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# The <br> Susiness Situation 

By the Office of Business Economics

## Business Investment Programs

## Plant and equipment expenditure schedules indicate firming



QUARTERLY TOTALS, SEASONALIY ADJUSTED, AT ANNUAL RATES


Cotd: SEC A PBE
U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

58-21-1

EEconomic activity expanded further in the final quarter of 1958. In the October-November period, the broad business indicators such as personal income, employment, and retail sales were above their respective third quarter rates after allowance for seasonal influences.

Reflecting the continuing advance in sales and orders and a better balance between output and consumption, the inventory liquidation which had been in progress for over a year came to a virtual halt during the quarter.

The fact that production rates were about equal to consumption is also brought out by the use of OBE's new quarterly economic indicator representing the real volume of output (gross national product in constant dollars) shown later in this issue. Since the spring quarter, total real output and final demand were progressively coming closer together, and the developments so far in the fourth quarter suggest a near equality for these series. Furthermore, overall prices (GNP basis) have shown little change from the spring quarter so that the movements of output and final demand have been approximately the same in real terms and in current dollars.

Personal income in November advanced to an annual rate of $\$ 360$ billion, up $\$ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion from October. This rise reflected primarily the improved employment situation in the durable-goods manufacturing industries, particularly the expansion of production in the auto industry after the strike-engendered irregularity.

## Retail trade up

With a peak rate of flow of purchasing power, retail sales have advanced. In the first two months of the fourth quarter, sales of retail stores showed an appreciable rise over the third quarter rate, with increases being most marked in the durable-goods lines. This was in contrast to the pattern in the earlier months of this year when changes in durablegoods sales were small. Autcmobile sales are up with output, but the 1959 models have not yet been available to the extent necessary to provide a real guide to the basic demand. Furniture and appliance stores advanced 3 percent from the summer quarter, reflecting in part a pickup in housing activity.

In contrast to the noticeable improvement in the durables, nondurable-goods stores sales increased only a little. The rise in retail sales has reflected mostly increases in physical volume as prices have shown small fluctuations in recent months.

The latest Commerce-SEC survey of fixed capital investment programs indicates little change for the current quarter and immediate future in this important segment of demand. (See chart.) Results of this survey are detailed in a following part of this review.

A feature of November labor developments was the rise in employment in durable-goods factories, largely at automobile plants. Additional workers were recalled and overtime increased work at several plants. Elsewhere changes were small. On a seasonally adjusted basis, total nonagricultural employment at 50.8 million was up 200,000 from the preceding month ( 175,000 being concentrated in transportation equipment), but was 1 million below a year earlier.

The recent advance in manufacturers' sales and new orders has also been centered in automobiles and related groups, but with some increase in home appliances and machinery. Elsewhere, rather limited increases have occurred in the last several months. New orders have recently been about equal to sales.

Industrial production rose in November. Steel operations leveled off at about 75 percent of rated capacity after rising almost continuously since last April. In other industries aside from autos, changes were not pronounced.
Total government demand for goods and services has continued to increase in the current quarter following the pattern of growth which was only temporarily halted by the decline in the third quarter of 1957. Increased outlays by the Federal Government have resulted from the pricesupport operations of the Commodity Credit Corporation and to a lesser degree from those for national defense. State and local governments have also increased their outlays for goods and services.

# Business Capital Investment in Early 1959 

Fixed investment outlays scheduled by business for the first quarter of 1959 are expected to approximate the same average rate that prevailed during 1958. This would represent a small increase over the rate of spending in the second half of this year.

According to figures submitted by business between late October and early December, businessmen anticipate their expenditures on new plant and equipment to be at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 301 / 2$ billion in the first 3 months of next year, as compared with a present anticipation of $\$ 30$ billion for the final quarter of this year and a currently reported actual outlay of about $\$ 291 / 2$ billion in the third quarter.

The figures for the last two quarters of 1958 are downward revisions from the anticipations for these periods reported 3 months ago and represent a continuation of the pattern of downward adjustments to which attention was called in the report published in September. As compared with the programs reported last time, the data for the nonmanufacturing industrics as a group are about the same while those for manufacturing are lower. The overall third quarter revision, however, was smaller than in any of the three immediately preceding quarters.

Table 1.-Percent Change in Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 1957 to 1958 and 1958 to First Quarter 1959

|  | Percent Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1957 to 1958 | 1958 to <br> First Quar- <br> ter 1959 |
| Manulacturing. | -28 | -4 |
| Durable-qoots industries | -31 | -3 |
| Nondurable-goods industries | -25 | -4 |
| Mining | -26 | -9 |
| Railroads. | $-46$ | -29 |
| Transportation, other than rail | -15 | 15 |
| Public utilities. | -2 | 5 |
| Commercial and other. | $-6$ | 2 |
| Total_ | -17 | 0 |

[^0]The third quarter expenditure is more than $\$ 8$ billion below the rate a year earlier, when the investment boom reached its peak, but $\$ 7 \frac{1}{2}$ billion of this drop had occurred by the second quarter.
Spending for the full year 1958-with only the final 3 months based on anticipated figures-totals $\$ 30.5$ billion, a reduction of 17 percent from the record dollar outlay in 1957. All of the major groups show decreases as compared with 1957 , ranging from a 2 percent reduction in the case of public utilities to a decrease of 46 percent by the railroads. (See table 1.)
The 1958 dollar total has been exceeded only in 1956 and 1957. If a rough adjustment is made for capital goods costs. however, it would appear that the fixed investment reached a peak in 1956 and 1957, and that 1958 outlays in real terms are lower than at any time since 1950, though differences are not pronounced as compared with 1951, 1952, and 1954. However, even in this year of downturn, outlays have been well above replacement needs and additions to capacity have still been sizable; many major programs undertaken in 1956 and 1957 reached completion some time in 1958.

## Manufacturing investment firmer

The reduction in spending by manufacturing companies accounts for $\$ 4 \frac{1}{2}$ billion of the $\$ 61 / 2$ billion drop in total investment from 1957 to 1958. The $\$ 11.5$ billion total spent in 1958 is about the same as was spent in 1955, although lower in real terms.

The current survey indicates that the very sharp drop in investment by manufacturing companies that began late in 1957 is about over. The successive quarters of 1958 , after seasonal adjustment, show diminishing rates of decrease, with a little pickup scheduled for the early part of next year. As table 1 indicates, planned outlays, after seasonal adjustment, in the first quarter of the year are about 4 percent lower than the average rate for the full year 1958.

Durable-goods producers have scheduled a slight rise in spending in the first quarter of 1959-if realized, the first rise in a year and a half. Nuch of the improvement here is attributable to the plamed expenditures of industries that
have been favorably affected by the rising trend in overall construction activity this year-stone, clay, and glass; lumber; and fabricated metals. Manufacturers of transportation equipment also expect a small pickup in their outlays early next year.

The recovery in activity in primary metals appears to be responsible for the flattening out in spending by iron and steel producers and the slight improvement among nonferrous metals companies. In both of these industries investment has fallen quite sharply and first quarter rates are still well below the rates that prevailed in 1958. Spending by the machinery groups also indicates essentially a flattening after mid-1958.

## Nondurable goods investment stabilizes

There is little change apparent in the seasonally adjusted rate of investment by nondurable-goods producers as a group between the second half of 1958 and the first quarter of 1959. The petroleum industry, which last March expected outlays this year to be down only 10 percent from 1957, now shows a decrease of almost one-third over last year. The current programs, which were scaled down considerably since the report 3 months ago, indicate a firmer tone in the first quarter of 1959 as compared with the second half of 1958. The chemical industry anticipates a somewhat higher rate of spending over the same period, while the trend is moderately downward in the case of paper, food, and textile industries.

## Nonmanufacturing outlays relatively firm

Plant and equipment expenditures for nonmanufacturing industries are currently estimated at $\$ 19$ billion for 1958; tne arop of 9 percent from 1957 is about one-third as great as that in manufacturing. Most of the decline, after allowance for seasonal factors, occurred by the first quarter of this year. The quarterly seasonally adjusted data show a small rise after the third quarter, and the first quarter of 1959 is slightly higher than the average quarterly rate in 1958.

The component industry groups exhibit divergent movements. Outlays scheduled for the first quarter of next year, after seasonal adjustment, are higher than the 1958 average in the case of the nonrail transportation, public utility, and commercial groups, while mining companies and railroads will start the year markedly lower than average 1958 rates.

Reflecting sharply curtailed earnings as a result of the recession and the continued inroads made by nonrail carriers, investment by the railroads continues to show a downward trend into the first quarter of 1959. However, a marked tapering in the rate of decrease is evident in the most recent anticipations, and the figures for the second half of this year have held firm as compared with those reported 3 months ago.
A considerable recovery late this year is evident in the investment programs of the nonrail transportation companies. Much of this is attributable to the jet aircraft procurement programs of the airlines; first quarter 1959 plans of these companies are at a record high. Steamship companies are also increasing their expenditures.

## Public utility investment strong

The recent recession has had only minor repercussions on investment by the public utilities, which are spending some
$\$ 6$ billion this year, only slightly less than was spent in 1957. After seasonal adjustment, expenditures in this group advanced moderately from the first quarter of 1958 to the third quarter and a further rise is programed through the first quarter of next year.

The expenditure pattern of the electric group over this period is essentially stable by quarters, although these companies have scaled down somewhat investment plans reported earlier this year. Completions of new generating plant have been very large in 1958 and new capacity additions are expected to exceed those of any other year. The gas companies, on the other hand, have revised their earlier plans upward and are responsible for all of the actual and projected seasonally adjusted increase in public utility investment between the first quarter of 1958 and the opening months of 1959 .

## Manufacturing Plant and Equipment Expenditures



## Other nonmanufacturing industries

Mining companies' estimates for the first quarter indicate a further falling off of expenditures to an annual rate about 10 percent below 1958.

Although investment by commercial companies in 1958 is about 5 percent below that in 1957, seasonally adjusted outlays have been comparatively steady in the quarters of 1958. Scheduled expenditures in the first quarter of 1959 are about 2 percent above the 1958 quarterly average. Investment in new stores and shopping centers by retail concerns has exhibited a strong tone this year, and is expected to increase in the early part of 1959. Construction contractors have reversed the downward trend in equipment expenditures that was apparent early this year and have already made a sizable pickup in their outlays. On the other hand, invest-
ment by communications companies has moved downward in 1958, although, here too, leveling tendencies are noted.

## Technical Note

Attention is directed to a new method of presentation of the anticipated quarterly expenditures in the top part of table 2. Experience with the quarterly surveys has shown that some businessmen, in reporting their quarterly anticipations, do not fully make allowances for a number of factors such as weather and accounting adjustments. As a result, anticipations for particular quarters have exhibited recurrent over- or under-statements with respect to it has been possible to make adjustments in the quarterly anticipations which considerably improve the usefulness of the series.
In each industry the amount of adjustment to the anticipation for a given quarter of the year is determined by selecting the median percentage deviation between actual and anticipated expenditures for this particular quarter over the postwar period. In the current survey, the overall effect has been to raise the reported anticipations for the fourth quarter of 1958 by about 1 percent, and to lower the first quarter of 1959 by about 3 percent.
This adjustment was first incorporated in the seasonally adjusted anticipations in 1952. Starting with the present report, the unadjusted estimates shown in the top part of table 2 also incorporate these adjustments for systematic tendencies in the anticipatory data. The factors to the estimates shown at the top.

Table 2.-Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U. S. Business, ${ }^{1} 1956$-59
(Millions of dollars)

|  | 1956 | 1957 | 19582 | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  | $\frac{1959}{\substack{\text { Jan.- } \\ \text { Mar. }^{2}}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Tan.- Mar. | Apr.June | July- Sept. | Oct.Dec. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan.- } \\ & \text { Mar. } \end{aligned}$ | Apr.June | JulySent. | Oct.- $\text { Dec. }{ }^{2}$ |  |
| Manufacturing | 14,954 | 15,959 | 11,500 | 3,505 | 4, 183 | 4,010 | 4,261 | 2,898 | 2,939 | 2,664 | 2,999 | 2,439 |
| Durable-goods industries | 7,623 | 8,022 | 5,540 | 1, 759 | 2, 120 | 1,995 | 2,148 | 1,441 | 1,395 | 1,257 | 1,447 | 1, 177 |
| Primary iron and steel. | 1,268 | 1,722 | 1,222 | 327 | 437 | 452 | 506 | 315 | 324 | 285 | 298 | 209 |
| Primary nonferrous metals. | 412 | 814 | 429 | 147 | 217 | 223 | 227 | 151 | 107 | 87 | 84 | 76 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment | 603 | 599 | 448 | 126 | 152 | 145 | 176 | 100 | 116 | 104 | 122 | 85 |
| Machinery, except electrical ... | 1,078 | 1,275 | 946 | 270 | 317 | 308 | 380 | 255 | 234 | 201 | 256 | 196 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 1, 689 | 1,058 | 577 | 297 | 314 | 252 | 195 | 143 | 155 | 137 | 142 | 119 |
| Transportation equipment, excluding motor vehicles. - | 440 | 544 | 358 | 126 | 150 | 130 | 138 | 93 | 89 | 88 | 88 | 80 |
|  | 686 | 572 | 403 | 135 | 156 | 139 | 142 | 102 | 101 | 84 | 116 | 103 |
| Other durable goods ${ }^{3}$-.......-. | 1,447 | 1,438 | 1,157 | 331 | 377 | 346 | 384 | 276 | 269 | 271 | 341 | 309 |
| Nondurable-goods industries_ | 7,331 | 7,937 | 5, 960 | 1,746 | 2,063 | 2,015 | 2,113 | 1,457 | 1,544 | 1,407 | 1,552 | 1,262 |
| Food and beverages.----. | 799 | 850 | 741 | 201 | 225 | 209 | 215 | 170 | 202 | 183 | 186 | 173 |
| Textile-mill products | 465 | 408 | 290 | 111 | 114 | 93 | 90 | 73 | 69 | 66 | 82 | 70 |
| Paper and allied products. | 801 | 811 | 580 | 192 | 216 | 206 | 197 | 141 | 146 | 151 | 142 | 107. |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 1,455 | 1,724 | 1,338 | 353 | 435 | 440 | 496 | 340 | 352 | 304 | 342 | 302 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 3,135 | 3,453 | 2,415 | 728 | 892 | 894 | 939 | 587 | 629 | 554 | 645 | 448 |
| Rubber products -- | 201 | 200 | 140 | 46 | 53 | 48 | 53 | 37 | 30 | 32 | 41 | 36 |
| Other nondurable goods ${ }^{4}$ | 475 | 491 | 456 | 115 | 128 | 125 | 123 | 109 | 116 | 117 | 114 | 106 |
| Mining | 1,241 | 1,243 | 925 | 300 | 327 | 314 | 302 | 225 | 239 | 223 | 238 | 190 |
| Railroads. | 1,231 | 1,396 | 755 | 342 | 362 | 358 | 334 | 256 | 202 | 140 | 157 | 135 |
| Transportation, other than rail. | 1,712 | 1,771 | 1,505 | 358 | 478 | 447 | 488 | 398 | 369 | 320 | 418 | 404 |
| Public utilities.- | 4,895 | 6, 195 | 6, 105 | 1,205 | 1,510 | 1,720 | 1,760 | 1,227 | 1,511 | 1,633 | 1,734 | 1,311 |
| Communications-.....- | 2,684 | 3,032 | 9,737 | 1,725 1,847 | 797 1,933 | 1,788 1,780 | 1882 1,806 | 2,321 | 2,501 | 2,447 | 2,468 | 2,391 |
| Total. | 35,081 | 36,962 | 30, 527 | 8,282 | 9,590 | 9,357 | 9,733 | 7,325 | 7,761 | 7,427 | 8,014 | 6,870 |
|  | Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates (Billions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  | 16. 12 | 16. 25 | 16.37 | 15. 27 | 13.20 | 11.53 | 10.86 | 10.79 | 11.06 |
| Durable-goods industries ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  | 8.09 | 8.31 | 8,23 | 7.57 | 6.58 | 5.57 | 5.16 | 5.11 | 5.35 |
| Primary iron and steel |  |  |  | 1. 58 | 1. 70 | 1. 90 | 1.72 | 1.52 | 1.27 | 1. 20 | 1.01 | 1.01 |
| Primary nonferrous metals.-----.--- |  |  |  | . 66 | . 88 | . 89 | . 82 | . 68 | . 44 | . 35 | . 30 | . 34 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment. |  |  |  | . 62 | . 62 | . 60 | . 58 | . 52 | . 47 | . 43 | . 40 | . 42 |
| Machinery except electrical ---.--.-- |  |  |  | 1.17 | 1. 29 | 1.28 | 1.33 | 1.11 | . 96 | . 84 | 90 | . 85 |
|  |  |  |  | 1.36 | 1. 27 | . 97 | . 72 | . 66 | . 63 | . 52 | 52 | . 55 |
| Transportation equipment excluding motor vehicles... |  |  |  | 58 | . 59 | . 52 | . 50 | . 43 | . 36 | . 35 | . 32 | . 37 |
| Nondurable-goods industries ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  | 8.03 | 7.94 | 8.14 | 7.70 | 6.62 | 5.96 | 5.70 | 5. 68 | 5.71 |
| Food and beverages.---- |  |  |  | . 84 | . 83 | . 86 | . 87 | . 71 | . 76 | . 76 | . 74 | . 72 |
| Textile-mill products. |  |  |  | . 46 | . 43 | . 41 | . 34 | . 30 | . 26 | . 29 | . 31 | . 29 |
| Paper and allied products |  |  |  | . 85 | . 86 | . 81 | . 73 | . 63 | . 58 | . 59 | . 52 | . 18 |
| Chemicals and allied products. |  |  |  | 1. 57 | 1.71 | 1.83 | 1. 77 | 1.51 | 1.38 | 1.27 | 1. 22 | 1. 34 |
| Petroleum and coal products. |  |  |  | 3. 56 | 3.43 | 3.54 | 3.32 | 2.86 | 242 | 2.17 | 2. 30 | 2. 28 d |
| Mining |  |  |  | 1.35 | 1.28 | 1.24 | 1.15 | 1.00 | . 92 | . 88 | . 91 | . 84 |
| Railroads. |  |  |  | 1. 42 | 1. 35 | 1.54 | 1.26 | 1.02 | . 77 | . 68 | . 59 | . 54 |
| Transportation, other than rail |  |  |  | 1.52 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.91 | 1.69 | 1. 40 | 1.29 | 1.64 | 1.72 |
| Public utilities. |  |  |  | 5.72 | 5.93 | 6.64 | 6.43 | 5.87 | 5.97 | 6.10 | 6.32 | 6. 41 |
| Commercial and other ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  |  | 10.76 | 10.40 | 10.15 | 10.21 | 9.63 | 9.73 | 9.85 | 9.68 | 9. 94 |
| Total |  |  |  | 36.89 | 37.03 | 37.75 | 36. 23 | 32.41 | 30.32 | 29.61 | 29.93 | 30.51 |

1. Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.
2. Estimates for the year 1958 are based on actual expenditures for the first three quarters and anticipated expenditures for the final quarter of the year. These data were reported by business between late October and early December 1958. The estimates for the fourth quarter of 1958 and the first quarter of 1959 have been adjusted when necessary for syste
3. Includes fabricated metal products lumber products,
4. Includes fabricated metal products, lumber products, furniture and fixtures, instru-
ments, ordnance, and miscellaneous manufactures.
5. Includes apparel and related products, tobacco, leather and leather products, and printing and publishing.
6. Includes trafe, service, finance, and construction. Figures for 1958 and 1959 and sea sonally adjusted data also include communications.
7. Includes industries not shown separately.

Note.-For earlier data see Survey of Current Business, June 1956, yage 6, and September 1958, page 8.
Sources: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Third Quarter Balance of Payments 

## Indicates Little Change in Foreign Business

THE overall balance of parments during the third quarter did not change significantly from the pattern of the previous quarter. Total United States payments to foreign countries, seasonally adjusted, were slightly higher than in the second quarter and the movement of most of the major components was comparatively small.

The receipts from the export of goods and services were also up slightly, and net receipts from transactions not estimated (Errors and omissions) which are affected by unrecorded capital movements appear to be back at the average rate during the year prior to the middle of 1956 when major swings in such capital movements resulting from financial disturbances did not seem to have occurred.

As a result, recorded gold and liquid dollar assets accruing to foreign countries through their transactions with the United States during the third quarter were about $\$ 880$ million as compared with $\$ 1,065$ million in the second quarter. After taking account of seasonal changes in the transactions the foreign gains were at an annual rate of $\$ 3.2$ billion in the third quarter as compared with a rate of $\$ 3.7$ billion in the second.

Including gold obtained from other sources than through purchases from the United States, total gold and liquid dollar assets of foreign countries rose by about $\$ 1.3$ billion in the second quarter and by $\$ 1.0$ billion in the third.

The decline in the rate of gold and dollar accumulations was more than accounted for by shifts from increases to decreases in gold and liquid dollar holdings by Canada and Venezuela. Holdings by the European countries increased considerably more than during the second quarter. Taking into account changes in obligations to the International Monetary Fund, the net position of Europe improved by about $\$ 1.2$ billion, compared with about $\$ 850$ million during the previous quarter. Nearly all European countries participated in these gains.

## Gold outflow smaller

Although total gold and dollar accumulations by Western Europe continued to rise, the amouut of gold purchased from the United States was less than half of what they bought in the second quarter, but the acquisition of dollar assets was up. In particular, European purchases of United States Government securities amounted to about $\$ 700$ million while during the previous quarter European countries reduced their holdings by more than $\$ 600$ million. The shift coincided with changes in yields on such securities from a low of less than 1 percent at the end of the second quarter to about 2.5 percent at the end of the third.

In addition to the European countries, major gains in gold and dollar assets were also made by Japan (part of which was used to repay previous dollar drawings to the International Monetary Fund and short-term debts to United States banks). Gold and dollar holdings of the less industrialized countries (other than Venezuela) declined by less than $\$ 50$ million with none of these countries experiencing major changes in their balances.

## Merchandise imports stable

Merchandise imports which comprise nearly half of total payments to foreign countries, after seasonal adjustment,
appear to have continued the moderate rise from the recent low during the first quarter of 1958 . Compared with the third quarter a year ago the decline was about 3 percent. Since imports during 1957 were rising, this decline was somewhat larger than the year to year decline of the previous quarter. The decline from the previous year was much more pronounced for July and August, when it amounted to about 8 percent, but imports during September exceeded those of a year earlier by a considerable margin. Since detailed commodity data for September were not available at the time of this analysis, it is not possible to evaluate to what extent the rise in imports was in response to the rise in domestic business activity.

On the basis of data through August it appears, however, that imports of industrial materials, with the exception of hides, skins, and furs, were weak, in fact more so than earlier in the year. Imports of lumber, and of iron and steel mill products, were more responsive to the rise in domestic business. Imports of meat and automobiles continued to

Table 1.-United States Balance of Payments Seasonally Adjusted (Excluding Military Grant Aid)
[Millions of dollars]

|  | 1957 . |  |  |  | 1958 p |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
| United States payments, total. | 6,794 | 7,136 | 6,581 | 6,677 | 6,468 | 6,699 | 6, 760 |
| Imports, total...-...------ | 5,079 | 5,188 | 5,235 | 5,205 | 4,925 | 5,103 | 5,189 |
| Merchandise.. | 3,230 | 3,369 | 3,355 | 3,337 | 3,076 | 3,193 | ${ }^{1} 3,219$ |
| Services and military expenditures | 1,849 | 1,819 | 1,880 | 1,868 | 1,849 | 1,910 | 1,970 |
| Remittances and pensions. .-.-.-- | 170 | 173 | 172 | 179 | 168 | 170 | 181 |
| Government grants and related capital outflows (net) | 779 | 710 | 607 | 466 | 618 | 609 | 603 |
| United States private and other Government capital outflows (net) | 766 | 1,065 | 567 | 827 | 757 | 817 | 787 |
| United States receipts, total | 7,022 | 6,836 | 6,610 | 6,369 | 5,716 | 5,767 | 5,831 |
| Exports, total..-......-- | 6,856 | 6, 709 | 6, 592 | 6,319 | 5,697 | 5,762 | 5, 831 |
| Merchandise | 5,117 | 4,905 | 4,788 | 4, 517 | 4,046 | 4,031 | 4,081 |
| Services and military transactions. | 1,739 | 1,804 | 1,804 | 1,802 | 1,651 | 1,731 | 1,750 |
| Foreign long-term investments in the United States | 166 | 127 | 18 | - 50 | 19 | 5 |  |
| Errors and omissions (net receipts) ... | 377 | 197 | 310 | -8 | 185 | 8 | 1136 |
| Increase in foreign gold and liquid dollar assets through transactions with the United States. | -605 | 103 | -339 | 316 | 567 | 924 | 793 |

1. Import data for the third quarter 1958 were increased by about $\$ 33$ million as a result of changes in tabulation procedure affecting the data for July. The fgure used for seasonal adjustment excludes that amount. Errors and omissions are lowered by the same amount.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
rise. Other manufactured goods, both capital goods and consumer goods, remained rather stable during the period of declining business activity, but some indications of a resumption of the previous upward trend may again be noticed. More detail may be found in another article in this issue.

## Other expenditures higher than last year

International travel expenditures rose more than seasonally. During the first three quarters of the year, they were about 9 percent higher than during the corresponding period of 1957. In Europe such expenditures rose by 16 percent
while increases in Canada and Latin America were only $21 / 2$ and 3 percent respectively.

Military expenditures were down from the relatively high rate in the second quarter, but about 10 percent higher than a year ago. In part the increase reflects higher salaries paid to troops and civilian personnel, in part the increase of expenses in Germany, since Germany ceased contributing to the costs of maintaining United States troops stationed there.

## Private capital outflow down

The outflow of private capital was substantially less than in the second quarter. Both direct investments and new issues of foreign securities fell off.

The decline in direct investments affected mostly Latin America, and within that area mainly the petroleum industry in Venezuela. In part the decline was seasonal and related to tax payments in that country. Other factors contributing to the decline may be the less favorable conditions in the market for petroleum products as reflected in lower prices, which may have affected both investment programs and the availability of corporate resources to finance them.

The outflow of capital to other areas through direct investments has shown little change. New funds going to Canada were about as high as in the corresponding period of last year, and close to the highest third quarter previously recorded. New investments in Europe were slightly more than a year ago. but for the first three quarters of the year they were considerably smaller than in 1957. So far there is no evidence of an acceleration of direct investments in Europe in anticipation of the start of the Common Market arrangements.
Issues of new securities, which were unusually high during the first half of this year, were minor during the third quarter as interest rates rose and marketing opportunities deteriorated. The drop was offset to some extent by large purchases of internal Canadian bonds and investments in stocks of a newly organized South African investment fund.

Flotation of foreign bonds in the United States on a substantial scale was resumed after September.

The net outflow of funds through private medium- and short-term bank and commercial loans was affected by the repayment of commercial debts by Brazil which was made possible by a large Export-Import Bank loan to that country, and by the transfer of a loan to Colombia from private banks to the Export-Import Bank. These two transactions, which represent a return flow of U. S. private capital, amounted to about $\$ 90$ million. Nevertheless, the net outflow of bank and commercial funds was nearly as high as in the previous quarter but substantial shifts occurred between various countries.

## Government credits higher

The net outflow of Government funds through grants, credits, and the acquisition of foreign currencies was augmented by the Brazilian and Colombian loans taken over from private lenders, as was mentioned above. It was also affected by the postponement of $\$ 40$ million of loan repayments by France under the financial agreement concluded this spring. Omitting these transactions the net outflow was somewhat smaller than in the second quarter but the difference does not appear to have been more than seasonal.

## Total payments near last year's rate

Total payments to foreign countries in the third quarter, seasonally adjusted, were at an annual rate of $\$ 27$ billion,
about $\$ 200$ million or less than 1 percent below the average of 1957. Since third quarter transactions did not include any unusually large payments, but on the contrary, a temporary contraction in the private capital outflow, and perhaps certain imports below the current rate of utilization, it is likely that payments will continue the gradual rise which appears to have occurred so far this year.

## Exports remain near previous low

The slow rise on the receipt side of our balance of payments (after seasonal adjustment) was partly due to slightly higher merchandise exports. The rise was not sufficient, however, to indicate that the end of the low in the export cycle has been passed and the upswing has started. There are continued weaknesses in foreign markets. Although in several of the European countries the business indexes are pointing upwards again, and strong measures been taken in others to stimulate activity, weaknesses persist in those industries which are important for our exports, particularly coal, steel, and cotton.

