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Annual Revision of the U.S. International Accounts, 1974–2007

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A S IS customary each June, the estimates of the U.S. international transactions and of the U.S. international investment position have been revised to incorporate statistical and methodological revisions as well as changes in the details presented in the tables. This year, the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) has continued to address gaps in coverage. In large part, the gaps have arisen because of the dynamic nature of the international financial markets. However, services markets have also changed rapidly in recent years.

Major revisions this year were as follows:

- Services receipts and payments were revised for 2006–2007 to incorporate the results of BEA's benchmark survey of international services for 2006 and BEA's new follow-on survey of international services for 2007. Services receipts and payments were also revised for 2004–2005 to incorporate updated source data for those years.
- •For foreign securities, financial flows and interest receipts for foreign bonds and dividend receipts for foreign stocks were revised for 2006–2007 to incorporate results of the U.S. Treasury Department's benchmark survey of securities claims for December 2006. The same accounts were revised for 2002–2005 to adjust the results from earlier annual surveys.
- For U.S. securities, financial flows and interest payments for U.S. corporate bonds, U.S. Treasury bonds, and U.S. agency bonds and dividend payments for U.S. stocks were revised for 2006–2007 to incorporate results of the U.S. Treasury Department's annual survey of securities liabilities for June 2007.
- Claims on foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns were revised to account for financial intermediaries' claims associated with the issuance of asset-backed commercial paper for 2005–2007.
- Net U.S. currency shipments to foreign banks from U.S. banks were revised for 1974–2007.
- •U.S. direct investment abroad financial flows and income receipts were revised to incorporate the results of BEA's benchmark survey of U.S. direct investment abroad for 2004.

Significant changes in presentation have been made to the standard tables on services (table 3) and goods (table 2), and a new standard table on investment income has been introduced (table 4). The standard tables follow the article "U.S. International Transactions: First Quarter of 2008" in this issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Estimates of the international transactions accounts were revised for 1974–2007, and estimates of the international investment position were revised for 1976–2006. The revisions to the international transactions accounts were concentrated in 2002–2007, and the revisions to the investment position were concentrated in 2002–2006.

The improved statistical coverage and measurement in the accounts, new methodologies, and changes in presentation are discussed in the remainder of this article. In addition to these major changes, revisions to the accounts resulted from the incorporation of regularly available data from BEA's quarterly surveys, from the U.S. Treasury Department's and Federal Reserve System's monthly surveys, and from other U.S. government agencies and private sources. These revisions affected the estimates for 2005–2007.

For 2007, as a result of all the changes, the currentaccount deficit was reduced \$7.4 billion, to \$731.2 billion (table 1). By account, \$0.7 billion was removed from goods exports and \$3.3 billion was added to goods imports, resulting in a deficit that was \$4.0 billion higher than previously estimated. For services, \$18.1 billion was added to services exports and \$5.8 billion was added to services imports, resulting in a surplus that was \$12.3 billion higher than previously estimated. For income, \$35.6 billion was added to income receipts and \$28.1 billion was added to income payments, resulting in a surplus that was \$7.4 billion higher than previously estimated. For net current unilateral transfers, \$8.3 billion in net outflows (transfers to foreign residents) was added. Net financial account inflows (net acquisitions by foreign residents of assets in the United States less net acquisitions by U.S. residents of assets abroad) were revised up \$117.0 billion, to \$774.3 billion. Details on revisions to individual series are shown in table 2.

For 2006, as a result of all the changes, the net international investment position with direct investment at current cost was revised to -\$2,225.8 billion from

-\$2,539.6 billion: U.S. assets abroad were revised to \$14,381.3 billion from \$13,755.0 billion, and foreign assets in the United States were revised to \$16,607.1 billion from \$16,294.6 billion. Details on revisions to individual series are shown in table 3.

Services

BEA has recently completed a benchmark survey of international services for 2006 that significantly expands the coverage of transactions and improves their accuracy. The benchmark survey also requested for the first time data from affiliated parties on their transactions by detailed type of service. These improvements were incorporated into the follow-on quarterly surveys beginning with the first quarter of 2007. Estimates based on the new data now provide a complete picture of trade by detailed type of service, which was not previously possible.

These changes are the latest steps taken in a larger BEA effort to rethink its approach to collecting data on international business services. The effort began in 2004 when annual reporting was converted to quarterly reporting for most services, and three sample surveys were consolidated into a single survey. In this latest effort, a major emphasis was to further consolidate data collection, with data for nearly all business services collected on a single form. Historically, BEA's data collection system had utilized several forms. These forms were sometimes completed by different parts of a business organization, which often led to inconsistent responses. It was hoped that the consolidation of reporting requirements, as well as the requests for new information that are identified below, would lead companies to locate all reporting responsibilities to a single area of the company's administrative structure that would have direct knowledge of service transactions and the ability to provide accurate data. A second emphasis was to convert all reporting of remaining annual data to quarterly data in order to better capture the increased volatility of business services transactions. A third emphasis was to improve coverage of international services that were in the forefront of changes brought about by the rapid increase in globalization, especially business, professional, and technical services. A fourth emphasis was to request from affiliated reporters the same detail by type of service as requested from unaffiliated reporters; these details had been absent from previous reporting and impeded analysis by detailed type of service, but they had been included in totals by major type of service.

By design, the latest changes were planned to begin in the same year as a scheduled benchmark survey (2006) so that, in principle, comprehensive data would be captured at the lowest level of detail. Exemption levels were lowered sharply, as they normally are in a benchmark survey, and the exemption level for payments was placed at a much lower level than the exemption level for receipts in recognition of the perceived greater difficulty in identifying and collecting payments transactions. In addition, the newly expanded follow-on quarterly survey of services, which replaced a more limited survey, retained the full amount of detail by type of service and country as the benchmark survey, the only difference being the higher exemption levels.

The results of the benchmark survey for 2006 and the newly expanded follow-on quarterly survey beginning with estimates for the first quarter of 2007 are included in this year's annual revision. Services covered by the surveys include royalties and license fees and the many types of services that comprise "other" private services. These estimates are supplemented with the results of the benchmark survey of U.S. direct investment abroad for 2004, which updated some of the previously collected service data, and with the final results of an annual survey of services for 2005. Most of the revisions result from the benchmark and follow-on surveys and are concentrated in 2006 and 2007. For these years, total royalties and license fee receipts are revised up and payments are revised down, and total "other" private services (which include financial services, insurance services, telecommunications services,

Acknowledgments

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Estimates based on the U.S. Treasury Department's annual surveys of securities were prepared by Renee Sauers, Elena Nguyen, and Jessica Hanson under the direction of Christopher Gohrband. Estimates of asset-backed commercial paper were prepared by Douglas Weinberg and Jessica Hanson.

The new services estimates for royalties and license fees and "other" private services were prepared under the direction of Michael Mann and Christopher Emond by members of the Current-Account Services Branch and of the Special Surveys Branch.

The benchmark estimates of U.S. direct investment abroad were prepared under the direction of Mark New by members of the Direct Investment Abroad Branch.

Mai-Chi Hoang prepared the updated presentation of merchandise trade transactions, Kristy Howell prepared the new table on investment income, and Barbara Berman prepared the currency flow estimates. and business, professional, and technical services) are revised up for receipts and up for payments (table 2, lines 9, 10, 26, 27).

The benchmark and follow-on quarterly surveys of selected business services, as well as the quarterly surveys of financial services, also collect for the first time data for affiliated transactions by detailed type of service. Affiliated transactions by major type of service had previously been included in the aggregate services estimates, but affiliation by type of detailed service had not previously been available. That shortcoming has now been removed because the new surveys now collect data on affiliated transactions by detailed type of service. Consequently, presentations of services data by type, such as those that appear in standard table 3 of the international transactions accounts, now include both affiliated and unaffiliated transactions by detailed type of service, whereas the previous estimates included only unaffiliated transactions by detailed type of service. The new estimates fill a long-standing gap in the accounts and now provide a more complete picture of trade by detailed type of service.

Table A summarizes the new estimates of affiliated transactions for the detailed components of royalties

Table A. Exports of Private Services by Detailed Type of Service—Continues

[Millions of dollars]

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Exports of private services (table 3, line 1)	290,217	336,332	368,496	415,321	479,980
Of which:					
Royalties and license fees (table 1, line 9 or table 3, line 7)	46,988	56,715	64,395	72,191	82,614
By type:					
Industrial processes	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	33.650	37.441
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	22,647	26,217
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	3,173	3,294
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	4,617	5,657	6,480	7,829	7,931
Other	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	38.541	45,172
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	26,205	28,510
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	444	861
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	6,833	7,984	9,420	11,893	15,802
By affiliation:					
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	32,324	39,399	44,408	48,852	54,726
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	3,215	3,675	4,088	3,617	4,154
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	11,449	13,642	15,900	19,723	23,733
Other private services (table 1, line 10 or table 3, line 13)	131,563	149,262	160,051	189,050	223,483
By type:					
Education	13,312	13,634	14,021	14,645	15,732
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates				······	
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups					
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	13,312	13,634	14,021	14,645	15,732
Financial services	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	47,439	58,266
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,632	10,113
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,761	2,179
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	19,699	27,766	31,004	37,046	45,974
Insurance services	5,974	7,314	7,566	10,095	10,286
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	(¹)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	(1)	(1)
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	5,974	7,314	7,566	10,095	10,286
Telecommunications	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	7,278	8,283
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,577	2,413
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	590	955
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	4,452	4,651	4,748	5,111	4,915
Business, professional, and technical services	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	89,692	107,675
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	24,462	30,401
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	17,903	20,918
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	30,781	34,546	40,454	47,327	56,355
Other services	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	19,901	23,241
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,738	6,311
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0	10,000
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	14,337	14,877	14,257	17,162	16,929
By affiliation:					
U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	26,313	28,841	31,496	37,410	49,238
U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	16,693	17,634	16,506	20,254	24,052
U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	88,557	102,787	112,050	131,386	150,193

n.a. Not available

premiums and who are unaffiliated with either company. Only primary insurance services between a U.S. company that is not an insurance company and an affiliated foreign insurance company, such as a captive foreign insurance affiliate, are considered to be affiliated. Data on affiliated insurance transactions are not available separately.

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 ... Not applicable
 1. Most insurance services transactions are deemed to be unaffiliated even when they are between affiliated companies because the services are deemed to be provided to the policyholders who pay the insurance

and license fees and for "other" private services. Within royalties and license fees receipts, industrial processes by affiliated parties totaled \$25.8 billion in 2006, and "other" royalties and license fees totaled \$26.6 billion. Within royalties and license fees payments, industrial processes by affiliated parties totaled \$13.9 billion, and "other" royalties and fees totaled \$4.3 billion. Within "other" private services, the largest increases resulting from the introduction of affiliated transactions were for business, professional, and technical services, which totaled \$42.4 billion for 2006 for receipts and \$41.8 billion for payments, and for finan-

cial services, which totaled \$10.4 billion for 2006 for receipts and \$6.0 billion for payments. Within business, professional, and technical services, the largest increases for both receipts and payments were in management, consulting, and public relations services, in computer and data base services, and in research, development, and testing. Detailed transactions by affiliation by type of detailed service are not available prior to 2006.

