | 2,574 | 2,930 | 3,248 | 3,509 | 3,823 | 13 |
|  |  |  | 140 |  | 226 | 383 |  |  |  |  | 640 | 202 |  | 423 | 590 | 932 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,649 | - 1 | -1,751 | 141 89 | $\begin{aligned} & 184 \\ & 153 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{333}^{296}$ | 400 706 | [ 5938 | [ $\begin{array}{r}626 \\ 1,542\end{array}$ | 649 1,669 | 680 1,833 | 711 1,873 | ${ }_{161}^{224}$ | 257 | 628 449 | 964 810 | $\xrightarrow{1,220}$ | 1,5982 | 1,1689 1,349 | $\xrightarrow{1,813} 1$ | 1,848 | 15 16 |

Unregulated distributive and service industries.-For 23 transportation, trade, finance, insurance, and service industries, BEA uses economic census data on business receipts or sales and data on wages and salaries to assign capital charges to States.

Government.-For Federal Government enterprises, BEA uses data specific to each enterprise to assign capital charges-that is, surplus or defi-cit-to States. For State and local government enterprises, BEA uses data on current revenues and expenses, by type of enterprise, from the census of governments to assign the surplus or deficit.
For the nonbenchmark years, capital charges in all industries-except in farming, in real estate, and in manufacturing for 1983 and 1984are interpolated or extrapolated using movement in wages and salaries and
in national control totals. Farm estimates for all years are directly estimated based on U.S. Department of Agriculture data. Real estate estimates for intercensal years are based on data developed in the course of estimating the rental income of persons in the State personal income series. Manufacturing estimates for 1983 and 1984 are based on data from the Census Bureau's Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). As resources permit, BEA expects to incorporate ASM data for additional years (extending backward as well as forward) and other annual data, particularly that contained in regulatory agency reports.

## IBT

For the benchmark years and for the years 1983-85, IBT estimates are based on the following data: (1) Taxes
collected, broken down by State and type of tax, from the census of governments (for State and local IBT) and the Internal Revenue Service (for Federal IBT) and (2) taxes collected, broken down by industry and type of tax for the Nation, from BEA's National Income and Wealth Division. ${ }^{7}$

For the nonbenchmark years prior to 1982, estimates for IBT for all levels of government and types of taxes by industry are interpolated, based on movement in compensation of employees, proprietors' income, and national control totals. In the absence of 1986 information, the 1986 estimates were derived using the 1985 distribution by State.
7. IBT estimates for the years 1982-85 are based on more detailed State data by type of tax ( 25 types of State and local taxes and nearly as many types of Federal taxes) than are the estimates for benchmark years prior to 1982 ( 10 types of State and local taxes and 5 types of Federal taxes).

# International Travel and Passenger Fares, 1987 

TTHE U.S. travel and passenger fare deficit increased 14 percent to $\$ 9.9$ billion in 1987 (table 1). Travel and passenger fare payments of U.S. travelers abroad were $\$ 29.3$ billion, up 18 percent. Receipts from foreign visitors to the United States for travel and passenger fares were $\$ 19.4$ billion, up 21 percent.

The year 1987 evidenced a resurgence in U.S. travel abroad, particularly to Europe, after a marked decline in 1986. Terrorist incidents had depressed travel during the peak midsummer travel season in 1986. Over 6 million U.S. travelers visited Europe in 1987, up 20 percent, despite continued depreciation of the dollar against most major European currencies. The number of foreign visitors to the United States from overseas was up 18 percent to 10.4 million, as continued dollar depreciation encouraged travel to the United States. Visitors from Europe and Japan accounted for most of the increase (chart 3).

Payments of U.S. travelers for travel abroad and receipts from foreign visitors for travel in the United States each increased 19 percent, to $\$ 20.5$ billion and $\$ 14.8$ billion, respectively.
U.S. payments to foreign carriers for transportation to and from the United States increased 18 percent to $\$ 8.8$ billion, largely due to an increase in the number of U.S. travelers to Europe and the Pacific. Forty-four percent of all U.S. citizens' departures were on foreign carriers, compared with 46 percent in 1986. For departures to Europe, the percentage fell to 48 percent from 50 percent. Receipts of U.S. carriers from foreign visitors for transportation to and from the United States increased 28 percent to $\$ 4.6$ billion. Forty-one percent of all foreign visitors used U.S. carriers, compared with 38 percent in 1986.

Table 1.-International Travel and Passenger Fare Transactions
[Millions of dollars]

|  | 1983 r | $1984{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1985{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1986^{\text {r }}$ | 1987 p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total travel and passenger fare payments .. | 19,152 | 22,069 | 23,925 | 24,724 | 29,281 |
| Travel: Payments of U.S. travelers in foreign countries (line 19) Passenger fares: U.S. payments to foreign carriers (line 20) | $\begin{array}{r} 13,149 \\ 6,003 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,020 \\ 7,049 \end{array}$ | 16,040 7,885 | 17,250 7,474 | 20,496 8,785 |
| Total travel and passenger fare receipts. | 14,044 | 14,009 | 14,301 | 16,086 | 19,415 |
| Travel: Receipts from foreign visitors in the United States (line 4)....... | 10,947 | 10,873 | 11,197 | 12,462 | 14,778 |
| visitors to and from the United States (part of line 5) ${ }^{1}$ | 3,097 | 3,136 | 3,104 | 3,624 | 4,687 |
| Net travel and passenger fare payments | 5,108 | 8,060 | 9,624 | 8,638 | 9,866 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary.

1. Excludes fares paid by foreigners to U.S. carriers for transportation between two foreign points.

Norre.-References in parentheses are to lines in tables 1, 2, and 10 of the quarterly presentations of U.S. international
transactions in the March, June, September, and December issues of the Surver or Currknt Busnness.

## U.S. travel abroad

Overseas.-U.S. travel expenditures overseas increased 28 percent to $\$ 13.6$ billion in 1987. Expenditures increased in all geographic areas, particularly in Europe and in South America, which were up 41 percent and 33 percent, respectively (table 2). The total number of U.S. travelers overseas increased 13 percent in 1987.
Travel expenditures in Europe soared to $\$ 7.5$ billion from $\$ 5.3$ billion;
the number of U.S. travelers increased over 1 million to 6.2 million (table 3). Much of the increase in the number of travelers occurred in the spring and summer, largely reflecting a recovery from levels that had been depressed by terrorist incidents in 1986.

Travel expenditures in South America increased 33 percent to $\$ 0.6$ billion; the number of travelers increased 23 percent. The dollar strengthened considerably against

[^6]most major South American currencies, but double- and triple- digit inflation in most of those countries more than offset the appreciation.
Travel expenditures in the Caribbean and Central America increased 9 percent to $\$ 2.3$ billion; the number of travelers increased 6 percent. The currencies of many Caribbean countries are pegged to the dollar, so travel expenditures were not affected significantly by currency changes.
Travel expenditures in "Other areas," primarily the Far East, increased 16 percent to $\$ 3.2$ billion. The number of travelers increased 7 percent despite continued depreciation of the dollar against the currencies of the major destination countries (Japan, Australia, and New Zealand).
Canada ${ }^{1}$.-After years of steady, double-digit growth, U.S. travel expenditures in Canada decreased 3 percent to $\$ 2.9$ billion in 1987 . The decrease was entirely due to a decline in the number of travelers, mainly auto travelers in the spring and summer.

Table 2.-Travel Payments of U.S. Travelers in Foreign Countries, by Area

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1983 r | 1984 r | 1985 r | 1986 r | $1987{ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Total travel <br> payments | 13,149 | 15,020 | 16,040 | 17,250 | 20,496 |
| Canada | 1,995 | 2,228 | 2,503 | 3,030 | 2,949 |
| Mexico... | 3,376 | 3,358 | 3,280 | 3,579 | 3,928 |
| Mexico border area ......... | 1,996 | 2,087 | 2,048 | 2,215 | 2,284 |
| Overseas ........ | 7,778 | 9,434 | 10,257 | 10,641 | 13,619 |
| Europe and Mediterranean ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 4,201 | 5,171 | 5,857 | 5,338 | 7,542 |
| Caribbean and Central America $\qquad$ | 1,428 | 1,786 | 1,830 | 2,120 | 2,320 |
| South America ................ | 408 | 357 | 365 | 425 | 565 |
| Other areas.................... | 1,741 | 2,120 | 2,205 | 2,758 | 3,192 |

## ${ }^{r}$ Revised.

P Preliminary.

1. Includes all European countries, Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Lebanon, Libya, Malta, Morocco, Syria, Tunisia, and urkey.
Nore.-Includes shore expenditures of cruise travelers.
Table 3.-U.S. Travelers Overseas, by Area

| [Thousands] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 r | $1987{ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Total .. | 9,628 | 11,252 | 12,309 | 11,706 | 13,248 |
| Europe and Mediterranean. $\qquad$ | 4,780 | 5,760 | 6,457 | 5,154 | 6,175 |
| Caribbean and Central America | 2,989 | 3,313 | 3,497 | 3,875 | 4,118 |
| South America...... | 535 | 557 | 558 | 624 | 768 |
| Other areas.................... | 1,324 | 1,622 | 1,802 | 2,053 | 2,187 |

## ${ }^{r}$ Revised.

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary
Nors.-Excludes cruise travelers.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, based on data of U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Auto travel to Canada had increased 12. percent to a record level in 1986, partly because of the Vancouver Expo.
Mexico ${ }^{1}$.-U.S. travel expenditures in Mexico increased 10 percent to $\$ 3.9$ billion. Travel expenditures in Mexico's border area increased 3 percent, and expenditures in the interior increased 21 percent. Heavily advertised bargain air and hotel packages

1. Beginning with the estimates for 1983, passenger fare payments to and receipts from Canada and Mexico are excluded from travel payments and receipts and included, more appropriately, in passenger fare payments and receipts. The average annual revision to payments due to this reclassification was $\$ 190$ million for Canada and $\$ 412$ million for Mexico. The average annual revision to receipts was $\$ 504$ million for Canada and $\$ 125$ million for Mexico.

CHART 3

## Overseas Travelers


U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
were probably a major factor, as the number of U.S. travelers to Mexico by air increased 23 percent to just under 3 million. Although the average cost of the Mexican peso fell 56 percent for U.S travelers, the Mexican inflation rate of 132 percent was more than offsetting.

## Foreign travel in the United States

Overseas.-U.S. receipts from overseas visitors increased 21 percent to $\$ 9.5$ billion (table 4). An 18-percent rise in the number of visitors accounted for most of the increase (table 5). Continued dollar depreciation against many currencies made the United States an especially attractive destination. Receipts from all geographic areas increased; receipts from Western Europe showed the strongest growth for the second consecutive year. Receipts from "Other areas," primarily Japan, strengthened considerably.
Travel receipts from Western Europe increased 30 percent to $\$ 3.8$ billion, accounting for 40 percent of all overseas receipts. The number of European visitors increased 25 percent to 4.7 million. Continued appreciation of the currencies of most

Table 4.-U.S. Receipts from Foreign Visitors in the United States, by Area
[Millions of dollars]

|  | 1983 - | 1984 「 | 1985 r | 1986 r | 1987 P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total U.S. travel receipts | 10,947 | 10,873 | 11,197 | 12,462 | 14,778 |
| Canada...................... | 2,707 | 2,612 | 2,571 | 2,689 | 3,252 |
| Mexico. | 1,951 | 1,905 | 2,013 | 1,942 | 2,036 |
| U.S. border area............ | 1,457 | 1,519 | 1,595 | 1,558 | 1,578 |
| Overseas ...... | 6,289 | 6,356 | 6,613 | 7,881 | 9,490 |
| Western Europe ........ | 2,157 | 2,229 | 2,263 | 2,924 | 3,812 |
| Caribbean and Central America | 684 | 604 | 633 | 702 | 810 |
| South America ....... | 1,091 | 879 | 921 | 1,113 | 1,161 |
| Other areas............... | 2,357 | 2,644 | 2,796 | 3,092 | 3,707 |
| ${ }^{r}$ Revised. <br> P Preliminary. |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.-Foreign Visitors to the United States from Overseas, by Area
[Thousands]

|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total........................... | 7,873 | 7,527 | 7,538 | 8,860 | 10,434 |
| Europe............................... | 3,020 | 2,981 | 2,905 | 3,722 | 4,663 |
| Caribbean and Central America | 1,218 | 996 | 1,014 | 1,104 | 1,241 |
| South America ................... | 1,055 | 771 | 782 | 944 | 935 |
| Other areas... | 2,580 | 2,779 | 2,837 | 3,090 | 3,595 |
| Nors.-Data are not adjusted for multiple entries on a single trip. <br> Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, based on data of U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

major European countries against the dollar encouraged European travel to the United States.
Travel receipts from other areas also increased. Receipts from the Caribbean and Central America increased 15 percent to $\$ 0.8$ billion; the number of visitors increased 12 percent. Receipts from South America increased 4 percent to $\$ 1.2$ billion; the number of visitors decreased 1 percent. Receipts from "Other areas," primarily the Far East, increased 20 percent to $\$ 3.7$ billion. The number of
visitors increased 16 percent, compared with a 9 -percent increase in 1986. For visitors from Japan, the origin of the largest number of overseas visitors, the average cost of a U.S. dollar fell 17 percent.

Canada.-After 3 years of essentially unchanged U.S. receipts from Canadian travelers, receipts increased 21 percent to $\$ 3.3$ billion in 1987. The increase was due to a 19 -percent rise in auto travel and a small increase in average expenditures. The rise in auto travel was encouraged by a 5 -
percent depreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Canadian dollar.

Mexico.-U.S. travel receipts from Mexico increased 5 percent to $\$ 2.0$ billion. Receipts in the U.S. border area were up 1 percent to $\$ 1.6$ billion. Receipts in the U.S. interior were up 19 percent to $\$ 0.5$ billion, largely due to a 15-percent increase in the number of Mexican visitors. The increase in visitors occurred even though the cost of U.S. travel, in terms of the Mexican peso, more than doubled from the previous year.

# U.S. Business Enterprises Acquired or Established by Foreign Direct Investors in 1987 

OUTLAYS by foreign direct investors to acquire or establish U.S. business enterprises decreased to $\$ 30.5$ billion in 1987, from a record $\$ 39.2$ billion in 1986. Despite the decrease, outlays remained substantially higher than before 1986 (table 1). ${ }^{1}$ Dollar depreciation, continued U.S. real economic growth, corporate restructuring in the United States, availability of large dollar holdings in several developed countries with trade surpluses, and the ongoing strategy of several large foreign multinational companies to expand beyond their home markets all continued to encourage U.S. investments by foreigners.

Note.-James L. Bomkamp, Chief, Direct Investment in the United States Branch, International Investment Division, supervised the survey from which these data are drawn. Joseph F. Cherry III was project leader for editing and processing the forms. D. Richard Mauery and Kimberly Joseph designed the computer programs for data retrieval and analysis.

[^7]Table 1.-Investment Outlays, Investments, and Investors, 1981-87

|  | Outlays (millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | $1986{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1987 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 + | $1987{ }^{p}$ |
| Investments, total ................... | 23,219 | 10,817 | 8,091 | 15,197 | 23,106 | 39,177 | 30,543 | 1,382 | 1,108 | 775 | 764 | 753 | 1,040 | 557 |
| Acquisitions ......................... | 18,151 | 6,563 | 4,848 | 11,836 | 20,083 | 31,450 | 25,603 | 462 | 395 | 299 | 315 | 390 | 555 | 306 |
| Establishments................... | 5,067 | 4,254 | 3,244 | 3,361 | 3,023 | 7,728 | 4,939 | 870 | 713 | 476 | 449 | 363 | 485 | 251 |
| Investors, total. | 23,219 | 10,817 | 8,091 | 15,197 | 23,106 | 39,177 | 30,543 | 1,521 | 1,218 | 850 | 831 | 817 | 1,121 | 608 |
| Foreign direct investors...... | 6,158 | 3,954 | 2,528 | 4,181 | 4,225 | 8,602 | 9,024 | 979 | 720 | 460 | 434 | 320 | 476 | 279 |
| U.S. affiliates ..................... | 17,060 | 6,863 | 5,564 | 11,016 | 18,881 | 30,575 | 21,518 | 542 | 498 | 390 | 397 | 497 | 645 | 329 |

The easing of outlays in 1987 was partly due to changes in U.S. tax law under the Tax Reform Act of 1986. The legislation caused a surge of investments in the fourth quarter of 1986, as buyers and sellers accelerated investment transactions they otherwise might have made in 1987; they did so to avoid certain tax provisions that were to become effective January 1, 1987, and that were relatively less favorable to merger and acquisition activity. (For a discussion, see the year-earlier article in the May 1987 Survey, pages 28-29.)
The substantially higher levels of outlays in 1986 and 1987, compared with earlier years, partly reflect an increase in the number of very large investments (table 2). Investments of $\$ 1.0$ billion or more accounted for

> Only summary data are published in this article. A set of 21 supplementary tables containing additional detail for 1986 and 1987 on the number of investments and investors, investment outlays, and selected operating data for the U.S. business enterprises acquired or established is available for $\$ 5.00$ from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, U.S. Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell St., P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, Georgia 30384 . When ordering, refer to the "BE13 Supplementary Tables" for the May 1988 Survey article, Accession No. BEA IID $88-105$ and make checks payable to Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA.

Table 2.-Number of Investments by Size of Outlays, 1981-87

|  | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | $1987{ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total..................... | 1,3323342061,089 | 1,1,08 | 775 | 764 | 753 | 1,040 | 557 |
| \$1 billion or more........ |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 6 |
| $\$ 100$ million - $\$ 999$ million |  | 18 | 11 | 31 | 33 | 63 | 47 |
| \$10 million - \$99 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| million..................... |  | 191 | 156 | 176 | 228 | 324 | 168 |
| Less than \$10 million.. |  | 898 | 608 | 557 | 490 | 648 | 336 |

more than one-fourth of total outlays in 1986 and nearly one-third of total outlays in 1987.
The total number of investments in 1987 was 557 , compared with 1,040 in 1986. However, the 1987 figure will be revised upward to include late reports; thus, the decrease from 1986 will be smaller than these preliminary data indicate. The revisions for investment outlays (the cost to investors of the ownership interests acquired or established) will probably be smaller than those for numbers of investments, because most of the late reports are expected to be for investments involving less than $\$ 10$ million of outlays. For 1986 , preliminary data were revised up 63 percent for the number of investments and 24 percent for outlays. Revised data for 1987 and preliminary data for 1988 will be published at this time next year.

A combination of factors continued to make U.S. businesses attractive to foreigners seeking investments in 1987. First, further dollar deprecia-
tion against several major currencies probably had a net positive effect. Dollar depreciation lowers the cost of U.S. assets, but it also lowers the foreign currency value of income from investments in the United States. Because of these offsetting effects, small fluctuations in the value of the dollar may not significantly influence direct investment. However, in the face of sharp dollar depreciation, foreign firms may tend to shift operations to the United States to maintain their U.S. market share. In this way, they may be able to avoid price increases to their U.S. consumers because their expenses, as well as their sales, would be denominated in dollars. Second, favorable economic conditions in the

United States, particularly moderate inflation and continued expansion of business activity, also contributed to the high level of outlays. Third, the continuation of U.S. corporate restructuring, which began several years ago, has made more U.S. businesses available for foreign purchase. In an effort to become more efficient, many U.S. corporations have streamlined operations by selling off unprofitable units or units unrelated to their main lines of business. Fourth, the trade surpluses of several major developed countries have provided them with substantial funds to invest in the United States. Fears of U.S. protectionist measures in the face of these surpluses may have encouraged
foreigners to produce in, rather than export to, the United States. Finally, the ongoing strategy of a number of large foreign multinational companies to expand beyond their home markets and enhance their technological knowledge has led to acquisitions of U.S. businesses.

The next section of this article discusses investment transactions by industry and country; the last section presents selected data on the operations of the U.S. businesses acquired or established. Information from outside sources, mainly press reports, has been used to supplement BEA's analysis.

Table 3.-Outlays by Type of Investment and Investor, by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1986-87
[Millions of dollars]

|  | 1986 r |  |  |  |  | 1987 p |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | By type of investment |  | By type of investor |  | Total | By type of investment |  | By type of investor |  |
|  |  | Acquisitions | Establishments | Foreign direct investors | U.S. affiliates |  | Acquisitions | Establishments | Foreign direct investors | U.S. affiliates |
| All industries..... | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{3 9 , 1 7 7} \\ \mathbf{9 3 9} \\ \mathbf{1 , 0 3 5} \end{array}$ | 31,450 | 7,728 | 8,602 | 30,575 | 30,543 | 25,603 | 4,939 | 9,024 | 21,518 |
| Mining ................................................................................ |  | 931 |  |  | 939 |  | 739 |  | 494 | 278 |
| Petroleum .......................................................................................... |  | - 96216,082 | 73 |  | 314 |  |  | (D) | 480 | 235 |
| Manufacturing. <br> Food and kindred products. | 16,772 |  |  |  | 13,456 | 16,270 | 15,5183,977 | 752$\therefore \quad 0$ | 3,787 | 12,483(1) |
|  | 1,007 |  |  | $216$ | 791 | 3,977 |  |  | (D) |  |
| Chemicals and allied products............. | $\begin{array}{r} 7,063 \\ 4,274 \\ 942 \\ 140 \\ 653 \\ 1,055 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,053 \\ 4,269 \\ 940 \\ 140 \\ 653 \\ \mathbf{6 5 3} \\ \mathbf{1 , 0 5 1} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 840 \\ 46 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D5 } \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,224 \\ 4,228 \\ \mathbf{4} \mathbf{P}) \\ 55 \\ 5(\mathcal{O}) \\ (\mathcal{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,984 \\ 2,980 \\ 85 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 918 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,878 \\ (0) \\ 85 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ (\mathrm{P}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 106 \\ \text { (0) } \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 6427(P)000( $)$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,920 \\ 2,953 \\ (1) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \left({ }^{(1)}\right. \end{array}$ |
| Industrial chemicals and synthetics................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural chemicals................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other ......................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary and fabricated metals <br> Primary metal industries. <br> Fabricated metal products. | $\begin{aligned} & 776 \\ & 323 \\ & 453 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 658 \\ (\mathbb{D}) \\ \left(D_{1}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118 \\ (D) \\ (D) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 414 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 362 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{gathered}$ | 948 988 850 | $\begin{array}{r} 796 \\ (D) \\ (D) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 152 \\ (0) \\ (P) \end{array}$ | 488 (0) (1) | 459 (0) (1) |
| Machinery .... | $\begin{array}{r} 2,426 \\ 548 \\ 1,877 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,374 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & (\mathbf{D}, \\ & (D) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 755 \\ & 141 \\ & 614 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,671 \\ 407 \\ 1,264 \end{array}$ | 2,004$\mathbf{6 4 3}$1,361 |  | (1) | 1,182(1)() | 822(0)(0) |
| Machinery, except electrical .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other manufacturing... | $\begin{array}{r} 5,500 \\ \left({ }^{(0)}\right. \\ (0) \\ 1,319 \\ 1,331 \\ 167 \\ 665 \\ 576 \\ 1,105 \\ 173 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ 1,019 \end{array}$ |  | 1,091 | 4,408 | 1,857416 |  |  | () | (D) |
| Textile products and apparel Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures....................... |  |  | 0 | 42 |  |  | (D) | 0 | (D) | 0 |
| Printing and pubtishing.... |  | 1,201 | 130 | ${ }_{\text {(P) }}^{94}$ | 1,237 | 177 | 177 | 0 | 0 | 177 |
| Rubber and plastics products.... |  |  | ()) |  | (D) | 1,012 |  | (1) |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products...... |  | 665309 | 0266 | 1 | 665322 |  | 1,024 |  | 482 | 1,130 |
| Transportation equipment.............................................. |  |  |  | (D) |  | 337 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (1) |
| Instruments and related products.......................................................................... |  | 1,099 | ${ }_{(0)}^{6}$ |  | (1) | 480 | (D) | (D) | (0) | (D) |
| Wholesale trade..................................................................... | 1,640 | 1,583 | 56 | 1,013 | 627 | 349 | 326 | 24 | 99 |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment $\qquad$ Metals and minerals, except petroleum $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2} \\ \mathbf{( D )} \\ \mathbf{6 7 0} \\ \mathbf{( O )} \\ \mathbf{( O} 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ (\mathbb{P}) \\ 626 \\ (0) \\ 948 \end{array}$ | 034409 | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ \left({ }^{(0)}\right. \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ { }^{(0)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ (\mathbb{D}) \\ (\mathbb{N}) \\ \text { (D) } \\ (\mathbb{D}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 200 \\ 200 \\ (0) \\ 117 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 0 \\ 213 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}$ | 0(0)70(0) | 0080800(1) |  |
| Other durable goods.......................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm product raw materials................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurable goods..................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade. | $\begin{array}{r} 5,249 \\ 347 \\ 4,902 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,197 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & (\mathbb{D}) \\ & (\mathrm{D}) \end{aligned}$ | 265(D)(D) | 4,983(D)(D)(1) | $\begin{array}{r} 682 \\ 64 \\ 618 \end{array}$ | 681 | 2 | (1)(D)(1) | (D)(D)(1) |
| Food stores and eating \& drinking places. Retail trade, nec. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 617 | 1 |  |  |
| Banking | 288 | (D) | (P) | 58 | 230 | 667 | 562 | 105 | 105 | 562 |
| Finance, except banking. | 1,781 | 672 <br> ( $\left.{ }^{\text {D }}\right)$ | 1,109 | 760 | 1,021 | 1,201 | 981 | 220 | 933 | 268 |
| Insurance... | 1,668 |  | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 138 | 1,530 | 116 | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | (1) | (P) | (D) |
| Real estate... | 5,171 | $372$ | 4,800 | 1,440 | 3,731 | 2,861 | 391 | 2,470 | 562 | 2,298 |
| Other industries ................................................................ | 4,635 | 3,798 | 837 | 891 | 3,744 | 6,910 | 6,067 | 843 | 2,139 | 4,772 |
| Agriculture ................................................................---- |  | 61 | 97 |  |  | 162 89 | 130 0 | 88 | (0) | (1) |
| Construction ............................. | 62 | (P) | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 7 |  | 177 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Transportation .......... | 83 | (D) | (b) | (D) | (1) | ( ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | (D) | (0) | (P) | (D) |
| Communication and public utilities ................................ |  |  | ${ }_{706}$ | 757 | 3, (D) | 6,080 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 622 | 1,888 | (8) |
| Services........................................................................... | 4,276 | 3,010 |  |  | 3,020 |  |  |  | 1,888 | 4,101 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

## Investment Transactions

As in the past, most outlays in 1987 were for the acquisition of existing U.S. businesses rather than for the establishment of new ones. Foreign investors spent $\$ 25.6$ billion to acquire 306 existing U.S. businesses and $\$ 4.9$ billion to establish 251 new U.S. businesses (table 3). By type of investor, $\$ 21.5$ billion of total outlays were by existing foreign-owned U.S. affiliates and $\$ 9.0$ billion were by the foreign direct investors themselves.

## Industry

By industry of the U.S. business acquired or established, outlays in manufacturing, at $\$ 16.3$ billion, were largest (table 4). Within manufacturing, outlays were largest in chemicals and food, each at $\$ 4.0$ billion, and in "other manufacturing," at $\$ 5.4$ billion. Outlays in chemicals have been large since 1985 and have been mostly by European investors. Following the recession years of the early 1980's, several U.S. chemical companies have sought to restructure by selling off unprofitable units or units unrelated to their main lines of business. Restructuring in the United States coincided with the shift by some European chemical companies from the production of low-profit bulk chemicals to high-profit items such as pharmaceuticals and specialty chemicals. These companies were particularly attracted to the United States because of strong demand and advanced technology in its specialty chemical market.
A large share of total outlays in chemicals was accounted for by the acquisition of a New York-based manufacturer of synthetic fibers and other chemicals by the U.S. affiliate of a large German chemical and pharmaceutical company. The acquisition was approved by the Federal Trade Commission after the Commission required a substantial divestiture of the U.S. company's polyester fiber operations in order to avoid reduced competition in that industry. In another transaction, a New York-based specialty chemical company was acquired by a Japanese chemical company, so that the latter could expand its current range of chemical products and gain access to the U.S. market.
Outlays in the food industry were mostly for acquisitions of U.S. beverage manufacturers. The wine and
liquor business of a large North Caro-lina-based manufacturer of food, beverage, and tobacco products was acquired by a British beverage manufacturer. The acquisition made the company one of the largest wine and liquor concerns in the world and gave it a more diversified product and geographical range. The U.S. company sold the unit in order to concentrate on its food and tobacco businesses. In another transaction, a Wisconsinbased brewer was acquired by a large Australian brewer. Before agreeing to the acquisition, the U.S. company, one of Wisconsin's largest employers, sought assurance from the foreign company that operating autonomy and existing employees' jobs would be retained in order to avoid undue harm to the local economy.

Outlays in "other manufacturing," as in foods, were mostly accounted for by two large transactions. In the first, a New Jersey-based manufacturer of consumer goods and aircraft equipment was acquired by the U.S. subsidiary of a British manufacturing conglomerate. In the second, the tire unit of an Ohio-based manufacturer of aerospace and automotive parts was acquired by a German manufacturer. Recently, strong profits in the tire industry have increased the industry's attractiveness to foreigners. Higher profits have resulted from increased demand for automobile tires and from reduction in excess capacity by the U.S. companies.

Outlays were also large, at $\$ 2.0$ billion, in machinery. They were mostly for the acquisition of the consumer

Table 4.-Investment Outlays by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1981-87
[Millions of dollars]

electronics business of a large U.S. company by a large French electronics company. The business was sold in return for the foreign company's medical equipment business and cash. The transaction gave the U.S. company access to foreign medical equipment markets that complement its domestic hospital and laboratory equipment business.

Outside manufacturing, outlays were largest in "other industries," real estate, and finance. Outlays in "other industries," at $\$ 6.9$ billion, were concentrated in services. A large

Illinois-based temporary-employment company was acquired by a smaller British employment-service company. In another large transaction, a U.S. hotel chain was acquired by a British hotel operator that wanted a share of the profitable U.S. tourist business. The chain was sold as part of its U.S. parent company's plan to divest all of its nonairline assets. A third transaction involved the acquisition by a Bermuda company of a New York-based firm that provides business and home security services. The foreign compa-ny-a provider of diversified cleaning,

Table 5.-Investment Outlays by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1981-87 [Millions of dollara]

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

food, and security services-bought the U.S. company to increase its U.S. market share in the security service industry.

Outlays in real estate, at $\$ 2.9$ billion, were down from a record $\$ 5.2$ billion in 1986. Outlays by Japanese investors were large in both years; in 1986, they had accounted for nearly three-quarters of the total in real estate. (See the next section of this article for more details.)

In finance, outlays were $\$ 1.2$ billion. A large Japanese life insurance company acquired a minority stake in a New York-based brokerage concern. The acquisition reflects the continued globalization of the financial services industry. It will strengthen the U.S. company's capital position and its ability to expand into other financial markets. The Japanese company will benefit from the U.S. company's investment management skills.

Outlays were $\$ 0.8$ billion in mining and $\$ 0.7$ billion in petroleum. In mining, a Colorado-based gold producer was acquired by an Australian company. In petroleum, a Texas-based refinery was acquired by a Venezuelan government-owned petroleum company.

In retail and wholesale trade, outlays were $\$ 0.7$ billion and $\$ 0.3$ billion, respectively. In retail trade, a retailer of television and audio products was acquired by a British retailer of similar products. In wholesale trade, a wholesaler of plumbing and heating equipment was acquired by a British wholesaler.

## Country

By country of ultimate beneficial owner (UBO), European UBO's accounted for $\$ 19.5$ billion, or 64 percent, of total outlays (tables 5, 6A, and 6 B$).{ }^{2}$ Most of these outlays were accounted for by British UBO'S. In addition to the general factors mentioned earlier that contributed to overall outlays, the outlays by British UBO'S also reflected the substantial

[^8]cash holdings of several of these companies. Four of the six 1987 acquisitions that exceeded $\$ 1.0$ billion were British-the North Carolina-based wine and liquor manufacturer, the New Jersey-based manufacturer of consumer goods and aircraft equipment, the Illinois-based temporaryemployment company, and the hotel chain (all mentioned earlier).

UBO's in Germany, France, and Switzerland also made large outlays. For each country, a single UBO accounted for most of the outlays. For Germany, the UBO was the previously mentioned German chemical and pharmaceutical company whose U.S. affiliate acquired a chemical company. For France, it was the previously mentioned French electronics company that acquired the consumer electronics business of a large U.S. company. For Switzerland, the UBO was a Swiss manufacturer of confectionary products that acquired a U.S. manufacturer of similar products.

Outside Europe, outlays by Japanese UBO'S were the largest and were concentrated in real estate and "other industries." However, the two largest single acquisitions were in chemicals and finance; they consisted of the previously mentioned New York-based specialty chemical company and the brokerage concern.

Last year, outlays for U.S. real estate by Japanese UBO's remained near the record 1986 level. Continued appreciation of the yen against the dollar, which reduced the purchase price of real estate to Japanese investors, was an important factor. Also contributing was the substantial increase in Japanese real estate prices in recent years, which widened the gap between after-tax yields on U.S.
and Japanese real estate investments. (For more detail about Japanese investments in U.S. real estate, see the year-earlier article in the May 1987 Survey, page 31.)

More than one-half of the Japanese investors' total outlays in real estate in 1987 were for New York City office buildings. In one transaction, a Japanese development and real estate company acquired a large office building from a U.S. real estate concern and the land beneath the building from two Manhattan developers. In another transaction, several floors of two office buildings, previously owned by a large bank, were acquired by a Japanese insurer. In a third transaction, the headquarters building of a U.S. petroleum company was acquired by a U.S. real estate affiliate of a Tokyo company that has acquired several other New York properties in recent years. The U.S. company, in an effort to cut costs, moved its headquarters to Virginia.

Outlays by Japanese UBO's were also sizable in "other industries." The outlays were mostly for hotels in Hawaii and in the Southwestern United States. The Japanese have been especially interested in Hawaiian investments, partly because of Hawaii's relatively large Japanese population and relative proximity to Japan.

Outlays by Australian UBO's were mostly accounted for by the previously mentioned UBO that acquired a Wisconsin-based brewer. Outlays by Canadian UBO's were down sharply from 1986, when a large department store and specialty chain was acquired by the U.S. affiliate of a Canadian real estate developer. In 1987, the two largest transactions were the
acquisitions of a North Carolina-based denim cloth manufacturer by a Canadian manufacturer of woven products and of the architectural hardware unit of a Pittsburgh-based hardware manufacturer by a Canadian company.

## Selected Operating Data

Total assets of the U.S. businesses acquired or established in 1987 were $\$ 111.2$ billion, up from $\$ 71.8$ billion in 1986 (tables 7A and 7B).
U.S. businesses acquired in 1987 had assets of $\$ 101.7$ billion. The assets were mostly in finance and were largely accounted for by the acquisition mentioned earlier of a New Yorkbased brokerage company by a Japanese insurer. Assets were second largest in manufacturing. Two acquisi-tions-the purchase of the chemical company by a German UBO and the consumer goods and aircraft equipment company by a British UBO-accounted for most of the total.

Acquired businesses had 331,373 employees. The acquired company with the largest number of employees was the previously mentioned hotel chain that was purchased by a British hotel operator. Acquired businesses owned 177,979 acres of U.S. land. The largest acreage obtained in a single transaction was by a Bermuda UBO that acquired a minority stake in a U.S. steel company.
U.S. businesses established in 1987 had assets of $\$ 9.6$ billion, employed 15,083 workers, and owned 138,550 acres of U.S. land. Most of the acres were owned by businesses in mining, petroleum, and real estate.

Table 6A.-Investment Outlays, Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1986
[Millions of dollars]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { industires } \end{gathered}$ | Mining | $\begin{gathered} \text { Petrole- } \\ \text { um } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Manufac } \\ \text { turing } \end{gathered}$ | Whole sale trade | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Retail } \\ & \text { trade } \end{aligned}$ | Banking | Finance except banking | $\underset{\substack{\text { Insur- } \\ \text { ance }}}{ }$ | Real estate | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All countries. | 39,177 | 939 | 1,035 | 16,772 | 1,640 | 5,249 | 288 | 1,781 | 1,668 | 5,171 | 4,635 |
| Canada. | 6,503 | ${ }^{(0)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1,392 | () | (1) | 0 | (P) | () | 298 | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Europe... | 21,126 | 461 | 256 | 13,051 | 1,275 | 1,293 | 62 | 424 | 1,500 | 1,257 | 1,547 |
| European Communities (12)....... | 19,034 | 461 | (e) | 11,277 | (0) | 1,293 | (P) | 423 | 1,500 | 1,135 | 1,439 |
| Belgium................................. | 414 | (0) | (e) | 161 | (8) | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 124 | ${ }^{2}$ |
| Denmark.......... | 2,491 | 0 | (0) | 2,166 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 17 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 42 | 119 |
|  | 1,351 | (0) | (0) | 495 | (0) | (P) | 0 | (0) | $0$ | 85 | 17 |
| Greece.......... | 1.28 | 0 | 0 | 1298 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 |
| Italy ............ | 166 | 0 | 0 | (P) | $\left({ }^{\circ}\right.$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | (0) |
| Luxembourg.... | ${ }^{(0)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | ( ) |
| Potheriands ............. | 4,700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | 28 | ${ }_{4}$ | ${ }_{0}$ | $\begin{gathered} (0) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 250 | 12 |
|  | 8,572 | 419 | ${ }_{8}^{0}$ | 3,888 | 783 | $\stackrel{0}{(0)}$ | ${ }_{(0)}^{(0)}$ | 314 | ${ }^{(0)}$ | (585 | 1,133 |
| Other Europe...... | 2,092 | 0 | (0) | 1,774 | (P) | 0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | 122 | 108 |
| Austria........... |  | 0 | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 1 |
| Finland... | 29 | 0 | 0 | (1) |  | 0 | 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 |
| Norway .......... | 15 | 0 | 0 | (e) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | ${ }^{(P)}$ | (1) |
| Sweden......... | 1,310 | 0 | 0 | 1,216 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | (1) | (0) |
|  | (1) | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 |  |  |  |
| Japan ... | 5,416 | (P) | 47 | 1,025 | 55 | 26 | () | () | 0 | 2,771 | 612 |
| Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa... | 3,437 | (P) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 592 | (P) | 102 | 19 | () | () | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | () |
| Latin America. | 771 | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (P) | 13 | 0 | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | ()) | () | 99 | 182 |
| South and Central America .... | 397 |  | (1) | (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Argentina ........................... | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | $0$ |  |  |
| Mexico..................................... | 72 | 0 | 0 | (0) | $\left(^{0}\right)$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |  | (1) |
| Panama............................. | 12 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| Venezuela............................. | (1) | 0 | (P) | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 | ${ }_{3}^{0}$ | (2) |
| Other............................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Western Hemisphere ........ | 375 | 0 |  | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 274 | 0 | (P) | 3 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Netherlands Antilles... | (0) | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{3}^{(\mathcal{P})}$ | 0 |
| United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean Other. $\qquad$ | (0) | 0 |  |  | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 |  | 0 | $0_{0}^{0}$ | ${ }_{0}^{3}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |
| Middle East. | 680 |  |  | 392 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| grael |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |
| Kuwait | 87 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 21 | 0 |
| Lebanon ................................. | (*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 0 |
|  | 139 | 0 | (0) | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 67 |  |
|  | (0) | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 0 | (0) | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (9) |  |
| Other Africa, Asia, and Pacific. |  |  |  | 201 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Africa .........i. | (8) | 0 | 330 |  | 4 | 0 | (0) | (0) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{16}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ |
| Ohorg Kong........................................... | 599 | 0 | 2 | 72 | 3 | 0 | () |  | $0$ | (0) | 1 |
| Philippines ...................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 |  |
|  | 182 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 0 | ${ }_{(0)}^{128}$ | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 104 | ${ }_{0}$ |
| United States........... | ()) | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | 878 | 0 | (®) | (P) | 8 | 0 | 4 | ( $)$ | (P) | 106 | 6 |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

- Less than $\$ 500,000$.

1. See footnote 1 , table 5 .

Nors.-Data for 1986 are revised. Where more than one investor participated in a given investment, each investor and each investor's outlays are classified by the country of each individual ment, each investor and eat
ultimate beneficial owner.

Table 6B.-Investment Outlays, Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1987
[Millions of dollars]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { industires } \end{gathered}$ | Mining | Petrole- um | Manufac- turing | Whole sale trade | Retail trade | Banking | Finance except banking | Insurance | Real estate | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All countries. | 30,543 | 772 | 715 | 16,270 | 349 | 682 | 667 | 1,201 | 116 | 2,861 | 6,910 |
| Canada. | 849 | () | 0 | 627 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1 | (1) | 75 | 41 |
| Europe.... | 19,502 | 275 | 119 | 13,000 | 300 | 498 | 340 | 234 | 9 | 240 | 4,486 |
| European Communities (12). | 17,849 | 275 | 117 | 11,802 | 212 | 498 | 335 | 226 |  | 186 | 4,189 |
| Belgium. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Denmark........... | (D) | 0 | 0 | (1) | 0 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | ${ }^{0}$ |
| France.......... | 4,675 | 9 | (0) | 1,642 | 2 | 3 | 0 | (1) | 0 | 30 | 6 |
| Greece...... | (*) | 0 | 0 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ireland........... | (e) | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 |
| Italy.................. | 229 | 0 | 1 | ( ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(0)}$ | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{(0)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 7 |
| Netherlands ................ | 161 | 0 | (P) | 41 | 6 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 88 | 16 |
| Portugal................................................................................ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 11,491 | 242 | (P) | 5,849 | 195 | ${ }_{(0)}$ | 335 | 206 | 9 | 49 | 4,122 |
| Other Europe........... | 1,653 | 0 | 2 | 1,198 | 88 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 55 | 297 |
| Austria........ | ${ }^{6}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 5 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | 1 |
|  | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | $0$ | $24$ | 1 |
| Norway .............................................................................. | (0) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | (1) |
| Sweden........... | 1,332 | 0 | 0 | 948 | (e) | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{6}$ | 0 | ${ }_{26}$ |  |
|  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Japan ...................... | 5,280 | 0 | (1) | 980 | 17 | (1) | 100 | 855 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 2,125 | 1,142 |
| Australia. New Zealand, and South Africa... | 2,418 | (P) | 3 | 1,330 | 0 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | 13 | 0 | 293 | 173 |
| Latin America... | 1,296 | 0 | (9) | (0) | (P) | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 | 65 | 770 |
| South and Central America ............................................................... | 195 | 0 | (0) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Argentina | (0) | 0 | 0 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |
|  | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Panama........................................................................... | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | (0) |
|  | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(0)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Western Hemisphere. | 1,101 | 0 | 0 | (1) |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Bahamas. |  | 0 | 0 |  | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Bermuda..........i.i.................... | 804 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{76}$ |
|  | (0) | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (2) | 0 |
| Other ...................................................... | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Middle East.... | 737 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 227 | 5 | 0 | $50$ | ${ }^{0}$ |
| Other................................ | 681 | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 227 | 5 | 0 | 0 | (1) |
|  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Saudi Arabia............................................... | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | a | 0 | 48 | 2 |
|  | 6 | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |
| Other Africa, Asia, and Pacific.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Africa ...... | ( ) | 0 | (0) |  | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | ${ }^{0}$ |
| ther Asia and Pacinc........ | 314 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | $\stackrel{11}{1}$ | $($ |
| Philippines ................................................................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 |
|  | (P) | ${ }_{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | (0) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (0) |
| United States... | (0) | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Addendum-OPEC 1................................................................................ | 886 | 0 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 227 | (1) | 0 | 48 | $\left({ }^{\text {P }}\right.$ |

${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than \$500,000.

1. See footnote 1 , table 5.

Nort.-Data for 1987 are preliminary. Where more than one investor participated in a given vidual ultimate beneficial owner.

Table 7A.-Total Assets, Sales, Net Income, Employment, and Acres of Land Owned by U.S. Business Enterprises Acquired or Established, by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1986
[Millions of dollars or number]

|  | Total assets of all U.S. enterprises acquired orestablished established | U.S. business enterprises acquired |  |  |  |  | U.S. business enterprisea established |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {Total }}^{\text {Tosets }}$ | Salea ${ }^{1}$ | Net income | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { employees } \end{gathered}$ | Number of acres of land owned | Total assets | Sales | Net incom | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { ofployees } \end{gathered}$ | Number of acres of land owned |
| All industries. | 71,789 | 57,694 | 49,108 | 1,032 | 418,965 | 1,591,259 | 14,095 | 3,668 | 136 | 19,046 | 146,994 |
| Mining . | 1,419 | 1,412 | 847 | 37 | 6,828 | 68,542 | 7 | 1 | -2 | (P) | (1) |
| Petroleum .... | 6,935 | 6,835 | 8,947 | 146 | 9,835 | 18,780 | 100 | (1) | -7 | 112 | 0 |
| Manufacturing. | 19,884 | 18,667 | 20,861 | 517 | 183,890 | 1,029,783 | 1,217 | 1,369 | 14 | 7,712 | 2,758 |
| Food and kindred products.. | 1,211 | 1,193 | 1,987 | 55 | 9,771 | 5,635 | 18 | 28 | (*) | 213 | 68 |
| Chemicals and allied products. Industrial chemicals and synthetics | 6,703 4,412 | 6,692 | $\stackrel{4,954}{3,124}$ | 172 65 | 36,565 23,796 | 25,631 14,977 | ${ }_{(1)}^{11}$ | (*) | -2 | (8) | 0 |
| Drugs............................................. | 4,581 | 579 | -189 | ${ }_{27}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1,546}$ | 14,105 | 2 | (*) | (*) | (9) | 0 |
|  | 124 | 124 | 59 556 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 18 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{7}^{1,986}$ | 42 9.938 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 876 |  | 1,026 | 59 | 1,913 | 9,569 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Primary and fabricated metals <br> Primary metal industries. <br> Fabricated metal products | $\begin{array}{r} 1,023 \\ 540 \\ 483 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 755 \\ \mathbf{7 5} \\ \text { (O) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,396 \\ 891 \\ 506 \end{array}$ | 13 -2 16 | $\begin{gathered} 10,843 \\ 3,930 \\ 6,913 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,296 \\ 788 \\ 518 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 267 \\ \text { 267 } \\ \text { (O) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 181 \\ \substack{(18) \\ \text { © }} \end{gathered}$ |  | (1) | $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ \text { (e) } \\ \text { () } \end{gathered}$ |
| Machinery $\qquad$ <br> Machinery, except electrical <br> Electric and electronic equipment $\qquad$ | 3,420 1,003 2,417 | 3,334 $\mathbf{9 4 4}$ $\mathbf{2 , 3 9 0}$ | 4,718 $\begin{aligned} & 1,17 \\ & 3,601 \\ & 3,601\end{aligned}$ | 4 -37 -41 | 50,621 11,257 39,364 | 1,633 846 787 | 86 <br> 59 <br> 27 <br> 8 | 56 55 1 |  | 968 803 165 | 141 ( () |
| Other manufacturing. | 7,528 | 6,693 | 7,806 | 271 | 76,090 | 995,588 | 835 | 1,104 | 11 | 5,704 | 2,390 |
|  | (\%) | (\%) | C) | 11 | (i) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures......... | 1.666 | 1.666 | 1,810 | 48 | 15,341 | 830,536 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Printing and publishing....................... | 1,240 | 1,114 | 1,152 | 39 | 9,879 | ${ }^{259}$ | 126 | (0) | (P) | 1,720 | 6 |
| Rubber and plastics products..... | 182 | 119 | 214 | 8 | 1,892 | 210 |  | (9) | (*) | 236 | () |
|  | 2,192 | 2,192 | ${ }^{2,795}$ | 106 21 | 22,836 | 162,736 | 549 | (0) | 2 | (0) |  |
| Instruments and related products....... | 1,025 | (0) | 887 | 31 | 13,599 | 755 | () | (1) | -2 |  | (P) |
| Other ........................................................... | 250 | (1) | 237 | 3 | 2,569 | 128 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 15 | () | 434 | () |
| Wholesale trade............................ | 2,153 | 2,002 | 3,751 | 43 | 15,983 | 1,790 | 151 | 241 | -5 | 443 | 69 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ................. | ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{\mathcal{Q}}$ | - ${ }_{-1}$ | (\%) | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 |  |  |
|  | 878 | 778 | 859 | -4 | 7,086 | 262 | 101 | 180 | -3 | 296 | 50 |
|  | 1,221 | (1) | 2,815 | ${ }^{(8)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (P) } \\ & 8,528 \end{aligned}$ | (1,434 | (0) | ${ }^{0}$ | - | (0) | (0) |
| Retail trade ........................... | 4,813 | 4,723 | 7,800 | 210 | 121,262 | 1,941 | 90 | (0) | -3 | 1,159 | () |
| Food stores and eating \& drinking places. Retail trade, nec. $\qquad$ | 407 4,406 | (1) | 6,507 | 15 195 | 20,179 101,083 | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text { (P) } \\ (0) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathcal{P}) \\ (\mathbf{P}) \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{3}$ | - ${ }^{2}$ | (1) | (1) |
| Banking..... | 10,355 | (0) | 823 | 66 | 3,912 | (P) | (P) | 31 | 2 | 161 | 0 |
| Finance, except banking.... | 7,741 | 5,590 | 650 | 46 | 1,078 | (9) | 2,151 | 334 | 4 | (P) | (1) |
| Insurance. | 3,901 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 1,485 | 74 | 6,506 | 2,175 | (1) | 1 | (*) | 6 | (1) |
| Real estate......... | 6,425 | 626 | 104 | 3 | 1,962 | 7,858 | 5,799 | 541 | 91 | 422 | 71,956 |
| Other industries ......................... | 8,162 | 5,023 | 3,840 | -109 | 67,709 | 454,332 | 3,140 | 469 | 1 | 8,174 | 70,866 |
| Agriculture......... | 189 | 87 | P) |  |  | 430,844 | 102 | 5 |  |  | 45,421 |
| Construction ............................ | 275 | 240 | 760 | 3 | 4,348 | 263 | 35 | 1 | (9) | (P) |  |
| Transportation ................................................. | 522 | (\%) | 908 | -60 | 20,175 | ${ }^{307}$ | ${ }^{\text {c, }}$ | (0) | ${ }^{3}$ | 260 | () |
| Communication and public utilities $\qquad$ Services $\qquad$ | 6,872 | 3,981 | 2,032 | -45 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 41,968 } \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 22,689 289 | 2,941 | (0) | -2 | 7,734 | 371 |

${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

- Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ).

1. Sales, or gross operating revenue, excluding sales taxes.

Nort.-Data for 1986 are revised. For acquired businesses, data are for, or as of the end of, the fiscal year preceding the year of acquisition; for newly established businesses, data are projections for, or as of the end of, the first full year of operation.