The countries which derive their foreign exchange largely from the export of foodstuffs and raw materials continue to be affected by large supplies relative to the current demand. Their ability to import is importantly bolstered by loans from the United States as well as foreign sources, but an increase in their purchases is largely dependent upon an improvement in the market situation for their principal export products.

## U. S. payments exceeded receipts for 8 years

Since the last quarter of 1949, with the exception of two periods, both characterized by an unusually high foreign demand, transactions between the United States and foreign countries resulted in an excess of United States payments over receipts and consequently a rise in foreign holdings of gold and liquid dollar assets. The first exception, when foreign expenditures here exceeded foreign receipts from us lasted three quarters. This period started at the middle of 1951 when--following the Korean boom-foreign expenditures were still rising while United States expenditures abroad started to decline. It ended in the early spring of 1952 when foreign countries as a whole had adjusted their expenditures to their lower dollar receipts and, in fact, resumed the build up of their reserves.
The second exception comprised the year from the last quarter of 1956 to the third quarter of 1957. It was characterized by a combination of circumstances which rapidly raised foreign demand for United States exports. These included the closing of the Suez Canal, the need of foreign countries to replenish their relatively low stocks of cotton and to supplement low harvests of foodstuffs, and the very high level of activity in certain foreign economies accompanied by an inflationary expansion of their demand.
During the 8 years, from the fourth quarter of 1949 through the third quarter of 1958 , transactions with the United States enabled foreign countries and international organizations as a whole to add about $\$ 13$ billion to their gold and liquid dollar holdings, or an average of $\$ 1 \%$ billion per year.

## U. S. and foreign prices

The rather persistent excess of United States payments in our international transactions has greatly contributed to the rise in foreign reserves, and consequently to the expansion and liberalization of world trade. The relatively large excess this year, however, has raised questions whether prices of United States produced goods have risen more than those
of goods produced abroad, and whether the recent changes in the balance of payments indicate a weakening in our competitive position.
The following tabulations show illustrative price movements for reasonably comparable commodity groups. The composition of these groups are not necessarily identical but the differences are not likely to be sufficient to affect the general conclusions.
These data indicate that prices of steel, machinery, and vehicles appear to have risen since 1953 faster in the United States than in the United Kingdom and even more so than those in Germany. In the case of coal the price rise from 1953 to 1958 was about the same for the three countries. For many other commodities prices are determined by the world market, and exports from the United States are priced about the same as those from other countries.

## Other factors affecting competitive position

Prices are only one of the factors influencing the country's competitive position, and the balance of its international transactions. The differences in the price movements for machinery and vehicles, and iron and steel were present at least since 1954; yet exports have risen sharply until recently. These differences continued, but did not widen in 1958, but exports have fallen off. Coal exports fell off in 1958 by a larger percentage than exports of machinery although the competitive position of United States coal (taking into consideration the lower overseas transportation costs) improved substantially compared with the year before.
Several other factors may have an overriding influence on the position of the United States in international markets. When foreign demand, particularly for investment goods,

Price Movements of Goods Produced in the United States and in Competing Countries
$[1953=100]$

increased faster than foreign capacity to meet it, as was the case between 1953 and 1957, delivery periods abroad lengthened, and a rising part of this demand was directed to this country where delivery periods were shorter, even if prices were somewhat higher.

As the rise abroad slowed down during the latter part of 1957 and in 1958, while foreign capacity to produce such goods expanded, the order backlog of foreign producers declined and their delivery periods shortened with the result that price relationships became more important in the distribution of the international demand between the various producers and their countries.

Other factors which can affect such exports are the availability and the terms of credit, differences in quality or design of the products, servicing facilities, and marketing techniques, but they can hardly be evaluated statistically. Higher wage rates relative to prices of finished products in the United States than abroad imposes upon American business the need to lead other countries in the development of capital equipment. Similarly, the higher incomes here are conducive to the earlier development and production of certain types of consumer goods. This has given the United States at various times the advantage in such goods as automobiles, business machines, large construction and mining equipment, airplanes, various types of electronic equipment, and chemical products.

The advantages in the sales of specific products may be lost as foreign countries assume and expand their production but the relative position of the United States will depend upon the speed of that process and of the development of new products or the improvement of those previously sold. This is the usual process of competition in which the success depends upon the relation between the development of innovations and the loss of markets to those who take up the production of goods previously developed. Relative prices can make a difference in this competitive process, but obviously they are not the only factor.

Slifts in trade can also result from other developments. Foodstuffs, which had a declining share in our exports prior to the 1930's, increased in relative importance after the second world war and retained this position even after the postwar emergency period passed. The exporting of coal to Europe was an entirely new development in the postwar period. Adverse price changes for some commodities or commodity groups thus can be offset by some favorable developments in the international market for others.

## Balance of payments also reflects foreign need for additional reserves

A part of our exports consist of goods or services provided to foreign countries under Government grant and credit programs or through private investments. Even when dollars are spent through such transactions, they give foreign countries a claim against our resources. Consequently, the complete balance of payments has to be considered in the analysis of our ability to meet our international financial obligations.

As long as foreign countries as a whole want to strengthen their gold and dollar reserves, and pursue policies to keep their expenditures here smaller than their current dollar receipts, it cannot be determined to what degree the excess of our international payments over our receipts results from such policies and to what extent it may be attributed to difficulties in making our production more competitive with those of foreign countries. This difficulty is further increased by the possibility of shifts in the relative importance of these factors as the need for additional reserves increases during or after a period of declining reserves, or declines as reserve holdings rise.

Table 2.-United States Balance of Payments by
[Millions of dollars]


[^1]1. 'hamges in fastem Eurojean gold holdings are not included in the estimate of the increase in total foreign gold holdings. Increase in foreign holdings of liquid dollar assets=lines 43 , 44, and 4 h.
 individual areas).


Areas-Second and Third Quarters, 1957 and 1958


# Real National Output by Quarters- 

A New Major Economic Indicator

QUARTERLY estimates of real, or "constant-dollar," gross national product and its broad components for the period 1950-58 are presented in this article, together with the corresponding current-dollar figures and the associated price indexes. They constitute a major additional tool for the analysis of current business developments. The new short-period information, which from now on will be published on the same schedule as the current-dollar GNP estimates, will permit an up-to-date analysis of quarterly movements in current-dollar production and sales, prices, and physical volumes in the framework of the national income and product accounts.

Quarterly estimates of real GNP have had top place among the suggestions for additional information which users of national income and product data have made to OBE during the past few years. OBE's experience in this regard was corroborated by the National Accounts Review Committee, which at the request of the Bureau of the Budget reported last year on the status of the National Economic Accounts of the United States. A canvass of user opinion made by this committee gave first priority to quarterly estimates of real gross national product, and the committee itself took a similar view of the importance of these figures.

## New national income report

The estimates presented here are part of a new, comprehensive report on the national income, entitled $U$. S. Income and Output, which is now in press. In that report, the quarterly constant-dollar estimates are provided for all years beginning with 1947.

The forthcoming report includes a large volume of entirely new statistical information on the U. S. economy, and incorporates also the results of the 1954 industrial censuses and other new source materials into the postwar income and product estimates. The concepts and methods underlying the new and revised series are explained, and these estimates

Table 1.-GNP and Final Purchases, Selected Quarters, 1955-57

| Quarter | $\begin{gathered} \text { GNP } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { (billions } \\ \text { of dollars) } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Implicit } \\ \text { price } \\ \text { deflator } \end{array} \\ (1957=100) \end{gathered}$ | GNP | Inventory change | Final purchases |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (Billions of 1957 dollars) |  |  |
| 1955: IV | 409 | 94 | 435 | 8 | 427 |
| 1956: IV | 430 | 98 | 441 | 5 | 436 |
| 1957: I | 436 | 99 | 442 | 1 | 441 |
|  | 441 446 | 100 101 | 4443 | 3 2 | 440 440 |

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
are viewed in the perspective of the past work of the OBE and its plans for the future. A comprehensive review of the American economy during the postwar period is also provided.
U. S. Income and Output will not supersede the 1954 National Income supplement. The latter will remain the source of statistical series for the prewar and war years, as well as of comprehensive, detailed descriptions of the definitions and methodology underlying the U. S. national income accounts.

The number of statistical tables in $U$.S. Income and Output is approximately double that of the 1954 supplement. New information is provided on the total national output and its composition, and on the receipts and expenditures of the major markets into which national output flows: the consumer, government, and foreign markets, and the market for business investment goods.

Particularly noteworthy among the new tables-in addition to the quarterly constant-dollar GNP-are those relating to the following: GNP in current and constant dollars, broken down into durable and nondurable commodities, construction, and services; summary information on the size and regional distributions of consumer incomes; annual breakdowns of Federal and State and local government expenditures by type of public services provided; a changed treatment of foreign transactions, featuring a complete tie-in with the balance of payments statistics; and a study of investment and capital stocks in manufacturing.

Attention may be drawn to two general directions which the additional work incorporated in U.S. Income and Output has taken. First, the quarterly estimates necessary for the up-to-date analysis of current business developments have been greatly strengthened and expanded. Secondly, new constant-dollar information on total real GNP and its components has been developed on a substantial scale.

## NEW VIEW OF THE ECONOMY

The work of the OBE in the field of constant-dollar estimates antecedes the year 1951, when the first annual estimates of real GNP for the period beginning with 1929 were published. This information, which was the result of several years of basic research, was urgently needed for the study of inflationary and deflationary processes as well as of trends in the productivity of the national economy. It proved particularly timely for analysis and policy formation during the Korean conflict and was highly useful also in subsequent years.

The new quarterly information makes possible a more precise study of short-term business developments.
NOTE-The new quarterly constant-dollar GNP data were prepared in the National Income Division of the Office of Business Economics. The following staff members con-
tributed principally to the development of this basic market measure: Lawrence Grose Edward O. Bassett, Carolyn G. Bernhard, Joseph Rosenthal, and Robert C. Wasson

The general contour of these developments in the postwar period appears much the same in the new constant-dollar figures as in the current-dollar series which alone were available hitherto; and the broad interpretation of these developments is not basically altered. However, the new data sharpen the focus of the postwar economic picture, and for many purposes provide a more meaningful frame of reference.
This general proposition can be illustrated by reference to the recent business downturn and recovery.

## Dimensions of 1957-58 decline and recovery

The timing of the cyclical swing is about the same in both sets of data. Total economic activity began to decline in the autumn of 1957 and reached its trough in the first quarter of the current year. However, reflecting the continued rise in final product prices, the magnitude of the decline was somewhat less in current dollars than in real terms- $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percent as against $5 \frac{1}{2}$ percent.

This latter decline exceeded the peak-to-trough movements of 2 percent and 4 percent in the physical volume of output during the 1948-49 and 1953-54 recessions.

As can be seen from table 4 , all major components of GNP

## Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars


reflected the continued updrift in prices from 1957 to 1958. Firmness in the general price level was a feature which the recent recession shared with the two previous postwar downturns, although overall GNP prices dipped somewhat in 194849. (Sce chart on page 24.)

The turnabout in GNP which occurred in 1958 was the quickest on record for the postwar period. The ensuing recovery appears vigorous in both current- and constant-dollar terms, but its proportions differ somewhat, by reference to the 1957 pre-recession peak, depending on which of these two bases of measurement is used.

In the third quarter of 1958, the current-dollar GNP had regained about two-thirds of its prior decline; in real volume terms, about two-fifths of the loss had been made good. It may be noted, incidentally, that much of the price rise that is reflected in the differences between the current- and con-stant-dollar movements occurred in the course of the business downturn; the 1958 recovery so far has proceeded in a setting
of overall price stability and has represented, in the main, gains in the real volume of production.

With business recovery continuing, the current-dollar GNP for the fourth quarter will exceed substantially the previous peak annual rate of $\$ 446$ billion set in the third quarter of 1957. In real terms national output will approximate the previous record.
For the year as a whole, current-dollar GNP will be about $\$ 437$ billion as compared with $\$ 440$ billion for the year 1957. In real volume terms, the difference will be somewhat larger-about 3 percent as compared with 1 percent.

## Factors in recent business cycle

The general pattern of fall and recovery in the broad market demands for GNP as shown by the new constant-dollar data is similar to the one that emerges from the currentdollar data as analyzed in detail in last month's Surver. But once again the constant-dollar figures provide added depth to the view of economic developments. For instance, they put into clear focus the change in the tenor of business activity that preceded the decline in gross national product in the fourth quarter of 1957.
The constant-dollar figures bring out quite clearly thatfollowing a prolonged period of expansion-the overall rate of final demand and GNP had ceased to grow further in real terms well before economic activity turned down in the fourth quarter of 1957. As can be seen from table 1, final purchases of GNP in terms of constant-dollars were about unchanged at an annual rate of around $\$ 440$ billion in the first three quarters of 1957.
The growth in total GNP-final purchases plus inventory change had ceased somewhat earlier. This aggregate was stable in real terms over a four-quarter period preceding the autumn 1957 downturn. This stability was masked in the current-dollar figures by a rise in overall prices, the current-dollar GNP increasing by $3 \frac{1}{2}$ percent from a $\$ 430$ billion annual rate in the fourth quarter of 1956 to a $\$ 446$ billion peak in the third quarter of 1957.
This flattening in real GNP in the period immediately before the recession-by contrast to the further rise in prices and current-dollar values-was a key development both for the diagnosis of the business outlook and for economic policy formulation. The matching series on currentand constant-dollar GNP and prices given in tables 2, 3, and 4 provide a substantially better tool than has been available hitherto for the analysis of these developments.
It is of interest to note that a tapering in the advance of real output and demand similar to the one that preceded the 1957-58 downturn was in evidence also in the periods leading up to the two prior postwar recessions-those of 1948-49 and 1953-54. It is evident that this phenomenon not only has an important bearing upon the assessment of the strength of the basic demand factors, but that it also contributes to the understanding of inventory movements which to a large extent are influenced by developments in final demand.
The analysis of postwar business fluctuations included in U.S. Income and Output draws upon the new quarterly real GNP estimates to elaborate the above point, as well as to supplement in other respects the view provided by the cur-rent-dollar data.

## NATURE OF NEW QUARTERLY DATA

Prior to a description of the methodology of the new quarterly estimates, brief note should be taken of a definitional change in two components of the gross national product. It extends to the current as well as the constant-dollar figures and is shown for the first time in this issue of the Surver.

The change stems from a new treatment of Government cash grants to foreign nations and affects-compensatinglythe Federal Government purchase component of GNP and the entry for international transactions. Total gross national product is not altered.

In the prior treatment, which originated in a period in which international aid was of negligible proportions, net Government cash grants to foreign nations were treated as though they represented Government purchases from abroad, and a counter-entry appeared in the foreign investment component of GNP (which reflected the excess of U. S. sales to abroad over U. S. purchases from abroad so defined). In the new presentation, Government cash grants are omitted altogether from the GNP statement.

Changes in terminology and classification reflecting this new treatment have been introduced. The entry for foreign transactions is now labeled "Net exports of goods and services" (with exports shown separately from imports in the current-dollar tables) and the breakdown of Federal purchases has been modified. ${ }^{1}$

Cash grants now omitted from the main GNP table will appear as a new category of foreign transfer payments in the quarterly statements of Government and foreign transactions which will be a regular feature of the expanded reporting systems to which the new current- and constant-dollar quarterly GNP reports will be tied. "Net foreign investment'" will be shown in the new statement of foreign transactions as the excess of exports over the sum of imports and Government cash grants to abroad-and also in the national saving-investment account.

## Sources and methods

Like the annual constant-dollar series, which have been described in detail in the 1954 National Income supplement, the new quarterly estimates are derived principally by dividing the components of the current-dollar gross national product by appropriate price indexes, in as fine a product breakdown as practicable.

For consumer expenditures, which constitute about twothirds of the total GNP, use is made mainly of price series which are components of the consumer price indexes of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and of the series on prices paid by farmers prepared by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. These two sets of data are combined to give representation to prices paid by both urban and rural purchasers.

For private domestic investment, the deflated series on new construction are prepared by the Business and Defense Services Administration of the Department of Commerce, and are based largely on construction cost indexes compiled by private and Government agencies. For GNP purposes, an adjustment for changing profits margins is introduced, to convert these cost indexes to the selling price level that is reflected in the current-dollar estimates of new construction.

The major data sources used for deflating producers' purchases of durable equipment are the BLS wholesale price indexes and the ICC indexes of prices of railroad equipment; and the BLS wholesale price indexes are also the principal source of information used for deflating the change in business inventories.

[^2]For exports and imports, major reliance is on indexes of unit values for merchandise exports and imports prepared by the Bureau of Foreign Commerce of the Department of Commerce.

Finally, the principal sources of price information for the deflation of government purchases are the BLS wholesale price indexes and the construction cost indexes of the Business and Defense Services Administration to which reference has already been made.

In carrying out the deflation of the seasonally adjusted current-dollar figures on a quarterly basis, about 100 product groups were distinguished separately, and several times as many price indexes drawn from the BLS and other sources referred to above were combined to deflate these currentdollar series. The results so obtained were adjusted to the annual constant-dollar figures, which are prepared in an even finer breakdown.

In the course of the work it was found that in a great many instances the quarterly price indexes displayed regularly recurring seasonal patterns of an appreciable magnitude. Accordingly, a substantial part of the statistical effort expended on the project went into the elimination of seasonal variations from the price series used.

## Gross National Product in Constant Dollars

## Quarterly fluctuations in major markets differ widely



The detailed deflation work was done in terms of 1954 prices, and constant-dollar estimates expressed in prices of that year will be given in U.S. Income and Output. Inasmuch as recent price levels are more familiar, these basic estimates were converted into 1957 prices for presentation in this article. In general, the conversion was made separately for each of the published components of GNP. More detailed breakdowns were used in instances in which these components had undergone significant shifts in product composition.

## Characteristics of new series

In view of the fact that the quarterly real GNP is a new series which will be employed widely, it is important to draw attention of users to its principal characteristics.

Table 2.—Gross National Product or Expenditure, Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates, 1950-57, and First Three Quarters, 1958

| Line |  | 1950 |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1 | Gross national product | 265.8 | 274.4 | 293.2 | 304.3 | 284.6 | 317.8 | 326.4 | 333.8 | 338.1 | 329.0 | 341.0 | 341.3 | 347.0 | 358.6 | 347.0 |
| $\frac{2}{3}$ | Personal consumption expenditures. | 185.7 | 189.9 | 204.4 | 200.1 | 195.0 | 211.5 | 205.5 | 208.8 | 213.4 | 209.8 | 214.6 | 217.7 | 219.6 | 227.2 | 219.8 |
| 3 | Durable goods...-. | 26.8 | 27.9 | 35.5 | 31.2 | 30.4 | 33.0 | 28.0 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 29.5 | 27.7 | 29.1 | 27.5 | 32.1 | 29.1 |
| 4 | Nondurable goods. | 96.2 | 97.7 | 103.3 | 102.0 | 99.8 | 110.2 | 108.1 | 109.5 | 112.7 | 110.1 | 113.3 | 113.9 | 115.9 | 117.2 | 115. 1 |
| 5 | Services...-........ | 62.6 | 64.3 | 65.7 | 66.9 | 64.9 | 68.3 | 69.4 | 70.8 | 72.3 | 70.2 | 73.6 | 74.7 | 76.2 | 77.9 | 75.6 |
| 6 | Gross private domestic investment | 39.8 | 46.9 | 51.1 | 61.4 | 50.0 | 56.9 | 61.6 | 56.3 | 51.0 | 56.3 | 52.2 | 45.6 | 49.1 | 52.6 | 49.9 |
| 7 | New construction.............. | 21.6 | 23.6 | 25. 6 | 25.3 | 24.2 | 25.7 | 25.0 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 24.8 | 25.2 | 25.4 | 25.4 | 26.1 | 25.5 |
| 8 | Residential nonfarm. | 12.2 | 13.8 | 15.4 | 14.4 | 14. 1 | 14.1 | 12.5 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 13.4 | 12. 8 |
| 9 | Other | 9.4 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 10.9 | 10.1 | 11.6 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 12.7 |
| 10 | Producers' durable equipment. | 15.7 | 18.4 | 20.6 | 21.1 | 18.9 | 20.7 | 21.3 | 21.6 | 21.5 | 21.3 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 19.4 | 21.2 | 21.3 |
| 11 | Change in business inventories-total | 2.5 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 15.0 | 6.8 | 10.5 | 15.2 | 10.2 | 4.9 | 10.2 | 5.1 | $-2.2$ | 4.3 | 5.3 | 3. 1 |
| 12 | Nonfarm only -- | 2.2 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 13.8 | 6.0 | 9.3 | 14.0 | 9.1 | 3.8 | 9.1 | 4.0 | -3.3 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 2.1 |
| 13 | Net exports of goods and services | 2.0 | 1.1 | $-.6$ | -. 2 | . 6 | $-.2$ | 1.7 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 2.8 | . 1 | -. 7 | 1.3 |
| 14 | Exports.. | 12.5 | 12.4 | 13.4 | 14.2 | 13.1 | 15.9 | 17.7 | 18.9 | 18.9 | 17.9 | 19.0 | 18.3 | 16.0 | 16.4 | 17.4 |
| 15 | Imports. | 10.5 | 11.3 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 12.5 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 14.8 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 16.0 | 17.1 | 16.1 |
| 16 | Government purchases of goods and services | 38.4 | 36.5 | 38.2 | 43.0 | 39.0 | 49.5 | 57.7 | 64.9 | 69.5 | 60.5 | 71.1 | 75.2 | 78.2 | 79.5 | 76.0 |
| 17 | Federal. | 19.1 | 17.2 | 18.4 | 22.7 | 19.3 | 28.7 | 36.1 | 42.9 | 47.4 | 38.8 | 48.5 | 52.1 | 55.0 | 55.8 | 52.9 |
| 18 | National defense. | 12.6 | 12.0 | 14.1 | 18.3 | 14.3 | 24.3 | 31.2 | 38.1 | 41.8 | 33.9 | 43.0 | 46.2 | 47.0 | 49.3 | 46.4 |
| 19 <br> 20 | Other | 6.6 | 5.2 | 4.4 |  | 5.2 |  | 5.1 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | Less: Government sales State and local. | $\stackrel{.1}{19} 3$ | r 19.3 | .1 19.8 | 20.3 ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{19} .7$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 20.9 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21.6 | .4 21.9 | 22.1 | 21.7 | 22.5 | ${ }_{23.1}{ }^{3}$ | .2 23.2 | ${ }_{23.7}{ }^{2}$ | 23.3 |
|  | State and local. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.9 | 22.1 |  | 22.5 |  | 23.2 |  | 23.2 |
| Line |  | 1953 |  |  |  |  | 1954 |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1 | Gross national product | 364.5 | 368.8 | 367.1 | 361.0 | 365.4 | 360.0 | 358.9 | 362.0 | 370.8 | 363.1 | 384.3 | 393.0 | 403.4 | 408.9 | 397.5 |
| 2 | Personal consumption expenditures | 230.9 | 233.3 | 234.1 | 232.3 | 232.6 | 233.7 | 236.5 | 238.7 | 243.2 | 238.0 | 249.4 | 254.3 | 260.9 | 263.3 | 256.9 |
| 3 | Durable goods...- | 33.2 | 33.4 | 33.6 | 31.2 | 32.9 | 31.2 | 32.2 | 32.3 |  | 33.4 | 38.2 | 39.1 | 41.4 | 39.8 | 39.6 |
| 5 | Services...------ | 79.6 | 81.2 | 17.8 82.8 | 88.7 | ${ }_{81.8}$ | 88.6 | 18.5 85.5 | 16.9 88 | ${ }^{188.3}$ | 86.3 | ${ }^{180.0}$ | 191.6 | 93.4 | ${ }^{125.3}$ | 18.5 |
| 6 | Gross private domestic investment_ | 52.0 | 52.9 | 51.1 | 45.2 | 50.3 | 46.6 | 47.2 | 48.8 | 52.3 | 48.9 | 58.8 | 63.1 | 65.4 | 67.6 | 63.8 |
| 7 | New construction. ...... | 26.9 | 27.8 | 27.7 | 27.9 | 27.6 | 27.8 | 28.9 | 30.2 | 31.6 | 29.7 | 33.9 | 34.9 | 35.4 | 35.4 | 34.9 |
| 8 | Residential nonfarm. | 13.7 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 14.7 | 15.8 | 17.0 | 15.4 | 18.5 | 18.9 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 18.7 |
| 9 | Other--.-- | 13.2 | 13.8 | 14.8 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 14.4 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.4 | 16.0 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 16.2 |
| 10 | Producers' durable equipment | 22.5 | 22.0 | 22.6 | 21.9 | 22.3 | 21.4 | 20.9 | 20.7 | 19.9 | 20.8 | 20.5 | 22.1 | 24.4 | 25.4 | 23.1 |
| 11 | Change in business inventories-tot | 2.5 | 3.1 | 7 | $-4.6$ | 4 | $-2.6$ | $-2.7$ | -2.1 | 8 | $-1.6$ | 4.4 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 6.7 | 5.8 |
| 12 | Nonfarm only | 3.0 | 4.0 | 1.5 | -4.3 | 1.1 | -2.8 | -3.2 | -2.8 | 2 | -2.1 | 3.8 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 5.5 |
| 13 | Net exports of goods and services | -. 3 | -. 7 | -. 8 | . 0 | -. 4 | . 3 | . 8 | . 4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.5 | . 7 | 1.3 | . 9 | 1.1 |
| 14 | Exports.. | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 16.0 | 17.9 | 17.3 | 18.7 | 17.5 | 18.7 | 18.6 | 20.0 | 20.3 | 19.4 |
| 15 | Imports. | 16.7 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 16.7 | 17.0 | 15.7 | 17.1 | 16.8 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 17.2 | 17.9 | 18.7 | 19.4 | 18.3 |
| 16 | Government purchases of goods and services | 81.8 | 83.3 | 82.7 | 83.5 | 82.8 | 79.4 | 74.4 | 74.1 | 73.0 | 75.3 | 74.6 | 74.9 | 75.8 | 77.1 | 75.6 |
| 17 | Federal | 57.4 | 58.9 | 57.7 | 57.8 | 58.0 | 52.9 | 47.1 | 45.9 | 44.4 | 47.5 | 45.1 | 44.7 | 45.3 | 46. 1 | 45.3 |
| 18 | National defense. | 49.8 | 50.5 | 49.3 | 47.6 | 49.3 | 44.8 | 41.5 | 40.0 | 38.4 | 41.2 | 39.2 | 38.8 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 39.1 |
| 19 | Other---........ | 8.0 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 10.5 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 7.4 | 6.6 |
| 20 21 | Less: Government sales | 24.4 4 | 24.3 ${ }^{3}$ | 8.3 24.9 | 25.7 ${ }^{-3}$ | .3 24.9 | .3 26.5 | 27.3 | 88 28 | 28.7 | 27.3 | 29.5 ${ }^{3}$ | 3.4 | 3.4 | 31.4 ${ }^{4}$ | 30.3 |
|  | state and local. | 24.4 | 24.3 |  | 25.7 |  | 26.5 | 27.3 | 28. 2 | 28.7 | 27.7 | 29.5 |  | 30.5 | 31.0 |  |
| Line |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | 111 | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1 | Gross national product | 410.8 | 414.9 | 420.5 | 430.5 | 419.2 | 436.3 | 441.2 | 445.6 | 438.9 | 440.3 | 425.8 | 429.0 | 439.0 |  |  |
| 2 | Personal consumption expenditures. | 265.2 | 267.2 | 269.7 | 275.4 | 269.4 | 279.8 | 282.5 | 288.3 | 287.2 | 284.4 | 286.2 | 288.3 | 291.5 |  |  |
| 3 | Durable goods--................. | 38.7 | 37.8 | 37.5 | 39.5 | 38.4 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 36.3 | 35.6 | 36.1 |  |  |
| 5 | Nondurable goods. | 129.6 | 130.9 | 131.6 | 133.4 | 131.4 | 135.5 | 137.1 | 140.5 | 138.8 | 138.0 | 139.8 | 141.4 | 142.9 |  |  |
| 5 | Services. | 96.9 | 98.6 | 100.6 | 102.5 | 99.6 | 104.1 | 105.9 | 107.4 | 108.7 | 106.5 | 110.1 | 111.3 | 112.5 |  |  |
| 6 | Gross private domestic investment. | 68.0 | 67.7 | 68.1 | 68.8 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 67.0 | 66.7 | 61.5 | 65.3 | 49.6 | 49.2 | 53.7 |  |  |
| 7 | New construction. .- | 35.2 | 35.8 | 35.8 | 36.2 | 35.7 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 36.6 | 37.1 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 34.9 | 36.3 |  |  |
| 8 | Residential nonfarm_ | 17.8 | 17.7 | 17.6 | 17.7 | 17.7 | 17.2 | 16.5 | 16.9 | 17.6 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 16.2 | 17.9 |  |  |
| 9 | Other- | 17.4 | 18.1 | 18.3 | 18.4 | 18.1 | 18.9 | 19.6 | 19.7 | 19.6 | 19.5 | 19.2 | 18.7 | 18.4 |  |  |
| 10 | Producers' durable equipment. | 25.9 | 26.6 | 27.3 | 28.2 | 27.0 | 28.7 | 28.1 | 28.0 | 26.7 | 27.9 | 22.9 | 22.3 | 22.3 |  |  |
| 11 | Change in business inventories-tot | 6.9 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 2.2 | -2.3 | 1.0 | -9.5 | -8.0 | -5.0 |  |  |
| 12 | Nonfarm only --.....-...... | 7.4 | 6.2 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 5.9 | . 6 | 2.0 | 1.3 | -3.1 | . 2 | -9.3 | -7.8 | -5.4 |  |  |
| 13 | Net exports of goods and services. | . 8 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |  |  |
| 14 | Exports.- | 20.9 | 22.5 | 23.6 | 24.8 | 23.0 | 26.4 | 26.6 | 26.0 | 24.9 | 26.0 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 22.8 |  |  |
| 15 | Imports. | 20.1 | 19.8 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 20.2 | 20.8 | 20.6 | 21.2 | 21.6 | 21.0 | 20.2 | 20.8 | 21.2 |  |  |
| 16 | Government purchases of goods and services | 76.8 | 77.2 | 79.5 | 81.8 | 78.8 | 85.0 | 85.7 | 85.8 | 86.9 | 85.7 | 88.3 | 89.7 | 92.0 |  |  |
| 17 | Federal -..-..-............ | 44.8 | 44.5 | 46.1 | 47.5 | 45.7 | 49.1 | 49.7 | 49.7 | 49.1 | 49.4 | 49.7 | 50.7 | 52.2 |  |  |
| 18 19 | National defense. | 39.1 | 39.1 | 41.0 | 42.1 | 40.3 | 43.7 | 44.9 | 44.9 | 43.9 | 44.3 | 43.7 | 44.1 | 44.5 |  |  |
| 19 20 | Other ${ }_{\text {Less }}$ Government sale | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 8.0 |  |  |
| 20 | Less: Government sa state and local | 32.0 | 32.4 | 3.3 | .3 34.4 | 33. ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { P } \\ 3 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ${ }_{36.0}{ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{36} .1$ | ${ }_{37}{ }^{5} 8$ | 36.4 | .3 38.6 | 39.1 | 8.3 39.9 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]Table 3.-Gross National Product, Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates, in Constant Dollars, 1950-57, and First Three Quarters, 1958
[Billions of 1957 dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Line} \& \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1950} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1951} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1952} <br>
\hline \& \& I \& II \& III \& N \& Year \& \& II \& III \& IV \& Year \& 1 \& II \& III \& IV \& Year <br>
\hline 1 \& Gross national product \& 326.7 \& 336.7 \& 351.2 \& 358.6 \& 343.4 \& 361.2 \& 369.0 \& 376.2 \& 376.9 \& 370.7 \& 379.8 \& 379.5 \& 383.2 \& 393.7 \& 384.1 <br>
\hline 2 \& Personal consumption expenditures. \& 221.6 \& 225.3 \& 237.2 \& 228.3 \& 228.1 \& 233.8 \& 225.7 \& 228.9 \& 231.3 \& 229.9 \& 231.4 \& 234.3 \& 235.5 \& 242.2 \& 235.8 <br>
\hline 3 \& Durable goods.. \& 30.4 \& 31.2 \& 39.1 \& 33.7 \& 33.6 \& 34.6 \& 29.1 \& 29.4 \& 29.0 \& 30.5 \& 28.3 \& 29.7 \& 28.2 \& 33.0 \& 29.8 <br>
\hline 4 \& Nondurable goods. \& 112.2 \& 113.3 \& 116.4 \& 112.4 \& 113.6 \& 116.5 \& 113.5 \& 115.3 \& 117.2 \& 115.6 \& 117.7 \& 118.7 \& 120.4 \& 121.4 \& 119.6 <br>
\hline 5 \& Services-- \& 79.0 \& 80.8 \& 81.7 \& 82.1 \& 80.9 \& 82.7 \& 83.1 \& 84.1 \& 85.0 \& 83.7 \& 85.5 \& 85.9 \& 86.8 \& 87.8 \& 86.5 <br>
\hline 6 \& Gross private domestic investment. \& 52.4 \& 60.7 \& 63.8 \& 74.7 \& 63.1 \& 66.8 \& 71.0 \& ${ }^{65.6}$ \& 59.3 \& 65.5 \& 60.1 \& 52.6 \& 56.2 \& 60.3 \& 57.3 <br>
\hline 7 \& New construction---.- \& 28.5 \& 30.6 \& 31.8 \& 31.5 \& 30.8 \& 31.1 \& 29.6 \& 28.9 \& 28. 6 \& 29.4 \& 29.0 \& 29.1 \& 29.0 \& 29.9 \& 29.3 <br>
\hline 8 \& Residential nonfarm. \& 15.5 \& 17.0 \& 18.2 \& 16.9 \& 17.1 \& 16.3 \& 14.2 \& 13.3 \& 13.4 \& 14.2 \& 13.6 \& 13.9 \& 14.0 \& 14.7 \& 14.1 <br>
\hline 9 \& Other-1................. \& 13.0 \& 13.6 \& 13.6 \& 14.5 \& 13.7 \& 14.8 \& 15.4 \& 15.6 \& 15.2 \& 15.2 \& 15.4 \& 15. 2 \& 15.0 \& 15.2 \& 15.2 <br>
\hline 10 \& Producers' durable equipment \& 21.1 \& 24.5 \& 26.7 \& 26.4 \& 24.6 \& 24.9 \& 25.5 \& 25.8 \& 25.7 \& 25.5 \& 26.0 \& 26.5 \& 23.2 \& 25.2 \& 25.2 <br>
\hline 11 \& Change in business inventories-total \& 2.8 \& 5. 6 \& 5.3 \& 16.8 \& 7.6 \& 10.8 \& 15.9 \& 10.9 \& 5. 0 \& 10.7 \& 5.0 \& -3.0 \& 4.0 \& 5.2 \& 2.8 <br>
\hline 12 \& Nonfarm only.- \& 2.6 \& 5.1 \& 4.4 \& 15.9 \& 7.0 \& 10.0 \& 15.2 \& 10.3 \& 4.5 \& 10.0 \& 4.6 \& $-3.6$ \& 3.6 \& 5.0 \& 2.4 <br>
\hline 13 \& Net exports of goods and services \& 1.9 \& 1.2 \& -. 1 \& . 6 \& . 8 \& . 5 \& 2.5 \& 4.4 \& 4.4 \& 3.0 \& 4.2 \& 3.5 \& . 4 \& -. 6 \& 1.9 <br>
\hline 14 \& Government purchases of goods and services. \& 50.8 \& 49.5 \& 50.3 \& 55.1 \& 51.4 \& 59.9 \& 69.8 \& 77.3 \& 82.0 \& 72.3 \& 84.0 \& 89.1 \& 91.2 \& 91.7 \& <br>
\hline 15 \& Federal \& 24.3 \& 23.1 \& 23.9 \& 28.6 \& 25.0 \& 33.2 \& 42.7 \& ${ }^{50.1}$ \& 54.8 \& 45.2 \& 56.7 \& 61.5 \& 63.8 \& 63.9 \& 61.5 <br>
\hline 16 \& State and local \& 26.5 \& 26.4 \& 26.5 \& 26.5 \& 26.5 \& 26.7 \& 27.1 \& 27.2 \& 27.1 \& 27.0 \& 27.3 \& 27.6 \& 27.4 \& 27.8 \& 27.5 <br>
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Line} \& \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1953} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1954} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1955} <br>
\hline \& \& 1 \& II \& III \& IV \& Year \& 1 \& II \& III \& IV \& Year \& I \& II \& III \& IV \& Year <br>
\hline 1 \& Gross national product. \& 401.2 \& 406.1 \& 402.7 \& 395.9 \& 401.5 \& 391.4 \& 390.0 \& 392.5 \& 400.8 \& 393.9 \& 413.9 \& 422.0 \& 430.5 \& 434. 7 \& 425.5 <br>
\hline 2 \& Personal consumption expenditures \& 246.2 \& 248.5 \& 248.2 \& 246.3 \& 247.3 \& 245.6 \& 248.8 \& 251.5 \& 255.9 \& 250.4 \& 261.7 \& 266.9 \& 273.4 \& 275.4 \& 269.4 <br>
\hline 3 \& Durable goods.... \& 34.6 \& -35.1 \& 35.3 \& 33.6 \& -34.6 \& 32.6 \& \& 33.9
124.6 \& 35.4 \& 33.9