Additional results from the benchmark survey and follow-on survey will be presented in their most complete form in the October Survey.

Table A. Imports of Private Services by Detailed Type of Service—Table Ends [Millions of dollars]

2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 Imports of private services (table 3, line 23)..... 221,938 258,147 279,486 313,865 341,126 19,033 Royalties and license fees (table 1, line 26 or table 3, line 29) 23.266 24.612 23.777 25.048 By type: Industrial processes .. 16,983 18,093 n.a n.a. U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates 1.476 1.426 n.a n.a. n.a. U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups 12,396 13,030 n.a U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 2.358 2,881 2,843 3,637 3,111 6,794 6,955 U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates. n.a. n.a. n.a. 573 807 U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups . n.a n.a n.a 3.715 4,390 U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 1.495 2.513 1.438 2.506 1.758 By affiliation: U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates ... 3.181 2.233 2.645 2.612 2.049 U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups 12.534 15.261 17.150 16.112 17.420 U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 5.396 3.854 5.393 4.281 5.617 Other private services (table 1, line 27 or table 3, line 35) .. 79,764 90,252 97.818 125,221 144,375 3,148 3,542 3,992 4,523 Education. 4,465 U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates. U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners 3,148 3,542 3,992 4,523 Financial services ... 14,242 18,928 n.a. n.a. n.a. U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates . 4.855 6.047 n.a. n.a n.a. U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups . 1,426 1,176 n.a n.a n.a U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 3.996 5.486 6.420 11.455 8.211 29.090 28.710 37.373 42.761 Insurance services 25 234 U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates. (1) (1) U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups 29 090 42,761 U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 25 234 28.710 37 373 7,334 6,367 Telecommunications n.a n.a n.a. U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates . 757 n.a n.a U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups 1.094 1.398 U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners 4,255 4,601 4,519 4,794 5,179 Business, professional, and technical services... 61,068 68,763 n.a. n.a. n.a. U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates n.a 26.775 29.177 n.a U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups . 14,995 17,693 n.a n.a U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 10.971 13.771 14,810 19,298 21,893 Other services 1,706 2,065 n.a. n.a. n.a. U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates ... 564 251 n.a. n.a. n.a. U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups ... n.a n.a n.a U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 1,500 705 927 1.541 1.449 By affiliation: U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates . 18.841 20,380 22,544 32,360 36,545 U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups . 12 618 12.457 15 282 17.271 20.518 U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners. 48,305 57,416 59,992 75,590 87,312

premiums and who are unaffiliated with either company. Only primary insurance services between a U.S. company that is not an insurance company and an affiliated foreign insurance company, such as a captive foreign insurance affiliate, are considered to be affiliated. Data on affiliated insurance transactions are not available separately

n.a. Not available

Not applicable
 Most insurance services transactions are deemed to be unaffiliated even when they are between affiliated
 Most insurance services transactions are deemed to be unaffiliated even when they are between affiliated
 Most insurance when they are between affiliated to the policyholders who pay the insurance companies because the services are deemed to be provided to the policyholders who pay the insurance

Securities

BEA is revising its estimates of securities transactions and of U.S. nonbank financial intermediaries' claims because recent developments in securitization have led to transactions that have not been fully captured in the Treasury International Capital (TIC) reporting system and BEA's direct investment reporting system.

Securitization has grown rapidly in recent years as a result of strong demand for securitized products, which contributed to product innovation. The rapid growth has presented numerous challenges to statistical reporting systems. Consequently, purchases and sales of assets by offshore securitization vehicles and the funding of the vehicles have not always been fully captured in the international accounts.

Securitization is the pooling of preexisting, often illiquid assets, such as mortgage loans, in a separate legal entity called a special purpose vehicle (SPV) that finances the assets by issuing debt and a small, sometimes nominal, amount of equity. SPVs are partly distinguished by the types of debt that they issue. Some vehicles are funded solely through the issuance of very short-term asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP). These vehicles are known as ABCP conduits. Structured investment vehicles (SIVs) also issue ABCP as well as medium-term notes. Other vehicles are financed solely or in large part through the issuance of long-term debt. Examples of these vehicles include mortgage-backed securities (MBSs) and collateralized debt obligations (CDOs).

Some transactions in long-term securities resulting from the securitization process that should have been captured in the TIC reporting system were not fully captured. The most recent benchmark survey of securities claims by the Treasury Department indicated that U.S. holdings of foreign securities were substantially higher than estimated positions previously published by BEA. In addition, the most recent annual survey of securities liabilities by the Treasury Department indicated that foreign holdings of U.S. securities were substantially higher than estimated positions previously published by BEA. For U.S. securities, BEA's analysis suggests that the unreported transactions were mainly purchases of U.S. asset-backed securities by offshore SPVs, such as SIVs and CDOs. For foreign securities, BEA's analysis suggests that the unreported transactions were mainly U.S. purchases of foreign asset-backed securities issued by some of these same offshore SPVs.

BEA has also determined that much of the shortterm U.S. funding for these offshore vehicles should have been reported in BEA's direct investment reporting system but was not reported. The short-term funding should have been reported as changes in nonbank financial intermediaries' claims resulting from the transfer of ABCP proceeds from Delaware affiliates to offshore SPVs through intercompany loans or note purchases.

The difficulties in reporting transactions associated with the securitization process are the source of nearly all of the revisions to foreign securities, U.S. securities, and U.S. nonbank financial intermediaries' accounts in this year's annual revision.

Foreign securities

Positions. U.S. holdings of foreign securities (table 3, line 19) were revised up \$172.2 billion to \$5,604.5 billion for 2006 to incorporate the results of the December 2006 Treasury Department benchmark survey of securities claims and other updated source data. The benchmark survey results caused upward revisions to both bond and stock positions for 2006 because the positions reported on the survey were higher than the previously published positions. The position for foreign bonds for 2006 was revised up \$108.3 billion because of the benchmark survey and up \$5.0 billion because of updated source data. The upward revisions were largely attributable to the underreporting of U.S. holdings of asset-backed bonds. In addition, positions were revised down \$18.5 billion to remove positions for U.S. official holdings of foreign sovereign debt, which were already accounted for in the U.S. reserve asset position. The position for foreign stocks for 2006 was revised up \$78.8 billion because of the benchmark survey and down \$1.4 billion because of updated source data.

Information from the survey was also used to adjust the weights used to estimate price changes on bonds. In addition, BEA is modifying its measure of stock price changes used to estimate stock position estimates. The new methodology uses 47 individual country indexes and 9 regional Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) stock price indexes stated in dollars to estimate stock position estimates. Previously, more aggregated indexes had been used. The new methodology will provide more accurate individual country and area stock positions as well as individual country and area income estimates (which are estimated by applying a dividend yields to position estimates).

Transactions. Transactions in foreign securities (table 2, line 52) were revised for 2004–2007 to incorporate updated monthly transactions data from the Treasury International Capital (TIC) reporting system and to incorporate a change to the quarterly adjustments to net purchases of foreign bonds and foreign stocks prompted by the benchmark survey results.

For foreign bonds, survey results indicate that net

U.S. purchases reported in the TIC reporting system were too low. Some net purchases in primary and secondary markets of asset-backed bonds issued by offshore SPVs may have been missed. In addition, some U.S. purchases of foreign bonds may have been misreported as foreign sales of U.S. corporate bonds, thus understating net U.S. purchases of foreign bonds. This misreporting may have occurred because offshore SPVs were viewed by market participants as extensions of their U.S. sponsors rather than as separate foreign entities.

To remedy the underreporting and misreporting of net U.S. purchases, BEA has increased its upward adjustment of net U.S. purchases of foreign bonds from \$2.0 billion each quarter to \$8.0 billion each quarter in 2004, to \$4.5 billion each quarter in 2005, to \$20.0 billion each quarter in 2006, and to \$17.5 billion in the first and second quarters of 2007. The adjustment returns to \$2.0 billion each quarter from the third quarter of 2007 onward because the issuance of assetbacked bonds fell off sharply in the second half of 2007 in the midst of the market turmoil related to the U.S. subprime mortgage market.

For foreign stocks, survey results indicate that net U.S. purchases do not need any additional adjustments for 2006. However, BEA took this opportunity to review all 5 years of data between the 2006 benchmark survey and the 2001 benchmark survey and concluded that additional adjustments were needed for 2005. As a result, BEA increased its upward adjustment to net U.S. purchases of foreign stocks for 2005 from \$12.6 billion to \$56.6 billion spread over the four quarters of the year.

In total, net U.S. purchases of foreign securities were revised up \$24.0 billion for 2004, up \$54.1 billion for 2005, up \$75.8 billion for 2006, and up \$14.9 billion for 2007 because of the change in quarterly adjustments and updated source data.

Income. Income on foreign securities (excluding income earned on asset-backed commercial paper) (table 2, part of line 15) was revised for 2002-2007 to incorporate the results of the December 2006 benchmark survey of securities claims and other updated source data. The revisions to positions in foreign securities from the benchmark survey described above were carried through to the income estimates, which were estimated by applying coupon and dividend yields to position estimates. Information from the annual survey was also used to adjust the weights for the yields. Income on foreign securities was revised down \$0.3 billion for 2002, down \$0.1 billion for 2003, down \$0.5 billion for 2004, down \$0.8 billion for 2005, up \$4.4 billion for 2006, and up \$14.1 billion for 2007 because of the benchmark survey results, the removal of reserve positions for foreign bonds, and updated source data.

U.S. corporate bonds and stocks

Positions. Foreign holdings of U.S. corporate bonds and stocks were revised for yearend 2006 to incorporate results of the June 2007 Treasury Department annual survey of securities liabilities and other updated source data. The annual survey results caused a small downward revision to foreign official holdings of U.S. corporate bonds and stocks, a sizable upward revision to private holdings of U.S. corporate bonds, and a small upward revision to private holdings of corporate stocks. (Securities liabilities surveys are conducted for each June and BEA's estimates of positions are for yearend. BEA estimates yearend positions by using the June position data from the liabilities survey plus monthly TIC transactions and estimates of valuation changes.)

For 2006, foreign official holdings of U.S. corporate bonds and stocks (table 3, line 33) were revised down \$7.0 billion because the survey results were lower than the previously published estimates. Private holdings of U.S. corporate bonds (table 3, part of line 38) were revised up \$110.3 billion because the survey results were higher than the previously published estimates and up \$10.5 billion because of updated transactions data. Private holdings of stocks (table 3, line 39) were revised up \$10.4 billion because of the survey results and down \$1.6 billion because of updated transactions data.

Transactions. Net private foreign purchases of U.S. corporate bonds (table 2, part of line 66) were revised up \$96.0 billion for 2006 and \$114.0 billion for 2007 as a result of the June 2007 Treasury annual survey of securities liabilities, and were revised up \$9.5 billion for 2006 and up \$11.3 billion for 2007 as a result of updated transactions data.

