Government Receipts and Expenditures Third Quarter of 2008

N ET GOVERNMENT saving, the difference between current receipts and current expenditures of the federal government and state and local governments, was -\$645.0 billion in the third quarter of 2008, increasing \$71.4 billion from -\$716.4 billion in the second quarter of 2008.

Net federalgovernment saving was -\$543.2 billion in the third quarter, increasing \$106.4 billion from -\$649.6 billion in the second quarter (see page 12). Current receipts turned up, and current expenditures decelerated.

Net state and local government saving was -\$101.8 billion in the third quarter, decreasing \$34.9 billion from -\$66.9 billion in the second quarter (see page 13). Current receipts turned down, and current expenditures decelerated.

Net borrowing was \$842.6 billion in the third quarter, increasing \$21.0 billion from \$821.6 billion in the second quarter. Federal government net borrowing was \$626.3 billion in the third quarter, decreasing \$9.5 billion from \$635.8 billion in the second quarter. State and local government net borrowing was \$216.2 billion in the third quarter, increasing \$30.4 billion from \$185.8 billion in the second quarter.

Table 1. Net Government Saving and Net Lending or Net Borrowing [Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Level	Change from preceding quarter				
	2008	2007	2008			
	=	IV	Ι	II		
Current receipts	4,157.5	23.7	-2.5	-165.7	107.6	
Current expenditures	4,802.5	42.7	122.0	167.6	36.2	
Net government saving Federal State and local	645.0 543.2 101.8		-94.4		71.4 106.4 –34.9	
Net lending or net borrowing (-) Federal State and local	842.6 626.3 216.2		-84.2	-261.4 -242.0 -19.5	-21.0 9.5 -30.4	

Karla L. Stanley-Allen prepared this article.

Chart 1. Government Fiscal Position



December 2008

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Federal Government

Table 2. Federal Government Current Receipts and Expenditures [Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Level	Level Change from preceding quarter			
	2008	2007		2008	
	III	IV	Ι	II	III
Current receipts	2,597.0	14.3	-6.7	-193.7	118.2
Current tax receipts	1,567.6	5.6	-25.1	-198.9	131.6
Personal current taxes	1,141.6	16.6	6.5	-201.4	141.8
Taxes on production and imports	95.2	-0.2	-2.2	1.1	-1.7
Taxes on corporate income	315.9	-15.6	-27.0	1.9	-8.5
Taxes from the rest of the world	14.9	4.9	-2.6	-0.5	0.1
Contributions for government social					
insurance	974.8	9.0	16.6	2.9	3.0
Income receipts on assets	32.4	-0.3	0.4	1.8	0.7
Current transfer receipts	22.4	0.6	1.2	0.6	-17.6
Current surplus of government enterprises	-0.1	-0.6	0.3	-0.1	0.5
Current expenditures	3,140.2	6.4	87.6	125.2	11.8
Consumption expenditures	954.1	2.5	26.4	20.2	35.9
National defense	659.6	2.8	19.1	15.2	30.6
Nondefense	294.5	-0.3	7.3	5.0	5.3
Current transfer payments	1,795.3	21.1	36.7	130.9	-64.8
Government social benefits	1,376.2	6.0	35.2	137.8	-66.9
To persons	1,372.5	6.0	35.2	137.7	-66.9
To the rest of the world	3.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.1
Other current transfer payments	419.1	15.1	1.5	-6.9	2.1
Grants-in-aid to state and local					
governments	386.6	3.7	0.3	4.5	2.2
To the rest of the world	32.5	11.3	1.2	-11.4	-0.1
Interest payments	342.6	-17.5	23.0	-27.1	40.3
Subsidies	48.3	0.3	1.5	1.2	0.5
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net federal government saving	-543.2	8.0	-94.4	-318.9	106.4
Social insurance funds Other	-51.8 -491.4	7.8 0.2	-9.6 -84.8	-16.6 -302.3	-32.0 138.4
Addenda:	-491.4	0.2	-04.0	-302.3	130.4
Total receipts	2.624.8	14.9	-4.9	-193.0	116.1
Current receipts	2,597.0	14.3	-6.7	-193.7	118.2
Capital transfer receipts	27.8	0.5	1.8	0.6	-2.0
Total expenditures	3,251.1	6.6	79.2	48.9	106.7
Current expenditures Gross government investment	3,140.2 143.6	6.4 1.8	87.6 1.8	125.2 9.5	11.8 5.6
Capital transfer payments	93.2	3.6	-3.2	9.5	5.7
Net purchases of nonproduced assets	-6.6	-3.9	-6.0	-84.9	86.0
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	119.3	1.4	1.1	1.9	2.4
Net lending or net borrowing (-)	-626.3	8.4	-84.2	-242.0	9.5

Personal current taxes rebounded as a result of an upturn in nonwithheld income taxes, reflecting lower tax rebates provided by the Economic Stimulus Act of 2008. Tax rebates were lower in the third quarter (\$57.0 billion at an annual rate) than in the second quarter (\$199.4 billion at an annual rate).

Taxes on production and imports turned down, reflecting downturns in air transportation taxes and customs duties.

Taxes on corporate income turned down because of continued weakness in corporate profits.

Current transfer receipts turned down. The downturn was attributable to insurance settlements paid by the National Flood Insurance Program, which showed a third-quarter payment of \$4.5 billion (\$18.0 billion at an annual rate) for Hurricane Ike.

National defense consumption expenditures accelerated, reflecting an acceleration in spending for services.

Government social benefits to persons turned down as a result of lower economic stimulus payments in the third quarter (\$4.4 billion at an annual rate) than in the second quarter (\$112.3 billion at an annual rate).