12.1 \& 39.7 \& 40.9 \& 43.4 \& 41.8 \& 41.4
130.4 <br>
\hline 5 \& Services........-- \& 88.7 \& 89.5 \& 120.1 \& 12.4
90.3 \& 129.6
89.6 \& 12.9
90.9 \& 123.7
91.7 \& 124.6
93.0 \& ${ }^{124.1}$ \& 124.4
92.4 \& 18.5
95.6 \& ${ }_{96.8}$ \& 13.8
98.2 \& 134.5
99.5 \& 180.4
97 <br>
\hline 6 \& Grass private domestic investment. \& 60.1 \& 60.6 \& 58.3 \& 52.2 \& 57.8 \& 53.5 \& 53.7 \& 55.6 \& 59.3 \& 55.7 \& 66.2 \& 70.4 \& 72.4 \& 73.9 \& 70.8 <br>
\hline 7 \& New construction........- \& 30.6 \& 31.1 \& 31.2 \& 31.4 \& 31.1 \& 31.5 \& 32.6 \& 34.0 \& 35.5 \& 33.5 \& 37.7 \& 38.3 \& 38.5 \& 38.0 \& 38.2 <br>
\hline 8 \& Residential nonfarm. \& 15.0 \& 15.2 \& 14.9 \& 14.8 \& 15.0 \& 15.1 \& 16.3 \& 17.4 \& 18.6 \& 16.9 \& 20.1 \& 20.4 \& 20.0 \& 19.3 \& 20.0 <br>
\hline 1 \& Other---..-........- \& 15.6 \& 16.0 \& 16. 3 \& 16.6 \& ${ }^{16.1}$ \& 16.5 \& 16. 3 \& 16.6 \& 16. 9 \& 16.6 \& 17.6 \& 17.9 \& 18.5 \& 18.7 \& 18.2 <br>
\hline 10 \& Producers' durable equipment. \& 26.7 \& 25.7 \& 26.2 \& 25.7 \& 26.1 \& 24.9 \& 24.3 \& 24.0 \& 23.1 \& 24.1 \& 23.5 \& 25.2 \& 27.5 \& 28.2 \& 26.1 <br>
\hline 11 \& Change in business inventories-tota \& 2.8 \& 3.7 \& . 9 \& $-4.9$ \& . 6 \& $-2.9$ \& $-3.2$ \& $-2.4$ \& . 8 \& $-1.9$ \& 5.0 \& 7.0 \& 6. 5 \& 7.7 \& 6.5 <br>
\hline 12 \& Nonfarm only- \& 3.4 \& 4.5 \& 1.6 \& -4.7 \& 1.2 \& $-3.0$ \& -3.6 \& -3.0 \& . 2 \& -2.4 \& 4.2 \& 6.3 \& 5.9 \& 7.2 \& 5.9 <br>
\hline 13 \& Net exports of goods and services \& -. 2 \& -. 5 \& -. 6 \& . 2 \& -. 3 \& . 5 \& 1.5 \& 1.2 \& 3.0 \& 1.7 \& 2.0 \& 1.1 \& 1.8 \& 1.4 \& 1.7 <br>
\hline 14 \& Government purchases of goods and services. \& \& \& 96.8 \& \& \& \& 86.0 \& 84. 2 \& 82.5 \& 86.1 \& 84.0 \& 83.5 \& 82.9 \& 84.0 \& <br>
\hline 15 \& Federal \& ${ }^{66.9}$ \& 69.3 \& 68.0 \& ${ }^{67.8}$ \& 68.0 \& 61.4 \& 55.1 \& 52.6 \& 50.7 \& 55.0 \& 51.2 \& 50.2 \& 49.6 \& 50.4 \& 50.3 <br>
\hline 16 \& State and local \& 28.3 \& 28.2 \& 28.8 \& 29.5 \& 28.7 \& 30.3 \& 30.9 \& 31.6 \& 31.8 \& 31.1 \& 32.8 \& 33.4 \& 33.4 \& 33.6 \& 33.3 <br>
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Line} \& \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1956} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1957} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1958} <br>
\hline \& \& 1 \& II \& III \& IV \& Year \& I \& II \& III \& IV \& Year \& I \& II \& 1 II \& IV \& Year <br>
\hline 1 \& Gross national product \& 433.2 \& 434, 1 \& 435.2 \& 440.9 \& 436.0 \& 441.6 \& 442.8 \& 442.4 \& 434.1 \& 440.3 \& 418.0 \& 419.0 \& 428.3 \& \& <br>
\hline 2 \& Personal consumption expenditures \& 276.4 \& 270.6 \& 276.5 \& 280.5 \& 277.5 \& 282.5 \& 283.5 \& 287.2 \& 284.6 \& 284.4 \& 280.7 \& 281.5 \& 284.7 \& \& <br>
\hline 3
4 \& Nurable goods-.....- \& $\begin{array}{r}40.6 \\ 135.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 39.3
135.0 \& 38.5
134.9 \& 40.2 \& 39.6
135.4 \& 40.5
136.8 \& 39.5
137.6
18. \& 40.3
139.8 \& 139.4 \& 39.9
138.0 \& 36.3
136.8 \& 35.5
137.7 \& 35.8
139.9 \& \& <br>
\hline 5 \& Services. \& 100.6 \& 101.7 \& 103.1 \& 104.3 \& 102.4 \& 105. 2 \& 106.4 \& 107.1 \& 107.5 \& 106.5 \& 107.7 \& 108.3 \& 109.0 \& \& <br>
\hline 6 \& Gross private domestic investment. \& 73.4 \& 71.7 \& 71.5 \& 70.9 \& 71.8 \& 67.1 \& 67.0 \& 65.9 \& 61.1 \& 65.3 \& 49.4 \& 48.5 \& 52.7 \& \& <br>
\hline 8 \& New construction.-...- \& 37.4 \& 36.9 \& 36.9 \& 36.9 \& 37.0 \& 36.9 \& 36.0 \& 36.3 \& 36.7 \& 36.5 \& 35.7 \& 34.2 \& 35.7 \& \& <br>
\hline 8 \& Residential nonfarm. \& 18.5 \& 18.0 \& 17.7 \& 17.9 \& 18.0 \& 17.3 \& 16.5 \& 16.8 \& 17.5 \& 17.0 \& 17.0 \& 16.2 \& 17.8 \& \& <br>
\hline 9 \& Other. \& 18.9 \& 18.9 \& 19.1 \& 19.0 \& 19.0 \& 19.6 \& 19.5 \& 19.5 \& 19.2 \& 19.5 \& 18.7 \& 18.0 \& 17.9 \& \& <br>
\hline 10 \& Producers' durable equipment \& 28.3 \& 28.5 \& 28.9 \& 29.1 \& 28.7 \& 29.1 \& 28.2 \& 27.8 \& 26.3 \& 27.9 \& 22.4 \& 21.8 \& 21.8 \& \& <br>
\hline 11 \& Change in business inventorics-tot \& 7.7 \& 6.3 \& 5.8 \& 4.9 \& 6. 2 \& 1. 1 \& 2.8 \& 1.8 \& $-1.9$ \& 1.0 \& -8.7 \& -7.5 \& -4.8 \& \& <br>
\hline 12 \& Nonfarm only. \& 7.7 \& 6.6 \& 5.7 \& 4.7 \& 6.2 \& . 6 \& 1.9 \& . 9 \& $-2.7$ \& . 2 \& -8.8 \& -7.6 \& -5. 2 \& \& <br>
\hline 13 \& Net exports of goods and services. \& 1.0 \& 3.3 \& 3.7 \& 4.9 \& 3.4 \& 5.7 \& 6.2 \& 1.7 \& 3.0 \& 4.9 \& 1.1 \& 1.1 \& 1.3 \& \& <br>
\hline 14 \& Government purchases of goods and services_ \& 82.3 \& 82.6 \& 83.5 \& 84.6 \& 83.2 \& 86.3 \& 86.1 \& 84.6 \& 85.4 \& 85.7 \& 86.7 \& 87.8 \& 89.6 \& \& <br>
\hline 15 \& Federal \& 48.1 \& 48.0 \& 48.9 \& 49.3 \& 48.6 \& 50.2 \& \%in. 2 \& 48.4 \& 48.3 \& 49.4 \& 48.9 \& 49.9 \& 50.9 \& \& <br>
\hline 16 \& State and local \& 34.2 \& 34.5 \& 34.5 \& 35.2 \& 34.7 \& 3ヶ. 1 \& 35.9 \& 35.7 \& 37.1 \& 36.3 \& 37.8 \& 38.0 \& 38.7 \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce. Office of Business Economics.

Table 4.-Implicit Price Deflators for Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Gross National Product or Expenditure, 1950-57, and First Three Quarters, 1958
[Index Numbers $1957=100$ ]

| Line |  | 1950 |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1 | Gross national product | 81.4 | 81.5 | 83.5 | 84.9 | 82.9 | 88.0 | 88.5 | 88.7 | 89.7 | 88.8 | 89.8 | 89.9 | 90.5 | 91.1 | 90.3 |
| 2 | Personal consumption expenditures. | 83.8 | 84.3 | 86.2 | 87.7 | 85.5 | 90.5 | 91.0 | 91.2 | 92, 3 | 91.3 | 92.7 | 92.9 | 93.3 | 93.8 | 93.2 |
| 3 | Durable goods. | 88.3 | 89.3 | 90.7 | 92.6 | 90.3 | 95.5 | 96.2 | 96.9 | 97.7 | 96.5 | 98.1 | 98.0 | 97.3 | 97.2 | 97.6 |
| $\stackrel{4}{5}$ | Nondurable goods | 85.8 79.2 | 86.2 79.6 | 888.7 | 90.7 <br> 81 | 87.9 80.2 | 94.6 | 95.2 | 95.0 | 96. 1 | 85.2 | $\stackrel{96.3}{ }$ | 96.0 | ${ }^{96.2}$ | ${ }^{96.6}$ | 96.3 |
| 5 | Services. | 79.2 | 79.6 | 80.4 | 81.5 | 80.2 | 82.6 | 83.5 | 84.1 | 85.1 | 83.8 | 86.1 | 86.9 | 87.8 | 88.7 | 87.4 |
| 6 | Gross private domestic investment New construction. | 75.9 | 77.1 | 80.5 | 80.4 | 78.6 | 82.7 | 84.5 | 84.8 | 85.9 | 84.4 |  | 87.3 | 87.4 | 87.2 | 87.2 |
| 8 | Residential nonfarm. | 79.0 | 81.3 | 84.4 | 84.9 | 82.5 | 86.8 | 88.3 | 88.9 | 90.5 | 88.5 | 91.2 | 91.1 | 91.3 | 90.9 | 91.1 |
| 9 | Other. | 72.2 | 71.9 | 75.3 | 75.2 | 73.7 | 78.3 | 81.0 | 81.2 | 81.8 | 80.6 | 82.9 | 83.8 | 83.8 | 83.6 | 83.5 |
| 10 | Producers' durable equipment | 74.5 | 75.2 | 77.1 | 79.9 | 76.8 | 83.1 | 83.7 | 83.7 | 83.8 | 83.6 | 84.2 | 84.5 | 84.0 | 84.1 | 84.2 |
| 11 | Change in business inventories. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Net exports of goods and services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Government purchases of goods and services | 75.5 | 73.8 | 75.9 | 78.2 | 75.9 | 82.6 | 82.6 | 83.9 | 84.9 | 83.7 | 84.6 | 84.4 | 85.8 | 86.7 | 85.4 |
| 14 | Federal | 78.3 | 74.5 | 77.1 | 79.5 | 77.5 | 86.2 | 84.5 | 85.6 | 86.4 | 85.7 | 85.6 | 84.7 | 86.2 | 87.3 | 85.9 |
| 15 | State and local | 72.9 | 73.1 | 74.7 | 76.7 | 74.3 | 78.2 | 79.6 | 80.6 | 81.7 | 80.2 | 82.6 | 83.6 | 84.9 | 85.3 | 84.3 |
| Line |  | 1953 |  |  |  |  | 1954 |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1 | Gross national product | 90.8 | 90.8 | 91.2 | 91.2 | 91.0 | 92.0 | 92.0 | 92.2 | 92.5 | 92.2 | 92.8 | 93.1 | 93.7 | 94.1 | 93.4 |
| 2 | Personal consumption expenditures. | 93.8 | 93.9 | 94.3 | 94.3 | 94.1 | 95.1 | 95.1 | 94.9 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.3 | 95.3 | 95.4 | 95.6 | 95.4 |
| 3 | Durable goods..-- | 96.0 | 95.3 | 95.3 | 93.0 | 94.9 | 95.6 | 95.6 | 95.2 | 95.6 | 95.5 | 96.5 | 95.6 | 95.4 | 95.2 | 95.6 |
|  | Nondurable goods. | 96.1 | 95.7 | 95.9 | 95.9 | 95.9 | 96.6 | 96.3 | 96.0 | 95.7 | 96.2 | 95.8 | 95.6 | 95.7 | 95.6 | 95.7 |
| 5 | Services | 89.8 | 90.7 | 91.8 | 92.7 | 91.3 | 93.0 | 93.2 | 93.4 | 93.8 | 93.4 | 94.1 | 94.6 | 95.1 | 95.8 | 94.9 |
|  | Gross private domestic investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | New construction.-.... | 87.9 | 89.1 | 89.0 | 88.8 | 88.7 | 88.4 | 88.6 | 88.7 | 89.1 | 88.7 | 89.8 | 91.2 | 92.0 | 93.2 | 91.6 |
| 8 | Residential nonfarm. | 91.4 | 92.0 | 92.5 | 92.0 | 92.0 | 91.3 | 90.2 | 90.7 | 91.1 | 90.8 | 91.8 | 93.0 | 94.2 | 95.3 | 93.6 |
| 9 | Other--.-.-.-....-..... | 84.5 | 86.4 | 85.8 | 85.8 | 85.6 | 85.7 | 87.1 | 86.7 | 86.8 | 86.6 | 87.6 | 89.2 | 89.6 | 91.0 | 89.4 |
| 10 | Producers' durable equipment |  | 85.7 | 86.4 | 85.5 | 85.5 | 86.2 | 86.4 | 86.4 | 86.4 | 86.4 | 87.3 | 87.9 | 88.7 | 90.1 | 88.6 |
| 11 | Change in business inventories. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Net exports of goods and services. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Government purchases of goods and ser | 86.0 | 85.4 | 85.4 | 85.9 | 85.7 | 86.5 | 86.5 | 88.0 | 88.5 | 87.4 | 88.9 | 89.6 | 91.4 | 91.8 | 90.4 |
| 14 | Federal | 85.8 | 85.0 | 84.9 | 85.3 | 85.2 | 86.1 | 85.4 | 87.2 | 87.5 | 86.5 | 88.1 | 89.1 | 91.4 | 91.5 | 90.0 |
| 15 | State and local | 86.5 | 86.3 | 86.7 | 87.2 | 86.7 | 87.5 | 88.4 | 89.3 | 90.1 | 89.0 | 90.1 | 90.4 | 91.5 | 92.4 | 91.1 |
| Line |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | III | Year |
| 1 | Gross national product | 94.8 | 95.6 | 96.6 | 97.6 | 96.2 | 98.8 | 99.6 | 100.7 | 101.1 | 100.0 | 101.9 | 102.4 | 102.5 |  |  |
| 2 | Personal consumption expenditures | 96.0 | 96.6 | 97.6 | 98.2 | 97.1 | 99.0 | 99.7 | 100.4 | 100.9 | 100.0 | 101.9 | 102.4 | 102.4 |  |  |
| 3 | Durable goods-.....-.-.-...... | 95.3 | 96.1 | 97.3 | 98.4 | 96.8 | 99.1 | 100.0 | 100.2 | 100.6 | 100.0 | 100.1 | 100.5 | 100.9 |  |  |
| 5 | Nondurable goods. | 95.9 | 96.6 | 97.6 | 98.1 | 97.0 | 99.0 | 99.6 | 100.5 | 100.8 | 100.0 | 102.2 | 102.6 | 103.1 | ------- |  |
| 5 | Services-...... | 96.3 | 96.9 | 97.6 | 98.2 | 97.3 | 99.0 | 99.6 | 100.3 | 101.2 | 100.0 | 102.2 | 102.8 |  |  |  |
|  | Gross private domestic investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | New construction...... | 94.1 | 97.0 | 97.3 | 98.0 | 96.6 | 97.9 | 100.2 | 100.8 | 101.2 | 100.0 | 101.7 | 101.9 | 101.6 |  |  |
| 8 | $\xrightarrow{\text { Residential nonfarm. }}$ | 96.2 | 98.3 | 99.0 | 99.2 | 98.2 | 99.1 | 99.9 | 100.7 | 100.5 | 100.0 | 100.9 | 100. 1 | 100.6 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 91.5 | 95. 7 | 95.6 | ${ }^{97.0}$ | 95.1 | ${ }^{96.9}$ | 100.4 | 100.9 | 101.8 | 100.0 | 102.3 | 103.6 | 102. 5 |  |  |
| 110 | Producers' durable equipment. Change in business inventories |  | 93.4 | 94.6 | 96.9 | 94.1 | 98.6 | 99.6 | 100.4 | 101.4 | 100.0 | 101.9 | 102.5 | 102.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Net exports of goods and services.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Government purchases of goods and services. | $\begin{aligned} & 93.3 \\ & 93.2 \\ & 93.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | 95.394.49.4 | 96.896.297.6 | 94.794.195.6 | 98.597.899.4 | 99.599.0100.3 | 101.4101.5101.1 | 101.8 <br> 101.6 <br>  | 100.0100.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 101.8 \\ & 10.8 \\ & 102.2 \end{aligned}$ | 102.2101.61 | $\begin{aligned} & 102.7 \\ & 102.5 \\ & 103.1 \end{aligned}$ | -.....--------- | --...--------- |
| 14 | Federal |  | 92.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | State and local. |  | 94.7 | 96.4 |  |  |  |  |  | 102.0 | 100.0 |  | 102.9 |  |  |  |

[^4](Text continued on page 24)

# Foreign Trade <br> and the Business Adjustment 

UNITED States foreign trade during 1958 was characterized by a sharp contraction in exports from 1957's record rate, while imports were maintained at near last year's all-time high. Exports (excluding military grant-aid) which were at a peak annual rate of $\$ 20.5$ billion, seasonally adjusted, in the Suez-influenced first quarter of 1957 , declined during the remainder of that year and then slumped sharply to a low of $\$ 16.3$ billion in the first quarter of 1958 , remaining at about that level in the following two quarters.

The reduction in foreign purchases of United States goods between the first quarters of 1957 and 1958 contributed to the decline in domestic business activity which began after the middle of last year. However, while exports and the GNP both reached their low points in the first quarter of 1958, the course of foreign sales has not been a contributing factor in the subsequent domestic business recovery. Nevertheless, the value of nonmilitary exports in 1958 will probably be the third highest in history.

The role of exports in the recent recession and recovery is in contrast to that in the preceding cyclical period of 19531954. The export rise which began in early 1954 helped to limit the depth and duration of that business downturn and contributed to the subsequent economic upswing which contimued into mid-1957 (see chart).