BEA's estimate of foreign private holdings of U.S. corporate bonds as of June 2007 was \$238.0 billion, or 9 percent, lower than the annual survey result, in stark contrast to the discrepancy pattern in recent years. BEA's June 2006 estimate was \$19.8 billion, or 1 percent, higher than the 2006 survey result, and BEA's June 2005 estimate was \$18.3 billion, or 1 percent, higher than the 2005 survey result. The unusually large underestimation for 2007 was mostly related to transactions associated with offshore SPVs that were unreported entirely or misreported in the TIC transactions reporting system.

Transactions related to both the assets and liabilities of SPVs may have been missed or misreported. On the asset side, the initial transfer of U.S. corporate debt securities to offshore SPVs by U.S. sponsors should have been reported as foreign purchases of U.S. securities

but may not have been fully reported because some U.S. sponsors did not consider these transfers to be reportable transactions. In addition, secondary market transactions in U.S. corporate bonds by offshore SPVs may not have been fully reported.

On the liabilities side, transactions between U.S. and foreign residents in long-term debt securities issued by offshore SPVs may have been misreported to some extent as transactions in U.S. securities rather than as transactions in foreign securities. Specifically, U.S. purchases of foreign bonds issued by offshore SPVs may have been misreported as foreign sales of U.S. corporate bonds. Hence, net foreign purchases of U.S. corporate bonds, which are gross purchases minus gross sales, may have been understated. Since BEA's position estimates are partly based on transactions data, the misreporting of transactions helps to explain the underestimate of foreign holdings of U.S. corporate bonds.

Net private foreign purchases of corporate stocks (table 2, part of line 66) were revised down \$2.9 billion for 2006 and down \$0.9 billion for 2007 as a result of updated transactions data.

Income. Income payments on U.S. corporate bonds and stocks (table 2, part of line 32) were revised for 2006 and 2007 to incorporate results from the June 2007 annual survey and other updated source data. As a result, income payments on U.S. corporate bonds and stocks were revised up \$1.5 billion for 2006 and \$13.7 billion for 2007.

Interest payments on U.S. corporate bonds were revised up \$1.2 billion for 2006 and \$9.5 billion for 2007 as a result of a June 2007 annual survey position that was higher than BEA's previously published estimates. Updated transactions data led to upward revisions of \$0.2 billion for 2006 and \$3.6 billion for 2007.

Dividend payments on U.S. corporate stocks were revised up \$0.1 billion for 2006 and \$0.6 billion for 2007 as a result of a June 2007 annual survey position that was slightly higher than BEA's previously published estimates.

U.S. claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns

Positions. U.S. claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns (table 3, line 22) were revised up to account for U.S. nonbank financial intermediaries claims associated with the issuance of asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP) that were not captured in BEA's direct investment reporting system. Claims were revised up \$226.0 billion for 2005 and up \$316.0 billion for 2006. The reasons are the same as those for financial flows.

Financial flows. Short-term funds raised in U.S. markets by offshore SPVs should have been reported

in BEA's direct investment reporting system but were not. Many offshore SIVs and ABCP conduits set up 100 percent owned affiliates in Delaware for the sole purpose of issuing ABCP in the U.S. market. The ABCP proceeds were then lent to the offshore SPVs, which used the funds to purchase other assets. Beginning in the third quarter of 2007, many offshore SPVs were forced to repay funds to their Delaware affiliates that were suddenly unable to roll over maturing ABCP. The intercompany debt transactions between Delaware affiliates and their offshore parents took the form of increases and decreases in U.S. nonbank claims on financial intermediaries' accounts.

BEA has developed a proxy measure to estimate the intercompany debt transactions between Delaware affiliates and their offshore parents in lieu of reporting by the affiliates. (The affiliates are now included in the direct investment reporting system, and the need to continue use of the proxy measure will be reexamined as data are reported.) The proxy measure is based on quarterly changes in U.S. ABCP outstanding for the affiliates as reported by industry sources. Quarterly changes in ABCP outstanding are assumed to lead to intercompany debt transactions between affiliates and their foreign parents. Therefore, if affiliates' ABCP outstanding increased in a quarter, it is assumed affiliates had net lending to their foreign parents in the amount that ABCP increased. If ABCP outstanding decreased in the quarter, it is assumed that foreign parents repaid their Delaware affiliates.

BEA initially included estimates for these intercompany debt transactions beginning with the third quarter of 2007, when very large decreases in ABCP outstanding led to very large repayments of funds by offshore SPVs to their Delaware affiliates. BEA has now included estimates beginning with 2005, when ABCP borrowing by affiliates of offshore SPVs began to accelerate. U.S. nonbank financial intermediaries' claims were revised up \$55.0 billion for 2005, \$90.0 billion for 2006, and \$30.0 billion for 2007 (table 2, line 53).

Income. Income earned on U.S. nonbank claims on financial intermediaries' accounts is included in other private income receipts (table 2, line 15). As a result of the additional claims that arise from the inclusion of ABCP, income receipts are revised up \$4.9 billion for 2005, up \$10.0 billion for 2006, and up \$4.3 billion for 2007.

U.S. Treasury and agency bonds

Positions. Foreign holdings of U.S. Treasury bonds and agency bonds were revised for 2006 to incorporate the results of the 2007 Treasury Department annual survey of securities liabilities and other updated source data.

For 2006, foreign official holdings of Treasury bonds (table 3, line 29) were revised up \$37.7 billion as a result of the annual survey and were revised down \$0.2 billion as a result of updated source data. For 2006, private holdings of U.S. Treasury bonds (table 3, line 36) were revised down \$26.4 billion as a result of the annual survey.

For 2006, foreign official holdings of agency bonds (table 3, line 30) were revised up \$24.6 billion as a result of the annual survey and up \$0.3 billion as a result of updated source data. For 2006, private holdings of U.S. agency bonds (table 3, part of line 38) were revised up \$17.2 billion as a result of the survey and were revised down \$3.0 billion as a result of updated source data.

Transactions. Transactions in U.S. Treasury bonds and notes were revised for 2006 and 2007 to incorporate the annual survey results and other updated source data. The findings are similar to those for the position estimates; that is, the survey results indicate that net purchases reported in the TIC reporting system for private foreigners were too high, while net purchases for official foreigners were too low. BEA, using estimates provided by the Federal Reserve Board based on the survey results, has adjusted the transactions data to correct for the misclassification that can occur when foreign official transactions are mistakenly attributed to the private sector rather than to the official sector of the accounts.

Foreign official net purchases of Treasury bonds and notes (table 2, line 58) were revised up \$19.4 billion for 2006 and up \$8.4 billion for 2007 as a result of the annual survey and were revised up \$0.6 billion for 2007 as a result of updated source data. Foreign private purchases (table 2, line 65) were revised down \$19.4 billion for 2006 and down \$8.4 billion for 2007 as a result of the annual survey and were revised down \$2.9 billion for 2006 and down \$1.1 billion for 2007 as a result of updated source data.

Transactions in U.S. agency bonds were revised for 2006 and 2007 to incorporate the annual survey results and updated monthly source data, a change to the methodology for the adjustment of net foreign purchases for prepayments of mortgage-backed securities and "other redemptions," and a reclassification of some net foreign purchases to official holdings from private holdings.

The 2007 annual liabilities survey highlighted a shortage of net purchases reported in the TIC reporting system. BEA has added additional net purchases to both the private and official foreign accounts to bring BEA estimates in line with the annual liabilities survey.

BEA has also revised its methodology for adjusting net purchases of agency bonds for prepayments of mortgage-backed securities and "other redemptions". With the availability of results from the 2007 annual liabilities survey, it has become clear that the size of adjustments for "other redemptions" had become too large. Therefore, for now, BEA is removing this adjustment. The adjustment for prepayments of mortgage-backed securities has been retained.

Similar to the situation for U.S. Treasury bonds, some net foreign purchases of agency bonds initially reported as private transactions should be classified as official transactions. BEA, using estimates provided by the Federal Reserve Board based on the survey results, has adjusted the transactions data to correct for the misclassification that can occur when foreign official transactions are mistakenly attributed to the private sector rather than to the official sector of the accounts.

In total, foreign official net purchases of agency bonds (table 2, line 59) were revised up \$28.3 billion for 2006 and down \$10.5 billion for 2007. Foreign private purchases (table 2, part of line 66) were revised down \$11.2 billion for 2006 and up \$57.6 billion for 2007.

Income. Income on U.S. Treasury bonds was revised for 2006 and 2007 to incorporate the results of the June 2007 annual liabilities survey and other updated source data. Income on U.S. Treasury bonds (table 2, part of line 33) was revised up \$0.5 billion for 2006 and up \$2.3 billion for 2007.

Income on U.S. agency bonds was revised for 2006 and 2007 to incorporate the results of the June 2007 annual liabilities survey and other updated source data. Income on U.S. agency bonds (table 2, part of line 33) was revised up \$0.8 billion for 2006 and up \$5.6 billion for 2007.

U.S. currency flows

U.S. currency—particularly Federal Reserve notes—is widely held by foreigners. The currency is used for many of the same reasons as in the United States. It serves as a unit of account, a medium of exchange, and a store of value, especially when the purchasing power of the domestic currency is uncertain. As a safe asset in an unpredictable world, dollars flow into a country during periods of economic and political upheaval and sometimes remain there well after the crisis has subsided. In other situations, the dollar co-circulates with the domestic currency for extended time periods.

Although the amount of U.S. currency outstanding is known, the shares in domestic and in foreign circulation are notoriously difficult to measure accurately. The difficulty is not surprising, given the diversity of channels through which currency may flow abroad, the destinations of the currency, and its varied uses.

The international transactions accounts have

included estimates of currency flows to and from the United States since 1997. At that time, a method of measurement was developed in close cooperation with the research staff at the Federal Reserve Board. The Federal Reserve staff maintains the statistical series, and the estimates are for the period from 1974 to the present. Recent developments have led to refinement of the method used to prepare the estimates, but the basic methodology remains sound and is unchanged.

The exact amount of currency flowing abroad is not known. As a proxy, the previous estimates used total net disbursements of \$100 notes from the New York City and Los Angeles cash offices of the Federal Reserve district banks. At the time of the introduction of the estimates, these were the only cash offices with sizable net disbursements of \$100 notes. Over the past decade, net disbursements from other cash offices have become larger. In recognition of this development, adjustments have been made to the set of offices used in the proxy measure, and the entire series has been revised for 1974–2007.

Net shipments to foreigners for the revised series are lower for all years of 1974–2007 because the revised series records more completely return flows of currency to the United States. The quarterly pattern of movements in the previously published and revised series is very similar. The outstanding stock of U.S. currency held abroad, which is included in the international investment position, is also lower for all years.

Revised estimates of net currency flows to foreigners, foreign holdings at yearend, and the total amount of currency in circulation are shown in table B. At yearend 2007, U.S. currency held abroad had grown to \$272.0 billion, or 36 percent, of the \$763.8 billion in circulation.

The new measure of net currency flows is believed to represent nearly all of the currency transactions that occur through wholesale banking channels. Currency that flows abroad through other channels—through tourists, through business persons, through personal remittances, and through U.S. military personnel stationed overseas—is not covered in this estimate. Currency smuggled and other illegal activities involving cash, such as drug trafficking, are also not covered in this estimate.