Table 7B.-Total Assets, Sales, Net Income, Employment, and Acres of Land Owned by U.S. Business Enterprises Acquired or Established, by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1987
[Millions of dollars or number]

|  |  | U.S. business enterprises acquired |  |  |  |  | U.S. business enterprises estabished |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total assets | Sales ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of of } \\ \text { employees } \end{gathered}$ | Number of acres of land owned | Total assets | Sales | $\underset{\text { incom }}{\text { Net }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { Nof of } \\ \text { employees } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| All industries. | 111,248 | 101,685 | 35,638 | 811 | 331,373 | 177,979 | 9,563 | 2,355 | 31 | 15,083 | 138,550 |
| Mining. | 1,195 | 1,140 | (0) | 22 | 1,950 | 31,333 | 56 | 18 | 1 | 5 | 38,040 |
| Petroleum. | 931 | (1) | () | (1) | 1,257 | (1) | (P) | (1) | (P) | (P) | (P) |
| Manafacturing... | 20,165 | 19,029 | 18,048 | 214 | 175,189 | 111,952 | 1,136 | 1,136 | 13 | 11,072 | 2,268 |
| Food and kindred products.... | 3,012 | 3,012 | 4,072 | 128 | 22,746 | 3,288 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chemicals and allied products................. Industrial chemicals and synthetic.... | 5,169 4,180 | 4,908 | 3,232 2,378 | ${ }_{213}^{218}$ | 19,228 | 17,082 14,580 |  | 171 | $-5$ |  | (1) |
|  |  | 69 | 2,38) | -10 |  |  |  | 0 |  | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 |
| Soap, cleaners and toilet goods......... | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agricultural chemicals ................ | 920 | $\stackrel{O}{0}_{0}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }_{(0)}^{0}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \mathcal{P}_{1} \end{aligned}$ | - ${ }^{0}$ | (0) | (0) |
| Primary and fabricated metals.... | 1,671 | 1,484 | 1,598 | -122 | 15,611 | 65,687 |  |  | -1 | 657 |  |
| Primary metal industries. $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} 749 \\ 923 \end{gathered}$ | $(\mathbb{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (0) \\ & (0) \\ & (0) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (D) \\ & (0) \\ & (0) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,796 \\ & 8,815 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{\sim}{\infty} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathcal{D} \\ \text { P) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 119 \end{aligned}$ | -1 |  | (P) |
| Machinery ............................................................ | 3,724 | () | 4,794 | -52 | 34,690 | 1,334 | (0) | (0) |  | (1) | 127 |
| Machinery, except electrical...................................................... | 1,662 | (0) | 1,473 | 26 | 14,749 | ,574 | (0) |  |  | (0) |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment ......... | 2,062 | ( $)$ | 3,321 | -78 | 19,941 | 760 | (0) | 4 | -3 | (0) |  |
| Other manufacturing. | 6,588 | (0) | 4,352 | 42 | 82,914 | 24,561 |  |  |  | 6,778 | 1,337 |
|  | ${ }_{(014}^{614}$ | (1) | (1) | 10 | $\stackrel{(1)}{0}$ | (0) | $\begin{gathered} \binom{(1)}{(0)} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | (1) |
|  | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (0) | (0) | (*) | (0) |  | 0 | (1) | 1 | ${ }_{0}^{(0)}$ |  |
| Printing and publishing...................... | 133 | 133 | 134 | 3 | 1,316 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Rubber and plastics products. | 1,117 | 1,085 | 1,490 | 44 | 12,780 |  | 32 | (0) | (\%) | 264 | 62 |
|  | 1,030 | 311 | ${ }_{227}^{48}$ | ${ }_{9}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,692 \\ \\ \hline 988\end{array}$ |  | 25 | (1) |  | 236 | 154 |
|  | 477 | ${ }_{465}$ | 521 | -23 | ${ }_{8,261}$ |  | 12 | 3 | 0 | (P) |  |
| Other ................................................. | 2,845 | 2,824 | 1,227 | -12 | 48,777 | 3,615 | 21 |  | ()) | 225 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Wholesale trade...... | 477 | 400 | 909 | 5 | 4,133 | () | 77 | 150 | (*) | 154 | 18 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment .................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 290 | 254 | 639 | 9 | 2,889 |  | 96 | () | (*) | (P) |  |
| Farm product raw materials $\qquad$ Other nondurable goods | ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | ( ${ }_{(0)}^{(0)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & (D) \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | $\begin{gathered} \left(P_{0}^{( }\right) \\ (\mathbf{D}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\left(\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ (0) \end{array}\right.$ | ${ }^{0}$ |  | (0) |
| Retail trade ........................ | 992 | ${ }^{\left({ }^{( }\right)}$ | 1,576 | 12 | 12,494 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (*) | (1) | () |
| Food stores and eating \& drinking places. | 79 | (0) | ( | $-2$ | (D) | (1) | (Q) | (1) | (*) | (1) | (1) |
| Banking.... | 5,704 | 4,443 | 376 | 30. | 2,468 | 1,111 | 1,261 | 44 | -3 | 117 | 0 |
| Finance, except banking. | 70,047 | 68,335 | 6,848 | 444 | 40,246 | 421 | 1,712 | 45 | 6 | 83 | 0 |
| Insurance... | 225 | (0) | 93 | 6 | 640 | (P) | (P) | 5 | (1) | (9) | (9) |
| Real estate... | 4,357 | 858 | 246 | 9 | 781 | 18,955 | 3,499 | 183 | 14 | 209 | 31,391 |
| Other industries... | 7,154 | 5,883 | 5,698 | (P) | 92,215 | 12,001 | 1,270 | 615 | 25 | 2,735 | 37,439 |
| Agriculture................ | 204 | (9) |  |  |  | (0) | (1) |  |  |  | 15,380 |
| Forestry and fishing......... Constructio | 115 | ${ }^{0} 8$ | 75 | ${ }^{0}$ |  | 0 | 115 | (0) | ${ }^{5}$ | ${ }_{930}$ | 21,369 |
| Transportation ............. | (0) | 846 |  | 24 | 15,756 | (0) | () | (*) | (*) | 0 |  |
|  | (b) 4,729 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { (1) } \\ \hline 3,923\end{array}$ |  | (1) | 70,320 | (1912 | 0 806 | 0 129 | O | 1,615 | (0) |

[^9]
# U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: Operations in 1986 

THIS article presents estimates of the operations of nonbank U.S. affiliates of foreign companies in 1986. The first part of the article presents highlights for 1986. The second discusses detailed changes in affiliate operations based on employment. The third, which is included for the first time this year, discusses the share of the U.S. economy accounted for by U.S. affiliates. ${ }^{1}$

Highlights for 1986 are:

- Total assets of U.S. affiliates were $\$ 830$ billion, up $\$ 89$ billion from 1985. By industry of affiliate, finance, except banking; insurance; and manufacturing all had increases of over $\$ 20$ billion. By country of ultimate beneficial owner (UBO), the increase in

Nore.-The annual survey from which the estimates in this article were derived was conducted under the supervision of James L. Bomkamp, Chief, Direct Investment in the United States Branch, International Investment Division. Beverly A. Feeser was project leader for editing and processing the forms. Richard Mauery and Arnold Gilbert designed the computer programs for data retrieval and analysis.

[^10]total assets of affiliates with UBO's in Japan ( $\$ 33$ billion) was more than twice as large as that for any other country. ${ }^{2}$
2. The UBO is that person, proceeding up a U.S. affiliate's ownership chain, beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not owned more than 50 percent by another person. The foreign parent is the first foreign person in the affiliate's ownership chain. Unlike the foreign parent, the UBO of an affiliate may be located in the United States.

- Sales by U.S. affiliates were $\$ 667$ billion, up $\$ 34$ billion. By industry of affiliate, increases were largest in wholesale trade ( $\$ 18$ billion) and in retail trade and insurance ( $\$ 8$ billion each). The increase in wholesale trade was largely attributable to affiliates importing and selling automobiles and electronic equipment. By country

This article presents estimates of selected items from BEA's 1985 and 1986 annual surveys of foreign direct investment in the United States. Tables giving additional information-including estimates of U.S. affiliates' balance sheets and income statements; external financial position; property, plant, and equipment; employment and employee compensation; U.S. merchandise trade; research and development expenditures; and U.S. land owned and leased-will be available in June in Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies, Revised 1985 Estimates and Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies, Preliminary 1986 Estimates. The estimates are disaggregated by industry of affiliate, by country and industry of ultimate beneficial owner, and, for selected items, by State.

Comparable estimates are also available for 1977-84. For 1977-80, see Foreign Direct Inuestment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates, 1977-80; for 1981, see Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Annual Survey Results, Revised 1981 Estimates; and for 1982-84, see each year's issue of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies.

The publication containing the 1977-80 estimates may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402; price $\$ 7.00$; stock number 003-010-00156-9.
The publications containing the 1981 through 1986 estimates may be obtained from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, U.S. Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell Street, P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, GA 30384; price $\$ 5.00$ for each year. Estimates from 1977 to 1986 are also available on computer diskettes, at $\$ 40.00$ (two diskettes) for each year, from the same address. When ordering, specify title and accession number of each publication, or accession number and year of the diskette, and enclose a check payable to "Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA." The accession numbers are:

|  | Publications | Diskettes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 |  | BEA IID 87-403 |
| 1978 |  | BEA IID 87-404 |
| 1979 |  | BEA IID 87-405 |
| 1980 |  | BEA IID 87-406 |
| 1981 | BEA IID 84-101 | BEA IID 86-407 |
| 1982 | BEA IID 85-101 | BEA IID 87-408 |
| 1983 | BEA IID 86-101 | BEA IID 86-401 |
| 1984 | BEA IID 87-101 | BEA IID 87-401 |
| 1985 | BEA IID 88-101 | BEA IID 88-401 |
| 1986 | BEA IID 88-102 | BEA IID 88-402 |

In addition, tables presenting estimates of U.S. affiliates' gross product for 1977-86 will be available in July 1988. The tables, which will be sold as a set for the entire period, are $\$ 5.00$ and may be obtained from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA at the address cited above.
of UBO, the largest increase was for affiliates with UBO's in Japan (\$13 billion).

- Net income of U.S. affiliates was $\$ 3$ billion, down $\$ 3$ billion from 1985. By industry of affiliate, petroleum, wholesale trade, and manufacturing had substantial declines. By country of UBO, affiliates with UBO's in the Netherlands Antilles and Japan had the largest declines (over $\$ 1$ billion each).
- Employment of U.S. affiliates was 2,964,000, up 100,000 . Employee compensation was $\$ 87$ billion, up $\$ 7$ billion.
- U.S. affiliates owned 15 million acres of U.S. land-1 million more than in 1985. The gross book value of U.S. affiliates' property, plant, and equipment was up $\$ 22$ billion, to $\$ 318$ billion.
- U.S. merchandise exports by affiliates were $\$ 51$ billion, down $\$ 6$ billion, and U.S. merchandise imports to affiliates were $\$ 124$ billion, up $\$ 11$ billion. One-half of the drop in exports was attributable to affiliates in farm product raw materials wholesale trade and probably reflects a decline in grain exports by these affiliates. Also, a major affiliate sharply reduced the size of its international trading operations. The increase in imports was largely attributable to affiliates in motor vehicles wholesale trade.


## Employment in 1986

Although the accompanying tables present a number of key items on U.S. affiliate operations, this section discusses changes in affiliate operations based on only one item-employment. Employment was chosen because changes in it are not directly affected by inflation and, thus, tend to correspond more closely than the other available items to changes in real economic activity.

Employment of U.S. affiliates increased 4 percent to $2,964,000$ in 1986, after increasing 5 percent in 1985 (table 1). Growth slowed even though the number of employees added as a result of new investments increased substantially. The slowdown occurred because of a sharp jump in the
number of employees lost as a result of sales or liquidations of U.S. affiliates.

## By source of change

The number of employees added by affiliates making new investments (but not also selling or liquidating a
business) increased from 239,000 to 260,000 (table 2, line 2). In addition, the number of employees added by affiliates that both made new investments and sold or liquidated a business increased sharply-from 1,000 to 104,000 (table 2, line 6). Taken together, these changes indicate that the total increase in the number of em-

Table 1.-Employment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1984-86, by Industry of Affiliate and Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner


[^11]ployees added because of new investments was at least $124,000 .^{3}$
Factors contributing to the increase were strong growth in the U.S. economy, depreciation of the U.S. dollar, fears of U.S. protectionist measures, corporate restructuring, and U.S. tax reform legislation enacted in 1986. For a more detailed discussion of new direct investment in the United States in 1986, see "U.S. Business Enterprises Acquired or Established by Foreign Direct Investors in 1986," Survey 67 (May 1987):27-35. ${ }^{4}$
Declines in employment because a U.S. affiliate was sold or liquidated or because parts of an affiliate's operations were sold more than doubled from 111,000 to 280,000 (table 2, line 4). Corporate restructuring contributed to the step-up in sales and liquidations. In some cases, foreign parents immediately sold parts of new acquisitions because the operations were unprofitable or consisted of unwanted lines of business. In other cases, operations were sold to obtain funds to repay loans used to finance the acquisition.

Much of the decrease in employment due to sales or liquidations in 1986 was attributable to transactions involving a few large affiliates. The largest affiliate, which had more than 100,000 employees, ceased to be foreign owned when it bought the minority interest held by its German parent. Also, substantial portions of three other affiliates-involving more than 15,000 employees in each caseceased to be foreign owned in 1986. Foreign parents that had previously held minority stakes in two of these affiliates gained, through reorganizations, majority ownership of some of

[^12]|  | Table 2.-Sources of Change Employment, 1985 and <br> [Number of employees] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { in Affi } \\ & 1986 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line |  | 1985 | 1986 |
| 1 | Change in total affiliate employment. <br> Change in employment of large affiliates resulting from: | 147,858 | 102,339 |
| 2 | New investments. | 239,457 | 260,462 |
| 3 | Expansions of existing operations... | 59,850 | 51,519 |
|  | Sales or liquidations of businesses. | -110,751 | -280,086 |
| 6 | Cutbacks in existing operations...... | -55,810 | -54,885 |
| 6 | Combinations of new investments and sales or liquidations of businesses. | 803 | 104,234 |
| 7 | Change not accounted for in lines 2-6. | 14,309 | 21,095 |

Nort-Lines 2-6 cover large affiliates only-that is, affiliates with more than 500 employees. Coverage is limited to large affiliates because a large number of small affiliates changed their organizational structures and, in such cases, it
is difficult to determine reasons for changes in employment.
All of the change in an individual affiliate's employment is All of the change in an individual affiliate's employment is attributable to that factor, because it was impossible to disaggregate the change in an individual affiliate's employment by source of change.
For new affiliates and for affiliates that were liquidated or sold, employment was classified in "new investments" and classification depended on (1) whether the affiliate's employclassification depended on (1) whether the affiliates employanother business during the year, or (3) whether the affiliate sold a business or business segment during the year.
Line 2 equals the sum of the yearend employment of affiliates that were acquired or established during the year an increase in employment and had acquired another U.S.
business during the year.
Line 3 equals the change in employment of affiliates that did not acquire another U.S. business, but had an increase in employment.
Line 4 equals the employment at the end of the prior year of affiliates that were liquidated or sold during the year plus the employment and sold a business or business segment during the year.
Line 5
Line 5 equals the change in employment of affiliates that did not sell a business or business segment; but had a decline in employment.
both acquired and sold a business or business segment during the year.
Line 7 equals the change in employment of large affiliates not accounted for in lines 2-6 plus all changes in employment
for affiliates with fewer than 500 employees.
the affiliates' assets and, at the same time, sold the remaining assets to U.S. persons. The third affiliate sold part of its large department store operations to a U.S. company. (Later in 1986, that U.S. company was itself acquired by a foreign investor; as a result, the U.S. company's employees, including those associated with the operations acquired earlier from the other affiliate, are included in line 2 of table 2).

## By industry

Affiliate employment increased substantially in retail trade $(97,000)$ and services $(26,000)$. Employment also increased in a number of subindustries within manufacturing. The largest increases were in electrical machinery $(27,000)$ and, within chemicals, in industrial chemicals ( 21,000 ), in soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ( 18,000 ), and in drugs $(15,000)$.
In retail trade, the increase largely reflects the acquisition of companies that operate department, book, sport-
ing goods, and clothing store chains. In services, acquisitions of motion picture theaters, an advertising agency, and a company that provides building cleaning and maintenance services boosted employment.
In manufacturing, the increase in electrical machinery largely resulted from acquisitions of two companiesone that makes communication equipment and another that makes consumer appliances. In industrial chemicals, acquisitions of companies that manufacture paints accounted for most of the increase. In soaps, cleaners, and toilet goods, the increase largely reflects the acquisition of a company that makes personal care products. In drugs, the increase occurred because the industry classification of a large affiliate shifted from industrial chemicals to drugs. ${ }^{5}$
Several manufacturing subindustries had substantial decreases in employment. The largest decreases were in agricultural chemicals (over 100,000 ), primary metals $(23,000)$, nonelectrical machinery $(12,000)$, and stone, clay, and glass $(9,000)$. Taken together, the decreases in manufacturing exceeded the increases, and employment for manufacturing as a whole declined 56,000 .
The decline in employment in agricultural chemicals was more than accounted for by the large affiliate, discussed earlier, that bought the minority interest held by its German parent. The declines in primary metals, nonelectrical machinery, and stone, clay, and glass all largely reflect sales of all or part of the operations of one or two large affiliates.

## By country

Increases in employment were largest for affiliates with UBO's in Canada $(75,000)$, the Netherlands $(46,000)$, and France $(28,000)$. In each case, the increases mainly resulted from acquisitions. For Canada, the acquisitions were in retail trade and services; for the Netherlands, in retail trade and chemicals; and for France, in machinery manufacturing and construction.
Employment of affiliates with UBO's in Germany declined 103,000 . This decline occurred mainly because,
5. A U.S. affiliate is classified in the industry that accounts for the largest percentage of its sales. That classification may change if the distribution of the affiliate's sales among industries changes significantly.
as previously discussed, a large chemicals manufacturing affiliate bought the minority interest that had been held by its German parent.

Employment of Japanese-owned affiliates increased only moderately $(4,000)$; however, other measures of these affiliates' operations often showed much stronger increases relative to those for other affiliates. For example, as noted at the beginning of this article, affiliates with Japanese UBO's had the largest increase in total assets of all affiliates. Compared with other affiliates, the increase in these affiliates' employment was small relative to that for total assets, because much of the new investment by Japanese parents in 1986 was in finance and real estate-industries with low employment relative to assets.

## By U.S. region and State

By U.S. region, the largest increases in affiliate employment were in the Mideast $(52,000)$ and the Southeast $(30,000)$ (table 3). Employment in the Far West and the Southwest declined.

By State, the largest increases in affiliate employment were in New York ( 43,000 ), Florida ( 13,000 ), and Minnesota $(12,000)$. In all three States, the increases were largely attributable to acquisitions. In New York, the acquisitions were mainly in retail trade and services; in Florida and Minnesota, they were mainly in retail trade.

The largest declines in employment were in California $(14,000)$, Ohio $(11,000)$, Wisconsin $(6,000)$, and West Virginia ( 5,000 ). In each State, the decline resulted because all or part of a few large U.S. affiliates were sold or liquidated. In addition, in Ohio, layoffs by a large manufacturing affiliate contributed to the decline.

## Share of the U.S. Economy

While measures of U.S. affiliate operations themselves may seem sizable, a question frequently asked is, How large are the affiliates compared with the total U.S. economy? Several of the measures of U.S. affiliates' operations discussed earlier could be used for such a comparison. This section discusses the shares for two measuresemployment and total assets. The size of U.S. affiliates relative to the overall U.S. economy and to U.S. manu-
facturing as a whole is discussed in terms of employment, and the relative size of affiliates by subindustry within manufacturing is discussed in terms of total assets. (Comparisons based on sales for subindustries within manufacturing are shown in the accompanying table and chart but are not discussed.) Employment is not used for comparisons within manufacturing because differences in industry classification between U.S. affiliates and all U.S. businesses distort employment comparisons at that level of disaggregation.

The main findings of this section are:

- Despite strong growth in direct investment recently, the affiliate share of the overall U.S. economy remains small- 3.5 percent in terms of employment.
- In industries where direct investment is concentrated, the U.S. affiliate share is significantly larger than the affiliate share of the economy as a whole. For example, the U.S. affiliate share of total assets in chemicals manufacturing is 32 percent.

Table 3.-Employment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1984-86, by State

|  | Number of employees |  |  | Change |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | Number of employees |  | Percent |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 | 1985 | 1986 |
| Total.. | 2,714,295 | 2,862,153 | 2,964,492 | 147,858 | 102,339 | 5 | 4 |
| New England.. | $\begin{array}{r} 165,495 \\ 41,334 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{1 7 0 , 5 4 9} \\ \mathbf{4 3 , 4 9 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 184,148 \\ & 50705 \end{aligned}$ | $5,054$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 817 |
| Connecticut.. |  |  |  |  | $7,209$ |  |  |
| Maine............. | 23,835 | 21,130 | 21,731 | -2,705 | 601 | -11 | 3 7 |
| New Hampshire. | 68,189 | 16,486 | 16,785 | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{3}, \mathbf{3} 56 \end{aligned}$ | 5,182 | $\begin{array}{r} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{5} \\ 11 \end{array}$ | 7 2 1 |
| Rhode Islond... | $\begin{array}{r} 11,256 \\ \mathbf{6 , 0 0 9} \end{array}$ | 11,301 | 11,243 | , 45 | $\begin{array}{r} 299 \\ -58 \end{array}$ | (*) | -1 |
| Vermont .............................. |  | 6,591 | 6,957 | 582 | 366 | 10 | 6 |
| Mideast.. | 603,55137,385 | 636,85334785 | 689,064 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 3 , 3 0 2} \\ & \hline 2602 \end{aligned}$ | 52,211 | 6-7 | 8-3 |
| Delaware |  |  | 33,8956,793 |  | -890 |  |  |
| District of Columbia. | 5,306 | 34,785 5,703 |  | $\begin{array}{r}-2,690 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ |  | -7 7 | 19 |
| Maryland.. | 48,126 | 49,487 | 49,762 | 1,361 | 275 | 3 | 1 |
| New Jersey | 140,769 | 154,763 | 161,706 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 9 9 4}$ | 6,943 | 109 | $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 18 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| New York... | 222,343 | 241,933 | 284,469 | $\begin{array}{r} 19,590 \\ 560 \end{array}$ | 42,536 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania ..................... | 149,622 | 150,182 | 152,439 |  | 2,257 | (*) | 2 |
| Great Lakes.. | 461,750138,595 | 481,393143,863 | 484,410153,197 | 19,6435,2683 | $\mathbf{3 , 0 1 7}$9,334 | 4 | 16510-8-9 |
| Illinois.... |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| Indiana... | 50,932 | 54,143 | 57,033 | 3,211 | 2,890 | 6 |  |
| Michigan.... | 76,609 | 81,834 | 89,639 | 5,225 | 7,805 | 7 |  |
| Ohisconsin...... | 129,578 $\mathbf{6 6 , 0 3 6}$ | 138,147 68,406 | 127,072 57,469 | 8,569 $-2,630$ | - $-11,075$ | -4 |  |
| Plains... | $\begin{array}{r} 123,760 \\ 17,999 \end{array}$ | 127,07718,488 | 141,26018,598 | $\begin{array}{r}3,317 \\ \hline 489\end{array}$ | 14,183110 | 333 | 11 |
| Iowa... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas ... | 14,274 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 16,341 } \\ & \mathbf{4 7 , 9 8 2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 306 \\ & \mathbf{3 6 8} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,699 \\ 12,270 \end{array}$ | 3 | 12 |
| Minnesota. | 35,456 | 14,642 35,712 |  |  |  | 1 | 34 |
| Missouri... | 44,077$\mathbf{7 , 1 3 2}$ | 46,164 | $\begin{array}{r} 47,982 \\ 48,250 \end{array}$ | 2,087 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,270 \\ 2,086 \end{array}$ | 5 | 5 |
| Nebraska. |  | 7,523 | 48,250 | $\begin{array}{r} 391 \\ -451 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,308 \\ -407 \end{array}$ | 5 -14 | $-17$ |
| North Dakota ........................................... | 3,219 1,603 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,768 \\ 1,780 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 3 6 1} \\ & \mathbf{1 , 5 1 3} \end{aligned}$ | 177 | $\begin{aligned} & -407 \\ & -267 \end{aligned}$ | 11 | -15 |
| Southeast .......................................................................................................................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 669,231 \\ 33,790 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{7 1 0 , 2 5 1} \\ \mathbf{3 1 . 5 0 7} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{7 3 9 , 9 3 0} \\ \mathbf{3 5 , 8 2 2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41,020 \\ -2,283 \end{array}$ | 29,6794,315 | 6-7 | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas | 18,841 | 18,399 | 18,324 | -442 | -75 | -2 | (*) |
| Florida | 87,742$\mathbf{9 7} 746$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94,812 \\ 107,367 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107,355 \\ & 109,003 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,070 \\ & 9.621 \end{aligned}$ | 12,543 | 8 | 13 |
| Georgia |  |  |  |  | 1,636 $-2,524$ | (\% |  |
| Kentucky. | 31,154 | $\begin{aligned} & 37,238 \\ & 51,018 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,714 \\ & 49,182 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,084 \\ -205 \end{array}$ | -2,524 |  | -7 |
| Louisiana |  | $\begin{array}{r} 51,026 \\ 15,938 \end{array}$ |  |  | $-1,844$4,453 | ${ }^{*}$ |  |
| Mississippi. | 14,086 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 49,182 \\ \mathbf{2 0 , 3 9 1} \end{array}$ | 1,852 |  | 13 | -48 |
| North Carolina. | 105,707 | 115,975 | 119,182 | 10,2681,399 | 3,207 | 10 | 3 -3 |
| South Carolin | 65,242 63,202 | 66,641 | $\begin{aligned} & 64,643 \\ & \mathbf{7 8 , 0 2 8} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} -1,370 \\ 8,469 \\ 6,785 \end{array}$ | 103 | 12 |
| Virginia..... | 67,421 | 69,385 | 76,170 | 1,964 |  |  | 10 |
| West Virginia .................................... | 33,479 | 32,404 | 27,116 | -1,075 | -5,288 | -3 | -16 |
| Southwest | 267,937 | 284,293 | 284,126 | 16,356 | -167 | 6 | (*) |
| Arizona ... | 30,228 | 34,485 | 35,733 | 4,257 | 1,248 | 14 | 4 |
| New Mexico | 10,597 | 11,245 | 10,621 | 648 | -624 | 6 | -6 |
| Oklahoma. | 27,867 | 26,900 | 26,518 | -967 | -382 | -3 | -1 |
| Texas....... | 199,245 | 211,663 | 211,254 | 12,418 | -409 | 6 | ( ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| Rocky Mountains.... | 53,685 | 49,691 | 53,180 | -3,994 | 3,489 | -7 | 7 |
| Colorado... | 30,697 | 30,993 | 32,545 | 296 | 1,552 | 1 | 5 |
| Idaho ...... | 4,145 | 2,755 | 3,072 | -1,390 | 317 | -34 | 12 |
| Montana ... | 3,314 | 2,910 | 3,041 | -404 | 131 | -12 | 5 |
| Utah ... | 12,205 | 9,912 | 11,630 | -2,293 | 1,718 | -19 | 17 |
| Wyoming ............................................................ | 3,324 | 3,121 | 2,892 | -203 | -229 | 6 | -7 |
| Far West. | 329,170 | 360,286 | 347,278 | 31,116 | -13,008 | 9 | -4 |
| California | 274,424 | 298,796 | 284,496 | 24,372 | $-14,300$ | 9 | -5 |
| Nevada.. | 6,647 | 7,370 | 8,752 | 723 | 1,382 | 11 | 19 |
| Oregon | 15,544 | 18,586 | 17,472 | 3,042 | -1,114 | 20 | -6 |
| Washington............................................................... | 32,555 | 35,534 | 36,558 | 2,979 | 1,024 | 9 | 3 |
| Alaska. | 7,227 | 7,122 | 6,471 | -105 | -651 | -1 | -9 |
| Hawaii | 16,548 | 18,680 | 18,851 | 2,132 | 171 | 13 | 1 |
| Puerto Rico. | 9,755 | 10,041 | 10,841 | 286 | 800 | 3 | 8 |
| Other U.S. areas and offshore ${ }^{1}$..................................... | 3,376 | 3,728 | 3,226 | 352 | -502 | 10 | -13 |
| Foreign ${ }^{2}$.............. | 2,810 | 2,189 | 1,707 | -621 | -482 | -22 | -22 |

[^13]- Although the share of the U.S. economy accounted for by U.S. affiliates increased from 1977 to 1986, most of the increase occurred from 1977 to 1981; since 1981, the share has increased only slightly.

In 1986, U.S. affiliate employment accounted for 3.5 percent of the $84,012,000$ employees of all nonbank U.S. businesses. The affiliate share is small; even though direct investment by foreigners has been large in recent years compared with that in earlier periods, the amounts invested-and the base to which they are being added-are small compared with the large stock of U.S. business assets. Also, there has been only limited direct investment in some industries, such as services, that account for a substantial part of the U.S. economy.

Although small, the affiliate share of all U.S. employment has nearly doubled since 1977, when the share was 1.8 percent. ${ }^{6}$ Most of the increase had occurred by 1981, when the U.S. affiliate share reached 3.2 percent. During the 1977-81 period, the rate of growth in affiliate employment was particularly rapid- 19 percent per year, on average; after 1981, growth slowed to an average of 4 percent per year. The fast growth during 1977-81 was due in part to the rapid pace of acquisitions of U.S. companies by foreign direct investors. The slower growth during 1982-86 occurred partly because fewer employees were added as a result of new direct invest-

[^14]ments and partly because offsetting sales and liquidations of U.S. affiliates increased in importance. ${ }^{7}$
In manufacturing, the U.S. affiliate share of all U.S. employment was 7.8 percent in 1986, up from 3.8 percent in 1977. ${ }^{8}$ Here too, most of the increase in the 1977-86 period had occurred by 1981, when the affiliate share reached 6.9 percent. For both 1977 and 1986, the shares for manufacturing are higher than those for the all-industries total because direct investment is relatively heavily concentrated in manufacturing.

At the detailed industry level, comparisons of affiliate shares based on employment are not appropriate because of differences in industry classification between the U.S. affiliate and all-U.S. business employment data. The affiliate data are classified by industry at the enterprise (company) level, while all-U.S. business employment is classified by industry at the establishment level. These differences in classification probably do not significantly affect comparisons of employment for broad industry groups, such as manufacturing, but they can seriously distort comparisons of employment at a more detailed level.

Comparisons for more detailed industries can be made, however, using all-U.S. business data classified at the enterprise level. For example, table 4 and chart 4 compares total assets and sales of U.S. affiliates and all U.S. businesses using all-U.S. business enterprise data from the Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Minin!, and Trade Corporations (QFR). ${ }^{9}$ In the following, shares based on total assets are discussed.
7. For a more detailed discussion of the factors that contributed to the slowdown in the growth of affiliate employment after 1981, see "U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: Operations in 1985," Survey 67 (May 1987):36-51.
8. In this section, affiliate employment in petroleum and coal products is included in manufacturing so that industry classification will be consistent with the allU.S. business data. This treatment differs from that used elsewhere in the article and in other data on direct investment. Generally, in the direct investment data, petroleum and coal products and other petrole-um-related industries, such as oil and gas extraction and petroleum wholesale trade, are grouped together and shown as part of a separate petroleum category rather than being distributed among the other major industries. Thus, in table 1 of this article, petroleum and coal products is included in petroleum, not manufacturing.
9. Comparisons for mining and trade are not appropriate because the QFR data for these industries cover only corporations with assets over $\$ 25$ million. Also, the exclusion of unincorporated businesses from the QFR mining and trade data means that a significant portion of the all-U.S. business activity in these industries is missing.

For manufacturing as a whole, U.S. affiliates' share of total assets of all U.S. businesses was 12.1 percent in 1986. This share is higher than the affiliates' 7.8-percent share of all-U.S. manufacturing employment, mainly for two reasons. First, affiliates are more concentrated than all U.S. businesses in industries, such as chemicals and petroleum and coal products, that have relatively low employment-to-assets ratios. Second, differences in valuation may cause affiliate shares based on total assets to be overstated. Differences in valuation of total

## CHART 4

## U.S. Affiliates as a Percentage of all U.S. Business in Manufacturing



Chemicals
Stone, Clay, and Glass
Primary Metals
Petroleum and Coal
Printing and Publishing
Electrical Machinery
Food
Paper
Fabricated Metals
instruments
Nonelectrical Machinery
Textiles
Rubber and Plastics
Transportation Equipment
Other

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
88.5-4
assets occur because, when a company is acquired-whether by foreign or U.S. buyers-its assets are often revalued to reflect the new, generally higher, value implicit in the acquisition price. Because much of the growth in foreign direct investment in recent years has involved acquisitions, the portion of affiliates' assets that has been recently revalued is probably much higher than that for all U.S. businesses. ${ }^{10}$

Within manufacturing, affiliate shares were highest in chemicals ( 32.5 percent), in stone, clay, and glass ( 22.8 percent), and in primary metals (20.5 percent). They were lowest in transportation equipment ( 2.9 percent), in rubber and plastics ( 4.0 percent), and in textile products ( 4.4 percent). ${ }^{11}$
U.S. affiliates' large shares in chemicals, in stone, clay, and glass, and in primary metals probably reflect a combination of factors. Many foreign companies in these industries are large and have the resources to support investment in the United

[^15]States. Also, some probably have technological, managerial, or marketing advantages over U.S. firms. Such advantages allow the U.S. affiliates of these foreign companies to compete successfully with other U.S companies. Furthermore, foreign companies in these industries may find it advantageous to serve U.S. markets through production here rather than through exports to the United States. In industrial chemicals, for example, the proximity of petroleum feedstocks may make petrochemical production cheaper here than abroad. In drugs, U.S. Government regulations may favor production in, rather than exports to, the United States. In primary metals, U.S. quotas on steel exports to the United States may have
resulted in investment here. Finally, some direct investment in these industries, particularly in chemicals, originates in foreign firms that are not themselves in these industries. This investment probably reflects foreign investors' favorable assessment of the long-term prospects of these industries.

From 1977 to 1986, the U.S. affiliate share of total assets increased in every subindustry within manufacturing. The sharpest increases were in transportation equipment (a nearly fivefold increase) and in stone, clay, and glass and in primary metals (more than threefold increases in each). The smallest increases were in petroleum and coal products ( 25 percent) and textile products ( 39 percent).

Table 4.-Total Assets And Sales of U.S. Affiliates and All U.S. Businesses in Manufacturing, 1977 and 1986

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | U.S. affiliates as a percentage of all U.S. businesses |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U.S. affiliates |  | All U.S. businesses |  |  |  |
|  | 1977 | 1986 | 1977 | 1986 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1977 | 1986 |
|  | Total assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing............................................................................... | 60,360 | 240,524 | 962,996 | 1,994,118 | 6.3 | 12.1 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products....................................................................... | 15,5281,736 | $\begin{aligned} & 70,497 \\ & 10,660 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,639 \\ 23,804 \end{array}$ | 217,166 | 15.4 | 32.522.8 |
|  |  |  |  | 46,784 |  |  |
| Primary metal industries ............................................................ | 4,670 | 15,138 | 74,733 | 46,784 73,942 | 6.2 | 20.5 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 18,6011,361 | 50,049 | 155,462 | 334,952 | 12.0 | 14.911.8 |
| Printing and publishing... |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11,064 \\ & 19.662 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,457 \\ & 73,470 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94,154 \\ 173.262 \end{array}$ | 4.55.1 |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment | 3,754 |  |  | 173,262 |  | 11.8 |
| Paper and allied products... | $\begin{aligned} & 4,467 \\ & 1,416 \end{aligned}$ | 20,988 | 37,04745,045 | 219,791 | 4.4 | 9.5 8.1 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 1,261 | 6,456 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 69,082 \\ & 84,491 \end{aligned}$ | 3.8 <br> 2.8 | 7.6 |
| Instruments and related products |  | 4,008 | 26,955 | 62,943 | 3.3 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical | 3,754 | 11,636 | 100,833 | 211,901 | 3.7 | 5.54.4 |
| Textile products. | 606 <br> 587 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,182 \\ & 1,660 \\ & 7,172 \end{aligned}$ | 18,688 | 26,72941,329 | 3.22.6 |  |
| Rubber and plastics products. |  |  |  |  |  | 4.44.02.9 |
| Transportation equipment <br> Other | 1,129 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,172 \\ & 4,784 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,226 \\ & 54,025 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 251,406 \\ 86,187 \end{array}$ | 2.1 |  |
|  |  |  | Sales |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing:............................................................................... | 66,561 | 219,724 | 1,328,063 | 2,220,931 | 5.0 | 9.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 16,0032,02 | 60,60210,709 | 112,43532,207 | 205,77852,901 | 14.5 | 29.5 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.. |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 20.2 |
| Primary metal industries ......... | 5,545 | 16,258 | 83,063 | 85,523 | 6.7 | 19.0 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 16,070 | 30,985 | 162,291 | 226,519 | 9.9 |  |
| Printing and publishing.. | 1,7415,326 | 8,656 | 46,590 | 107,552 | 3.7 | 8.011.7 |
| Electric and electronic equipment. |  | 21,578 | 100,794 | 191,892 | 3.8 |  |
| Food and kindred products ${ }^{1}$ | 7,303 |  | 191,133 | 317,523 |  | 6.87.1 |
| Paper and allied products.. | 1,803 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,315 \\ & 7,346 \end{aligned}$ | 45,750 |  | 3.91.9 |  |
| Fabricated metal products... |  |  | 71,815 | 74,844 115,694 |  | 6.35.7 |
| Instruments and related products ........ | 1,159 4,512 | 3,600 12284 | 30,344 119,314 | 63,152 | 3.8 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical ................................. | $\begin{array}{r} 823 \\ 916 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,572 \\ \mathbf{2 , 2 1 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,317 \\ 33,066 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 46,226 \\ 60,596 \end{array}$ | $2.4$ | 6.1 |
| Rubber and plastics products.. |  |  |  |  |  | 3.63.43.3 |
| Transportation equipment..... | 279 | 11,805 | $\begin{aligned} & 160,979 \\ & 103,965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 322,438 \\ & 147,009 \end{aligned}$ | . 2 |  |
| Other......................... | 1,423 |  |  |  | 1.4 |  |

[^16]Table 5.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1985, by Industry of Affiliate

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | Number of employees | Thousands of acres |  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{\text {Total }}^{\text {aseets }}$ | Sales | $\underset{\text { Net }}{\text { Net }}$ | Employee compensation |  | $\underset{\text { owned }}{\text { Land }}$ | Mineral rights owned and <br> leased | Gross book value of plant, and | Expenditures for new plant and equipment |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \substack{\text { imports } \\ \text { sinped to } \\ \text { affliates }} \end{gathered}$ |
| All industries. | 741,077 | 632,983 | 5,398 | 79,933 | 2,862,153 | 13,593 | 61,051 | 295,181 | 28,919 | 56,401 | 113,331 |
| Mining . | 11,861 | 6,584 | -729 | 1,380 | 29,933 | 731 | 4,605 | 10,608 | 471 | 883 | 215 |
| Petroleum. | 76,434 | 76,085 | 1,760 | 5,090 | 124,804 | 1,024 | 39,798 | 76,109 | 5,862 | 1,577 | 6,416 |
| Manufacturing. | 170,410 | 185,895 | 1,063 | 44,880 | 1,455,198 | 5,312 | 13,885 | 110,529 | 10,440 | 12,849 | 18,635 |
| Food and kindred products....... | 18,659 | 19,447 | 398 | 3,635 | 150,698 | 86 | (®) | 7,000 | 690 | 376 | 1,449 |
| Chemicals and allied products............ | 61,198 42,062 | 62,401 41,708 | 1,685 1,450 | 14,042 9,283 | 429,593 230321 | 1,333 | (P) | 51,284 39,011 | 4,453 <br> 3,246 | 5,210 4,056 | 4,281 3,059 |
| Drugs...................................... | 5,908 | 5,977 | -46 | 1,621 | 51,031 | 15 | 0 | 3,287 | 411 | 463 | ${ }_{488}$ |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods......... | ${ }_{6}^{4,621}$ | 5,810 7,408 | $\begin{array}{r}155 \\ 64 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,098 | 30,710 | ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | 1,842 6,189 | 325 401 4 | 144 <br> 47 | 196 403 |
| Other | 1,769 | 1,498 | -30 | (1) | (0) | 11 | 2 | ${ }^{6} 956$ | 71 | 69 | 142 |
| Primary and fabricated metals.... | 22,160 | 24,472 | -649 | 5,941 | 167,559 |  | (0) | 16,046 | 1,230 | 1,501 | 3,020 |
| Primary metal industries....... | $\begin{array}{r}16,911 \\ 5,250 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18,233 6,239 | -549 |  | 103,22 | 500 9 | (0) | 12,834 | 968 | 1,247 | 2,643 |
| Machinery ............................................ | 29,409 | 32,950 | -770 | 9,422 | 310.511 | 31 | 6 | 12,473 | 1,795 | 3,216 | 5,704 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 12,429 | 13,028 | $-80$ | ${ }^{3,676}$ | 116,402 | 15 | 6 | 4,780 | 499 | 1,458 | 1,996 |
| Electric and electronic equipment .............. | 16,981 | 19,922 | -689 | 5,747 | 194,109 | 16 | 0 | 7,693 | 1,296 | 1,758 | 8,709 |
| Other manufacturing.............................................. | 38,984 | 46,624 | 400 | 11,839 | 396,887 | 3,353 | 414 | 23,726 | 2,272 | 2,547 | 4,181 |
| Textile products and apparel............. | 2,367 | ${ }^{2}, 887$ | ${ }_{6}^{43}$ | ${ }_{725}^{745}$ | 37,858 | 11 | (*) | 1,201 | 131 | ${ }^{64}$ | 192 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures.... | 5,998 | 6,456 | ${ }^{-6}$ | 1,550 | 44,342 | 1,23) | (0) | 5,355 | 346 | $\stackrel{1}{255}$ | 164 |
| Printing and publishing...... | 6,297 | 7,256 | 206 | 2,078 | 72,947 | 8 | (0) | 2,844 | 333 | 193 | 453 |
|  | 1,762 9,392 | -2,306 | 199 | $\begin{array}{r}543 \\ 2.550 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19,257 80,403 | ${ }^{8}$ | 221 | 7,173 | $\begin{array}{r}166 \\ 584 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}69 \\ 293 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 248 349 |
| Transportation equipment.... | 6,706 | 10,850 | -362 | 2,554 | 64,398 | 6 | 0 | 3,348 | 437 | 1,172 | 1,706 |
| Instruments and related products.... | 2,302 | 3,023 | 128 | ${ }_{758} 7$ | 29,668 | 3 | * | 858 | 110 | ${ }^{248}$ | 526 |
| Other .............. | 2,888 | 3,358 | 80 | 803 | 35,050 | 4 | (*) | 1,059 | 135 | 164 | 341 |
| Wholesale trade............................ | 76,747 | 240,729 | 1,663 | 9,058 | 294,566 | 333 | () | 17,304 | 2,568 | 38,257 | 84,568 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ......... | 20,609 | 63,737 | 1,954 | 2,418 | 68,437 | (P) | 0 | 5,803 | 1,178 | 3,298 | 33,969 |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum ...... Other durable goods | 28,004 | $\begin{aligned} & 53,568 \\ & 59,208 \end{aligned}$ | -47 | $\begin{array}{r}725 \\ \hline 8999\end{array}$ | 20,440 134671 | ${ }^{7}$ | (1) | 1,419 <br> 5,355 | ${ }_{850}^{125}$ | 10,725 | ${ }_{28,775}^{11,77}$ |
| Other durable goods........................... | ${ }_{7} \mathbf{7 , 8 0 5}$ | ${ }_{41,583}$ | - ${ }^{-190}$ | -3,958 | 134,615 | 57 | 7 | ¢ | ${ }_{157}$ | 20,244 | 88.932 |
| Other nondurable goods.................................. | 8,937 | 22,632 | 207 | 1,357 | 50,423 | 70 | () | 2,920 | 258 | 1,763 | 6,615 |
| Retail trade .......................... | 19,806 | 38,276 | 456 | 6,320 | 481,544 | (0) | 0 | 10,646 | 1,494 | 337 | 1,386 |
| Food stores and eating and drinking places... | 7,620 12,186 | 21,173 17,103 | 341 115 | 3,087 3,233 | ${ }_{223,643}^{257,901}$ | (1) | 0 | 5,153 5,492 | 750 744 | 10 | + 40 |
|  | 226 |  | 1377 | 3,335 | 47,422 | (1) | (1) | 2,336 | 801 | (d) | (e) |
|  | 67,199 |  | 915 | 1,842 | 69,030 | 14 | 0 | 2,292 | 366 | 0 | (*) |
| Insurance..... |  | 23,942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate..... | 62,213 | 12,186 | 207 | 707 | 30,768 | 2,510 | 233 | 47,658 | 5,431 | (0) | (P) |
| Other industries. | 30,079 | 24,147 | -1,315 | 7,322 | 328,888 | 3,084 | (0) | 17,699 | 1,485 | (P) | (P) |
| Agriculture. | 2,275 |  | -110 | 151 | 9,725 | 1,452 | (1) |  | 167 | 73 |  |
| Forestry and fishing. | ${ }^{272}$ |  | -125 |  | 149 | 1,402 | 21 | ${ }_{1}^{222}$ | 116 | ( 5 | (17) |
| Construction .... | 3,994 | -6,334 | -135 -17 | -1,479 | 41,243 48,089 | 158 | (0) | 1,524 <br> 3,528 | 149 198 | (0) | 174 6 |
| Communication and public utilities. | 17880 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 976 | -174 | -256 | 10,204 | 2 | 2 | 1,243 | 193 | 0 | (0) |
| Services.................................................................... | 17,223 | 11,835 | -910 | 4,097 | 219,478 | 52 | ()) | 9,254 | 762 | 180 | 240 |

[^17]Table 6.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1986, by Industry of Affiliate


[^18]Table 7.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1985, by Country and Industry of Ultimate Beneficial Owner


[^19]Table 8.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1986, by Country and Industry of Ultimate Beneficial Owner

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | Number of employees | Thousands of acres |  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total assets | Sales | Net | Employee compensation |  | Land owned | Mineral rights owned leased $\qquad$ | Gross book value of plant, and |  |  |  |
| All countries, all industries.. | 829,926 | 667,256 | 2,607 | 86,631 | 2,964,492 | 14,951 | 52,485 | 317,607 | 28,349 | 50,713 | 124,476 |
| By country |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada. | 129,467 | 82,579 | $1,085$ | 16,202 | $602,528$ |  |  | 72,685 | 5,864 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,112 \\ 43,351 \end{array}$ |
| Europe... | 397,171 | 340,713 | 2,630 | 51,459 | 1,808,592 | $9,410$ | 25,009 | 177,493 | 14,646 | 20,224 |  |
| European Communities (12).... | $\begin{array}{r} 301,113 \\ 6,517 \\ 1,320 \end{array}$ | 283,0697,7191,880 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,998 \\ 85 \\ 01 \end{array}$ | 42,068822 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,507,078 \\ 42,423 \\ 24863 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,744 \\ \quad 134 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24,408 \\ (0) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 158,176 \\ 4,992 \\ 779 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,926 \\ 455 \\ 56 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}17,06 \\ 104 \\ \\ 55 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35,189 |
| Belgium................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1,172}$ |
| France .... |  | 42,811 | -195 | $\begin{array}{r}392 \\ 6,395 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}24,83 \\ 198052 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,75 | 20017 | 17,851 | 1,517 | 2,573 |  |
| Germany... |  | -61,967 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ -195 \\ \hline 74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,255 \\ \hline 13\end{array}$ | 305,337 | 1,679 | 861 | 22,2999 | 2,464 |  | 14,361 |
| Greece.... | 765 2.573 |  |  | 13 959 | ${ }^{25,101}$ |  | 5 | 459 2388 | $\begin{array}{r}72 \\ 80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,573 11 | 14,361 ${ }^{4}$ |
| Italy ....... | $\begin{array}{r}2,627 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | c,$\substack{3,975 \\ 1,372}$1,372 | -35 -127 | 379 | 10,419 |  | 55 | 2,338 2407 | 222 | 57515415 | 839 |
| Luxembourg. | 68,449 |  | $-35$ | 2097,104 | \% 78,652 | 16448 | (0) | 66946,493 | ${ }^{67}$ |  | 449 |
| Netherlands .... |  | 46,439 | 1,152 |  | 258,935 |  |  |  | 3,081 | 1,203 0 | 3,538 |
| Spain - .......... | 352 | 441 | 7 | 40 |  | 97 | 0 |  | 21 | *) |  |
| United Kingdom.... | 133,799 | 113,528 | 1,217 | 16,499 | 636,817 | 3,846 | 7,564 | 59,756 | 5,091 | 2,900 | 9,991 |
| Other Europe.... | 96,058 | 57,644 | 532 | 10,392 9,392 | 301,514 | 1,666 | ${ }^{601}$ | 19,317 | 1,719 | 3,148 | 8,162 |
|  | 717 1,340 | 1,073 <br> 1,143 | -12 | 98 247 | 3,374 <br> 8,242 | ${ }_{3}^{41}$ | (9) | 664 | 24 <br> 45 | 72 <br> 26 | 187 115 |
| Liechtenstein ... | 2,072 | 3,516 | - $\mathbf{- 1 1}^{6}$ | $\begin{array}{r}604 \\ 146 \\ \hline 20\end{array}$ | 27,6504,205 | 6056 | 0 | 1,340368 | ${ }^{142}$ | 1140 | - $\begin{array}{r}71 \\ \hline 204 \\ \hline 8047\end{array}$ |
| Norway ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  | (17) |  |  |  |  |
| Sweden....v................................................................... | $\begin{gathered} 11,063 \\ 79,512 \\ 420 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,344 \\ & 35,707 \\ & \hline 942 \end{aligned}$ | 164 382 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,213 \\ 6,026 \\ \hline 59 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 181,729 \\ 2,408 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}993 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 3,194 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,306 \\ \mathbf{3 1} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{2,293}{3,493} \\ & 445 \end{aligned}$ |
| Other .............. |  |  | -2 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{459}{0}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,392 \\ \mathbf{1 0 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,145 \\ 12 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Japan........ | 96,704 | 165,740 | 102 | 6,755 | 216,392 | 116 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 22,319 | 3,926 | 22,693 | 63,724 |
| Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa. | 90,266 | 25,740 | 570 | 3,241 | 85,782 | 279 | 4,345 | 9,684 | 950 | 697 | 2,750 |
| Latin America.... | 16,582 | 21,917 | -2,233 | 3,583 | 132,459 | 992 | 4,210 | 11,167 | 910 | 1,271 | 3,902 |
| South and Central America ... | 9,612 | 12,776 | -155 | 1,697 | 48,735 | 731 | 193 | 5,405 | 507 |  | 2,557 |
| Argentina ...................) | ${ }_{224}^{281}$ | $\begin{array}{r}97 \\ 368 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -8 -16 | 7 | 312 472 | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 | -187 | 30 10 |  | (0) |
| Mexico..... | 1,614 | 1,131 | $-37$ | 120 | 3,787 | 279 | (0) | 1,070 | 157 | 56 | 470 |
| Panama | 3,920 | 4,093 | -101 | 1,254 | 34,129 | 257 | (1) | 2,705 | 204 | 334 | 632 |
| Venezuela | 2,030 1,543 | 5,359 1,728 | 32 -25 | 108 | 5,231 4,804 | 96 60 | 5 0 | 900 478 | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ 32 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 184 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (1) |
| Other Western Hemisphere ..... | 6,970 | 9,141 | -2,078 | 1,886 | 83,724 | 261 | 4,017 | 5,763 | 404 | 611 | 1,344 |
| Bahamas... | ${ }_{2} 852$ | 1,080 | -83 | ${ }_{441} 208$ | 5,389 | ${ }_{57} 57$ | 4011 | 534 |  |  | (1) |
| Bermuda................ | 3,303 | 3,213 | -2,038 | 1,128 | 27,665 | 131 | (**) | 3,912 | 254 | (1) | (1) |
| United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean..... | 500 | 359 |  | -99 | 5,220 | ${ }_{33}$ | 5 | ,275 | ${ }_{23}$ | 8 | 9 |
| Other .............................................. | 31 | 33 | (*) | 10 | 302 | 3 | 0 | 22 | 3 | (*) | $\bigcirc$ |
| Middle East..... | 64,466 | 11,611 | 239 | 3,538 | 49,541 | 544 | 1,059 | 12,608 | 953 | 439 | 283 |
| Irrael.... | 1,470 | 604 | -287 | ${ }^{66}$ | 2,535 | 1 |  | 1130 | 24 | -96 | +88 |
| Other.....it. | 62,996 48,152 | 5,964 | ${ }_{370}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,299 \\ \hline 2,291\end{array}$ | ${ }_{21,119}^{47,06}$ | ${ }_{383} 54$ | 1,059 | 6,947 | ${ }_{306}$ | 34, | 85 13 |
| Lebanon. | 1,088 | 617 | -85 | 180 | 5,848 | 27 | (0) | 629 | 26 | 50 | 3 |
| Soudi Arabia........... | 11,924 | 3,409 | -23 | 713 22 | 10,937 | 120 3 | ( ${ }_{0}$ | 3,611 | $\begin{array}{r}519 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 162 | 62 |
| Other................................................ | 1,045 | 168 | -23 | 257 | 8,503 | ${ }_{9}$ | 0 | ${ }_{498}$ | 45 | (0) | $\frac{1}{7}$ |
| Other Africa, Asia, and Pacific.. | 17,378 | 10,726 | -712 | 1,138 | 37,387 | 235 | (1) | 10,344 | 910 | 708 | 3,285 |
| Other Africa..........i.i. | 5,000 | 2,742 7983 | -569 | 350 788 | 7,400 29898 | -55 | (0) | ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 250 660 |  |  |
| Hong Kong. ................ | 7,282 | 2,603 | -104 | 486 | 19,395 | 116 | (0) | 2,711 | 362 | ${ }_{63}$ | , 343 |
| Philippines.... | ${ }^{529}$ | 142 | ${ }_{-18}^{38}$ | 10 | ${ }^{313}$ | ${ }^{5}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | 462 | +44 | ${ }^{5}$ | ${ }^{33}$ |
| Other | 3,475 1,492 | 4,341 | 11 | 134 | 5,221 | 58 | (*) | (1) | 145 | 29 | -892 |
| United States............ | 17,892 | 8,231 | 926 | 716 | 31,811 | 27 | (P) | 1,307 | 191 | 319 | 69 |
| Addendum- $\mathrm{OPEC}^{1}$........ | 68,518 | 18,510 | -183 | 3,563 | 46,817 | 623 | () | 17,897 | 1,162 | 295 | 1,179 |
| By industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government |  |  | -479 |  | 111,957 |  | 5,011 | 24,979 | 1,305 | 1,870 | 3,825 |
| Individuals, estates, and trusts. | 84,248 | 67,054 | 592 | 7,990 | 327,302 | 5,875 | 1,433 | ${ }^{37,339}$ | 3,746 | ${ }^{6,751}$ | 5,631 |
| Petroleum............. | 67,889 <br> 969 | 43,856 | 103 10 | 4,580 | 105,015 6906 | 8877 | 29,722 | $\begin{array}{r}72,736 \\ \hline 73\end{array}$ | 4,285 | 1,104 | 4,898 |
| Agriculure ........ | 82,123 | 20,553 | 578 | 2,142 | 44,927 | 546 | 3,033 | 7,012 | 584 | 642 | 2,588 |
| Construction... | 4,650 | 5,545 | $-78$ | 1,091 | 34,607 | 41 | (0) | 2,295 | 272 | 30 | 128 |
| Manufacturing | 180,901 | 218,230 | 2,115 | 36,739 | 1,179,151 | 2,046 | () | 94.627 | 9,675 | 11,550 | 65,751 |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities....... | 10,051 | -8,357 | $-470$ |  |  | 167 | ${ }^{658}$ |  | 763 1.596 | 282 20,377 | 7511 |
| Wholesale and retail trade..................................... | 37,221 | 140,293 29784 | ${ }_{211}$ | 5,677 | 316,143 23,889 | 224 | ${ }^{(23}$ | 9,818 | 1,5966 | 20,377 | 35,242 |
|  | 61,992 | 57,037 | -2,126 | 11,879 | 451,552 | 2,180 | 2,968 | 28,568 | 2,513 | 6,113 | 4,159 |
| Other finance and insurance..... | 147,424 | 29,966 | 1,671 | $\stackrel{3}{3,39}$ | 94,163 | 79 | 74 | 6,769 | 1,144 | 60 | 113 |
| Real estate......... | 30,787 | 10,290 | -188 | 1,520 | 91,038 | 420 | ( ${ }^{2}$ | 22,128 | 1,969 | ${ }^{276}$ | 884 |
| Services..................................................................... | 9,869 | 7,583 | -89 | 1,914 | 104,407 | 18 | () | 2,46\% | 208 | 26 | 284 |