In contrast to the recent weakness in exports, imports during 1958 have been maintained at a high rate, having slipped only a moderate 4 percent in value to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 12.6$ billion in the first 9 months of this year from the peak of $\$ 13.1$ billion in the second half of 1957. After adjusting for prices, moreover, the volume of imports was hardly one percent lower.

Imports in the recent recession were relatively more stable than during the 1953-54 business cycle. While that business decline was more moderate than the recent one, the value of imports dropped by about 10 percent, or over double the 1957-58 percentage drop. Since import prices were actually rising during 1953-54, the volume drop in imports was even greater.

## Drop in exports of producers' supplies

The decline in nonmilitary exports during the first nine months of 1958 from the record set in the like 1957 period can be attributed primarily to the weakening in sales of producers' supplies and materials, which accounted for three-fourths of the drop. Even after deducting petroleum exports during both periods to eliminate the effects of Suezemergency oil shipments in early 1957, the remaining $\$ 1.5$ billion loss in shipments of industrial materials was still responsible for almost 70 percent of the change in total

[^5]exports other than petroleum. Since Europe and Japan are our leading markets for these commodities, the trend of economic activity in these areas is of relevance.

## Business expansion in Europe slackens

The rate of economic expansion in Western Europe slowed during 1957 and in the first half of 1958 virtually stabilized at about the level of the second half of the preceding year. In consequence, consumption of industrial materials stopped rising and inventories, which may have been inadequate during the earlier stages of the 1953-1957 upswing, became burdensome.

## Foreign Trade Patterns in Two Domestic Business Adjustments

Rising exports coupled with sliding imports bolstered GNP in 1953-54

Sliding exports coupled with stable imports contributed to the
1957-58 decline in GNP


Although total U. S. exports to Europe turned down during 1957 (see table 2), just about all of that decline was attributable to the reduction in shipments of foodstuffs, cotton, and petroleum. It was not until the first quarter of 1958 that nonagricultural exports (excluding petroleum) began to fall off sharply. For the first 9 months of 1958, the decline in such shipments from the corresponding period of 1957 was almost $\$ 500$ million. The bulk of this large decline was accounted for by coal, steel scrap, unfabricated copper and other producers' supplies and materials.

Mounting pithead stocks of coal in Continental Europe and the United Kingdom, attributable to the slackening of steel production and increased competition from oil and other energy sources, together with very heavy coal imports from the United States by the European Coal and Steel Community in recent years, were responsible for the reduction in demand for U.S. coal during 1958. The reduction of inventories by steel consumers in Europe and declining exports to third countries were reflected in a drop in Europe's steel output of almost 10 percent in the third quarter of the current year compared to the year before, and contributed to the decline in U. S. exports of scrap and other steel products to that area.

Plentiful world supplies of copper since mid-1956, at continually falling prices, have adversely affected the volume and value of U.S. exports of this metal from the spring of last year through mid-1958. In more recent months, this trend may have been interrupted temporarily as strikes in Rhodesia and Canada reduced world output and foreign buyers drew more heavily on United States supplies.

Although United States agricultural exports for the whole fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, marked a record, a downturn in such shipments became evident after the March quarter of 1957 and continued into 1958. For the first three calendar quarters of 1958, the flow of our agricultural supplies and foodstuffs to Europe, our leading market, was nearly $\$ 350$ million below the corresponding year-earlier period. With European cotton consumption easing, coincident with a shift from an accumulation to a reduction of raw cotton inventories, United States cotton exports to this region slumped by one-third, or by over $\$ 150$ million.

Grains, meat products, some fats and oils, and scattered declines in other agricultural commodities and foodstuffs accounted for the remainder of the drop in farm products exports to Europe, reflecting better harvests and more ample supplies there, as well as a temporary slowing down during fiscal 1957-58 in the United States Government's disposal programs for surplus farm goods.

The reduction in Europe's imports and the maintenance of its exports to the United States (see table 2) have contributed to a substantial improvement in the reserve position of most European countries since the fourth quarter of 1957, and has permitted some relaxation of earlier restrictive policies on import trade. The outlook for an upturn in this country's total trade with the European area is, however, contingent both on a substantial upswing in business activity there and the size and quality of that area's agricultural output in the coming harvesting season.

## Export downtrend to Japan persists

United States shipments to Japan in the first 9 months of 1958 were at an annual rate 43 percent below the peak set in the second quarter of 1957 (see table 2). As a result of spreading production cutbacks since then, high inventories, and a continued decline in domestic capital formation, the drop in U. S. exports to that nation has, as in Europe, been concentrated in industrial supplies such as steel scrap and other iron and steel, copper, fuels, and cotton. By the second quarter of 1958 , the aggregate export value of these items
had plummeted to $\$ 70$ million compared with over $\$ 200$ million in the peak second quarter of 1957. Such shipments declined further in the third quarter of 1958.

Some of Japan's monetary and credit restrictions have recently been relaxed and its international liquidity position has improved as a result of substantial reductions in its imports while exports were relatively well maintained. However, industrial output has hovered not far above the low reached early this year and this is a factor which would make unlikely an immediate recovery in purchases of industrial materials from the United States.

## Capital equipment exports ease

The decline in capital equipment exports from the first 9 months of 1957 to the corresponding period this year amounted to 10 percent as compared to the 29 percent drop in exports of industrial materials (including fuels). In fact, it was not until the second quarter of 1958 that shipments of heavy machinery and commercial transportation equipment displayed any substantial year-to-year loss. Although the rate of decline from the preceding year did not steepen in the following 3 months, there was a further reductionpartly seasonal-in the absolute value of these shipments (see table 1).

The apparent stability displayed during 1957 in total exports of capital equipment concealed diverse trends in shipments to different areas. Exports to Canada dipped in the second half of that year but were offset by rising sales to Latin America which continued through the first part of 1958.

Completion of a number of large resource development projects and the slowdown, at least temporarily, in others are reflected in the sharp cut of two-thirds in the value of net outflows of direct investment capital to Canada during the first half of 1958 from the exceptional highs of the year before. This contraction reacted adversely on U. S. exports to Canada of construction, excavating, mining and other machinery, and transportation equipment, just as preceding record capital outflows boomed sales of these products. Such shipments in the first 9 months of 1958 were off $\$ 190$ million, or by nearly one-fifth, from the same 1957 period.

Table 1.-Domestic Exports of Agricultural and Nonagricultural Products by Economic Categories, Annual 1956 and 1957 and Quarters, 1957 and 1958
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Annual |  | Jan.-Sept. |  | Jan.-Mar. |  | Apr.-June |  | July-Sept. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 | 1957 | 1957 | 1958 | 1957 | 1958 | 1957 | 1958 | 1957 | 1958 |
| Total domestic exports, adjusted ' (excluding military aid) | 17,167 | 19, 259 | 14,564 | 11, 994 | 5,043 | 4,043 | 5,090 | 4,180 | 4,431 | 3,771 |
| Nonagricultural, total. | 12, 997 | 14, 752 | 11, 191 | 9, 175 | 3,761 | 3, 118 | 3,960 | 3,192 | 3,470 | 2,865 |
|  | 4, 170 | 4,507 | 3,373 | 2,819 | 1,282 |  |  | 988 | 961 | 16 |
| Producers' supplies and materials | 7,361 | 8, 621 | 6,667 | 4,773 | 2,384 | 1, 614 |  | 1,636 | 2,003 | 1, 523 |
| Nonagricultural... | 5,899 | 6,821 | 5,325 | 3,782 | 1, 853 | 1, 254 | 1, 847 | 1,300 | 1,625 | 1,228 |
| Agricultural | 1,462 | 1,800 | 1,342 | 991 | 531 | 360 | 433 | 336 | 378 | 295 |
| Capital equipment | 5,242 | 5,869 | 4, 417 | 3,963 | 1,408 | 1,362 | 1,630 | 1,393 | 1,379 | 1,208 |
| Food and drugs....--- | 2,996 | 3,034 | 2, 265 | 2,058 | 829 | 643 | 775 | 731 | 661 | 684 |
| Nonagricultural (mainly drugs) |  |  |  |  | 78 | 78 | 78 | 79 | 78 | 73 |
| Agricultural --.....-...-----. | 2,708 | 2,707 | 2,031 | 1,828 | 751 | 565 | 697 | 652 | 583 | 611 |
| Finished consumer goods ${ }^{2}$ - | 1,274 | 1,286 | 939 | 909 | 329 | 314 | 329 | 319 | 281 | 276 |
| All other and unclassi |  | 449 | 276 | 291 | 93 |  | 76 | 101 | 107 | 80 |

1. Adjusted to exclude exposed motion picture films exported on a rental basis.
2. Excluding food and drugs.
3. Principally shipments valued under $\$ 100$ and cash sales of military equipment.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

The downward movement in total U.S. exports to Canada, which began in 1957, continued in 1958. The improvement in Canada's business activity which became evident early in 1958 was due largely to increased residential construction and Government spending, while recovery in mining and industry lagged. Consequently, the overall decline in exports has been paced by a severe slash in shipments of industrial supplies, particularly coal and steel, which in 1958 dropped by 42 percent, or by over $\$ 175$ million.

## Export dip to Latin America

The high rate of U. S. shipments to Latin America persisted through the first quarter of 1958 . Table 2 shows the subsequent downturn in United States exports to Latin America and also points up the more moderate decline in our imports from this region. In the second quarter of 1958, in fact, Latin America's trade deficit with the United States was reduced by nearly one-half from the same period a year before. This is directly contrary to the trend in Latin America's trade with Europe during 1958. Imports of the OEEC countries (even excluding petroleum) from that areaespecially U. K., Germany, France, Italy, and the Nether-lands-were sharply lower than a year ago, while exports into the third quarter of 1958 were well sustained and even somewhat higher than last year. It would appear, therefore, that the worsening of Latin America's export trade during 1958 can be attributed more to its trading experience with Europe than with the United States.

In 1958 Venezuela experienced a severe reduction in the inflow of U. S. direct investment capital from the extraordinary volume of 1957. Morever, the tempo of Venezuela's own internally financed development program subsided and petroleum sales were down from the exceptionally high rate of the Suez emergency period. The resultant easing in Venezuela's economic activity combined with the now excessive level of inventories-accumulated as a result of the recordbreaking import year of 1957-reduced Venezuela's import requirements. In the third quarter of 1958 , U. S. exports to that country fell sharply and were one-third less than in the corresponding period of 1957 and only moderately
above the more normal rate of 1956 . For the 6 months ending in September, the export decline to Venezuela alone accounted for virtually half of the entire drop in United States total exports to Latin America. Most of the remaining decline was distributed among a half dozen countries: Colombia, Cuba, Argentina, Chile, Peru, and Uruguay.
Sales to Mexico increased and that country replaced Venezuela as our leading Latin American market. Exports to Brazil were quite well sustained in the face of considerable reductions in coffee revenues as that country had recourse to large credits from U. S. commercial banks and the ExportImport Bank as well as to substantial loans from the International Monetary Fund and Bank.

## Finished consumer goods show stability

The outstanding feature of finished (nonfood) consumer goods exports has been the stability displayed over the past three years in contrast to the substantial swings in every other category of exports (see table 1). The share of such goods in our total exports is relatively small, comprising less than 8 percent in 1958. Scattered gains in sales of electric household appliances and cigarettes helped offset the 10 percent decline in shipments of passenger cars, the largest single item within this category. Reduced automobile exports reflect in large part the increased penetration of European cars into Canada and Latin America, our leading markets.

## Export outlook for food brightens

Food exports in the third quarter of 1958 showed the first quarterly year-to-year increase over 1957. Such exports during January-June were below the exceptionally heavy movements of the first 6 months of 1957, but were an extension of the reduced level of shipments in the latter half of that year.

Wheat exports in the crop year ending June 1958 were down from the all-time highs set in the preceding 12 -month period, due in large part to better-than-normal 1957 harvests

Table 2.-Exports (Agricultural and Nonagricultural), General Imports, and Trade Surpluses or Deficits with Major Geographic Areas, by Quarters, 1957 and 1958
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Total exports, including reexports (excluding military aid) |  |  |  | Exports of petroleum and products |  |  |  | Exports of other nonagricultural products |  |  |  | Agricultural exports |  |  |  | General imports |  |  |  | Surplus ( + ) or deficit ( - ) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| 1957............- | 5,094 | 5,143 | 14,478 | 4,740 | 363 | 257 | 185 | 178 | 3,449 | 3,756 | 3, 332 | 3,428 | 1,282 | 1,130 | 961 | 1,134 | 3,240 | 3, 208 | 3, 197 | 3,332 | +1,854 | +1,935 | +1,281 | +1,408 |
| 1958. | 4,090 | 4,224 | 3,813 | n.a. | 132 | 141 | 148 | n.a. | 3,033 | 3, 095 | 2,759 | n.a. | 1,925 | 988 | 906 | n.a. | 3,128 | 3, 157 | 3,152 | n.a. | 1,882 +962 | +1,067 | 1,281 +661 | n.a. |
| Canada |  |  | 965 | 912 | 30 | 33 | 33 | 36 | 910 |  | 852 | 780 | 77 | 102 | 80 | 96 | 667 | 738 | 754 | 746 | +350 | +402 | +211 |  |
| 1957 1958 | 1,017 | 1,140 | $\stackrel{965}{854}$ | n. a. | 17 | 33 24 | 22 | n. a . | 731 | 1,829 | 750 | n. a . | 73 | $\stackrel{102}{97}$ | 88 | n. ${ }^{96}$ | 668 | 663 | 702 | n. ${ }^{7}$ | +350 +215 | +402 +287 | +211 +152 | +166 n. |
| Latin America | 1,079 | 1,180 | 1,160 |  | 48 | 51 | 41 | 35 | 907 |  | 978 | 1,063 | 124 | 125 | 141 | 146 | 1,024 | 908 | 882 | 955 | $+55$ | +272 | +278 |  |
| 1958 | 1,066 | 1, 054 | 1, 998 | 1, n .3. | 33 | 35 | 31 | n. a. | 905 | 1,904 | 839 | n.a. | 128 | 113 | 128 | n. a. | ${ }^{1,024}$ | 910 | 859 | n. a. | +133 | +144 | +139 | +289 n. a. |
| Eurone 1957 | 1,746 | 1,541 | 1,356 |  |  | 89 | 37 | 34 | 865 | 910 | 860 | 863 | 683 | 542 | 459 | 572 | 760 | 796 | 745 | 833 | +986 | +745 | +611 | +636 |
| 1958. | 1,216 | 1,230 | 1,130 | 1, ${ }^{\text {n.a. }}$ | 198 29 | 23 | 28 | n. ${ }^{34}$ | 865 762 | 734 | 660 | n. a. | 425 | 473 | 442 | n. a . | 768 | 773 | 8 | n. a. | +986 +448 | +745 +457 | +611 +307 | п. a . |
| Japan 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1957 | 356 | 365 | 249 | 261 | 18 | 19 | 10 | 15 | 209 | 233 | 148 | 124 | 129 | 113 | 91 | 122 | 133 | 140 | 168 | 160 | +223 | $+225$ | +81 | +101 |
| 1958. | 215 | 228 | 184 | n. 3 . | 12 | 10 | 13 | B. a. | 111 | 114 | 92 | n. a. | 92 | 104 | 79 | п. a. | 150 | 152 | 177 | n.a. | +65 | +76 | +7 | n. a. |
| All other countries | 896 | 917 | 748 | 854 | 269 | 265 | 264 | 258 | 558 | 604 | 494 | 598 | 269 | 248 | 190 | 198 | 656 | 626 | 648 | 638 | +240 | $+291$ | +100 | $+216$ |
| 19.8 | 770 | 762 | 647 | n. a. | 241 | 249 | 254 | n. a. | 522 | 512 | 418 | n. a. | 207 | 201 | 175 | n. a. | 669 | 659 | 591 | n. a. | +101 | +103 | $+56$ | n. a. |

n. a. Not available.

1. Excludes all "special category" exports, which are included in All Other Countries for security reasons.
2. Includes following amounts of "special category" petroleum shipments not allocable by country: 1957-I, 24; II, 30; III, 35; IV, 32. 1958-I, 19; II, 24; III, 27.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on data of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 3.-Exports, Domestic Production, and Use of Selected Commodities, 1957-58


1. Production where available, otherwise manufacturer's shipments or sales
2. Unless otherwise noted, production or sales less exports plus imports, unless imports are neglipible.
3. Exports less imports unless imports are negligible.
. Includes household appliances, radio, and television sets
4. Series in 1958 are not exactly comparable with data for 1957 , since all 1958 series exclude tractor shovel loaders which are included in 1957.
in Europe. As heavy shipments were dispatched to India under Government programs, Asia displaced Europe as the leading destination for U. S. wheat exports. The high quality of the large European wheat crop, however, caused a shortage of feed grains, stimulating an expansion in U.S. exports of such grains to a new record in the fiscal year just passed.
Below year-ago movements of rice, vegetable oils and some other food products in fiscal 1957-58 were particularly affected by the one-third reduction in Government surplus disposal financing. Straight commercial sales of soybeans abroad set a new record, however.

## EXPORTS AND DOMESTIC PRODUCTION

Despite the slackened pace of overall exports in 1958, sales to foreign buyers of nonagricultural machinery and of commercial transportation equipment, electric household
6. Consumption, or registrations in the case of passenger cars, trucks, and buses.
7. July-June for flue-cured and cigar-wrapper; all other types, Octsber-September.

Sources: U. S. Department of Commerce: Industry Survey and Business Statistics of Office of Business Economics; BDSA; Buread of Census, and U. S. Department of Agriculture.
appliances, and selected chemicals and drugs have not declined as much as domestic sales and in some instancessuch as locomotives, television sets, plastics, and some drug items-rising exports have partly offiset the decline in U. S. domestic sales. In the case of a number of key primary materials, however-principally coal and steel-and for certain agricultural crops, exports declined faster than domestic sales (see table 3).

## Exports aid heavy goods

Continuing the trend of the past several years, foreign sales of nonelectrical machinery claimed an increasing share of total output and in the first quarter of 1958 were over 11 percent as large as domestic sales, a greater proportion than in any preceding period. In this quarter, which marked the trough of the recent business cycle, net foreign sales were only four percent below a year ago while the year-to-
year setback in domestic demand was three times as great. Though exports of nonelectrical machinery subsequently dropped while domestic sales showed relatively little change, the ratio of foreign to domestic sales remained over one-tenth, greater than in any year prior to 1957.

Exports of civil aircraft and locomotives made a better showing in 1958 relative to domestic demand than the year before while exports of trucks and buses maintained the same relative position and shipments abroad of railway passenger cars disappeared entirely.
Locomotive sales abroad, which have expanded almost without interruption since 1955 , reached a peak in the third quarter of 1958 when 249 locomotives were delivered to foreign customers compared with only 27 locomotives installed in domestic service.
The number of commercial planes delivered to foreign airlines in the first 9 months of 1958 was 58 percent of the number completed for domestic customers compared with less than 40 percent in the same period a year ago. Moreover, in the third quarter of the year, foreign flag purchases rose to 80 percent of those delivered to domestic lines.
The current importance to American producers of the continued high rate of exports of insecticides and of a number of drug products such as penicillin, sulfa, and ascorbic acid, is evidenced by the increased share of domestic output accounted for by such foreign sales (see table 3). For example, over 60 percent of total DDT production in this country in the first half of the current year was channeled into foreign markets, spurred by the global drive to eradicate malaria.

Despite potent competition from Europe's fast-growing plastics industry, United States export sales of plastics and synthetic resins continued to expand while sales in the domestic market during the first 9 months of 1958 were smaller than a year earlier.

## Coal and steel

Most prominent among industrial materials exported in lesser quantities during 1958 were coal, and iron and steel products. Contrary to the experience in the first half of 1957, when increased foreign demand proved a major factor in sustaining domestic output of these products, the greater relative decline in 1958 in foreign than in domestic sales augmented the problems of these U. S. producers in the early months of the year. The recovery in output since then must be attributed to the improvement in business activity in this country as exports have continued to deteriorate. Net exports of iron and steel in July, in fact, were almost negligible as expanded imports of finished steel products in that month virtually matched sagging exports-a unique relationship in the modern history of the steel industry.

## IMPORT VALUE NEAR RECORD

The value of merchandise imports in the January-September 1958 period dipped only a moderate 2 percent below the record corresponding period of 1957. After adjusting for lower import prices, however, the volume of imports during the current 9 -month period proved to be actually 2 percent higher than a year ago.

## Industrial materials dip

As might be expected from their closer relationship to business activity than other types of goods, imports of industrial supplies and materials showed the greatest reaction to the cyclical downturn of 1957-58, but the dip in imports was considerably milder than the drop in domestic manu-
facturing output. While the latter turned down after the first quarter of 1957 and dropped by 12 percent to its low point in the second quarter of 1958, the volume of industrial materials imports continued to rise through the third quarter of 1957 and then slipped a more moderate 8 percent during the next two quarters (see table 4). This is contrary to the experience in the 1953-54 recession when the much steeper peak-to-trough decline in the rate of industrial materials imports was more than double the relatively milder dip in manufacturing output.

Whereas manufacturing activity has made a definite recovery since mid-1958, the upturn in imports in the second quarter of the year may have been due just to seasonal factors. Data available through September give evidence of continued weakness in imports of a number of key industrial materials.

The reduction in imports of this category of goods has been more than compensated by the increased strength of food and nonfood consumer items, and of materials associated with farm production (see table 5).

## Petroleum imports higher, newsprint off

The value of petroleum imports in the first half of 1958 exceeded the same period last year despite a drop in average unit prices of over 5 percent (see table 4). The increase reflects the low level of arrivals in the Suez-affected early months of 1957. During the four quarters ending June 1958, the first full year of operation of the Government's voluntary quota program on crude oil imports, the combined rolume of crude and refined petroleum imports has remained practically constant. Tightened quota restrictions in the first half of 1958 reduced the inflow of crude below the last 6 months of 1957 but this loss was almost exactly offset by rising imports of refined products. The stability of total petroleum imports is in contrast with the 7 percent reduction in domestic output in the same period. In the last half of the current year, both imports and domestic production have turned up as demand strengthened and excessive inventories were reduced to more balanced levels.

As newsprint consumption continued to slacken during the first 9 months of 1958, both imports and domestic production were off by about 8 percent from the corresponding period a year ago (see table 6). Consumption has been affected by higher newspaper prices as well as by the drop in advertising linage.

## Softgoods weak; recovery in lumber

Largely reflecting the continued reduction in raw wool imports, the aggregate value of imports of materials associated with nondurable goods production declined by 14 percent in the first half of 1958 compared with the same yearearlier period. Since part of the decline was due to falling world prices, the actual loss in terms of volume was 10 percent, and compares with the $7 \frac{1}{2}$ percent downturn in the index of domestic textile, apparel and leather production (see table 4). The drop of 28 percent in the volume of wool imports alone was compensated to a large extent by much smaller losses and some scattered gains among all the other commodities in this category.

The decline in mill use of apparel wool from the cyclical peak in the textile industry in mid-1956 apparently reached bottom around the end of 1957 and since then has shown a gradual and continuous improvement. By the third quarter of 1958, consumption had recovered to a point about equal to the year before. Nevertheless, mill use in the first 9 months of the current year was still some 18 percent below the corresponding period of 1957.

Carpet wool imports have declined somewhat less from last

Table 4.-General Imports of Industrial Supplies and Materials and Related Indicators of Domestic Demand, 1956-58

| Year | Total imports of industrial supplies and materials |  |  | Total mrg. tion FRB index $1956=$100 | Imports of petroleum and products |  |  | Domes-ticpetro-leumdemandindex$1956=$100 | Imports of newsprint and paper base stocks |  |  | News-advertising linage index $1956=$ 100 | Imports of other materials associated with nonduraable goods output |  |  | Textile apparel and leather production index $1956=$ 100 | Imports of selected building materials (excluding metals) |  |  | Private residential nonfarm con-struction in constant dollars index $1956=$ 100 | Imports of all other industrial supplies and materials |  |  | Durable goods production FRB index $1956=$ 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Millions of current dollars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indexes } \\ 1956=100 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Indexes$1956=100$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | Unit value | Value in con- stant dol- lars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | lions of current dollars | value | Value in con- stant dol- lars |  |
| 1956 | 7,234 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1,282 | 100 | 100 |  |  | 100 | 1, 031 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1,247 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 479 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 3, 195 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1957 | 7. 137 | 100 | 98 | 101 | 1,534 | 111 | 111 | 100 | 971 | 102 | 93 | 97 | 1,225 | 101 | 98 | 98 | 400 | 95 | 88 | 95 | 3, 007 | 96 | 99 | 101 |
| I | 1. 774 | 103 | 96 | 103 | 360 | 116 | 104 | 109 | 239 | 100 | 93 | 92 | 341 | 103 | 106 | 103 | 89 | 97 | 77 | 77 | 745 | 99 | 94 | 104 |
| II. | 1, 826 | 102 | 99 | 101 | 382 | 112 | 108 | 93 | 243 | 103 | 92 | 103 | 317 | 100 | 101 | 98 | 102 | 98 | 87 | 96 | 782 | 97 | 100 | 101 |
| III | 1. 795 | 99 | 100 | 99 | 406 | 107 | 116 | 95 | 247 | 102 | 94 | 91 | 271 | 99 | 88 | 94 | 111 | 93 | 100 | 106 | 760 | 94 | 101 | 98 |
|  | 1. 742 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 386 | 110 | 114 | 105 | 242 | 103 | 92 | 103 | 296 | 100 | 95 | 94 | 98 | 92 | 89 | 99 | 720 | 91 | 99 | 96 |
| $1958:$ | 1,615 | 97 | 92 | 92 | 405 | 109 | 118 | 109 | 217 | 101 | 83 | 84 | 298 | 101 | 95 | 94 | 81 | 91 | 74 | 76 | 614 | 88 | 87 | 88 |
| II. | 1.593 | 93 | 95 | 91 | 386 | 104 | 115 | 94 | 232 | 102 | 88 | 96 | 268 | 94 | 91 | 92 | 97 | 90 | 91 | 94 | 610 | 85 | 91 | 85 |

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
year than apparel wool, but more than consumption as inventories were reduced from a year ago.

The vigorous upsurge in new construction activity to record rates in the late summer of the year provided the impetus for a pickup in United States imports of building materials during 1958. Imports of lumber, by far the dominant item in this group, began a more than seasonal upturn in the second quarter of the year and by June were 13 percent higher in volume than the same 1957 month, a movement which accelerated during the following 3 months so that by September, imports were 46 percent ahead of the year before.

## Materials used for durables output down

Within the broad category of imported industrial supplies and materials, those associated principally with the production of durable goods exhibited the greatest weakness in 1958 (on the basis of data through August). This group of commodities, comprising nearly 40 percent of total industrial materials imports, accounted for 80 percent of the decline in that total between the first halves of 1957 and 1958.

The weakening in the volume of imports of this group of materials did not become evident until after the third quarter of 1957, whereas the domestic index of durable goods production began to ease off in the early months of that year. Moreover, the decline in the index to its low point in the second quarter of 1958 was somewhat steeper, amounting to 19 percent compared to the 14 percent drop in imports to their low point which was reached a quarter earlier. The subsequent recovery in durable goods manufacturing has continued into early fall whereas the slight upturn in imports in the second quarter was largely seasonal and data through September for certain key commodities does not give positive evidence of recovery in this group of imported materials.

## Rubber use rebounds

Anticipation of a substantial gain in new car output in the coming year and continued strength in replacement tire shipments brought consumption of new rubber in September to its highest point of the year to that date and marked the first time in the current year that rubber use surpassed the same 1957 month. For the first 9 months as a whole, however, total rubber consumption was down by nearly 13 percent from the year before with natural rubber usage off
somewhat more. A portion of this reduced natural rubber consumption, moreover, was supplied out of inventories so that the combined effect was to depress imports of natural rubber by 18 percent in January-September 1958 from the corresponding period of 1957 . Consumption of natural rubber has improved since July, however, and in August and September showed consecutive increases relative to synthetic in its share of total rubber use. This development occurred despite the expansion of the price premium over synthetic rubber, a reversal of the price relationship prevailing earlier in the year.

## Nonferrous price declines magnify import drop

The decline of nearly 20 percent in the value of nonferrous metal imports in the first half of 1958 from the like 1957 period was magnified by the persistent downward movement in prices during this period. As a matter of fact, the volume of these imports through June of the current year was surprisingly well sustained in the face of softening demand and rising inventory-consumption ratios. The impact of slackened demand and overhanging supplies fell more hearily on domestic producers whose cutbacks in production in the first half of the current year exceeded the relatively more moderate contraction in imports.