U.S. direct investment abroad

Results of BEA's 2004 benchmark survey of U.S. direct investment abroad are incorporated into the accounts. For years after 2004, the estimates were revised by extrapolating forward the 2004 universe data by using

Table B. U.S. Currency, 1973–2007
[Millions of dollars]

	Net flows to foreigners	Foreign holdings at yearend	Currency in circulation at yearend 1
1973	n.a.	7,743	61,929
	986	8,729	68,188
	1,200	9,929	74,138
	1,321	11,250	80,967
	1,451	12,701	89,043
1978	2,239	14,940	97,963
	1,702	16,642	106,882
	2,773	19,415	117,379
	1,559	20,974	124,641
	2,467	23,441	134,805
1983	4,105	27,546	148,604
	2,396	29,942	158,449
	3,316	33,258	170,094
	2,421	35,679	182,852
	3,866	39,545	199,128
1988	4,111	43,656	214,646
	3,749	47,405	224,977
	16,586	63,991	249,041
	12,813	76,804	269,487
	11,086	87,890	294,540
1993	16,618	104,508	324,343
	20,585	125,093	357,589
	8,840	133,933	376,272
	14,151	148,084	398,047
	22,425	170,509	428,954
1998	13,847	184,356	464,261
	24,407	208,763	522,071
	-3,357	205,406	535,565
	23,794	229,200	585,229
	18,861	248,061	630,267
2003	10,591	258,652	666,670
	13,301	271,953	702,385
	8,447	280,400	728,924
	2,227	282,627	754,548
	–10,675	271,952	763,758

^{1.} Measured as a component of U.S. money stock

data collected in BEA's quarterly cutoff sample survey, which covers all U.S.-owned foreign businesses above a specified size-exemption level, and by incorporating new or adjusted data from the sample surveys for those years. Previously, the estimates for 2004 forward were extrapolated from the 1999 benchmark survey.

The 2004 benchmark survey covers the universe of foreign affiliates of U.S. direct investors. In nonbenchmark years, universe estimates of the direct investment position and related capital and income flows are derived from data reported quarterly by a sample of affiliates and from estimates for affiliates not in the sample. The estimates for affiliates not in the sample are derived by extrapolating data from the benchmark survey using matched sample data as the basis for extrapolation.

Direct investment financial flows. Net financial outflows for U.S. direct investment abroad are revised for 2004–2007 to incorporate the results of BEA's 2004 benchmark survey of U.S. direct investment abroad and to incorporate new or adjusted data from sample surveys from those years. The revisions also reflected revised estimates of depreciation, depletion, and expensed exploration and development costs used to adjust the reinvested earnings component of capital to a

^{1.} See Christopher L. Bach, "U.S. International Accounts: Revised Estimates for 1974–96," Survey of Current Business (July 1997): 48–50.

current-cost basis. Net capital outflows were revised up \$37.1 billion for 2004, up \$43.9 billion for 2005, up \$5.9 billion for 2006, and down \$2.1 billion for 2007 (table 2, line 51). For 2004, the upward revisions reflected revisions to equity capital investment and intercompany debt investment, particularly U.S. parents' receivables. For 2005, the same accounts were revised upward, and an upward revision to reinvested earnings also contributed. For 2006, the upward revision was more than accounted for by reinvested earnings. For 2007, the downward revision resulted from downward revisions to equity capital and intercompany debt investment, particularly U.S. parents' payables.

Direct investment income. Net receipts of income by U.S. parents from their foreign affiliates are revised for 2004–2007 to incorporate the results of BEA's 2004 benchmark survey of U.S. direct investment abroad and to incorporate new or adjusted data from sample surveys for those years. The revisions also reflected revised estimates of depreciation, depletion, and expensed exploration and development costs used to adjust the earnings component of direct investment income to a current-cost basis and of related withholding tax adjustments. Net direct investment income receipts were revised up \$11.6 billion for 2004, up \$25.2 billion for 2005, up \$18.3 billion for 2006, and up \$15.6 billion for 2007 (table 2, line 14). For all years, the revision was mainly, or entirely, accounted for by holding company affiliates. In recent years, U.S. parent companies have funneled an increasing share of their direct investment abroad through these vehicles.

Changes in presentation

Goods. Several modifications have been made in standard table 2 of the international transactions accounts to the presentation of U.S. trade in goods by principal end-use category. The most substantive changes occur within the category consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive, which has been expanded to present a more detailed and informative description of the underlying components. The most significant change is the separate identification of medical, dental, and pharmaceutical preparations, which have grown rapidly in recent years and now constitute a sizable share of both goods exports and imports. These commodities are also often important determinants of quarterly variations in total consumer goods. The grouping of other components has been changed to more easily identify patterns in electronic products and in toys, games, and sporting goods, and to regroup all household products and appliances under a single heading. Gems, jewelry, and collectibles are now shown as a category clearly separated from other consumer goods.

Other changes occur within the category *industrial*

supplies and materials, where natural gas is now separately identified as a component of energy products in recognition of its importance to both energy exports and imports. The category *fuels and lubricants* is no longer shown separately but continues to be included in total energy exports and imports.

Within capital goods, except automotive, the terminology *machinery, except consumer-type* is changed to the more comprehensive *machinery and equipment, except consumer-type*, and the category *nonelectric, including parts* and attachments is deleted.

Investment income. A new table on investment income (table 4) is introduced as part of the standard presentation of tables of the international transactions accounts. This table fills a gap that has existed for many years in the standard tables but that can no longer be ignored because of the growing size and increased volatility of investment income flows.

Investment income is grouped according to the direct investment, other private, and U.S. government classifications used in table 1 of the standard presentation of the international transactions accounts. Direct investment income receipts and payments, including separate identification of earnings and interest, have been available as part of the direct investment estimates in standard table 7 (previously designated as table 6) for many years. Within "other" private income, details are introduced for income received and paid on securities, including separate identification for dividends and interest, and income received and paid by banks is shown separately from income received and paid by nonbanks. The details are available beginning with the first quarter of 1999. Within U.S. government income, receipts and payments are shown separately. A balance on investment income is shown as a memorandum item.

The availability of these new details in a single table each quarter should aid in the analysis of income flows in the current account and in the analysis of rates of return on investments when related to the position estimates in the international investment position accounts.

Services. Table 3 of the standard presentation of the accounts has been revised to incorporate newly available details from BEA's recently completed benchmark survey of selected business services for 2006 and BEA's new follow-on quarterly survey of international services beginning in the first quarter of 2007.

As detailed earlier, the statistical collection system for the 2006 and 2007 surveys was completely redesigned to provide a more rational and consolidated system of data collection and, for affiliated transactions, to request a significant amount of additional detail by type of service. The improvements and

information requested on the benchmark survey were, by design, carried over directly to the quarterly survey, the only difference being the increase in the exemption levels on the quarterly survey from the low levels used in the benchmark survey.

BEA's surveys of business services for royalties and license fees and for "other" private services have long collected data on both affiliated and unaffiliated services at the aggregate, or total, level for major types of services. Previously, however, estimates of activity for the more detailed types of services were available only for transactions among unaffiliated parties. Thus, estimates presented in table 3 by detailed type of service were only for transactions among unaffiliated parties. The new surveys collected information on transactions among affiliated parties in the same detail as those for unaffiliated transactions, and the new information presented in table 3 now includes by detailed type of service the combined estimates of transactions between both affiliated and unaffiliated parties. The new estimates fill a long-standing gap in the accounts and the accounts now provide a complete picture of trade by detailed type of service. The new estimates are discussed in an earlier section of this article and will be presented in full detail in the October Survey. The details for affiliated transactions by detailed type of service are only available beginning with the first quarter of 2006.

New geographic area. A complete set of accounts for OPEC has been added to the quarterly presentation of international transactions in table 12. Earlier estimates of accounts for OPEC were only partial and were presented only annually. The inclusion of the new estimates extends the significant advances made in recent years that have provided greatly expanded geographic details for the accounts.

Financial derivatives. New estimates of transactions in financial derivatives were introduced in the annual revision of June 2007. A technical note in the July 2007 Survey presented an explanation of the new source data, and supplemental tables presented estimates for the four quarters of 2006. The accompanying tables C, D, and E present, in the same format as last year, revised estimates for 2006 and updated estimates for the four quarters of 2007.

Tables C through E and 1 through 3 follow.

Table C. Transactions in Financial Derivatives
[Millions of dollars]

		[IVIIIIX	nio oi dolla	.0]								
Line	(Credits+; debits –)	2006	2007		20	06		2007				
LINE	(Oreulis+, debits –)	2000	2007	_	II	III	IV	L	II	III.	IV	
1	Financial derivatives, net	29,710	6,496	1,633	14,090	15,134	-1,147	14,795	-1,007	5,942	-13,234	
	By type of contract:											
2 3 4 5	Over-the-counter contracts Single-currency interest rate contracts. Foreign exchange contracts Other contracts	15,516 12,092 –231 3,655	7,126 9,636 –3,601 1,091	-3,142 670 741 -4,553	11,039 6,341 -1,033 5,731	9,093 6,911 –61 2,243	-1,474 -1,830 122 234	10,206 507 2,053 7,646	862 6,557 –2,814 –2,881	5,001 3,849 –2,229 3,381	-8,943 -1,277 -611 -7,055	
6 7 8 9 10	U.S. residents' contracts on foreign exchanges	14,194 10,350 6,613 3,737 3,844	-630 6,195 3,569 2,626 -6,825	4,775 2,549 679 1,870 2,226	3,051 3,141 3,684 -543 -90	6,041 3,619 2,103 1,516 2,422	327 1,041 147 894 –714	4,589 2,497 1,079 1,418 2,092	-1,869 2,529 1,229 1,300 -4,398	941 1,726 2,353 –627 –785	-4,291 -557 -1,092 535 -3,734	
	By area or country:	40.704	10.000	0.045	44.007	40.050	440	44 704	0.044	10.100	0.000	
11	Europe	19,724	16,309	-2,615	11,367	10,859	113	11,731	3,841	10,123	-9,386	
12		n.a.	10,018	n.a.	10,105	6,698	2,035	7,958	2,187	8,190	-8,317	
13		9,200	-3,260	3,675	4,590	3,380	-2,445	-3,380	3,462	-1,018	-2,324	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	France Germany Ireland Italy. Netherlands United Kingdom Switzerland Canada Caribbean financial centers Of which: Cayman Islands Latin America, excluding Caribbean financial centers Asia Of which: Japan	-317 775 -687 4,435 217 1,912 6,378 4,848 -3,425 5,331 4,846 -1,464 5,853 -355 610	-2,396 -3,782 -101 -258 741 516 13,133 6,420 -2,953 -1,450 -1,196 -1,317 -2,629 -2,490 -267	-595 813 2,422 391 -181 573 -7,103 557 -1,700 3,339 2,812 565 1,105 257 146	171 450 -1,182 2,741 102 288 5,984 1,659 -1,159 1,272 1,056 -591 2,071 742	124 66 -412 943 850 614 3,150 4,004 -1,281 1,322 1,677 -69 2,584 -412	-17 -554 -1,515 360 -554 437 4,347 -1,372 715 -602 -699 -1,369 93 -942 243	-503 -728 1,974 -3,114 -269 -56 11,476 3,458 2,630 1,995 1,073 -805 181 -14 -263	139 -1,679 -424 1,103 55 928 -1,185 1,847 -3,865 -1,271 -1,238 485 1,105 -936 -212	381 -1,175 -1,804 605 641 -401 8,408 2,080 -625 -3,754 -3,732 1,346 -1,374 511 329	-2,413 -200 153 1,148 314 45 -5,566 -965 -1,093 1,580 2,701 -2,343 -2,541 -2,051	
			-	-	-		_					
29 30 31	Other Of which: Australia International and regional organizations	3,081 -2,494 5,396	-1,197 -1,617 651	793 689 –32	979 -733 1,734	1,649 -813 2,491	-340 -1,637 1,203	-674 -649 112	-1,090 -2,012 959	-103 -36 -2	1,080 -418	
32	Memorandum: Contracts with foreign official institutions	2,120	1,521	1,203	399	307	211	-443	1,315	-309	958	