[^20]Table 9.-Employment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1985, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner
[Number of employees]

|  | $\int_{\text {countries }}^{\text {All }}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Japan | Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa | Latin America | $\underset{\text { East }}{\text { Middle }}$ | Other Africa, Asia,andPas Pacific | United Stated | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adden- } \\ & \text { dum } \\ & \text { OPEC }^{1} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany | Netherlands | United Kingdom | Switzerland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries... | 2,862,153 | 527,490 | 1,806,033 | 165,077 | 408,107 | 213,034 | 639,423 | 185,002 | 212,779 | 73,275 | 122,130 | 52,987 | 26,333 | 41,126 | 40,854 |
| Mining | 29,933 | 8,942 | 15,135 | 546 | 4,124 | (P) | 3,960 | 387 | (0) | (P) | (D) | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 |
| Petroleum. | 124,804 | 4,789 | 107,852 | 9,536 | 1,821 | (P) | 48,843 | 661 | 285 | (1) | 8,632 | 2,012 | (1) | 443 | (1) |
| Menufacturing. | 1,455,198 | 287,345 | 952,741 | 90,583 | 252,485 | 91,375 | 324,380 | 114,540 | 74,096 | 31,972 | 69,018 | 9,806 | 8,675 | 21,545 | 4,990 |
| Food and kindred products. | 150,698 | (P) | 115,415 | 5,362 | 657 | 3,713 | 67,996 | (D) | 4,538 | (P) | 924 | (P) | (D) | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) |
| Chemicals and allied products... | 429,593 | (1) | 298,730 | 6,513 | 165,484 | 22,410 | 53,948 | 42,567 | 4,055 | (1) | (D) | (0) | (1) | 0 | (P) |
| Industrial chemicals and synthetic................................................. | 230,321 51,081 5 | (0) | 115,448 41,540 | 4,636 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 48,734 } \\ 3,851 \\ \\ \hline 6,4\end{array}$ | (0) 11 | 36,753 12,907 | (1) | 8,850 2,856 | 0 | (8) | (0) | 0 | 0 | (P) |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods. | 30,710 |  | 28,135 | 40 | 6,250 | (1) | 1,023 | 5,512 | (0) | 0 | (0) | 32 | (P) | 0 | 32 |
| Agricultural chemicals $\qquad$ Other $\qquad$ | (D) |  | (D) | 103 | (P) | (e) | 1,345 2,920 | 23 266 |  | (8) | 378 | (1) | (0) | 0 | (P) |
| Primary and fabricated metals Primary metal industries..... | 167,559 | 30,856 19 | 56,518 | 6,917 <br> 3,473 | 8,061 | 1,380 | 19,118 9 | (0) | 28,532 | 15,389 13 | (D) | (0) | 128 |  | 1,862 |
| Primary metal industries........ Fabricated metal products..... | 103,222 64,337 | 19,713 11,143 | 35,024 21,494 | $\mathbf{3 , 4 7 3}$ <br> $\mathbf{3 , 4 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 0 0 2}$ $\mathbf{3 , 0 5 9}$ | (0) | 9,023 10,095 | 2,193 | 27,408 1,124 | 13,787 1,652 1,1 | (D) | (1) | 128 | $\begin{array}{r}5,746 \\ \mathbf{9 2} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (1) |
| Machinery . | 310,511 | 46,257 | 214,573 | 15,774 | 33,805 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 64,704 | 13,448 | 21,504 | 1,197 | (0) | (0) | 1,421 | 64 | 734 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 116,402 |  | 84,999 | 12,292 | 13,214 | 1,364 | 34,784 | 6,287 | 9,158 | 1,135 | 2,452 | (D) | , 552 | (D) | 0 |
| Electric and electronic equipment... | 194,109 | (D) | 129,574 | 3,482 | 20,591 | (P) | 29,920 | 7,161 | 12,346 | 62 | (D) | (P) | 869 | (D) | 734 |
| Other manufacturing. | 396,837 | 73,610 | 267,505 | 56,017 | 44,478 | (D) | 118,614 | 14,451 | 15,472 | 14,340 | 9,854 | (1) | 4,761 | ( $)$ | 362 |
| Textile products and apparel | 37,858 | 5,132 | 20,524 | 529 | 3,788 | (1) | 12,446 | 2,068 | 1,292 | 0 | (1) | 0 | 11 | (1) | 0 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures. | 12,914 | 1,592 7,407 | 65,197 | (1) | 4,149 1,328 | ${ }^{0}$ | (0) | ${ }^{438}$ | (1) | (1) | ${ }_{36}$ | ${ }^{27}$ | (1) | 0 | 0 |
| Printing and publishing... | 72,947 | 39,718 | 23,482 | 143 | 6,341 | 1,357 | 11,022 | (0) | 491 | (0) | 2,727 | 8 | 26 | (0) | 240 |
| Rubber and plastics products. | 19,257 | 1,202 | 11,820 | 1,255 | 3,975 | (1) | 3,513 | 240 | 4,730 | (a) | (0) | 0 | 104 | 0 | 104 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products... | 80,403 | 15,536 | 59,178 | 18,380 | 4,110 | 41 | 32,335 | 1,943 | 855 | 3,438 | (0) | 18 | (P) |  | 18 |
| Transportation equipment............ | 64,998 | 1,672 | 55,850 | (0) | 11,522 | 55 | 10,278 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 3,410 |  | 0 | (1) | (P) | 0 | 0 |
| Instruments and related products. | 29,668 | 435 | 24,629 | (8) | 8,198 | (2) | 9,790 | 3,893 | 2,149 | (P) | (0) | 104 | 0 | (1) | 0 |
| Other ................................... | 35,050 | 916 | 30,765 | 2,669 | 1,067 | 39 | 20,894 | 1,638 | 1,261 | (P) | (D) | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Wholesale trade..... | 294,566 | 21,198 | 165,502 | 29,704 | 50,857 | 5,128 | 38,950 | 13,173 | 92,486 | 2,848 | 3,067 | 4,407 | 4,852 | 206 | 4,600 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment .... | 68,437 | (1) | 42,919 | (8) | 21,436 | 16 | 7,082 | 165 | 21,051 | (1) | 147 | (D) | 449 | 0 | (D) |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum | 20,440 | (0) | 8,938 | (1) | 2,631 | ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ | 1,935 | (P) | 6,784 | (1) | 667 | 275 | 66 | 0 | (P) |
| Other durable goods.......i.i.l. | 134,015 | 8,889 | 15,607 | 10,453 | 15,146 | 1,304 | 1120 | 4,714 | 57,260 | (0) | 1,42 | 0 | 3,158 | 0 | 1,858 |
| Other nondurable goods............ | 50,423 | 9,008 | 156,225 | 2,878 | 11,555 | (D) | 10,778 | (D) | 2,774 | (P) | (0) | 24 | 1,179 | (P) | 24 |
| Retail trade | 481,544 | 122,731 | 311,529 | 12,939 | 64,403 | 53,674 | 117,494 | 12,400 | 15,598 | 7,497 | 13,245 | (0) | 4,032 | (P) | 77 |
| Food stores and eating and drinking places... | 257,901 | 81,806 | 167,659 | 9,663 | (1) | (0) | 39,516 | 7,382 | 3,538 | \% | 130 | 5 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | 5 |
| Retail trade, nec ........................................... | 223,643 | 40,925 | 143,870 | 3,276 | (D) | (0) | 77,978 | 5,018 | 12,060 | 7,497 | 13,245 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | () | 22 | 72 |
| Finance, except banking | 47,422 | 3,060 | 17,532 | 903 | 426 | 465 | 11,808 | (D) | 5,177 | (1) | (1) | (D) | 475 | (1) | (D) |
| Insurance. | 69,030 | 9,245 | 46,976 | 278 | 3,024 | 11,993 | 23,864 | 7,149 | (1) | (P) | (D) | 0 | 10 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 |
| Real estate.. | 30,768 | 17,470 | 7,295 | 474 | 681 | 1,010 | 3,671 | (D) | 1,636 | 653 | 857 | 1,891 | 927 | 39 | 1,735 |
| Other industries ................................................... | 328,888 | 52,710 | 181,471 | 20,114 | 30,286 | 7,862 | 66,453 | 32,607 | 22,984 | 19,054 | 26,104 | 17,041 | 7,258 | 2,266 | 12,682 |
| Agriculture .... | 9,725 | 244 | 5,751 | 593 | 1,046 | 330 | 1,960 | 1,368 | 1,659 | (2) | 1,235 | 427 | (D) | 7 | 297 |
| Forestry and fishing. | 149 |  | 141 | (D) |  |  | 21 | (P) |  | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 |
| Construction ........... | 41,243 | 2,143 | 35,427 | 8,284 | 14,859 | 3,440 | 3,626 | 3,867 | 1,254 | 1,520 | 326 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 1 |
| Transportation .:...... | 48,089 | 18,163 | 11,330 | (D) | 2,025 | 1,206 | ${ }_{(0)}^{\text {( })}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6,387 | (1) | 780 | (0) | 2,160 | (1) | 64 |
| Communication and public utilities .................................................................................... | 10,204 219,478 | 5,741 26,416 | 4,437 124,385 | 526 10,021 | 12,350 | 2,886 | 51,867 | 26,867 | 13,734 ${ }^{0}$ | (P) | 23,736 | 13,460 | (P) | ( 0 | 12,320 |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

1. See footnote 1, table 7 .

Table 10.-Employment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1986, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner
[Number of employees]

|  | $\stackrel{\text { All }}{\text { countriea }}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Japan | $\begin{gathered} \text { Australia, } \\ \text { New } \\ \text { Zealand, } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { South } \\ \text { Africa } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Latin } \\ \text { America } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Middle } \\ \text { East } \end{array}$ | Other Africa, Asia, Pacific | United States | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Addden- } \\ \text { dumen } \\ \text { OPEC } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany | Netherlands | United Kingdom | Switzerland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries. | 2,964,492 | 602,528 | 1,808,592 | 193,052 | 305,337 | 258,935 | 636,817 | 181,729 | 216,392 | 85,782 | 132,459 | 49,541 | 37,387 | 31,811 | 46,817 |
| Mining. | 29,269 | 156 | 14,206 | 535 | ,704 | (P) | 3,584 | 418 | (1) | 6,351 | 53 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 |
| Petroleum. | 21,981 | 3,987 | 98,505 | 9,206 | ,222 | (1) | 43,032 | 671 | 414 | 693 | 10,956 | 1,404 | (P) | (0) | 9,778 |
| Manufacturing. | 1,399,602 | 272,098 | 922,643 | 106,140 | 155,194 | 107,183 | 332,104 | 109,932 | 67,516 | 40,112 | 62,199 | 9,935 | 15,332 | 9,767 | 3,889 |
| Food and kindred products... | 161,675 | (0) | 123,806 | 4,954 | 611 | 3,934 | 73,898 | () | 4,072 | 1,796 | 811 | 1,040 | 2,371 | (P) | (P) |
| Chemicals and allied products. Industrial chemicals and synthetics............................................. Druga che | $\begin{array}{r}378,802 \\ 251.182 \\ 6641 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | -9,993 | $\begin{array}{r}61,821 \\ 48,166 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,689 | 89,307 71,573 13791 | 43,159 328 37095 | 4,730 | (1) | 6,251 8 8 | 286 0 0 | (P) | 0 | (1) |
| Drugs, ...................................... | 66,341 48,358 |  | 56,988 45,479 | 1,640 | 3,679 7,386 | ${ }^{11}$ | 13,791 1,039 | 37,095 | (D) | (0) | (P) | 0 32 | (0) |  | ${ }_{(0)}^{0}$ |
| Soap, cleaners, and tollet goods.. Agricultural chemicals $\qquad$ |  | ${ }_{1}^{1,058}$ | 4, 1,507 7 | 1,640 | - | 0 | 131 2733 | 5,443 272 27 | (0) | (D) | 379 | 254 | (0) | 0 | 254 |
| Other .................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary and fabricated metals .... | 154,431 | 28,165 18,662 | 59,840 27,665 | 4,477 | 8,664 <br> 4.934 | 1,873 | 30,375 11,388 | (P) | 18,291 15783 | 15,530 12885 | (0) | 4,757 | (1) | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 1,875 |
| Fabricated metal products..... | 74,289 | 9,503 | 32,175 | (P) | 3,730 | (P) | 19,037 | 2,047 | 2,508 | 2,655 | (0) | (P) | 129 | 32 | 586 |
| Machinery..... | 325,563 | 36,929 | 240,350 | 26,900 | 38,114 | () | 59,647 | 13,421 | 20,240 | (P) | (0) | 1,711 | 1,858 |  | 653 |
| Machinery, except electrical $\qquad$ <br> Electric and electronic equipment..... | - 104,646 | ${ }^{11,0818}$ | 80,278 160,072 | 14,249 | 13,049 25,065 | ${ }_{\text {1,351 }}^{\text {(0) }}$ | - ${ }_{31,124}^{28,523}$ | 6,980 | 10,808 | (P) | 1,659 | (1) | $\begin{array}{r} 555 \\ 1,298 \end{array}$ | 20 44 | 653 |
| Other manufacturing. | 379,131 | 70,233 | 248,708 | 60,516 | 45,984 | 7,519 | 78,877 | 14,994 | 20,183 | 17,623 | 8,932 | 2,141 | (1) | (0) | 65 |
| Textile products and apparel......... | 32,753 | ${ }^{5,089}$ | ${ }_{8}^{23,305}$ | ${ }^{530}$ | 3,753 |  | 15,108 | 2,101 | 1,642 |  | 2,706 2 |  | ${ }_{(1)}^{11}$ |  |  |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixture | 41,406 | ${ }_{6}^{6,130}$ | -8,181 | () | 1,324 | 0) | () | ${ }_{(0)}$ | 3,907 | ${ }_{0}$ | 2,758) | (0) | (0) | 2,507 | 0 |
| Printing and pubishing.... | 88,986 <br> 18168 | 42,660 | ${ }_{11}^{28,557}$ | ${ }_{1}^{144}$ | 7,443 | 1,558 | 13,278 | (P) | (1) | (0) | 2,191 | 8 | 26 | (P) | 242 |
| Rubber and plastics products..... | 71,720 | 8,708 | 57,683 | 26,898 | 4,431 | () | 19,040 | 3,458 | 3,943 1,010 |  | 401 | 8 | 381 |  | 18 |
| Transportation equipment................ | 60,608 | 3,292 | 49,113 |  | 10,653 | 55 | 10,323 | 3, | 3,746 | 0 | 0 | (0) | (0) | 0 | 0 |
| Instruments and related products..... | 33,000 | ,857 | 27,980 | () | 8.525 | ${ }^{(0)}$ | 12,576 | 3,850 | ${ }_{2}^{2,383}$ | 1,530 | (0) | 105 | 15 | (P) | 0 |
| Other ............... | 19,490 | 1,022 | 13,758 | 2,746 | 1,046 | 39 | 2,769 | 1,858 | 2,588 | 1,624 | 485 | 11 | 2 | 0 |  |
| Wholesale trade..... | 304,515 | 20,475 | 166,250 | 27,534 | 48,349 | 8,027 | 43,885 | 10,579 | 99,583 | 5,308 | 3,268 | 3,522 | 5,906 | 203 | 3,861 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment..... | 70,761 22,106 | (1) | 41,033 10,605 | (1) | 18,919 2672 | 17 | 7,470 3,451 | 176 | $\underset{\text { 2,934 }}{ }$ | 1,126 | 162 607 | (0) | 656 <br> 161 | 0 | (1) |
| Other durable goods................. | 138,329 | 7,931 | 60,797 | 4,533 | 14,648 | 1,667 | - 19,682 | 5,178 | 60,233 | 3,046 | 1,573 |  | 3,884 |  | 1,410 |
| Farm product raw materials. | 20,091 58328 | 9,518 | 15,581 38,234 | 10,647 3,269 |  | ${ }^{59}$ | 1,045 12,237 | ${ }_{1,673}^{(\mathcal{P})}$ | 4,166 2,863 | ( ${ }_{\text {( }}^{(\mathcal{D})}$ |  | 77 |  | (0) | 118 |
| Other nondurable goods........ | 53,228 | 9,518 | 38,234 | 3,269 | 12,011 | () | 12,237 | 1,673 | 2,863 | (0) | (0) | 77 | 1,255 | (P) | 118 |
| Retail trade.... | 578,798 | 202,458 | 330,525 | 13,653 | 66,815 | 82,214 | 102,212 | 15,434 | 16,381 | 10,085 | 9,198 | (P) | 1,655 | (0) | (1) |
| Food stores and eating and drinking places. Retail trade, nec. | $\begin{aligned} & 285,332 \\ & 293,466 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 96,804 \\ 105,654 \end{array}$ | 175,351 155,174 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,293 \\ 3,360 \end{array}$ | (P) | (3) | $\begin{aligned} & 41,717 \\ & 60,495 \end{aligned}$ | (1) | $\begin{array}{r} 3,824 \\ 12,557 \end{array}$ | (0) | $9,198$ | (0) | $\begin{array}{r} 403 \\ 1,252 \end{array}$ | (0) | (0) |
| Finance, except banking. | 52,629 | 3,872 | 17,657 | 533 | 556 | () | 10,873 | (P) | 6,170 | (0) | 567 | (P) | 1,470 | (P) | (1) |
| Insurance. | 73,941 | 9,598 | 49,782 | () | 2,894 | 15,832 | 22,546 | 7,657 | (P) | (0) | 595 | 0 | 10 | (P) | 0 |
| Real estate.... | 34,715 | 19,613 | 7,984 | (P) | 886 | 1,239 | 3,951 | (9) | 2,275 | 716 | 73 | 2,050 | 1,057 | 47 | 1,861 |
| Other Industries. | 369,042 | 62,271 | 201,040 | 35,045 | 25,717 | 5,203 | 74,630 | 31,774 | 23,561 | 16,018 | 44,650 | 12,418 | 6,453 | 2,631 | 8,514 |
| Agriculture | 11,098 | 244 | 6,726 | 880 | 1,135 | 99 | 2,604 | 1,088 | 1,680 | 67 | 1,484 | 489 | 00 | 8 |  |
| Forestry and fishing ... | 51,314 | 2,278 | 152 44,165 | 21,006 | 13,733 | 562 | 4,131 | 3,216 | 1,690 | 2,221 | ${ }_{(1)}^{(1)}$ | (0) | $3{ }^{6}$ | 8 |  |
| Transportation... | 46,557 | 16,250 | 12,111 |  | 2,108 | 1,111 | 5 | ${ }^{513}$ | 6,234 | (0) | (0) | (0) | 1,703 | (P) | 65 |
| Communication and public utilities <br> Services. | $\begin{array}{r} 14,351 \\ 245,559 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,391 \\ 34,104 \end{array}$ | 132,926 | 11,726 | 8,734 | 3,181 ${ }^{0}$ | 4,139 57,821 | 26,647 | 13,957 | (0) | (0) | 9,157 | 4,185 | ( ${ }^{0}$ ) | 8,117 |

${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

1. See footnote 1 , table 7 .

Table 11.-Total Assets of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1985, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner
[Millions of dollars]

|  | $\underset{\text { countries }}{\text { All }}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Japan |  | $\underset{\text { America }}{\text { Latin }}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Middle } \\ \hline \text { East } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Africa, } \\ & \text { Asia, } \\ & \text { And } \\ & \text { Pacific } \end{aligned}$ | United States | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adden- } \\ & \text { dum-1 } \\ & \text { OPEC } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany | Netherlands | United Kingdom | $\begin{gathered} \text { Switzer- } \\ \text { land } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries... | 741,077 | 115,160 | 357,377 | 30,250 | 51,779 | 57,853 | 115,483 | 73,506 | 64,173 | 104,998 | 16,055 | 59,637 | 9,170 | 14,505 | 57,427 |
| Mining... | 11,861 | 120 | 6,772 | (D) | 1,483 | (P) | 1,275 | (P) | () | () | 11 | 0 | 3 | 14 | 0 |
| Petroleum. | 76,434 | 5,098 | 66,362 | (0) | ,352 | (0) | 25,674 | 584 | 14 | 704 | 2,157 | 694 | () | (P) | 798 |
| Manufacturing.... | 170,410 | 45,409 | 98,251 | 10,502 | 24,226 | 7,987 | 33,092 | 13,689 | 10,427 | 4,910 | 7,412 | 840 | 1,505 | 1,657 | 561 |
| Food and kindred products... | 18,65 | (P) | (9) | 597 | 97 | 288 | 5,166 | (0) | 504 | 97 | 203 | (1) | 159 | (0) | (9) |
| Chemicals and allied products.... | 61,198 |  | (0) | 1,437 | 14,913 | 4,045 | 8,394 | 5,219 | 709 | , | 591 | () | (0) | 0 |  |
| Industrial chemicals and synthetics.... | 42,062 |  |  | 974 | 7,156 | 1,019 | ${ }^{6,146}$ |  | 288 | 0 | 2 | © | 0 | 0 | () |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Asticultural chemicals | 4,681 6,688 6,88 | (0) | 4,478 <br> 6,407 | (10) | (0) | (\%) | 10109 <br> 77 | 516 3 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} \text { ru4 } \\ \text { (0) } \\ \text { De } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | (0) | ¢8 | 4 | $\mathrm{C}_{0}^{0}$ | 0 | (1) |
| Other ........................................................ | 1,769 | 58 | 1,267 | 25 | 691 | (1) | 230 | 32 | (0) | 4 | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | (9) | 0 | 0 |
| Primary and fabricated metals ... | 22,160 | 4,235 | 7,327 | 726 | 972 | 114 | 2,915 | (0) | 4,115 | 3,172 | (0) | () | 17 |  |  |
| Primary metal industries..... | 16,911 | 3,437 | 5,751 1,576 | ${ }_{236}^{490}$ | $\begin{array}{r}698 \\ 274 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (P) | (e) |  | 3,967 | 3,047 | (8) | (0) | 0 17 | 428 1 | () |
| Machinery.................. | 29,409 | 5,378 | 17,330 | 1,358 | 3,878 | (1) | 5,605 | 1,119 | 2,634 | (2) |  | 133 |  |  |  |
| Machinery, except electrical.............. | 12,429 16,981 | (1) | 8,141 9,189 | 1,197 | 2,456 | 100 | 3,263 2,353 | 1,552 567 | 1,297 | 106 | (8) | () | (1) | (0) | 29 |
| Other manufacturing. | 38,984 | 6,522 | 26,394 | 6,384 | 4,365 | (P) | 11,012 | 1,619 | 2,466 | 1,459 | 485 | (1) | 681 | (0) |  |
| Textile products and apparel.... | 2,367 |  | 1,256 | -25 |  | () | 678 |  | 101 |  |  |  |  | (0) | 0 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures. | 5,998 | 1,303 | 1,024 4.808 | (1) | ${ }_{172} 18$ | (1) | (P) | ( | ( ) | 0 | 8 | ${ }_{(0)}^{18}$ | 0 | (0) | 0 |
| Printing and publishing. | 6,297 | 2,979 | 2,241 | 11 | 687 | 141 | 1,027 | (1) | 29 | (0) | 208 | (9) | 17 | (0) | 13 |
| Rubber and plastics products..... | 1762 | 55 | 1,094 | 112 | 489 | () | 3185 | 18 | 528 | ( $)$ | 17 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) |
| Transportation equipment........ | ${ }_{6} 9706$ | ( $)$ | 5,653 | 3,321 | 1,322 | 5 | , 1818 | (1) | 712 | $4{ }_{0}$ | 0 | (0) | 165 | 0 | 0 |
| Instruments and related products.. | 2,302 | 37 | 1,906 | 80 | ${ }^{1} 602$ | (e) | 783 | 358 | 238 | (P) | 30 | 9 | 0 | (P) | 0 |
| Other .......................................... | 2,888 | 103 | 2,451 | 223 | 113 | 6 | 1,589 | 129 | () | () | 13 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |
| Wholesale trade.. | 76,747 | 3,861 | 33,805 | 5,896 | 9,925 | 821 | 8,580 | 2,426 | 34,120 | 671 | 926 | 944 | 2,148 | 272 | 610 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ..................... | 20,609 | (1) | 9,531 | (1) | 5,389 | 2 |  | (0) | 10,178 | (1) | (1) |  |  |  |  |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum ... Other durable goods. | 28,004 | (1,141 | 2,597 11,826 | 549 790 | 604 3,033 | (0) | 449 4,547 | 776 | 7,212 13,366 | (13) |  |  | 132 847 | (0) | (D) |
| Farm product raw materials... | ${ }_{7,805}$ | ${ }^{1,143}$ | 4,960 | (1) | , 31 | 82 | ,977 | 896 | 2,686 | ) | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other nondurable goods.......... | 8,997 | 1,939 | 4,891 | 480 | 867 | 159 | 1,648 | 632 | 678 | 182 | 341 | () | 846 | (P) | 6 |
| Retail trade ....................................................... | 19,806 | 3,910 | 13,717 | 480 | 2,674 | 2,169 | 6,119 | 350 | 611 | 294 | 682 | 212 | (P) | (P) | 13 |
| Food stores and eating and drinking places.... Retail trade, nec | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 7,620 \\ 12,186 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,067 \\ & 1,843 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,176 \\ & 8,541 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 294 \\ & 186 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{P} \\ \mathrm{O} \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} (\mathcal{P} \\ (P) \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{P} \\ \mathbf{\rho} \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 75 \\ 275 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{321}^{291}$ | 294 | $682$ | $209{ }^{3}$ | (1) | (1) | ${ }_{11}^{3}$ |
| Finance, except banking. | 226,327 | 6,306 | 69,108 | 3,592 | 1,776 | 1,995 | 14,301 | (P) | 12,579 | (0) | 334 | (P) | (P) | 356 | (9) |
| Insurance. | 67,199 | 21,557 | 33,192 | 348 | 4,184 | 8,639 | 11,983 | (P) | (P) | (P) | 329 | 0 | 9 | ()) | 0 |
| Real estate. | 62,213 | 21,432 | 22,543 | 880 | 2,917 | 3,793 | 10,308 | 1,949 | 2,974 | 582 | 3,114 | 8,836 | 2,573 | 159 | 8,669 |
| Other industries ................................................. | 30,079 | 4,470 | 14,627 | 3,657 | 3,242 | 790 | 4,151 | 1,394 | 2,222 | (P) | 1,090 | (P) | 657 | 192 | (P) |
| Agriculture. | 2,275 | 79 | 1,425 | 165 |  | 41 | 281 | 354 | 97 | (P) | 454 | (P) | 41 | 6 | 180 |
| Forestry and fishing.. | ${ }_{4}^{4.534}$ | 10 | $\begin{array}{r}234 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | $2{ }^{(0235}$ | 58 887 | ${ }^{\mathbf{0}}$ | 332 | $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 171 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 144 | 110 | ${ }_{7}^{18}$ | ${ }_{79}^{1}$ | ${ }_{21}^{14}$ | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ |
| Transportation. | 3,994 | 1,931 | 1,096 | 137 | 116 | 111 | 515 | 98 | (P) | (P) | (3) | (8) | 127 | 9 | 4 |
| Communication and public utilities .... | 1,780 17 |  |  |  | 1851 | ${ }_{405}$ | ( ${ }^{(0)}$ | 747 |  | 915 |  | 50 | 154 | 178 | ${ }_{(0)}^{0}$ |
| Services..................................................... | 17,223 | 1,336 | 7,250 | 1,012 | 1,851 | 405 | 2,432 | 747 | 1,476 | 915 |  | 5,077 | 454 | 178 | () |

[^21]Table 12.-Total Assets of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1986, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner [Millions of dollars]

|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { countries } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Japan | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Australia, } \\ \text { New } \\ \text { Zeeland, } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { South } \\ \text { Africa } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\underset{\text { America }}{\text { Latin }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Middle } \\ \text { East } \end{gathered}$ | Other Asia, And Pacific | United States | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Addden- } \\ & \text { dume } \\ & \text { OPEC } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany | Netherlands | United Kingdom | $\begin{gathered} \text { Switzer- } \\ \text { land } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries. | 829,926 | 129,467 | 397,171 | 32,210 | 49,277 | 68,449 | 133,799 | 79,512 | 96,704 | 90,266 | 16,582 | 64,466 | 17,378 | 17,892 | 68.518 |
| Mining | 12,242 | 2,856 | 5,104 | () | 16 | (P) | ,219 | 149 | (0) | (1) | 11 | 0 | (P) | 16 | 0 |
| Petroleum. | 76,839 | 3,954 | 63,186 | (P) | 980 | (P) | 22,692 | 626 | 686 | 704 | 2,956 | 624 | (P) | (0) | 6,331 |
| Manufacturing. | 190,476 | 46,862 | 114,400 | 14,047 | 20,945 | 15,252 | 37,121 | 14,172 | 11,099 | 8,418 | 5,810 | 1,070 | 2,141 | 675 | 541 |
| Food and kindred products........... | 20,981 | (P) | (P) | 619 | 97 | 334 | 6,278 | (0) | 474 | 272 | 226 | (0) | 352 | () | (9) |
| Chemicals and allied products. Industrial chemicals and synthetics. | $\begin{aligned} & 70,47 \\ & 46,825 \end{aligned}$ | (e) | (0) | $\begin{array}{r}2,568 \\ 2,399 \\ \hline 101\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10,389 \\ 7,983 \\ \hline 175\end{array}$ | (1,090 | $\begin{array}{r}12,351 \\ 8.934 \\ 8,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,570 <br> 64 | 720 291 307 | \% | $\begin{array}{r}535 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{38}$ | (\%) | 0 | (1) |
| Drugs |  | (P) | 818.87 | 101 | 475 | ${ }^{6}$ | 3,000 | 4,986 | 307 | ${ }^{0}$ | Q |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods....... | 11,356 783 1857 | - 218 | 11,204 3 1,060 | 88 0 0 0 | 1,445 <br> 0 <br> 186 | (0) | $\begin{array}{r}163 \\ 63 \\ \hline 19 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | 529 ${ }^{3}$ | (e) | (0) | ${ }^{56}$ | 29 | 15 | 0 | (e) |
| Other. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary and fabricated metals Primary metal industries.. | ${ }^{215,595}$ | 3,989 3,138 | 1,048 5,738 | $\stackrel{525}{(1)}$ | 1,138 | 147 | ${ }_{3,152}^{4,292}$ | (Q) | 2, 2,389 | 8, 3,175 | (1) | 2 | ¢ | 1 | 250 220 |
| Fabricated metal products.......... | 6,456 | 857 | 2,310 | (P) | 323 | (e) | 1,140 | 228 | 273 | 172 | (P) | () | 18 | 1 | 30 |
| Machinery .... | 31,299 | 4,798 | 21,156 | 2,414 | 4,486 | (P) | 5,430 | 1,180 | 2,810 | (0) | (1) | 132 | 229 | 18 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical | 11,636 | 3, ${ }^{1,2598}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,021 \\ 13,135 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,509 <br> 905 | (P) | (1) | 2,514 | 619 562 | 1,376 1,344 | 102 | $\stackrel{341}{(0)}$ | (1) | (0) | 15 | $\stackrel{0}{29}$ |
| Other manufacturing. | 46,105 | 6,493 | 28,966 | 7,932 | 4,836 | 637 | 8,770 | 1,907 | 4,506 | 4,464 | 429 | (P) | 806 | (0) | 26 |
| Textile products and apparel........ | ${ }_{2023}^{2,023}$ | ${ }_{134}^{290}$ | 1,494 | $\stackrel{25}{0}$ | 308 | (P) | 847 | ${ }_{8}^{94}$ | 117 |  |  | 0 | 2 |  | 0 |
| Paper and allied products.................. | 5,568 | 839 | 3,499 | (1) | 191 | (0) | (P) | (0) | 1,006 | 0 | 9 | (1) | 0 | (0) | 0 |
| Printing and publishing.... | 11,064 | 3,902 | 3,150 | 11 | 859 | 174 | 1,330 | (P) | 32 | (e) | 146 | (*) | 18 | (0) | 14 |
| Rubber and plastics products..... | 10.660 | 831 | 8 8,918 | 4,042 |  | (\%) | 2822 | 915 | 111 |  | ${ }^{18}$ | 9 | ) | 0 | 3 9 |
| Transportation equipment. | 7,172 | 210 | 5,289 | (2) | 1,278 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1727 | 0 | 1,441 |  | 0 | P) | (0) | 0 | 0 |
| Instruments and related products. Other | 4,008 1,928 | $\begin{array}{r}83 \\ 161 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,733 1,371 | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ 286 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 682 117 | ${ }_{7}$ | 1,500 422 | 362 144 | (\%) | 158 | $\stackrel{24}{14}$ | 9 2 | 1 | (0) | 0 |
| Wholesale trade.: | 86,612 | 3,702 | 38,178 | 5,362 | 10,304 | 1,156 | 12,096 | 2,484 | 38,761 | 652 | 1,031 | 1,017 | 3,016 | 255 | 610 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 28,988 |  | 10,491 | (3) | 5,922 | 3 | 1,191 | (0) | 12,112 | (P) | (0) | (P) | 762 | 0 | (1) |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum. | 12,896 31,679 | 646 1,065 | -2,512 | 568 592 | $\begin{array}{r}2,781 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (1) | $\begin{array}{r}545 \\ 6,451 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 923 | $\begin{array}{r}8,297 \\ 14,781 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 335 151 | 224 301 |  | 1,151 | 0 | 276 |
| Farm product raw materials.. | 10,777 | 1,97 1,926 | 4,784 6,542 | ( ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,067 \\ \hline 1.09\end{array}$ | 25 517 | 1,008 2,901 | 1,013 | 2.839 732 | $\stackrel{(9)}{95}$ | 393 | (e) | 936 | (0) | ${ }_{18}^{0}$ |
| Retall trade .... | 29,624 | 11,081 | 15,619 | 532 | 3,096 | 3,164 | 6,249 | 452 | 735 | 406 | 1,313 | 232 | 167 | 71 | (9) |
| Food stores and eating and drinking places Retail trade, nec | 9,139 20,485 | 2,760 <br> 8,321 | 5,814 <br> 9,805 | 341 191 | 2,162 | (P) | 1,093 5,156 | 73 379 | 306 <br> 428 | (0) | $1,813$ | 3 229 | (D) | 67 <br> 4 <br> 4 | (3) ${ }^{3}$ |
| Finance, except banking. | 247,328 | 6,378 | 78,324 | 4,234 | 2,256 | 1,383 | 19,466 | (0) | 36,300 | (P) | 268 | (e) | 4,050 | 428 | (1) |
| Insurance... | 87,897 | 27,691 | 43,317 | 305 | 4,729 | 10,853 | 17,263 | (P) | (0) | () | 317 | () | 9 | (P) | (9) |
| Real estate.. | 67,751 | 21,694 | 23,956 | 664 | 3,037 | 3,991 | 11,613 | 2,021 | 6,014 | 821 | 3,359 | 8,997 | 2,746 | 164 | 8,982 |
| Other industries.... | 31,157 | 5,250 | 15,089 | 2,239 | 3,014 | 756 | 6,079 | 1,605 | 2,480 | (e) | 1,516 | (1) | 673 | 409 | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Agriculture.... | 2,417 |  | 1,536 | 177 | 394 | 43 | 372 | 337 | 82 | 34 | 461 | 167 | 48 | 6 |  |
| Forestry and fishing ....... | ${ }_{3}^{2988}$ | 184 |  | (D) |  | 0 149 | 98 362 | ${ }^{24}$ | 165 | 116 | 14 10 | $7{ }^{1}$ | (0) | 0 | ${ }^{(8)}$ |
| Transportation... | 4,244 | 1,888 | 1,236 | 140 | 142 | 119 | 640 | (0) |  | (P) | 97 | 78 | 122 | 9 | 4 |
| Communication and public utilities Services $\qquad$ | 19,248 | 1,128 1,957 | 8,970 <br> ( | (1,099 | 1,648 | 444 | 441 4,167 | 871 | 1,774 | 205 | 935 | ${ }^{\circ}$ | (0) | 394 | (0) |

[^22]Table 13.-Employment and Property, Plant, and Equipment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1985-86, by State

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1985} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1986} \\
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Number of employees} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\underbrace{\text { Gross book }}_{\substack{\text { Millions of } \\ \text { dollars }}}\)} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Thousands of acres} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Number of employees} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{c}
\begin{tabular}{c} 
Millions of \\
dollars
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
Gross book \\
value of \\
property, \\
plant, and \\
equipment
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Thousands of acres} \\
\hline \& \& \& Land owned \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Mingral } \\
\text { rights } \\
\text { owned and } \\
\text { leased }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \& \& Land owned \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Mineral } \\
\text { rights } \\
\text { owned and } \\
\text { leased }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Total ... \& 2,862,153 \& 295,181 \& 13,593 \& 61,051 \& 2,964,492 \& 317,607 \& 14,951 \& 52,485 \\
\hline New England: \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 43,496 \\
\& 2,1,130 \\
\& 7,1,45 \\
\& 16,486 \\
\& 11,301 \\
\& 6,591
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
7 \\
1,685 \\
36 \\
84 \\
1 \\
69
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{} \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\({ }_{1}^{2,381}\)} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1,678} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& 50,705
21731 \& \& \& \\
\hline Massachusetts....... \& \& \& \& \& 76,727 \& 4,038 \& 1,671 \& \\
\hline New Hampehire \(\qquad\) Rhode Island \& \& \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
16,785 \\
11,243 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \& -764 \& 113 \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& 6,957 \& 454 \& 46 \& \\
\hline Mideast: \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
34,785 \\
\begin{array}{r}
5,703 \\
49,487 \\
154,763 \\
241,933 \\
150,182
\end{array}
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
2,777 \\
1,136 \\
8,227 \\
9,284 \\
95,29 \\
15,292 \\
8,531
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
13 \\
(4) \\
57 \\
54 \\
\text { 40 } \\
\hline 467 \\
420
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
(P) \\
1 \\
(\mathbb{N}) \\
6 \\
139 \\
1,263
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
33,895 \\
6,793 \\
\hline 697762 \\
\hline 161.760 \\
\hline 284,469 \\
152,439
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
2,901 \\
1,362 \\
2,931 \\
10,608 \\
18,016 \\
9,993
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
13 \\
(9) \\
63 \\
\hline 9 \\
45 \\
438 \\
410
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1 \\
1 \\
2 \\
6 \\
105 \\
1,224
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline Delaware ................................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline New York ............................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Great Lakes: \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
143,863 \\
54,143 \\
8,143 \\
138,147 \\
138,47 \\
\hline 63,406
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 9,155 \\
\& \begin{array}{l}
2,700 \\
6,229 \\
8,671 \\
8,622
\end{array} \\
\& \hline, 271
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 249 \\
\& 45 \\
\& 256 \\
\& 256 \\
\& \hline 26 \\
\& \hline 96
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
416 \\
210 \\
2,127 \\
\hline, \\
\hline(\mathbb{P})
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
153,197 \\
57,033 \\
89,639 \\
127,072
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
11,057 \\
3,153 \\
7,272 \\
9,502 \\
3,187
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
232 \\
47 \\
265 \\
265 \\
\hline 25 \\
95
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
444 \\
2,389 \\
\substack{1799 \\
804 \\
(9)}
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline Ilinois....... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Michigan............... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Ohio........... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline lains: \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
18,488 \\
14,642 \\
\hline 5,712 \\
46,164 \\
7,523 \\
2,768 \\
1,780
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,404 \\
\& 1,216 \\
\& 4,294 \\
\& \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{2 9 4} \\
\& \hline 441 \\
\& 1,386 \\
\& 382
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
43 \\
65 \\
\hline 58 \\
\hline 94 \\
73 \\
\hline 99 \\
\hline 9
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{\begin{tabular}{c}
18,598 \\
16,341 \\
47,982 \\
48,250 \\
6.250 \\
6,315 \\
\hline 1,513
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,555 \\
\& 2,158 \\
\& 4,442 \\
\& 3,487 \\
\& 400 \\
\& 1,362
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
55 \\
68 \\
\mathbf{3 0 0} \\
\mathbf{9 4} \\
77 \\
49 \\
36
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{(*)
1,573
43
117
717
947
96} \\
\hline Iowa.... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Kansas ................................................................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Minnesota. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Missouri........... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Southeast: \& \multirow[b]{10}{*}{} \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{- 35,822} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3586} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
652 \\
103 \\
850
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}526 \\ 465 \\ \hline 1.155\end{array}\)} \\
\hline Alabama ........................................................................................ \& \& 3,057 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{98
968
568} \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Arkansas ...................................................................... \& \& \({ }^{1,061}\) \& \& 1,146
1,128 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{18,324
107355
1095} \& 1,148 \& \& \\
\hline Georgia ............................................ \& \& 8,158 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{508
156
156} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{+113} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8,611} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 850 \\
\& 782 \\
\& 780
\end{aligned}
\] \& 1,135 \\
\hline Kentucky... \& \& 3,941 \& \& \&  \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
159 \\
723 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{636
943} \\
\hline Louisiana....................................................................... \& \& -12,832 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{412} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,367} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
49,182 \\
20,39 \\
119182
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{13,562
2,416
8} \& \& \\
\hline Mississippi.................................................................. \& \& \(\begin{array}{r}2,320 \\ 7 \\ \hline 1011\end{array}\) \& \& \& \& \& 385
286 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}894 \\ 17 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \\
\hline South Carolina..................... \& \& 5,940 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{124}^{224}\)} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}711 \\ \hline 98\end{array}\)} \& 64,643

7 \& 8,270
5,744 \& 211. \& <br>
\hline Tennessee ...................................................................... \& \& 4,609 \& \& \& 78,028 \& 5,182 \& 142 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{376

200} <br>
\hline  \& \& 5,160
5,670 \& 171
432 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,781 \\ \hline 391\end{array}$ \& 76,170
27,116 \& $\stackrel{5}{5,261}$ \& 172
428 \& <br>

\hline Southwest: \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
34,485 \\
11,245 \\
26,900 \\
211,663
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,724 \\
1,891 \\
4,922 \\
38,020
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
214 \\
614 \\
32 \\
1,005
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 871 \\
& .8706 \\
& { }^{2,706} \\
& \hline 6,077
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
35,733 \\
10,621 \\
26,518 \\
211,254
\end{gathered}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4,006 \\
2,132 \\
5,77 \\
40,324 \\
40,32
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
234 \\
907 \\
36 \\
1,027
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
677 \\
2,851 \\
1,782 \\
5,079
\end{array}
$$
\]} <br>

\hline Arizona... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline New Mexico ................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Rocky Mountains: \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
30,993 \\
2,756 \\
2,970 \\
9,910 \\
\hline, 912 \\
3,121
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4,630 \\
& 856 \\
& 1,865 \\
& 2,647 \\
& 2,455
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
386 \\
82 \\
366 \\
366 \\
107 \\
108
\end{gathered}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3,117 \\
& 980 \\
& 3,421 \\
& 2,171 \\
& 2,656
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
32,545 \\
3,7020 \\
3,041 \\
11,660 \\
2,892
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{4,881

382
1,597
2,620

2,849} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
428 \\
23 \\
403 \\
79 \\
79
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2,456 \\
& 3,794 \\
& 2,794 \\
& 1,661 \\
& \hline, 406
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} <br>

\hline Colorado............. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Utah ...... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wyoming ........................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Far West: \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
298,796 \\
7,370 \\
18,586 \\
35,534
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
35,328 \\
1,087 \\
1,7,70 \\
3,680
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 818 \\
& 282 \\
& 919 \\
& 988
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,412 \\
& 2,277 \\
& 1,242 \\
& \hline, 363
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
284,496 \\
8,752 \\
17,42 \\
\hline 6,558
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
37,017 \\
\hline 1,301 \\
1,671 \\
3,398
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 799 \\
& 324 \\
& 916 \\
& 379
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
812 \\
1,976 \\
780 \\
2,041
\end{array}
$$
\]} <br>

\hline California ............................................................................. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Otevadi............................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Alaska............ \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
7,122 \\
18,680 \\
10.041 \\
\hline, 7728 \\
2,189
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
14,474 \\
1,777 \\
13,708 \\
13,7044 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{26

50
2
2
1

0} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
6,471 \\
18,851 \\
10,841 \\
3,8266 \\
1,707 \\
1,706
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
15,134 \\
2,013 \\
2.036 \\
15.066 \\
2,131 \\
2,137
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{13

52
1
1

0} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,203 \\
(0) \\
0,4 \\
9,459 \\
\quad 1
\end{array}
$$} <br>

\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Foreign ${ }^{\text {3 }}$................................................................................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^23]Table 14.-Employment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1985, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner
[Number of employees]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow{3}{*}{\[
\underset{\text { countries }}{\text { All }}
\]} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Canada} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Europe} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Japan} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Latin America} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Middle East} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Other \\
Africa, Asia, and Pacific
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow{3}{*}{United States} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Addendum \(_{\text {OPEC }} 1\)} \\
\hline \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Of which-} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& France \& Germany \& Netherlands \& United Kingdom \& Switzerland \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total .... \& 2,862,153 \& 527,490 \& 1,806,033 \& 165,077 \& 408,107 \& 213,034 \& 639,423 \& 185,002 \& 212,779 \& 73,275 \& 122,130 \& 52,987 \& 26,333 \& 41,126 \& 40,854 \\
\hline New England: \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
43,496 \\
21,130 \\
71,545 \\
16,486 \\
11,301 \\
6,591
\end{array}
\]} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
455 \\
(\mathbb{D}) \\
2,994 \\
(\mathcal{P}) \\
(\mathbb{D}) \\
(\mathbb{D})
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{481
31
1,278
( \()\)
(\%)

3} <br>

\hline Connecticut \& \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{5 , 4 5 4} \\
& 9,388 \\
& \mathbf{9 , 5 3 5} \\
& \mathbf{3 , 6 0 1} \\
& \mathbf{c , ( \mathbb { D } )} \\
& \mathbf{1 , 9 5 9}
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathbf{3 2 , 8 0 6} \\
9,759 \\
50,831 \\
8,423 \\
8,741 \\
4,251
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,197 \\
353 \\
1,795 \\
238 \\
701 \\
261
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6,708 \\
587 \\
12,751 \\
1,421 \\
1,546 \\
454
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,888 \\
1,597 \\
3,425 \\
738 \\
847 \\
\text { (P) }
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
12,432 \\
5,899 \\
21,968 \\
4,544 \\
3,576 \\
(\mathbf{D})
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,109 \\
(1) \\
4,707 \\
482 \\
602 \\
896
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,662 \\
116 \\
1,902 \\
(\mathbb{1}) \\
125 \\
147
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
667 \\
\text { (D) } \\
1,940 \\
\text { (D) } \\
\text { (D) } \\
\text { (D) }
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,828 \\
\text { (1) } \\
1,964 \\
\left(D^{( }\right) \\
163 \\
163
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
501 \\
31 \\
1,854 \\
\mathbf{( N )} \\
(\mathbb{C}) \\
0
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
123 \\
0 \\
525 \\
(\mathbb{D}) \\
41 \\
0
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \& <br>

\hline Maine ......................................................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline New Hampshire... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Rhode Island....................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Vermont.......................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Mideagt: \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{34,785} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{0
38
471} \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{(10)} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{150} <br>

\hline Delaware... \& \& ( $\begin{array}{r}\text { (P) } \\ 1,340 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
7,878 \\
3,509
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 944 \\
& 102
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,448