This is strikingly illustrated in the case of lead, where domestic producers cut output by 19 percent from the first half of 1957 while imports actually recorded a 27 percent gain. For copper and zinc, the rate of import contraction averaged about half the rate of curtailment in domestic output. In the case of aluminum, domestic output was shored up by continued Government purchases of surpluses in accordance with earlier agreements, and production and imports fell at about the same rate. During the third quarter of 1958, however, imports rose to over double those of a year ago while domestic output continued much below the year-earlier rate.

The divergent behavior of imports and domestic production for a number of the nonferrous metals can be traced to factors not directly related to fluctuations in domestic demand. The relatively well-sustained rate of purchases of copper, lead and zinc from foreign suppliers, who offered these metals at prices below domestic quotations, can be largely attributed to the anticipation that such purchases might be adversely affected by possible Government actions.

It was expected that contemplated tariff changes and quota impositions would bolster falling metal prices and limit imports. Domestic production of lead and zinc, on the other hand, was affected by the petering out of the Government's domestic purchase stockpile program which dictated deeper production cutbacks after the second quarter of the year. In the case of copper, the presence of heavy supplies abroad at prices below domestic quotations-a price relationship which was later reversed-reduced exports sales and contributed to the contraction in domestic output.
In the third quarter of the year, slumping imports of most nonferrous metals (with the exception of aluminum) more closely paralleled the continuing downward direction in domestic output. As that quarter drew to a close, however, some recovery in consumption and an improvement in in-ventory-consumption ratios induced producers to increase mine output by lengthening the workweek, a trend which continued into the fourth quarter. Imports, on the other hand, affected by the reimposition in July of the excise duty on copper and the establishment in October of quota ceilings on lead and zinc, may not display a similar advance. The beneficial effect on imports of lead and zinc of the newly liberalized barter program announced in November is not expected to be evident until the turn of the year.

## Iron ore imports resist sharp drop

The drop in iron ore imports was considerably smaller than the corresponding drop in steel operations during the first 9 months of 1958 . Despite sharply lower imports in the third quarter of the year compared to the same 1957 quarter, the 9 -month decline was a relatively moderate 19 percent compared to the much steeper decline of 40 and 37 percent, respectively, in domestic iron ore production and consumption. As a result, the share of United States ore needs supplied by imports in this period jumped to 28 percent from 23 percent in the same 9 months of 1957. The lesser sensitivity of imports than domestic production to reduced demand reflects the persistent flow of ore shipments from foreign mines owned by major steel companies in the United States. The brunt of the import decline, in consequence, has fallen on the independent, nonintegrated suppliers, principally in Canada and Europe.

With Government inventory purchases a passive factor, imports of ferroalloys in 1958 varied more directly with the tempo of steel output than in preceding years when large Government acquisitions abroad produced an inverse rela-
tionship between such imports and the operating rate of the domestic steel industry. In the first 9 months of the current year, ferroalloy imports were down in value by 30 percent from the same period in 1957. For nickel, a substantial supply-demand imbalance developed during 1958 as consumption in January-September slumped by 42 percent from the corresponding period the year before, while imports dipped only a more moderate 17 percent.

## Food, auto imports sustaining elements

Food imports, second in magnitude only to industrial supplies and materials among all categories of imports, constituted a major element of strength (together with other consumer goods) in sustaining the value of total United States imports in 1958 at near the record rate of 1957. Although restrained by lower prices, the value of food imports in the first half of the current year was 6 percent higher than the corresponding period of 1957. In 1953-54, too, the higher value of food purchases from abroad acted to prevent total imports from falling further than they did. In that period, however, ascending prices of coffee and cocoa were the major factors behind the increase in food imports in 1954. In 1958, by contrast, the exceptionally heavy influx of cattle and meat products, sugar, vegetables, and higher cocoa prices were responsible for the gain in food imports over 1957, overriding the declines in the volume and price of coffee sales to this country in the current year.

The doubling in the value of meat products and live cattle imports during the first 9 months of 1958-an increase of more than $\$ 170$ million over the same year-earlier periodis the most outstanding feature of the food import pattern in the current year. The combined volume of such imports in 1958 will be equivalent to 8 percent of United States production, surpassing the previous record of 6 percent set in 1951. With cattle slaughter down in the United States, favorable prices have encouraged the large inflow of supplies from abroad.

The rise in sugar imports by 12 percent during JanuarySeptember 1958 over the like 1957 period can be only partly explained by the 3 percent increase in domestic demand. Of greater significance was the protracted strike of Hawaiian sugar cane workers during the first half of the year and the shortfall in crops in Puerto Rico. The reapportionment of the quota deficits of these U. S. territories permitted an expansion in the volume of Cuba's shipments to this country.

Table 5.—General Imports by Major Economic Categories, 1956-58

|  | Total |  |  | Industrial supplies and materials |  |  | Food, beverages, and medicinals |  |  | Materials and equipment associated with farm production |  |  | Finished (nonfood) consumer goods | Capital equipment (excluding agricultural machinery | Military equipment, noncommercial, and all other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Millions of current dollars | Indexes 1956=100 |  | Millions of current dollars | Indexes $1956=100$ |  | Millions of current dollars | Indexes 1956=100 |  | Millions of current dollars | Indexes 1956=100 |  | Millions of current dollars |  |  |
|  |  | Unit value | Value in constant dollars |  | Unit value | Value in constant dollars |  | Unit value | Value in constant dollars |  | Unit value | Value in constant dollars |  |  |  |
| 1956... | 12,615 | 100 | 100 | 7,234 | 100 | 100 | 3,173 | 100 | 100 | 413 | 100 | 100 | 1,274 | 291 | 230 |
| 1957 | 12,977 | 101 | 102 | 7,137 | 100 | 98 | 3,247 | 105 | 98 | 448 | 104 | 105 | 1,534 | 329 | 282 |
| . | 3, 240 | 102 | 101 | 1,774 | 103 | 96 | 879 | 106 | 104 | 115 | 106 | 10.5 | - 329 | 84 | 59 |
| $\mathrm{II}_{\mathrm{r}}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 3,208 | 101 | 100 | 1,826 | 102 | 99 | 737 | 105 | 88 | 129 | 104 | 119 | 352 | 80 | 84 |
| III | 3,197 | 101 | 101 | 1,795 | 99 | 100 | 747 | 105 | 90 109 | 101 | 104 | 94 | 407 | 76 | 71 |
|  | 3,332 | 99 | 106 | 1,742 | 98 | 98 | 884 | 103 | 109 | 103 | 100 | 100 | 416 | 89 | 68 |
| 1958: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I. | 3,128 | 98 | 101 | 1,615 | 97 | 92 | 842 | 104 | 102 | 130 | 102 | 124 | 374 | 75 | 92 |
| II. | 3,157 | 96 | 104 | 1, 593 | 93 | 95 | 873 | 103 | 107 | 140 | 102 | 133 | 373 | 89 | 89 |
| III. | 3,152 | n. a. | n. a. | n. a. | n. a. | n. a. | n. a. | n. a. | n. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | n. a. | n. a. | n.a. | n. a. | n. a. | n. a. |

N. a.-Not available

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Between 1957 and 1958, coffee consumption and imports moved in opposite directions. As consumption in the first 3 quarters of 1958 rose by 4 percent over the like period of 1957, imports fell by the same rate. Lower unit values converted the 4 percent volume drop to a 14 percent ( $\$ 135$ million) value decline. Despite export limitations imposed by Latin American producers, overburdening supplies in producing countries continued to exert a downward pressure on prices and roasters here chose to postpone new purchases and draw down inventories. Domestic coffee stocks by September 1958 were at minimum operating levels, the lowest since 1955, having been reduced by 150 million
pounds since the start of the year. Thus, supplies obtained from inventories bridged the gap between rising consumption and falling imports.

The sensitivity of cocoa bean grindings to rapid and extreme price changes has again been demonstrated in 1958. As prices soared after mid-1957 on the news of reduced African crops, United States grindings in the first 9 months of 1958 contracted to the lowest rate since 1955 . Under the pressure of reduced consumption and substantial inventory liquidations, the volume of imports in January-September 1958 fell 18 percent below the same period of 1957 . Never-

Table 6.-Supply, Demand, Inventories, and Unit Values of Selected Commodities, by Quarters, 1957 and 1958

N. a.-Not available.
p Preliminary.
$x$-less than one-balf the unit specified. e-estimated.
Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on data from Bureau of Mines, Bureau of Census, BDSA, and U. S. Department of Agriculture.
theless, higher prices raised values by $\$ 28$ million in the more recent period.

Paced by autos, imports of finished (nonfood) consumer goods in 1958 continued their long-term upward movement, but at a diminished rate. For the first time since 1954 this rate is now moving about parallel to the rate of growth in disposable personal income in contrast to its much steeper advance in preceding years. Scattered losses during the current year in imports of diamonds and other precious stones, clocks and watches, and wool manufactures partly offset the gain in imports of passenger cars.

The value of passenger car imports in the first 9 months
of the year scored a $\$ 136$ million gain over the corresponding period of 1957. The number of units arriving in JanuaryAugust exceeded the record established for the entire year 1957 and, with domestic auto output at a subdued rate, European car manufacturers carved out a $7 \frac{1}{2}$ percent share of the total new car market in the United States. This represented an impressive gain over the 3 percent share in January-August 1957.

Imports of farm machinery, mainly combines and other harvesting equipment also rose substantially-principally from Canada and the United Kingdom-spurred by record crops and rising farm income in 1958.

## Real National Output by Quarters-Continued from page 15

First, undue significance should not be attached to small, irregular changes shown by these quarterly constantdollar measures of GNP and its main components. While inevitable imprecisions in the basic data preclude meaningful interpretations of these estimates to the last decimal, as it were, they can be taken as valid indicators of real volume changes which are of significant magnitude or which fall into pattern, either in terms of this body of data itself or when studied in relation to other economic variables.

For example, for several quarters preceding the business downturn in the autumn of 1957, the estimates of total real GNP showed small changes to which no precise significance should be accorded. However, they did convey the important fact, as already noted, that total real output was approximately stable during this prerecession interval when current-dollar output was still rising.

A second, closely related, point is that these new real volume data and the associated price indexes are not sufficiently accurate for any exact assessment of the relative contributions of the price and volume factors to the quarter-to-quarter changes in the market value of GNP.

The price and current-dollar value data are statistically independent. The price data are not ordinarily subject to substantial revisions even though they are not entirely satisfactory for the deflation of GNP. In practice, therefore, statistical revisions in the current-dollar GNP series tend to be reflected very largely in the real volume measure.

Suppose, for instance, that the initial estimates for a given quarter show a rise from $\$ 400$ billion to $\$ 404$ billion, or 1 percent in the anmual rate of current-dollar GNP, and an increase of $1 / 2$ percent in overall prices. Price and real volume thus appear of equal importance in accounting for the change in the current-dollar value of national production. If subsequently a downward revision of $\$ 1$ billion, or $1 / 4$ of 1 percent, occurs in the GNP this will show up almost entirely in the real-volume change and the indicated importance of this change will decline from one-half to one-third.

A further, perhaps even stronger, caveat should be entered with respect to any attempt to use these quarterly contantdollar estimates in productivity analysis. The margin of error attributable to the output estimates, when combined with that in the available man-hour data, renders judgment on this score extremely hazardous. Even the preliminary annual estimates of real output which are customarily published each February in the Surver have supported only the most tentative comments in this connection.

The major reasons why constant-dollar estimates of GNP, valuable as they are, are subject to certain particular limitations have been set forth in the 1954 National Income supplement, in connection with the annual series. There, attention was called to the shortcomings of price deflation. These stem from the lack of price information directly applicable to many components of the current-dollar product flow; from the fact that, generally speaking, available price information cannot take adequate account of premiums,
discounts, and bargain sales; and from even more basic problems encountered in pricing items subject to significant quality change, or whose physical units are not clearly definable for other reasons.

The quarterly constant-dollar figures are affected, in different degrees, by these same difficulties. On balance, the price information available on a quarterly basisparticularly for the most current period-is somewhat weaker than that underlying the annual estimates.

## General Price Level

## changed little in postwar recessions



In addition, certain special problems are encountered in the estimates of quarterly current-dollar GNP from which the constant-dollar measure is derived. These estimating problems make it all the more necessary to interpret movements in the new quarterly constant-dollar GNP series only in broad terms, without paying undue attention to the small and irregular fluctuations which it may display from quarter to quarter.
When used with an awareness of their characteristics, the new quarterly series on GNP volume and prices will provide additional valuable guides to economic understanding.

TThe Statistics here are a continuation of the data published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 2$ ) contains monthly (or quarteriy) data for the years 1953 through 1956 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1953. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1957 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1956 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survex beginning with the July 1957 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

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[Averages for the year 1957 are provided in the May 1958 issue of the Survex]

| Uniess otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu }}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\substack{\text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary }}}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septerm- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | Novem- ber |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS



 over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics throuch 1956 and | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | October | November | December | January | Fchruary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued



[^6] capital expenditures of business. Anticipated expenditures for the year 1958, and comparative data for 1956-57, appear on p. 4 of this issue of the SURver.
includes data not shown separately.
$\ddagger$ Revisions (annual data, 1946-57; monthly data, 1956-57) appear on pp. 18 and 19 of the November 1958 Survey; monthly data prior to 1956 are not available.
${ }^{\prime}$ Revisions for 1956 for the seasonally adjusted indexes of industrial production and consumer durables output appear on p. 18 of the July 1958 SURVEY.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of buSINess Statistics | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { her } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\underset{\text { Ser }}{\text { Septer }}$ | October | Novermber |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Unadjusted index-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Minerals - ---------------------------1947-49=100.- \& 129
87 \& 123
80 \& 122 \& 120
73 \& 118 \& 111 \& 109
60 \& 110
61 \& 115 \& 110
46 \& 120
70 \& $\begin{array}{r}123 \\ 73 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}123 \\ 75 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }^{p} 123$ <br>
\hline  \& 146 \& 144 \& 149 \& 147 \& 145 \& 134 \& 132 \& 131 \& 134 \& 137 \& 142 \& +145 \& 143 \& p 146 <br>
\hline  \& 124 \& 92 \& 82 \& 83 \& 85 \& 79 \& 81 \& 86 \& 100 \& 91 \& 96 \& -107 \& P109 \& <br>
\hline  \& 152 \& 143 \& 138 \& 130 \& 121 \& 128 \& 136 \& 144 \& 150 \& 151 \& 153 \& +158 \& 157 \& <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted, combined index............do...- \& 142 \& 139 \& 135 \& 133 \& 130 \& 128 \& 126 \& 128 \& 132 \& 134 \& 136 \& 137 \& 138 \& p 141 <br>
\hline  \& 143 \& 141 \& 137 \& 135 \& 131 \& 129 \& 128 \& 130 \& 134 \& 136 \& 138 \& 139 \& 140 \& P 143 <br>
\hline Durable manufactures...-------.............- do...-- \& 156 \& 154 \& 146 \& 142 \& 137 \& 135 \& 131 \& 134 \& 139 \& 141 \& 144 \& 1145 \& 145 \& ${ }^{\text {P }} 152$ <br>
\hline  \& 128 \& 121 \& 107 \& 100 \& 95 \& 91 \& 86 \& 91 \& 103 \& 102 \& 109 \& 113 \& ${ }^{+123}$ \& ${ }^{\text {p }} 127$ <br>
\hline Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance)...-.....d. do...- \& 172 \& 170 \& 163 \& 159 \& 153 \& 150 \& 146 \& 148 \& 151 \& 154 \& 156 \& ${ }^{+155}$ \& ${ }^{+} 155$ \& p 163 <br>
\hline Fabricated metal products.........-...-do...- \& 137 \& 141 \& 135 \& 129 \& 124 \& 122 \& 118 \& 120 \& 125 \& 129 \& 132 \& 135 \& 「132 \& ${ }^{p} 133$ <br>
\hline  \& 164 \& 163 \& 156 \& 151 \& 144 \& 141 \& 137 \& 137 \& 141 \& 144 \& 147 \& 148 \& 146 \& ${ }^{p} 150$ <br>
\hline Nonelectrical machinery.-..----------do...- \& 148 \& 143 \& 137 \& 130 \& 127 \& 126 \& 122 \& 122 \& 125 \& 125 \& 126 \& ${ }^{+} 129$ \& 130 \& P 131 <br>
\hline Electrical machinery -...-.-.-------- do...- \& 197 \& 203 \& 194 \& 192 \& 177 \& 170 \& 166 \& 167 \& 171 \& 181 \& 188 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 186$ \& r 177 \& ${ }^{\text {P }} 189$ <br>
\hline Transportation equipment...-.-.-.-...-do...- \& 208 \& 203 \& 194 \& 191 \& 185 \& 183 \& 178 \& 182 \& 185 \& 185 \& -186 \& 178 \& ${ }^{+} 182$ \& ${ }^{\text {P }} 205$ <br>
\hline Autos, trucks, and parts .-.-.---.-----do.--- \& 126 \& 125 \& 113 \& 107 \& 99 \& 93 \& 86 \& 93 \& 95 \& 96 \& 96 \& 82 \& 91 \& p 125 <br>
\hline Other transportation equipment....-- do-.-- \& ${ }^{334}$ \& 322 \& 315 \& 318 \& 313 \& 316 \& 316 \& 314 \& 320 \& 318 \& 321 \& +322 \& ${ }_{+}^{+319}$ \& ${ }^{P} 321$ <br>
\hline  \& 120 \& 118 \& 116 \& 114 \& 111 \& 1160 \& 110 \& 1158 \& 1160 \& 119 \& 162 \& ${ }^{+} 166$ \& +169

127 \& ${ }^{p} 172$ <br>
\hline Lumber and products.........................- do \& 109 \& 107 \& 103 \& 110 \& 108 \& 109 \& 105 \& 110 \& 114 \& 118 \& -120 \& 118 \& 118 \& <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products...-.-.-...-do \& 155 \& 151 \& 148 \& 142 \& 134 \& 133 \& 135 \& 139 \& 145 \& 152 \& 150 \& 157 \& ${ }^{-149}$ \& ¢ 155 <br>
\hline Misceilaneous manufactures...---------- do---- \& 140 \& 136 \& 131 \& 129 \& 127 \& 128 \& 129 \& 129 \& 132 \& 135 \& 134 \& 137 \& '138 \& ${ }^{p} 135$ <br>
\hline Nondurable manufactures.-------.-........do \& 130 \& 128 \& 127 \& 127 \& 125 \& 124 \& 125 \& 126 \& 129 \& 132 \& 133 \& 133 \& 134 \& p 135 <br>
\hline Food and beverage manufactures.-..---.-.do \& 112 \& 110 \& 114 \& 114 \& 114 \& 113 \& 113 \& 114 \& 116 \& 116 \& -116 \& 115 \& 114 \& <br>
\hline Food manufactures........---......----- do \& 111 \& 110 \& 113 \& 113 \& 112 \& 112 \& 115 \& 114 \& 116 \& 116 \& -116 \& ${ }^{+} 116$ \& 114 \& <br>
\hline  \& 112 \& 110 \& 118 \& 117 \& 120 \& 114 \& 108 \& 114 \& 116 \& 114 \& 115 \& 114 \& \& <br>
\hline Tobacco manufactures .-............-.-.-.-. - do \& 110 \& 107 \& 106 \& 112 \& 112 \& 112 \& 117 \& 115 \& 116 \& 121 \& 121 \& 121 \& 120 \& <br>
\hline Textile-mill products .-.............---.... do . \& 98 \& 95 \& 91 \& 92 \& 91 \& 91 \& 92 \& 92 \& 95 \& 101 \& 103 \& 103 \& 104 \& <br>
\hline Apparel and allied products................d. ${ }^{\text {do...- }}$ \& 110 \& 107 \& 104 \& 103 \& 103 \& 99 \& 106 \& 106 \& 110 \& 115 \& 114 \& 116 \& 119 \& <br>
\hline Leather and products..............---...-do. \& 103 \& 103 \& 100 \& 100 \& 98 \& 98 \& 94 \& 97 \& 100 \& 104 \& 103 \& 104 \& \& <br>
\hline Paper and allied products...................do \& 161 \& 162 \& 152 \& 155 \& 153 \& 149 \& 152 \& 153 \& 157 \& 163 \& 166 \& 167 \& 170 \& <br>
\hline Printing and publishing --..............-. - do \& 142 \& 141 \& 142 \& 140 \& 139 \& 138 \& 137 \& 137 \& 138 \& 138 \& 140 \& 140 \& r 142 \& p 143 <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied products.............-do \& 185 \& 184 \& 181 \& 182 \& 177 \& 176 \& 178 \& 178 \& 181 \& 184 \& 186 \& 187 \& 188 \& <br>
\hline  \& 206 \& 201 \& 196 \& 195 \& 187 \& 184 \& 182 \& 182 \& 187 \& 193 \& -196 \& -204 \& \& <br>
\hline Petroleum and coal products...-.......... do \& 139 \& 135 \& 137 \& 131 \& 129 \& 127 \& 127 \& 129 \& 131 \& 136 \& 139 \& ${ }^{+} 135$ \& $r^{\boldsymbol{r}} \mathrm{p} 137$ \& D 138 <br>
\hline  \& 135 \& 131 \& 117 \& 116 \& 114 \& 116 \& 112 \& 113 \& 125 \& 125 \& 132 \& ${ }^{+136}$ \& 135 \& ...-.-. <br>
\hline  \& 127 \& 123 \& 123 \& 121 \& 118 \& 112 \& 109 \& 109 \& 112 \& 116 \& 120 \& 122 \& ${ }^{+} 122$ \& ${ }^{\circ} 123$ <br>
\hline Coal \& 80 \& 77 \& 71 \& 69 \& 70 \& 70 \& 63 \& 62 \& 66 \& 65 \& 68 \& 70 \& 69 \& ${ }^{\circ} 71$ <br>
\hline  \& 150 \& 145 \& 146 \& 144 \& 141 \& 130 \& 130 \& 131 \& 135 \& 141 \& 146 \& 148 \& 147 \& ${ }^{\circ} 147$ <br>
\hline  \& 107 \& 100 \& 110 \& 110 \& 106 \& 100 \& 88 \& 73 \& 80 \& 80 \& 83 \& - 90 \& ${ }^{9} 94$ \& <br>
\hline Stone and earth minerals....----...-...........do.... \& 143 \& 140 \& 141 \& 144 \& 133 \& 138 \& 139 \& 142 \& 145 \& 146 \& 144 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 149$ \& 148 \& <br>
\hline CONSUMER DURABLES OUTPUT $\sigma^{\circ}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Unadjusted, total output ........-------1947-49=100 \& 119 \& 141 \& 124 \& 117 \& 116 \& 111 \& 101 \& 103 \& 109 \& 100 \& 100 \& - 103 \& '115 \& ${ }^{p} 140$ <br>
\hline Major consumer durables . . . . . . .-.......-.-... do...-- \& 119 \& 153 \& 132 \& 123 \& 120 \& 114 \& 100 \& 103 \& 109 \& 97 \& 94 \& 96 \& ${ }^{+113}$ \& p 149 <br>
\hline  \& 88 \& 171 \& 118 \& 132 \& 122 \& 106 \& 89 \& 99
108 \& 100 \& 87 \& 53 \& $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ \hline 150 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}71 \\ 151 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }^{8} 160$ <br>
\hline  \& 148 \& 138 \& 118 \& 117

108 \& 121 \& 122 \& 110 \& 108 \& | 119 |
| :--- |
| 105 | \& 108 \& 130

118 \& 150
+126 \& 131 \& <br>
\hline Appliances and heaters \& 133 \& 121 \& 102 \& 103 \& 121 \& 131 \& 112 \& 115 \& 132 \& 109 \& 114 \& 150 \& 148 \& <br>
\hline Radio and television sets...........-.-.-.-.-. do \& 282 \& 259 \& 176 \& 187 \& 159 \& 139 \& 125 \& 112 \& 122 \& 114 \& 214 \& 222 \& 220 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer durables.....-...-....-.-.-.-.-. - do...- \& 120 \& 114 \& 106 \& 102 \& 105 \& 105 \& 103 \& 102 \& 108 \& 107 \& 115 \& r 119 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 121$ \& D 118 <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted, total output.................do...-- \& 129 \& 128 \& 119 \& 113 \& 110 \& 104 \& 97 \& 105 \& 111 \& 114 \& 115 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 103$ \& ${ }^{r} 107$ \& ${ }^{\text {p }} 131$ <br>
\hline Major consumer durables.-...................-. do. \& 137 \& 136 \& 125 \& 117 \& 111 \& 103 \& 94 \& 104 \& 111 \& 116 \& 116 \& 99 \& -104 \& ${ }^{\square} 139$ <br>
\hline  \& 143 \& 142 \& 127 \& 117 \& 107 \& 92 \& 81 \& 96 \& 99 \& 99 \& 95 \& 56 \& 67 \& -139 <br>
\hline  \& 134 \& 134 \& 124 \& 118 \& 117 \& 114 \& 107 \& 113 \& 123 \& 133 \& 137 \& 138 \& 139 \& <br>
\hline Furniture and floor coverings........-....-. do.. \& 111 \& 112 \& 112 \& 110 \& 106 \& 106 \& 104 \& 106 \& 109 \& 116 \& 117 \& 120 \& 124 \& <br>
\hline  \& 129 \& 132 \& 115 \& 106 \& 115 \& 115 \& 102 \& 112 \& 125 \& 129 \& 132 \& 137 \& 144 \& <br>
\hline Radio and television sets.................... do. \& 212 \& 203 \& 188 \& 181 \& 151 \& 133 \& 131 \& 138 \& 155 \& 191 \& 207 \& -197 \& 166 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer durables...........................- do...-- \& 112 \& 110 \& 107 \& 105 \& 107 \& 108 \& 106 \& 105 \& 111 \& 111 \& 112 \& 113 \& -113 \& -114 <br>
\hline BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§¢ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing and trade sales (seas. adj.), total bil. of dol. \& 55.7 \& 54.7 \& 54.5 \& 53.8 \& 52.1 \& 51.3 \& 52.1 \& 52.4 \& 53.2 \& 54.0 \& 54.4 \& - 54.8 \& 55.7 \& <br>
\hline  \& 28.1 \& 27.2 \& 26.7 \& 26.4 \& 25.5 \& 24.9 \& 24.9 \& 25.2 \& 25.7 \& 26.3 \& 26.4 \& ${ }^{+} 26.8$ \& 27.3 \& <br>
\hline Durable-goods industries--.......-.-......-. do.... \& 13.9 \& 13.5 \& 13.1 \& 12.6 \& 12.0 \& 11.7 \& 11.5 \& 11.6 \& 12.1 \& 12.3 \& 12.4 \& - 12.7 \& 13.0 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods industries..-..............do.... \& 14.1 \& 13.7 \& 13.6 \& 13.7 \& 13.5 \& 13.3 \& 13.4 \& 13.6 \& 13.7 \& 14.0 \& 14.0 \& 14.1 \& 14.3 \& <br>
\hline  \& 11.0 \& 10.9 \& 10.9 \& 10.7 \& 10.5 \& 10.3 \& 10.7 \& 10.7 \& 10.9 \& 11.0 \& r 11.1 \& 11.4 \& 11.5 \& <br>
\hline Durable-goods establishments.-............- do.... \& 3.9 \& 3.9 \& 3.8 \& 3.8 \& 3.6 \& 3.6 \& 3.7 \& 3.7 \& 3.8 \& 3.8 \& 4.0 \& 4.1 \& 4.1 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods establishments............-do....- \& 7.0 \& 7.0 \& 7.1 \& 6.9 \& 6.9 \& 6.8 \& 7.0 \& 7.0 \& 7.0 \& 7.2 \& 7.2 \& 7.3 \& 7.4 \& <br>
\hline  \& 16.7 \& 16.6 \& 16.9 \& 16.7 \& 16.1 \& 16.1 \& 16.5 \& 16.6 \& 16.6 \& 16.7 \& 16.9 \& 16.6 \& 16.9 \& <br>
\hline  \& 5.6 \& 5.6 \& 5.6 \& 5. 5 \& 5.1 \& 5.0 \& 5.2 \& 5.2 \& 5.1 \& 5.2 \& 5.2 \& 5.1 \& 5.4 \& <br>
\hline  \& 11.1 \& 11.0 \& 11.3 \& 11.2 \& 11.0 \& 11.1 \& 11.3 \& 11.3 \& 11.4 \& 11.5 \& 11.6 \& 11.5 \& 11.6 \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value, end of month (seas. adj.), total. bil. of dol. \& 91.1 \& 91.0 \& 90.7 \& 90.0 \& 89.3 \& 88.5 \& 87.6 \& 86.9 \& 86.4 \& 85.9 \& 85.4 \& 85.0 \& 84.8 \& <br>
\hline  \& 54.1 \& 53.9 \& 53.5 \& 52.9 \& 52.4 \& 52.0 \& 51.5 \& 50.9 \& 50.2 \& 49.8 \& 49.4 \& r 49.3 \& 49.3 \& <br>
\hline  \& 31.8 \& 31.5 \& 31.1 \& 30.6 \& 30.3 \& 29.9 \& 29.4 \& 29.0 \& 28.5 \& 28.3 \& 28.1 \& 28.0 \& 28.0 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods industries...--.---.-.---- do..-- \& 22.3 \& 22.4 \& 22.4 \& 22.3 \& 22.2 \& 22.1 \& 22.1 \& 21.9 \& 21.7 \& 21.5 \& 21.4 \& 21.2 \& 21.3 \& <br>
\hline  \& 12.8 \& 12.8 \& 12.7 \& 12.6 \& 12.5 \& 12.4 \& 12.2 \& 12.1 \& 12.1 \& 12.1 \& 12.1 \& 12.1 \& 12.1 \& <br>
\hline Durable-goods establishments .--------.---- do..- \& 6.7 \& 6.7 \& 6.6 \& 6.6 \& 6.5 \& 6.4 \& 6.3 \& 6.2 \& 6.2 \& 6.2 \& 6.2 \& 6.2 \& 6.2 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods establishments......-.....do...- \& 6.1 \& 6.1 \& 6.1 \& 6.0 \& 6.0 \& 6.0 \& 5.9 \& 5.9 \& 5.9 \& 5.9 \& 5.9 \& 5.9 \& 5.9 \& <br>
\hline  \& 24.2 \& 24.3 \& 24.5 \& 24.5 \& 24.3 \& 24.1 \& 23.9 \& 23.9 \& 24.1 \& 24.0 \& 23.9 \& 23.7 \& 23.5 \& <br>
\hline  \& 10.9 \& 11.2 \& 11.4 \& 11.3 \& 11.2 \& 11.0 \& 10.8 \& 10.8 \& 10.8 \& 10.7 \& 10.7 \& 10.5 \& 10.3 \& <br>
\hline  \& 13.3 \& 13.1 \& 13.1 \& 13.1 \& 13.1 \& 13.1 \& 13.2 \& 13.1 \& 13.3 \& 13.3 \& 13.2 \& 13.2 \& 13.2 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}


 1957 SURVEY.

| Unicss otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jann- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | Octoher | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

## MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES,



Sales, value (seas. adj.), total.-...---.-.-........................
Durable-goods industries, total 9 .--................ do Primary metal.