Table D. Fair Value of Financial Derivatives by Type of Contract at Quarterend [Millions of dollars]

	2006 2007											
Line		I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV			
	Financial derivatives, net (line 17 less line 33)	66,356	67,939	60,307	59,836	56,972	56,814	70,949	83,529			
2	Over-the-counter contracts	63,513	65,957	58,141	57,113	55,451	53,959	66,099	82,040			
3	Single-currency interest rate contracts	42,056	42,042	37,349	44,048	38,048	35,179	33,786	26,811			
5	Forwards	492	-4,337	-174	486	453	270	163	-191			
5 6	Swaps	25,397	33,162	18,296	23,973	19,650	22,463	19,138	11,251			
0	Options	16,167	13,217	19,227	19,589	17,945	12,446	14,485	15,751			
7	Foreign exchange contracts	14,859	18,617	16,884	25,221	29,028	29,863	37,109	50,626			
8	Forwards	-2,281	-4,838	-3,039	-2,127	-3,176	-4,069	-5,883	3,283			
9	Swaps	15,436	21,264	17,210	24,405	29,298	29,336	37,789	42,266			
10	Options	1,704	2,191	2,713	2,943	2,906	4,596	5,203	5,077			
11	Other contracts	6,598	5,298	3,908	-12,156	-11,625	-11,083	-4,796	4,603			
12	Exchange-traded contracts	2,843	1,982	2,166	2,723	1,521	2,855	4,850	1,489			
13	U.S. residents' contracts on foreign exchanges	873	881	524	692	536	665	1,036	220			
14	Own contracts	1,397	424	674	548	672	1,202	1,264	456			
15	Customers' contracts	-524	457	-150	144	-136	-537	-228	-236			
16	Foreign residents' contracts on U.S. exchanges	1,970	1,101	1,642	2,031	985	2,190	3,814	1,269			
	Financial derivatives, gross positive fair value	1,189,856	1,296,050	1,194,164	1,238,995	1,255,575	1,546,712	1,720,605	2,284,581			
18	Over-the-counter contracts	1,168,623	1,270,737	1,173,055	1,213,354	1,232,097	1,516,672	1,687,484	2,251,340			
19	Single-currency interest rate contracts	839,046	902,011	803,357	793,057	798,480	1,004,345	960,242	1,321,630			
20	Forwards	2,353	5,240	1,688	1,027	1,003	2,312	1,646	1,047			
21 22	Swaps	755,082	814,689	715,285	702,386	703,564	902,124	839,023	1,168,805			
22	Options	81,611	82,082	86,384	89,644	93,913	99,909	119,573	151,778			
23	Foreign exchange contracts	139,673	159,565	148,117	176,267	169,301	196,449	279,826	279,695			
24	Forwards	31,316	40,094	33,783	44,941	38,584	47,015	79,290	69,624			
25	Swaps	82,534	92,413	88,817	102,795	101,064	114,228	153,116	157,772			
26	Options	25,823	27,058	25,517	28,531	29,653	35,206	47,420	52,299			
27	Other contracts	189,904	209,161	221,581	244,030	264,316	315,878	447,416	650,015			
28	Exchange-traded contracts	21,233	25,313	21,109	25,641	23,478	30,040	33,121	33,241			
29	U.S. residents' contracts on foreign exchanges	7,442	9,197	7,364	7,472	7,433	8,197	8,172	7,964			
30	Own contracts	4,378	5,587	4,571	4,590	4,724	6,005	5,063	4,557			
31	Customers' contracts	3,064	3,610	2,793	2,882	2,709	2,192	3,109	3,407			
32	Foreign residents' contracts on U.S. exchanges	13,791	16,116	13,745	18,169	16,045	21,843	24,949	25,277			
	Financial derivatives, gross negative fair value	1,123,500	1,228,111	1,133,857	1,179,159	1,198,603	1,489,898	1,649,656	2,201,052			
34	Over-the-counter contracts	1,105,110	1,204,780	1,114,914	1,156,241	1,176,646	1,462,713	1,621,385	2,169,300			
35	Single-currency interest rate contracts	796,990	859,969	766,008	749,009	760,432	969,166	926,456	1,294,819			
36	Forwards	1,861	9,577	1,862	541	550	2,042	1,483	1,238			
37	Swaps	729,685	781,527	696,989	678,413	683,914	879,661	819,885	1,157,554			
38	Options	65,444	68,865	67,157	70,055	75,968	87,463	105,088	136,027			
39	Foreign exchange contracts	124,814	140,948	131,233	151,046	140,273	166,586	242,717	229,069			
40	Forwards	33,597	44,932	36,822	47,068	41,760	51,084	85,173	66,341			
41	Swaps	67,098	71,149	71,607	78,390	71,766	84,892	115,327	115,506			
42	Options	24,119	24,867	22,804	25,588	26,747	30,610	42,217	47,222			
43	Other contracts	183,306	203,863	217,673	256,186	275,941	326,961	452,212	645,412			
44	Exchange-traded contracts	18,390	23,331	18,943	22,918	21,957	27,185	28,271	31,752			
45	U.S. residents' contracts on foreign exchanges	6,569	8,316	6,840	6,780	6,897	7,532	7,136	7,744			
46	Own contracts	2,981	5,163	3,897	4,042	4,052	4,803	3,799	4,101			
47	Customers' contracts	3,588	3,153	2,943	2,738	2,845	2,729	3,337	3,643			
48	Foreign residents' contracts on U.S. exchanges	11,821	15,015	12,103	16,138	15,060	19,653	21,135	24,008			
	Memoranda:											
	Net fair value of contracts:											
49	With own foreign offices	15,847	9,969	9,395	6,146	1,507	6,395	4,242	6,418			
50	With foreign official institutions	-328	-1,124	838	799	967	249	-2,899	-1,256			
51	Between U.S. depository institutions and foreigners	19,121	19,910	9,778	15,646	13,336	16,106	14,972	21,309			
	, ,								•			
F.0	Gross positive fair value of contracts:	000.055	075 000	077 700	040.070	007.074	407.000	470.000	F07.040			
52	With own foreign offices	282,355	275,686	277,792	318,870	337,374	427,383	479,632	597,010			
53 54	With foreign official institutions	13,807	12,050	10,961	10,385	9,846	10,821	11,017	12,633			
54	Between U.S. depository institutions and foreigners	405,034	483,430	407,250	407,594	408,855	501,678	526,490	811,889			
	Gross negative fair value of contracts:											
55	With own foreign offices	266,508	265,717	268,397	312,724	335,867	420,988	475,390	590,592			
56	With foreign official institutions	14,135	13,174	10,123	9,586	8,879	10,572	13,916	13,889			
57	Between U.S. depository institutions and foreigners	385,913	463,520	397,472	391,948	395,519	485,572	511,518	790,580			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	•	•		·	•	•			

Table E. Fair Value of Financial Derivatives by Area or Country at Quarterend [Millions of dollars]

		[00 0000000	00	1			.7			
Line			20			2007					
		ı	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV		
1 2	Financial derivatives, net (line 23 less line 45)	66,356 52,804	67,939 58,629	60,307 47,630	59,836 53,608	56,972 51,120	56,814 53,675	70,949 62,059	83,529 67,518		
3	Of which: European Union	n.a.	58,313	47,479	52,466	49,588	51,890	58,356	61,261		
4	Of which: Euro area	19,528		20,079	26,305	,	24,991	21,864			
•	Of which:	,	22,604	,		25,367	,	,	27,883		
5 6	Belgium France	–192 4,195	583 4,846	193 4,124	468 6,422	216 5,303	-567 6,030	-385 6,440	517 9,532		
7 8	Germany Ireland	11,452 3,679	14,794 2,163	10,442 2,936	11,777 5,431	12,008 5,771	15,764 4,928	10,599 5,215	9,497 4,693		
9 10	Italy	4,979	5,200	5,521	6,269 2,433	6,845 2,875	6,637	7,469	9,248 4,504		
11	Netherlands United Kingdom	2,328 32,751	2,543 34,448	3,350 28,336	26,586	23,112	2,512 23,365	3,446 34,068	30,511		
12 13	Switzerland	-820 3,947	-198 4,706	160	1,139 4,372	2,175	2,581	5,236	7,674 8,090		
14	Canada Caribbean financial centers	3,622	-1,688	4,333 3,569	-5,726	3,569 -3,956	4,969 -10,730	5,833 -6,563	684		
15	Of which: Cayman Islands	750	-2,321	1,424	-7,532	-5,648	-10,750	-5,346	2,059		
16	Latin America, excluding Caribbean financial centers	-543	453	1,024	979	1,290	2,237	2,147	2,310		
17 18	Asia	4,634 2,714	2,863 612	2,635 810	4,443 1,250	2,418 120	2,078 2,265	3,021 153	1,779 -1,844		
19	Africa	781	982	1,137	935	1,198	824	785	1,235		
20	Other	1,111	1,994	-21	1,225	1,333	3,761	3,667	1,913		
21	Australia	2,426	2,823	1,814	2,942	2,738	4,515	5,482	4,092		
22 23	International and regional organizations Financial derivatives, gross positive fair value	-1,544 1,189,856	-833 1,296,050	-2,121 1,194,164	-1,903 1,238,995	-1,585 1,255,575	-880 1,546,712	-1,882 1,720,605	-2,285 2,284,581		
24	Europe	1,010,405	1,097,219	1,010,985	1,047,984	1,069,011	1,331,710	1,469,891	1,975,747		
25	Of which: European Union	n.a.	1,063,436	979,750	1,015,511	1,036,441	1,293,805	1,418,452	1,905,227		
26	Of which: Euro area	269,204	288,038	263,663	349,741	342,463	396,621	409,853	499,683		
27	<i>Of which:</i> Belgium	9,557	8,904	9,726	9,806	8,912	8,842	9,314	11,457		
28 29	France	80,335 94,527	81,038 102,194	73,689 94,658	73,478 97,012	73,207 98,356	83,389 117,155	93,953 121,413	119,548 149,431		
30	Ireland	40,616	48,757	37,638	120,433	112,496	133,020	126,251	163,044		
31 32	Italy Netherlands	11,840 20,658	11,372 22,320	11,756 23,315	12,119 23,547	11,957 24,160	12,016 26,664	12,539 30,090	14,729 24,130		
33 34	United Kingdom Switzerland	704,349 26,429	767,812 30,254	710,356 27,953	658,948 29,175	686,388 29,596	886,400 34,479	997,074 47,315	1,393,046 54,792		
35	Canada	30,560	34,436	32,727	31,611	29,244	37,100	45,346	49,642		
36	Caribbean financial centers	56,788	61,897	60,267	67,163	67,774	75,392	93,773	126,042		
37 38	Of which: Cayman Islands Latin America, excluding Caribbean financial centers	43,424 10,031	47,725 10,501	45,692 13,623	49,702 14,278	51,721 13,204	58,765 16,905	76,659 16,055	105,644 16,035		
39	Asia	61,204	69,307	56,816	57,887	55,179	63,369	67,445	92,061		
40	Of which: Japan	42,915	46,666	36,415	38,327	35,427	40,831	41,031	56,113		
41 42	Africa Other	3,762 17,106	3,828 18,862	3,734 16,012	3,088 16,984	3,127 18,036	3,075 19,161	3,579 24,516	4,253 20,801		
	Of which:		-			•	,				
43 44	AustraliaInternational and regional organizations	12,801 3,276	14,180 4,134	12,198 3,113	13,509 2,713	14,605 2,665	15,424 2,770	20,397 3,253	16,748 3,104		
	Financial derivatives, gross negative fair value	1,123,500	1,228,111	1,133,857	1,179,159	1,198,603	1,489,898	1,649,656	2,201,052		
46	EuropeOf which:	957,601	1,038,590	963,355	994,376	1,017,891	1,278,035	1,407,832	1,908,229		
47	European Union	n.a.	1,005,123	932,271	963,045	986,853	1,241,915	1,360,096	1,843,966		
48	Euro area	249,676	265,434	243,584	323,436	317,096	371,630	387,989	471,800		
49 50	Belgium	9,749 76,140	8,321	9,533 69,565	9,338	8,696 67,904	9,409 77,359	9,699	10,940 110,016		
51	France	83,075	76,192 87,400	84,216	67,056 85,235	86,348	101,391	87,513 110,814	139,934		
52 53	IrelandItaly	36,937 6,861	46,594 6,172	34,702 6,235	115,002 5,850	106,725 5,112	128,092 5,379	121,036 5,070	158,351 5,481		
54 55	NetherlandsUnited Kingdom	18,330 671,598	19,777	19,965 682,020	21,114 632,362	21,285 663,276	24,152 863.035	26,644 963,006	19,626 1,362,535		
56	Switzerland	27,249	733,364 30,452	27,793	28,036	27,421	31,898	42,079	47,118		
57	Canada	26,613	29,730	28,394	27,239	25,675	32,131	39,513	41,552		
58 59	Caribbean financial centers	53,166 42,674	63,585 50,046	56,698 44,268	72,889 57,234	71,730 57,369	86,122 69,515	100,336 82,005	125,358 103,585		
60	Latin America, excluding Caribbean financial centers	10,574	10,048	12,599	13,299	11,914	14,668	13,908	13,725		
61	Asia	56,570	66,444	54,181	53,444	52,761	61,291	64,424	90,282		
62 63	Of which: Japan	40,201 2,981	46,054 2,846	35,605 2,597	37,077 2,153	35,307 1,929	38,566 2,251	40,878 2,794	57,957 3,018		
64	Other	15,995	16,868	16,033	15,759	16,703	15,400	20,849	18,888		
65	Of which: Australia	10,375	11,357	10,384	10,567	11,867	10,909	14,915	12,656		
66	International and regional organizations	4,820	4,967	5,234	4,616	4,250	3,650	5,135	5,389		