1,198} \& 134
77 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4,768

1,060} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 295 \\
& 306
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 60

149 \& \& ${ }^{(1)}$ \& (10) \& (D) \& \& <br>
\hline District of Colum \& 5,703 \& \& \& \& \& 5099 \& \& \& ${ }_{2}^{149}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& 150 <br>
\hline New Jersey. \& 154,763 \& 12,898 \& 116,522 \& 8,431 \& 29,791 \& 11,974 \& 30,303 \& 20,522 \& 14,256 \& 2,927 \& 3,211 \& 1,091 \& 1,747 \& 2.111 \& 109 <br>
\hline New York... \& 241,983 \& 31,753 \& 155,834 \& 8,264 \& 22,897 \& 12,713 \& 66,385 \& 20,900 \& 16,652 \& 8,514 \& 7,916 \& 11,560 \& 3,041 \& 6,663 \& 9,381 <br>
\hline Pennsylvania ...... \& 150,182 \& 28,145 \& 103,708 \& 12,302 \& 25,882 \& 7,376 \& 43,533 \& 6,422 \& 5,001 \& 1,389 \& 9,355 \& 1,098 \& 372 \& 1,114 \& - 457 <br>
\hline Great Lakes: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Illinois....... \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
143,863 \\
54,143 \\
81,143 \\
138,147 \\
63,406
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 23,582 \\
& 12,983 \\
& 17,566 \\
& 16,066 \\
& 15,973
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{9 4 , 0 5 1}, 051 \\
& \mathbf{3 5 , 9 8 4} \\
& 49,689 \\
& 90,766 \\
& 44,689
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5,313 \\
2,3139 \\
10,478 \\
13,516 \\
\mathbf{7 , 1 6 6 9}
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
18,363 \\
8,265 \\
13,316 \\
13,066 \\
\mathbf{9 , 4 6 4 6}
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
8,144 \\
10,304 \\
2,266 \\
5,650 \\
4,350
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
40,304 \\
9,949 \\
17,444 \\
37,901 \\
15,982
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
12,964 \\
\mathbf{2 , 1 4 1} \\
2,043 \\
11,977 \\
\mathbf{3 , 9 9 5}
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
14,522 \\
8,471 \\
9,723 \\
\mathbf{7 , 6 9 7} \\
\mathbf{4 7 8}
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,536 \\
829 \\
1,159 \\
5,551 \\
1,023
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,004 \\
423 \\
\mathbf{2 4 , 6 0 5} \\
14,547 \\
80
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{2,170

(D)
276
721
(D)} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{570
(P)
189
411

(1)} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathbf{3 , 4 2 8} \\
326 \\
677 \\
\mathbf{2 , 1 4 8} \\
\hline(0)
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{1,447

187
192
542
(1)} <br>
\hline Indiana.... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Michigan... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Ohio .......... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wisconsin. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Plains: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Iowa .... \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
18,488 \\
14,642 \\
35,712 \\
46,164 \\
7,523 \\
2,768 \\
1,780
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
7,319 \\
2,627 \\
12,032 \\
12,629 \\
749 \\
1,106 \\
645
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
9,734 \\
11,321 \\
21,662 \\
29,475 \\
6,186 \\
1,323 \\
817
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
642 \\
1,896 \\
1,801 \\
931 \\
842 \\
114 \\
22
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathbf{3 , 1 5 3} \\
2,373 \\
4,250 \\
7,585 \\
1,088 \\
681 \\
31
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,623 \\
1,812 \\
2,059 \\
4,880 \\
450 \\
191 \\
130
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,342 \\
2,895 \\
8,713 \\
9,447 \\
2,713 \\
285 \\
560
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,379 \\
849 \\
\mathbf{2 , 7 5 3} \\
3,128 \\
1,022 \\
95 \\
59
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
442 \\
227 \\
1,218 \\
1,544 \\
177 \\
5 \\
(\mathbb{D})
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
(\text { D) } \\
\text { (D) } \\
239 \\
793 \\
(0) \\
(0) \\
53 \\
\left({ }^{(0)}\right)
\end{gathered}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { (D) } \\
143 \\
1411 \\
567 \\
26 \\
(\mathbf{D}) \\
4
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1 \\
(\mathbb{D}) \\
258 \\
344 \\
(D) \\
(D) \\
0
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{163

0
0
(1)
(1)
0
0

0} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { (D) } \\
\text { (D) } \\
\text { (D) } \\
\text { (D) } \\
\text { D } \\
137 \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{0

P)
246
290
P
P
P
0} <br>
\hline Kansas........ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Minnesota... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Nebraska. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline North Dakota ... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline South Dakota..................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Southeast: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Alabama .... \& 31,507 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6,046 \\
& 3,802
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 18,527 \& 3,767 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,882

911} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
967 \\
\mathbf{3}, 812
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8,045

$\mathbf{3 , 6 5 1}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,248} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,754
8,010} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,153
$\mathbf{3 4 0}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,052
399} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{( ${ }_{\text {( })}^{\text {( })}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{( ${ }^{(D)}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(D)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{( ${ }_{\text {( })}^{\text {( })}$} <br>
\hline Arkansas.... \& 18,399 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{62,896} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5,258} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Florida.... \& 94,812 \& 14,993 \& \& \& 13,005 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,898
7,989} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24,673
23,393} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,079
5,039} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,725
6,920} \& 1,187 \& 7,331 \& 3,152 \& 449 \& 1,129 \& 3,390 <br>
\hline Georgia... \& 107,367 \& 22,003 \& 66,078 \& 4,260 \& 11,752 \& \& \& \& \& 3,810 \& 4,311 \& 2,484 \& 238 \& 1,523 \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{2,063
739
1,035} <br>

\hline Kentucky .. \& 37,238 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { 8 } 8,927 \\
8,743
\end{array}
$$} \& 19,721 \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{4}, 469 \\
& \mathbf{1 , 4 6 9}
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,018

$\mathbf{4 , 2 7 1}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3,158 \\
& 8,918
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
7,002 \\
10,377
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& 781 \& 2,053 \& 1,524 \& (P) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,846

1,557} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(1)} \& 629 \& <br>

\hline Louigiana. \& 51,026 \& \& 32,809 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,299 \\
& \hline 926
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \& \& \& 2,020 \& 333 \& 376 \& 6,751 \& \& \& ( ${ }^{(1)}$ \& <br>

\hline Mississippi. .i.... \& 115,975 \& 26,420 \& 78,390 \& 3,915 \& 22,824 \& 5,284 \& 23,532 \& 5,167 \& 2,956 \& 2,029 \& 1,279
2,658 \& 175 \& 2 \& 2,318 \& 97
843 <br>
\hline South Carolina.. \& 66,641 \& 7,877 \& 48,455 \& 7,866 \& 14,981 \& 8,579 \& 8,007 \& 4,468 \& 2,078 \& 614 \& (v) \& 2,688 \& 81 \& 2,318 \& 2,685 <br>
\hline Tennessee ........... \& 69,559 \& 12,629 \& 44,764 \& 5,423 \& 6,998 \& 9,975 \& 11,864 \& 5,662 \& 7,089 \& 868 \& 1,952 \& 602 \& (D) \& (D) \& (D) <br>
\hline Virginia. \& 69,385 \& 19,172 \& 40,020 \& 2,296 \& 13,015 \& 2,073 \& 12,331 \& 2,335 \& 1,552 \& 584 \& 7,363 \& 257 \& () \& () \& 208 <br>
\hline West Virginia ............................ \& 32,404 \& 15,200 \& 13,684 \& 175 \& 4,204 \& 3,287 \& 4,565 \& 348 \& 134 \& $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ \& ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ \& (D) \& 0 \& 11 \& (D) <br>
\hline Southwest: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Arizona ... \& 34,485 \& 8,462 \& 19,763 \& 1,144 \& 3,564 \& 3,808 \& 9,510 \& 1,150 \& 779 \& 2,706 \& 1,700 \& (D) \& (0) \& 683 \& 246 <br>
\hline New Mexico .. \& 11,245 \& 747 \& 9,020 \& 302 \& 3,493 \& 1,813 \& 3,138 \& 170 \& 70 \& ${ }_{7}{ }^{\left(D_{8}\right)}$ \& 423 \& (D) \& 0 \& 18 \& 41 <br>
\hline Oklahoma .... \& 26,900 \& 8,921 \& 14,864 \& 1,336 \& 3,072 \& 3,362 \& 4,825 \& 1,471 \& 483 \& 798 \& 1,040 \& 718 \& (0) \& (P) \& 674 <br>
\hline Texas ............... \& 211,663 \& 36,294 \& 136,333 \& 13,656 \& 31,633 \& 28,328 \& 40,262 \& 11,198 \& 7,736 \& 8,231 \& 12,332 \& 7,616 \& 1,911 \& 1,210 \& 4,128 <br>
\hline Rocky Mountains: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Colorado.............. \& 30,993
$\mathbf{2 7 5 5}$ \& 7,381 \& 19,101
1,615 \& 2,608 \& $\begin{array}{r}3,474 \\ 60 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ \& 820 \& 8,944 \& 1,557 \& 1,041 \& 975 \& 1,176 \& ${ }^{783}$ \& (1) \& (D) \& 713 <br>
\hline Montana ...... \& 2,910 \& 1,188 \& 1,821 \& 50 \& 191 \& (D) \& 288 \& 86 \& 55 \& (D) \& 19 \& (0) \& (0) \& 27 \& (3) <br>
\hline Utah ........ \& 9,912 \& () \& 5,527 \& 420 \& 843 \& (D) \& 1,696 \& 373 \& 72 \& 213 \& 117 \& (P) \& 478 \& (D) \& ( ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>
\hline Wyoming...... \& 3,121 \& 1,026 \& 1,762 \& 707 \& 185 \& 235 \& 489 \& 106 \& (D) \& $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ \& 248 \& 0 \& 0 \& 38 \& 0 <br>
\hline Far West: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline California. \& 298,797 \& 30,115 \& 170,152 \& 13,452 \& 52,616 \& 20,513 \& 52,391 \& 21,874 \& 61,216 \& 11,734 \& 11,398 \& 6,091 \& 6,072 \& 2,018 \& 5,300 <br>
\hline Nevada.......... \& 7,970 \& 1,751 \& 5,296 \& 714 \& 1,465 \& ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ \& 2,133 \& ${ }^{93}$ \& 18 \& 145 \& 57 \& ( ${ }^{\text {D }}$ ) \& ${ }^{(10)}$ \& (1) \& (1) <br>
\hline Wregon........................................................................... \& 18,586
$\mathbf{3 5 , 5 3 4}$ \& $\mathbf{2 , 7 6 7}$
4,857 \& 13,679
21,672 \& 1157
1,163 \& 4,647
3,581 \& 604
1,417 \& r $\mathbf{6 , 1 6 5}$ \& 1,351 \& 5,428 \& 185
1,582 \& 112 \& (D)
345 \& 210 \& (D) \& ${ }^{(13}$ <br>
\hline Alaska. \& 7,122 \& 1,209 \& 2,022 \& (D) \& 6 \& (1) \& ${ }^{(0)}$ \& ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ \& 2,574 \& (0) \& 747 \& (P) \& (1) \& (D) \& (D) <br>
\hline Hawaii. \& 18,680 \& 535 \& 1,591 \& 5 \& 141 \& 93 \& 1,110 \& 153 \& 11,679 \& (D) \& 820 \& 0 \& 2,929 \& (D) \& 0 <br>
\hline Puerto Rico......................................... \& 10,041 \& 1,471 \& 5,185 \& 368 \& 865 \& (D) \& 2,357 \& 1,020 \& 2,012 \& 0 \& 546 \& 359 \& ${ }_{8}^{0}$ \& 468 \& 114 <br>
\hline Other U.S. areas ${ }^{2}$ Foreign ${ }^{3}$ \& 3,728
$\mathbf{2 , 1 8 9}$ \& 212 \& 1,002
1,517 \& (0) \& (P) \& (D) \& 160
297 \& (19) \& 991
138 \& 0 \& ( 0 \& (P) \& ${ }_{\text {P }} 826$ \& (D) \& (1) <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{D}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. 1. See footnote 1 , table 7.
2. See footnote 1, table 8 .
2. See footnote 1, table 3 .
3. See footnote 2 , table 3 .

Table 15.-Employment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1986, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner
[Number of employees]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { countries } \end{gathered}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Japan | $\begin{gathered} \text { Australia, } \\ \text { New } \\ \text { Zealand, } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { South } \\ \text { Africa } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { America }}{\text { Latin }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Middde } \\ & \text { East } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Affica, } \\ & \text { Asia, } \\ & \text { Pand } \\ & \text { Pacific } \end{aligned}$ | United States | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adden- } \\ & \text { dum- } \\ & \text { POETC } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany | Netherlands | United Kingdom | Switzerland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,964,492 | 602,528 | 1,808,592 | 193,052 | 305,337 | 268,935 | 636,817 | 181,729 | 216,392 | 85,782 | 132,459 | 49,541 | 37,387 | 31,811 | 46,817 |
| New England: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 50,705 <br> 21,731 <br> 17 | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{6}, 392 \\ .8 .857 \end{gathered}$ | 39,054 <br> 9,557 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,084 \\ & 1,499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,615 \\ & 5655 \end{aligned}$ | 6,853 <br> 1,625 | 13,292 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,366 \\ & 56 \end{aligned}$ | 1,740 | 701 (P) | 1,867 |  | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{266}$ | 169 P | 496 <br> 34 <br> 1,295 |
| Massachusetts...... |  |  | 46,170 <br> 8.170 <br> 9,215 <br> 4,380 | $\begin{array}{r}2,446 \\ \hline 1,447 \\ \hline 239\end{array}$ | 8,1,0741,499482 |  | 23,260 | 4,458 | 2,731 | 2,029 | 2,640 | 1,725 |  |  |  |
| New Hampshire..... |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 0,001 \\ 801 \\ 0 \\ \hline 0 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | 4,604 <br> $\mathbf{3 , 3 4 1}$ <br> $(\mathrm{P})$ | $\begin{aligned} & 472 \\ & 435 \\ & 955 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2, | (2, (D) |  | (19) | (\%) | (8) |
| Vermont................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (P) | 224 | 0 | $\left({ }^{(0)}\right.$ | () |  |
| Mideast: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware.................. | $\begin{gathered} 33,895 \\ \mathbf{c}, 793 \\ \hline, 760 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (\mathcal{D}) \\ 2,403 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,812 \\ & \hline, 323 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & 104 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,331 \\ & 247 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,350 \\ & \substack{741 \\ \hline} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (\mathcal{P}) \\ 1,742 \\ 1,777 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 39 \\ 444 \\ 34.80 \\ 14,265 \\ 2,2447 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 191 \\ 198 \\ 828 \\ 10,953 \\ 1956 \end{array}$ |  |  | 2 <br>  <br> 130 <br> 187 <br> 472 <br> 9,015 <br> 461 |
| Maryland................... |  | 13,573 |  |  | 5,017 | 7,448 | 8,031 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey... | ${ }^{161,706}$ | 17,826 | ${ }^{116,719}$ | 9,240 | ${ }^{23,659}$ | 12,975 | 32,758 | 21,295 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York...... | 284,469 152,43 | ${ }_{32,526}^{41,248}$ | 177,269 100,874 | 13,400 | 20,761 21,160 | 14,984 8,514 | 77,987 40,841 | ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{2,943}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Great Lakes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mlininis... | $\begin{array}{r} 153,197 \\ 57,039 \\ \hline 89,639 \\ 127,072 \\ 57,469 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,890 \\ & 15,101 \\ & 19,1035 \\ & 17,720 \\ & 13,342 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97,194 \\ & 37,47 \\ & 58,50 \\ & 88,57 \\ & 39,606 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 14,962 \\ 8,961 \\ 13,31 \\ 10,01 \\ 10,04 \\ 7,721 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,678 \\ 11,48 \\ 1,982 \\ 5,9705 \\ 4,503 \\ 4,503 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38,061 \\ & 9.566 \\ & 16,761 \\ & 34,660 \\ & 9,361 \\ & 9,66 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,124 \\ 1,835 \\ 2,154 \\ 9,700 \\ 6,812 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,060 \\ \mathbf{3 , 1 8 2} \\ 10,52 \\ 9,5698 \\ 2,296 \\ 2,296 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,069 \\ & 4,527 \\ & 1,114 \\ & \hline, 547 \\ & \hline, 947 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,992 \\ & 4,983 \\ & 2,944 \\ & 6,591 \\ & \hline 123 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,851 \\ \text { (134 } \\ 174 \\ 1,068 \\ 1,068 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,018 \\ 1,092 \\ 1,752 \\ (\mathrm{P}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,128 \\ 228 \\ 766 \\ 1,440 \\ \hline \mathrm{P} \end{array}$ | 1,8338271661,018(1) |
| Indiana....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plains: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa ........ | $\begin{gathered} 18,598 \\ 16,341 \\ 47,982 \\ 48,250 \\ 6,215 \\ 2,361 \\ 1,513 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{6 , 6 8 6} \\ 2,286 \\ 12,588 \\ 14,472 \\ 751 \\ 960 \\ \mathbf{9 6 4 1} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,516 \\ 12,49 \\ 33,14 \\ 28,75 \\ 4,85 \\ 1,0,07 \\ 1,07 \\ 7888 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 676 \\ 2,147 \\ 1,45 \\ 1,45 \\ \hline \quad 950 \\ \hline 118 \\ \hline 18 \end{array}$ | 2,626 <br> 1,779 <br> 2,990 <br> 4,646 <br> 410 <br> 710 <br> 9 <br> 25 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,639 \\ 3,104 \\ 1,42 \\ \mathbf{1}_{1,285}^{277} \\ 181 \\ 181 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,194 \\ 2,922 \\ 9,825 \\ 9,819 \\ 1,981 \\ 277 \\ 575 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,185 \\ 981 \\ 2,636 \\ 3,449 \\ 1,009 \\ \hline 99 \\ \hline 46 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 438 \\ 238 \\ 1,018 \\ 1,098 \\ 141 \\ 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathcal{P}) \\ 58 \\ 212 \\ 818 \\ \hline 818 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ 378 \\ 367 \\ 832 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 0,0 \\ (0) \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Dakota. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southeast: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama ..... | $\begin{gathered} 35,822 \\ 18,324 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6,816 \\ 3,808 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,544 \\ & 11,46 \\ & 6,3,88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,089 \\ & 1,610 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,441 \\ 664 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 , 2 8 1} \\ & 3,934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,435 \\ & 2,930 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,985 \\ & \hline, \end{aligned}$ | 3,456 | 1,127 | 1,641 | (1) | ${ }_{\text {(2) }}^{416}$ | ( ${ }_{(0)}^{(0)}$ | (10) |
| Florida..... |  |  |  | 5,105 | 8,318 | 7,583 | 24,898 | 6,659 | 3,247 | 1,768 | 8,006 | 2988 | 1,292 |  |  |
| Georgia. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5,117 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 5,867 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{8 , 3 1 7} \\ & \mathbf{9 , 3 1 7} \\ & \mathbf{3 , 8 5 5} \\ & \mathbf{5 , 4 7 3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,589 \\ & \hline, 578 \\ & \hline 3,389 \\ & 8,389 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,53 \\ 6,87 \\ 7,679 \\ 7, \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,454 \\ \hline, 683 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,241 \\ \substack{7,318 \\ 2,137 \\ \hline 225} \end{array}$ |  |  | 2,345 | 479 | 3,396 <br> 181 <br> 188 | $\begin{array}{r}3,958 \\ 1,922 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ |
| Kentucky |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,606 \\ & \hline, 431 \\ & \hline, 46 \end{aligned}$ | 60669,077 | 1,161 | 687 |  |  |
| Louisiana.... | ${ }_{20} 49,182$ <br> 981 |  | 11,507 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,610 \\ & 5,171 \\ & \hline, 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | (1,574 | ${ }^{(0,020)}$ |  |  |  |  | (1) | 3,140 |
| North Carolina. | 119,182 |  |  |  | 1,679 10,862 | 543 6,018 | 26,490 |  |  | 2,062 | [1,117 | ${ }_{6}^{150}$ | ${ }^{(172}$ |  | 768 <br> 1.599 <br> 1594 <br> 65 <br> 65 <br> 48 |
| South Carolina | 64,643 78.028 | 7,507 | 50,198 46,585 | 8,030 <br> 7060 | $\begin{array}{r}12,454 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10,819 \\ 9 \\ \hline 057\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,813 \\ 13,904 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,643 <br> 3,174 | 1,726 <br> 7 | 721 916 | 2,695 | 1,664 | (8) | (8) |  |
| Virginia........ | 76,110 | 24,652 | 39,835 | 2,572 | 10,727 | 3,212 | 12,569 | 2,119 | 1,366 | 588 | 7,165 | 1,920 | 364 | 285 |  |
| West Virginia. | 27,116 | 13,274 | 12,932 | 179 | 4,019 | 3,282 | 3,947 | 588 | 116 | () | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 48 | 0 | 6 |  |
| Southwest: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona. | $\begin{array}{r} 35,738 \\ 10,621 \\ 216,518 \\ 21,254 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,035 \\ 880 \\ 8,870 \\ 42,771 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19,973,96 \\ 18,126 \\ 18,24 \\ 1288812 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,620 \\ 324 \\ 1,342 \\ 14,943 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,029 \\ \text { ( } \mathbf{N} \\ 21,88 \\ 21,838 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,122 \\ \begin{array}{c} 1,647 \\ 3,811 \\ 30,778 \end{array} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,523 \\ 2,207 \\ 4,2801 \\ 398133 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,035 \\ 164 \\ 707 \\ 10,655 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 689 \\ 61 \\ 610 \\ 7,175 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,155 \\ \text { (义) } \\ 792 \\ 8,801 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 995 \\ 1,884 \\ 18,486 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 261 |
| New Mexico .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 62 \\ -681 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | (0) |  | ${ }^{62}$ |
| Texas.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,655 | 3,212 | 1,642 | 4,427 |
| Rocky Mountains: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado..... | ${ }^{32,545}$ | 7,103 | 20,976 | 1,985 | 1,863 | 1,042 | 11,523 | 2,936 | 1,231 |  | 1,009 |  |  |  |  |
| Montana... | 3,041 | 1,265 | ${ }^{159}$ | 89 | 36 | (0) | 567 | 88 | 36 | (0) | 27 | 0 | (0) | 29 | 6 |
| Utah ........... | 11,630 | (1) | 7,368 | 712 | 592 | (e) | 2,941 | ${ }_{424}$ | ${ }_{91}^{98}$ | 398 | 208 | (3) | ${ }^{592}$ | 487 |  |
| Wyoming..... | 2,892 | 759 | 1,713 | 608 | 42 | (P) | 765 | 102 | (P) | () | 245 | 0 | ( ${ }^{(2)}$ | 39 | () |
| Far West: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California..... | 284,496 | 33,907 | 149,629 | 16,707 | 20,141 | 24,793 | 53,029 | 22,862 | 60,044 | 12,828 | 12,336 | 5,881 | 7,754 | 2,167 |  |
| Oregon...... | 17,472 | 4,163 | 10,521 | , 370 | 4,267 | 707 | 2,810 | 1,056 | 1,784 | 379 | 179 | (0) | 208 | (1) | (e) |
| Washington ...... | 36,558 | 12,156 | 17,188 | 1,506 | 2,782 | 4,098 | 4,526 | 2,739 | 4,123 | 1,280 | () | 267 | 481 | (P) | 254 |
| Alaska. | 6,471 | 914 | 2,100 | (1) |  |  |  |  | 2,361 |  | 608 | (P) |  | (1) |  |
| Puerto Rico. | 10,841 | 1,485 | 5,842 | 451 | 654 | (0) | 2,942 | ${ }_{913}^{184}$ | 1,914 |  | 572 | 526 | 0 | 502 | 217 |
| Other U.S. arees ${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$....... | 3,226 1,707 | 154 71 | 576 1,125 | ${ }_{95}^{(1)}$ | 91 | (0) | 112 335 | (\%) | 1,021 | (0) | 763 $(0)$ | (e) |  | (0) | (e) |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

1. See footnote 1, table 7.

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The statistics here update series published in Business Statismics: 1986, a statistical supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (available from the Superintendent of Documents for $\$ 16.00$, stock no. 003-010-00181-0) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1983 through 1986, annually, 1961-86; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1961-86 (where available).

The sources of the series are given in Business Statistics: 1986; they appear in the main methodological note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 145-146. Series originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Series from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Bubinebs Statistics: 1986 | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct | Nor. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |
| GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PERSONAL INCOME BY SOURCE <br> Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: <br> Total personal income. $\qquad$ bil. $\$$ <br> Wage and salary disbursements, total. $\qquad$ <br> Commodity-producing industries, do .... $\qquad$ .do.. <br> Manufacturing ...................................................... $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Distributive industries ............. do.... $\qquad$ do... | 3,584.3 | 3,746.5 | 3,683.4 | 3,701.9 | 3,708.5 | 3,715.3 | 3,739.2 | 3,760.6 | 3,783.2 | 3,854.4 | 3,889.8 | 3,869.1 | -3,872.1 | '3,895.7 | r3,989.2 | 3,943.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,089.1 | 2,212.7 | 2,173.1 | 2,181.5 | 2,193.7 | 2,198.9 | 2,209.7 | 2,228.8 | 2,239.8 | 2,257.6 | 2,271.9 | 2,281.1 | 2,293.3 | '2,308.9 | '2,323.9 | 2,331.8 |
|  | 623.3 470.5 | 641.1 484.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 634.2 \\ & 478.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 632.8 \\ & 477.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 635.9 \\ & 479.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 636.5 \\ & 480.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 636.7 \\ & 480.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 642.3 \\ & 485.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 646.2 \\ & 489.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 651.5 \\ & 492.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 655.7 \\ & 495.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 656.9 \\ 496.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 657.5 \\ & 497.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }^{7} 661.6 \\ { }_{499.0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }^{r} 672.4 \\ r_{507} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 668.7 \\ & 501.7 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 497.1 | 522.9 | 513.4 | 518.1 | 519.4 | 519.2 | 522.9 | 526.6 | 529.3 | 532.8 | 535.3 | 536.9 | 540.4 | r543.7 | 544.8 | 549.4 |
| Service industries..................... ..............do. | 573.9 | 627.3 | 611.4 | 614.6 | 620.3 | 623.1 | 627.9 | 685.6 | 638.1 | 645.0 | 650.0 | 652.9 | 658.4 | ${ }^{\text {r } 664.5}$ | ${ }^{\text {'665.7 }}$ | 670.9 |
| Govt. and govt. enterprises ..... ..............do.. | 394.8 | 421.4 | 414.1 | 416.0 | 418.1 | 420.1 | 422.2 | 424.2 | 426.8 | 428.4 | 430.9 | 434.4 | 437.0 | 439.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 441.0$ | 442.9 |
| Other labor income.................... .............do. | 201.137.2252.6 | 210.2 | 207.4 | 210.0 | 209.0 | 209.6 | 210.4 | 211.1 | 211.9 | 212.7 | 213.5 | 214.4 | 214.9 | 215.4 | 215.9 | 216.4 |
| Proprietors' income: $\ddagger$ <br> Farm ........................................................do .... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 48.4 \\ 279.0 \end{array}$ |  | 58.0274.1 | 41.6275.8 | ${ }^{4277.7}$ | 43.9 | 37.7 | 40.2 | 77.5 | 37.5 | 47.9 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ | ${ }^{+} 40.2$ | ${ }^{\text {r59.6 }}$ | 52.0298.6 |
| Nonfarm .................................... .....................do .... |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 55.6 \\ 273.2 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 279.9 | 282.8 | 283.6 | 286.0 | 289.1 | 290.2 | r290.1 | -292.4 | ${ }^{\text {r295,3 }}$ |  |
| Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment. bil. \$. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 19.3 \\ & 87.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.4 \\ & 85.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19.7 \\ 85.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.9 \\ & 86.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.2 \\ & 87.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.8 \\ & 87.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.3 \\ & 88.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.7 \\ & 89.4 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{90.0}^{19: 1}$ | $\begin{gathered} 21.3 \\ 90.5 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ 91.4 \\ \hline 1.4\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{r} 21.9 \\ 92.6 \end{array}$ | 21.698.2 |
| Dividends ................................... ..............do.... | 16.788.2497.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.5 91.0 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{r} 22.1 \\ 92.2 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Personal interest income ............ .............do .... |  | 516.2 | 501.6534.3 | 503.8537.3 | 506.3545.4 | 508.8 | 514.0545.2 | 519.8545.2 | 526.2547.0 | 533.0551.4 | 538.9550.8 | 544.5551.8 | 54.8 | 545.9 | 546.3 | 547.3573.4 |
| Transfer payments................ .............do .... | $\begin{array}{r} 159.6 \\ 3,475.2 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 541.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 565.3 | +568.0 | r574.2 |  |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance .......................................do |  | $\begin{array}{r} 169.9 \\ 3,676.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 167.3 \\ 3,607.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 167.7 \\ 3,622.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 168.6 \\ \mathbf{8 , 6 4 5 . 1} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 168.9 \\ 3,651.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 169.6 \\ 3,673.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 170.8 \\ 3,701.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 171.6 \\ 8,721.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 172.8 \\ 3,755.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 173.7 \\ 3,780.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 174.3 \\ 3,799.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 188.4 \\ r 3,812.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { r } 189.4 \\ { }_{3,839.4} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 190.4 \\ \mathbf{r} 3,857.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 190.8 \\ 3,869.5 \end{array}$ |
| Total nonfarm income................... .............do.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: <br> Total personal income. $\qquad$ bil. \$.. | 3,584.3 | 3,746.5 | 3,683.4 | 3,701.9 | 3,708.5 | 3,715.3 | 3,739.2 | 3,760.6 | 3,788.2 | 3,854.4 | 3,839.8 | 3,869.1 | r3,872.1 | '3,895.7 | '3,989.2 | 3,943.6 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments. $\qquad$ do.... | 512.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 564.8 \\ 3,181.7 \end{array}$ | 537.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 574.5 | 579.0 | 584.8 | r575.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 572.1$ | r583.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 619.2 \\ 3,324.4 \end{array}$ |
| Equals: Disposable personal income..................do .... | 3,022.1 |  | 3,146.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 633.6 \\ 3,068.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 542.0 \\ \mathbf{3 , 1 6 6 . 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 558.3 \\ 3,157.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 560.9 \\ \mathbf{3 , 1 7 8 . 2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 566.1 \\ 3,194.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 570.1 \\ 3,213.0 \end{array}$ | 3,279.9 | 3,260.8 | 3,284.3 | r3,296.8 | r3,323.6 | '3,356.2 |  |
| Less: Personal outlays................................do .... | 2,891.5 | 3,062.7 | 3,009.7 | 3,025.1 | 3,031.2 | 3,055.9 | 3,078.1 | 3,123.9 | 3,117.3 | 3,102.9 | 3,115.9 | 3,139.3 | r8,140.8 | ${ }^{3} 3,172.5$ | ${ }^{3} 8,197.7$ | 3,197.1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures........do.... | 2,799.8 | 2,967.8 | 2,916.0 | 2,931.5 | 2,937.7 | 2,961.8 | 2,983.6 | 3,028.8 | 3,021.5 | 3,006.5 | 3,019.2 | 3,042.0 | ${ }^{3}, 042.9$ | '3,074.1 | r3,098.8 | 3,097.8 |
| Durable goods.................... .............do .... | 402.4 | 413.7 | 400.7 | 408.6 | 402.7 | 415.8 | 424.6 | 447.8 | 438.0 | 403.4 | 412.0 | 423.5 | ${ }^{2} 418.4$ | 428.9 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 431.9$ | 427.6 |
| Nondurable goods ................ ..............do .... | 939.4 | 982.9 | 975.1 | 977.1 | 983.6 | 985.6 | 984.6 | 990.1 | 984.4 | 985.4 | 993.7 | 1,000.1 | r991.8 | r995.2 | ${ }^{1} 1,009.3$ | 1,000.9 |
| Services............................ .............do .... | 1,458.0 | 1,571.2 | 1,540.1 | 1,545.8 | 1,551.5 | 1,560.4 | 1,574.4 | 1,591.0 | 1,599.0 | 1,617.7 | 1,613.5 | 1,618.4 | '1,632.6 | ${ }^{1} 1,650.0$ | r1,657.7 | 1,669.3 |
| business $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do .... | 89.9 | 93.5 | 92.0 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 92.9 | 93.3 | 93.9 | 94.6 | 95.0 | 95.3 | 95.9 | 96.6 | 97.0 | '97.5. | 97.9 |
| Personal tramsfer payments to foreigners (net) $\qquad$ do... | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Equals: personal saving | 130.6 | 119.0 | 136.4 | 43.2 | 135.2 | 101.1 | 100.1 | 70.6 | 95.7 | 177.0 | 145.0 | 145.0 | r155.9 | r151.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 158.5$ | 127.3 |
| Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income § $\qquad$ percent. | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.6 | ${ }^{7} 4.7$ | 4.4 |  |
| Disposable personal income in constant (1982) dollars. $\qquad$ bil. | 2,645.1 | 2,677.2 | 2,680.3 | 2,603.1 | 2,674.9 | 2,658.2 | 2,673.1 | 2,675.4 | 2,675:8 | 2,721.4 | 2,699.9 | 2,720.1 | '2,720.6 | r2,742.6 | 2,756.2 |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures in constant (1982) dollars.............. .do.. | 2,450.5 | 2,497.2 | 2,484.3 | 2,487.0 | 2,481.7 | 2,498.2 | 2,509.4 | 2,536.6 | 2,516.2 | 2,494.6 | 2,499.9 | 2,519.5 | r2,511.0 | r2,536.7 | 2,544,8 |  |
| Durable goods .............................. ....................do..... | 383.5 | 3,38.2 | 379.2 | 385.8 | 2,480.2 | 2,490.2 | 2,597.5 | 2,416.4 | 2,516.2 | , 376.2 | -383.6 | 393.7 | ${ }^{2} 389.3$ | '399.3 | 401.4 |  |
| Nondurable goods...................... ..............do.... | 877.2 | 878.1 | 882.5 | 878.8 | 880.0 | 878.3 | 878.2 | 879.1 | 870.0 | 868.2 | 874.0 | 881.4 | r872.8 | r879.0 | 883.4 |  |
| Services ................................... .............do .... | 1,189.8 | 1,230.9 | 1,222.6 | 1,222.5 | 1,221.5 | 1,225.3 | 1,233.7 | 1,241.2 | 1,239.6 | 1,250.2 | 1,242.3 | 1,244.4 | ${ }^{1} 1,248.9$ | ${ }^{1}, 258.4$ | 1,260.0 |  |
| Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures............................index, $1982=100$. | 114.3 | 118.8 | 117.4 | 117.9 | 118.4 | 118.8 | 118.9 | 119.4 | 120.1 | 120.5 | 120.8 | 120.7 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 121.8 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output <br> Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total index..................................... ... $1977=100 .$. | 125.1 | 129.8 | 127.1 | 126.8 | 127.0 | 131.9 | 128.7 | 134.3 | 135.3 | 135.2 | 132.7 | 129.9 | ${ }^{\prime} 130.8$ | r134.3 | P134.2 | ${ }^{\text {e }} 134.2$ |
| By industry groupings: <br> Mining and utilities. do .... | 103.5 | 104.3 | 100.8 | 98.4 | 98.6 | 103.0 | 103.9 | 109.2 | 106.2 | 104.7 | 106.9 | 108.1 | 111.8 | '111.3 | ${ }^{1} 106.4$ | ${ }^{\text {c }} 104.0$ |
| Manufacturing ............................. ..............do .... | 129.1 | 134.7 | 132.0 | 131.5 | 132.4 | 137.4 | 133.5 | 139.2 | 140.9 | 141.0 | 137.5 | 134.0 | r134.4 | ${ }{ }^{1} 138.5$ | ${ }^{\text {P1 }} 139.2$ | e139.9 |
| Nondurable manufactures.......... ........................ | 130.1 | 136.8 | 131.6 | 132.5 | 134.1 | 140.5 | 138.7 | 145.0 | 145.8 | 143.0 | 139.1 | 135.0 | r134.2 | '138.6 | ${ }^{\text {P188.9 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {e } 139.6}$ |
| Durable manufactures ............... .............do.... | 128.4 | 138.1 | 132.3 | 130.8 | 131.1 | 135.3 | 129.8 | 135.0 | 137.3 | 139.6 | 136.3 | 133.3 | r134.6 | ${ }^{\prime} 138.5$ | ${ }^{p} 139.5$ | ${ }^{\text {c } 140.1 ~}$ |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total index ...................................... .............do ... | 125.1 | 129.8 | 127.4 | 127.4 | 128.2 | 129.1 | 130.6 | 131.2 | 131.0 | 132.5 | 183.2 | 133.9 | 134.4 | 134.4 | ${ }^{\text {P1 }} 134.7$ | ${ }^{\text {e }} 135.6$ |
| By market groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Products, total ............................. .............do.... | 188.8 | 138.3 | 136.4 | 185.8 | 136.9 | 137.8 | 139.5 | 139.9 | 139.4 | 140.9 | 141.0 | 141.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 142.7$ | ${ }{ }^{1} 143.5$ | ${ }^{P} 143.6$ | ${ }^{\text {e } 144.3}$ |
| Final products........................... .............do .... | 132.4 | 136.8 | 135.1 | 184.5 | 135.5 | 136.2 | 187.9 | 138.4 | 137.8 | 139.3 | 139.2 | 139.8 | 141.1 | ${ }^{1} 141.7$ | ${ }^{1} 141.9$ | ${ }^{\text {c } 142.6}$ |
| Consumer goods...................... .............do .... | 124.0 | 127.8 | 126.7 | 125.5 | 127.3 | 127.2 | 128.9 | 129.4 | 127.7 | 129.0 | 129.4 | 129.8 | r131.2 | ${ }^{\prime} 131.5$ | ${ }^{\prime} 181.2$ | ${ }^{\text {e } 181.9}$ |