Electrical (inciuding electrical).............................................................
Transportation equipment.-.-.-......................


Food and beverage
Tobacco
Tobacco.
Paper.
Chemical-----------Rubber-
Inventories, end of month:


Durable-goods industries, total $\%$
.-. dio. Primary metal Fabricated metal-a--
Machinery Transportation equipment. Motor vehicles and parts........................... Lumber and furniture....-.-...................................... Stone, clay, and glass. By stages of fabrication:Purchased materials........................... of dol Goods in process
Nondurable-goods industries, total\& - mil. of dol. Food and beverage

## Tobacco

Textile
Chemical.

By stages of fabrication:
Purchased materials. Groods in process

Durable-goods industries, total $¢$ Primary metal Fabricated metal.-............Machinery (including electri
Electrical.................... $\qquad$
Transportation equipment. Motor vehicles and pa
Lumber and furniture.Stone, clay, and glass
By stages of fabrication: Purchase materials....-................... bil. of dol

Nondurable-goods industries, totalo ....mil. of dol Food and beverage Tobacco
Textile.
Chemical
 Rubber.
 ros Foods in process
-
 SU

27,270

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- | October | Novem- ber |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued



## COMMODITY PRICES

| PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS <br> Prices received, all farm products $\ddagger$.------1910-14=100 | 241 | 242 | 243 | 247 | 252 | 263 | 264 | 264 | 255 | 254 | 251 | 258 | 252 | 251 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 225 | 223 | 219 | 224 | 229 | 245 | 252 | 246 | 232 | 228 | 225 | 232 | 227 | 225 |
| Commercial vegetables, fresh market........-do...- | 226 | 234 | 256 | 332 | 376 | 408 | 362 | 314 | 232 | 209 | 181 | 183 | 210 | 245 |
|  | 273 | 263 | 239 | 232 | 211 | 220 | 236 | 246 | 246 | 260 | 281 | 292 | 281 | 274 |
| Feed grains and hay-...........---------.--- - do..- | 156 | 150 | ${ }^{151}$ | 146 | 148 | 152 | 162 | 163 | 167 | 165 | 163 | 160 | 153 | 145 |
|  | 219 | 221 | 221 | 217 | 219 | 224 | 223 | 221 | 197 | 190 | 190 | 195 | 199 | 200 |
|  | 188 | 187 | 180 | 183 | 201 | 228 | 271 | 268 | 277 | 253 | 239 | 280 | 245 | 227 |
|  | 231 | 235 | 237 | 233 | 229 | 234 | 237 | 238 | 239 | 227 | 232 | 220 | 214 | 215 |
|  | 153 | 167 | 170 | 178 | 204 | 272 | 268 | 224 | 180 | 185 | 142 | 129 | 118 | 129 |
|  | 483 | 473 | 466 | 474 | 475 | 475 | 475 | 475 | 474 | 473 | 483 | 482 | 501 | 485 |
| Livestock and products......--.................- do.. | 255 | 258 | 263 | 267 | 273 | 280 | 275 | 280 | 275 | 277 | 275 | 280 | 275 | 274 |
|  | 278 | 280 | 275 | 269 | 266 | 261 | 249 | 244 | 241 | 246 | 255 | 264 | 271 | 272 |
|  | 275 | 277 | 293 | 308 | 324 | 336 | 339 | 355 | 348 | 347 | 338 | 339 | 330 | 326 |
|  | 181 | 188 | 185 | 174 | 169 | 187 | 172 | 168 | 163 | 166 | 166 | 174 | 164 | 164 |
|  | 280 | 271 | 262 | 256 | 249 | 229 | 212 | 204 | 212 | 210 | 210 | 207 | 202 | 203 |
| Prices paid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities and services..---...----------do---- | 273 | 275 | ${ }_{2}^{276}$ | 277 | 278 | 281 | 282 | 283 | 282 | 282 | 281 | 281 | 282 | 283 |
|  | 288 | 289 | 289 | 289 | 290 | 293 | 293 | 294 | 293 | 293 | 291 | 290 | 291 | 293 |
| Production items..-.-.-.-.-.-.-----.-....do.-. | 258 | 260 | 263 | 264 | 265 | 269 | 271 | 271 | 270 | 270 | 269 | 272 | 271 | 272 |
|  | 296 | 298 | 299 | 301 | 302 | 304 | 306 | 306 | 305 | 305 | 304 | 305 | 307 | 308 |
|  | 81 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 84 | 83 | 83 | 85 | 82 | 81 |

r Revised. §Corrections of March 1955 new orders figures in 1957 Business STATIITIICS appear in corresponding note in October 1957 SURVEY and later issues. ©Includes data not shown separately. $\%$ Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publisbing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-goods industries are zero. $T$ For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are cousidered equal to new orders. ${ }^{\circ}$ Data are from Dun \& Bradstreet, Inc. ${ }^{*}$ New series; based on number of concerns listed in Dun \& Bradstreet Reference Book. Data back to 1934 are available upon request. $\ddagger$ Revised beginning January 1955 to incorporate the latest revisions in the price
series for individual commodities; unpublished revisions (prior to April 1957) will be shown later. $\oplus$ Ratio of prices received to prices paid (including interest, taxes, and wage rates).

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem－ ber | Decem－ ber | Janu－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem－ |

## COMMODITY PRICES—Continued





Farm products 9 ．．．

Foods，processed 9.
Cereal and bakery products．．－－－－－－．．．．．．．－．－．－do
Dairy products and ice cream ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
$\stackrel{\text { Mruts }}{ }$ Meats，poultry，and fish．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．－do
Commodities other than farm prod．and foods．．do．．．
Chemicals and allied products 9
Chemicals，industrial－．．．－
Fats and oils，inedible

Fuel，power，and lighting materials $q \ldots-\ldots$ ．．．．．do


Furniture，other household durables $9 . . .-$ ．－．－do Appliances，household．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．do－． Furniture，household
Radio receivers and phonographs．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Television receivers
 Footwear
Hides and skins Lumber and wood products Lumber．
Machinery and motive products Agricultural machinery and equip．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Construction machinery and equip．．．．．．．．．do． Electrical machinery and equipment．．．．．．－．do．．．
Motor vehicles．


Nonmetallic minerals，structural $9 . . .$.


Pulp，paper，and allied products．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do．

Tires and tubes．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Textile products and apparel 8

## Apparel．．．

Sotton produc
Manmade fiber textile products
Tobacco mis．and bottled beverages 9
Beverages，alcoholic．
Miscellaneou


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| Uniess other wise stated．statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem－ ber | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | Janu－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem． ber |

## COMMODITY PRICES—Continued



## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY $\ddagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline New construction（unadjusted），total．．．．．．－mil．of do \& ${ }^{*} 4,566$ \& －4， 174 \& ${ }^{\text {F 3，763 }}$ \& － 3,326 \& ＋3，106 \& － 3,342 \& r 3， 636 \& －4，000 \& －4，347 \& r 4,548 \& r 4,707 \& ${ }^{+4,751}$ \& r 4,726 \& 4．416 <br>
\hline  \& －3，127 \& ＋3，005 \& ＋ 2,737 \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 408$ \& ＋2，270 \& － 2.410 \& －2， 551 \& ＋2，752 \& ＋2，959 \& r 3，082 \& ${ }^{+3,153}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 3，}} 172$ \& －3，173 \& 3.087 <br>
\hline  \& 1，586 \& 1，524 \& 1，365 \& 1，165 \& r 1,078 \& 1， 177 \& ${ }^{+1} 1.289$ \& －1，421 \& －1，559 \& ＋1，645 \& ${ }^{r} 1,708$ \& ${ }_{+1,732}$ \& ＋1，753 \& 1．709 <br>
\hline  \& 1，180 \& 1，140 \& 1，050 \& 895 \& 「810 \& 890 \& 945 \& ${ }^{r} 1,015$ \& ${ }_{+}^{+1,125}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,205$ \& r $\mathrm{r} 1,275$ \& ${ }^{+1.315}$ \& 1.335
+1354 \& 1．315 <br>
\hline Additions and alterations－．．－．－．．．－．－．．．－do－－－－ \& 357 \& 333 \& 265 \& 220 \& 219 \& 239 \& ${ }^{-} 296$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 355$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 382$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 388$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 382$ \& ${ }^{+} 366$ \& ＋ 364 \& 337 <br>
\hline Nonresidential buildings，except farm and public utility，totalo．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．of dol．． \& 844 \& 842 \& 799 \& ${ }^{7} 746$ \& 705 \& 689 \& 677 \& 698 \& 735 \& 754 \& 743 \& ${ }^{+} 741$ \& ${ }^{+} 750$ \& 760 <br>
\hline  \& 289 \& 287 \& 277 \& 274 \& ${ }_{258}^{252}$ \& 235 \& 218 \& 204 \& 193 \& 185 \& 179 \& ＋174 \& ＋175 \& 178 <br>
\hline  \& 330
133 \& 332
114 \& 306
100 \& 270
+100 \& $\begin{array}{r}258 \\ +104 \\ \hline \text { 20 }\end{array}$ \& 262
+113 \& 263
+126 \& 285
+146 \& 315
+160 \& 326
+169 \& 316
+173 \& \％ 315
${ }_{r} 161$ \& 7

$r$
$r$ 1319 \& 327
114 <br>
\hline  \& r 548 \& ＋ 510 \& r 459 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 385$ \& ${ }_{r} 372$ \& r 419 \& ${ }_{r} 446$ \& ¢ 470 \& ＋486 \& $r 494$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 512$ \& ${ }^{5} 520$ \& r 519 \& 487 <br>
\hline  \& r 1，439 \& r 1， 169 \& r 1,026 \& $r 918$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 836$ \& －932 \& － 1,085 \& r 1， 248 \& ＋ 1,388 \& ＋ 1,466 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,554$ \& r 1,579 \& r 1,553 \& 1，329 <br>
\hline Nonresidential buildings．．．．－－－－－－－－－－－－．－－do．．．－－ \& r 410 \& ＋ 368 \& $r 343$ \& ＋ 343 \& ${ }^{+} 312$ \& r 350 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 374$ \& ＋386 \& ＋411 \& r 421 \& －428 \& $\begin{array}{r}+430 \\ \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{-} 426$ \& 379 <br>
\hline  \& ＋ 132 \& ${ }_{r}^{108}$ \& 97
-334 \& 87
+230 \& 73
+220 \& \& \& $\begin{array}{r}88 \\ +455 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ +545 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ＋ $\begin{array}{r}105 \\ +585\end{array}$ \& 120
+635 \& ${ }_{\tau}^{\tau} 135$ \& r 140
+630 \& 125 <br>
\hline Highway． \& r 576
321 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 405 \\ \\ 288 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 「 334
252 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 230 \\ \\ \hline 258 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& +220
+231 \& r 235
$\times 270$ \& r

r 2965 \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { r } 455 \\
& \text { r } 319
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& $\begin{array}{r}\text {＋} 545 \\ +337 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& | r 585 |
| :--- |
| r 355 | \& r 635

+371 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ \times 369 \\ \hline 369\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}+630 \\ \\ \\ \hline 657 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 485
340 <br>
\hline New construction（seasonally adjusted），total．．．．do \& ＋4，132 \& ${ }^{\text {r 4，}} 102$ \& r 4,175 \& ${ }^{\text {r 4，068 }}$ \& ¢ 4，004 \& r 3,966 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,881$ \& ז3，879 \& ＋3，929 \& ＋3，981 \& r 4，041 \& r 4，119 \& r 4， 261 \& 4．346， <br>
\hline  \& ＋2，898 \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 902$ \& r 2,882 \& ¢ 2，830 \& ＋ 2,796 \& ז 2，757 \& ${ }_{\tau}$ 2，699 \& r 2,696 \& r 2,725 \& －2，760 \& ＋2，799 \& ＋2．847 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 2,934}$ \& 2．983 <br>
\hline \& 1，461 \& 1，472 \& 1，461 \& 1，445 \& r 1,435 \& r 1，397 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 1,351}$ \& r 1,348 \& r 1,386 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} \mathbf{1 , 4 3 4}$ \& r 1，496 \& ＋ 1,540 \& r 1,613 \& 1，6000 <br>
\hline Nonresidential buildings，except farm and public utility，total $\%$ $\qquad$ \& 798 \& 796 \& 790 \& 769 \& 748 \& 742 \& 733 \& 733 \& 729 \& 724 \& 702 \& － 695 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 706$ \& 717 <br>
\hline Industriald－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－－－－－－－－do．．．－ \& 283 \& 281 \& 272 \& 269 \& 252 \& 240 \& 222 \& 210 \& 195 \& 187 \& 179 \& 172 \& 172 \& 175 <br>
\hline  \& 306
133 \& 305
134 \& 304
133 \& 288
+134 \& 281
+134 \& $\begin{array}{r}288 \\ \\ r \\ \hline 133\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}294 \\ +133 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}302 \\ +133 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 311
r 134 \& $\begin{array}{r}308 \\ +133 \\ \hline \quad 185\end{array}$ \& 294
+133 \& $\begin{array}{r}+291 \\ +135 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& r

+139
$r$ \& 302 <br>
\hline Public utility \& － 490 \& r 485 \& ${ }^{+} 483$ \& r 469 \& r 466 \& ${ }^{2} 471$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 468$ \& r 466 \& r 459 \& r 453 \& ${ }_{-} 453$ \& ＋460 \& ＋464 \& 464 <br>
\hline Public，totalo \& r 1,234 \& － 1,200 \& r 11,293 \& r 1，238 \& － 1,208 \& r 1,209 \& r 1,182 \& r 1，183 \& r 1， 204 \& ז 1， 221 \& ＋1，242 \& ＋1， 272 \& r 1，327 \& 1． 363 <br>
\hline Nonresidential buildings．．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－．－${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& ז 392 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 382$ \& r 386 \& r 382 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 360$ \& ${ }^{-} 374$ \& 「 380 \& ＇ 375 \& － 384 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 385$ \& － 383 \& ＋ 390 \& r 405 \& 395 <br>
\hline Military facilities ${ }_{\text {Highway }}$ \& r 1111 \& 104
+422 \& 110
+514 \& $\underset{r}{107}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}96 \\ +458 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 95
$r$ \& \& \& $8{ }^{6}$ \& 94 \& 102 \& ${ }^{+112}$ \& ${ }^{+} 118$ \& 120 <br>
\hline CONTRACT AWARDS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ¢ 432 \& ¢ 436 \& r 470 \& 50. <br>
\hline Construction contracts in 48 States（F．W．Dodge Corp．）$\dagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 787 \& 2，867 \& 1，734 \& 2， 758 \& 1， 769 \& 1，027 \& 1，053 \& 1，463 \& 1，720 \& 1，550 \& 1，233 \& 1，049 \& 1，071 \& <br>
\hline Private ownership．－．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－do \& 1，827 \& 1，504 \& 1，249 \& 1，308 \& 1，185 \& 1，694 \& 1， 828 \& 1，939 \& 2，100 \& 2，058 \& 2，234 \& 2， 167 \& 2，238 \& <br>
\hline Norresidential buidings：
Floor area \& 66， 362 \& 61， 260 \& 51， 043 \& 54， 942 \& 52， 313 \& 66， 456 \& 63，836 \& 76， 099 \& 68， 128 \& 75， 453 \& 75， 653 \& 62，943 \& 69， 698 \& <br>
\hline  \& 910 \& 878 \& 699 \& 759 \& 751 \& 967 \& 958 \& 1，124 \& 976 \& 1，076 \& 1，079 \& 892 \& 955 \& <br>
\hline Floor area－．．．．．．．－－－．．．．．．．．．．．．－thous．of sq．ft－－ \& 106， 636 \& 86， 424 \& 67， 225 \& 71，653 \& 67，672 \& 97，732 \& 113， 755 \& 124， 189 \& 125， 122 \& 140， 037 \& 131， 709 \& 130， 373 \& 143， 784 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1，165 \& 930 \& 759 \& 777 \& 727 \& 1，071 \& 1，240 \& 1，346 \& 1，364 \& 1，557 \& 1，451 \& 1，460 \& 1，595 \& <br>

\hline | Public works： |
| :--- |
| Valuation． | \& 327 \& 444 \& 381 \& 328 \& 358 \& 501 \& 551 \& 713 \& 876 \& 723 \& 70 \& 541 \& 532 \& <br>


\hline | Utilities： |
| :--- |
| Valuation | \& 211 \& 118 \& 144 \& 201 \& 117 \& 183 \& 132 \& 220 \& 603 \& 250 \& 232 \& 323 \& 228 \& <br>


\hline | Engineering construction： |
| :--- |
| Contract awards（ENR） $\qquad$ | \& 1，700 \& 1，232 \& 967 \& 1，259 \& 1，175 \& 1，398 \& 1，583 \& 2，314 \& 1，900 \& 2，482 \& 1，622 \& 1，348 \& 1，621 \& <br>

\hline Highway concrete pavement contract awards： $0^{\text {a }}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－－－－－thous．of sq．yd．－ \& 6， 668 \& 3， 950 \& 2 11， 386 \& 5， 488 \& 4， 554 \& 7，553 \& 13，328 \& 11，637 \& 11， 045 \& 17， 842 \& 11， 173 \& 10，354 \& 7，905 \& <br>
\hline  \& $\begin{array}{r}749 \\ 3,143 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 65
2
2 \& 27， 879 \& ＋196 \& $\begin{array}{r}209 \\ \times 2.640 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 470
5
5
500 \& －2，239 \& 3,685
4.261
4 \& 2，475
5
5,63 \& 6，631 \& 1,256
6.520 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2，775 \& 1，530 \& ${ }^{2} 2$ ， 790 \& 1，320 \& 1，705 \& 1， 584 \& 3，651 \& 3，691 \& $\stackrel{\text { 2，938 }}{ }$ \& 3，737 \& 3，398 \& 3， 233 \& 2，572 \& <br>

\hline | NEW DWELLING UNITS |
| :--- |
| （U．S．Department of Labor） | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>


\hline | New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started： |
| :--- |
| Unadjusted： |
| Total，privately and publicly owned．．．thousands．． | \& 97.0 \& 78.2 \& 63.4 \& 67.9 \& 66.1 \& 81.4 \& 99.1 \& 108.5 \& 112.9 \& 112.8 \& ¢ 124.0 \& 118.0 \& 111.0 \& 102.1 <br>

\hline Privately owned，total．－－－－－－－－．－－－．－．－．－．do \& 88.4 \& 75.7 \& 62.5 \& 62.9 \& 61.0 \& 77.3 \& 94.2 \& 101.3 \& 101.3 \& 108.6 \& r 114.6 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 108.0$ \& 109.0 \& 100.17 <br>
\hline In metropolitan areas．．．．．－．－．－．－．－．－－－．－．－do． \& 58.5 \& 50.8 \& 43.1 \& 43.3 \& 42.1 \& 51.8 \& 65.0 \& 69.5 \& 70.6 \& 78.1 \& r 78.3 \& 75.3 \& 77.0 \& 70.9 <br>
\hline Publicly owned．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {do．．}}$ \& 8.6 \& 2.5 \& ． 9 \& 5.0 \& 5.1 \& 4.1 \& 4.9 \& 7.2 \& 11.6 \& 4.2 \& ＇9．4 \& 10.0 \& 2.0 \& 2.1 <br>

\hline | Seasonally adjusted at annual rate： |
| :--- |
| Privately owned，total $\ddagger$ | \& 1，020．0 \& 1，009．0 \& 1，000．0 \& 1，020．0 \& 915.0 \& 918.0 \& 983.0 \& 1，039．0 \& 1，057．0 \& 1，174．0 \& 1，228．0 \& 1，220．0 \& 1，260．0 \& 1，330．0 <br>


\hline | Residential construction authorized，all permit－issuing places： |
| :--- |
| New dwelling units，total． $\qquad$ thousands．－ | \& ${ }^{3} 79.2$ \& 58.7 \& 49.8 \& 54.6 \& 50.7 \& 71.2 \& 88.0 \& 92.0 \& 95.8 \& r 98.5 \& 94.0 \& 100.8 \& \& <br>

\hline Privately financed，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& ${ }^{3} 74.8$ \& 55.5 \& 48.8 \& 53.1 \& 47.7 \& 68.4 \& 85.4 \& 86.2 \& 88.5 \& ＋96．4 \& 90.3 \& 93.5 \& \& <br>
\hline Units in 1 family structures ．－．－．－－－－－－－－－．－do \& 60.5 \& 45.1 \& 38.2 \& 40.4 \& 36． 4 \& 52.2 \& 66.3 \& 68.0 \& 71.3 \& 「74．7 \& 72.8 \& 75.3 \& \& <br>
\hline Units in 2 family structures．．－－－－．－．－－－－－．－do \& 33.0 \& 2.5 \& 2.3 \& 2.4 \& 2.2 \& 3.1 \& 3.7 \& 3.4 \& 3.0 \& ＋3．3 \& 3.4 \& 3.4 \& \& <br>
\hline Units in multifamily structures．．．．．．－．－．－．do \& 11.2 \& 7.9 \& 8.2 \& 10.4 \& 9.1 \& 13.2 \& 15.3 \& 14.8 \& 14.2 \& r 18.5 \& 14.1 \& 14.8 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 4.4 \& 3.2 \& 1.0 \& 1.4 \& 2.9 \& 2.7 \& 2.6 \& 5.8 \& 7.3 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 2.1}$ \& 3.7 \& 7.2 \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

y fnanced total
－Revised．${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary．
 in prior months but not reported．${ }_{3}$ Revisions for September 1957 for new dwelling units authorized（thous．）：Total， 72.2 ；privately financed， 71.0 ； 2 family structures， 2.8.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for the indicated series are available as follows：Construction activity for 1956 ，the June 1958 Construction Review，and for January－September 1957，the December 1958 issue： $d$ welling units started（1946－57），p． 19 of the November 1958 SURVEY．OIncludes data not shown separately．QData prior to December 1956 are available upon request．$\dagger$ Revised series，reflecting nationwide coverage and new techniques for compiling data on residential buildings．\＄Data for October 1057 and January，May，July，and October 1958 are for 5 weeks；
other months， 4 weeks．of Data for October and December 1957 and April，July，and September 1958 are for 5 weeks；other months， 4 weeks．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | A pril | May | June | July | August | Septernber | October | November |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department of Commerce composite..... 1947-49=100.- | 138 | 138 | 137 | 137 | 137 | 137 | 138 | 138 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 140 |  |
| Anterican Appraisal Co., The: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 672 729 | 672 730 | 672 729 7 | 673 729 | 673 732 | 674 737 | 675 <br> 737 <br> 8 | 677 737 | 680 737 | 681 737 | 683 738 | 690 756 | 691 756 | 691 756 |
| New York | 711 | 712 | 711 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 736 | 737 | 741 | 741 | 741 |
|  | 625 | 624 | 622 | 621 | 620 | 619 | 619 | 619 | 635 | 63.5 | 637 | 639 | 640 | 641 |
|  | 661 | 665 | 664 | 667 | 667 | 667 | 666 | 670 | 670 | 670 | 671 | 671 | 671 | 671 |
| Associated General Contractors (all types) .-....do. | 490 | 491 | 490 | 493 | 493 | 493 | 494 | 498 | 498 | 502 | 503 | 504 | 504 | 504 |
| E. H. Boeckh and Associates: \$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage, 20 cities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments, hoteis, and office huiddings: Brick and concrete.-.- U. S. avg, 1926-29=100.. | 290.6 | 290.7 | 291.1 | 291.5 | 291.4 | 290.7 | 291.4 | 292.2 | 294.7 | 296.1 | 296.7 | 296.9 | 298.3 | 298.8 |
| Brick and steel | 284.5 | 284.3 | 284.4 | 284.4 | 284.2 | 282.8 | 283.0 | 283.5 | 285. 8 | 286.9 | 287.7 | 288.0 | 289.6 | 290.1 |
|  | 282.3 | 282.1 | 282.3 | 282.4 | 281.5 | 280.7 | 281.1 | 281.6 | 283.4 | 284.3 | 285.5 | 285.6 | 286.7 | 287.0 |
| Commercial and factory buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete.-...-.-------------- do | 300.3 | 300.5 | 301.0 | 301.7 | 302.0 | 301.3 | 302.3 | 303.4 | 305.9 | 307.6 | 308.3 | 308.5 | 309.7 | 310.1 |
| Brick and steel-----..-------------------- do | 300.3 | 300.5 | 300.8 | 301.2 | 301.3 | 300.8 | 301.7 | 302.5 | 304.5 | 305.8 | 309.6 | 307.2 | 308.1 | 308.7 |
|  | 282.3 | 282.2 | 282.3 | 282.5 | 282.1 | 281.4 | 281.8 | 282.2 | 284.2 | 285.1 | 286.0 | 286.2 | 287.1 | 287.4 |
| Frame.------------------------------- do | 278.6 | 278.4 | 278.5 | 278.7 | 277.0 | 276, 2 | 276.8 | 277.2 | 279.5 | 280.3 | 281.8 | 281.8 | 282.7 | 282.9 |
|  | 288.2 | 288.3 | 288.4 | 288.6 | 288.7 | 288.0 | 288.5 | 289.0 | 290.7 | 291.5 | 292.1 | 293.2 | 293.8 | 294.4 |
| Residences: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 282.6 274.0 | 282.5 273.7 | 282.6 273.8 | 282.9 273.9 | 281.9 272.5 | 281.2 | 281.6 272.1 | 282.2 272.4 | 284.1 274.4 | 285.0 275.2 | 286.3 276.4 | 286.3 276.5 | 287.3 277.5 | 287.5 277.7 |
| Enginecring News-Record: ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 274.0 | 273.7 | 273.8 | 273.9 | 272.5 | 271. 7 | 272.1 | 272.4 | 274.4 | 275.2 | 276.4 | 276.5 | 277.5 | 277.7 |
| Building---------------1.-............ $1947-49=100$. | 152.8 | 152.7 | 152.8 | 152.5 | 152.6 | 152.8 | 153.4 | 154. 1 | 155.1 | 155.5 | 158.2 | 158.7 | 158.2 |  |
| Construction-------------...........-...---- do..-- | 162.8 | 162.9 | 164.1 | 164.2 | 164.3 | 164.6 | 165.9 | 167.2 | 168.3 | 168.7 | 170.7 | 171. 1 | 170.9 |  |
| Bu. of Public Roads-Highway construction: Composite, standard mile -...-.-.---......... $1946=100$. |  |  | 143.4 |  |  | 140.4 |  |  | 141.6 |  |  | 139.2 |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output index, composite, unadiusted $\mid \ldots-1947-49=100$. . Seasonally adjusted | 139.3 | 113.9 | 101.4 | 109.8 | 98.0 | 109.7 | ${ }^{*} 119.2$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 131.4$ | r 137.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 128.5$ | 138.5 |  |  |  |
|  | 149.4 | 126.7-7 | 115.3 | 115.2 | 100.7 | 116.3 | 121.9 | 139.2 | 153.3 | 122.0 | 129.3 |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products, vnadj.....------- do.---- | 130.1 | 107.8 | 95.8 | 112.7 | 102.8 | 110.5 | 11.5 .3 | +119.5 | ${ }^{r} 117.5$ | $r 118.7$ $r$ | ${ }^{r} 131.2$ | 131.8 |  |  |
| Portland cement, unadj. I- $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ REAL ESTATE | 180.2 | 149.6 | 133.9 | 110.6 | 84.6 | 106.2 | 143.6 | 175.1 | 179.9 | 178.5 | 189.5 | 189.0 | 196.5 |  |
| Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount.........thous. of dol | 232, 048 | 231, 192 | 248,540 | 306, 392 | 278, 834 | 319, 198 | 305, 559 | 311, 111 | 342, 568 | 367, 940 | 371, 405 | 479.877 | 500, 786 |  |
|  | 279,693 | 213, 029 | 176,088 | 160, 352 | 141, 697 | 123, 176 | 85, 017 | 72, 703 | 97, 505 | 126. 727 | 155, 860 | 189, 350 | 239, 396 |  |
| Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions mil. of dol | 1,131 | 1,143 | 1,265 | 906 | 790 | 696 | 815 | 803 | 929 | 901 | 939 | 1,010 | 1,083 |  |
| New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total. _mil. of dol_ | 980 | 768 | 734 | 723 | 704 | 819 | 920 | 1,019 | 1,107 | 1,180 | 1,180 | 1,215 | 1,290 |  |
| By purpose of loan: <br> Home construction do | 341 | 250 | 248 | 245 | 233 | 281 | 316 | 346 | 379 | 374 | 373 | 401 | 428 |  |
|  | 443 | 358 | 324 | 308 | 289 | 318 | 354 | 406 | 461 | 511 | 538 | 537 | 570 |  |
| All other purposes .------------------------- do | 196 | 160 | 162 | 171 | 182 | 220 | 250 | 266 | 268 | 296 | 269 | 277 | 291 |  |
| New nonfarm mortgages recorded ( $\$ 20,000$ and under), <br>  | 2,226 | 1,877 | 1,851 | 1,782 | 1,701 | 1,866 | 2,022 | 2,151 | 2,275 | 2,543 | 2. 535 | 2,596 |  |  |
|  | 3,018 | 2,852 | 2,877 | 3,276 | 2,929 | 3,477 | 3,661 | 3.507 | 3, 663 | 3, 774 | 3,518 | 3, 820 |  |  |
|  | 77, 753 | 75,321 | 91, 519 | 99, 918 | 103, 853 | 102, 722 | 99,061 | 85, 633 | 90,048 | 80, 782 | 75, 491 | 73, 303 | 73,393 |  |

## DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adjusted: |  |
| Combined index .-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. $1947-49=100$ |  |
| Business papers $\qquad$ do <br> Magazines |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Tide advertising index, unadjusted $\ldots \ldots .-1947-49=100$. |  |
| Television advertising: |  |
| Network: <br> Gross time costs, total thous. of dol |  |
|  |  |
| Automotive, including accessories....-.-..-do.- |  |
| Drugs and toiletries..- .-.....-.--------- do. |  |
| Foods, solt drinks, confectionery...........do. |  |
|  |  |
| Smoking materials |  |
|  |  |
| Spot:* |  |
| Gross time costs, quarterly total .-.-.-.-.-... do |  |
| Automotive, including accessories. $\qquad$ do Drugs and toiletrics. $\qquad$ do |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Soaps, cleansers, etc.-----------.-.-.-...- do... |  |
| All other. |  |
|  |  |
| Magazine advertising cost, t |  |
|  |  |
| Automotive, incl. nceessories ---------------- do... |  |
| Building materials $\qquad$ <br> Drugs and toiletries $\qquad$ do |  |
|  |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery ....-.........-do.-. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Industrial materials.--....--.-.-.-.-.-......... do... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| 2209 | 211 | 214 | 211 | 207 | 207 | 204 | 202 | 207 | 205 | 199 | 197 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2210 | 208 | 211 | 206 | 207 | 217 | 202 | 208 | 198 | 193 | 190 | 199 |  |  |
| 2158 | 167 | 164 | 163 | 158 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 159 | 160 | 151 | 145 |  |  |
| 2200 | 197 | 209 | 190 | 184 | 184 | 183 | 181 | 193 | 191 | 184 | 182 |  |  |
| 2150 | 172 | 155 | 151 | 161 | 163 | 160 | 155 | 160 | 176 | 163 | 150 |  |  |
| 239 | 41 | 41 | 34 | 31 | 28 | 28 | 31 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 27 |  |  |
| 2422 | 412 | 426 | 426 | 415 | 422 | 431 | 417 | 416 | 404 | 408 | 399 |  |  |
| 3238.1 | 231.0 | 184.1 | 171.1 | 189.1 | 211.5 | 219.1 | 219.1 | 203.6 | 172.6 | 163.0 | 194.1 |  |  |
| 49,268 | 47.999 | 49,742 | 49,607 | 44, 638 | 49.489 | 47, 651 | 47,918 | 43,769 | 41, 119 | 41, 509 | 42,451 |  |  |
| 4,904 | 5, 873 | 5,285 | 5,249 | 4. 720 | E, 347 | 5,158 | 5, 162 | 4,068 | 2,979 | 3,136 | 3,870 |  |  |
| 15, 184 | 13,380 | 14, 536 | 13,782 | 12,706 | 13.862 | 12,637 | 12, 103 | 11, 772 | 12,560 | 12, 274 | 11, 429 |  |  |
| 9,33i | 9, 06i4 | 9, 524 | 10, 170 | 9,263 | 10,044 | 9,576 | 9,633 | 9,093 | 9,051 | 8,877 | 9,113 |  |  |
| 5.850 | 5. 635 | 5,771 | 5. 516 | 5,099 | 5. 520 | 5,716 | 5,696 | 4,706 | 4,398 | 4,556 | 4,815 |  |  |
| 5,034 | 4.805 | 4,732 | 5,219 | 4, $3 \mathrm{t} \times 3$ | 4,97.5 | 4,795 | 4,381 | 4,808 | 4. 550 | 4,718 | 4,933 |  |  |
| 8,965 | 9,242 | 9,894 | 9,678 | 8,487 | 9,741 | 9,770 | 10,342 | 9,323 | 7,581 | 7.949 | 8,291 |  |  |
|  |  | 119,835 |  |  | 119, 062 |  |  | 130, 353 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3, 025 |  |  | 2.089 |  |  | 1,915 |  |  | 1, 438 |  |  |
|  |  | 25, 344 |  |  | 26, 367 |  |  | 26, 329 |  |  | 22,378 |  |  |
|  |  | 39, 199 |  |  | 39,609 |  |  | 39,905 |  |  | 32, 282 |  |  |
|  |  | 10, 104 |  |  | 10,630 |  |  | 14,575 |  |  | 16,015 |  |  |
|  |  | 7,726 |  |  | 8.072 |  |  | 8,918 |  |  | 8, 330 |  |  |
|  |  | 34, 437 |  |  | 32, 295 |  |  | 38, 711 |  |  | 32, 741 |  |  |
| 74,298 | 77, 104 | 55, 270 | 38,422 | 54,409 | 67, 587 | 69,727 | 66,070 | 58,303 | 39, 145 | 40,625 | 61. 224 | 71,529 |  |
| 6,096 | 4,924 | 3,760 | 2,104 | 3,215 | 5,572 | 5,424 | 5,033 | 2,859 | , 770 | 4,165 | 7. 450 | 5, 273 |  |
| 3,584 | 9,227 | 8,440 | 4,134 | 6,048 | 6,636 | 6,505 | 5,861 | 5, 201 | 3,741 | 3, 047 | 2, 742 | 6,355 |  |
| 3, 230 | 2,397 | 1,280 | 1,138 | 2,272 | 3, 276 | 3,372 | 3,894 | 3,171 | 1,625 | 1, 417 | 3,478 | 2,684 |  |
| 8, 401 | 7,968 | 5, 350 | 4,223 | 5,311 | 6,214 | 6,241 | 6, 618 | 7,231 | 5,820 | 4, 893 | 5, 826 | 7,026 |  |
| 8,282 | 7,991 | 6, 633 | 4,972 | 7,818 | 8,301 | 7,517 | 6,713 | 7,939 | 5,777 | 5,360 | 6.879 | 9,080 |  |
| 4,057 | 4. 555 | 5,839 | 1,798 | 2,517 | 3,477 | 3,475 | 3, 215 | 3,444 | 2,507 | 2. 143 | 3,166 | 4,071 |  |
| 8,456 | 7,643 | 3,973 | 1,983 | 2, 797 | 5,409 | 7, 711 | 6,540 | 4,761 | 2,378 | 2, 065 | 4, 446 | 7,099 |  |
| 5, 708 | 6, 273 | 592 | 3,082 | 4,246 | 4,542 | 4,914 | 5,042 | 4,011 | 2,686 | 2,292 | 3,916 | 3,980 |  |
| 1,084 | 719 | 375 | . 456 | 1,002 | 1, 168 | 1,226 | 1,003 | 674 | 521 | 478 | 972 | 1,652 |  |
| 2,035 | 2,051 | 2,071 | 1,276 | 1,877 | 1,860 | 2,051 | 1,786 | 2,026 | 1,610 | 1,791 | 2,561 | 2,536 |  |
| 23, 364 | 23,353 | 16,948 | 13, 255 | 17,306 | 21, 105 | 21, 290 | 20,364 | 16,985 | 11,711 | 12,973 | 19,789 | 21,771 |  |




 Burequ of Advertising. Inc. (data compied by
compiled by N. C. Porabaugl. Co., Inc.); data back to 4 th quarter 1955 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 195\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | December | $\underset{\substack{\text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- | October | Novernber |

DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febriary | March | April | May | June | Juiy | August | Septem- ber | October | Novemher |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All retail stores-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated inventories: <br> Unadjusted, total. mil. of dol_ | 24,500 | 25, 280 | 23,430 | 23,360 | 23, 980 | 24,690 | 24, 640 | 24,360 | 23, 820 | 23,500 | 23,510 | r 23, 680 | 24, 160 |  |
|  | 10,380 | 11,060 | 10,880 | 11, 010 | 11, 220 | 11, 480 | 11, 370 | 11, 270 | 10,950 | 10, 720 | 10, 430 | - 10,110 | 10, 120 |  |
|  | 14, 120 | 14,220 | 12,550 | 12, 350 | 12, 760 | 13,220 | 13,270 | 13, 090 | 12,870 | 12, 780 | 13,080 | + 13, 570 | 14, 040 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, total......-................do. | 24,220 | 24, 330 | 24, 470 | 24,400 | 24, 290 | 24, 100 | 23, 830 | 23, 880 | 24, 070 | 23, 990 | 23,860 | + 23,680 | 23,470 |  |
| Durable-goods stores $9 .$. | 10,950 | 11, 220 | 11, 420 | 11, 340 | 11, 220 | 11, 030 | 10, 770 | 10, 790 | 10, 800 | 10, 730 | 10,660 | r 10,480 | 10, 260 |  |
|  | 4,460 | 4,590 | 4,760 | 4, 820 | 4, 790 | 4,670 | 4, 480 | 4,410 | 4,370 | 4, 210 | 4,030 | r 3,790 | 3, 650 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group.------.- do | 1,950 | 1,990 | 1,990 | 1,950 | 1,930 | 1,900 | 1, 870 | 1,920 | 1,920 | 1,920 | 1,960 | 1,980 | 1,980 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group.-...--do...- | 2,100 | 2,170 | 2,210 | 2,210 | 2, 160 | 2,150 | 2,130 | 2, 160 | 2,180 | 2,220 | 2,220 | 2,260 | 2,230 |  |
| Nondurable-goods stores ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$.--------........ ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 13, 270 | 13, 110 | 13, 050 | 13, 120 | 13,070 | 13, 070 | 13, 160 | 13,090 | 13,270 | 13,260 | 13,200 | 13,200 | 13, 210 |  |
|  | 2, 700 | 2, 640 | 2,730 | 2, 820 | 2,780 | 2,720 | 2,720 | 2,700 | 2,700 | 2,750 | 2,670 | 2,700 | 2, 680 |  |
|  | 2, 840 | 2, 830 | 2, 780 | 2, 840 | 2,850 | 2,910 | 2,960 | 2,900 | 2,950 | 2,930 | 2,930 | 2,880 | 2,870 |  |
| General-merchandise group.........----- - do..- | 4, 180 | 4,150 | 4,160 | 4,090 | 4, 060 | 3,990 | 3,950 | 3,960 | 4,050 | 4,030 | 4,000 | 4,030 | 4,080 | -----...- |
| Firms with 4 or more stores: <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted), total $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 4,236 | 4,432 | 5,508 | 3,763 | 3,353 | 3,920 | 4, 051 | 4,417 | 4,073 | 4,045 | 4,277 | 4,128 | 4,533 |  |
| Firms with 11 or more stores: <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted) $\& \$$ $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 3, 604 | 3,806 | 4,722 | 3,210 | 2,864 | 3,356 | 3,476 | 3,795 | 3,473 | 3,465 | 3,697 | 3,566 | 3,907 |  |
|  | 232 | 244 | 386 | 165 | 136 | 220 | 243 | 237 | 223 | 188 | 210 | 239 | 251 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores......-........-. do...-. | 21 | 24 | 40 | 16 | 11 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 18 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 20 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores......--- do. ${ }_{\text {do }}$ | 96 | 103 | 167 | 66 | 57 | 95 | 100 | 102 | 91 | 81 | 95 | 101 | 107 |  |
|  | 64 | 66 | 101 | 52 | 43 | 65 | 82 | 75 | 72 | 61 | 67 | 78 | 72 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores......-..----...-do. | 87 | 87 | 133 | 83 | 78 | 86 | 86 | 93 | 87 | 89 | 92 | 90 | 93 |  |
| Eating and drinking places...-.---.-.-.-...- do | 74 | 71 | 74 | 67 | 62 | 69 | 69 | 74 | 74 | 77 | 80 | 74 | 76 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores...---.....do. | 41 | 42 | 44 | 34 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 42 | 38 | 38 | 39 | 41 | 47 |  |
|  | 1,136 | 1,239 | 1,903 | 830 | 716 | 942 | 1,033 | 1,096 | 1,028 | 983 | 1,106 | 1,112 | 1,216 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order $\oplus$.......d. do | 679 | -729 | 1,054 | 488 | 412 | 568 | 620 | 666 | ${ }^{6} 30$ | 578 | 1.651 | 1,669 | 1, 731 |  |
|  | 215 | 238 | 467 | 167 | 151 | 188 | 214 | 218 | 205 | 205 | 229 | 220 | 234 |  |
| Grocery stores | 1,478 | 1,579 | 1,518 | 1, 568 | 1,401 | 1,516 | 1,484 | 1,684 | 1, 462 | 1,531 | 1, 608 | 1,461 | 1,648 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers.........-. do..... | 70 | 58 | 50 | 47 | 42 | 48 | 60 | 71 | 71 | 73 | 75 | 75 | 78 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory stores......--...--..-do..-- | 68 | 67 | 93 | 54 | 50 | 56 | 68 | 81 | 80 | 81 | 79 | 69 | 76 |  |
| Estimated sales (seas, adj.), total $\%$ \& -----......-do...- | 3, 466 | 3,463 | 3,619 | 3, 557 | 3, 436 | 3,492 | 3,585 | 3,631 | 3,645 | 3, 728 | 3,771 | 3,685 | 3,695 |  |
|  | 219 | 220 | 239 | 228 | 211 | 214 | 224 | 226 | 225 | 239 | 250 | 237 | 235 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores.....---......- do. | 20 | 19 | 21 | 20 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 21 | 19 | 18 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores...-....-do | 92 | 93 | 101 | 95 | 88 | 94 | 96 | 98 | 92 | 97 | 104 | 103 | 101 |  |
|  | 64 | 67 | 71 | 74 | 68 | 65 | 70 | 68 | 68 | 70 | 74 | 70 | 72 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores.....-.....-.-....-do. | 87 | 90 | 91 | 88 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 94 | 90 | 91 | 97 | 94 | 94 |  |
| Eating and drinking places .-....-...-.-.-.-. - do. | 71 | 73 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 71 | 71 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 75 | 71 | 73 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores-----..---- do | 37 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 37 | 41 | 38 | 40 | 41 | 39 | 43 | 40 |  |
| General-merchandise group $\%$-.........--.-. do. | 1,051 | 1,043 | 1,099 | 1,077 | 992 | 1,061 | 1,094 | 1,122 | 1,117 | 1,174 | 1,201 | 1,134 | 1,134 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order $\oplus$....--do.... | 616 | ${ }_{6}^{612}$ | 645 | 622 | 577 | 635 | ${ }^{650}$ | 670 | 681 | 1, 705 | 1, 729 | 1,673 | 1,664 |  |
|  | 218 | 216 | 228 | 229 | 207 | 216 | 225 | 228 | 227 | 238 | 242 | 236 | 240 |  |
| Grocery stores | 1,472 | 1,471 | 1,500 | 1,522 | 1,521 | 1,504 | 1,540 | 1,537 | 1,551 | 1,564 | 1,557 | 1,555 | 1,570 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers..--.-...-. do.. | 59 | 58 | 61 | 60 | 57 | 57 | 60 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 66 | 64 | 67 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory stores ........------ do..-- | 67 | 68 | 69 | 69 | 67 | 66 | 68 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 75 | 73 | 74 |  |
| Department stores: <br> Accounts receivable, end of month: $0^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charge accounts | 159 | 171 | 227 | 188 | 156 | 149 | 150 | 151 | 149 | 138 | 142 | 156 | 162 |  |
|  | 336 | 346 | 385 | 381 | 367 | 362 | 346 | 342 | 340 | 336 | 333 | 337 | 340 |  |
| Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: <br> Charge accounts...............-.-.-.........-. - percent. | 48 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 44 | 49 | 46 | 48 | 47 | 48 | 47 |  |  |  |
|  | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 15 |  |
| Sales by type of payment: Cash sales....-percent of total sales.- | 43 | 44 | 45 | 44 | 44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 44 | 43 | 43 | 42 | 42 | 43 | 43 | 443 | 42 | 44 | 44 | 42 | 42 |  |
|  | 13 | 13 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |  |
| Sales, unadjusted, total U. S. $\dagger \ldots-\ldots-{ }^{\text {c- }} 1947-49=100 \ldots$ | 134 | 162 | 241 | 100 | 95 | 116 | 123 | 130 | 126 | 112 | 129 | r 137 | ${ }^{2} 141$ | p 166 |
|  | ${ }^{+} 164$ | 193 | 301 | 122 | 121 | 150 | 153 | 158 | 153 | 144 | 165 | r 160 | D173 |  |
|  | 117 | 144 | 232 | 91 | 84 | 100 | 109 | 117 | 115 | 93 | 107 | 127 | - 127 |  |
|  | 127 | 153 | 221 | 92 | 86 | 107 | 112 | 122 | 117 | 103 | 121 | 129 | - 129 |  |
|  | 125 | 159 | 233 | 97 | 90 | 108 | 113 | 120 | 115 | 107 | 124 | 129 | ${ }^{p} 129$ |  |
|  | 158 | 183 | 270 | 123 | 112 | 137 | 143 | 159 | 147 | 144 | 160 | 156 | P165 |  |
|  | 142 | 161 | 246 | 103 | 99 | 121 | 131 | 145 | 136 | 130 | 152 | 149 | p 149 | --.---- |
|  | 138 | 145 | 220 | 92 | 90 | 109 | 117 | 121 | 119 | 103 | 130 | 135 | ${ }^{p} 141$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{+127}$ | 158 | 226 | 100 | 91 | 113 | 114 | 120 | 120 | 97 | 105 | 129 | p 135 |  |
|  | 132 | 171 178 | 236 | 95 | 86 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 121 | 103 | 115 | 135 | ${ }^{\sim} 143$ |  |
|  | 148 | 178 163 | 272 | 103 | 96 | 126 | 136 | 144 | 135 | 123 | 139 | 151 | ${ }^{p} 158$ |  |
|  | 138 | 163 162 | 238 247 | 100 105 | 96 | 117 | 123 | 137 | 124 | 114 | 136 | 143 | ${ }^{\square} 144$ |  |
| San Francisco...-----...-----------1.......- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 135 | 162 | 247 | 105 | 104 | 115 | 130 | 135 | 135 | 124 | 144 | 140 | P 142 |  |
| Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U. S. $\dagger . . . . .-$--do.--- | 129 | 133 | 138 | 130 | 124 | 131 | 130 | 134 | 133 | 140 | 147 | + 135 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 135$ | ${ }^{p} 136$ |
|  | -156 | 166 | 174 | 157 | 147 | 158 | 155 | 164 | 176 | 174 | 183 | 167 | ${ }^{ \pm} 165$ |  |
|  | 116 | 318 | 128 | 116 | 111 | 114 | 114 | 117 | 115 | 129 | 137 | 119 | ${ }^{2} 125$ |  |
|  | 121 | 125 | 130 | 121 | 115 | 124 | 118 | 124 | 119 | 131 | 136 | 124 | p 122 |  |
|  | 121 | 129 | 133 | 125 | 117 | 119 | 121 | 124 | 122 | 132 | 140 | 129 | ${ }^{\sim} 126$ |  |
|  | 152 | 161 | 156 | 156 | 143 | 153 | 151 | 161 | 162 | 162 | 172 | 162 | P159 |  |
|  | 136 | 139 | 142 | 138 | 135 | 144 | 136 | 148 | 141 | 147 | 158 | 147 | ${ }^{\text {d } 143}$ |  |
|  | 119 | 125 | 132 | 126 | 121 | 132 | 120 | 126 | 123 | 129 | 137 | 126 | p 122 |  |
|  | 119 | 124 | 128 | 125 | 115 | 127 | 121 | 124 | 124 | 133 | 137 | 125 | - 128 |  |
|  | 129 | 128 | 133 | 126 | 114 | 126 | 135 | 129 | 129 | 141 | 143 | 129 | P 140 |  |
|  | 141 | 142 | 148 | 146 | 134 | 138 | 147 | 146 | 146 | 153 | 163 | 145 | P 151 |  |
|  | 126 | 135 | 141 | 132 | 125 | 134 | 130 | 136 | 133 | 139 | 151 | -144 | D 131 |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 135$ | 139 | 139 | 132 | 135 | 137 | 142 | 142 | 143 | 140 | 148 | 140 | ${ }^{2} 141$ |  |


 stores in accordance
March 1958 Surver.



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem ber |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department stores-Continued Stocks, total U. S., end of month: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted --.-..........-- -- - 1947-49=100.- | ${ }^{*} 173$ | 174 | 135 | 132 | 139 | 147 | 149 | 146 | 140 | 139 | 144 | 157 | $\bigcirc 170$ |  |
| Mail-order and store sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montgomery Ward \& Co.-.-----......thous. of dol | 106,799 309 | ${ }^{1} 1084,857$ | 1149,473 | 1 160,329 236 | ${ }^{1} 55,098$ | ${ }^{1} 71,468$ | ${ }_{1}^{192,615}$ | $189,194$ | $183,199$ | 181,387 | $\begin{array}{r} 192,465 \\ 212 \end{array}$ | 193,210 337 | 1110,006 363,667 | $\begin{array}{r} 1108,401 \\ 367.657 \end{array}$ |
|  | 329,911 | 344, 687 | 441,531 | 236, 560 | 208, 771 | 264, 740 | 303, 708 | $339,121$ | $322,188$ | 315, 358 | $343,279$ | 337, 148 | 363, 667 | 367, 657 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales, estimated (unadj), total.-.-.........bil. of dol | 12.3 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 10. 2 | 10. 7 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.9 | 12.8 |  |
| Durable-goods establishments .-............-. do | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.7 |  |
|  | 7.8 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 8.1 |  |
| Inventories, estimated (unadj.), total............ do . | 12.9 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.9 |  |
| Durable-goods establishments.--.........-.... do | 6. 6 | 6. 6 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6. 1 | 6. 1 | ${ }_{5.1} 6$ | ${ }_{6}^{6.1}$ |  |
| 入ondurable-goods establishnents............-. do...- | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.8 |  |