n.a. Not available

Table 1. Revisions to U.S. International Transactions

[Millions of dollars; quarters seasonally adjusted]

			of goods and income rece			of goods and income paym			Unilateral current transfers, net (inflows +, outflows –)			Balance on current account			Net financial flows (inflows +, outflows -)		
		Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	
1997		1,191,257	1,191,257		-1,286,921	-1,286,921		-45,062	-45,062		-140,726	-140,726		221,334	218,977	-2,357	
1998		1,194,993	1,194,993		-1,356,868	-1,356,868		-53,187	-53,187		-215,062	-215,062		69,740	66,965	-2,775	
		1,259,809	1,259,809		-1,511,011	-1,511,011		-50,428	-50,428		-301,630	-301,630		236,148	238,148	2,000	
		1,421,515	1,421,515		-1,780,296			-58,645	-58,645		-417,426	-417,426		486,373	477,701	-8,672	
		1,295,693	1,295,693		-1,629,097	-1,629,097		-51,295	-51,295		-384,699	-384,699		400,243	400,254	1	
		1,255,936	1,255,663	-273				-63,587	-64,948	-1,361	-459,641	-461,275	-1,634	503,167	500,515	-2,652	
		1,338,325	1,338,213		-1,789,819			-70,607	-71,794	-1,187	-522,101	-523,400	-1,299	538,928	532,879	-6,049	
		1,559,191 1,788,557	1,574,326 1,819,016	15,135 30,459	-2,114,926 -2,454,871		89 -3,354	-84,414 -88,535	-84,482 -89,784	-68 -1,249	-640,148 -754,848	-624,993 -728,993	15,155 25,855	556,742 777,356	532,331 700,716	-24,41° -76,640	
		2,096,165	2,142,164	45,999	-2,434,671		-20,207	-89,595	-92,027	-2,432	-734,646 -811,477	-726,993 -788,116	23,361	833,183	839,074	5,89	
		2,410,587	2,463,505	52,918	-3,044,786		-37,228	-104,438	-112,705	-8,267	-738,638	-731,214	7,424	1 657,365	774,345	116,980	
				02,010			0.,220	,		0,20.			7,				
1997:	<u>[</u>	287,279	287,279		-313,391	-313,391		-9,967	-9,967		-36,079	-36,079		20,276	19,518	-758	
	II	299,679	299,679		-318,210	-318,210		-10,267	-10,267		-28,798	-28,798		47,567	47,070	-49	
	III	303,542	303,542		-325,593	-325,593		-10,666	-10,666		-32,717	-32,717		47,836	47,222	-614	
	IV	300,762	300,762		-329,728	-329,728		-14,160	-14,160		-43,126	-43,126		105,651	105,163	-488	
1998:	I	302,195	302,195		-334,146	-334,146		-12,053	-12,053		-44,004	-44,004		4,732	3,927	-80	
	II	298,846	298,846		-337,834	-337,834		-12,361	-12,361		-51,349	-51,349		16,427	15,911	-510	
	III	293,115	293,115		-338,864	-338,864		-13,140	-13,140		-58,889	-58,889		17,443	16,673	-77	
	IV	300,835	300,835		-346,026	-346,026		-15,633	-15,633		-60,824	-60,824		31,136	30,452	-684	
1999:	I	300,183	300,183		-351,564	-351,564		-11,885	-11,885		-63,266	-63,266		24,660	23,694	-966	
1999.	II	300,163	307,288		-367,128	-367,128		-12,260	-12,260		-72,100	-72,100		65,434	64,785	-900 -649	
	III	319,936	319,936		-388,656	-388,656		-11,987	-11,987		-80,707	-80,707		33,368	32,570	-798	
	IV	332,407	332,407		-403,662	-403,662		-14,295	-14,295		-85,550	-85,550		112,686	117,099	4,41	
2000:	I	341,683	341,683		-427,646	-427,646		-12,859	-12,859		-98,822	-98,822		41,092	35,176	-5,916	
	II	355,307	355,307		-441,576	-441,576		-13,368	-13,368		-99,637	-99,637		140,258	139,263	-995	
	III	360,295	360,295 364,231		-454,243 -456,835	-454,243 -456,835		-14,208 -18,212	-14,208 -18,212		-108,156 -110,816	-108,156 -110,816		161,338 143,685	160,217 143,045	-1,12° -640	
	IV	364,231	304,231		-450,035	-450,035		-10,212	-10,212		-110,010	-110,616		143,000	143,045	-040	
2001:	I	350,489	350,489		-442,826	-442,826		-15,171	-15,171		-107,508	-107,508		115,961	114,573	-1,388	
	II	334,968	334,968		-416,706	-416,706		-15,802	-15,802		-97,540	-97,540		121,164	120,165	-999	
	III	312,094	312,094		-400,657	-400,657		-2,941	-2,941		-91,504	-91,504		55,794	57,084	1,29	
	IV	298,144	298,144		-368,912	-368,912		-17,374	-17,374		-88,142	-88,142		107,325	108,433	1,108	
2002.	I	302,466	302,429	-37	-388,601	-388,601		-18,326	-18,542	-216	-104,461	-104,714	-253	89,272	88,384	-888	
	II	314,290	314,174	-116	-415,267	-415,267		-14,764	-15,007	-243	-115,741	-116,100	-359	91,584	91,613	29	
	III	321,839	321,743	-96	-423,307	-423,307		-14,599	-15,005	-406	-116,067	-116,569	-502	162,677	161,227	-1,450	
	IV	317,345	317,321	-24	-424,810	-424,810		-15,897	-16,394	-497	-123,362	-123,883	-521	159,631	159,288	-343	
2002-	I	321,646	321,626	-20	-439,095	-439,095		-17,660	-18,219	-559	-135,109	-135,688	-579	159,729	158,593	-1,136	
2003.	II	321,040	321,020	-20 1	-439,095 -437,889	-439,095 -437,889		-16,962	-16,219 -17,600	-539 -638	-130,109	-130,744	-579 -637	63,301	60,305	-1,136 -2,996	
		335,211	335,183	-28	-448,024	-448,024		-17,710	-17,000	3	-130,107	-130,744	-037 -25	129,579	128,422	-1,157	
	IV	356,719	356,654	-65	-464,810	-464,810		-18,277	-18,269	8	-126,368	-126,425	-57	186,323	185,563	-760	
2004:	I	372,271	375,712	3,441	-489,241	-489,177	64	-22,972	-22,987	-15	-139,941	-136,453	3,488	121,924	105,507	-16,417	
	II	384,288	387,382	3,094	-521,604	-521,673	-69	-21,371	-21,385	-14	-158,687	-155,676	3,011	165,936	161,128	-4,808	
	III	393,272	396,956	3,684	-534,072	-534,133	-61 156	-17,273 -22,799	-17,289 -22,822	-16 -23	-158,073 -183,452	-154,466 -178,401	3,607 5,051	103,222	104,685	1,460	
	IV	409,357	414,275	4,918	-570,010	-569,854	100	-22,799	-22,022	-23	-100,402	-170,401	5,051	165,659	161,012	-4,647	
2005:	I	424,101	434,701	10,600	-578,269	-580,114	-1,845	-28,225	-28,644	-419	-182,392	-174,057	8,335	145,995	105,007	-40,988	
	II	440,217	447,848	7,631	-599,084	-600,704	-1,620	-24,372	-24,964	-592	-183,238	-177,821	5,417	97,517	82,483	-15,034	
	III	451,964	457,508	5,544	-616,350	-617,311	-961	-9,019	-9,090	-71	-173,406	-168,892	4,514	242,180	221,043	-21,13	
	IV	472,275	478,958	6,683	-661,169	-660,097	1,072	-26,915	-27,085	-170	-215,809	-208,223	7,586	291,665	292,183	518	
2006:	I	494,027	504,862	10,835	-673,277	-679,297	-6,020	-21,360	-21,516	-156	-200,611	-195,952	4,659	195,741	179,674	-16,067	
	II	518,595	529,782	11,187	-700,504	-705,572	-5,068	-23,686	-24,116	-430	-205,595	-199,906	5,689	157,225	184,270	27,04	
	III	532,894	543,893	10,999	-726,352	-730,083	-3,731	-23,877	-24,716	-839		-210,906	6,428	255,000	253,223	-1,77	
	IV	550,649	563,627	12,978	-717,914		-5,389	-20,673	-21,679	-1,006		-181,355	6,583	225,218	221,908	-3,31	
2007:	I	557,146	572,182	15,036	-728,338	-738,938	-10,600	-27,009	-30,174	-3,165	-198,201	-196,930	1,271	182,591	265,443	82,852	
	II	590,756	602,122	11,366	-757,645	-771,262	-13,617	-23,169	-24,953	-1,784	-190,058	-194,093	-4,035 4,402	155,937	193,549	37,612	
	III	626,130	638,393	12,263 14,254	-777,362 -781,438	-783,548 -788,264	-6,186 -6,836	-26,211 -28,052	-27,796 -29,784	-1,585 -1,732	-177,444 -172,936	-172,952 -167,241	4,492 5,695	111,080	101,942	-9,138 -16 60	
	I V	636,554	650,808	14,204	-781,438	-788,264	-6,826	-20,002	-29,784	-1,732	-112,930	-167,241	3,095	230,103	213,411	-16,69	

^{1.} The previously published annual data for 2007 excluded transactions in financial derivatives because data were only available for the first three quarters of the year.