Interest payments turned up, reflecting an upturn in interest on the public debt paid to persons and businesses on Treasury Inflation Protected Securities.

Net purchases of nonproduced assets turned up, reflecting decreased receipts from spectrum auctions.

Federal Government Estimates

Estimates of federal government current receipts, current expenditures, and net federal government saving are based on data from the federal budget, from the *Monthly Treasury Statement* and other reports from the Department of the Treasury, and from other federal government agencies. Total receipts, total expenditures, and net lending or net borrowing, which are alternative measures of the federal fiscal position, are based on these same sources.

Quarterly and annual estimates are published monthly in NIPA table 3.2. Detailed annual estimates of these transactions by component are published annually in NIPA tables 3.4–3.8, 3.12, and 3.13. Detailed quarterly estimates are available in underlying NIPA tables at www.bea.gov/bea/dn/nipaweb/nipa_underlying/Index.asp.

Each year, BEA translates the information in the federal budget into a NIPA framework.¹ For a historical time series of these estimates, see NIPA table 3.18B, which is published annually in October.

^{1.} See Benjamin A. Mandel and Andrew E. Vargo, "NIPA Translation of the Fiscal Year 2009 Federal Budget," SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 88 (March 2008): 19–27.

State and Local Government

Table 3. State and Local Government Current Receipts and Expenditures

[Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Level	Change from preceding quarter			
	2008	2007	2008		
	Ш	IV	I	II	III
Current receipts	1,947.0	12.9	4.5	32.5	-8.4
Current tax receipts	1,331.6	8.4	3.3	26.3	-11.7
Personal current taxes	331.9	2.3	7.9	12.7	-14.5
Taxes on production and imports	947.3	8.7	0.2	12.5	4.9
Taxes on corporate income	52.3	-2.7	-4.9	1.2	-2.2
Contributions for government social insurance	23.9	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3
Income receipts on assets	104.0	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.0
Current transfer receipts	495.4	4.3	0.5	5.4	3.6
Federal grants-in-aid	386.6	3.7	0.3	4.5	2.2
Other	108.9	0.6	0.2	0.9	1.5
Current surplus of government enterprises	-7.9	-0.6	-0.7	-0.5	-0.8
Current expenditures	2,048.8	40.0	34.6	47.0	26.5
Consumption expenditures	1,486.1	29.9	31.1	36.4	23.4
Government social benefits	458.4	10.7	5.9	10.3	3.9
Interest payments	102.2	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.1
Subsidies	2.2	-1.5	-3.3	-1.0	-0.8
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net state and local government saving	-101.8	-27.0	-30.1	-14.5	-34.9
Social insurance funds	5.6	-0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other	-107.4	-27.0	-30.2	-14.6	-35.0
Addenda:					
Total receipts	2,010.8	9.0 12.9	1.2	33.7	-2.7
Current receipts Capital transfer receipts	1,947.0 63.8	-4.0	4.5 -3.2	32.5 1.2	-8.4 5.7
Total expenditures	2.227.0	-4.0 42.2	27.3	53.1	27.7
Current expenditures	2,048.8	42.2	34.6	47.0	26.5
Gross government investment	360.2	5.2	-4.1	9.6	5.3
Capital transfer payments					
Net purchases of nonproduced assets	11.0	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	192.9	3.1	3.1	3.3	4.1
Net lending or net borrowing (-)	-216.2	-33.1	-26.0	-19.5	-30.4

Personal current taxes turned down, reflecting a downturn in state personal income taxes.

Taxes on production and imports decelerated as a result of a downturn in severance taxes. Taxes were boosted in the second quarter because of the effects of new oil and gas severance tax legislation in Alaska and business license taxes in Texas.

Taxes on corporate income turned down because of continued weakness in corporate profits.

Federal grants-in-aid decelerated, reflecting a deceleration in Medicaid grants that was partly offset by an upturn in education grants and housing and community services grants.

Consumption expenditures decelerated as the result of a deceleration in spending for nondurable goods.

Government social benefits decelerated as a result of a deceleration in Medicaid expenditures.

Capital transfer receipts accelerated, reflecting an upturn in federal highway grants and federal water and sewage grants that was partly offset by a deceleration in federal mass transit grants.

Gross government investment decelerated because of a deceleration in investment for structures.

Estimates of State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures

The estimates of state and local government current receipts and expenditures and total receipts and expenditures are mainly based on compilations of data for state and local government finances. The Census Bureau produces the primary source data: the census of governments that is conducted in years that end in a 2 or a 7 and the Government Finances series of surveys for the other years. In addition, other sources of Census Bureau data are from the *Quarterly Summary of State and Local Government Tax Revenue* and the monthly *Value of Construction Put in Place*. Data sources from the Bureau of Labor Statistics include the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages and the Employment Cost Index.

Quarterly and annual estimates are available monthly in NIPA table 3.3. Detailed annual estimates of state and local government transactions by component are available

annually in NIPA tables 3.4–3.8, 3.12, and 3.13. Detailed quarterly estimates are available in underlying NIPA tables at www.bea.gov/bea/dn/nipaweb/nipa_underlying/ Index.asp. For a historical time series of reconciliations of the NIPA estimates with the Census Bureau data from Government Finances, see NIPA table 3.19.

BEA also prepares annual estimates of receipts and expenditures of state governments and of local governments.¹ These estimates are available annually in NIPA table 3.20 (state government receipts and expenditures) and in NIPA table 3.21 (local government receipts and expenditures); see "Newly Available NIPA Tables" in the October 2008 SURVEY.

^{1.} Bruce E. Baker, "Receipts and Expenditures of State Governments and of Local Governments," SURVEY 85 (October 2005): 5–10.