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986 | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |
| GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BUSINESS INVENTORIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mfg. and trade inventories, book value (non-LIFO basis), end of period, (unadjusted), total $\qquad$ mil. \$. | 643,308 | 692,801 | -672,486 | 672,221 | 673,898 | 673,618 | 674,002 | 671,546 | 678,293 | 699,538 | 707,711 | 692,801 | 706,576 | '717,849 | 724,160 |  |
| Mfg. and trade inventories, book value (non-LIFO basis), end of period, (seas. adj.), total. $\qquad$ mil. \$.. | 652,624 | 709,853 | '668,654 | '671,128 | 671,609 | 674,753 | 677,743 | 678,442 | 682,323 | 689,926 | 696,416 | 709,853 | 715,027 | '717,882 | 719,965 |  |
| Manufacturing total.................... ..........do .... | 318,238 | 333,656 | '320,034 | 320,785 | 321,848 | 321,621 | 323,333 | 325,394 | 326,670 | 328,554 | 331,812 | 333,656 | 336,815 | '338,552 | 339,376 |  |
| Durable goods industries............ .............do .... | 207,854 | 216,753 | '208,111 | 208,683 | 209,096 | 208,654 | 209,951 | 210,921 | 211,680 | 213,436 | 215,981 | 216,753 | 219,014 | '220,318 | 220,796 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries ...... ...........do.... | 110,384 | 116,903 | '111,923 | 112,102 | 112,752 | 112,967 | 113,382 | 114,473 | 114,990 | 115,118 | 115,881 | 116,903 | 117,801 | '118,234 | 118,580 |  |
|  | 185,996 | 211,100 | ${ }^{\text {'193,456 }}$ | 194,576 | 196,806 | 200,424 | 202,210 | 202,684 | 208,708 | 206,577 | 208,260 | 211,100 | 209,824 | '208,698 | 208,933 |  |
| Durable goods stores .................................do..... | $\mathbf{9 1 , 0 8 5}$ $\mathbf{9 4 , 9 1 1}$ | 107,948 103,152 | r96,466 $\mathbf{r 9 6 , 9 9 0}$ | 96,352 <br> 98,224 | 988712 98,094 | 100,716 <br> 99,708 | 101,590 100,620 | 101,569 101,115 | 102,394 101,314 | 104,846 101,731 | 106,490 101,770 | 107,948 103,152 | 106,377 | r104,479 r104,219 | 108,461 105,472 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, total $\dagger . . . . . .$. ...........do | 152,887 | 165,097 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 155,164$ | 155,767 | 158,560 | 158,835 | 158,611 | 157,072 | 159,135 | 162,517 | 168,353 | 165,097 | 168,388 | '170,632 | 171,656 |  |
| Durable goods establishments .... ...........do.... | 100,871 | 107,996 | ${ }^{102,775}$ | 103,172 | 105,513 | 104,746 | 104,514 | 103,324 | 103,933 | 106,734 | 106,503 | 107,996 | 111,259 | '112,661 | 113,436 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments.............do .... | 52,016 | 57,101 | r 52,389 | 52,595 | 59,047 | 54,089 | 54,097 | 58,748 | 55,202 | 55,783 | -56,850 | [57,101 | 57,129 | ${ }^{5} 57,971$ | 58,220 |  |
| Mfg. and trade inventories in constant (1982) dollars, end of period(seas. adj),total........bil. \$. <br> Manufacturing................................ ............do . <br> Retail trade. <br> Merchant wholesalers. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do .... $\qquad$ do .... |  |  | 651.8 | 652.7 | 655.8 | 657.0 | 658.8 | 657.4 | 658.3 | 663.8 | 666.1 | 669.0 | '673.8 | ${ }^{2} 675.4$ | 676.2 |  |
|  |  |  | 318.3 | 318.7 | 319.3 | 317.2 | 318.9 | 319.5 | 320.2 | 320.3 | 322.1 | 322.6 | 325.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 326.8$ | 326.0 |  |
|  |  |  | 181.1 | 181.4 | 182.3 | 185.0 | 185.5 | 184.7 | 183.0 | 186.3 | 186.6 | 188.0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 186.7$ | '185.0 | 186.5 |  |
|  |  |  | 152.4 | 152.5 | 154.1 | 154.8 | 154.4 | 153.2 | 155.1 | 157.2 | 157.4 | 158.4 | 161.7 | ${ }^{\text {'163.6 }}$ | 163.7 |  |
| BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing and trade, total......... ........ratio.. | 1.54 | 1.50 | ${ }^{1} 1.51$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.51$ | 1.50 | 1.49 | 1.50 | 1.48 | 1.48 | 1.49 | 1.51 | 1.52 | 1.54 | 1.53 | 1.50 |  |
| Manufacturing, total..................... ..........do | 1.70 | 1.61 | ${ }^{1} 1.68$ | 1.64 | 1.63 | 1.60 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.60 | 1.58 | 1.63 | ${ }^{1} 1.62$ | 1.58 |  |
| Durable goods industries............ ..........do | 2.11 | 2.00 | 「2.00 | 2.08 | 2.04 | 2.00 | 2.04 | 2.03 | 1.95 | 1.97 | 1.99 | 1.92 | 2.01 | ${ }^{1} 1.99$ | 1.94 |  |
| Materials and supplies............ ...........do..... | . 60 | . 57 | . 57 | . 58 | . 58 | . 57 | . 58 | . 57 | . 55 | . 59 | . 55 | . 54 | . 56 | $\xrightarrow{-.55}$ | . 54 |  |
| Work in process........................ ........................ | . 97 | . 92 | r . .51 .51 | . 93 | . 93 | . 92 | . 94 | . 94 | . 91 | . 92 | . 51 | . 90 | . 94 | 7.98 .51 | . 90 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries ...... ...........do | 1.24 | 1.19 | 1.21 | 1.20 | 1.19 | 1.18 | 1.18 | 1.19 | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1.19 | 1.20 | '1.20 | 1.18 |  |
| Materials and supplies........... ..........do | . 48 | . 46 | . 47 | . 47 | . 47 | . 46 | . 46 | . 46 | . 47 | . 46 | . 46 | ${ }^{1.46}$ | . 47 | . 47 | . 47 |  |
| Work in process...................... ..........do | 20 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | 19 | . 19 | . 19 |  |
| Finished goods ........................ ..........do | . 57 | . 54 | . 55 | . 54 | . 54 | . 53 | . 53 | . 53 | . 53 | . 52 | . 52 | . 53 | . 54 | . 54 | . 53 |  |
| Retail trade, total $\ddagger$....................... ..........do | 1.55 | 1.58 | 1.56 | 1.56 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.59 | 1.56 | 1.59 | 1.63 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.68 | 1.60 | 1.58 |  |
| Durable goods stores .................. ..........do .... | 2.13 | 2.19 | '2.12 | 2.09 | 2.16 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.05 | 2.14 | 2.24 | 2.26 | 2.25 | 2.18 | ${ }^{2} .10$ | 2.05 |  |
| Nondurable goods stores............. ...........do .... | 1.21 | 1.22 | 1.24 | 1.25 | 1.24 | 1.25 | 1.26 | 1.26 | 1.27 | 1.27 | 1.27 | 1.28 | 1.29 | 1.30 | 1.29 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, total $\dagger$........ ...........do .... | 1.30 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.26 | 1.25 | 1.24 | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.23 | 1.27 | 1.29 | 1.30 | ${ }^{1} 1.30$ | 1.29 |  |
| Durable goods establishments.... ...........do .... | 1.76 | 1.69 | 1.70 | 1.71 | 1.74 | 1.69 | 1.68 | 1.66 | 1.68 | 1.66 | 1.71 | 1.74 | 1.78 | 1.77 | 1.76 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments...........do .. | . 86 | . 83 | 83 | . 82 | . 82 | . 84 | . 83 | . 80 | . 81 | . 83 | . 86 | . 86 | . 85 | . 85 | . 85 |  |
| Manufacturing and trade in constant (1982) dollars, total |  |  | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1.50 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.50 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.53 | ${ }^{7} 1.51$ | 1.51 |  |
| Manufacturing.............................. ..........do .... |  |  | 1.63 | 1.64 | 1.65 | 1.68 | 1.63 | 1.64 | 1.61 | 1.60 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.62 | ${ }^{1} 1.61$ | 1.59 |  |
| Retail trade ........................................................... |  |  | 1.54 1.24 | 1.54 1.24 | 1.56 1.26 | 1.57 1.27 | 1.56 1.25 | 1.54 | 1.56 1.23 | 1.60 1.25 | 1.60 1.29 | 1.60 1.30 | ${ }^{1} 1.58$ 1.33 | ${ }^{1} 1.55$ | 1.54 |  |
| MANUFACTURERS' SHIPMENTS, INYENTORIES, AND ORDERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments (not seas. adj.), total........, .......mil. \$.. | 2,273,298 | 2,408,578 | 206,876 | 196,715 | 198,265 | 212,816 | 185,228 | 197,896 | 217,014 | 211,949 | 205,722 | 204,228 | 190,746 | '210,522 | 225,544 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total...... ............do .... | 1,201,704 | 1,263,601 | 111,404 | 104,429 | 104,192 | 113,238 | 93,412 | 100,585 | 114,002 | 111,685 | 107,625 | 108,872 | 97,974 | ${ }^{1} 111,377$ | 121,750 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.. ...........do.... | 56,787 | 60,977 | $5,130$. | 5,264 | 5,144 | 5,380 | 4,909 | 5,092 | 5,572 | 5,699 | 5,132 | 4,552 | 4,446 | -4,868 | 5,277 |  |
| Primary metals......................... ..........do .... | 101,733 | 111,456 | 8,950 | 9,012 | 9,034 | 9,623 | 8,684 | 9,239 | 10,005 | 10,211 | 10,152 | 10,205 | 9,803 | ${ }^{\cdot 10,598}$ | 11,512 |  |
| Blast furnaces, steel mills ....... ...........do.... | 42,830 | 48,013 | 3,713 | 3,846 | 3,928 | 4,198 | 3,789 | 4,052 | 4,271 | 4,487 | 4,451 | 4,404 | 4,333 | ${ }^{+1} 4.754$ | 5,097 |  |
| Fabricated metal products ........ ...........do .... | 135,974 | 134,248 | 11,954 | 11,483 | 11,317 | 11,976 | 10,392 | 11,047 | 11,570 | 11,449 | 10,928 | 10,445 | 10,269 | ${ }^{7} 11,723$ | 12,433 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical....... ...........do .... | 205,804 | 212,759 | 18,685 | 17,123 | 17,187 | 19,552 | 16,400 | 16,626 | 19,733 | 18,544 | 17,776 | 20,615 | 16,555 | ${ }^{\text {r } 19,087}$ | 22,097 |  |
| Electrical machinery ................. ..........do | 205,613 | 224,037 | 19,323 | 17,357 | 17,829 | 20,105 | 16,686 | 18,724 | 20,952 | 19,413 | 19,928 | 20,244 | 17,540 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 19,421$ | 21,138 |  |
| Transportation equipment ......... ...........do | 314,081 | 323,403 | 30,441 | 28,019 | 27,378 | 28,787 | 20,674 | 22,921 | 28,225 | 28,820 | 27,452 | 26,979 | 24,547 | ${ }^{\text {r28,910 }}$ | 31,446 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts........ ..........do | 194,725 | 201,163 | 19,106 | 18,145 | 17,512 | 17,700 | 11,408 | 13,737 | 17,076 | 18,749 | 17,425 | 14,848 | 15,828 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 18,856$ | 19,831 |  |
| Instruments and related products...........do | 60,860 | 68,277 | 5,494 | 4,972 | 5,185 | 5,724 | 4,976 | 5,150 | 5,791 | 5,485 | 5,389 | 5,597 | 4,903 | г5,481 | 5,936 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, total............do .... | 1,071,594 | 1,144,977 | 95,472 | 92,286 | 94,073 | 99,578 | 91,816 | 97,311 | 103,012 | 100,264 | 98,097 | 95,356 | 92,772 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 99,145$ | 103,794 |  |
| Food and kindred products ......... ...........do .... | 314,500 | 384,774 | 27,847 | 26,922 | 27,531 | 28,662 | 27,305 | 27,752 | 30,382 | 29,384 | 28,604 | 28,411 | 27,331 | ${ }^{-28,875}$ | 30,110 |  |
| Tobacco products..................... ..........do | 18,016 | 18,619 | 1,729 | 1,156 | 1,670 | 2,060 | 1,144 | 1,486 | 1,954 | 1,291 | 1,874 | 2,169 | 920 | ${ }^{+1,369}$ | 1,967 |  |
| Textile mill products.................. ..........do | 54,607 | 56,548 | 4,963 | 4,601 | 4,621 | 5,126 | 4,171 | 5,012 | 5,255 | 5,102 | 4,795 | 4,350 | 4,083 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 661 | 4,995 |  |
| Paper and allied products.......... ..........do .... | 103,834 | 118,831 | 9,777 | 9,516 | 9,591 | 10,295 | 9,772 | 10,094 | 10,435 | 10,367 | 10,071 | 10,112 | 10,525 | ${ }^{\text {r } 10,969 ~}$ | 11,175 |  |
| Chemical and allied products..... ...........do .... | 198,348 | 214,671 | 18,094 | 17,986 | 18,109 | 18,892 | 16,577 | 17,769 | 19,262 | 17,903 | 17,687 | 18,250 | 18,583 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 19,517$ | 21,354 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products...... ...........do.... | 129,320 | 129,871 | 10,101 | 10,324 | 10,756 | 11,218 | 11,598 | 11,862 | 11,346 | 11,398 | 11,068 | 10,630 | 10,174 | ${ }^{\text {r9,914 }}$ | 10,088 |  |
| Rubber and plastica products ..... ...........do .... | 72,170 | 78,897 | 6,782 | 6,646 | 6,598 | 7,041 | 5,825 | 6,330 | 6,868 | 7,179 | 6,827 | 6,212 | 6,323 | ${ }^{7} 7,109$ | 7,566 |  |
| Shipments (seas. adj), total.............. ...........do .... |  |  | ${ }^{196,788}$ | 195,958 | 196,929 | 200,591 | 199,395 | 200,404 | 205,732 | 206,396 | 207,226 | 211,356 | 207,241 | ${ }^{\mathbf{2} 208,913}$ | 214,351 |  |
| By industry group: Durable goods industries, total \#...........do.... |  |  | ${ }^{1} 104,175$ | 102,747 | 102,477 | 104,476 | 103,032 | 104,135 | 108,433 | 108,251 | 108,378 | 113,026 | 108,946 | r110,522 | 113,783 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..............do .... |  |  | ${ }^{2} 5,069$ | 5,064 | 4,961 | 4,946 | 4,934 | 4,872 | 5,098 | 5,382 | 5,282 | -5,280 | 108,136 5 | r5,179 | 11,207 |  |
| Primary metals...................... ..........do.... |  |  | r8,437, | 8,491 | 8,643 | 9,018 | 9,336 | 9,282 | 9,950 | 10,118 | 10,608 | 11,273 | 10,371 | ${ }^{\cdot} 10,270$ | 10,865 |  |
| Blast furnaces, steel mills ... ...........do .... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 31523$ | 3,605 | 3,721 | 3,879 | 4,077 | 4,118 | 4,353 | 4,510 | 4,741 | 4,794 | 4,501 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ 4,606 | 4,840 |  |
| Frabricated metal products ...... ...........do ... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r } 11,889 ~}$ | 11,357 | 11,062 | 11,202 | 11,013 | 10,959 | 11,061 | 10,915 | 11,166 | 11,460 | 11,264 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 11,707$ | 11,854 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical ... ...........do . |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r } 17,101}$ | 17,086 | 17,110 | 17,328 | 18,095 | 18,100 | 18,580 | 18,546 | 18,103 | 19,351 | 19,692 | ${ }^{\text {r19,652 }}$ | -20,213 |  |
| Electrical machinery .............. ..........do .... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 18,069$ | 17,872 | 18,326 | 18,527 | 18,801 | ${ }^{19,133}$ | 19,321 | 19,163 | 19,377 | 19,471 | 19,805 | ${ }^{\text {r19,502 }}$ | 19,782 28,876 |  |
| Transportation equipment....... ............do .... Motor vehicles and parts..... ...............do.... |  |  | r27,996 $r 17,058$ | 26,835 16,762 | 26,323 16,320 | 26,985 16,297 | 24,108 $\mathbf{1 4 , 4 8 1}$ | 25,288 15,828 | 27,667 16,788 | 27,480 17,491 | 27,107 $\mathbf{1 7 , 1 1 6}$ | 29,156 17,050 | 25,713 16,239 | r27,126 r17,199 | 28,876 17,697 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts..... ...........do ... Instruments and related |  |  | '17,058 | 16,762 | 16,320 | 16,297 | 14,481 | 15,828 | 16,788 | 17,491 | 17,116 | 17,050 | 16,239 | -17,199 | 17,697 |  |
| products.............................. ..........do . |  |  | ${ }^{5} 5,203$ | 5,167 | 5,216 | 5,284 | 5,354 | 5,250 | 5,458 | 5,418 | 5,375 | 5,398 | 5,411 | 「5,548 | 5,616 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, total \#.....do .... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r92,613 }}$ | 93,211 | 94,452 | 96,115 | 96,363 | 96,269 | 97,299 | ${ }^{98,145}$ | 98,848 | 98,330 | 98,295 | r98,391 | 100,568 |  |
| Food and kindred products ..... ...........do ... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r27,128 }}$ | 27,555 | 27,498 | 27,880 | 28,382 | 27,943 | 28,405 | 28,718 | 28,646 | 28,389 | 29,383 | ${ }^{\text {r28,999 }}$ | 29,352 |  |
| Tobacco products.................... ...........do ... |  |  | 1,729 | 1,156 | 1,670 | 2,060 | 1,144 | 1,486 | 1,954 | 1,291 | 1,874 | 2,169 | 920 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ r 1,369 | 1,967 |  |
| Textile mill products.............. ...........do .... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {'4,637 }}$ | 4,622 | 4,585 | 4,754 | 4,862 | 4,816 | 4,818 | 4,793 | 4,880 | 4,587 | 4,710 |  | 4,682 10 |  |
| Paper and allied products ...... ...........do ... |  |  | ${ }^{-9,406}$ | 9,451 | 9,547 | 9,786 | 10,275 | 9,950 | 10,200 | 10,408 | 10,451 | 10,600 | 10,777 | r10,627 | 10,748 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products.............do.... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r16,935 }}$ | 17,514 | 17,887 | 17,779 | 18,008 | 18,048 | 18,202 | 18,519 | 18,850 | 18,626 | 18,883 | r19,102 | 19,943 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products.. ...........do .... |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 10,167$. | 10,384 | 10,743 | 11,074 | 11,470 | 11,717 | 11,158 | 11,312 | 11,099 | 10,796 | 10,366 | ${ }^{\text {r }} \mathbf{r} 6,128$ | 10,145 |  |
| Rubber and plastics products . ...........do ...- |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r } 6,641}$ | 6,545 | 6,528 | 6,591 | 6,142 | 6,392 | 6,505 | 6,745 | 6,826 | 6,869 | 6,795 | '6,945 | 7,409 | $\cdots$ |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as ghown in Business Statietics: 1986 | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | un | July | Aus | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |
| GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MANUFACTURERS' SHIPMENTS, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods and apparel............ ........mil. \$.. | ${ }^{1} 153,075$ | 162,635 | '13,320 | 13,330 | 13,438 | 13,746 | 13,518 | 13,683 | 13,795 | 13,732 | 13,677 | 13,725 | 13,961 | 13,851 | 13,602 |  |
| Consumer staples................... ..........do ... | ${ }^{1} 447,890$ | 476,050 | '38,686 | 38,897 | 39,477 | 40,151 | 39,604 | 40,044 | 40,602 | 40,403 | 40,859 | 40,852 | 40,835 | r 40,919 | 42,204 |  |
| except auto -..................... ...... | ${ }^{1372,198}$ | 385 | ${ }^{3} 1$ | 31,169 | 31,151 | 32,000 | 32,516 | 32, | 33,5 | 32,797 | 32,2 | 35,361 | 34,097 | 2 | 31 |  |
| Automotive equipment. | ${ }^{2} 217,228$ | 225,420 | '19,091 | 18,852 | 18,344 | 18,379 | 16,493 | 17,806 | 18,851 | 19,661 | 19,053 | 18,927 | 18,288 | r19,305 | 19,902 |  |
| intermediate products......... ..........do | 79,596 | 192,845 | r16,093 | 15,931 | 6,619 | 15,745 | 6,117 | 15,782 | 16,115 | 16,187 | 16,600 | 6,81 | 6,456 | 16,82 | 6,776 |  |
| her materials, supplies, intermediate products | 903,316 | 965,981 | -77,599 | 77,779 | 78,900 | 80,570 | 81,147 | 81,314 | 82,838 | 83,616 | 84,755 | 85,67 | 83,60 | r83 | 86,036 |  |
| Supplementary series: Household durables |  | 75,95 | 125 |  | 6,294 |  | ,164 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 535. |  |
| Capital goods industries .............. ............do | ${ }^{1} 428,6$ | 446,907 | ${ }^{\text {r37,173 }}$ | 36,079 | 36,211 | 37,28 | 37,012 | 37,28 |  | 38,129 | - 37,8 | 40,82 | 39,08 | ${ }^{\text {r 39, }}$-215 | 41,249 |  |
| Nondefense .......................... ..........do | 1321,7 | 337,113 | r27,570 | 27,319 | 26,974 | 27,85 | 28,106 | 28,49 | 29 | 28,99 | 28,6 | 30,731 | 30,65 | ${ }^{3} 30,715$ | 31,766 |  |
| Defense .................................. ..........do | ${ }^{1} 106,925$ | 109,794 | r9,603 | 8,760 | 9,237 | 9,437 | 8,906 | 8,795 | 9,524 | 9,134 | 9,240 | 10,094 | 8,433 | '8,500 | 9,483 |  |
| Inventories, end of year or month: <br> Book value (non-LIFO basis), (unadjusted), total . $\qquad$ $\qquad$ .do .... <br> Durable goods industries, total..................... <br> Nondurable goods industries, total $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do .... do.... | 313,6 | 328,816 | 320,743 | 322,978 | 324,696 | 322, | 324,070 | 326,648 | 325, | 328,414 | 330,713 | 328,816 | 335,081 | -339,758 | 340,109 |  |
|  |  | 212,704 | 208,758 | 210,363 | 211,505 | 209,890 | 210,939 | 212,106 | 211,5 | 213,166 | 214,613 | 212,704 | 216,882 | 220,870 | 221,423 |  |
|  | 109,672 | 116,112 | 111,985 | 112,615 | 113,191 | 112,582 | 113,131 | 114,542 | 114,266 | 115,248 | 116,100 | 116,112 | 118,199 | 118,888 | 118,686 |  |
| Book value (non-LIFO basis), <br> (seasonally adjusted), total $\qquad$ do | 318,238 | 333,656 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 320,034$ | 320,785 | 321,848 | 321,621 | 323,333 | 325,394 | 326,670 | 328,564 | 381,812 | 333,656 | 336,815 | r338,552 | 339,376 |  |
| By industry group: <br> Durable goods industries, $\qquad$ | 207,854 | 216,753 | '208,111 | 208 | 208 | 208,65 | 209, | 210,9 | 21 | 213, | 215, | 216, | 219,014 | r220,318 |  |  |
| total \# $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do... Stone, clay, and glass products $\square$ do | 6,978 | 7,162 | r7,040 | 6,988 | 7,015 | 6,973 | 7,020 | 7,055 | 7,029 | 7,096 | 7,135 | -7,162 | 7,1 | 7,133 | 7,037 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..........do.... Primary metals.................... ...........do ... | 17,211 7,786 | 17,542 8,022 | ${ }^{16,568}$ | 16,520 | 16,312 7,287 | 16,228 7,270 | 16,299 <br> 7,296 | 16,466 7,407 | 16,667 <br> 7 | 16,940 <br> 7,715 | 17,249 <br> 7 <br> 849 | 17,542 8,022 | 18,020 8,415 | ${ }_{78,458}^{18,188}$ | 18,185 8,472 |  |
| Fabricated metal products... ..........do..... | 21,75 | 22,072 | ${ }^{2} 21,450$ | 21,366 | 21,343 | 21,223 | 21,402 | 21,501 | 21,747 | 21,927 | 21,97 | 22,072 | 22,361 | -22,468 | 22,306 |  |
|  | 41,518 | 41,418 | -41,002 | ${ }_{41}{ }^{2} 88$ | 41,092 | 40,90 | 40,824 | 40,879 | 40,512 | 40,944 | 41,191 | 41,418 | 41,88 | -42,104 | 42,584 |  |
| Transportation equipment... .............do...... | 38,878 | 39,975 | -39,006 | 39,164 | 39,277 | 39,220 | 39,277 | 39,384 | 39,579 | 39,78 | 40,190 | 39,975 | 40,195 | r 40,326 | 40,155 |  |
| Transportation equipment... ...........do .... Motor vehicles and parts ........................................do.... | 52,786 | 58,079 | '53,461 | 53,735 | 54,084 | 54,199 | 55,092 | 55,582 | 55,987 | 56,79 | 57,889 | 58,079 | 58,827 | -59,018 | 59,498 |  |
| parts | 11,0 | 11,413 | $\cdot \mathbf{1 1 , 2 2 6}$ | 11,082 | 11,188 | 11,155 | 11,160 | 0,9 | 11,324 | 11,267 | 11,459 | 11,413 | 11,806 | r11,669 | 11,534 |  |
|  | 12,58 | 710 | ${ }^{\text {'12,519 }}$ | 12,459 | 12,544 | 12,461 | 12,511 | 12,561 | 12,675 | 12,560 | 12,619 | 12,710 | ,757 | '12,86 | ,84 |  |
| By stage of fabrication: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies ..... ............do ..... Work in process....................... | 95,310 | 101,246 | -58,56 | 50,588 | 5, 6 |  | 96,904 | 97,708 |  | 99,390 | 100,824 | 101,246 | 102,221 | '103,103 | 102,856 |  |
| Finished goods................... ............do.... | 53,173 | 55,013 | '53,558 | 58,578 | 53,605 | 52,83 | 53,630 | 53,887 | 53,503 | 54,459 | 55,076 | 55,013 | 55,863 | 56,048 | 56,170 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| total \#...................................do .... | 110,384 | 116,903 | ${ }_{r}{ }^{1} 11,963931$ | ${ }_{26,379}^{112,102}$ | 112,752 | 112,967 | 113,382 | 114,473 | 114,990 | 115,118 | ${ }_{27}^{115,814}$ | 116,908 | 117,801 | ${ }_{r}{ }_{r} 118,9838$ | 118,580 |  |
| Food and kindred products...........do.... | 5,585 | 5,569. | ${ }_{-5,651}$ | 5,712 | 5,803 | 5,92 | 5,936 | 5,903 | 5,744 | 5,627 | 5,600 | 5,56 | 5,62 | ${ }^{2} 5,608$ | 5,643 |  |
| Textile mill products........ ............do..... | 6,560 | 6,874 |  | 6,86 | 6,810 | 6,751 | 6,79 | 6,95' | 6,896 | 6,93 | 6,930 | 6,874 | 6,984 | r6,959 | 6,889 |  |
| Paper and allied products...........do..... | 10,480 | 11,284 | '10,805 | 10,817 | 10,909 | 10,906 | 10,923 | 11,021 | 11,052 | 10,953 | 10,995 | 11,284 | 11,391 | '11,501 | 11,448 |  |
| products ........................ ...........do ....Petroleum | 26,983 | 27,743 | ${ }^{26,870}$ | 26,8 | 26,78 | 26,465 | 26,86 | 26,8 | 26,999 | 27,16 | 27,321 | 27,74 | 8,372 | '28,81 | 8,77 |  |
|  | 9,907 | 10,646 | '10,295 | 10,290 | 10,227 | 10,348 | 10,546 | 11,081 | 10,769 | 10,752 | 10,732 | 0,646 | 10,298 | 10, | 10,464 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,525 |  |
| products ..............................do .... By stage of fabrication Materials and supplies .................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies ..... | 42,986 | 45,722 | ${ }^{\prime} 48,1$ | 43,624 | 44,045 | 44,184 | 44,394 | 44,6 | 45,288 | 45,105 | 45,420 | 45,722 | 46,206 |  | ${ }_{18,874}^{46,87}$ |  |
| Winished goods ${ }^{\text {a }}$.................... ..............do....... | $\begin{aligned} & 17,338 \\ & 50,060 \end{aligned}$ | 18,628 52,553 | '17,957 <br> 50,827 | - 17.832 | 18,029 50,678 | 18,134 50,649 | 18,034 50,954 | 18,386 51,485 | 18,432 51,270 | 18,554 51,455 | 181,736 | ${ }_{52,553}^{18,628}$ | 18,757 | - ${ }^{18,5924}$ | 18,874 52,849 |  |
| By market category: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods and apparel ......... ............do .... <br> Consumer staples | 24,960 | 27,040 | ${ }^{\text {r25,668 }}$ | 25,666 | 25,783 | 25,613 | 25,853 | 25,825 | 26,129 | 26,421 | 26,628 | 27,040 | 27,099 | '27,151 | 27,065 |  |
| Consumer staples .................... ...........do ... | ,12 | 42,717 | '41,6 | 41,58 | 41,98 | 42,592 | 42,135 | 42,13 | 42,142 | 42,128 | 42,47 | 42,717 | 42,944 | '43,029 | 43,304 |  |
| Equip. and defense prod., : | 91,990 | 95,149 | ${ }^{\text {r91,6 }} \mathrm{r}$ | 92,173 | 92,316 | 2,225 | 92,63 | 93,3 | 98,399 | 94,148 | 95,108 | 95,149 | 95,786 | -96,3 | 97,481 |  |
| Construction materials, supplies, and intermediate products |  | 13,8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 13,6$ |  |  |  | 13,5 | 13,4 | 13,77 | 13,6 | 13,919 | 13,8 | 14,247 |  | 13,981 |  |
|  | 22,658 | 196 | ,907 | , 015 | 23,186 | 23,180 | ,39 | 23,45 | 3,54 | 23,68 | . 98 | 24,196 | 24,633 | r24,734 | 4,6 |  |
| Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products | 124,1 | 130,717 | ${ }^{1} 12$ | 124,8 | 124,984 | 124,467 | 125,7 | 127,1 | 127,7 | 128,470 | 129,6 | 130,717 | 132,106 | ${ }^{133}$ | 32,92 |  |
| Supplementary series: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13,512 |  | 13,388 |  |
| Capital goods industries...........................do..... | 105,7 | 110,8 | ${ }^{1} 105,796$ | 106,61 | 106,8 | 106,7 | 107, | 108 | 108,0 | 109,2 | 110,6 | 110, | 111,563 | ${ }^{112,299}$ | 119,228 |  |
|  | 71,721 | 73,804 | ${ }^{\text {r71,599 }}$ | 71,936 | 71,988 | 71,902 | 71,982 | 72,315 | 71,767 | 72,361 | 73,063 | 73,80 | 74,460 | r74,994 | 75,993 |  |
| Defense ....................................... ..............do ..... | 34,005 | 37,026 | [34,197 | 34,716 | 4,8 | 34,849 | 35,599 | 36,0 | 36,311 | 6,8 | 37,609 | 37,02 | 37,103 | [37,305 | 37,295 |  |
| New orders, net (unadj.), total $\qquad$ do ... Durable goods industries, total ...... $\square$ do$\qquad$ do ... | 2,273,781 | 2,438,430 | 210,979 | 200,818 | 200,163 | 214,09 | 191,040 | 198,583 | 216,84 | 213,019 | 209,404 | 208,377 | 200,357 | r216,702 | 229,463 |  |
|  | 1,201,566 | 1,291,210 | 114,989 | 108,067 | 106,201 | 114,356 | 98,600 | 101,163 | 113,844 | 112,797 | 111,659 | 113,164 | 107,311. | '117,343 | 125,542 |  |
|  | 1,072,215 | 1,147,220 | 95,990 | 92,751 | 93,962 | 99,742 | 92,440 | 97,420 | 103,001 | 100,2 | 97,745 | 95,213 | 93,046 | '99,359 | 103,921 |  |
| New orders, net (seas. adj.), total ...... ..........do .... | ${ }^{1} 2,273,781$ | 2,438,430 | -199,075 | 200,624 | 201,397 | 205,454 | 206,065 | 203,391 | 206,719 | 209,399 | 209,626 | 213,82 | 212,571 | '212,641 | 216,075 |  |
|  | 1,201,566 | 1,291,210 | '105,950 | 106,977 | 106,992 | 109,181 | 109,213 | 106,678 | 109,345 | 111,095 | 110,949 | 115,620 | 114,196 | '114,319 | 115,454 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total .. ..........do ................................ | ${ }^{1} 102,155$ | 115,334 | '9,021 | 9,285 | 9,509 | 9,976 | 9,718 | 9,461 | 10,735 | 10,437 | 10,903 | 11,997 | 10,254 | 10,377 | 11,010 |  |
| Primary metals................... ..........do .... |  | 51,041 | '3,924 | 4,381 | 4,241 | 4,541 | 4,380 | 4,159 | 4,697 | 4,278 | 5,053 | 5,333 | 4,308 | ${ }^{-4,318}$ | 4,748 |  |
| Nonferrous and other primary metals. $\qquad$ do .... | 4, 48,103 <br> 134,969 | 55,502 134,901 | ${ }^{\text {r }} \mathbf{4} \mathbf{4 , 3 7 0}$ | 4,149 $\mathbf{1 1} 219$ | 4,3988 | $\stackrel{4}{41,69}$ | 4,542 11,261 | $\begin{array}{r}4,475 \\ 11,014 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,094 11200 | -5,343 | 4,945 11,290 | 5,840 11,472 | 5,190 | ${ }^{\text {r } 5,204}$ | ${ }_{11,745}^{5,39}$ |  |
| Machinery, except electrical... | ${ }^{1} 199,601$ | 215,116 | r17,367 | 17,667 | 17,583 | 17,496 | 18,864 | 18,412 | 18,806 | 18,953 | 18,024 | 19,195 | 20,552 | r19,720 | 20,132 |  |
| Electrical machinery .......................do ..... | ${ }^{1} 2078,800$ | 226,271 | r16,449 | 19,709 | 18,353 | 19,672 | 19,421 | 19,234 | 19,994 | 19,99 | 20,28 | 19,762 | 20,716 | r19,452 | 18,811 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 318,641$ | 339,185 | '29,679 | 28,028 | 29,571 | 28,794 | 27,970 | 27,087 | 26,493 | 28,573 | 28,603 | 31,155 | 28,946 | $\checkmark 30,52$ | 31,570 |  |
| Aircraft, missiles, and parts...................... | ${ }^{1} 104,539$ | 115,775 | '10 | 9,055 | 10 | 9,636 | 12,1 | 9,404 | 8,6 | 9,78 | 9,094 | 12,75 | 10,6 | '11,600 | 11,991 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 1,072,215$ | 1,147,220 | -93,125 | 93,647 | 94,405 | 96,273 | 96,852 | 96,713 | 97,374 | 98,304 | 98,67 | 98,202 | 98,375 | '98,322 | 100,621 |  |
|  | 1270,650 | 297,757 | '24,451 | 24,471 | 24,089 | 24,771 | 25,596 | 4,995 | 24,89 | 25,62 | 25,460 | 25,214 | 26,015 | '25,849 | 25,99 |  |
|  | 1801,565 | 849,463 | '68,674 | 69,176 | 70,31 | 71,50 | 71,25 | 71,71 | 72,48 | 72,67 | 73,21 | 72,98 | 72,360 | 72,47 | 74,631 |  |
| By market category Home goods and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods and apparel............ ..........do....................................... | ${ }^{1} 1553,144$ | 163,427 475,982 | $\mathrm{r}_{1} 38788$ ${ }^{38} 861$ | 13,320 <br> 38,906 | 13,472 39,434 | 13,668 40,147 | 13,668 39,595 | 13,734 39,739 | 13,832 40,587 | 13,776 40,365 | 13,500 40,888 | 18,463 40,899 | 14,200 40,761 | r14,179 r41,087 | 13,636 42,211 |  |
| Equip. and defense prod., exc. auto........do.... | ${ }^{1373,513}{ }^{2}$ | 398,5887 | ${ }^{-31,207}$ | 33,471 | 35,175 | 34,653 | 36,019 | 38,873 | 83,413 | 33,918 <br> 19505 | 34,439 | 35,353 | 36,251 | r37, 892 | 37,292 |  |
| Automotive equipment................ ...........do .... Construction materials, supplies, and | ${ }^{1} 216,996$ | 225,541 | '19,120 | 18,967 | 18,577 | 18,384 | 16,410 | 17,763 | 18,85 | 19,505 | 19,09 | 18,880 | 18,136 | r19,122 | 19,821 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 179,223$ | 3,002 | '16,198 | 15,830 | ,607 | 15,790 | 16,209 | 15,828 | 16,023 | 16,24 | 16,799 | 17,097 | 16,3 | '16,8 | 16,675 |  |
| Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products | 1903 | 981,80 | r80, | 80,1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86 |  | 86,4 |  |
| Supplementary series |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 171,714$ | 76,331 | $\begin{array}{r} r 6,531 \\ 87 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,100 \\ 39216 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,353 \\ 29,979 \\ 29 \end{array}$ | 6,996 | 6,225 | 6,398 | 6,402 | 6,400 | 6,361 | 6,205 | 6,893 | ${ }^{6} 6,989$ | 6,596 |  |
|  | - 43140,187 | 466,051 355,582 | ${ }^{+37,693}$ | 39,316 28,310 | 39,472 | 40,564 29,987 | 41,905 31,982 | 39,061 29,540 | 38,865 29,753 | 40,417 30,416 | 30,085 | 42,927 <br> 38,879 | 43,895 34,791 |  | 42,538 32,496 |  |
| Nondefense ............................... ............................................................................. | ${ }^{\text {d }} 110,130$ | 110,469 | [9,658 | 11,006 | 9,441 | 10,577 | 9,923 | 9,521 | 9,112 | 10,001 | 9,739 | 9,048 | 9,104 | '8,556 | 10,042 |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in | Units | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov． | Dee． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． |


| GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MANUFACTURERS＇SHIPMENTS， <br> INVENTORIES，AND ORDERS－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unfilled orders，end of period（unadjusted）， total． | 370，410 | 400，414 | 377，900 | 382，003 | 383，901 | 385，183 | 390，995 | 391，682 | 391，513 | 392，583 | 396，265 | 400，414 | 410，025 | ＇416，205 | 420，124 |  |
| Durable goods industries，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 359，536 | 387，145 | 365，334 | 368，972 | 370，981 | 372，099 | 377，287 | 377，865 | 377，707 | 378，819 | 382，853 | 387，145 | 396，482 | ＇402，448 | 406，240 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries with unfilled orders $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ do． | 10，874 | 13，269 | 12，566 | 13，031 | 12，920 | 13，084 | 13，708 | 13，817 | 13，806 | $\begin{array}{r}13,764 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13，412 | 13，269 | 13，543 | ${ }^{1} 13,757$ | 13，884 |  |
| Unfilled orders，end of period（seasonally adjusted）total $\qquad$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．mil．\＄．． | 372，974 | 403，496 | －372，581 | 375，886 | 380，354 | 385，217 | 391，887 | 394，640 | 395，627 | 398，630 | 401，030 | 403，496 | 408，826 | ＇412，554 | 414，278 |  |
| By industry group： |  |  |  |  |  | 385，21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods industries，total \＃．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 361，855 | 389，860 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$［170，108 | 362，995 | 367，510 | 372，215 | 378，396 | 380，989 | 381，851 | 384，695 | 387，266 | 389，860 | 395，110 | ＇398，907 | 400，578 |  |
| Primary metals．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 17,318 9,165 | 22,335 12,251 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { r9，} \\ \hline 9,381 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}17,822 \\ 9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18,688 10,282 | 19,646 10,944 | 20,028 11,247 | 20,207 11,288 | 20，992 | 21,316 11,400 | 21,611 11,712 | 22,335 12,251 | 22,218 12,058 | ＇22，325 $\cdot 11,770$ | 22,470 11,678 |  |
| Blast furnaces，steel mills ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． <br> Nonferrous and other pri－ mary metals． $\qquad$ ．do ．．． | 9,165 5,395 | 12，251 7,106 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r9，304 } \\ \\ \mathbf{r}, 404 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 7 6 2}$ $\mathbf{5 , 4 6 3}$ | 10,282 5,679 | 10,944 5,998 | 11,247 6,048 | 11，288 | 11,632 6,477 | 11,400 7,045 | 11，712 6,930 | 12,261 7,106 | 12，058 7,166 | 71,770 7 | 11,678 7,712 |  |
| Fabricated metal products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ． | 18，893 | 19，556 | ${ }^{\text {r } 18,603}$ | 18，441 | 18，415 | 18，816 | 19，064 | 19，119 | 19，258 | 19，420 | 19，544 | 19，556 | 19，434 | ＇19，485 | 19，376 |  |
| Machinery，except electrical．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 55，296 | 57,664 | 「55，151 | 55，544 | 56，017 | 56，185 | 56，954 | 57，266 | 57，492 | 57，899 | 57,820 | 57，664 | 58，524 | 「58，592 | 58，511 |  |
| Electrical machinery ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 93，844 | 96，283 | ＇90，241 | 91，629 | 91，656 | 92，801 | 98，421 | 93，522 | 94，195 | 95，031 | 95，942 | 96，233 | 97，144 | r97，094 | 96，123 |  |
| Transportation equipment．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 160，965 | 176，803 | ${ }^{1} 161,835$ | 162，671 | 165，919 | 167，728 | 171，590 | 173，389 | 172，215 | 173，308 | 174，804 | 176，803 | 180，086 | ＇183，435 | 186，129 |  |
| parts ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 137，671 | 152，209 | ${ }^{\text {r 138，631 }}$ | 139，064 | 141，099 | 141，890 | 146，017 | 147，734 | 147，407 | 148，980 | 149，636 | 152，209 | 155，126 | ＇158，650 | 161，303 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries with unfilled orders $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ do ．．．． | 11，119 | 18，636 | ${ }^{\prime} 12,428$ | 12，891 | 12，844 | 13，002 | 13，491 | 13，701 | 13，776 | 13，935 | 13，764 | 13，636 | 13，716 | ＇13，647 | 13，700 |  |
| By market category： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods and apparel ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．d．${ }^{\text {d }}$ ．．．． | 3，511 | 4，410 698 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$＋，637 707 | 4，611 | 4,645 703 | 4,567 699 | 4，717 | 4,768 675 | 4,805 660 | 4,849 622 | 4,672 651 | 4，410 | 4,649 624 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {＇4，977 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5，011 |  |
| Equip．and defense prod．，excl． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automotive equipment．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $\begin{array}{r} 238,796 \\ 5,619 \end{array}$ | 252,196 5,735 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{r} 236,035 \\ \mathbf{r}, 637 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 287,345 \\ 5,776 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 241,369 \\ 6,009 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 244,022 \\ 6,014 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 247,525 5,931 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 249,049 \\ 5,888 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 248,931 \\ 5,893 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 250,052 \\ 5,737 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 252,204 \\ 5,782 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 252,196 \\ 5,735 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 254,350 \\ 5,583 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} r_{257}^{5}, 680 \\ r \mathbf{5}, 400 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 259,141 \\ 5,219 \end{array}$ |  |
| Construction materials，supplies，and intermediate products． | 10，432 | 10，593 | ${ }^{\cdot 10,053}$ | 9，925 | 9，913 | 9，958 | 10，050 | 10，146 | 10，054 | 10，114 | 10，313 | 10，593 | 10，509 | r10，526 | 10，425 |  |
| Other materials，supplies，and intermediate products． $\qquad$ do． | 113，846 | 129，864 | ＇115，462 | 117，483 | 117，715 | 119，957 | 122，974 | 124，114 | 125，284 | 127，256 | 127，408 | 129，864 | 133，111 | 「133，179 | 133，583 |  |
| Supplementary series： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household durables ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．． | 3，069 | 3，449 | r3，905 | 3，822 | 3，881 | 3，832 | 3，893 | 3，915 | 3，910 | 3，882 | 3，677 | 3，449 | 3，625 | r3，990 | 4，051 |  |
| Capital goods industries．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 289，918 | 309，273 | －287，823 | 290，088 | 293，349 | 296，624 | 301，517 | 303，289 | 302，921 | 305，209 | 307，171 | 309，273 | 314，085 | r317，190 | 318，479 |  |
| Nondefense ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 127，820 | 146，294 | ${ }^{129,291}$ | 130，104． | 133，161 | 135，296 | 139，172 | 140，218 | 140，262 | 141，683 | 143，146 | 146，294 | 150，435 | 「153，484 | 154，214 |  |
| Defense ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 162，098 | 162，979 | $\cdot 158,532$ | 159，984 | 160，188 | ，161，328 | 162，345 | 163，071 | 162，659 | 163，526 | 164，025 | 162，979 | 163，650 | ${ }^{\text {＇163，706 }}$ | 164，265 |  |
| BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS © |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New incorporations（ 50 States and Dist．Col．）： Unadjusted <br> ．．．．．．．．number ． | 702，101 | 683，686 | 65，536 | 62，679 | 55，548 | 61，412 | 58，345 | 54，225 | 55，297 | 55，226 | 49，118 | 55，912 | ${ }^{\text {r } 58,274 ~}$ | 57，033 |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 60，907 | 58，252 | 54，993 | 57，234 | 57，145 | 58，181 | 56，773 | 55，006 | 55，753 | 53，453 | ${ }^{5} 55,610$ | 57，493 |  |  |
| INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES 90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Failures，total ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．number ．． | 61，601 | 61，235 | 5，603 | 5，320 | 6，331 | 4，987 | 5，518 | 4，419 | 4，302 | 5，284 | 4，077 | 4，441 |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial service．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 20，966 | 24，029 | 2，149 | 1，605 | 2，443 | 2，035 | 2，197 | 1，775 | 1，766 | 2，104 | 1，684 | 1，875 |  |  |  |  |
| Construction．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 7，110 | 6，724 | 622 | 562 | 698 | 542 | 616 | 531 | 477 | 616 | 467 | 438 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing and mining．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． | 5，699 | 4，939 | 488 | 445 | 469 | 367 | 456 | 367 | 318 | 431 | 323 | 320 |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 13，623 | 12，185 | 1，069 | 1，060 | 1，228 | 898 | 1，093 | 859 | 863 | 1，092 | 763 | 913 |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 4，865 | 4，304 | 368 | 388 | 426 | 351 | 403 | 320 | 289 | 390 | 317 | 296 |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilities（current），total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．mil．\＄．． | 43，284．7 | 33，024．5 | 2，662．7 | 2，024．8 | 2，872．4 | 2，742．3 | 2，142．7 | 1，907．4 | 2，026．2 | 3，151．6 | 1，610．5 | 5，516．2 |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial service．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 8，370．2 | 8，088．7 | 619.5 | 708.4 | 907.1 | 659．0 | 793.0 | 622.6 | 495.4 | 565.2 | 1，454．6 | 544，3 |  |  |  |  |
| Construction．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 1，782．7 | 2，278．6 | 599.5 | 209.9 | 290.5 | 169.0 | 110.3 | 202.5 | 85.1 | 153.3 | 84.3 | 107.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing and mining．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 8，955．8 | 4，746．4 | 398.1 | 217.9 | 309.0 | 586.7 | 207.7 | 132.8 | 141.0 | 199.5 | 173.3 | 1，382．7 |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． | 2，718．0 | $3,713.7$ | 172.0 | 171.4 | 182.6 | 118.4 | 180.1 | 141.7 | 144.3 | 229.7 | 168.7 | 1，531．7 |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 2，035．4 | 1，336．8 | 148.0 | 97.4 | 113.0 | 98.0 | 124.3 | 81.3 | 89.1 | 81.8 | 128.1 | 62.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Failure annual rate（seasonally adjusted） No．per 10,000 concer | 120.0 | 102.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

COMMODITY PRICES


[^24]\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes methodological notes are as shown in Businkse Statistca: 1986} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{1987} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1988} \\
\hline \& 1996 \& 1987 \& Mar. \& Apr. \& May \& June \& Juty \& Aus. \& Sept. \& Oct. \& Nov. \& Dec. \& Jan. \& Peb. \& Mar. \& Apr. \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{COMMODITY PRICES-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
CONSUMER PRICES \(\dagger\)-Continued \\
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)-Continued
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{All items (CPI-U)-Continued} \\
\hline Commodities, \(\begin{gathered}\text { Nondurables........................1982-84 }\end{gathered}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
104.4 \\
1035 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 1077 \& 106.4
106.1 \& 107.2
1069 \& 107.5 \& 107.7 \& 107.6
1073 \& 108 \& 108.9 \& 109.3
109.4 \& 109.5
1095 \& 109.3
109.1 \& 109.2 \& 109.1 \& 109.8
1098 \& 110.7 \\
\hline Nondurabee Nonder less food............ .................do..... \& \({ }^{109.5}\) \& 101.8 \& 100.1 \& \({ }^{101.3}\) \& 101.4 \& 101.4 \& 101.3 \& 1102.6 \& 104.0 \& 104.6 \& 104.8 \& 109.7 \& 102.8 \& 102.7 \& 104.1 \& 105.6 \\
\hline Durables...........................................do..... \& 106.6 \& 108.2 \& 107.2 \& 107.7 \& 107.9 \& 108.2 \& 108.4 \& 108.3 \& 108.3 \& 108.8 \& 109.6 \& 109.5 \& 109.4 \& 109.4 \& 1095 \& 109.7 \\
\hline  \& 1101.7 \& 104.3
120.2 \& 118.9
10.5 \& 103.9
118.9 \& 104.0
119.3 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
104.1 \\
120.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 104.1
120.5 \& 10 \& 1105.7 \& 106.3
121.9 \&  \& 106.0
122.2 \& 120.5 \& 105.4 \& 106.3 \& 107.3
124.1 \\
\hline Food \# .................................................do... \& 109.0 \& 113.5 \& 112.5 \& 112.8 \& 113.3 \& 113.8 \& 113.7 \& 1138 \& 114.1 \& 114.3 \& 114.2 \& 114.7 \& 115.7 \& 115.7 \& 115.9 \& 116.6 \\
\hline  \& 107.3 \& 111.9 \& 110.9 \& 111.3 \& 112.0 \& 112.6 \& 112.1 \& 112.1 \& 112.4 \& 112.4 \& 112.1 \& 112.8 \& 114.1 \& 113.9 \& 113.9 \& 114.6 \\
\hline Housing ........................................ ............do.... \& 110.9 \& 114.2 \& 112.8 \& 113.2 \& 113.6 \& 114.3 \& 114.7 \& 115.4 \& 115.6 \& 115.5 \& 115.5 \& 115.6 \& 116.2 \& 116.6 \& 117.0 \& 117.3 \\
\hline Shelter \#.............................. ............do... \& 115.8 \& 121.3 \& 119.6 \& 120.2 \& 120.5 \& 12.8 \& 122.3 \& 122.2 \& 122.5 \& 1123.2 \& 128.4 \& 1123.7 \& 124.6 \& 125.0. \& \({ }_{1256}^{125.6}\) \& 125.8 \\
\hline  \& 118.3 \& 123.1
124.8 \& 121.8
123 \& \({ }^{122.6}\) \& 122.3
124.0 \& 122.3
124.2 \& 124.4 \& 125.8 \& 124.4
126.0 \& 124.8
127.1 \& 124.8
127.4 \& 125.6
128.0 \& 128.0 \& 126.3 \& 126.2 \& 126.6
129.4 \\
\hline Fuel and utilities \#.......................1982-84=100.: \& 104.1 \& 108.0 \& 120.5 \& 101.3 \& 102.2 \& 104.9 \& 125.0 \& 105.9 \& 105.5 \& 103.2 \& 102.4 \& 102.0 \& 102.4 \& 102.8 \& 102.7 \& 102.8 \\
\hline  \& 77.6 \& 77.9 \& 77.5 \& 7.5 \& 77.1 \& 7.2 \& 77.1 \& 77.8 \& 77.6 \& 78.5 \& 80.9 \& \({ }^{80.5}\) \& 80.8 \& 80.9 \& 80.5 \& 80.2 \\
\hline Gas (piped) and electricity \(\ldots \ldots .\). \& 105.7 \& 103.8 \& 101.5 \& 100.8 \& 102.5 \& 108.1 \& 107.6 \& 108.7 \& 108.2 \& 103.3 \& 101.4 \& 100.9 \& 101.5 \& 101.9 \& 101.7 \& 101.6 \\
\hline \(\qquad\) do.... \& 105.2 \& 107.1 \& 106.8 \& 107.2 \& 107.1 \& 107.1 \& 107.2 \& 107.3 \& 107.5 \& 107.4 \& 107.4 \& 107.3 \& 107.5 \& 107.7 \& 108.3 \& 109.1 \\
\hline Apparel and upkeep..................................do... \& 105.9 \& 110.6 \& 109.7 \& 111.5 \& 111.1 \& 109.3 \& 107.3 \& 109.4 \& 113.3 \& 115.4 \& 115.4 \& 112.7 \& 110.4 \& 110.2 \& 114.3 \& 117.0 \\
\hline Transportation.....) \& 102.3 \& 105.4 \& 103.3 \& 104.2 \& 104.7 \& 105.4 \& 116.0 \& 106.5 \& 106.6 \& 170.1 \& 17078 \& 1076 \& 107.1
106.0 \& 106.8 \& 106.5 \& 107.2 \\
\hline  \& 110.6 \& 114.6 \& \({ }_{113.1}\) \& \({ }_{113.6}^{103.6}\) \& 114.0 \& 114.3 \& 114.7 \& 1114.4 \& 1114.1 \& 115.2 \& 106.8
116.6 \& 106.5
116.6 \& 1116.2 \& 110 \& 116.0. \& 115.9 \\
\hline Used cars..............................................do.... \& 108.8 \& 113.1 \& 108.7 \& 111.3 \& 113.4 \& 114.7 \& 115.4 \& 115.5 \& 116.0 \& 116.2 \& 116.5 \& 116.3 \& 116.0 \& 116.0 \& 116.1 \& 116.6 \\
\hline  \& 117.0 \& 121.1 \& 121.1 \& 120.9 \& \({ }^{1220.6}\) \& 120.2 \& 13 \& \({ }_{1312}^{121.5}\) \& \({ }_{1317}^{122.1}\) \& 1323 \& \({ }^{12228}\) \& \({ }_{1}^{123.1}\) \& \({ }_{134.4}^{121.8}\) \& \({ }_{135.5}^{120.8}\) \& \({ }_{136.3}^{12.4}\) \& \({ }_{136.9}^{122.4}\) \\
\hline Medical care............................................do.... \& 122.0 \& 130.1 \& 128.1 \& 128.7 \& 129.2 \& 129.9 \& 130.7 \& 131.2 \& 131.7 \& 132.3 \& 132.8 \& 183.1 \& 134.4 \& \& \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Seasonally Adjusted} \\
\hline All items, percent change from previous month. \& \& \& \& 1071 \& \& \& \& \& \({ }_{188}{ }_{8}^{8}\) \& \& \& 109.2 \& \& \& 109.9.9. \& \({ }^{110.6}\) \\
\hline  \& \& \& 106.5 \& 107.1 \& 107.4 \& 107.8 \& 108.0
104.7 \& 108.4
105.3 \& 108.8 \& 109.1
105.9 \& 109.3
106.2 \& 109.2
105.9 \& 109.4
106.0 \& 109.8
105.9 \& 109.9
106.6 \& \({ }_{110.6}^{107.3}\) \\
\hline Food...........................................................do... \& \& \& 112.3 \& 112.7 \& 113.3 \& 113.9 \& 113.8 \& 113.9 \& 114.5 \& 114.7 \& 114.8 \& 115.3 \& 115.6 \& 115.3 \& 115.7 \& 116.5 \\
\hline Food at home ............................. ............do... \& \& \& 110.5 \& 111.0 \& 111.8 \& 112.5 \& 112.1 \& 112.1 \& 112.7 \& 112.8 \& 112.8 \& 113.5 \& 113.7 \& 113.0 \& 113.4 \& 114.3 \\
\hline Apparel and upkeep........................ .............do.... \& \& \& 109.6 \& 111.0 \& 111.4 \& 110.8 \& 109.9 \& 110.3 \& 111.3 \& 112.7 \& 113.1 \& 112.2 \& 112.3 \& 112.0 \& 114.2 \& 116.5 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \& \& 104.0 \& 104.6 \& 104.8 \& 105.3 \& 105.9 \& 106.7 \& 106.8 \& 107.2 \& 107.7 \& 107.4 \& 107.3 \& 107.1 \& 107.2 \& 107.5 \\
\hline \& \& \& 1102.8 \& 1138.4 \& \({ }^{103.6}\) \& 114.2 \& 114.8 \& \& 1105.7 \& 1106 \& 1157 \& \({ }_{1157}^{106.4}\) \& 1115.5 \& 115 \& 106.2
116.2 \& 106.5
116.2 \\
\hline \& \& \& 118. \& 13.9 \& 14.1 \& 14.4 \& 14.8 \& 15.0 \& 121.2 \& 121.7 \& 122.2 \& 122.6 \& 123.2 \& 123.7 \& 124.2 \& 124.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
PRODUCER PRICES \& \\
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline All commodities............................1982=100 .- \& 100.2 \& 1028 \& 101.2 \& 101.9 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{102.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{108.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{103.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{103.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{103.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{104.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{104.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{'104.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{104.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{104.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{104.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{105.8} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
By stage of processing: \\
Crude materials for further \\
processing \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} \& 87.7 \& 93.7 \& 90.3 \& 92.4 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Intermediate materials, sup-
plies, etc....................... .............do .... \& \& \& \& \& 94.8 \& 95.1 \& 96.0 \& 96.5 \& 95.7 \& 95.3 \& 94.7 \& '103.6 \& 93.4 \& 94.6 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
94.1 \\
104.6
\end{array}
\] \& 95.7
105.5 \\
\hline Finished goods \#........................ \& 103.2 \& 105.4 \& 104.3 \& 105.1 \& 105.4 \& 105.5 \& 106.0 \& 105.9 \& 105.7 \& 106.2 \& 106.3 \& \({ }^{1} 105.8\) \& 106.2 \& 105.9 \& 106.2 \& 106.9 \\
\hline Finished consumer goods......... .-...........do.... \& 1101.4 \& 103.6 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.6} \& 1119.7 \& 1111.9 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.6} \& 111.3 \& 11112 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{112.5} \& 1124.5 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{112.4} \& 104.3
112.5 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{112.9} \& 104.3
118.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{113.6} \\
\hline By durability of product: \& 109.7 \& 111.7 \& \& \& 111.6 \& 111.4 \& \& 111.7 \& 111.2 \& \& 112.5 \& \& 112.7 \& \& 113.2 \& \\
\hline Durable goods \& \({ }_{9}^{107.5}\) \& \begin{tabular}{c}
109.9 \\
97.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{95}^{108.7}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
109.1 \\
96.5 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& 109.2
97.6 \& 109.3
98.2 \& \begin{tabular}{c}
109.7 \\
98.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 110.0. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
110.2 \\
.988 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{9}^{111.4}\) \& \({ }_{98.6}^{11.7}\) \& 112.0
98.3 \& \({ }_{98.5}^{112.6}\) \& \({ }_{98}^{112.5}\) \& 113.2
98.7 \& 113.8
998 \\
\hline Total manufactures...................... \& 1101.7 \& 104.4 \& \({ }^{102.8}\) \& 108.5 \& 104.0 \& 104.8 \& \({ }^{104.8}\) \& 105.1 \& 105.1 \& 105.8 \& 106.0 \& \({ }^{1} 106.0\) \& 106.5 \& 106.5 \& 107.0 \& 107.8 \\
\hline Durable manufactures........... .............do... \& 107.5 \& 109.6 \& 108.7 \& 109.0 \& 109.1 \& 109.1 \& 109.4 \& 109.7 \& 109.7 \& 110.9 \& 111.1 \& \({ }^{111.4}\) \& 112.0 \& 112.1 \& 112.5 \& 113.1 \\
\hline Nondurable manufactures....... ................. \& 96.0 \& 99.2 \& 96.9 \& 98.1 \& 98.9 \& 99.5 \& 100.1 \& 100.5 \& 100.4 \& 100.7 \& 100.9 \& \({ }^{1} 100.6\) \& 101.0 \& 101.0 \& 101.6 \& 102.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Farm products, processed foods and} \\
\hline Farm products.................................. .......................... \& \begin{tabular}{c}
101.2 \\
92.9 \\
1054 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}103.7 \\ \hline 95.5 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \({ }^{101.3} 9\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
103.3 \\
95.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
105.9 \\
\hline 9.9
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
105.5 \\
\hline 8.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }^{105.2} 9\) \& \({ }^{104.0} 9\) \& 104.6
96.1 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 104.1 \\
\& .94 .9 \\
\& \hline 90.9
\end{aligned}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
104.1 \\
16.3 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{c} 
'104.0 \\
\\
\\
\hline 95.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
105.3 \\
96.8 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \& 105.2
97.5
109 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 105.7 \\
\& \hline 9.7 \\
\& \hline
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{10.5
99.0
110.3} \\
\hline Foods and feeds, proceseed.......... ..............do. \& 105.4 \& 107.9 \& 105.9 \& 107.2 \& 109.1 \& 109.0 \& 109.0 \& 108.2 \& 108.9 \& 108.7 \& 108.1 \& 108.2 \& 109.5 \& 109.2 \& \& \\
\hline Industrial commodities .............................do... \& 100.0 \& 102.6 \& 101.1 \& 101.6 \& 101.9 \& 102.4 \& 108.1 \& 103.7 \& 108.5 \& 104.0 \& 104.2 \& \({ }^{104.2}\) \& 104.3 \& 104.4 \& 104.7 \& 105.6 \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products.... ................do Fuels and related prod., and \& 102.6 \& \({ }^{106.4}\) \& 104.8 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{105.2
69.1} \& 105.9 \& 107.1 \& 107.0 \& 10 \& 107.5 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{108.2} \& 108.8 \& 109.1 \& 110.3 \& \& 112.8 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{153.8
67.5} \\
\hline power \(\qquad\) do \& 69.8
108.2 \& \& 68.3 \& \& 69.7. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
71.1 \\
\mathbf{1 0 9 . 9}
\end{array}
\]} \& \({ }^{72.6}\) \& 73.8 \& 72.2 \& \& \({ }^{710.8}\) \& 69.5 \& \({ }^{671.5}\) \& \({ }^{66.8}\) \& 65.9 \& \\
\hline Furniture and household durables............do.... \& 108.2 \& -109.9 \& 1 \& 109.6 \& 1 \& \& \({ }_{121.0}\) \& -112.3 \& 1123.3
12 \& 124.1 \& \({ }_{124.3}\) \& \({ }^{1} 125.7\) \& 128.1 \& 129.2 \& 133.9 \& 134.4 \\
\hline Lumber and wood products....... ...............do... \& 1107.2 \& \({ }^{1} 12.8\) \& 110.6 \& 1110.7 \& 110.7 \& 111.4 \& 112.4 \& 113.7 \& 116.2 \& 116.1 \& 116.9 \& \({ }^{1117.1}\) \& 117.6 \& 1118.1 \& 118.8 \& 119.2 \\
\hline Machinery and equipment......... ..............do.... \& 108.8 \& 110.4 \& 110.0 \& 110.0 \& 110.2 \& \({ }^{110.1}\) \& 110.4 \& 110.6 \& 110.6
1088 \& 1110.9 \& 111.0 \& \({ }^{\text {r } 111.3}\) \& 111.8 \& 1114.4 \& 112.3 \& \({ }_{116.8}^{112.6}\) \\
\hline Metals and metal products ....... .-...........do.... \& 103.2 \& 107.1 \& 104.0 \& 104.4 \& 105.2 \& 105.8 \& 106.7 \& 107.7 \& 108.8 \& 110.8 \& 111.7 \& 112.9 \& 114.2 \& 114.4 \& 115.1 \& 116.8 \\
\hline Nonmetallic mineral products.... ............................ \& 110.0
116.1 \& 110.0
121.8 \& 109.7
120.6 \& 109.9
120.9 \& 1209.9 \& 110.1 \& 110.1
121.6 \& 120.9 \& 112.0. \& 1110.4 \& 110.5
129.9 \& \({ }^{1} 110.4\) \& 1111.0 \& 1110.8 \& 111.0
127.7 \& 111.1
128.7 \\
\hline Rubber and plastics products..... -..............do. \& 101.9 \& 103.0 \& 101.4 \& 101.8 \& 102.0 \& 102.3 \& 102.9 \& 103.2 \& 103.7 \& 104.4 \& 105.1 \& r105.5 \& 106.1 \& 106.9 \& 107.2 \& 107.8 \\
\hline Textile products and apparel...... -............do.... \& 103.2 \& 105.1 \& 103.9 \& 104.2 \& 104.4 \& 104.8 \& 105.3 \& \({ }^{105.6}\) \& 106.0 \& 106.4 \& 106.6 \& \({ }^{10770}\) \& 107.3 \& 107.9 \& 108.4 \& 108.7 \\
\hline Transportation equip. \#............ .i.e........do.... \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{109.1} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\({ }^{1} 1112.5\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{112.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{110.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{108.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1119.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{113.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }^{1} 11.8\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{112.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1111.9} \\
\hline Motor vehices and equip ........ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Finished goods, percent change from previous month. \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{90.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{. 6} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{943} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }^{.1}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3} \& \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{.4
96.0} \& \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{94.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{'-. 3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7.2

98} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-. 2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }^{.6}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{. 4} <br>

\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{| By stage of processing: |
| :--- |
| Crude materials for further proc- |
| essing ................................................. $1982=100$. |}} \& \& \& \& \& \& .8

967 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }^{-.3}$} \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 90.6 \& ${ }^{92.3}$ \& 94.3 \& 94.6 \& 95.6 \& 96.7 \& \& \& \& ${ }^{194.7}$ \& ${ }^{939.6}$ \& 94.5 \& 94.1 \& 95.9 <br>
\hline Intermediate materials, supplies, etc.............do.... \& \& \& 99.8 \& 100.2 \& 100.8 \& 101.3 \& 10.9 \& 10.4 \& 102.7 \& 103.2 \& 13.6 \& $7{ }^{7} 10.8$ \& 106.2 \& 104.9 \& 106.5 \& 106.9 <br>
\hline Finished goods \#.................................do.. \& \& \& 104.5
102.6 \& ${ }_{103.3}^{105.1}$ \& ${ }^{1050.6}$ \& ${ }^{108.7}$ \& 104.1 \& 104.3 \& 104.7 \& 104.5 \& ${ }^{104.5}$ \& ${ }^{104.0}$ \& 104.3 \& 103.9 \& 104.6 \& 105.1 <br>
\hline Foods................................ ............do... \& \& \& 108.2 \& 109.6 \& 110.8 \& 110.7 \& 110.3 \& 109.5 \& 110.2 \& 109.9 \& 110.0 \& 108.6 \& 110.5 \& 109.3 \& 110.1 \& 110.5 <br>
\hline Finished goods, exc. foods.....................do.. \& \& $\ldots$ \& 199.9 \& 100.2 \& 100.1 \& 100.3 \& 101.0 \& 101.7 \& 102.0 \& 101.8 \& 101.7 \& ${ }^{1} 111.8$ \& 101.2 \& 101.3 \& 101.8 \& 1102.4 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 110.8
94.0 \& ${ }_{94.3}^{11.3}$ \& ${ }_{94.1} 11.2$ \& ${ }_{94.4} 11.3$ \& ${ }_{95.3}$ \& ${ }_{96.5}$ \& ${ }_{96.4}$ \& ${ }_{96.2}$ \& \& ${ }^{1196.8}$ \& ${ }_{95.3}$ \& \& ${ }_{95.8}$ \& ${ }_{96.8}^{112.7}$ <br>
\hline Capital equipment.......................... ....................... \& \& \& 111.1 \& 111.4 \& 111.5 \& 111.4 \& 111.6 \& 111.9 \& 112.5 \& 112.0 \& 112.1 \& 112.3 \& 112.5 \& 112.4 \& 113.2 \& 113.4 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{PURCHASING POWER OF THE dollar} <br>

\hline  \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& .969 \\
& .913 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

.949

\] \& \[

.959

\] \& \[

{ }_{.856}^{.951}

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
.949 \\
884
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{|}
.948 \\
.880
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& .943 \\
& .878 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

.944

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
.946 \\
.869
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& .942 \\
& .867
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

.941

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& .945 \\
& 866
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

.942

\] \& \[

.944

\] \& .942 \& | .985 |
| :--- |
| .854 | <br>

\hline See footnotes at end of tablea. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business stanincer 1986 | Unita | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | Jum | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dee. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |


| CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REAL ESTATE $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgage applications for new home construction: <br> FHA applications..............................thous, units. Seasonally adjusted annual rates................do... | 326.5 | 165.3 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 27.5 \\ 289 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 15.1 \\ 155 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 14.0 \\ 161 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 14.2 \\ 162 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 13.8 \\ 158 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 10.1 \\ 117 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 10.1 \\ 114 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 7.8 \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | 5.8 86 | ${ }_{95}^{6.5}$ | 7.4 108 | 8.3 101 | 10.8 103 | ${ }_{102}^{9.6}$ |
| Requests for VA appraisals $\qquad$ Seasonally adjusted annual rates. $\qquad$ do..... o.... | 244.6 | 193.0 | ${ }_{216}^{21.0}$ | 21.4 228 | ${ }_{213}^{18,6}$ | 17.7 189 | 18.8 212 | 14.4 168 | 14.6 180 | 13.8 182 | 10.8 201 | 9.4 190 | 10.5 194 | 13.4 162 | 16.5 162 | 12.5 140 |
| Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by: <br> Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount...... ............mil. \$. <br> Vet. Adm.: Face amount है $\qquad$ do ... | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 57,108.02 \\ & 24,721.62 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} 81,880.51 \\ 33,32.54 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 9,220.25 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{9 , 0 3 5 . 5 6} \\ & \mathbf{3 , 0 2 1 . 4 8} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,265.48 \\ & 2,621.57 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,566.47 \\ & 3,424,22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,341.81 \\ & 2,978.52 \end{aligned}$ | 2,819.12 | 6,488.48 | 4,8162.60 | 4,092.54 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,986.85 \\ & 1,511.22 \end{aligned}$ | 4,452.92 | ${ }^{3,5503.77}$ | 2,926.84 | 2,508.44 |
| Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of period. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 108,645 | 138,054 | 106,760 | 108,820 | 111,665 | 114,335 | 115,321 | 116,846 | 120,090 | 124,775 | 127,056 | 133,054 | 130,911 | 129,582 | 129,503 | 130,238 |
| New mortgage loans of FSLIC-insured institutions, estimated total ©... ............mil. \$.. <br> By purpose of loan: | 265,513 | '253,408 | 21,933 | 24,569 | 24,597 | 27,727 | 23,609 | 20,509 | 20,587 | 20,327 | '16,875 | '21,525 | ${ }^{\text {r } 13,084 ~}$ | '13,645 | 17,970 |  |
| By Home construction..................................do.... | 28,825 |  |  |  | 2,550 | 2,983 | 2,688 | 2,579 |  | 2,473 | 2,082 | '2,465 | ${ }^{1,546}$ | ${ }^{1} 1,758$ | 2,442 |  |
| Home purchase....................... ..................... | $\begin{array}{r} 195,513 \\ 41,169 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r_{190,748} \\ \mathbf{r a}_{34,243} \end{array}$ | $\underset{\substack{16,526 \\ 3,031}}{ }$ | 19,407 2,940 | 19,473 | 21,336 | 18,089 2,83 | $\underset{\substack{15,437}}{2,49}$ | 14,897 3,104 | 15,014 2,840 | 12,483 2,310 | '14,543 ${ }^{1}$ | r9,372 r 2167 | re, ${ }^{\text {re,472 }}$ | 12,599 29 | $\ldots$ |



[^25]

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS

| LaBOR FORCE AND POPULATION <br> Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noninstitutional population, persons 16 <br> years of age and over .................. ............thous <br> Labor force @ ................................ ................do. | 182,293 | 184,490 121,602 | 188,915 | 184,079 120082 | 184,259 | 184,421 | 184,605 | 184,388 | 184,904 | ${ }_{122,485}^{185,052}$ | ${ }_{122}^{185,225}$ | 185,970 | 185,571 | ${ }_{121,678}^{185}$ | 185,847 121,693 | 185,964 121,996 |
| Resident Armed Forces............... ..............do.... | 1,706 | 1,737 | 1,736 | 1,735 | 1,726 | 1,718 | 1,720 | 1,736 | 1,743 | 1,741 | 1,755 | 1,750 | 1,749 | 1,736 | 1,736 |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population.................do.... | 180,587 | 182,758 | 182,179 | 182,344 | 182,533 | 182,703 | 182,885 | 183,002 | 183,161 | 183,311 | 183,470 | 183,620 | 183,822 | 183,969 | 184,111 | 184,232 |
| Civilian labor force, total ............... ...............do | 117,834 | 119,865 | 118,353 | 118,347 | 119,695 | 121,158 | 122,105 | 121,614 | 119,884 | 120,744 | 120,611 | 120,206 | 119,742 | 119,942 | 119,957 | $\xrightarrow{120,264}$ |
|  | 109,593 | -112,445 | 10,229 | 17,006 | 7,318 | 7,655 | 114,6453 | 114,088 | 113,027 | 118,888 | 113,889 6 | 113,679 | 112,139 | 112,460 | 112,867 | ${ }_{\text {113,36 }}$ |
| Seasonally Adjusted $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| vilian labor force, total............. ............do . |  |  | 119,246 |  | 119,907 | 119,608 | 119,890 | 120,306 | 119,963 | 120,387 | 120,594 | 120,722 | 121,175 | 121,348 | 120,903 | 121,823 |
| Participation rate $\dagger$............. .........percent. | 65.3 | 65.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 111,45.55 \\ & 105 \end{aligned}$ |  | 112.334 |  |  | ${ }^{113.050}$ |  |  |  |  | 114.129 | 66.0 114.409 |  | ${ }^{114.783}$ |
| Employed, Employment-population ratio $\dagger$....percent... | 60.7 | 61.5 | 111,45 | 11, 61.3 | 112,34 | 112.31.5 | 12,61.6 | 1731.818 | 112,81.6 | 12, 61.8 | 113,50.9 | 118,74.9 | 114,12.1 | 114,4092 | 114,103 | 114,713 |
|  |  | 109,232 | 108,218 | 108,566 | $\xrightarrow{109,2695}$ | 109,108 | \% $\begin{array}{r}3,212 \\ 10927 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 109,1433 | 3, ${ }^{3,184}$ | 3,249 | 3,172 | -3,215 | ${ }_{110888}^{3,298}$ | ${ }_{1111}^{8,228}$ | 110,8999 | 3,288 11,485 |
| employed, total.................................do |  |  | 7,791 | 7,557 | 7,573 | 7,308 | 7,251 | 7,256 | 7,091 | 7,177 | 7,090 | 6,978 | 7,046 | 6,98 | 6,801 | 6,610 |
| Long term, 15 weeks and over................................... $\qquad$ | 2,232 | 1,983 | 2,055 | 2,060 | 2,067 | 2,029 | ,920 | 1,896 | 1,904 | 1,801 | 1,834 | 1,791 | ,733 | 1,740 | 1,722 | 1,540 |





| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Businges Statistics: 1986 | Units | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued



I



## FINANCE



| 64,974 | 70,565 | 65,954 | 66,752 | 67,779 | 69,622 | 68,495 | 68,645 | 68,771 | 71,891 | 71,068 | 70,565 | 62,957 | 62,419 | 63,454 | 64,112 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 326,144 | 3 373,586 | 357,138 | 349,763 | 355,445 | 351,253 | 347,421 | 347,917 | 360,173 | 361,124 | 354,012 | ${ }^{2} 373,586$ | 379,192 | 389,156 | 388,492 |  |
| 253,131 | ${ }^{3} 287,274$ | 262,702 | 269,578 | 276,216 | 272,186 | 268,049 | 270,455 | 280,848 | 279,957 | 273,760 | 2887,274 | -296,593 | -302,541 | 302,755 |  |
| 102,753 | ${ }^{3} 115,034$ | 103,594 | 105,583 | 107,353 | 109,010 | 105,285 | 107,898 | 113,988 | 108,064 | 103,234 | ${ }^{2} 115,034$ | '122,838 | 127,032 | 129,698 |  |
| 150,378 | ${ }^{3} 172,240$ | 159,108 | 163,995 | 168,863 | 163,176 | 162,764 | 162,557 | 166,860 | 171,893 | 170,526 | ${ }^{2} 172,240$ | 173,755 | 175;509 | 173,057 |  |
| 73,013 | ${ }^{3} 86,312$ | 74,431 | 80,185 | 79,229 | 79,067 | 79,372 | 77,462 | 79,325 | 81,167 | 80,252 | 286,312 | '82,599 | ${ }^{\text {r } 86,615}$ | 85,737 |  |
| 58,250 | 52,498 | 55,507 |  |  | 54,268 |  |  | 53,638 |  |  | 52,498 |  |  |  |  |
| 39,286 | 34,346 | 37,458 |  |  | 35,990 |  |  | 35,124 |  |  | 34,346 |  |  |  |  |
| 11,563 | 9,927 | 10,423 |  |  | 10,649 |  |  | 10,518 |  |  | 9,927 |  |  |  |  |
| 7,400 | 8,225 | 7,626 |  |  | 7,629 |  |  | 7,995 |  |  | 8,225 |  |  |  |  |
| 267,359 | 275,566 | 254,382 | 273,590 | 255,122 | 265,548 | 257,388 | 252,736 | 262,649 | 270,048 | 266,491 | 275,566 | 265,174 | 260,693 | 265,072 | 283,979 |
| 224,285 | 236,046 | 210,956 | 232,512 | 216,741 | 223,568 | 217,861 | 215,937 | 221,753 | 229,428 | 230,022 | 236,046 | 226,563 | 225,526 | 227,504 | 244,006 |
| 211,565 | 3,815 222,551 | 1,587 <br> 196,409 <br> 1 | 218,464 | 207,304 | 972 212,306 | 208,170 | 566 207,238 | 211,941 | 217,614 | 790 218,960 | 3,815 222,551 | 218,411 | 216.891 | 2,311 217,496 | 203,971 |
| 11,084 | 11,078 | 11,081 | 11,076 | 11,070 | 11,069 | 11,069 | 11,068 | 11,075 | 11,085 | 11,082 | 11,078 | 11,068 | 11,063 | 11,063 | 11,063 |
| 267,359 | 275,566 | 254,382 | 273,590 | 255,122 | 265,548 | 257,388 | 252,736 | 262,649 | 270,048 | 266,491 | 275,566 | 265,174 | 260,693 | 265,072 | 283,979 |
| 56,899 | 48,368 | 46,394 | 65,713 | 45,219 | 50,652 | 45,409 | 41,833 | 49,022 | 52,798 | 46,177 | 48,368 | 46,284 | 42,954 | 42,150 | 58,481 |
| 48,107 | 41,784 | 41,973 | 35,149 | 38,144 | 36,102 | 39,501 | 37,491 | 39,028 | 43,187 | 41,781 | 41,784 | 35,338 | 39,701 | 38,777 | 41,720 |
| 195,360 | 212,890 | 191,170 | 198,547 | 196,714 | 198,255 | 199,115 | 199,424 | 199,680 | 202,712 | 207,873 | 212,890 | 205,871 | 206,300. | 209,719 | 210,842 |
| ${ }^{1} 59,560$ | ${ }^{1} 62,123$ | 57,061 | 59,393 | 58,339 | 58,784 | 58,838 | 58,361 | 59,813 | 61,106 | 61,205 | 62,123 | 62,640 | 60,047 | ${ }^{\mathbf{r} 60,076}$ | 62,063 |
| ${ }^{1} 58,191$ | ${ }^{1} 61,094$ | 56,146 | 58,566 | 57,260 | 57,594 | 58,078 | 57,329 | 59,020 | 59,977 | 60,282 | 61,094 | 61,345 | 58,914 | '59,147 | 61,207 |
| ${ }^{1} 1,369$ | ${ }^{1} 1,029$ | 916 | 827 | 1,079 | 1,190 | 761 | 1,082 | 798 | 1,129 | 923 | 1,029 | 1,295 | 1,133 | 29 | 856 |
| $\begin{array}{r}1827 \\ \hline 580\end{array}$ | 1777 1345 | $\begin{aligned} & 527 \\ & 480 \end{aligned}$ | 993 <br> -46 | 1,035 | 776 673 | $\begin{aligned} & 672 \\ & 372 \end{aligned}$ | 647 664 | 940 84 | 943 375 | 625 424 | $\begin{aligned} & 777 \\ & 345 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,082 \\ 272 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 396 \\ & 812 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,752 \\ \mathbf{r} \\ -704 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,993 \\ -1,991 \end{array}$ |
| 289,536 | 239,163 | 215,387 | 229,261 | 231,830 | 221,666 | 215,132 | 211,519 | 239,687 | 230,492 | 217,654 | 239,163 |  |  |  |  |
| 222,571 | 184,002 | 167,711 | 176,896 | 179,549 | 167,385 | 166,238 | 163,423 | 185,722 | 178,340 | 171,721 | 184,002 |  |  |  |  |
| 6,846 | 5,887 | 5,066 | 5,585 | 5,478 | 5,476 | 5,192 | 5,331 | 6,169 | 5,335 | 5,601 | 5,887 |  |  |  |  |
| 1,801 | 3,139 | 2,013 | 4,378 | 1,288 | 3,030 | 2,768 | 2,476 | 3,098 | 2,077 | 2,190 | 3,139 |  |  |  |  |
| 34,039 | 26,993 | 24,000 | 24,219 | 27,652 | 23,444 | 23,125 | 23,251 | 26,537 | 24,378 | 23,154 | 26,993 |  |  |  |  |
| 60,167 | 62,235 | 59,152 | 60,280 | 59,148 | 58,552 | 59,387 | 60,381 | 60,321 | 60,103 | 60,792 | 62,235 |  |  |  |  |
| 509,177 | 534,985 | 518,410 | 516,142 | 523,212 | 525,456 | 526,119 | 525,330 | 526,449 | 533,817 | 535,800 | 534,985 |  |  |  |  |
| 470,733 | 497,334 | 479,866 | 478,065 | 483,388 | 486,289 | 489,031 | 488,749 | 488,738 | 496,368 | 498,326 | 497,384 |  |  |  |  |
| 798,437 | 807,593 | 782,125 | 794,953 | 794,818 | 794,856 | 788,909 | 792,270 | 807,315 | 813,018 | 803,027 | 807,598 |  |  |  |  |
| 289,324 | 279,476 | 280,043 | 277,688 | 278,868 | 275,596 | 269,468 | 268,805 | 275,165 | 275,129 | 275,581 | 279,476 |  |  |  |  |
| 14,418 | 12,748 | 13,904 | 20,435 | 14,465 | 14,377 | 14,432 | 14,095 | 17,064 | 18,089 | 12,331 | 12,748 |  |  |  |  |
| 28,545 | 24,248 | 24,071 | 25,543 | 25,121 | 25,077 | 23,014 | 22,533 | 23,619 | 23,264 | 23,326 | 24,248 |  |  |  |  |
| 210,292 | 245,753 | 218,439 | 221,069 | 225,630 | 229,891 | 231,801 | 234,203 | 237,229 | 240,582 | 242,971 | 245,753 |  |  |  |  |
| 34,515 | 30,567 | 34,298 | 33,508 | 33,215 | 32,634 | 31,909 | 31,661 | 31,685 | 31,322 | 31,286 | 30,567 |  |  |  |  |
| 221,343 | 214,801 | 211,370 | 216,710 | 217,519 | 217,281 | 218,285 | 220,973 | 222,553 | 224,632 | 217,532 | 214,801 |  |  |  |  |
| 185,989 | 185,807 | 180,250 | 180,056 | 179,940 | 176,797 | 181,246 | 183,108 | 183,885 | 184,290 | 186,537 | 185,807 |  |  |  |  |
| 113,784 | 116,749 | 112,955 | 110,606 | 111,722 | 107,910 | 113,702 | 115,607 | 115,805 | 116,726 | 117,499 | 116,749 |  |  |  |  |
| 93,918 | 105,727 | 95,698 | 96,759 | 98,110 | 95,624 | 99,343 | 101,991 | 101,924 | 102,748 | 103,096 | 105,727 |  |  |  |  |
| 72,205 | 69,058 | 67,295 | 69,450 | 68,218 | 68,887 | 67,544 | 67,501 | 68,080 | 67,564 | 69,038 | 69,058 |  |  |  |  |

[^26]| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986 | Units | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dee. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |


| FINANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BANKING-ContinuedCommercial bank credit, seas, adj.: $\$ 8$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total loans and securities $\widehat{\text { Q }}$......... ........bil. \$ .. | 2,089.9 | 2,230.6 | 2,130.7 | 2,152.0 | 2,166.0 | 2,176.7 | 2,181.3 | 2,199.0 | 2,214.7 | 2,227.6 | 2,232.1 | 2,230.6 | 2,242.0 | '2,257.6 | 2,273.1 |  |
| U.S. Government securities ........ ...........do .... | 309.3 | 333.2 | 315.4 | 318.1 | 321.3 | 321.3 | 322.9 | 328.5 | 331.3 | 331.7 | 381.1 | 333.2 | 334.1 | 334.0 | 338.9 |  |
| Total loans and leases 0 ............... ........................... | 196.1 | 196.0 | 193.1 | 194.4 | 195.5 | 195.9 | 194.3 | 193.7 | 193.7 | 194.2 | 196.2 | 196.0 | 194.0 | 195.7 | 197.4 |  |
| Money and interest rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime rate charged by banks on short-term business loans...............percent.. | 8.33 | 8.22 | 7.50 | 7.75 | 8.14 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.70 | 9.07 | 8.78 | 8.75 | 8.75 | 8.51 | 8.50 | 8.50 |
| Discount rate (New York Federal <br> Reserve Bank) @ @ $\qquad$ do .... | 6.33 | 5.66 | 5.50 | 5.50 | 5.50 | 5.50 | 5.50 | 5.50 | 5.95 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Federal intermediate credit bank loans. $\qquad$ do .. | 9.70 | 8.54 | 8.69 | 8.52 | 8.44 | 8.42 | 8.41 | 8.45 | 8.43 | 8.55 | 8.65 | 8.57 | 8.56 |  |  |  |
| Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mortgages): <br> New home purchase (U.S. avg.)......... percent. <br> Existing home purchase(U.S. avg.)..........do... | 29.74 <br> 29.80 | $\begin{gathered} 0.04 \\ \\ 28.94 \\ 28.94 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8.77 \\ \hline 8.84\end{array}$ | 8.698.98 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.77 \\ & 8.80 \end{aligned}$ | 8.848.79 | 88.9 | 9.059.02 | 9.019.05 | 9.019.05 | 8.91 | 8.868.86 | 8.928.89 | 8.788.86 | 8.758.92 | 8.76 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8.84 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial paper, 6 -month $\ddagger$.... ...............do.... | $\begin{aligned} & 6.39 \\ & 6.39 \end{aligned}$ | 6.75 6.85 | $\begin{gathered} 6.09 \\ 6.010 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.41 \\ & 6.50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.91 \\ & 7.04 \end{aligned}$ | 6.83 7.00 | 6.59 6.72 | 6.64 6.81 | 7.31 7.55 | 7. | 7.07 | 7.48 7.49 | 6.77 6.92 | 6.49 6.58 | 6.64 | 6.79 <br> 6.92 |
| Finance co. paper placed directly, 6-mo. $\qquad$ | 6.31 | 6.37 | 5.88 | 6.14 | 6.47 | 6.50 | 6.35 | 6.34 | 6.90 | 7.17 | 6.69 | 6.64 | 6.53 | 6.27 | 6.23 | 6.92  <br>  6.51 |
| Yield on U.S. Gov. securities (taxable): <br> 3-month bills (rate on new issue)...percent.. | 5.960 | 5.820 | 5.560 | 5.760 | 5.750 | 5.690 | 5.780 | 6.000 | 6.320 | 6.400 | 5.810 | 5.800 | 5.900 | 5.690 | 5.690 | 5.920 |
| CONSUMER INSTALLMENT CREDIT $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total outstanding (end of period) \#...........mil. \$.. By major holder: | 581,336 | 623,628 | 568,352 | 574,383 | 577,584 | 585,167 | 592,527 | 599,711 | 607,777 | 610,751 | 612,341 | 623,628 | 621,579 | '618,926 | 620,902 | .............. |
| By major holder: ${ }^{\text {Commercial banks ..................... ..........do. }}$ | 265,926 | 285,856 | 261,019 | 264,140 | 265,551 | 268,610 | 271,899 | 274,086 | 278,679 | 279,668 | 279,606 | 285,856 | 286,159 | '286,024 | 288,430 |  |
| Finance companies ..................... ..........do .... | 134,660 | 141,118 | 131,108 | 132,295 | 132,644 | 134,740 | 136,863 | 139,049 | 141,558 | 142,339 | 141,523 | 141,118 | 140,811 | 140,321 | 140,935 |  |
| Credit unions ............................ ..........do . | 77,075 | 82,044 | 75,829 | 76,283 | 76,635 | 77,881 | 79,006 | 80,208 | 81,079 | 81,450 | 81,692 | 82,044 | 81,669 | ${ }^{7} 81,094$ | 81,216 |  |
| Retailers.................................. ..........do .... | 43,490 | 46,907 | 39,665 | 39,830 | 40,233 | 40,276 | 40,192 | 40,683 | 40,678 | 41,182 | 42,438 | 46,907 | 44,725 | 43,078 | 42,673 |  |
| Savings institutions .................... ..........do .... | 56,914 | 64,099 | 57,546 | 58,550 | 59,122 | 60,137 | 60,834 | 61,854 | 61,940 | 62,349 | 63,495 | 64,099 | 64,456 | -64,873 | 64,202 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total outstanding (end of period) \#..............do... |  |  | 575,452 | 580,072 | 581,233 | 587,878 | 593,512 | 598,190 | 602,978 | 606,927 | 608,726 | 613,021 | 619,258 | *624,293 | 628,754 | .............. |
| By major holder: Commercial banks |  |  | 263,269 | 265,611 |  | 269,711 | 272,287 |  |  | 278,855 | 279,550 |  | 284,753 | r287,344 | 290,899 |  |
| Finance companies ......................... .................do |  |  | 133,912 | 134,826 | 134,375 | 135,595 | 136,414 | 137,663 | 138,395 | 139,236 | 138,928 | 140,072 | 141,695 | 142,946 | 144,053 |  |
| Credit unions ............................ ..........do |  |  | 76,692 | 77,076 | 77,188 | 78,271 | 79,123 | 79,816 | 80,351 | 80,672 | 80,922 | 81,064 | 81,662 | r81,897 | 82,161 |  |
| Retailers................................... ..........do |  |  | 40,224 | 40,524 | 40,724 | 40,896 | 41,144 | 41,381 | 41,632 | 42,012 | 42,291 | 42,782 | 42,926 | 43,080 | 43,271 |  |
| Savings institutions .................... ..........do .... |  |  | 57,974 | 58,552 | 58,214 | 59,836 | 60,944 | 61,798 | 62,099 | 62,458 | 63,411 | 63,949 | 64,633 | r65,396 | 64,713 |  |
| By major credit type: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automobile .................................. ...........do |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 249,498 \\ & 137,761 \end{aligned}$ | 251,211 | $\begin{aligned} & 251,741 \\ & 141,876 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 254,212 \\ & 144,777 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 256,585 \\ & 147,809 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 259,558 \\ & 149,815 \end{aligned}$ | 261,902 | 263,823155,196 | 264,474156,425 | $\begin{aligned} & 267,180 \\ & 159,307 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 269,883 \\ & 162,065 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 276,345 \\ & 165,683 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Revolving ................................... ...........do |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 140,339 \\ 26,825 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mobile home............................. |  |  | 26,811 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 141,639 \\ 26,639 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 144,717 \\ \mathbf{2 6 , 8 1 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,8,8,9 \\ 26,966 \end{array}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 8 7 9}$ | 26,845 | 26,698 | 26,604 | 25,957 | 25,926 | ${ }^{\text {r25,857 }}$ | 25,681 |  |
| Total net change (during period) \# . ...........do |  |  | 1,840 | 4,620 | 1,161 | 6,645 | 5,634 | 4,678 | 4,788 | 3,949 | 1,799 | 4,295 | 6,236 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 035 | 4,461 |  |
| By major holder: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial banks ...................... ...........do .... |  |  | 672 | 2,342 | 1,571 | 2,529 | 2,576 | 1,592 | 2,926 | 2,050 | 695 | 2,014 | 3,188 | r2,591 | 3,555 |  |
| Frinance companies ...................... ...........do.... |  |  | 365 142 | ${ }_{984}^{914}$ | -451 | 1,220 | 819 | 1,249 | 732 | 841 | -308 | 1,144 | 1,623 | 1,251 | 1,107 | - |
|  |  | . | 142 | 384 300 | 112 200 | 1,083 172 | 852 248 | 693 237 88 | 535 <br> 251 | 321 380 | 250 279 | $\begin{array}{r}142 \\ 491 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 598 144 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r235 } \\ 154 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ | 191 |  |
| Savings institutions...................................do...... |  |  | 414 | 578 | -338 | 1,622 | 1,108 | 854 | 301 | 359 | 953 | 538 | 684 | 7763 | -683 |  |
| By major credit type: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automobile ................................ ..........do |  |  | 1,180 | 1,713 | 530 | 2,471 | 2,373 | 2,973 | 2,344 | 1,921 | 651 | 2,706 | 2,704 | r3,250 | 3,212 |  |
| Mevolving .......................................................... |  |  | 523 | 2,578 | 1,537 | 2,901 | 3,032 | 2,006 | 2,738 | 2,643 | 1,229 | 2,882 | 2,758 | '1,396 | 2,221 |  |
| Mobile home............................. ...........do .... |  |  | -122 | 14 | -186 | 171 | 156 | -87 | -34 | -147 | $-94$ | -647 | -32 | -69 | -176 |  |
| FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Budget receipts and outlays: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts (net) .............................. ........mil. \$ .. | 1769,091 1990231 | ${ }_{1}{ }_{1} 8 \mathbf{8 5 4 , 1 4 3}$ | 56,515 | 122,897 83988 | 47,691 | 82,945 83,429 | 64,223 | 60,213 81890 | 92,410 | 62,354 93 | 56,987 | 85,525 109771 | 81,791 65786 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 60,355 } \\ \hline 84,260\end{array}$ | r65,730 r94,877 | 109,323 95,433 |
| Budget surplus or deficit (-) $\S \S . .$. .................... | $-221,140{ }^{\text {a }}$ | -148,924 | -27,932 | 38,909 | -35,573 | 88,484 -484 | -22,208 | -21,677 | -15,323 | -30,701 | -26,924 | -24,246 | 16,005 | -23,905 | -29,147 | 13,890 |
| Budget financing, total 88................ ...........do .... | ${ }^{1} 221,140$ | ${ }^{1} 148,924$ | 27,932 | -38,909 | 35,573 | 484 | 22,208 | 21,677 | $-15,323$ | 30,701 | 26,924 | 24,246 | $-16,005$ | r23,905 | 29,147 | $-13,890$ |
| Borrowing from the public $\$ \$ . . . . . .$. ...........do .... | ${ }^{1} 23818187$ | ${ }^{1} 150,989$ | 7,804 | 8,823 | 12,834 | 9,719 | -3,163 | 33,010 | -8,113 | 27,242 | 24,756 | 10,136 | 5,361 | 20,158 | 17,160 | -834 |
| Reduction in cash balances............ ...........do ... | ${ }^{1}-15,047$ | ${ }^{1}-2,065$ | 20,128 | -47,732 | 22,739 | -9,235 | 25,371 | -11,333 | -7,210 | 3,459 | 2,168 | 14,110 | -21,366 | '3,747 | 11,987 | -13,556 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {t }} 2,129,964$ | 2,355,206 | 2,252,441 | 2,273,417 | 2,292,619 | 2,314,460 | 2,312,089 | 2,349,272 | 2,355,206 | 2,389,573 | 2,415,486 | 2,437,637 | 2,454,096 | 2,477,438 | 2,493,195 | 2,508,342 |
| Held by the public 8 § ................... ...........do .... | ${ }^{1} 1,746,044$ | 1,897,034 | 1,843,923 | 1,852,746 | 1,865,579 | 1,875,297 | 1,872,137 | 1,905,147 | 1,897,084 | 1,924,277 | 1,949,034 | 1,959,170 | 1,964,452 | 1,984,612 | 2,001,771 | 2,001,437 |
| Budget receipts by source and outlays by agency: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts (net), total....................... .......mil. \$.. | ${ }^{\text {'769,091 }}$ | 1854,143 | 56,515 | 122,897 | 47,691 | 82,945 | 64,223 | 60,213 | 92,410 | 62,354 | 56,987 | 85,525 | 81,791 | 60,355 | ${ }^{\text {r } 65,730}$ | 109,323 |
| Individual income taxes (net)..... ...........do .... | ${ }^{1} 3488,959$ | ${ }^{1} 392,557$ | 14,240 | 71,850 | 9,275 | 40,521 | 31,889 | 26,884 | 39,797 | 32,429 | 25,039 | 36,537 | 43,987 | 25,651 | ${ }^{\text {r } 20,637 ~}$ | 53,334 |
| Corporation income taxes (net).. ..........do.... | ${ }^{\prime} 63,143$ | ${ }^{183,926}$ | 13,114 | 11,189 | 1,844 | 10,973 | 2,358 | 1,566 | 20,506 | 1,855 | 1,667 | 17,748 | 8,630 | ${ }^{975}$ | 12,706 | 12,026 |
| Social insurance taxes and contributions (net) ...................................... ........mil. \$. | ${ }^{2} 283,901$ | ${ }^{1303,318}$ | 23,689 | 33,646 | 30,218 | 24,712 | 23,346 | 25,712 | 25,403 | 22,177 | 23,756 | 23,361 | 28,162 | 28,500 | 25,676 |  |
| Other ........................................ .....-.....do ... | ${ }^{1} 73,087$ | ${ }^{1} 74,342$ | 5,472 | 6,213 | 6,354 | 6,740 | 6,630 | 6,051 | 6,705 | 5,891 | 6,525 | 7,880 | 6,012 | 5,230 | 6,711 | 6,606 |
| Outlays (net), total $\mathrm{s}^{\text {§ }}$.................... ..........ddo .... | ${ }^{1} 990,231$ | ${ }^{1} 1,003,067$ | 84,447 | 83,988 | 83,264 | 83,429 | 86,431 | 81,890 | 77,087 | 93,055 | 83,911 | 109,771 | 65,786 | -84,260 | r94,877 | 95,433 |
| Agriculture Department............ ...........do .... | 158,666 | 149,593 | 4,629 | 4,754 | 2,935 | 1,818 | 4,193 | 3,325 | 733 | 7,645 | 5,194 | 3,806 | 4,428 | 643 | 4,358 | 4,449 |
| Defense Department, military.... ...........do .... | ${ }^{1} 265,686$ | ${ }^{1} 274,007$ | 24,073 | 23,758 | 22,836 | 24,012 | 23,477 | 23,707 | 21,470 | 25,274 | 20,660 | 28,356 | 19,227 | 23,066 | 25,756 | 26,103 |
| Health and Human Services Department $\qquad$ mil. \$.. | ${ }^{1333,935}$ | ${ }^{1351,315}$ | 28,134 | 29,804 | 29,563 | 32,344 | 30,552 | 27,748 | 28,792 | 30,587 | 28,531 | 47,607 | 12,441 | 30,790 | 32,479 | 32,044 |
| Treasury Department................ ..........do .... | ${ }^{1} 179,189$ | ${ }^{1} 180,345$ | 11,917 | 12,047 | 14,198 | 26,202 | 12,323 | 13,866 | 11,143 | 11,796 | 15,912 | 29,084 | 13,902 | 15,184 | r13,900 | 14,704 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 17,408 \\ \\ \\ \hline \end{array} 6,536$ | $\begin{array}{r}18,315 \\ \mathbf{1 7 , 5 9 1} \\ \hline \mathbf{2 6 , 9 5 2}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 583 } \\ \hline 1,149\end{array}$ | 525 2,382 | 661 $\mathbf{2 , 0 4 9}$ | 699 2,457 | 671 3,380 | 645 $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 3}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2,178 } \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 936 3,639 | 772 898 | 848 3,771 | 622 1,210 | 606 2,158 | 804 2,555 | 816 $\mathbf{3 , 7 4 8}$ |
| GOLD AND SILVER: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period) © ©......................................... $\$$. | 11,064 | 11,078 | 11,081 | 11,076 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,063 |  |  |
| Price at New York $\ddagger$ | 367.867 | 446.504 | 408.914 | 438.721 | 461.230 | 449.591 | 450.809 | 460.883 | 460.198 | 465.355 | 466.468 | 486.305 | 476.580 | 441.903 | 443.607 | 451.83 |
| Silver: <br>  | 5.470 | 7.009 | 5.682 | 7.428 | 8.439 | 7.411 | 7.678 | 7.847 | 7.590 | 7.562 | 6.662 | 6.790 | 6.732 | 6.325 | 6.418 | 6.478 |



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Buginesg Stathatice: 1986 | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |
| FINANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yields: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's)......... .....percent.. By rating: | 9.71 | 9.91 | 8.99 | 9.35 | 9.82 | 9.87 | 9.92 | 10.14 | 10.64 | 10.97 | 10.54 | 10.59 | 10.97 | 9.89 | 9.86 | 10.15 |
| Aaa...................................... ..........do .... | 9.02 | 9.38 | 8.36 | 8.85 | 9.33 | 9.32 | 9.42 | 9.67 | 10.18 | 10.52 | 10.01 | 10.11 | 9.88 | 9.40 | 9.39 | 9.67 |
| Aa.............................................................................. | 9.47 | 9.68 | 8.84 | 9.15 | 9.59 | 9.65 | 9.64 | 9.86 | 10.35 | 10.74 | 10.27 | 10.33 | 10.09 | 9.60 | 9.59 | 9.86 |
| A.......................................... ..........do .... | 9.95 | 9.99 | 9.13 | 9.36 | 9.83 | 9.98 | 10.00 | 10.20 | 10.72 | 10.98 | 10.63 | 10.62 | 10.43 | 9.94 | 9.89 | 10.17 |
| Baa ....................................... ..........do .... | 10.39 | 10.58 | 9.61 | 10.04 | 10.51 | 10.52 | 10.61 | 10.80 | 11.31 | 11.62 | 11.29 | 11.29 | 11.07 | 10.62 | 10.57 | 10.90 |
| By group: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do .... Public utilities do | 9.96 9.46 | 9.83 98 | 9.28 8.75 | 9.40 9.30 | 9.81 | 9.87 9.87 | 9.82 10.01 | 9.94 10.33 | 10.28 11.00 | 10.60 11.32 | 10.25 10.82 | 10.18 10.99 | $\begin{array}{r}9.98 \\ 10.75 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9.67 10.11 | 9.61 10.11 | 9.76 10.53 |
| Public utilities ......................... ............do | 9.465 9.85 | 9.98 9.68 | 8.75 9.13 | 9.30 9.30 | 9.82 9.58 | 9.87 9.56 | 10.01 9.52 | 10.33 9.69 | 11.00 9.96 | 11.32 10.07 | 10.82 10.30 | 10.99 10.08 | 10.75 10.04 | 10.11 9.85 | 10.11 9.91 | 10.53 10.08 |
| Domestic municipal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond Buyer ( 20 bonds) ............... | 7.23 | 7.69 | 6.98 | 7.85 | 8.08 | 7.81 | 7.73 | 8.05 | 8.53 | 8.43 | 7.90 | 7.86 | 7.51 | 7.47 | 7.90 | 7.77 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corp. (15 bonds). $\qquad$ do | 7.88 | 7.73 | 6.71 | 7.62 | 8.10 | 7.89 | 7.83 | 7.90 | 8.36 | 8.84 | 8.09 | 8.07 | 7.58 | 7.55 | 7.80 | 7.91 |
| U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable $\ddagger$...... ..........do | 8.14 | 8.64 | 7.62 | 8.31 | 8.79 | 8.63 | 8.70 | 8.97 | 9.58 | 9.61 | 8.99 | 9.12 | 8.82 | 8.41 | 8.61 | 8.91 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices: <br> Dow Jones averages ( 65 stocks) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 702.50 | 849.46 | 865.48 | ${ }_{2}^{857.52}$ | 858.02 | 895.59 | 924.48 | 974.11 | ${ }_{2}^{936.34}$ | ${ }_{2}^{821.81}$ | 716.13 | 703.60 | 722.21 1947 | 739.63 1980.65 | ${ }_{2} \mathbf{7 6 6 4 . 5 5}$ | 759.10 2.036 .13 |
| Industrial (30 stocks)...................... | $\begin{array}{r}1,792.76 \\ 195.24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,275.99 | 2,292.61 | $2,302.64$ 204.62 | 2,291.11 | 2,384.02 | 2,481.72 | 2,655.01 | $2,570.80$ 198.23 | 2,224.59 | 1,931.86 | 1,910.07 | 1,947.35 | 1,980.65 | 2,044.31 | $2,036.13$ 171.40 |
| Transportation (20 stocks)... | 785.41 | 929.19 | 942.48 | 931.24 | 952.58 | 1,014.02 | 1,044.15 | 1,081.73 | 1,027.73 | 895.24 | 744.53 | 728.84 | 755.97 | 790.14 | 861.33 | 858.73 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corporation: § |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index ( 500 Stocks)......1941-43=10.. | 236.34 | 286.83 | 292.47 | 289.32 | 289.12 | 301.38 | 310.09 | 329.36 | 318.66 | 280.16 | 245.01 | 240.96 | 250.48 | 258.13 | 265.74 | 262.61 |
| Industrial, total (400 Stocks) \#...........do... | 262.16 | 330.90 | 334.65 | 335.43 | 336.10 | 349.58 | 362.36 | 384.94 | 372.49 | 323.13 | 280.11 | 277.68 | 288.36 | 296.46 | 308.04 | 305.78 |
| Capital goods...................... ..........do | 227.14 | 288.23 | 288.16 | 291.95 | 299.77 | 304.87 | 315.79 | 336.67 | 327.04 | 280.84 | 240.41 | 245.87 | 246.47 | 249.68 | 258.47 | 255.19 |
| Consumer goods................... ..........do | 260.72 | 323.77 | 338.68 | 326.16 | 322.75 | 343.21 | 353.73 | 378.96 | 365.08 | 309.49 | 273.59 | 272.17 | 279.64 | 292.04 | 305.52 | 301.69 |
| Utilities (40 Stocks)................ ..........do | 107.65 | 112.70 | 117.65 | 109.97 | 108.06 | 112.63 | 110.93 | 117.70 | 114.98 | 111.73 | 106.49 | 102.36 | 106.13 | 110.67 | 107.24 | 104.12 |
| Transportation (20 Stocks) ...... 1982 $=100 \ldots$ | 200.19 | 228.91 | 227.30 | 222.25 | 231.31 | 247.20 | 256.09 | 268.34 | 257.77 | 226.47 | 188.23 | 185.50 | 192.20 | 199.03 | 212.88 | 209.54 |
| Railroads...........................1941-43=10 .. | 141.73 | 166.90 | 163.02 | 160.27 | 169.22 | 174.05 | 186.70 | 195.96 | 191.61 | 165.87 | 143.44 | 146.46 | 150.08 | 153.52 | 162.44 | 160.17 |
| Financial ( 40 Stocks) .............. ...1970 $=10$. | 28.36 | 28.15 | 31.00 | 28.42 | 27.80 | 29.55 | 29.44 | 31.45 | 30.02 | 26.67 | 22.89 | 21.12 | 22.41 | 23.27 | 23.30 | 22.38 |
| Money center banks............1941-43 = 10.. | 115.71 | 112.08 | 117.56 | 111.12 | 114.97 | 125.53 | 122.72 | 128.94 | 118.70 | 102.06 | 84.15 | 76.47 | 78.23 | 83.39 | 84.76 | 82.50 |
| Major regional banks .......... ...........do .... | 114.41 | 109.54 | 118.22 | 110.72 | 110.32 | 117.56 | 116.27 | 123.11 | 116.76 | 99.93 | 87.00 | 83.17 | 89.63 | 94.09 | 95.74 | 96.44 |
| Property-Casualty Insurance............do .... | 312.67 | 311.50 | 343.87 | 301.46 | 295.91 | 310.87 | 310.69 | 328.90 | 323.85 | 309.35 | 290.15 | 270.19 | 278.01 | 283.37 | 276.38 | 258.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N.Y. Stock Exchange common stock indexes: | 136.00 | 161.70 | 166.43 | 163.88 | 163.00 | 169.58 | 174.28 | 184.18 | 178.39 | 157.13 | 137.21 | 134.88 | 140.55 | 145.13 | 149.88 | 148.46 |
| Industrial............................. ..........do | 155.84 | 195.31 | 198.95 | 199.03 | 198.78 | 206.61 | 214.12 | 226.49 | 219.52 | 189.86 <br> 140 | 163.42 | 162.19 | 168.47 | 173.44 | 181.57 | 180.88 |
| Transportation ........................................................................... | 119.87 | 140.39 74.30 | 138.55 77.15 | $\begin{array}{r}137.91 \\ 72.74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}141.30 \\ 71.64 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 150.39 74.25 | 157.48 74.18 | 164.02 78.20 | ${ }^{158.13}$ | 143.27 | 69.86 | 67.89 | 70.01 | 72.89 | 71.16 | 189.39 |
| Finance.................................. ..........do ... | 147.20 | 146.48 | 162.41 | 150.52 | 145.97 | 152.73 | 152.25 | 160.94 | 154.08 | 137.35 | 118.30 | 111.47 | 119.40 | 124.36 | 125.27 | 121.67 |
| NASDAQ over-the-counter price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite.............................. $2 / 5 / 71=100 .$. | 366.96 | 402.74 | 432.20 | 422.77 | 416.63 | 423.70 | 429.01 | 448.39 | 442.80 | 385.05 | 318.75 | 314.54 | 339.28 | 353.58 | 375.54 | 377.24 |
| Industrial .......................................................... | 367.27 | 422.72 | 453.66 | 449.35 | 447.28 | 450.95 | 456.03 | 477.19 | 473.10 | 401.95 | 319.74 | 318.90 | 344.41 | 354.62 | 386.34 | 387.54 |
| Insurance ................................ ...........do ...- | 430.57 | 425.25 | 460.48 | 429.80 | 414.05 | 507.73 | 436.74 | 461.37 | 450.84 | 413.18 | 363.26 | 345.95 | 375.55 | 400.05 | 404.17 | 400.42 |
| Bank............................................do ........ | 410.17 | 464.95 | 516.69 | 493.22 | 474.51 | 477.16 | 473.60 | 496.62 | 494.26 | 439.88 | 384.31 | 378.87 | 410.93 | 435.03 | 446.07 | 447.76 |
|  | 156.10 | 172.49 | 185.03 | 180.64 | 177.97 | 181.14 | 183.47 | 192.17 | 189.82 | 165.09 | 136.92 | 135.51 | 146.36 | 152.69 | 162.34 | 163.05 |
| Industrial ............................... ...........do .... | 188.08 | 161.06 | 173.09 | 171.20 | 170.53 | 171.96 | 174.08 | 182.74 | 181.31 | 154.08 | 122.80 | 123.08 | 132.97 | 135.97 | 149.52 | 149.52 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yields (Standard \& Poor's Corp). Composite ( 500 stocks) ............... .....percent.. | 3.48 | 3.08 | 2.93 | 2.99 | 3.02 | 2.92 | 2.83 | 2.69 | 2.78 | 3.25 | 3.66 | 3.71 | 3.66 | 3.56 | 3.48 |  |
| Industrials (400 stocks) ................ ............do .... | 3.09 | 2.62 | 2.51 | 2.52 | 2.54 | 2.46 | 2.36 | 2.26 | 2.33 | 2.78 | 3.15 | 3.18 | 3.14 | 3.07 | 2.96 | ............... |
| Industrials (400 stocks) ............... ....................... | 6.54 | 6.52 | 6.00 | 6.68 | 6.89 | 6.64 | 6.69 | 6.30 | 6.42 | 6.60 | 6.95 | 7.19 | 7.04 | 6.73 | 6.99 |  |
| Transportation (20 stocks)........................................... Financial ( 40 stocks)................... ...........do .... | 2.43 | 2.20 | 2.16 | ${ }_{3}^{2.23}$ | 2.15 | 2.08 3.39 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.97 | 2.97 3 | 2.62 | 2.63 489 | 2.57 4.66 | 2.44 4.49 | 2.34 4.51 |  |
| Preferred stocks, 10 high-grade ..... ...........do .... | 8.76 | 8.37 | 7.52 | 7.94 | 8.41 | 8.31 | 8.25 | 8.32 | 8.64 | 8.99 | 9.11 | 9.08 | 9.04 | 9.02 | 9.07 | 9.19 |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): <br> Market value........................... .......mil. \$.. | 1,705,124 | 2,284,166 | 193,961 | 210,257 | 186,900 | 171,072 | 189,896 | 210,518 | 197,013 | 267,786 |  | 142,612 | '128,230 | 140,033 | 165,557 |  |
| Shares sold ............................. ...millions.. <br> On New York Stock Exchange: | 48,338 | 63,771 | 5,341 | 5,343 | 4,797 | 4,622 | 5,333 | 5,543 | 4,894 | 7,489 | 5,306 | 5,263 | 4,323 | 4,641 | 5,675 |  |
|  | 1,448,235 | 1,983,311 | 165,971 | 182,930 | 162,847 | 147,990 | 162,926 | 180,977 | 171,341 | 238,749 | 136,468 | 124,179 | 112,389 | 123,996 | 144,622 |  |
| Shares sold (cleared or settled) $\qquad$ millions.. | 1,448,205 | $1,883,311$ 53,088 | 165,071 4,378 | 182,500 4,426 | 162,847 3,991 | 147,300 3,834 | 162,32 4,38 | 180,5 4,584 | 17,341 4,067 | 238,749 6,408 | 136,468 4,573 | 124,178 4,374 | 12,388 3,643 | 123,09 3,981 | 14,02 4,791 |  |
| New York ${ }^{\text {tle }}$ Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  | 3,83 | 4,38 | 4,58 | 4,067 | 6,408 | 4,576 | 4,374 |  |  |  |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: <br> Exclusive of odd-lot stock sales <br> (sales effected). $\qquad$ | 35,680 | 47,801 | 3,966 | 3,980 | 3,418 | 3,594 | 3,968 | 4,063 | 3,724 | 6,095 | 3,590 | 3,927 | 3,495 | 3,694 | 4,052 | 3,261 |
| NASDAQ over-the-counter: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value ................................................................................Shares sold | 378,216 | 498,301 | 50,983 | 44,773 | 38,501 | 42,752 | 39,750 | 44,959 | 40,424 | 52,213 | 25,550 | 26,946 | 27,577 | 27,609 | 38,729 | 28,887 |
|  | 28,737 | 37,890 | 3,306 | 3,081 | 2,795 | 3,285 | 3,392 | 3,149 | 3,115 | 4,090 | 2,520 | 2,973 | 2,465 | 2,502 | 3,158 | 2,381 |
| Shares listed, NYSE, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\cdots$ Market value, all listed shares ...... .........bil. \$ .. | 2,199.26 | 2,216.31 | 2,628.71 | 2,581.26 | 2,603.29 | 2,718.55 | 2,845.01 | 2,945.88 | 2,885.08 | 2,258.54 | 2,079.20 | 2,216.31 | 2,321.33 | 2,411.62 | 2,346.23 | 2,369.71 |
| Number of shares listed ................ ...millions.. | 59,620 | 71,802 | 61,860 | 62,518 | 65,155 | 66,810 | 68,246 | 68,660 | 70,444 | 71,165 | 71,540 | 71,802 | 72,952 | 73,025 | 73,517 | 73,911 |