Table 2. Major Sources of Revisions, International Transactions Accounts, 2002–2007—Continues [Millions of dollars]

[Mil	ions of dollars]					
(Credits +; debits -)1	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Current account						
Royalties and license fees receipts (line 9): Revised	44.508	46,988	56,715	64,395	72,191	82,614
Changes due to 2004 U.S. direct investment benchmark survey			2,225	(2)	(²) 9,813	(2)
Revisions due to updated source dataPreviously published		46,988	(³) 54,490	4,986 59,409	62,378	11,269 71,345
Other private services receipts (line 10):	100 007	101 560	140.060	160.051	100.050	000 400
Revised Changes due to 2004 U.S. direct investment benchmark survey Changes due to 2006 services benchmark survey		131,563	149,262 1,113	160,051 (²)	189,050 (²) 1,279	223,483 (²)
Revisions due to updated source data		131,563	(³) 148,149	-4,250 164,301	(³) 187,771	6,874 216,609
Direct investment income receipts (line 14):	122,207	101,300	140,149	104,301	107,771	210,003
Revised		186,417	250,606 11,598	294,538 (²)	328,543 (²)	368,275 (²)
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published		186,417	239,008	25,192 269,346	18,319 310,224	15,639 352,636
Other private income receipts (line 15):	100,000	106 500	157 010	005 100	251 207	444.299
Revised	–273	126,529 -112	157,313 199	235,120 4,583	351,327 16,369	19,866
Previously published	129,511	126,641	157,114	230,537	334,958	424,433
Revised		46,454	50,472 -20	55,391	63,866 3,800	79,344 9.810
Changes due to 2006 Treasury benchmark survey	76	-233	-369	-683	-994	-1,067
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published	40,987	46,687	50,861	56,074	163 60,897	136 70,465
Dividends on foreign stocks: Revised	38,229	41,554	54,087	64,628	84,330	114,617
Changes due to 2006 Treasury benchmark survey		121		-85 -8	1,718 -214	4,364 1,148
Revisions due to updated source dataPreviously published		41,433	54,164	64,721	-25 82,851	–243 109,348
Other:	50,000	00 504	50.754	115 101	000 101	050 000
Revised Changes due to new data on asset-backed commercial paper		38,521	52,754	115,101 4,931	203,131 9,976	250,338 4,256 1,462
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published		38,521	665 52,089	428 109,742	1,945 191,210	244,620
Royalties and license fees payments (line 26): Revised	19,353	-19,033	-23,266	-24,612	-23,777	-25,048
Changes due to 2004 U.S. direct investment benchmark survey Changes due to 2006 services benchmark survey			8	(²)	(²) 2,655	(2) (2)
Revisions due to updated source data		-19,033	-23,274	20 -24,632	-26,432	2,876 –27,924
Other private services payments (line 27): Revised	-72.604	-79,764	-90.252	-97,818	-125,221	-144,375
Changes due to 2004 U.S. direct investment benchmark survey		13,104	1,015	(2)	(²) -8,697	(2)
Revisions due to updated source data		-79,764	-91,267	2,109 -99,927	(³) -116.524	-9,090 -135,285
Previously published	-72,004	-79,704	-91,207	-99,927	-110,324	-133,263
Revised		-119,051	-155,266 -781	-228,408 -977	-339,088 -4,443	-426,515 -14,591
Previously published	–127,012	-119,051	-154,485	-227,431	-334,645	-411,924
Of which: Interest on U.S. corporate bonds:						
Revised		-60,974	-71,501	-85,303	-106,564 -1,218	-139,536 -9,546
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published		-60,974		-85,303	-186 -105,160	-3,645 -126,345
Dividends on U.S. corporate stocks:	–23,560	-25,661	-37,037	-38,084	-44,884	-54.344
Revised		-23,001	-37,037	-30,004	-44,004 -70	-54,544 -584 55
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published	-23,560	-25,661	-37,037	-38,084	-44,821	-53,815
U.S. government income payments (line 33): Revised	74,908	-73,834	-82,536	-103,874	-134,981	-165,102
Amount of revision		-73,834	-82,536	-103,874	-1,226 -133,755	–7,858 –157,244
Of which:	·	·				
Interest on U.S. Treasury bonds and notes: Revised	44,541	-43,717	-50,785	-59,723	-73,575	-86,254
Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey					-451 -9	-2,263 -40
Previously published		-43,717	-50,785	-59,723	-73,115	-83,951
Interest on U.S. agency bonds: Revised Chapper due to 2007 Traceury applied survey		-26,786	-28,137	-36,431	-49,872 -770	-66,372 -5 577
Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey		26 706		26 421	-779 15	-5,577 13
Previously published	-25,849	-26,786	-28,137	-36,431	-49,108	-60,808

See the footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 2. Major Sources of Revisions, International Transactions Accounts, 2002–2007—Table Ends [Millions of dollars]

	2002	2002	2004	2005	2006	2007
(Credits +; debits –)¹	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Financial account U.S. private assets abroad						
U.S. direct investment abroad (line 51):						
Revised		-149,564	-316,223	-36,235	-241,244	-333,271
Changes due to 2004 U.S. direct investment benchmark survey			-37,137	-43,897	-5,886	2,144
Previously published	154,460	-149,564	-279,086	7,662	-235,358	-335,415
Foreign securities (line 52): Revised		-146,722	-170,549	-251,199	-365,204	-288,731
Amount of revision Previously published		-146,722	-24,000 -146,549	-54,101 -197,098	-75,782 -289,422	–14,880 –273,851
Foreign bonds:						
Revised Changes due to 2006 Treasury benchmark survey		-28,719	-85,793 -24,000	-64,513 -10,000	-227,795 -72,000	-170,708 -31,000
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published		-28,719	-61,793	–16 –54,497	-4,911 -150,884	3,144 –142,852
Foreign stocks:						
Revised		-118,003	-84,756	-186,686 -44,000	-137,409	-118,023
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published		-118,003	-84,756	-85 -142,601	1,129 -138,538	12,976 -130,999
U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns (line 53):		,,,,,,	0 1,7 00	,	.00,000	.00,000
Revised Changes due to new data on asset-backed commercial paper	50,022	-18,184	-152,566	-71,207 -55,000	-164,597 -90,000	-706 -30.000
Revisions due to updated source data		-18,184	-28,429 -124,137	23,396 -39,603	8,934 -83,531	13,475 15,819
Foreign official assets in the United States	50,022	-10,104	-124,107	-09,000	-00,001	13,013
U.S. Treasury securities (line 58):						
Revised		184,931	273,279	112,841	208,564 19,383	58,865 8,390
Revisions due to updated source data			273.279	110.041		575 49,900
Other (line 59):	. 60,466	184,931	213,219	112,841	189,181	49,900
Revised		39,943	41,662	100,493	219,837	171,465
Changes to agency bonds due to 2007 Treasury annual survey Revisions due to updated source data.				400.400	28,284	-9,804 -683
Previously published	. 30,505	39,943	41,662	100,493	191,553	181,952
Other foreign assets in the United States						
U.S. Treasury securities (line 65): Revised		91,455	93,608	132,300	-58,204	156,825
Changes to bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey					-19,382 -2,891	-8,390 -1,086
Previously published	. 100,403	91,455	93,608	132,300	-35,931	166,301
U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities (line 66): Revised	. 283,299	220,705	381,493	450,386	683,363	573,850
Amount of revision		220,705	381,493	450,386	91,412 591,951	181,966 391,884
U.S. corporate bonds:	145 415	000 015	054.564	210.214	E17 770	270 007
Revised		223,215	254,564	312,314	517,773 96,000	372,087 114,000
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published	. 145,415	223,215	254,564	312,314	9,513 412,260	11,349 246,738
U.S. agency bonds: Revised	. 81,832	-36,801	67,380	49,768	25,783	19,353
Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey		-50,001		49,700	-7,915 -3,236	53,734 3,830
Revisions due to updated source data Previously published		-36,801	67,380	49,768	36,934	-38,211
U.S. corporate stocks: Revised	. 56,052	34,291	59,549	88,304	139,807	182,410
Revisions due to updated source data. Previously published		34,291	59,549	88,304	-2,950 142,757	-947 183,357
U.S. currency (line 67):	. 50,002	07,201	55,545	00,004	172,101	100,007
Revised		10,591 -6,049	13,301 -1,528	8,447 -10,522	2,227 -10,344	-10,675 -21,612
Previously published		16,640	14,829	18,969	12,571	10,937

Credits +: An increase in U.S. receipts and U.S. liabilities, or a decrease in U.S. payments and U.S. claims. Debits -: An increase in U.S. payments and U.S. claims, or a decrease in U.S. receipts and U.S. liabilities.
 Revisions due to benchmark surveys are not separately identifiable for this period.
 Revisions due to updated source data other than the benchmark survey are not separately identifiable for

this period.

4. U.S. currency was revised back to 1974. See table B in this article for the revised estimates.

Note. Line numbers refer to table 1 in "U.S. International Transactions: First Quarter of 2008" in this issue of the Survey.

Table 3. Major Sources of Revisions, International Investment Position at Yearend, 2002–2007 [Millions of dollars]

U.S. direct investment abroad (lines 19 and 41): Province of the control of the	[Mil	lions of dollars]					
U.S. direct investment abroad (lines 19 and 41): Province of the control of the		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Particular state Particular	U.S. private assets						
A cared coal. Bary 03 2,044-66 2,051/21 2,086.977 3,046.76 2,051/21 2,086.977 3,046.76 3,047.07 3,04							
Charge due to 2004 LLS deried investment benchmark survey. A maker value Provincing published Provincing publishe	At current cost						3,332,828
A monter oble course date. A control course date. A	Changes due to 2004 U.S. direct investment benchmark survey:		2,729,126	3,362,796	3,637,996	4,454,635	5,147,952
Revision due to updated source data:					(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(3) (3)
At market value	Revisions due to updated source data:			(2)	` '	. ,	
All curient code	At market value			(2)			(3)
Foreign accurates (line 19): Personal processors of evaluation 2.076,722 2.948,370 3.545,386 4.329,299 5.694,475 6.948,888,488 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.0000 7.000	At current cost	1,867,043					(3)
Revised of the property of the provided in t		2,022,588	2,729,126	3,336,421	3,570,252	4,377,830	(3)
Percosing published Percosing published Percosing honds (line 20): Rejoids Rej	Revised		2,948,370		4,329,259	5,604,475	6,648,686
Post-pip bords Decision Post-pip Post-pip Post-pip Decision Post-pip Pos							(3)
Charges due to 2008 Teasury benchmark survey. Charges due to promoted of seasor 6th. Proviously published Provious	Foreign bonds (line 20):						()
Chargies due to remorte dela	Revised		868,948	984,978	1,011,554		1,478,087 (3)
Previously published: Foreign actions (in 21): Foreign actions (in 22): Foreign action (in 23): Foreign action (in	Changes due to removal of reserve positions	2,484	-5,408	-7,991	-16,625	-18,544	(3)
Personal Changes due to 2008 Treasury benchmark survey. 6-86 6-86 7-80-86 7-	Previously published		874,356	992,969	1,028,179		
Changes due to 2006 Treasury benchmark survey. Changes due to now dock prince methodology. 4.25 1,000		1.373.980	2.079.422	2.560.418	3.317.705	4.328.960	5.170.599
Revisions due to updated source data.	Changes due to 2006 Treasury benchmark survey						(3)
U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns (line 22): Revision due to updated source data. 901,946 594,004 793,556 1,184,62 1,183,02 1,176,027 Revisions due to updated source data. 901,946 594,004 793,556 1,018,462 1,183,02 1,176,027 1,774,034 848,646 Revisions due to updated source data. 901,946 901,9	Revisions due to updated source data						(3)
Revised to new data on asset-backed commercial paper		1,3/4,665	2,079,422	2,560,418	3,317,705	4,251,506	(3)
Revisions due to updated source data. 901,946 594,004 737,838 734,004 848,468 743,004 848,464 757,005	Revised		594,004	793,556			1,176,027
Previously published	Changes due to new data on asset-backed commercial paper			55.918			(3)
U.S. poterment securities (line 28): Revised			594,004				(3)
Perison 970,359 1,166,500 1,509,966 1,725,193 2,167,112 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,502,331 2,407,114 2,407,11	Foreign official assets in the United States						
Amount of revision. Previously published U.S. Treasury securities (line 29): Revised Other fines 30: Revised Changes to approximate the bugdeted source data Revised corporate bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. State of the securities (line 30): Revised Other fines 30: Revised Changes to approx bonds due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. State of the securities (line 30): Revised Changes to approx bonds due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. State of the securities (line 30): Revised Changes to approx bonds due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. State of the securities (line 30): Revised Changes to approx bonds due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. State of the securities (line 30): Revised Changes to oxporate bonds and stocks due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Terevisually published Total state oxporate bonds and stocks due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revisions due to updated source data Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revision bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revision bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revised Changes to bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 37): Revised Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Revisions due to updated source data Total state U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revised Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Revisions due to updated source data Total state of the stat		970.359	1.186.500	1,509,986	1.725.193	2.167.112	2.502.831
U.S. Treasury securities (line 29): Revised Changes to bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey 811,995 986,301 1,251,943 1,340,588 1,558,317 1,697,366 7,7724 7,7727 7,7724 7,7	Amount of revision					62,416	
Changes to bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey Revisions due to updated source data Changes to agency bonds due to 2007 Treasury annual survey Revised Revised Revised Revised to updated source data To 158,364 Revised Revised to updated source data To 175,868 Revised Revised to updated source data To 175,368 Revised Revised to updated source data To 175,868 To			1,100,300	1,309,900	1,720,190	2,104,090	(*)
Revisions due to updated source data			,				1,697,365
158,364 200,199 258,043 384,595 608,795 24,566 24,56	Revisions due to updated source data					-175	(3)
Changes to agency bonds due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. Revisions due to updated source data 158,364 200,199 258,043 384,595 583,282 Previously published 107,598 158,589 215,239 268,586 342,822 404,468 Changes to corporate bonds and stocks due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 107,598 158,589 215,239 268,586 342,822 404,468 Revisions due to updated source data 107,598 158,689 215,239 268,586 342,822 404,468 Previously published 473,503 527,223 561,610 5643,783 567,885 734,778 Revision due to updated source data 27,79,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 3,722,3561 6,132,438 Revised due to device source data 2,779,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 5,372,361 6,132,438 Revised due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,889,301 2,712,252 2,719,067 2,888,506 2,779,078 450,845 484,765 555,788 567,787 684,778 684,77		611,995	900,301	1,231,943	1,340,390	1,320,700	(*)
Revisions due to updated source data.	Revised	158,364					805,466
Other foreign official assets (line 33): 107,598 158,589 215,239 268,586 342,822 404,468 Changes to corporate bonds and stocks due to 2007 Treasury annual survey 107,598 158,589 215,239 268,586 342,822 404,468 Previously published 107,598 158,589 215,239 268,586 349,783 (°) Other foreign assets in the United States U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): 80,733 527,223 561,610 643,793 567,885 734,776 Revision due to updated source data. 473,503 527,223 561,610 643,793 594,243 (°) Previously published 473,503 527,223 561,610 643,793 594,243 (°) U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities (line 37): 2779,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 5,372,361 6,132,438 Revised and the complete bonds (part of line 38): 2779,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 5,372,361 6,132,438 (°) 1,22,252 U.S. corporate bonds (part of line 38): 1,126,381	Revisions due to updated source data					301	3
Revised Changes to corporate bonds and stocks due to 2007 Treasury annual survey 107,598 158,589 215,239 268,586 342,822 404,468 6,961 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		158,364	200,199	258,043	384,595	583,928	(°)
Revisions due to updated source data.	Revised	107,598					404,468
Other foreign assets in the United States U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revised							(3)
U.S. Treasury securities (line 36): Revised. 473,503 527,223 561,610 643,793 567,885 734,776 Revision due to updated source data. 72,779,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 5,372,361 6,132,438 Amount of revision. 72,779,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 5,372,361 6,132,438 Amount of revision. 72,779,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 5,272,23 561,610 643,793 594,243 (P) U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities (line 37): Revised. 2,779,067 3,422,856 3,995,506 4,352,998 5,372,361 6,132,438 Amount of revision. 143,825 (P) U.S. corporate bonds (part of line 38): Revised 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,289,301 2,712,252 (P) Revisions due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 110,347 (P) Revisions due to updated source data. 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,289,301 2,712,252 (P) U.S. agency bonds (part of line 38): Revised 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,289,301 2,712,252 (P) Revisions due to updated source data. 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,186,473 (P) Revisions due to updated source data. 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,186,473 (P) Revisions due to updated source data. 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,186,473 (P) Revisions due to updated source data. 1,126,381 1,126,381 1,133,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,186,473 (P) Revised 1,126,381 1,126,381 1,133,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,186,473 (P) Revised 1,126,381 1,133,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 1,584,304 1,758,370 1,584,304 1,758,370 1,584,304 1,758,370 1,584,304 1,7		107,598	158,589	215,239	268,586	349,783	(3)
Revised	-						
Revisions due to updated source data	Revised	473,503	527,223	561,610	643,793	567,885	734,776
U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities (line 37): Revised	Changes to bonds and notes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey					-26,361 3	(3) (3)
Revised	Previously published		527,223	561,610	643,793	594,243	(3)
Amount of revision. Previously published U.S. corporate bonds (part of line 38): Revised		2 779 067	3 422 856	3 995 506	4 352 998	5 372 361	6 132 438
U.S. corporate bonds (part of line 38): Revised	Amount of revision					143,825	(3)
Revised. 1,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,289,301 2,712,252 (%) Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 110,347 (%) Revisions due to updated source data. 11,26,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,168,473 (%) Previously published. 11,126,381 1,333,509 1,584,304 1,758,370 2,168,473 (%) U.S. agency bonds (part of line 38): Revised. 404,601 377,278 450,845 484,765 535,578 587,073 (%) Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 17,246 (%) Revisions due to updated source data 404,601 377,278 450,845 484,765 521,343 (%) U.S. corporate stocks (line 39): Revised. 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,547,482 2,833,113 (%) Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 10,357 (%) Revision due to updated source data 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,547,482 2,833,113 (%) U.S. corporate stocks (line 39): Revised. 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,547,482 2,833,113 (%) U.S. currency (line 40): Revised. 248,061 258,652 271,953 280,400 282,627 271,952 (%) Changes due to updated methodology 4. 53,207 59,256 60,764 71,306 -81,650 (%)	* 1	2,779,067	3,422,000	3,995,500	4,352,990	3,220,330	(°)
Revisions due to updated source data	Revised		1,333,509	1,584,304	1,758,370		2,712,252
U.S. agency bonds (part of line 38): Revised	Revisions due to updated source data		1 222 500	1 504 204	1 750 070	10,481	(3)
Revised		1,126,381	1,333,509	1,584,304	1,/58,3/0	2,108,473	(°)
Revisions due to updated source data 3,011 Previously published 404,601 377,278 450,845 484,765 521,343 (*) U.S. corporate stocks (line 39): Revised 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,547,482 2,833,113 (*) Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey 10,357 (*) Revisions due to updated source data 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,538,720 (*) U.S. currency (line 40): Revisions due to updated of updated source data 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,538,720 (*) U.S. currency (line 40): Revisions due to updated methodology 4 248,061 258,652 271,953 280,400 282,627 271,952 2	Revised		377,278	450,845	484,765		587,073
U.S. corporate stocks (line 39): 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,547,482 2,833,113 Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 10,357 10,357 10,357 10,357 10,555 10,357 10,555	Revisions due to updated source data			450.045	404 705	-3,011	(3)
Revised 1,248,085 1,712,069 1,960,357 2,109,863 2,547,482 2,833,113 Changes due to 2007 Treasury annual survey. 10,357 7.	, ,	404,601	311,218	450,845	484,/65	521,343	(3)
Revisions due to updated source data	Revised		1,712,069	1,960,357	2,109,863		2,833,113
U.S. currency (line 40): Revised	Revisions due to updated source data					-1,595	(°)
Revised		1,248,085	1,712,069	1,960,357	2,109,863	2,538,720	(3)
Previously published	Revised						271,952
							(3)

Revisions due to benchmark surveys are not separately identifiable for this period.
 Revisions due to updated source data other than the benchmark survey are not separately identifiable for this period.
 Setimates were not previously published.

^{4.} U.S. currency was revised back to 1976. See table B in this article for revised estimates.

Nore. Line numbers refer to table 1 in "The International Investment Position of the United States at Yearend 2007" in this issue of the Survey.