\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and Business Statisics: 1986} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{1987} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1988} \\
\hline \& 1986 \& 1987 \& Mar. \& Apr. \& May \& June \& July \& Aug. \& Sept \& Oct. \& Nov. \& Dec. \& Jan. \& Feb. \& Mar. \& Apr. \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{PLASTICS and resin materials} \\
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Polyethylene and copolymers.......... .-.........do ... \& \({ }_{1}^{15,983.0}\) \& \({ }^{177,675.8}\) \& 4,286.7 \& \& \& 4,234.9 \& \& 俉 \& 4,723.3 \& \& \& 4,515.2 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Polypropylene ............................. .-.........do.... \& \(1,18,256.5\)
17
17
17 \& 6,633.5 \& 1,557.9. \& \& \& 1,578.4. \& \& \& 1,743.2 \& \& \& 1,754.1 \& \& \& \& ............ \\
\hline Poly \({ }^{\text {Prinyl }}\) chloride and copolymers...............do .... \& \({ }^{1} 7,2838.6\) \& 7,986.0 \& 1,909.1. \& \& \& 1,990.9. \& \& \(\cdots\) \& 1,990.6 \& \& \(\cdots\) \& 2,095.4 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Paints, varnish, and lacquer \(\diamond\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total shipments .......................... .-....mil. \$.. \& 9,493.8 \& 10,159.4 \& \({ }^{857.5}\) \& \({ }_{9}^{911.3}\) \& 924.2 \& 940.9 \& 914.1 \& 898.5 \& 887.7 \& 994.5 \& 759.5 \& 688.7 \& 759.7 \& \({ }^{\text {r } 831.0}\) \& 966.5 \& \\
\hline  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
\(4,0168.8\) \\
\hline 8.578 .1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
4,205.1 \\
\hline \(3,959.9\)
\end{tabular} \& 359.0
366.6 \& \begin{tabular}{|c|}
394.6 \\
399.4 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
404.5 \\
\hline 37.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& - 329.3 \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
412.4 \\
\\
\hline 19.8
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
395.9 \\
395 \\
\hline 192
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
375.8 \\
33.6 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
342.8 \\
378.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
285.8 \\
325.0 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& 243.7
306.1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
273.1 \\
342.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& r304.0

366.1 \& | 382.0 |
| :--- |
| 397.4 | \& <br>

\hline Special purpose coatings .............. ..........do..... \& 1,898.8 \& 2,002.4 \& 161.9 \& 177.3 \& 182.1 \& 179.2 \& 191.9 \& 182.9 \& 178.3 \& 183.9 \& 148.7 \& 138.9 \& 144.5 \& ${ }_{\text {r160.9 }}$ \& 187.0 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| ELECTBIC POWER |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Production: |  |
| Electric utilities, total......................mil. kw.hr... <br> By fuels $\qquad$ <br> By waterpower .do. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Railways and railroads $\qquad$$\qquad$$\qquad$ do .... Residential or domestic do .... |  |
| Street and highway lighting................................ Other public authorities........................... <br>  |  |
| Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) ®.......... ........mil. \$.. |  |
| GAS $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Total utility gas, quarterly(American Gas Association): Customers, end of period, total © $\qquad$ thous. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Sales to customers, total ................ ...tril. Btu.. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Revenue from sales to customers, total. $\qquad$ mil. $\$$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |




FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO

## 





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Bubiness Stattitics: 1986} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{1987} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1988} \\
\hline \& 1986 \& 1987 \& Mar. \& Apr. \& May \& June \& July \& Aug. \& Sept. \& Oct. \& Nov. \& Dec. \& Jan. \& Feb. \& Mar. \& Apr. \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Cont.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Cont. Sugar:} \\
\hline Exports, raw and refined................ .......sh. tons .. \& 454,394 \& 617,947 \& 62,915 \& 85,425 \& 87,312 \& 34,371 \& 52,906 \& 27,609 \& 26,994 \& 33,431 \& 32,577 \& 40,787 \& 11,435 \& 25,483 \& 14,325 \& \\
\hline Imports, raw and refined..............thous. sh. tons .. \& 1,913 \& 1,275 \& 140 \& 146 \& 116 \& 74 \& 167 \& 65 \& 139 \& 87 \& 128 \& 51 \& 78 \& 104 \& 78 \& \\
\hline Producer Price Indexes: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Raw (cane) ................................. ...1982=100 .. \& 104.9 \& 110.3 \& 109.9 \& 110.3 \& 110.7 \& 111.0 \& 111.6 \& 111.2 \& 110.9 \& 110.6 \& 110.1 \& r109.7 \& - 109.7 \& 111.4 \& 111.4 \& 111.9 \\
\hline Refined ...................................... ..............do .... \& 103.3 \& \({ }^{1} 106.4\) \& 105.1 \& 106.5 \& 106.3 \& 106.8 \& 107.2 \& 107.1 \& 107.4 \& 107.1 \& 107.1 \& '106.5 \& \({ }^{1} 106.5\) \& 106.7 \& 106.7 \& 107.4 \\
\hline Tea, imports..................................... ......thous. lb.. \& 197,963 \& 170,616 \& 19,830 \& 14,634 \& 16,835 \& 12,421 \& 12,838 \& 13,538 \& 11,207 \& 15,569 \& 12,562 \& 11,480 \& 14,377 \& 15,800 \& 17,770 \& ........ \\
\hline TOBACCO \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Leaf: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production (crop estimate)............. ...........mil. Ib.. Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of period \(\qquad\) do .... \& 1,164
4,979 \& ri
1,196
4,471 \& 4,775 \& \& \& 4,435 \& \& \& 4,454 \& \& \& 4,471 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports, incl. scrap and stems ....... .......thous. li.. \& 466,630 \& 425,886 \& 43,120 \& 41,399 \& 32,270 \& 20,732 \& 19,408 \& 15,658 \& 21,640 \& 28,096 \& 58,734 \& 64,842 \& 72,022 \& 37,692 \& 48,364 \& . \\
\hline Imports, incl. scrap and stems ....... ..............do .... \& 457,658 \& 489,861 \& 45,474 \& 24,782 \& 50,250 \& 38,027 \& 53,679 \& 47,834 \& 30,372 \& 40,936 \& 43,352 \& 33,185 \& 38,869 \& 28,984 \& 40,392 \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Manufactured products:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Consumption (withdrawals):} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Cigarettes (small):} \\
\hline Taxable............................................................................... \& \[
\begin{gathered}
48,020 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] \& 576,998 \& 52,980 \& 42,212 \& 50,996 \& 61,753 \& 37,894 \& 49,814 \& 50,955 \& 48,564 \& 52,556 \& 48,508 \& 32,441 \& \& \& \\
\hline Cigars (large), taxable ................. ..............do .... \& 2,909 \& '2,649 \& 226 \& 204 \& 225 \& 281 \& 181 \& 211 \& 245 \& 241 \& 203 \& \({ }^{2} 209\) \& 145 \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports, cigarettes ........................ ..............do .... \& 63,945 \& 100,246 \& 7,466 \& 7,169 \& 8,786 \& 9,026 \& 8,965 \& 9,835 \& 9,695 \& 9,639 \& 8,996 \& 8,985 \& 7,583 \& 9,500 \& 9,478 \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{LEATHER AND PRODUCTS} \\
\hline LEATHER \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Exports: \\
Opper and lining leather. \(\qquad\) thous. sq. ft..
\end{tabular} \& 160,888 \& 194,152 \& 19,865 \& 18,874 \& 18,818 \& 19,585 \& 15,455 \& 15,015 \& 14,806 \& 13,557 \& 15,708 \& 14,677 \& 16,033 \& 18,431 \& 18,430 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Producer Price Index, leather............... 1982=100 .. \\
LEATHER MANUFACTURES
\end{tabular} \& 122.9 \& 140.9 \& 131.9 \& 187.5 \& 140.5 \& 143.1 \& 142.8 \& 141.0 \& 145.6 \& 148.6 \& 149.6 \& '153.0 \& \({ }^{156.0}\) \& 159.0 \& 177.6 \& 174.8 \\
\hline Footwear: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production, total. \(\qquad\) thous. pairs .. Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic. \(\qquad\) thous. pairs. \& 241,388 \& 220,508 \& 19,376
15,674 \& 18,959
15,456 \& 18,385 \& 20,025
14,929 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 15,622 \\
\& 12,240
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
19,852 \\
\text { ( }^{9} \text { ) }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
20,159 \\
\left.{ }^{(3}\right)
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
19,947 \\
\text { (3) }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
17,641 \\
\text { (}^{(3)}
\end{gathered}
\] \& 14,854
12,108 \& \[
\begin{gathered}
15,349 \\
\text { (} \left.^{9}\right)
\end{gathered}
\] \& r 19,018
\(\left({ }^{3}\right)\) \& 19,993
(3) \& ....................... \\
\hline Slippers...........................................................d. \({ }^{\text {do.... }}\) \& -55,927 \& 39,895 \& 15,18
3,182 \& 15,450
2,932 \& 14,989 \& 4,480 \& 2,897 \& 3,935 \& 4,282 \& 4,297 \& 3,823 \& re, 2,258 \& 2,675 \& 3,470 \& 4,375 \& \\
\hline Athletic..................................... .............do.... \& 9,350 \& \& 520 \& 571 \& 548 \& 616 \& 485 \& (3) \& (3) \& (3) \& (s) \& 494 \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& \({ }^{(5)}\) \& (3) \& ............. \\
\hline Other footwear............................ ..............do .... \& 2,971 \& 4,150 \& 378 \& 458 \& 485 \& 322 \& 215 \& 294 \& 323 \& 266 \& 264 \& 230 \& 267 \& 282 \& 283 \& \\
\hline Exports......................................... .............do .... \& 10,277 \& 14,713 \& 1,239 \& 1,066 \& 988 \& 1,175 \& 1,226 \& 1,268 \& 1,285 \& 1,425 \& 1,539 \& 1,236 \& 1,278 \& 1,603 \& 1,903 \& ............ \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Producer Price Indexes: \\
Men's leather upper, dress and casual
\[
1982=100 .
\]
\end{tabular} \& 107.2 \& 111.4 \& 109.5 \& 109.4 \& 109.4 \& 109.8 \& 111.8 \& 113.0 \& 113.3 \& 114.1 \& 112.7 \& \({ }^{\prime} 115.6\) \& \({ }^{117.3}\) \& 120.1 \& 120.0 \& 120.0 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Women's leather upper \(\qquad\) do ... \\
Women's plastic upper. \(\qquad\) do ..
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 104.3 \\
\& 106.6
\end{aligned}
\] \& r107.2

r104.9 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 106.4 \\
& 106.7
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 106.7

105.1 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 106.7 \\
& 167.0
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
106.5 \\
95.0
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 107.1

104.5 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 107.5 \\
& 105.9
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 108.9

105.9 \& 108.3
105.8 \& 108.3

106.6 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathrm{r} 109.0 \\
107.2
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& { }^{4} 109.4 \\
& 4 \\
& 107.4
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 111.5 \& 111.9 \& 112.1 <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



| Unlees otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Businesg Statientes: 1986 | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |
| LUMBER AND PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOFTWOODS-Continıed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southern pine: | $\begin{array}{r} 11,598 \\ 710 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,575 \\ 835 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 977 \\ 828 \end{array}$ | 1,092 806 | 1,116 | 1,156 1,005 | $\begin{aligned} & 857 \\ & 792 \end{aligned}$ | 1,085 | $\begin{aligned} & 761 \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | 1,213 | 891 | 1,024 | 843 | $\begin{aligned} & 977 \\ & 983 \end{aligned} .$ | ......... | .......... |
|  | ${ }^{1} 11,562$ | 12,450 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,008 \\ 997 \end{array}$ | 1,114 | 997 | 1,092 | 1,074 | 1,016 | ,958 | 1,091 | 956 | 947 | 909 | 938 | ................... | ................... |
| Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of period......................................mil. bd. ft .. | 2,010 | 1,997 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,992 \\ 20,159 \end{array}$ | 1,969 | 1,97224,865 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,949 \\ 19,877 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,960 \\ 18,413 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,950 \\ 13,738 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,001 \\ 21,243 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,013 \\ 30,856 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,986 \\ 31,673 \end{array}$ | 1,997 | 2,026 | 2,046 |  | .............. |
| Exports, total sawmill products..... thous. bd. ft .. | 187,258 | 263,166 |  | 12,174 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29,668 | 30,745 | 27,715 | 33,503 | .............. |
| Producer Price Index, southern pine, dressed......................................... .... $1982=100$.. | 104.9 | 114.1 | 111.5 | 112.8 | 111.5 | 116.1 | 122.9 | 120.7 | 120.8 | 113.7 | 113.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 115.9$ | 118.2 | 119.0 | 118.5 | 118.6 |
| Western pine: <br> Orders, new. $\qquad$ mil. bd. ft. <br> Orders, unfilled, end of period $\qquad$ do ... | $\begin{array}{r} 10,500 \\ 451 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,294 \\ 524 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,016 \\ 594 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 880 \\ & 583 \end{aligned}$ | 966 582 | 1,074 | 891 551 | 1,029 | 801 528 | 1,064 | 849 505 | 878 <br> 524 | 968 619 | 949 605 | 1,015 620 | .............. |
|  | 10,482 10,482 | 11,274 11,221 | 1,035 1,012 | 885 891 | 9288 | 1,051 1,049 | 928 947 | 994 999 | 892 <br> 854 | 1,045 1,044 | ${ }_{892}^{983}$ | 871 859 | 879 873 | 986 963 | 999 1,000 | -................ |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.. $\qquad$ do... Producer Price Index, other softwood, dressed. $\qquad$ $. . .1982=100$. | $\begin{aligned} & 1,312 \\ & 109.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,365 \\ r_{119.0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,350 \\ & 119.7 \end{aligned}$ | 1,344 | 1,305 | 1,307 | 1,288 | 1,283 | 1,321 | 1,322 | 1,353 | 1,865 | 1,371 | 1,394 | 1,398 | .............. |
|  |  |  |  | 120.0 | 117.8 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.9 | 124.4 | 120.4 | 119.4 | ${ }^{5} 116.4$ | 116.0 | 117.1 | 120.2 | 120.9 |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oak: <br> Orders, unfilled, end of period....... ....mil. bd. ft .. <br> Shipments. $\qquad$ <br> Stocks (gross), mill, end of period............................. $\qquad$ do o.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 107 |  |  |  |  | ........... |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 7.5 \\ 145.3 \\ 7.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11.0 \\ 173.9 \\ 8.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11.5 \\ 14.6 \\ 6.2 \end{array}$ | 12.913.65.9 | 11.314.15.7 | 13.5 | 16.1 | 13.915.8 | 11.8 | 17.3 | 14.3 | 12.2 | 11.315.0 | 10.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 12.8 \\ & 18.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15.2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 9.6 | 8.9 | .............. |
| METALS AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IRON AND STEEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports: ill |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 798 \\ 22 \end{array}$ | 929001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scrap............................................................do .... | $\begin{array}{r} 929 \\ 11,704 \\ 47 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,129 \\ 10,367 \\ 50 \end{array}$ |  |  | 1156382 | $\begin{array}{r} 99 \\ 1,258 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 1,072 \end{array}$ | 918621 | 99779 | 868092 | 1147822 | 1101,009 | 8964915 | 100 630 | 1147243 |  |
| Pig iron ........................................... ........................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steel mill products......................... ..............do.... | $\begin{array}{r} 20,698 \\ 724 \\ 295 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,414 \\ 843 \\ 355 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,807 \\ 58 \\ .38 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,529 \\ 50 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,898 \\ 55 \\ \mathbf{2 1} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,697 \\ 60 \\ 30 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,723 \\ 62 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,624 \\ 47 \\ 28 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,600 \\ 71 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,651 \\ 88 \\ 53 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,812 \\ 89 \\ 53 \end{array}$ | 1,728 | 1,810 <br> 89 | 1,916 | 1,844 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86 <br> 54 |  |  |
| Iron and Steel Scrap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production....................................thous. sh. tons.. | $\begin{aligned} & 26,333 \\ & 37,928 \\ & 65,856 \end{aligned}$ | 24,781 | 1,963$\mathbf{3 , 8 6 9}$ | 2,150 | 2,0633,520 | 3,142 | 2,044$\mathbf{3 , 4 9 0}$ | 2,039 | 2,197 | 2,288 | 2,1114,350 | 2,0924,289 | ................................................ |  |  |  |
| Receipts, net...................................... ..............do .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption ................................... .............do .... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 40,737 \\ 4,420 \end{array}$ | 5,6834,411 | 5,751 | 5,714$\mathbf{4 , 2 6 0}$ | 5,667 | $\mathbf{5 , 4 3 4}$4,363 | 6,0014,291 | 6,2554,279 | 6,624 | 6,184 | 6,214 |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period ........................ .............do .... | 4,344 |  |  | 10,124 |  | 4,316 |  |  |  | 4,505 | 4,695 | 4,811 |  |  |  |  |
| Composite price, No. 1 heavy melting scrap: <br> American Metal Market $\qquad$ per long ton... | 74.17 | 85.73 | 74.97 | 73.72 | 74.94 | 76.67 | 78.29 | 82.73 | 91.35 | 109.90 | 109.69 | 101.37 | 99.72 | 114.55 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine production..........................thous. lg. tons.. | 38,825 | $\ldots$ | 3,258 | 3,076 | 4,000 | 4,064 | 3,521 | 4,116 | 4,623 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments from mines................... ..............do.... | 41,327 |  | 900 | 3,437 | 4,844 | 5,128 | 4,819 | 5,117 | 5,406 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports........................................ ................do .... | 16,749 | 16,601 | 931 | 1,159 | 1,580 | 1,948 | 1,178 | 1,817 | 1,452 | 1,493 | 2,238 | 1,415 | 1,467 | 986 | 1 | ............. |
| U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: Receipts at iron and steel plants. $\qquad$ .do ... | 51,307 | 58,596 | 2,209 | 4,479 | 5,159 | 6,127 | 6,078 | 5,994 | 6,330 | 6,662 | 6,292 | 6,598 | 4,559 |  |  |  |
| Consumption at iron and steel <br> plants $\qquad$ do | 51,301 | 60,087 | 4,890 | 5,081 | 5,334 | 6,127 | 4,684 | 5,139 | 5,194 | 6,662 | 5,295 | 5,765 | 5,751 |  |  | .............. |
| Exports (domestic)..................... .............do .... | 6,501 | 6,121 | 22 | 440 | 911 | 1,463 | 414 | 438 | 626 | 647 | 441 | 644 | 223 | 27 | 84 |  |
| Stocks, total, end of period.......... ..............do ... | 22,133 |  | 20,910 | 19,885 | 19,024 | 19,196 | 19,397 | 21,570 | 19,508 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| At mines............................... ..............do ... | 3,255 |  | 10,485 | 10,124 | 9,281 | 8,225 | 6,927 | 8,311 | 5,142 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At furnace yards ...................... ..............do... | 17,163 | 16,304 | 9,522 | 9,204 | 9,027 | 10,006 | 11,350 | 12,207 | 13,343 | 14,554 | 15,452 | 16,304 |  |  |  |  |
| At U.S. docks......................... .................do.... | 1,987 | 2,024 | ${ }^{\text {, }} 903$ | , 557 | ${ }^{7} 716$ | ${ }^{965}$ | 1,120 | 1,052 | 1,023 | 1,485 | 1,566 | 2,024 |  |  |  |  |
| Manganese (manganese content), general imports $\qquad$ do .... | 883 | 801 | 46 | 64 | 57 | 95 | 57 | 58 | 62 | 85 | 116 | 101 | c85 | ${ }^{6} 64$ | 96 |  |
| Pig Iron and Iron Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig iron: <br> Production (including production of ferroalloys). thous. sh. tons. | 48,952 | ${ }^{1} 48,137$ | 3,891 |  | 4,256 | 4,079 | 4,235 | 4,165 | 4,208 | 4,407 |  | 4,447 | 4,683 | 4,443 | 4,842 | 4,699 |
| Consumption ................................ .............do... | ${ }^{1} 41,789$ | 49,584 | 4,122 | 4,222 | 4,200 | 4,123 | 4,255 | 4,327 | 4,327 | 4,664 | 4,599 | 4,647 |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period......................... ............................ | , 226 | - 274 | ,222 | ,223 | 244 | 4239 | ,258 | ,262 | , 260 | ${ }^{2} 256$ | ${ }^{2} 275$ | 274 |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, gray and ductile iron: <br> Shipments, total. $\qquad$ thous. sh. tons. | 8,333 |  | 837 | 874 | 796 | 875 | 786 | 774 | 797 | 962 | 770 | 690 | 674 | 724 |  |  |
| For sale ...................................... ...................... | 5,536 | 6,342 | 549 | 558 | 524 | 559 | 595 | 599 | 482 | 650 | 593 | 461 | 428 | 477 |  |  |
| Castings, malleable iron: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total .............................................................................................................................. For sale | 320 154 | 481 202 | 39 17 | 40 17 | 34 17 | 41 20 | 32 14 | 30 16 | 39 19 | 42 19 | 30 18 | 35 18 | 35 18 | 33 16 |  | ................. |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Buginiegs Statistics: 1986 | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |
| METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steel, Raw and Semifinished |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steel (raw): <br> Production.........................................thous, sh. tons.. <br> Rate of capability utilization.. .........percent.. | 81,606 63.8 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{I} 89,151 \\ 79.5 \end{array}$ | 7,375 77.3 | 7,402 80.3 | 7,641 80.2 | 7,349 79.7 | 7,324 77.3 | 7,494 | 7,694 83.9 | 8,073 84.4 | 7,882 85.2 | 7,916 82.8 | 8,380 88.1 | 7,984 89.7 | 8,763 92.2 | $\mathbf{8 , 3 9 8}$ $\mathbf{9 1 . 4}$ |
| Steel castings: <br> Shipments, total. $\qquad$ thous. sh. tons.. <br> For sale, total $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 829 799 | 874 850 | 82 77 | 68 61 | 59 57 | 61 <br> 59 <br> 9 | 67 65 | 73 72 | 80 78 | 80 79 | 78 77 | 80 79 | 72 70 | 81 79 |  | ................. |
| Steel Mill Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structural shapes (heavy), | 4,954 | ${ }^{15} 5456$ | 510 | 539 | 519 | 541 | 485 | 546 | 574 | 545 | 550 | 525 | 569 | 515 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 4,528$ | 5,120 | 412 | 412 | 354 | 458 | 434 | 429 | 469 | 487 | 444 | 446 | 445 | 470 |  |  |
| Plates....................................... .............do.... | 3,565 | 4,048 | 294 | 319 | 315 | 328 | 343 | 345 | 382 | 415 | 393 | 429 | 598 | 608 |  |  |
| Rails and accessories ................. ..............do.... | 640 | 515 | 48 | 43 | 45 | 39 | 37 | 40 | 39 | 54 | 40 | 40 | 38 | 42 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| light shapes) do .... | 6,559 | 7,238 | 630 | 602 | 577 | 656 | 473 | 591 | 676 | 671 | 607 | 582 | 581 | 742 |  |  |
| Bars: Reinforcing...................... ...............do..... <br> Bers: Cold finished | 4,299 | ${ }^{1} 4,918$ | 356 | 348 | 380 | 342 | 361 | 380 | 390 | 371 | 388 | 385 | 323 | 329 |  |  |
| Pipe and tubing.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire and wire products.......................................... | 2,836 | 3,570 | 234 | 254 | 288 | 341 | 317 | 323 | 340 | 370 | 349 | 359 | 363 | 96 |  |  |
| Tin mill products ....................... ........................... | 1,802 | 3,988 | 293 | 338 | $\begin{array}{r}936 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 358 | 361 | 351 | 339 | 317 | 297 | 435 | 260 | 274 |  |  |
| Sheets and strip (including electrical), |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| total................................. ..............do.... | 36,686 | 39,279 | 3,237 | 3,238 | 3,227 | 3,377 | 3,184 | 3,154 | 3,303 | 3,617 | 3,335 | 3,586 | 3,220 | 3,295 |  |  |
| Sheets: Hot rolled................... .......................... | ${ }^{1} 12,167$ | 13,048 | 1,115 | 1,096 | 1,066 | 1,112 | 1,075 | 1,023 | 1,041 | 1,168 | 1,110 | 1,238 | 1,009 | 1,033 |  |  |
| Sheets: Cold rolled .................. ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 12,250$ | 13,859 | 1,117 | 1,135 | 1,153 | 1,200 | 1,124 | 1,126 | 1,163 | 1,297 | 1,142 | 1,245 | 1,127 | 1,141 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction, incl. maintenance.................do .... | ${ }^{15,141}$ | 5,619 | 1,302 |  |  | 1,335 |  |  | 1,474 |  |  | 1,470 | ${ }^{2} 491$ | ${ }^{2} 480$ |  |  |
| Contractors' products ................. ..............do.... | ${ }^{1} 2,559$ | 2,701 | 546 |  |  | 613 |  |  | 700 |  |  | 807 | ${ }_{2}^{2} 231$ | ${ }_{2}^{2} 232$ |  |  |
| Automotive ................................ ..............do.... | ${ }^{19,871}$ | ${ }^{1} 11,135$ | 3,065 |  |  | 2,415 |  |  | 2,467 |  |  | 2,765 | ${ }^{2} 889$ | 2950 |  |  |
| Rail transportation .-.................. ..............do.... | ${ }^{1} 674$ | 734 | 160 |  |  | 157 |  |  | 176 |  |  | 218 | ${ }^{2} 81$ | ${ }^{2} 105$ |  |  |
| Machinery, industrial equip., tools.............do.... | ${ }^{1} 1,323$ | 2,096 | 488 |  |  | 372 |  |  | 521 |  |  | 563 | ${ }^{2} 210$ | ${ }^{2} 204$ |  |  |
| Containers, packaging, ship. materials $\qquad$ do | 4,075 | 4,371 | 921 |  |  | 1,127 |  |  | 1,146 |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 337$ | ${ }^{2} 302$ |  |  |
| Other......................................... ........................... | ${ }^{1} 23,367$ | ${ }^{1} 31,337$ | 7,032 |  |  | 6,841 |  |  | 7,981 |  |  | 8,392 | 22,759 | 22,955 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steel in process.......................... .......................... | 7.3 5.9 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r6.7 } \\ \\ \hline 4.6\end{array}$ | r6.8 r 4.7 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ r^{6} 6.8 \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ | r6.8 r4.9 | $\begin{array}{r}11.6 \\ \\ \hline 6.9\end{array}$ | r6.6 r. | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ref } \\ \\ \hline 6.7\end{array}$ | +6.4 | ${ }^{7} \mathbf{r} 6.4$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{7}$ | ${ }_{\text {r }} \times 16$ | r7.1 | 7.0 |  |  |
| Finished steel <br> Service centers (warehouses), inventory, end of period..........................................mil. sh. tons.. | 5.9 5.7 | '4.6 | +4.7 5.8 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 「4.9 5.8 | '4.9 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array} .8$ | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | '4.7 5.7 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  <br> 6.4 <br> 6.0 | 「4.6 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4.8 6.7 |  |  |
| NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTSAluminum:Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{203.3}^{228.6}$ | 309.9 284.5 | 23.5 24.2 | 26.0 24.1 | 16.8 23.7 | 16.1 | 29.0 | 30.6 | 30.7 | 22.7 229 | 32.1 | 39.1 | 20.3 25.8 | 15.1 25.5 | 21.8 |  |
| Price, U.S. market, $\mathbf{9 9 . 7 \%}$ purity, <br> monthly average. $\qquad$ per lb. | . 5587 | .7230 | . 6254 | . 6497 | . 6890 | . 7254 | . 7424 | . 8166 | . 8069 | . 8439 | . 8016 | . 8339 | . 8971 | . 9628 | 1.0709 | 1.0712 |
| Aluminum products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.).. ..........mil. lb.. | 14,386 | ${ }^{\text {r15,584 }}$ | 1,329 | 1,284 | ${ }^{1} 1,301$ | ${ }^{1} 1,433$ | ${ }^{1} 1,346$ | ${ }^{1} 1,261$ | 1,334 | ${ }^{1} 1,307$ | 1,219 | r1,353 | ${ }^{1,165}$ | 1,169 |  |  |
| Mill products, total ................. ..............do .... | 11,416 | 12,234 | 1,063 | 1,023 | 1,020 | 1,147 | 1,052 | 1,010 | 1,033 | 1,038 | 944 | 1,055 | r919 | 948 |  |  |
| Sheet and plate................... .............do .... | 6,629 | 7,379 | 644 | 615 | 616 | 699 | 619 | 594 | 621 | 613 | 566 | 696 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 537$ | 551 |  |  |
| Castings .................................... .............do.... | 2,187 | 2,056 | 195 | 185 | 169 | 170 | 137 | 157 | 169 | 192 | 176 | 154 | 164 | 182 | 213 | .............. |
| Inventories, total (ingot, mill products, and scrap), end of period $\qquad$ mil. lb.. | 4,928 | 4,175 | 4,696 | 4,584 | 4,515 | 4,474 | 4,393 | 4,303 | 4,152 | 4,211 | 4,245 | 4,175 | ${ }^{\mathbf{4}, 344}$ | 4,394 |  |  |
| Copper: <br> Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine, recoverable copper.......thous. met. tons.. | 1,147.3 | 1,274.7 | 108.7 | 100.8 | 106.7 | 104.0 | 106.6 | 109.9 | 108.0 | 107.5 | 111.3 | 113.1 | 113.8 | 105.3 |  |  |
| Refined from primary materials.................do.... | ${ }^{1} 1,073.2$ | 1,146.0 | 86.6 | 79.9 | 85.1 | 94.0 | 90.5 | 90.2 | 102.8 | 109.8 | 111.8 | 115.6 | 108.6 | 105.4 |  | .............. |
| Electrolytically refined: <br> From domestic ores © $\qquad$ do.... | 1947.9 | 987.1 | 75.3 | 68.7 | 72.7 | 80.6 | 76.5 | 76.8 | 89.0 | 95.4 | 95.9 | 98.5 | 86.7 | 90.2 |  |  |
| From foreign ores................ ................do.... | 40.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrowon ............................ ..............do.... | 125.4 | 158.9 | 11.3 | 11.2 | 12.4 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 15.9 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 15.3 |  |  |
| Refined from scrap $\vee$................. ...................... | 1406.2 | 414.6 | 40.1 | 44.3 | 34.0 | 35.1 | 29.5 | 33.2 | 34.5 | 35.8 | 30.8 | 87.1 | 33.8 | 35.3 |  |  |
| Imports, unmanufactured (general): <br> Refined, unrefined, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined $\qquad$ ......................d .do.... | 508.1 | 515.6 | 55.8 | 38.9 | 60.2 | 69.3 | 37.0 | 45.0 | 28.6 | 35.9 | 40.8 | 31.1 | 49.4 | 38.0 | 39.0 |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined and scrap ...................... .............do ... | 497.1 | 454.8 | 46.3 | 40.8 | 28.4 | 33.0 | 39.7 | 38.0 | 36.5 | 36.1 | 38.5 | 50.5 | 35.5 | 50.2 | 56.6 |  |
| Refined ................................. .............do ... | 14.9 | 17.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | . 8 | 1.1 | . 6 | . 5 | . 8 | . 7 | 2.3 | 8.2 | 4.9 | 0 | 3.8 |  |
| Consumption, refined <br> (reported by mills, etc.) $\rangle$ $\qquad$ .do.... | ${ }^{12} 2102$ | 2,176 | 206 | 191 | 172 | 192 | 149 | 179 | 189 | 189 | 184 | 181 | '179 | 183 |  |  |
| Stocks, refined, end of period ©..... ...............do.... | ${ }^{2} 225$ | 173 | 185 | 188 | 177 | 171 | 199 | 187 | 177 | 149 | 114 | 112 | ${ }^{1} 22$ | 135 |  |  |
| Price, avg. U.S. producer cathode, delivered $\beta$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| . ${ }^{\text {o per lb.. }}$ | . 6605 | . 8249 | . 6807 | . 6713 | . 7098 | . 7435 | . 8042 | . 8218 | . 8561 | . 8885 | 1.0853 | 1.3532 | 1.3250 | 1.0752 |  |  |





|  |  |  | PULP | PAPI | , AND | API | PRO | UCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PULPWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts............................thous. cords (128 cu.ft) .. | 190,943 | 94,312 | 7,912 | 7,873 | 7,382 | 7,743 | 8,264 | 7,643 | 8,061 | 8,436 | 7,227 | 8,008 | 7,737 | 7,924 |  |  |
| Consumption .................................. .............do .... | ${ }^{1} 91,434$ | 93,946 | 7,869 | 7,855 | 7,582 | 7,723 | 8,195 | 7,729 | 7,856 | 7,984 | 7,401 | 8,162 | 8,223 | 7,743 |  |  |
| Inventories, end of period .................. .............do .... | 4,794 | 5,096 | 4,891 | 4,950 | 4,557 | 4,651 | 4,782 | 4,703 | 5,044 | 5,301 | 5,211 | 5,096 | 4,629 | 4,777 |  | .............. |
| WASTE PAPER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption................................thous. sh. tons.. | ${ }^{1} 17,236$ | 18,348 | 1,485 | 1,437 | 1,500 | 1,474 | 1,508 | 1,598 | 1,544 | 1,619 | 1,558 | 1,489 | 1,567 | 1,504 |  |  |
| Inventories, end of period ................. .............do .... | 982 | 887 | 755 | 775 | 752 | 773 | 797 | 745 | 810 | 838 | 817 | 887 | 847 | 847 |  |  |
| WOODPULP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total........................................thous. sh. tons .. | ${ }^{1} 57,017$ | 59,582 | 5,026 | 4,879 | 4,900 | 4,971 | 5,111 | 5,088 |  | 5,066 | 4,812 | 5,160 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,920 |  |  |
| Dissolving pulp........................ ....................... | 1,258 46,081 | 48,310 | 114 4,077 | 108 3,964 | 99 $\mathbf{3 , 9 8 1}$ | 118 4,085 | 123 4,141 | 4,102 | 112 $\mathbf{3 , 9 4 7}$ | 88 4,110 | 137 3,851 | 109 4,227 | 98 4,285 | 116 3,981 |  |  |
| Paper grades chemical pulp....... ..............do.... Groundwood and thermo- | 46,081 | 48,310 | 4,077 | 3,964 | 3,981 | 4,035 | 4,141 | 4,162 | 3,947 | 4,110 | 3,851 | 4,227 | 4,285 | 3,981 |  |  |
| mechanical............................ .............do.... | 5,487 | 5,714 | 474 | 450 | 470 | 468 | 484 | 487 | 506 | 501 | 472 | 484 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 517$ | 472 |  |  |
| Semi-chemical ............................. .............do .... | 4,191 | 4,246 | 361 | 357 | 351 | 355 | 364 | 333 | 359 | 367 | 352 | 339 | 376 | 350 |  | ............. |
| Inventories, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At pulp mills: <br> Own use woodpulp $\qquad$ do .... | 176 | 170 | 197 | 186 | 183 | 177 | 173 | 177 | 167 | 161 | 162 | 170 | r162 | 165 |  |  |
| Market pulp................................ ............................. | 292 | 224 | 292 | 300 | 286 | 276 | 281 | 340 | 273 | 267 | 290 | 224 | 292 | 265 |  |  |
| Market pulp at paper and board mills. $\qquad$ | 527 | 529 | 573 | 580 | 570 | 598 | 608 | 539 | 561 | 531 | 499 | 529 | 508 | 503 |  |  |
| Exports, all grades, total.................. ..............do.... | ${ }^{1} 4,308$ | 5,047 | 471 | 571 | 377 | 455 | 463 | 390 | 442 | 338 | 365 | 529 | 391 | 444 | 491 |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha .......... .............do .... | 711 | 691 | 83 | 59 | 52 | 1 | 65 | 62 | 65 | 53 | 61 | 72 | 67 | 41 | 79 | ..... |
| All other ...................................... ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 3,599$ | 4,520 | 553 | 512 | 325 | 454 | 398 | 328 | 377 | 280 | 304 | 450 | 324 | 408 | 569 | $\cdots$ |
| Imports, all grades, total.................. ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 4,340$ | 4,974 | 447 | 377 | 388 | 390 | 401 | 380 | 546 | 386 | 411 | 415 | 390 | 429 | 432 |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha ......... ..............do.... | 148 |  | 12 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 14 | 13 | 975 | ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ | 10 | 14 | 14 | $\cdots$ |
| All other ...................................... ...............do .... | 14,193 | 4,899 | 459 | 366 | 387 | 379 | 399 | 366 | 593 | 375 | 408 | 412 | 380 | 415 | 446 |  |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in
Bubiness Stansmics: 1986} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Anaual} \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{1987} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1988} \\
\hline \& 1986 \& 1987 \& Mar. \& Apr. \& May \& June \& July \& Aus. \& Sept. \& Oct. \& Nov. \& Dec. \& Jan. \& Feb. \& Mar. \& Apr. \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Paper and board: \\
Production (API):
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 170,885

35,466 \& | 74,498 |
| :---: |
| 37 | \& 6,285

8,090 \& 6,071
3,010 \& 6,134
3,023 \& \%, $\begin{aligned} & 6,140 \\ & 3\end{aligned}$ \& 6,238
3,081 \& 6,463
3,163 \& - ${ }_{8}^{6,254}$ \& 6,390 \& 6,135
3,066 \& ${ }_{r_{3,168}{ }^{\mathbf{r}, 34}}$ \& r6,460
$r_{3,209}$ \& r6,218
${ }_{3,110}$ \& 6,730
3,380 \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }_{35,419}$ \& 37,493 \& 3 3,194 \& 3,061 \& 3,111 \& 3,092 \& 3,157 \& 3,300 \& 3,129 \& 3,177 \& 3,069 \& ${ }^{-1,184}$ \& 3 3,251 \& 3,108 \& 3,349 \& <br>

\hline | Producer Price Indexes: |
| :--- |
| Paperboard .................................... $1982=100$.. | \& 106.6

108.8 \& 118.1 \& 115.5
109.2 \& 116.2
109.1 \& 115.8
1098 \& 115.9
110.2 \& 116.1 \& 119.8
112 \& 121.3
113.2 \& 122.1
113.8 \& 122.5 \& ${ }_{r_{113.7}{ }_{123.1}^{1}}$ \& 2122.7
${ }_{1} 113.6$ \& 122.8 \& 127.1
112.5 \& 132.6
113.3 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& ${ }^{1} 1,553$ \& ${ }_{7}^{1,548}$ \& 154
127 \& 1109 \& 119

115 \& ${ }_{124}^{126}$ \& 134 \& | 136 |
| :--- |
| 148 |
| 1 | \& 130

153
15 \& 121
150 \& 118 \& r130
${ }_{1} 181$ \& $r_{138}$
$r_{177}$
1 \& ${ }_{\text {r193 }}$ \& 1193 \& <br>
\hline \& ${ }^{1,540}$ \& 1,491 \& 188 \& 120 \& 121 \& 120 \& 132 \& 127 \& 126 \& 124 \& 112 \& ${ }^{111}$ \& ${ }^{1} 28$ \& ${ }^{1} 125$ \& 142 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} <br>

\hline  \& | 16,334 |
| :--- |
| 899 | \& 7,098

7734 \& 527
429 \& 561
443 \& 630
521 \& 651

604 \& | 623 |
| :---: |
| 647 | \& 632

678 \& 570
666 \& 610
729 \& 563
693 \& r611 \& 624
693 \& r694 \& ${ }_{717}^{64}$ \& <br>
\hline Shipments................................ ..................... \& 6,263 \& ${ }^{6} \mathbf{6} 860$ \& 548 \& 548 \& 554 \& 569 \& 584 \& 597 \& 591 \& 603 \& 587 \& ${ }_{5} 588$ \& 635 \& ${ }_{5} 593$ \& 653 \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Uncoated free sheet papers: |
| :--- |
|  |} \& ${ }^{10,485}$ \& 11,192 \& 900 \& 892 \& 902 \& 923 \& 945 \& 996 \& 946 \& 1,029 \& 919 \& r978 \& '945 \& r915 \& 1,031 \& <br>

\hline \& ${ }^{10,681}$ \& 11,231 \& 939 \& 926 \& 912 \& 938 \& 945 \& 968 \& 949 \& 1988 \& 927 \& r982 \& r963 \& 「942 \& 1,038 \& <br>

\hline | Unbleached kraft packaging and industrial converting papers: |
| :--- |
| Shipments. $\qquad$ thous. sh. tons. | \& ${ }^{13,303}$ \& 3,075 \& 274 \& 265 \& 233 \& 247 \& 244 \& 249 \& 258 \& 259 \& 243 \& 261 \& 262 \& 255 \& 262 \& <br>

\hline Tissue paper, production ................................. \& ${ }^{15,095}$ \& 5,301 \& 446 \& 429 \& 443 \& 439 \& 434 \& 457 \& 447 \& 455 \& 442 \& 449 \& 446 \& 37 \& 474 \& <br>
\hline Newsprint: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Production $\qquad$ thous. metric tons. |
| :--- |
| Shipments from mills do.... |} \& 9,289 \& 9,673 \& 848 \& 808 \& 816 \& 806 \& \& 826 \& \& \& \& \& 822 \& \& 874 \& <br>

\hline \& 9,302 \& 9,761 \& 847 \& 818 \& 815 \& 857 \& 779 \& 785 \& 852 \& 811 \& 801 \& 892 \& 716 \& 782 \& 881 \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Inventory, end of period $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .do .... United States} \& 277 \& 193 \& 333 \& 323 \& 323 \& 273 \& 286 \& 326 \& 271 \& 286 \& 298 \& 193 \& 295 \& 328 \& 321 \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 431 \& 420 \& 454 \& \& \& 152 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 5,115 \& 5,310 \& 442 \& 428 \& 452 \& 451 \& 452 \& 449 \& 451 \& 456 \& ${ }_{439} 4$ \& 461 \& ${ }_{437}^{482}$ \& 435
51 \& 455 \& <br>
\hline \& 49 \& \& \& 45 \& 47 \& 40 \& ${ }^{3}$ \& \& 43 \& 48 \& 46 \& 36 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Estimated consumption, all users $\widehat{0}$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ do.... \& 11,937 \& \& 1,037 \& 1,031 \& 1,073 \& 996 \& 967 \& 1,041 \& 1,050 \& 1,129 \& 1,134 \& ${ }^{1} 1,050$ \& 58 \& r964 \& 1,052 \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 874 \& 869 \& 848 \& 885 \& 931 \& 905 \& 929 \& 897 \& 866 \& 900 \& 905 \& r931 \& 968 \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Imports. $\qquad$ thous. sh. tons. Producer Price Index} \& 589 \& 8,975 \& 59 \& 740 \& 761 \& 776 \& 741 \& 708 \& 780 \& 746 \& 777 \& 710 \& 727 \& 697 \& 811 \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 08.4 \& 108.5 \& 108.7 \& 108.7 \& 112.7 \& 116.3 \& \& 116.9 \& 117.1 \& ${ }^{117.0}$ \& ${ }^{2} 125.4$ \& 126.7 \& 127.0 \& 127.2 <br>
\hline Paper products: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber shipments.................mil. sq. ft. surf, area. \& 283,921 \& 297,430 \& r24,851 \& 25,591 \& 23,637 \& 25,620 \& 25,341 \& 24,977 \& 25,925 \& 27,647 \& 23,281 \& 23,141 \& 24,782 \& 24,679 \& 27,222 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS} <br>
\hline RUBBER \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| Natural rubber: |
| :--- |
| Consumption..................................... ...............do.... |} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& 743.56 \& 775.82 \& 81.30 \& 62.30 \& 62.61 \& 56.30 \& 67.35 \& 61.41 \& 61.85 \& 57.39 \& ${ }^{60.68}$ \& 69.38 \& 78.84 \& 65.20 \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 70.24 \& 80.20 \& \& 79.00 \& 82.4 \& \& \& 65.85 \& 65.47 \& 72.46 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Imports, incl. latex and guayule thous. long tons.. \& 752.99 \& 745.67 \& 80.67 \& 32.73 \& 63.60 \& 58.01 \& 63.22 \& 46.83 \& 58.47 \& 56.76 \& 62.85 \& 77.67 \& 81.89 \& 68.49 \& 85.65 \& <br>
\hline U.S. Import Price Index $\dagger$.................1985=100.. \& 101.9 \& 115.7 \& 103.1 \& \& \& 109.8 \& \& \& 119.1 \& \& \& 130.6 \& \& \& 132.4 \& <br>
\hline Synthetic rubber: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Production..................................................................... \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 2,012.77 \\
& 1,895.23
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2,182.12 \\
& 2,017.46
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 193.56 \\
& 182.78
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | 174.07 |
| :--- |
| 160.58 | \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
r_{179.71} \\
168.09
\end{array}
$$

\] \& $\begin{array}{r}174.97 \\ \hline 157.79\end{array}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 186.19 \\
& 161.88
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 164.15 \\
& 163.56
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 176.04 \\
& 172.19
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 191.00

185.08 \& 182.94
167.56 \& 194.82
174.07 \& ${ }_{1}^{185.55}$ \& 179.13
166.79 \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of period.................... ............do.... \& 235.61 \& 229.65 \& 242.62 \& ${ }^{2} 239.85$ \& 242.21 \& ${ }^{2} 241.79$ \& 251.86 \& 240.55 \& 222.76 \& 213.60 \& 213.82 \& 229.65 \& 237.72 \& 235.05 \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Exports (Bu. of Census)..................thous. Ig. tons. TIRES AND TUBES} \& 338.85 \& 422.64 \& 35.49 \& 36.48 \& 38.79 \& 36.34 \& 33.56 \& 32.75 \& 38.23 \& 32.93 \& 36.94 \& 36.53 \& 39.07 \& 36.7 \& 41. \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| TIRES AND TUBES |
| :--- |
| Pneumatic casings: |
| Production ...............................................thous |} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& ${ }^{1} 190,289$ \& 202,978 \& 17,783 \& 16,680 \& 16,982 \& 16,548 \& 15,796 \& 16,723 \& 17,204 \& 18,956 \& 16,455 \& 16,428 \& 17,345 \& 18,027 \& \& <br>
\hline Shipments, total .......................... .............do.... \& 243,244 \& 255,220 \& ${ }^{2} 20,739$ \& \& 20,981 \& 23,829 \& \& \& \& \& \& 20,326 \& 18,795 \& 19,472 \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 61,251
176659 \& 60,758
186,406 \& r $\begin{array}{r}6,019 \\ \hline 1355\end{array}$ \& \& 5,400
14,949 \& - 17,1484 \& ( $\begin{gathered}3,605 \\ 16,531\end{gathered}$ \& - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4,316 } \\ \hline 15682\end{array}$ \&  \& - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,778 } \\ \hline 1897\end{array}$ \& r15,584 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 15,341}$ \& 4,773
13,061
1 \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& 5,334 \& -8,056 \& \& \& \& \& 16,676 \& 6557 \& \& 781 \& 748 \& 809 \& 1,021 \& 1,163 \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of period.................... .............do.... \& 34,286 \& 34,338 \& 40,673 \& 39,962 \& 40,312 \& 37,872 \& 37,344 \& 37,501 \& 36,234 \& 34,539 \& 38,702 \& 34,338 \& 37,047 \& 39,904 \& \& <br>
\hline Exports (Bu. of Census)..............................do.... \& 5,202 \& 9,580 \& 95 \& 746 \& 762 \& 844 \& 745 \& 793 \& 1,155 \& 849 \& 1,277 \& 1,259 \& 1,328 \& 1,410 \& 1,477 \& <br>

\hline | Inner tubes: |
| :--- |
| Exports (Bu. of Census). $\qquad$ | \& 809 \& 1,518 \& 190 \& 120 \& 250 \& 149 \& 109 \& 102 \& 141 \& 76 \& 96 \& 114 \& 95 \& 138 \& 165 \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 andmethodological notea are as shown in methodologicalBusinks Stee are as shistce:shown | Units | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aus. | Stept. | Oct. | Nor. | Dee. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |


| STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PORTLAND CEMENT <br> Shipments, finished cement. $\qquad$ thous. bbl.. <br> CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS | ${ }^{1} 470,500$ | ${ }^{1480,410}$ | 34,096 | 41,495 | 43,197 | 47,885 | 49,282 | 45,638 | 47,688 | 50,011 | 38,298 | 30,840 | 20,979 | 26,293 | 36,404 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ............. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments: <br> Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. standard brick .. | 7,401.9 | 7,313.2 | 590.9 | 654.2 | 651.8 | 700.1 | 721.0 | 669.3 | 692.0 | 704.4 | 557.4 | 497.3 | 398.8 | ${ }^{\prime} 488.7$ | 720.5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structural tile, except facing.......thous. sh. tons. | 108.4 | ${ }^{2} 96.1$ | 4.7 | 4.5 | 11.5 | 16.9 | 16.5 | 15.9 | 15.9 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | (2) | (2) | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 |  |
| Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified... .-..........do ... | 323.6 | 324.6 | 24.9 | 25.0 | 38.1 | 31.4 | 31.6 | 31.8 | 32.5 | 36.4 | 22.7 | 18.5 | 18.1 | '21.1 | 30.4 |  |
| Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and unglazed.......................................mi. sq. ft.. | 505.0 | 462.0 | 41.5 | 40.6 | 35.7 | 39.4 | 36.5 | 38.6 | 39.3 | 40.1 | 37.7 | 39.6 | 35.9 | 38.4 | 44.7 | .............. |
| Producer Price Index, brick and structural clay tile $\qquad$ $. .12 / 84=100 .$. | 105.2 | 108.2 | 107.6 | 108.1 | 108.5 | 108.7 | 108.6 | 108.6 | 108.6 | 108.6 | 108.7 | ${ }^{\text {r108.7 }}$ | 109.4 | 109.7 | 110.3 | 110.4 |
| GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments............... .......thous. \$.. | 1,259,746 | 1,457,587 | 331,669 |  |  | 354,994. |  |  | 392,126. |  |  | 378,798 |  |  |  |  |
| Glass containers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production......................................thous. gross.. | 289,253 | 286,222 | 25,701 | 24,963 | 25,528 | 26,007 | 25,485 | 25,666 | 22,660 | 25,342 | 20,081 | 18,718 | 21,588 | ${ }^{\text {r22,497 }}$ | 24,508 |  |
| Shipments, total $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do. Narrow-neck containers: $\qquad$ | 283,057 | 283,091 | 24,810 | 25,414 | 25,308 | 26,867 | 26,110 | 24,369 | 23,502 | 23,525 | 19,111 | 20,319 | 21,875 | '20,864 | 22,530 | .............. |
| Narrow-neck containers: | 25,266 | 29,554 | 2,871 | 2,711 | 2,783 | 2,980 | 2,846 | 2,578 | 2,687 | 2,105 | 1,679 | 1,796 | 1,897 | ${ }^{5} 1,815$ | 2,211 |  |
| Beverage................................. ..............do.... | 59,885 | 62,434 | 5,353 | 5,913 | 6,196 | 6,471 | 5,950 | 5,962 | 5,203 | 4,896 | 4,085 | 4,183 | 3,885 | ${ }^{+1,260}$ | 5,178 | .... |
| Beer...................................... .............do.... | 86,922 | 85,357 | 7,353 | 7,372 | 7,507 | 7,740 | 8,161 | 7,003 | 6,694 | 7,513 | 6,117 | 6,517 | 7,928 | -6,645 | 5,971 |  |
| Liquor and wine ..................... .............do .... | 27,856 | 27,535 | 2,409 | 2,800 | 2,429 | 3,155 | 2,479 | 2,135 | 1,987 | 2,235 | 1,751 | 2,057 | 2,153 | '2,068 | 2,484 |  |
| Wide-mouth containers: <br> Food and dairy products $\qquad$ do.. | 62,795 | 62,673 | 5,204 | 5,146 | 5,039 | 5,399 | 5,368 | 5,507 | 5,891 | 5,599 | 4,460 | 4,766 | 5,198 | '5,256 | 5,534 |  |
| Narrow-neck and wide-mouth containers: <br> Medicinal and toilet................. ................do .... | 18,843 | 14,167 | 1,465 | 1,343 | 1,258 | 1,038 | 1,220 | 1,060 | 949 | 1,098 | 916 | 897 | 788 | ${ }^{7} 737$ | 1,032 |  |
| Chemical, household, and industrial $\qquad$ do | 1,490 | 1,167 1,371 | 1,45 155 | 129 | 96 | 1,88 84 | 1,26 | 124 | 91 | 1,09 79 | 103 | 103 | 86 | r88 | 120 |  |
| Stocks, end of period ..................... .............do .... | 39,912 | 41,812 | 42,905 | 42,417 | 42,580 | 41,820 | 40,919 | 42,403 | 41,226 | 42,769 | 43,728 | 41,812 | 40,948 | '42,680 | 44,523 |  |
| GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude gypsum (exc. byproduct)....thous. sh. tons.. | 16,227 | 15,777 | 1,156 | 1,261 | 1,240 | 1,422 | 1,313 | 1,316 | 1,161 | 1,432 | 1,442 | 1,218 | 1,031 |  |  |  |
| Calcined....................................... .............do.... | 17,538 | 16,855 | 1,376 | 1,508 | 1,421 | 1,284 | 1,486 | 1,427 | 1,396 | 1,566 | 1,441 | 1,274 | 1,255 |  |  |  |
| Imports, crude gypsum ..................... .............do .... | 9,559 | 9,717 | 688 | 833 | 987 | 884 | 810 | 821 | 879 | 952 | 817 | 635 | 837 |  |  |  |
| Sales of gypsum products: <br> Uncalcined. $\qquad$ do. | 3,359 | 4,110 | 163 | 242 | 336 | 567 | 264 | 309 | 317 | 311 | 654 | 591 | 342 |  |  |  |
| Calcined: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial plasters..................... .............do .... | 259 | 166 | 12 | 14 | 10 | 40 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 14 | 10 | 9 | 10 |  |  |  |
| Building plasters, total <br> (incl. Keene's cement) | 260 | 262 | 23 | 24 | 19 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 23 | 25 | 19 | 18 |  |  |  |
| Board products, total $\qquad$ mil. sq. ft.. | 20,411 | 20,627 | 1,786 | 1,872 | 1,602 | 1,705 | 1;784 | 1,775 | 1,775 | 1,916 | 1,675 | 1,501 | 1,468 |  |  |  |
| Lath sq. | 24 | 20,23 | 1,88 | 1,82 | 1,60 | 1,7 | 1,78 | 1, 2 | 1,7\% | 2 | 2 | , | 2 |  |  |  |
| Veneer base.............................. ...............do ... | 475 | 498 | 43 | 45 | 41 | 42 | 45 | 48 | 48 | 46 | 41 | 36 | 36 |  |  |  |
| Gypsum sheathing ........................... ................................ | 323 | 302 | 26 | 26 | 25 | 27 | 25 | 26 | 25 | 28 | 27 | 22 | 19 |  |  |  |
| Regular gypsum board ................ ..............do .... | 12,343 | 12,609 | 1,103 | 1,147 | 977 | 1,031 | 1,084 | 1,086 | 1,090 | 1,171 | 1,021 | 914 | 884 |  |  |  |
| Type X gypsum board ................ ..............do .... | 5,781 | 5,660 | 489 | 507 | 435 | 475 | 492 | 482 | 480 | 519 | 451 | 425 | 420 |  |  |  |
| Predecorated wallboard ............... ...............do .... | 123 | 114 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 9 |  |  |  |
| \$/16 mobile home board ................ ....................... | 751 | 777 | 59 | 79 | 64 | 66 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 81 | 62 | 42 | 49 |  |  |  |
| Water/moisture resistant board.................do .... | 591 | 644 | 58 | 57 | 50 | 52 | 54 | 58 | 52 | 58 | 62 | 51 | 48 |  |  | $\ldots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | TILE | PROD | UTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FABRIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woven fabric, finishing plants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (finished fabric).............mil. linear yd.. | 6,796 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton ..................................... ..............do .... | 2,522 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manmade fiber and silk fabrics................do.... | 4,271 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories held at end of period.. ..............do .... | 504 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton ...................................... .............do .... | 211 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ............. |
| Manmade fiber and silk fabrics................do.... | 293 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Backlog of finishing orders ............ ..............do ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton ...................................... ....................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........... |
| Manmade fiber and silk fabrics................do.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COTTON AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (excluding linters): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ginnings 0 ....................thous. running bales.. | 9,438 | 14,358 |  |  |  |  | 12907 | ${ }_{12}^{429}$ | 3,197 | 7,534 | 11,082 | 13,278 | ........... |  |  | .............. |
| Crop estimate...........thous, net weight bales §.. | 9,731 | 14,724 |  |  |  |  | 12,907 | 12,846 | 13,336 | 13,336 | 13,936 | 14,281 |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption. $\qquad$ thous. running bales.. Stocks in the United States, total, end of | 6,566 | 7,446 | ${ }^{3} 734$ | 573 | 586 | ${ }^{3} 708$ | 540 | 606 | ${ }^{5} 753$ | 621 | 606 | ${ }^{5} 610$ | 568 | 590 | ${ }^{5} 738$ | 560 |
| period \#.....................thous. running bales.. | 13,416 | 13,722 | 9,553 | 8,559 | 7,836 | 6,577 | 4,787 | 16,263 | 16,242 | 15,581 | 14,823 | 13,722 | 12,394 | 11,245 | 9,711 | ............. |
| Domestic cotton, total ................ .............do .... | 13,416 | 13,722 | 9,553 | 8,559 | 7,836 | 6,577 | 4,787 | 16,263 | 16,242 | 15,581 | 14,823 | 13,722 | 12,394 | 11,245 | 9,711 | ............. |
| On farms and in transit.......... ..............do... | 2,540 | 2,525 | 931 | 1,016 | 1,256 | 1,097 | 300 | 12,376 | 10,799 | 7,652 | 4,825 | 2,525 | 1,470 | 1,312 | 953 |  |
| Public storage and compresses.................do... | 10,252 | 10,555 | 7,894 | 6,882 | 5,870 | 4,807 | 3,809 | 3,239 | 4,864 | 7,398 | 9,456 | 10,555 | 10,197 | 9,151 | 7,972 | -....... |
| Consuming establishments ...... ....................... | -624 | ${ }_{642}$ | 728 | 711 | 710 | ,673 | 678 | 648 | 579 | 531 | 542 | 642 | 727 | 782 | 786 | $\ldots$ |
| See footnotes at end of tables. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Unlese otherwise atated in footnoter below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as ahown in bubinege Statistices 1986 | Annual |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor. | Dee. | Jen. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |
| TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APPAREL-Continued <br> Men's apparel cuttings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coats (separate), dress and sport.....................do.... | 10,552 19 | ${ }_{18,236}^{12,167}$ | 3,401 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}2,874 \\ 4,154 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{2,585}$ |  |  | 3, ${ }_{3,965}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Trousers, slacksk, jeans, pants, etc.. .............d...... | 293,423 | 480,350 | ${ }^{\prime} 123,992$ |  |  | 120,967 |  |  | 12,583 |  |  | 109,568 |  |  |  |  |
| Hosiery, shipments.........................t.t.inous. doze pairs.. | 313,244 | 86,649 <br> 308,982 | ${ }_{28,120}^{21,618}$ | 27,702 | 25,297 | 23,861 | 27,509 | 24,060 | ${ }_{25,018}^{21,140}$ | 28,333 | 26,545 | 22,875 | 24,013 | 25,729 | 26,184 | ............. |

TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline aerospace vehicles \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Orders, new (net), qtrly, total............. ............mil. \$.. \& \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
3110,836 \\
368,001
\end{gathered} .\right.
\] \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& د106,686 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Sales (net), receipts, or billings, quarterily, \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline U.S. Government..................................................do..... \&  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Backiog of orders, end of period \# ... ..............do... \& \({ }^{148,212}\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline U.S. Government.................... .................do.... \& \[
{ }^{1} 148,24,269 .
\] \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Aircraft (complete) and parts ...........-................. \& \({ }^{3} 62,032\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Engines (aircraft) and parts...........-.........do .... \& \({ }^{3} 14,359\). \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propulsion units, and parts. \& 3 24,320 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Other related operations (conversions, modifications), products, services. \& , 422 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Aircraft (complete): \\
Shipments.
\end{tabular} \& 12,51 \& \({ }^{12}\) \& \({ }^{\text {r }}\),398.0 \& '1,120.1 \& r896.0 \& '1,041.2 \& \({ }^{7} 1,143.1\) \& '685.1 \& \({ }^{\text {r } 1,081.5}\) \& '878.9 \& \({ }^{7855.2}\) \& \({ }^{\text {'1,767.7 }}\) \& 737.4 \& '1,235.3 \& 1,4475 \& \\
\hline MOTOR VEHICLES (NEW) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \({ }^{\text {s7,085 }}\) \& 741 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \({ }^{(2)}\) \\
\hline Domestic.................................................... \& 6,869 \& \({ }^{56,487}\) \& 675 \& 601 \& 563 \& 595 \& 349 \& 355 \& 529 \& 610 \& 533 \& 458 \& 436 \& 503 \& 597 \& \\
\hline Retail sales, total, not seas. adj ..... ..............do.... \& 11,450 \& 10,278 \& 936 \& 938 \& 887 \& 943 \& 913 \& 968 \& 905 \& 802 \& 737 \& 843 \& 765 \& 888 \& \({ }^{\text {r1,006 }}\) \& 901 \\
\hline  \& 88,215 \& 7,081 \& 688 \& 694 \& 622 \& -657 \& 611 \& 654 \& 613 \& 524 \& 486 \& 551 \& 531 \& \({ }_{649}^{649}\) \& 734 \& \({ }_{655}^{650}\) \\
\hline Total, seass adj. at annual rate.. \& 3,235 \& 3,197 \& 252
10.3 \& \({ }^{244}\) \& \({ }_{9.6}^{264}\) \& 286
10.0 \& \(\begin{array}{r}302 \\ 10.5 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}314 \\ 12.4 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 292
11.7 \& 278
9.3 \& 251
9.9 \& 293
10.9 \& \({ }_{10.4}^{234}\) \& 238
11.0 \& 272
10.7 \& \({ }^{2} 20.5\) \\
\hline  \& \& \& 7.4 \& 7.4 \& 6.7 \& 7.0 \& 7.2 \& 8.7 \& 8.0 \& 5.9 \& 6.6 \& 7.5 \& 7.3 \& 7.9 \& 7.7 \& 7.3 \\
\hline  \& \& \& 2.9 \& 3.0 \& 3.0 \& 3.1 \& 3.3 \& 3.7 \& 3.8 \& 3.3 \& 3.3 \& 3.4 \& 3.1 \& 3.1 \& 3.0 \& \({ }^{2} .2\) \\
\hline Retail inventories, domestics, end of period: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Not seasonally adjusted............... ...........thous.. \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,499 \\
\& 1,457
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,680 \\
\& 1,499
\end{aligned}
\] \& 1,938 \& 1,778 \& 1,812 \& 1,796 \& 1,634 \& 1,459 \& 1,364 \& 1,495 \& 1,554 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,680 \\
\& 1,499
\end{aligned}
\] \& 1,424 \& \(\xrightarrow{1,1,313}\) \& \({ }^{1,1,253}\) \& 1,260 \\
\hline Inventory-retail sales ratio, domestics 8 ............... \& 2.1 \& 2.5 \& 2.9 \& 2.9 \& 3.3 \& 3.1 \& 2.7 \& 2.0 \& 2.1 \& 3.0 \& 2.8 \& 2.4 \& 2.3 \& 2.0 \& 2.0 \& 2.1 \\
\hline  \& \({ }_{6399.46}^{69}\) \& 627.65 \& 57.33
52.36 \& 59.61 \& 64.52
58.36 \& 77.14
72.45 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
25.31 \\
20.14 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{21.58}^{31.11}\) \& 49.22
47.20 \& 51.14
44.07 \& 69.70
58.71 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
48.55 \\
41.72 \\
\\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
43.80 \\
3394 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 68.14
60.17 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 83.71 \\
\& 70.40
\end{aligned}
\] \& \\
\hline Imports (ITC), complete units................................. \& 4,691.3 \& 4,589.0 \& 346.1 \& 387.7 \& 419.8 \& 485.2 \& 393.1 \& 342.7 \& 297.8 \& \({ }^{423.6}\) \& 427.8 \& 497.5 \& 379.8 \& 369.2 \& \& \\
\hline From Canada, total..................................do.... \& 1,162.2 \& 926.9 \& 90.3 \& 76.3 \& 76.4 \& 89.0 \& 51.8 \& 34.8 \& 57.4 \& 81.5 \& 103.1 \& 92.7 \& 91.0 \& 107.2 \& 114.0 \& \\
\hline Registrations
Imports, including domestically , to \(-\ldots . . . . . . . .\). do.... \& 11,140
3,444 \& 10,122 \& 829 \& 895 \& 830 \& 963 \& 899 \& 903 \& 955 \& \& \& 840
318 \& 774
285 \& 810
281 \& 919 \& \\
\hline Trucks and buses: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Factory sales (from U.S. plants): Total \& 8,393 \& \& \& 335 \& 335 \& 334 \& 261 \& \& \& \& \& \& 317 \& 344 \& 402 \& \({ }^{(2)}\) \\
\hline Domestic.............................. .............do.... \& 3,130 \& 63,509 \& 323 \& 305 \& 304 \& 304 \& 243 \& 287 \& 299 \& 333 \& 276 \& 268 \& 295 \& 318 \& 364 \& \\
\hline Retail sales, domestics: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total, not geasonaly adiusted.... ..............do.... \& \({ }^{13,947.2}\) \& 4,088.4 \& 369.9 \& 3668 \& 359.4 \& 402.8 \& 367.8 \& \({ }^{3498.8}\) \& 3288.7 \& 331.4 \& 329.9 \& 350.4 \& 306.6

2848 \& | 374.8 |
| :--- |
| 3481 | \& 439.7 \& ${ }_{3502}^{382.4}$ <br>

\hline 10,001 libs. GVW and over ....... ......................... \& ${ }^{1} 275$ \& ${ }^{3} 1302.3$ \& ${ }_{26}{ }^{36} 1$ \& 28.2 \& 25.8 \& ${ }_{26.6}$ \& ${ }_{26.3}$ \& ${ }_{25.3}$ \& 26.0 \& ${ }_{26.1}$ \& 24.0 \& 27.3 \& 22.3 \& 26.7 \& 32.3 \& 32.1 <br>
\hline Total, seasonally adjusted .......... ..............do.... \& \& \& 329.4 \& 338.3 \& 329.1 \& 357.1 \& 352.2 \& 406.9 \& 338.7 \& 344.7 \& 346.3 \& 342.6 \& ${ }^{362.6}$ \& 384.6 \& 374.5 \& 377.2 <br>
\hline ${ }_{10,000}^{0.10,00 ~ l i b s, ~ G V W ~ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ .-. . . . . . . . . . . . d o . . . . ~}$ \& \& \& 304.5 \& 318.4 \& 303.9 \& 332.7 \& 327.7 \& 380.5 \& 313.5 \& 319.9 \& ${ }^{317.6}$ \& 316.8 \& ${ }^{4} 386.3$ \& 35358 \& 344.6 \& 348.2
29.0 <br>
\hline 1, 0 \& \& \& \& \& 25.2 \& 24.4 \& 24.5 \& 26.4 \& 2.5 \& 24 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Retail inventories, domestics, end of period: $\dagger$ Not seasonally adjusted.............. ...........thous. \& \& 967.9 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted...................... .................do... \& 854.5 \& 1,015.4 \& 950.4 \& ${ }^{1,051.1}$ \& +962.0 \& 942.4 \& ${ }^{863.6}$ \& 926.1 \& ${ }_{945.1} 8$ \& 987.4 \& 991.8 \& 1,015.4 \& 1,007, \& ${ }^{1} 9886.3$ \& ${ }^{1} 972.1$ \& 968.4 <br>
\hline Exports (BuCensus)................................do... \& 209.06 \& 229.27 \& 16.91 \& 62 \& 22.43 \& 23.96 \& 14.68 \& 12.95 \& 21.20 \& 19.19 \& 24.14 \& 21.16 \& 18.65 \& 22.57 \& 28.01 \& <br>
\hline chassis and bodies $\qquad$ \& 1,572.35 \& 1,378.19 \& 151.15 \& 142.22 \& 126.09 \& 123.32 \& 114.70 \& 91.66 \& 98.15 \& 94.25 \& 112.94 \& 105.54 \& 96.25 \& 94.04 \& 120.94 \& <br>
\hline Registrations $\widehat{\text {, new vehicles, excluding buses }}$ not produced on truck chassis.... ............thous. \& ,801 \& 939 \& 10 \& 434 \& 403 \& 485 \& 455 \& 424 \& 9 \& \& 367 \& 417 \& 84 \& 79 \& 43 \& <br>
\hline Truck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes detachables), shipments.............. ........number. \& ${ }^{1} 167,312$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 180,142}$ \& ${ }^{\text {'15,682 }}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r11,729 }}$ \& ${ }^{1} 15,589$ \& ${ }^{\text {r11,266 }}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 14,369}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r15,489 }}$ \& ${ }^{16,994}$ \& ${ }^{216,399}$ \& ${ }_{r} 13,894$ \& ${ }^{\text {r14,579 }}$ \& 12,661 \& r14,601 \& ${ }_{1}^{16,221}$ \& <br>
\hline \& '120,647 \& ${ }^{135,380}$ \& ${ }^{12} 12,176$ \& '11,886 \& '11,727 \& ${ }^{111,841}$ \& ${ }^{10,460}$ \& '11,642 \& ${ }^{122,281}$ \& ${ }^{12,157}$ \& ${ }^{10,467}$ \& '10,579 \& 8,946 \& 10,791 \& 11,480 \& <br>
\hline Trailer bodies (detachable), sold separately $\qquad$
$\qquad$ do.... \& \& \& ${ }_{5} 51$ \& \& \& '37 \& \& ${ }^{4} 48$ \& r54 \& \& r20 \& ${ }^{19}$ \& 37 \& 39 \& 64 \& <br>
\hline Trailer chassis (detachable), sold separately ........................................ ........................ \& '15,360 \& r23,014 \& 2,055 \& -2,145 \& 1,544 \& 1,637 \& '3,521 \& -2,175 \& 2,323 \& ${ }^{1,794}$ \& r1,481 \& 1,805 \& 1,711 \& -2,497 \& 2,364 \& <br>
\hline RAILROAD EQUIPMENT \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Freight cars (new), for domestic use; all railroads and private car lines (excludes rebuilt cars and cars for export): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Shipments...................................number ... \& ${ }_{11}^{11,508}$ \& [13,236 \& | 2,687 |
| :--- |
| 2 |
| 2 |
| 687 | \& \& \& 3,198

3
3 \& \& \& \& \& \& 3,552 \& \& \& 4,457 \& <br>
\hline  \& 112,426 \& , 117,368 \& 3,8680. \& \& \& 4,780 \& \& \& 3, ${ }_{3,951}$ \& \& \& 5,077 \& \& \& ${ }_{7}^{4,244}$ \& <br>
\hline Equipment manufacturers .-........ ....................... \& 12,426 \& ${ }^{1} 17,368$ \& 3,860 \& \& \& 4,780 \& \& \& 3,951 \& \& \& 5,077 \& \& \& 7,209 \& <br>
\hline Unfilled orders, end of period .-.................do... \& 2,677 \& 6,736 \& 3,850 \& \& \& 5,432 \& \& \& 5,535 \& \& \& 6,736 \& \& $\cdots$ \& 12,727 \& <br>
\hline Equipment manufacturers .......... .............do .... \& 2,677 \& 6,736 \& 3,850 \& \& \& 5,432 \& \& \& 5,535 \& \& \& 6,736 \& \& \& 12,692 \& <br>
\hline Freight cars (revenue), class I railroads(AAR): $\ddagger$ Number owned, end of period....... ............thous. Capacity (carrying), total, end of month \& 99 \& 749 \& 81 \& \& \& 771 \& \& \& 759 \& \& 748 \& 49 \& ${ }^{744}$ \& 42 \& 743 \& <br>

\hline Average per car.......................... .............................. \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 67.20 \\
& 84.14
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63.63 \\
& 85.01
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 65.89 \\
& 84.35
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 65.76 \\
& 84.45
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 65.42 \\
& 84.51
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 65.19 \\
& 84.57
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 64.72 \\
& 84.68
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 64.65 \\
& 84.73
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 64.33 \\
& 84.80
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 64.02 \\
& 84.83
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63.49 \\
& 84.89
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63.63 \\
& 85.01
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63.37 \\
& 85.13
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63.52 \\
& 85.58
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63.38 \\
& 85.29
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## General Notes for all Pages:

r Revised.
p Preliminary.
e Estimated.
c Corrected.

Address requests for data to:
Statistical Series Branch
Current Business Analysis Division
Bureau of Economic Analysis
U.S. Department of Commerce

Washington, D.C. 20230.

## Page S -1

$\ddagger$ Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.
§ Monthly estimates equal the centered three-month average of personal saving as a percentage of the centered three-month moving average of disposable personal income.
$\diamond$ See note " $\diamond$ " for $\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{S}$-2.

## Page S-2

1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
$\diamond$ Effective Oct. 1987 SURVEY, the industrial production index has been revised back to Jan. 1985. These revisions are available upon request.
\# Includes data not shown separately.
\# Includes data not shown
$\dagger$ See note " $\dagger$ " for p. S-8.
$\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for p. S-8.
Page S-3
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\dagger$ See note " $\dagger$ " for p. S-8.
$\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for p . S-8.
Page S-4
2. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\ddagger$ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.
$\diamond$ For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products, petroleum and coal, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders.

Page S-5

1. Based on unadjusted data.
(a) Compiled by Dun \& Bradstreet, Inc.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).
$\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for p. S-4.
$\dagger$ Effective with the Feb. 1988 SURVEY, data (back to 1984, for some commodities) have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
$\diamond$ See note " $\uparrow$ " for p. S-6.

## Page S-6

§ Effective with the release of the January 1988 index, all producer price indexes previously expressed on a base of $1967=100$, or any other base through December 1981, have been rebased to $1982=100$. Only indexes with a base later than December 1981 remain unchanged. Selection of the 1982 period was made to coincide with the reference year of the shipment weights, which have been taken primarily from the 1982 Census of Manufactures. The last rebasing of these indexes occurred in February 1971, when the 1967 base was substituted for the 1957-59 base. Historical data on the new base are available upon request. For producer for the 1957-59 base. Historical data on the new base are available upon request. For producer
price indexes of individual commodities, see respective commodities in the Industry section price indexes of individual commodities, see respective commodities in the Industry section
beginning p. S-19. All indexes subject to revision four months after original publication.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\dagger$ Effective with the release of the January 1988 index, all consumer price indexes previously expressed on a base of $1967=100$, or any other base through December 1981, have been rebased to $1982-84=100$. Only indexes with a base later than December 1981 remain unchanged. Selection of the $1982-84$ period was made to coincide with the updated expenditure weights, which are based upon data tabulated from the Consumer Expenditure Surveys for 1982, 1983, and 1984. The last rebasing of these indexes occurred in February 1971, when the 1967 base was substituted for the 1957-59 base. Historical data on the new base are available upon request. Beginning with January 1987, data are calculated using 1982-84 expenditure patterns and updated population weights. Additional information regarding these changes is available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC 20212.

## Page S-7

1. Computed from cumulative valuation total.
2. Index as of May 1, 1988: building, 384.4; construction, 418.3.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Data for April, July, Oct., and Dec. 1987 are for five weeks; other months four weeks. $\diamond$ Effective Feb. 1988 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted housing starts have been revised back to 1985. These revisions are available upon request.
$\dagger$ Effective May 1988 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted building permits have been revised back to Jan. 1986. These revisions are available upon request.

## Page S-8

1. Advance estimate.
$\diamond$ Home mortgage rates (conventional first mortgages) are under money and interest rates on p. S-14.
§ Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately
@ Effective Oct. 1987 SURVEY, data are for mortgage loans closed as FSLIC-insured institutions. Historical data back to 1976 are available upon request.
$\ddagger$ Effective April 1988 SURVEY, wholesale trade data have been revised back to Jan. 1983. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report. Revised Monthly Wholesale Trade Sales and Inventories BW-13-87S, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233
$\ddagger$ Effective Aprif 1988 SURVEY, retail trade data have been revised. Estimates of retail sales and inventories have been revised back to January 1983. Some series have been revised back to 1978. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report Revised Monthly Retail Sales and Inventories BR-13-87S, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## Page S-9

1. Advance estimate.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\diamond$ Effective with the January 1988 SURVEY, the seasonally adjusted labor force series have been revised back to January 1983. The January 1988 issue of Employment and Earnings contains the new seasonal adjustment factors, a description of the current methodology, and revised data for the most recent 13 months or calendar quarters. Revised monthly data for the entire 1983-87 revision period are in the February 1988 issue of Employment and Earnings.
$\dagger$ The participation rate is the percent of the civilian noninstitutional population in the civilian labor force. The employment-population ratio is civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years and over.
@ Data include resident armed forces.
$\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger "$ for p. S-8.

## Page S-10

$\diamond$ See note " $\rangle$ " for p. S-9.
§ Effective June 1987 SURVEY, data have been revised back to April 1985 (not seasonally adjusted) and January 1982 (seasonally adjusted) to reflect new benchmarks and seasonal adjustment factors. The June 1987 issue of Employment and Earnings will contain a detailed discussion of the effects of the revisions.

Page S-11
$\ddagger$ This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.
$\diamond$ Production and nonsupervisory workers.
§ See note"§" for p. S-10.

## Page S-12

1. This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. Use the corresponding unadjusted series.
§ See note "§" for p. S-10.
$\diamond$ Production and nonsupervisory workers.
$\ddagger$ Earnings in 1977 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1977 by dividing by Consumer Price Index. Effective Feb. 1988 SURVEY, this series has been revised back to 1983 to reflect new seasonal factors for the CPI-W. Revised data are available upon request.
§§ Wages as of May 1, 1988: Common, $\$ 17.20$; Skilled, $\$ 22.58$.
@ New series. The Employment Cost Index (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the average change in the cost of employing labor: See p. S-36 of the August through October 1984 issues of the SURVEY for a brief description of the ECI.
$\dagger$ Excludes farm, household, and Federal workers.
$\ddagger \ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for p S-11.

## Page S-13

1. Average for Dec
2. Effective December 31, 1987, eight brokers and dealers in commercial paper were added to the reporting panel resulting in a series break. End of month figures on the old basis are as follows: All issuers, 352,915; financial companies, 275,907; dealer placed, 103,667; directly placed, 172,240; and nonfinancial companies, 77,008 .
$\ddagger$ Effective January 1984, series revised due to changes in the reporting panel and in the item contents. The new panel includes 168 banks that had domestic office assets exceeding $\$ 1.4$ billion as of December 31, 1982. Beginning Jan. 1985, data are as of the last Wednesday of the month. Earlier data are as of the Wednesday nearest the end of the month or year (meaning some data are as of the first Wednesday of the next month).
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\ddagger \ddagger$ Reflects offsetting changes in classification of deposits of thrift institutions. Deposits of thrifts were formerly grouped with deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations, instead of with deposits of commercial banks in the United States.

* "Transaction balances other than demand deposits" consists of ATS, NOW, super NOW, and telephone transfer accounts, which formerly were classified with savings deposits. "Nontransaction balances" reflects the combination of deposits formerly reported separately as time deposits and the savings deposits remaining after deduction of the items now reported separately under "transaction balances."
§ Excludes loans and federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and includes valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).
$\diamond$ Securities of Federal agencies and corporations have been shifted out of "other securities" and are now combined with U.S. Treasury securities. Also, loan obligations of States and political subdivisions have been shifted out of "other securities" and are now shown separately among the loan items.
@ Insured unemployment (all programs) data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws; amounts paid under these programs are excluded from state benefits paid data.
@@ Insured unemployment as a percent of average covered employment in a 12-month period.
** Effective Aug. 1987 SURVEY, data are provided by the Farm Credit Corporation of America on a quarterly basis. Quarterly data are available back to first quarter 1985, with annual data available back to 1961 .


## Page S-14

1. Data are for fiscal years ending Sept. 30 and include revisions not distributed to the months.
2. Weighted by number of loans.
3. Beginning Feb. 1988, data temporarily suspended by the Farm Credit Administration, which is revising the information it collects and amending the reports it distributes.
§ Effective Mar. 1988 SURVEY, data have been revised to reflect new benchmark and easonal adjustments. These revisions are available upon request.
$\dagger$ Effective Apr. 1988 SURVEY, the consumer installment credit series have been revised back to Jan. 1980 to reflect newly available historical information and to incorporate new seasonal factors. These revisions are available upon request.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\diamond$ Adjusted to exclude domestic commercial interbank loans and federal funds sold to domestic commercial banks.
$\ddagger$ Rates on the commercial paper placed for firms whose bond rating is $A a$ or the equivalent.
§§ Effective Apr. 1988 SURVEY, a total adjustment of $\$ 920$ million for fiscal year (FY) 1987 and $\$ 1,565$ million thru Feb. 1988 has been distributed by month for notes issued by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) in lieu of cash and not reported as outlays. The previous adjustment, in the Feb. 1988 SURVEY, has been reversed prior to these corrections. Effective Sept. 1987 SURVEY, the outlays for the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) have been adjusted by $\$ 442$ million for 1986 and $\$ 158$ million for 1987 to reflect FDIC debentures issued in lieu of cash and not reported previously as outlays.
$\ddagger \ddagger$ Courtesy of Metals Week.
(a) Average effective rate
@ Revised for periods between October 1986 and February 1987. During this interval, outstanding gold certificates were inadvertently in excess of the gold stock.

## Page S-15

$\dagger$ Effective Feb. 1988 SURVEY, the money stock measures and components have been revised and are available from the Banking Section of the Division of Research and Statistics at the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.
$\ddagger$ Composition of the money stock measures is as follows:
MI.-This measure is currency plus demand deposits at commercial banks and interestearning checkable deposits at all depository institutions-namely NOW accounts, automatic transfer from savings (ATS) accounts, and credit union share draft balances-as well as a small amount of demand deposits at thrift institutions that cannot, using present data sources, be separated from interest-earning checkable deposits. *
M2.-This measure adds to M1 overnight repurchase agreements (RP's) issued by commercial banks and certain overnight Eurodollars (those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks) held by U.S. nonbank residents, money market mutual fund shares, and savings and small-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of less than $\$ 100,000$ ) at all depository institutions. Depository institutions are commercial banks (including U.S. agencies and branches of foreign banks, Edge Act corporations, and foreign investment companies), mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
M3.-This measure equals M2 plus large-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of $\$ 100,000$ or more) at all depository institutions (including negotiable CD's) plus term RP's issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations.
L.-This broad measure of liquid assets equals M3 plus other liquid assets consisting of other Eurodollar holdings of U.S. nonbank residents, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, savings bonds, and marketable liquid Treasury obligations.
$\ddagger \ddagger$ Includes ATS and NOW balances at all depository institutions, credit union share draft balances, and demand deposits at thrift institutions.
$\diamond$ Overnight (and continuing contract) RP's are those issued by commercial banks to the nonbank public, and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. nonbank customers.
@ Small time deposits are those issued in amounts of less than $\$ 100,000$. Large time deposits are those issued in amounts of $\$ 100,000$ or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. Government, money market mutual funds, and foreign banks and official institutions.
\#' Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Effective Apr. 1988 SURVEY, 1987 data have been revised. Revisionsfor Jan. 1987: long-term, 7486; short-term, 372.

Page S-16
§ Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.
$\ddagger$ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
@ Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the component items.

## Page S-17

\# Includes data not shown separately.
§ Data may not equal the sum of geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the components.

## Page S-18

1. Annual total; quarterly or monthly revisions are not available.
2. Restaurant sales index data represent hotels and motor hotels only.
3. For month shown.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.

* Data have been revised back to 1981. They now include commuter railroads and small transit systems. Revised data are available upon request.
$\ddagger$ The threshold for Class I railroad status is adjusted annually by the Interstate Commerce Commission to compensate for inflation.
$\diamond$ Average daily rent per room occupied, not scheduled rates.
\#\# Data represent entries to a national park for recreational use of the park, its services, \#\# Data represent
$\dagger$ Before extraordinary and prior period items.
@ Changes in these unit value indexes may reflect changes in quality or product mix as well as price changes.


## Page S-19

1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
2. Less than 500 short tons.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.
@ Because of deregulation, carriers are free to enter both domestic and international markets. Previously, carriers were limited either to domestic or overseas markets. Separate data for domestic or overseas are no longer available.
$\ddagger$ Data for 1985-86 (and 1984, for inorganic chemical production items) have been revised and are available upon request.
$\diamond$ Beginning January, 1986, data are not directly comparable to earlier periods because the data represent only companies that have annual revenues over $\$ 100$ million.

Page S-20

1. Reported annual total; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.
2. Data are no longer available.
§ Data are not wholly comparable from year to year because of changes from one classification to another.
$\diamond$ Data for 1985-86 have been revised and are available upon request.
@ Includes less than 500 electric generation customers not shown separately.
@ Includes less than 100 electric generation customers not shown separately.
$\dagger$ Effective with the May 1988 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1985 and ar available upon request.

## Page S-21

1. Previous year's crop. New crop is not reported until Sept. (crop year: Sept. 1-Aug. 31).
2. Crop estimate for the year.
3. Stocks as of June 1 .
4. Stocks as of June 1 and represents previous year's crop; new crop not reported until

June (beginning of new crop year).
5. Less than 50,000 bushels.
6. Stock estimates for barley and oats are available once a year as June 1 stocks and
shown here in the May column and (as previous year's crop) in the annual column.
7. Stocks as of Dec. 1.
8. See note " $\S$ " for p . S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
9. Prices are no longer available.
10. Based on quotations for fewer than 12 months.
11. May 1 estimate of the 1988 crop.
1). Excludes pearl barley.
§ Excludes pearl b
\# Bags of 100 lbs .
@ Quarterly data represent the 3-month periods Dec.-Feb., Mar.-May, June-Aug.,
and Sept. -Nov. Annual data represent Dec.-Nov.
$\dagger$ Coverage for 21 selected States, representing approximately 85 percent of U.S. production.

## Page S-22

1. Monthly quotation not available
2. See note " $\S$ " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988
3. See note " $f$ " for this page.
$\S$ Cases of 30 dozen.
$\diamond$ Bags of 60 kilograms.
$\dagger$ Effective with the release of 1st Qtr. 1988 data, the import price index for coffee has been discontinued by BLS and replaced in the SURVEY with the import price index for coffee and coffee substitutes. The weighting structure used for the import price index reflects U.S. foreign trade flows based on 1985 data. Indexes, beginning with 2nd Qtr. 1975, are available upon request.

## Page S-23

1. Crop estimate for the year.
2. Reported annual total; revisions not distributed to the months
3. Data suppressed because they did not meet publication standards of the Bureau of the Census.
4. See note " $\S$ " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
\# Totals include data for items not shown separately.

## Page S-24

1. Annual data; monthly revisions not available.
2. See note " $\S$ " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.

* New series from the American Metal Market. The composite scrap price represents the average of consumers' buying prices, delivered, at the following markets: Chicago, Pittsburgh, and Philadelphia. Annual and monthly composite price data are available back to January 1982.

Page S-25

1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.
2. For month shown
(a) Beginning 1987, includes foreign ores.
$\dagger$ Beginning January 1982, data represent metallic (mostly aluminum) content. Data for 1981 and prior years represent aluminum content only
$\diamond$ The source for these series is now the Bureau of Mines.
§ Source: Metals Week.
Page S-26
3. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.
4. Less than 50 tons.
5. Total for 5 months; data for May, June, Sept., Nov., and Dec.
6. Total for 10 months; no data for Jan. and Feb.
$\bigcirc$ Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.
@ All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment
$\ddagger$ Source for monthly data: American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Source for annual data: Bureau of Mines.
\# Includes data not shown separately.
§ Beginning with the Aug. 1985 SURVEY, unadjusted fluid power shipments indexes are shown. Seasonally adjusted indexes are no longer available.
$\dagger$ For an explanation of material handling equipment shipments and historical data, see p. S-35 of the Dec. 1985 SURVEY.
@@ Beginning Oct. 1986, the Lead price represents North American Mean.
Page S-27
7. See note " $\S$ " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
8. Beginning January 1986, data have been restated because a new methodology has been adopted.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.
$\diamond$ Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and alcohol new supply (field production)," not shown separately.
$\dagger$ Effective with the Oct. 1987 SURVEY, coal production data for 1986 have been revised. Effective with the May 1988 SURVEY, coal consumption and stocks back through 1986 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
@ Includes U.S. produced and imported microwave ovens and combination microwave oven/ranges
$\ddagger$ "Tractor shovel loaders" includes some front engine mount wheel tractors that had previously been included in "Tractors, wheel, farm, and nonfarm."

Page S-28

1. Reported annual totals; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. See note " $\S$ " for $p$. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.

## Page S-29

. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. See note "§" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.

Source: American Paper Institute. Total U.S. estimated consumption by all newspaper users.
\# Compiled by the American Newspaper Publishers Association.
$\dagger$ Effective with the April 1988 SURVEY, the import price index for natural rubber has been revised. The index is now expressed on a base of $1985=100$. Also new weights based on 1985 trade flows have been applied to all data from 1985 onward. Revised data are available back to 4th qtr. 1983.

## Page S-30

1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. Monthly data are being withheld to avoid disclosing data from individual firms. Annual otal covers 9 months.
3. Data cover five weeks; other months, four weeks.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\diamond$ Cumulative ginnings to the end of month indicated.
$\S$ Bales of 480 lbs.

## Page S-31

1. Less than 500 bales.
2. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
3. Average for crop year; Aug. 1-Jul. 31.
4. For five weeks; other months four weeks.
5. See note " $\S$ " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
$\diamond$ Based on $480-\mathrm{lb}$. bales, preliminary price reflects sales as of the 15 th; revised price reflects total quantity purchased and dollars paid for the entire month (revised price includes discounts and premiums).
\# Beginning 1st qtr. 1986; quarterly data are estimated by the American Textile Manufacturers Institute based on annual data collected by the Bureau of Census.
§ Bales of 480 lbs..

+ Beginning 1st qtr. 1987, data are not comparable with earlier periods because they represent production of women's and girls' apparel and changes in representation of some items.


## Page S-32

1. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
2. Production of new vehicles (thous. of units) for Apr. 1988: passenger cars, 609; trucks and buses, 335.
3. Data are reported on an annual basis only.
4. Effective with the Feb. 1988 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1985 and are available upon request.
5. Beginning with January 1987, data include Honda, Nissan, and Toyota passenger cars produced in U.S. plants.
6. Beginning with January 1987, data include Nissan trucks produced in U.S. plants.
7. Beginning with 1st qtr. 1987, jeans, jean-cut casual and dungarees are included with trousers.
8. See note " $\dagger$ " for this page.
\# Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.
§ Domestics comprise all cars assembled in the U.S. and cars assembled in Canada and imported to the U.S. under the provisions of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965. Imports comprise all other cars.
$\diamond$ Courtesy of R.L. Polk \& Co.; republication prohibited. Because data for some states are not available, month-to-month comparisons are not strictly valid.
$\ddagger$ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.
@ Beginning 1st qtr. 1987, data are not comparable with earlier periods because they represent production of men's and boys' apparel and changes in representation of some items.
$\dagger$ Effective with the Mar. 1988 SURVEY, retail inventories for trucks and buses have been restated to exclude captive imports (vehicles manufactured overseas by U.S. affiliates). These data are available back through 1966.

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## 1988 RELEASE DATES FOR BEA ESTIMATES

| Subject | Release Date* |
| :---: | :---: |
| State Personal Income, 3d quar | Jan. 21 |
| Gross National Product, 4th quarter 1987 (preliminary) | Jan. 27 |
| Personal Income and Outlays, December 1987 | Jan. 28 |
| Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, December 1987. | Feb. |
| Merchandise Trade (balance of payments basis), 4th quarter 1987. | Feb. 24 |
| Gross National Product, 4th quarter 1987 (1st revision). | Feb. 25 |
| Personal Income and Outlays, January 1988 | Feb. 26 |
| Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, January 1988. | Mar. |
| Summary of International Transactions, 4th quarter 1987 | Mar. 15 |
| Gross National Product, 4th quarter 1987 (2d revision) | Mar. 23 |
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| Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 4th quarter 1987 and Revised Plans for 1988. | Apr. 15 |
| State Personal Income, 4th quarter 1987 and Per Capita Persional Income, 1987 (preliminary). | Apr. 20 |
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Subject

State Personal Income, 1st quarter 1988 Release Date*
tate Personal Income, 1st quarter 1988 ............................. July 20
Gross National Product, 2d quarter 1988 (preliminary).............. July 27
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Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 3d quarter 1988, Revised Dec. 21 †
Plans for 1988, and Plans for 198
Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging In. Dec. 30 dicators, November 1988.

+ A transfer of the Plant and Equipment Expenditures survey to the Census Bureau is planned. Under the plan, this release will be issued by the Census Bureau.

[^27]
[^0]:    1. The revised or additional major source data that are the basis for the revisions are listed in the note to table 1 on page 17.
[^1]:    Nors.-Dollar levels are found in tables 3.2 and 3.3 of the "Selected NIPA Tables."

[^2]:    2. For PAC, energy purchases are estimated for per sonal and business operation of motor vehicle emission abatement devices and for business operation of electric utilities and manufacturing facilities. Energy purchases for operation of motor vehicle emission abatement devices are for the fuel price penalty-the additional cost of unleaded fuel for motor vehicles with catalytic converter emission abatement devicesand for the fuel consumption penalty-the additional gasoline consumed by motor vehicles because of reduced fuel efficiency due to emission abatement devices. Because of technological improvements to devices, the fuel consumption penalty has become a declining portion of energy purchases. Energy purchases for electric utilities and manufacturing facilities are for the fuel price differential-the additional cost of fuels that have a lower sulfur content-and for energy used to operate PA equipment. PAC energy purchases are discussed in this article for air PA; they are a small portion of water PA and solid waste disposal.
[^3]:    1. For a discussion of the sources and methods for the GSP estimates, including a list of the 61 industries for which estimates are available, see the appendix.
[^4]:    2. Property taxes on owner-occupied housing are included because owner-occupied housing is treated as business in the national income and product accounts.
    3. For farming, the U.S. Department of Agriculture regularly publishes the data items needed to estimate GSP directly.
    4. See John W. Kendrick and C. Milton Jaycox, "The Concept and Estimation of Gross State Product," Southern Economic Journal 32 (October 1965): 153-68.
[^5]:    5. See BEA Staff Paper 42, Experimental Estimates of Gross State Product by Industry (Washington, DC U.S. Government Printing Office, 1985). The paper is available from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161; order no. PB-85-240-885; price $\$ 13$. The paper contains an extensive discussion of sources and methods.
[^6]:    This article reviews expenditures of U.S. residents traveling abroad and expenditures of foreign residents visiting the United States. These expenditures consist of the travel accounts and part of the passenger fare accounts that appear in the U.S. international transactions accounts. They do not cover U.S. carriers' receipts for transporting foreign residents between foreign points, because these receipts do not involve travel to and from the United States. These receipts are included, however, in the passenger fare account in line 5 of tables 1, 2, and 10 of the quarterly presentations of U.S. international transactions.
    Travel account payments include expenditures in foreign countries by U.S. visitors for food, lodging, entertainment, transportation abroad, and other incidental expenses. Shore expenditures of cruise passengers are included in travel payments. Excluded are expenditures by U.S. military and other Government personnel stationed abroad, by their dependents, and by U.S. citizens residing abroad. Payments to foreign transoceanic carriers and shipboard expenditures are included in the passenger fare account.

    Travel account receipts include expenditures in the United States by foreigners on business, pleasure, or transit visas for services similar to those indicated for payments. Receipts of U.S. transoceanic carriers from foreigners are included in the passenger fare account.
    For 1986 and 1987, estimates of expenditures of U.S. travelers and foreign visitors are based on 1985 average expenditures adjusted for changes in consumer prices (in both the United States and overseas countries) and exchange rates. These estimates will be revised to incorporate data from the survey of foreign visitors to the United States and U.S. travelers abroad, conducted by the U.S. Travel and Tourism Administration, when those data become available. (BEA's surveys of travelers that provided data for earlier years were discontinued.)

[^7]:    1. These data are from a BEA survey of new foreign direct investments in the United States that covers (1) existing U.S. business enterprises in which foreign investors acquired, directly or through their U.S. affiliates, at least a 10 -percent ownership interest and (2) new U.S. business enterprises established by foreign investors or their U.S. affliliates. Acquisitions of additional equity or voting interests in existing U.S. affiliates are not covered.

    The data presented in the article are limited to acquired or established U.S. enterprises that had total assets of over $\$ 1$ million or that owned at least 200 acres of U.S. land. Although partial reports, primarily for identification purposes, were required to be filed for investments not meeting these criteria, the data from them are not included in the accompanying tables. For 1987, 523 partial reports were filed; total assets of the U.S. business enterprises that filed partial reports were $\$ 103.8$ million.
    In addition to the data on new foreign direct investments presented here, BEA also publishes quarterly balance of payments flows and the annual direct investment position for both new and existing investments. The position estimates first appear in the June issue of the Survey of Current Business; more detailed estimates follow in the August issue. Estimates covering the operations of U.S. affiliates of foreign companies are available from BEA's annual sample survey of foreign direct investment in the United States; the latest estimates, covering 1986, appear in a related article in this issue of the Surver.

[^8]:    2. Investment outlays can be classified by country of foreign parent, as well as by country of UBO. The foreign parent is the first foreign person in the ownership chain of the acquired or established U.S. business; the UBO is the person in the ownership chain, beginning with the foreign parent, that is not owned more than 50 percent by another person. The country of UBO may be the same as that of the foreign parent, of UBO may be the same as that of the foreign parent, data classified by country of foreign parent are available in a set of supplementary tables (see box).
[^9]:    ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    - Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

    1. Sales, or gross operating revenue, excluding sales taxes.

    Nort.-Data for 1987 are preliminary. For acquired businesses, data are for, or as of the end of the fiscal year preceding the year of acquisition; for newly established businesses, data are projecthe fiscal year preceding the year of acquisition; for newly
    tions for, or as of the end of, the first full year of operation.

[^10]:    1. A U.S. affiliate is a U.S. business enterprise in which a single foreign person owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities if an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated business enterprise. Estimates presented in this article cover nonbank U.S. affiliates; data for bank affiliates are pubbank U.S. affiliates; data for bank affiliates are pub-
    lished by the Federal Reserve Board in the Federal lished by the Fe
    Reserve Bulletin.
    The estimates in this article are on a fiscal year basis. An individual affiliate's 1986 fiscal year is its financial reporting year that ended in calendar year 1986.

    The estimates were obtained by expanding, to universe totals, the sample data collected in BEA's annual survey of foreign direct investment in the United States. In terms of employment, data reported by the sample accounted for 88 percent of the universe estimate for 1986. A table presenting sample coverage for earlier years by industry of affiliate and country of ultimate beneficial owner appeared in "U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: Operations in 1984," Survey of Current Business 66 (October 1986):32. The values shown in that table for 1983 are typical of the sample coverage of the revised estimates for a given year. The values for 1984, which are slightly lower in most instances, are typical of the sample coverage of the preliminary estimates for a given year.

[^11]:    - Lesp than 0.5 percent ( $\pm$ ).
    - Less than 0.5 percent ( $\pm$ ).

[^12]:    3. For affiliates included on line 6, the total increase shown is less than the gross increase in these affiliates' employment due to new investments. This is because the change included on line 6 for an individual affiliate is a net change-it equals the increase due to the new investment less the decrease due to the sale or liquidation of a business. See the note to table 2 for a more detailed description of the procedures used to a more detailed descrive
    derive the estimates.

    New investments are (1) acquisitions of a 10 -percent-or-more ownership interest in existing U.S. business enterprises either directly by foreign direct investors or indirectly through the investors' existing U.S. affiliates or (2) the establishment of new U.S. affiliates by foreign direct investors.
    4. That article includes preliminary 1986 data from a, BEA survey covering U.S. business enterprises newly acquired or established by foreign direct investors. Revised results of the 1986 survey, and preliminary results of the 1987 survey, of new investments appear in "U.S. Business Enterprises Acquired or Established by Foreign Direct Investors in 1987," in this issue. The methodology, timing, and coverage of that survey differ from those of the survey used for this article.

[^13]:    * Less than 0.5 percent ( $\pm$ ).

    1. Consists of the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, U.S. offshore oil and gas sites, and all other outlying U.S. areas
    2. Consists of employees of U.S. affiliates working abroad.
[^14]:    6. Nonbank employment of all U.S. businesses was obtained by subtracting the employment of government and government enterprises, banks, and private households from the total employment of domestic industries, as published in table 6.6B of the national income and product accounts tables. For 1986, see Survey 67 (July 1987):60; for 1977, see The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-82: Statistical Tables (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1986), p. 273. U.S. affiliate employment estimates fcr 1977 are from Foreign Direct Investment in The United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates, 1977-80 (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1985), pp. 4-5.
    The comparisons begin with 1977 because that is the first year for which data are available that are definitionally consistent with the 1986 data.
    The estimates of employment, total assets, sales, and other measures of U.S. affiliate operations are not adjusted to reflect the percent of foreign ownerghip. Thus, for example, the employment estimates include all employees of each affiliate, even though foreigners may own less than 100 percent of the affiliate. Although data limitations make it impossible to adjust precisely the U.S. affiliate estimates for ownership percentage, information reported on the annual survey indicates that, with a few important exceptions, a large portion of U.S. affiliates are 100 percent foreign owned or have a high percent of foreign ownership. Rough calculations suggest that affiliate employment would be about 20 percent lower at the allindustries level if it were adjusted for the percent of foreign ownership.
[^15]:    10. The importance of differences in valuation is indicated by comparing affiliates' share of sales with their share of assets. Comparisons based on sales, unlike comparisons based on assets, are not distorted by differences in valuation because sales are generally valued at current prices.
    For manufacturing as a whole, U.S. affiliates' share For manufacturing as a whole, U.S. affiliates' share
    of all-U.S. business sales was 9.9 percent. This is smaller than the 12.1-percent share for total assets but is higher than the 7.8 -percent share for employment; these percentages indicate that part, but not all, of the difference between the asset- and employmentbased shares is due to differences in asset valuation. As noted in the text, the rest of the difference is probably attributable to the heavier concentration of affiliates in industries with low employment-to-asset ratios.
    11. The U.S. affiliate share of the motor vehicles portion of transportation equipment manufacturing is somewhat higher- 4.7 percent.
    It should also be noted that the U.S. affiliates of many of the large foreign automobile manufacturers are classified in wholesale trade and not in transportation equipment manufacturing, because most of tation equipment manufacturing, because most sales result from the wholesale distribution of imported cars rather than from sales of cars they manufactured in the United States (see footnote 5). However, because the domestic automobile production of these U.S. affiliates is currently small compared with that of U.S.owned manufacturers, the affiliate share for both total transportation equipment and for motor vehicles manufacturing would probably be only slightly higher than the shares cited above, even if these affiliates' manufacturing assets were included in manufacturing.
[^16]:    1. Includes tobacco manufacturing.

    Nors.- Total asseets and sales of all U.S. businesses cover U.S. corporations and are from the first quarter 1978 and first
    Norster 1978 issue was published by the Federal Trade Commission; the first quarter 1987 issue was published by the Census Bureau, which assumed responsibility for the QFR in 1983.

[^17]:    - Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
    - Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ or 500 acres.

[^18]:    D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    * Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ) or 500 acres.

[^19]:    ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppreseed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    - Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$ or 500 acres.

    1. OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Its members are Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.
[^20]:    - Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
    * Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$ or 500 acres.

    1. See footnote 1 , table 7 .
[^21]:    - Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    1. See footnote 1, table 7 .
[^22]:    - Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    1. See footnote 1, table 7.
[^23]:    ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    - Less than 500 acres.

    1. Equals the gross book value of land, mineral rights, and all other property, plant, and equipment wherever carried in the balance sheet.
    2. See footnote 1, table 3.
    3. For employment, conisists of employees of U.S. affiliates working abroad. For assets, consists primarily of movable fixed assets temporarily located outside the United States and any foreign assets, including mineral rights, carried directly on the U.S. affiliates' books.
[^24]:    
    
    
    
    

[^25]:    See footnotes at end of tablee

[^26]:    see footnotee at end of tables.

[^27]:    * These are target dates and are subject to revision.