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

| POPULATION <br> Population, United States: Total, incl. Armed Forces overseas§̧......thousands.- | 172, 026 | 172, 281 | 172, 505 | 172, 738 | 172, 956 | 173, 153 | 173, 374 | 173, 588 | 173, 822 | 174, 064 | 174,326 | 174, 595 | 174.871 | 175, 136 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, total...............thousands | $\begin{array}{r} 120,983 \\ 71,299 \end{array}$ | 121, 109 | 121, 221 | 121, 325 | 121, 432 | 121, 555 | 121, 656 | 121, 776 | 121, 900 | r 121, 993 | 122,092 | 122,219 | 122, 361 | 122, 486 |
| Total labor force, including Armed Forces |  | 70,790 | 70,458 | 69,379 | 69, 804 | 70, 158 | 70,681 | 71,603 | 73,049 | 73, 104 | 72, 703 | 71,375 | 71.743 | 71, 112 |
| Civilian labor force, total...-................. do | 68,513 | 68,061 | 67, 770 | 66,732 | 67, 160 | 67,510 | 68,027 | 68,965 | 70, 418 | 70, 473 | 70, 067 | 68,740 | 69, 111 | 68, 485 |
|  | 66, 005 | 64, 873 | 64, 396 | 62, 238 | 61,988 | 62,311 | 62,907 | 64,061 | 64, 981 | 65. 179 | 65, 367 | 64, 629 | 65, 306 | 64, 653 |
| Agricultural employment...-.---------- do | 6.837 | 5,817 | 5,385 | 4,993 | 4,830 | 5,072 | 5,558 | 6, 272 | 6,900 | 6.718 | 6,621 | 6, 191 | 6, 404 | 5,695 |
| Nonagricultural employment...-...-.-. - do | 59, 168 | 59,057 | 59,012 | 57, 240 | 57, 158 | 57, 239 | 57,349 | 57,789 | 58,081 | 58,461 | 58,746 | 58,438 | 58,902 | 58,958 |
| Unemployed $\oplus$ - | 2,508 | 3,188 | 3,374 | 4,494 | 5,173 | 5,198 | 5,120 | 4,904 | 5,537 | 5,294 | 4, 699 | 4,111 | 3,805 | 3,833 |
| Percent of civilian labor force: Unadjusted* |  |  |  | 6.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.5 |  | 7.7 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.0 |  | 6 |
| Seasonally adjusted | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 7.2 | ${ }^{2} 6.8$ | 27.3 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 5.9 |
| Not in labor force $\oplus$-.---------------....-thousands. . | 49,684 | 50,318 | 50, 763 | 51,947 | 51,627 | 51, 397 | 50,975 | 50,173 | 48,851 | 48,889 | 49,389 | 50, 844 | 50,618 | 51,374 |
| Employees in nonagricultural establishments: $0^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) ......do. | 16, <br> 183 <br> 9,718 <br> 7,065 | $\begin{array}{r} 32,310 \\ 16,561 \\ 9,608 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,010 \\ 16,302 \\ 9,429 \end{array}$ | 15,8659,1389, | $\begin{array}{r}15,593 \\ 8,906 \\ \hline 8.9\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}49,726 \\ 15,104 \\ 8,564 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 49,94915,0238,480 | 50,413151206 | 50, 178 | $50.576$ | - 51, 237 | + 51.135 | p 51,325 $p 15997$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 15.755$ | r 15.542 | P 15, 697 |
| Durable-goods industries. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,564 | 8,496 | 8,571 | ${ }_{+}^{+8,814}$ | r 8.673 | p,911 |
| Nondurable-goods indust |  | 6,953 | 6,873 | 6,727 | 6,687 | 6,613 | 6,540 | 6,543 | 6,642 | 6,665 | 6,891 | r 6,941 | r 6,869 | ${ }^{p} 6.786$ |
| Mining, total.....-............................do | $\begin{aligned} & 802 \\ & 108 \\ & 27 \\ & 228 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 793 \\ & 106 \\ & 24 \\ & 226 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 788 \\ & 105 \\ & 226 \\ & 224 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 766 \\ 101 \\ 23 \\ 220 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 747 \\ 98 \\ 24 \\ 242 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 733 \\ 96 \\ 23 \\ 206 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 716 \\ 91 \\ 20 \\ 199 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 711 \\ 92 \\ 20 \\ 192 \end{array}$ | 7179319190 | 7059019180 | $\begin{array}{r} 708 \\ 89 \\ 18 \\ 185 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 711 \\ r 91 \\ 19 \\ 187 \end{array}$ | 707$\mathbf{r} 89$19189 | P 708$\cdot 89$ |
| Metal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bituminous coal.....................dide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 191 |
| 佰 |  | 323 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 303 | 305 | - 302 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying........do. |  | 1142,805 | r2,611 | 1062,387 | 1032,173 | 1052,316 | 1082,493 | 1102,685 | 1122,806 | 1122,882 |  | 113 +2927 | $\begin{array}{r}112 \\ \hline 2.889\end{array}$ |  |
| Contract construction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r } 2,927}$ |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities $\%$........-do | $\begin{array}{r} 4,152 \\ 1,112 \\ 103 \\ 832 \\ 767 \\ 41 \\ 577 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,114 \\ 1,077 \\ 101 \\ 832 \\ 767 \\ 40 \\ 577 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,094 \\ 1,063 \\ 101 \\ 825 \\ 765 \\ 40 \\ 577 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,985 \\ 1,014 \\ 101 \\ 790 \\ 760 \\ 40 \\ 575 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,944 \\ 990 \\ 102 \\ 783 \\ 756 \\ 39 \\ 575 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,910 \\ 966 \\ 97 \\ 780 \\ 749 \\ 39 \\ 574 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,883 \\ 952 \\ 97 \\ 770 \\ 744 \\ 39 \\ 574 \end{array}$ | 3,874 | 3,904 | 3,907 | $\begin{array}{r}3,897 \\ \\ \hline\end{array} 958$ | 3,886 | - 3.892 | ${ }^{\text {® }} 3,882$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 946 | 957 | 95895 |  |  |  |  |
| Local railways and bus lines..---..------- do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97 | 96 |  | 95 | 95 | 94 |  |
| Trucking and warehousi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 774 | 790 | 791 | 787 | +781 | 809 |  |
| Telephone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 738 | 733 | 730 | 726 | 719 | 714 |  |
| Telegraph----1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 39 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 |  |
| Gas and electr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 575 | 582 | 589 | 589 | 583 | 576 |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade..------.-.........-d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 11,387 | 11, 557 | 12,076 | 11, 140 | 10, 9488 | 10, 939 | 10,940 | 10, 961 | +11,035 | 10,984 | 11, 011 | - 11, 151 | r 11,231 | p 11,397 |
| Wholesale trade-------------------------- | $\begin{aligned} & 3,097 \\ & 8,290 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | r $\mathrm{8}, 196$ | P 3,044$p 8.353$ |
| Retail trade 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,103 \\ & 8,454 \\ & 1,582 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,972 \\ & 1,939 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,089 \\ & 1,386 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,925 \\ & 1,316 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,929 \\ & 1,332 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,958 \\ & 1,352 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,001 \\ & 1,358 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,055 \\ & 1,361 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,995 \\ & 1,337 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,017 \\ & 1,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \ulcorner 8,135 \\ \cdot 1,421 \\ 1,4 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Gencral-merchandise stores...----------- do | 1,471 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -1,474 | - 1,583 |
| Food and liquor stores....---.-.--......do | 1, 585 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,612 \\ 811 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,626 \\ 824 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,599 \\ 793 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,602 \\ 778 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,598 \\ 768 \end{array}$ | $1,592$ | $1,594$ | $1,594$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,591 \\ 755 \end{array}$ | $1,582$ | $\begin{array}{r} r \\ r \end{array}, 596$ | $\stackrel{r}{r} \begin{array}{r} 1,597 \\ r 753 \end{array}$ | - 1,615$\square$$\square$ |
| Automotive and accessories dealers-.----do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate...........do | 2, 361 |  |  | 2,344 | 2,343 | 2,348 | 2, 3 , 386 <br> , 384 | 2,370 | 2,391 | 2,410 | 2,413 | ${ }^{\times} \mathbf{2 , 3 9 2}$ | r 2,377 |  |
|  | 6, 400 | 6, 367 | 6, 318 |  |  | 6,267 |  | 6, 455 | 6,488 | 6,465 | 6,452 | ${ }^{\text {r } 6,472}$ |  <br>  <br> 6.467 <br> 478 <br>  <br> 311 |  |
|  |  | 496 | 487 | 473 | 477 | 476 | 500 | 510 | 538 | 607 | 608 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 527$ |  | م6.424 |
|  | 324 | 321 | 319 | 316 | 311 | 311 | 311 | 314 | 318 | 318 | 314 | ${ }^{+} 312$ | 311 |  |
|  | 173 | 1717,759 | 168 | ${ }^{166}$ | 163 | 165 | 169 | 172 | 173 | 167 | 163 | ${ }^{1} 167$ | 170 |  |
| Government | 7, 723 |  | 8,067 | 7,749 | 7,789 | 7,822 | 7,850 | 7,870 | 7,866 | 7,664 | 7,678 | ${ }^{\bullet} 7,943$ | +8,030 | \% 8, 072 |
| Total, seasonally adjusted....-.................-do. | 52, 015 | 51,758 | 51,516 | 51, 223 | 50,575 | 50,219 | 50, 054 | 50, 147 | 50,315 | 50,411 | 50,570 | - 50,780 | r 50,586 | - 50,773 |
| Manufacturing | 16, 604 | 16, 455 | 16, 252 | 15,965 | 15, 648 | 15, 389 | 15, 243 | 15, 202 | 15, 275 | 15, 312 | 15,330 | - 15,529 | ${ }^{*} 15,369$ | ${ }^{\square} 15,599$ |
| Durable-goods industries--.-.------------ do | 9,681 | 9,562 | 9,393 | 9,155 | 8,895 | 8,717 | 8,566 | 8, 498 | 8, 555 | 8,596 | 8 8,605 | r $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +6,801 \\ \hline 6.808\end{array}$ | r 8.637 | 8.869 |
|  | 6,923 | 6,893 | 6,859 | 6,810 | 6,753 | 6,672 | 6,677 | 6,704 | 6,719 | 6,716 | 6,725 | ${ }^{+6,728}$ | -6.732 | ${ }^{5} \mathrm{6}, 730$ |
|  | 802 | 789 | 784 | 766 | 747 | 733 | 723 | 718 | 713 | 709 | 701 | -707 | 707 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 704$ |
| Contract construction | 2,763 | 2,710 | 2,679 | 2,652 | 2,455 | 2, 573 | 2,624 | 2,698 | 2,698 | 2,693 | 2,711 | + 2,698 | - 2,700 | ${ }^{p} 2.680$ |
| Transportation and public utilities.--.-.---- do | 4, 141 | 4, 104 | 4,070 | 4, 045 | 3,990 | 3,930 | 3,890 | 3,877 | 3,888 | 3,877 | 3,867 | r 3, 858 | r 3, 882 | ${ }^{5} 3.872$ |
| Wholesale and retail trade...----------.---- do. | 11, 315 | 11, 290 | 11, 237 | 11, 305 | 11, 235 | 11, 116 | 11, 050 | 11, 087 | 11, 105 | 11,121 | 11, 175 | - 11, 151 | - 11.160 | ${ }^{n} 11.133$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate..-......-do | 2, 373 | 2, 372 | 2,365 | 2, 368 | 2,367 | 2, 360 | 2,356 | 2,370 | 2,367 | 2,363 | 2,377 | ${ }^{+} 2,392$ | r 2,389 | ${ }^{p} 2.383$ |
|  | 6,343 | 6,367 | 6,382 | $\stackrel{6}{6} 368$ | 6,367 | 6,330 | 6,352 | 6,360 | 6,392 | 6,433 | 6,420 | $\cdots \mathrm{r}, 440$ | +6,403 | ${ }^{5} 6.424$ |
| Government | 7,674 | 7,671 | 7,747 | 7,754 | 7,766 | 7,788 | 7,816 | 7,835 | 7,877 | 7,903 | 7,989 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 8,005$ | -7,976 | ${ }^{\text {\% } 7.978}$ |

 valid comparison may be made between July and May.
$\dagger$ Revised series. See corresponding note on p. S-10. $\ddagger$ See corresponding note on p. S-3. $\quad$. Includes data for industries not shown separately.
Revisions back to January 1955 are shown in the september 1958 issue of the Surver.
 prior to 1957, see note in the December 1957 Survey and earlier issues. * New series. Monthly rates, back to January 1947 , are available upon request.
 1957) are available from the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington 25, D. C.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | October | Novem- | Decem- her | January | Febrisary | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline EMPLOYMENT-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production workers in manufacturing industries: \(\ddagger\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor) .-...........thousands \& 12, 896 \& 12,694 \& 12, 449 \& 12,024
6,869 \& 11,767 \& 11,542 \& 11,310 \& 11, 245 \& 11,415
6,350 \& 11,353 \& 11, 645 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
r 11,940 \\
r
\end{array}
\] \& \[
{ }_{r}{ }_{r \in 6}^{11,728}
\] \& \\
\hline  \& 7,413
72 \& 7,322
70 \& 7,153
69 \& 6,869
68 \& 6,653
67 \& 6,502
68 \& 6,337
69 \& 6,269
68 \& 6,350
68 \& 6,270
67 \& 6,339
67 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
+6,579 \\
68
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
r 6.431 \\
r 67
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
p 6,671 \\
p 72
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Lumber and wood products (except furniture) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 67 \& \& \& \\
\hline Saw mills and planing mills thousands-.- \& \begin{tabular}{l}
590 \\
302 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}570 \\ 294 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 549
284 \& 526
272 \& 517 \& 515
208 \& 520
269 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
542 \\
280 \\
\hline 80
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{291}^{578}\) \& \({ }_{293}^{572}\) \& \({ }_{297}^{581}\) \& \(r\) \& \({ }_{297}^{593}\) \& p 574 \\
\hline Furniture and fixtures \& 319 \& 314 \& 309 \& 299 \& 295 \& 290 \& 283 \& 284 \& 287 \& 286 \& 301 \& 310 \& +313 \& ¢ 313 \\
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products........... do \& 460 \& 453 \& 440 \& 419 \& 408 \& 403 \& 402 \& 405 \& 417 \& 422 \& 430 \& - 438 \& \({ }^{+} 421\) \& p 429 \\
\hline Primary metal industries 9 ...........-.-.-do-..- \& 1, 051 \& 1,030 \& 1,006 \& 958 \& 913 \& 885 \& 849 \& 840 \& 859 \& 852 \& 864 \& r 897 \& - 900 \& \({ }^{\text {p }} 922\) \\
\hline Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills
thousands \& 522 \& 508 \& 492 \& 462 \& 440 \& 427 \& 407 \& 408 \& 425 \& 419 \& 428 \& \({ }^{+} 445\) \& 458 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous \\

\end{tabular} \& 51 \& 51 \& 51 \& 50 \& 47 \& 45 \& 44 \& 42 \& 41 \& 41 \& 41 \& 41 \& 41 \& \\
\hline Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equip.) ...--thousands.. \& 897 \& 895 \& 875 \& 840 \& 806 \& 787 \& 766 \& 756 \& 773 \& 765 \& 788 \& \({ }^{+822}\) \& 「794 \& p 820 \\
\hline Machinery (except electrical).............. do...- \& 1,204 \& 1,179 \& 1,159 \& 1,134 \& 1,109 \& 1,090 \& 1,061 \& 1,029 \& 1,014 \& 990 \& 977 \& -1,007 \& \({ }^{\ulcorner } \mathrm{P}, 007\) \& p 1,015 \\
\hline  \& +868 \& 181
1.337 \& 825 \& 1, 793 \& , 767 \& , 749 \& , 729 \& , 715 \& \% 716 \& \({ }^{712}\) \& 734 \& ¢ 762
\(\times 1100\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}+746 \\ +997 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& - \({ }^{p} 774\) \\
\hline  \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,316 \\ 586 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,337 \\ \hline 637\end{array}\) \& 1,330
649 \& 1,267
509 \& 1,207
546 \& 1,153
496 \& 1, 103 \& 1,081
446 \& 1,084 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,063 \\ 433 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 1,034
402 \& r
\(+1,100\)
\(r\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}+997 \\ +365 \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \({ }^{\text {p }} 1,166\) \\
\hline  \& 539 \& 511 \& 498 \& 490 \& 484 \& 483 \& 479 \& 468 \& 476 \& 471 \& 474 \& - 480 \& 481 \& \\
\hline Ship and boat building and repairs.-...-do. \& 127 \& 128 \& 127 \& 124 \& 125 \& 123 \& 122 \& 124 \& 124 \& 119 \& 118 \& \({ }_{-} 118\) \& 116 \& \\
\hline Railroad equipment - \& \(\begin{array}{r}55 \\ 224 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) \& 53
223 \& \(\begin{array}{r}49 \\ 220 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}48 \\ 215 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}46 \\ 211 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}45 \\ 208 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 204 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 200 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 199 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 33
196 \& 31
199 \& r
r
r

a \& 26
+207 \& <br>
\hline Miscellaneous mfg. industries.....-.-.-.-...-do \& 412 \& 400 \& 372 \& 351 \& 355 \& 354 \& 351 \& 348 \& 355 \& 346 \& 366 \& $r 380$ \& r 386 \& p 376 <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods industries.................-do \& 5,483 \& 5,372 \& 5,296 \& 5,155 \& 5,114 \& 5,040 \& 4,973 \& 4,976 \& 5,065 \& 5,083 \& 5.306 \& - 5,361 \& + 5, 297 \& -5,216 <br>
\hline Food and kindred products\% .-..-..---.-.- do. \& 1,140 \& 1,068 \& 1,027 \& 969 \& 951 \& 942 \& 949 \& 978 \& 1,039 \& 1,081 \& 1,172 \& ${ }^{r} 1,178$ \& ${ }^{+} \mathbf{1 , 1 0 9}$ \& ¢ 1, 037 <br>
\hline Meat products .----- \& 283 \& 265 \& 259 \& 248 \& 239 \& 233 \& 231 \& 239 \& 243 \& 244 \& 246 \& ${ }^{r} 249$ \& 250 \& <br>
\hline Dairy products --.-.-.-.-.-.----------- do \& 67 \& 65 \& 6.4 \& 63 \& 63 \& 64 \& 66 \& 70 \& 73 \& 73 \& 72 \& 68 \& 65 \& <br>
\hline Canning and nreserving ----------------do \& 236 \& 167 \& 149 \& 130 \& 128 \& 124 \& 137 \& 141 \& 177 \& 220 \& 307 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 312$ \& 232 \& <br>
\hline  \& 172 \& 170 \& 168 \& 165 \& 165 \& 163 \& 163 \& 164 \& 168 \& 167 \& 166 \& $\bigcirc 166$ \& 166 \& <br>
\hline  \& 118 \& 116 \& 113 \& 106 \& 105 \& 108 \& 106 \& 112 \& 120 \& 121 \& 118 \& 115 \& 116 \& <br>
\hline Tobacco manufactures..--.-....---.-......- do. \& 97 \& 88 \& 89 \& 84 \& 79 \& 74 \& 70 \& 70 \& 70 \& 70 \& 86 \& ${ }^{+} 96$ \& r93 \& p 82 <br>
\hline Textile-mill products \& 907 \& 895 \& 885 \& 861 \& 855 \& 844 \& 837 \& 831 \& 840 \& 830 \& 855 \& 860 \& 864 \& p 865 <br>
\hline Broadwoven fabric mills...----.-.......- do \& ${ }_{198}^{396}$ \& 391
194 \& 391 \& 384 \& 381 \& 377 \& 372 \& 366 \& 367
189 \& 365 \& 370 \& $\checkmark 371$ \& 371 \& <br>
\hline Knitting mills...-..........-........d. do-.-- \& 198 \& 194 \& 186 \& 177 \& 178 \& 177 \& 180 \& 183 \& 189 \& 184 \& 195 \& 196 \& 197 \& ....- <br>
\hline Apparel and other finished textile products $\begin{gathered}\text { thousands.. }\end{gathered}$ \& 1,071 \& 1,066 \& 1,055 \& 1,037 \& 1.051 \& 1,018 \& 987 \& 985 \& 994 \& 992 \& 1, 044 \& r 1,055 \& r 1, 054 \& 1,050 <br>
\hline Paper and allied products .-.-.-.-........do...- \& $1{ }^{461}$ \& 1,458 \& + 455 \& + 445 \& + 438 \& + 436 \& 434 \& 432 \& 433 \& 429 \& + 442 \& ${ }_{r}$ \& r 446 \& p 447 <br>
\hline Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills .-.-.- do -..- \& 227 \& 227 \& 227 \& 224 \& 221 \& 220 \& 220 \& 219 \& 219 \& 215 \& 223 \& r 223 \& 222 \& <br>
\hline Printing, publishing, and allied industrips
thousands.. \& 561 \& 559 \& 557 \& 549 \& 546 \& 547 \& 545 \& 540 \& 541 \& 537 \& 542 \& 548 \& 551 \& D 547 <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied products....-.......-do \& 542 \& 537 \& 533 \& 525 \& 519 \& 519 \& 519 \& 510 \& 500 \& 496 \& 504 \& + 511 \& 518 \& P 518 <br>
\hline Industrial organic chemicals................do \& 204 \& 204 \& 203 \& 200 \& 196 \& 192 \& 190 \& 188 \& 187 \& 186 \& 190 \& -191 \& 194 \& <br>
\hline Products of petroleum and coal............ do.... \& 167 \& 166 \& 163 \& 161 \& 159 \& 156 \& 157 \& 158 \& 158 \& 157 \& 157 \& 158 \& 154 \& p 153 <br>
\hline  \& 127 \& 126 \& 125 \& 125 \& 123 \& 123 \& 122 \& 122 \& 122 \& 122 \& 121 \& -120 \& 117 \& <br>
\hline  \& 210 \& 209 \& 208 \& 201 \& 191 \& 184 \& 176 \& 172 \& 176 \& 175 \& 181 \& 188 \& 193 \& p 194 <br>
\hline Tires and inner tubes...---..............do.. \& 84 \& 84 \& 84 \& 82 \& 79 \& 76 \& 72 \& 70 \& 71 \& 71 \& 73 \& $\bigcirc 74$ \& 75 \& <br>
\hline Leather and leather products..............-do. \& 327 \& 327 \& 326 \& 323 \& 326 \& 320 \& 300 \& 302 \& 314 \& 317 \& 323 \& $\stackrel{321}{ }$ \& 315 \& - 323 <br>
\hline Footwear (except rubber) .--..--.------- do.- \& 216 \& 215 \& 219 \& 221 \& 221 \& 217 \& 202 \& 205 \& 213 \& 215 \& 217 \& 213 \& 206 \& <br>
\hline Production workers in manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted: $\ddagger$ \& 12.721 \& 12,590 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 7,376 \& 7, 276 \& 7,117 \& 6,884 \& 6,642 \& 6,478 \& -6,338 \& 6,285 \& 6,344 \& 6,372 \& 6,377 \& +6.568 \& -6,394 \& ${ }^{p} 11,787$ <br>
\hline  \& 5,345 \& 5,314 \& 5,283 \& 5,234 \& 5,176 \& 5,093 \& 5,100 \& 5,130 \& 5,140 \& 5,140 \& 5,153 \& +5,157 \& 5,163 \& ¢ 5, 160 <br>
\hline Production workers in manufacturing industries: Indexes of employment: $\ddagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Unadjusted --------------------1947-49=100.- \& 104.3 \& 102.6 \& 100.6 \& 97.2 \& 95.1 \& 93.3 \& 91.4 \& 90.9 \& 92.3 \& 91.8 \& 94.1 \& -96.5 \& +94.8 \& -96. 1 <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted......................-.-.-.-do...- \& 102.8 \& 101.8 \& 100.3 \& 98.0 \& 95.5 \& 93.5 \& 92.5 \& 92.3 \& 92.8 \& 93.1 \& 93.2 \& 94.8 \& г 93.4 \& p 95.3 <br>
\hline Miscellaneous employment data: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Federal civilian employees (executive branch): |
| :--- |
| United States, continental.-............thousands.- | \& 2,128.9 \& 2, 121.0 \& \& 2,110.5 \& 2,113. 4 \& 2,114.6 \& \& 2,123.8 \& \& \& 2,164. 6 \& \& \& <br>

\hline Washington, D. C., metropolitan area....-do.--- \& 210.2 \& 209.4 \& ${ }_{1}{ }^{2} 11.7$ \& ${ }^{2} 203.9$ \& ${ }_{2}^{2}, 113.6$ \& 2, 204.5 \& 2, 204.7 \& 2 \& ${ }_{209.2}$ \& 209.8 \& 2, 208.9 \& ${ }_{2}^{206.5}$ \& 2,206.9 \& <br>
\hline Railway employees (class I railways): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,007 \& 972 \& 953 \& 913 \& 888 \& 866 \& 853 \& 850 \& 861 \& 864 \& p 870 \& ${ }^{7} 864$ \& p 867 \& 857 <br>
\hline  \& 75.5 \& 72.8 \& 71.2 \& 68.5 \& 66.7 \& 65.1 \& 64.2 \& 64.0 \& 64.8 \& 65.0 \& 65.4 \& -65.0 \& p 65.2 \& <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted.....-.-.-.....-.-.......-do.--- \& 77.1 \& 74.5 \& 72.8 \& 67.9 \& 66.8 \& 65.6 \& 65.0 \& 63.1 \& 63.4 \& 63.6 \& 64.3 \& 64.9 \& ${ }^{\circ} 66.6$ \& 65.9 <br>
\hline PAYROLLS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) $\ddagger-\ldots-\ldots$ 1947-49=100.. \& 162.6 \& 160.7 \& 157.3 \& 149.9 \& 144.9 \& 143.6 \& 139.6 \& 140.9 \& 144.9 \& 144.8 \& 150.0 \& -155.7 \& -152.2 \& D 157.2 <br>
\hline LABOR CONDITIONS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline A verage weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of Labor): $\ddagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline All manufacturing industries....-.-.-.-.-..-. ${ }^{\text {hours.- }}$ \& 39.5 \& 39.3 \& 39.4 \& 38.7 \& 38.4 \& 38.6 \& 38.3 \& 38.7 \& 39.2 \& 39.2 \& 39.6 \& 39.9 \& ${ }^{+} 39.7$ \& P 39.9 <br>
\hline  \& 2.3 \& 2.3 \& 2.0 \& 1.7 \& 1.6 \& 1.6 \& 1.5 \& 1.7 \& 1.9 \& 1.9 \& 2.3 \& 2.4 \& r 2.4 \& p2. 5 <br>
\hline  \& 39.8 \& 39.7 \& 39.7 \& 38.9 \& 38.6 \& 39.0 \& 38.8 \& 39.1 \& 39.6 \& 39.4 \& 39.8 \& 40.2 \& + 40.0 \& ${ }^{2} 40.4$ <br>
\hline  \& 2.3 \& 2.2 \& 1.9 \& 1.6 \& 1.5 \& 1.5 \& 1.4 \& 1.5 \& 1.7 \& 1.8 \& 2.1 \& 2.3 \& ז2.3 \& p 2.5 <br>
\hline Ordnance and accessories
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) \& 39.9 \& 40.0 \& 40.8 \& 41.3 \& 40.6 \& 40.7 \& 40.7 \& 40.6 \& 40.7 \& 40.7 \& 40.6 \& -41.2 \& r 41.1 \& p 40.3 <br>
\hline Lumber and wood products (except furniture) hours.- \& 40.2 \& 39.1 \& 39.0 \& 38.5 \& 38.7 \& 38.9 \& 38.8 \& 39.6 \& 40.5 \& 39.3 \& 40.7 \& r 41.3 \& \%41.1 \& \$0.4 <br>
\hline Sawmills and planing mills............-.-do...- \& 39.8 \& 38.8 \& 38.4 \& 37.9 \& 38.1 \& 38.6 \& 38.5 \& 39.7 \& 40.5 \& 39.6 \& 40.8 \& r 41.1 \& 41.0 \& - 40.4 <br>
\hline Furniture and fixtures...---.-.---.----- do- \& 40.7 \& 39.7 \& 39.9 \& 38.5 \& 38.4 \& 38.6 \& 38.0 \& 37.8 \& 38.8 \& 38.9 \& 40.5 \& +41.0 \& r 41.1 \& p 40.9 <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products .-...-.....do....- \& 40.5 \& ${ }^{40.1}$ \& 39.8 \& 39.2 \& 38.6 \& 39.1 \& 39.0 \& 39.7 \& 40.3 \& 40.0 \& 40.8 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 41.1}$ \& $\bigcirc 41.0$ \& p 41.0 <br>

\hline | Primary metal industries 9 -.......................... |
| :--- |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | \& 38.5 \& 38.2 \& 38.1 \& 37.2 \& 36.8 \& 37.1 \& 36.9 \& 37.3 \& 38.3 \& 38.4 \& 38.5 \& - 39.1 \& + 38.9 \& p 39.2 <br>

\hline Primary smelting and refining of nours-- \& 38.0 \& 37.7 \& 37.2 \& 36.4 \& 35.7 \& 36.4 \& 36.3 \& 36.7 \& 37.8 \& 38.0 \& 37.9 \& 38.7 \& 38.4 \& <br>
\hline Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals ...................................... \& 40.1 \& 40.1 \& 40.3 \& 40.1 \& 40.2 \& 40.2 \& 40.1 \& 39.9 \& 39.9 \& 39.9 \& 39.5 \& r 40.1 \& 40.2 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$r$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes Post Office employees hired for Christmas season; there were about 327,300 such employees in continental U. S. in December 1957
$\ddagger$ See note marked ơ for p. S-11. O Includes data for industries not shown. o'Formerly "Automobiles." Data not affected.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | Decem- <br> ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | Febraary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- | October | Novem- ber |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued

| LABOR CONDITIONS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A verage weekly hours per worker, etc. $\ddagger$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable-goods industries-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment)..... hours. | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 39.4 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 41.0 | r 40.8 | P 40.7 |
| Machinery (except electrical)...........-...-do.--- | 40.2 | 39.7 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.4 | r 40.0 | - 39.7 | $p 40.0$ |
|  | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 39.7 | r 40.4 | -39.9 | 刀 40.3 |
| Transportation equipment ¢ .-.-.-.-.....-do. | 39.5 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 38.8 | 38.6 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 40.0 | r 39.6 | r 39.4 | P 41.1 |
| Motor vehicles and equipmento ${ }^{7}$.-..-.-. do. | 39.2 | 41.9 | 40.1 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 38.3 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 38.8 | 39.3 | r 38.6 | 38.4 |  |
| Aircraft and parts | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.8 | - 40.8 | 40.3 |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs......do | 38.9 | 37.1 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 37.8 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.6 | r 39.2 | 39.9 |  |
| Railroad equipment.-....-...........---...-do. | 38.8 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 37.2 | 37.0 | 37.1 | 36.7 | 35.5 |  |
| Instruments and related products.........do | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.8 | - 40.3 | $\bigcirc 40.4$ | p 40.4 |
| Miscellaneous mfg. industries....-....---..... do | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 39.5 | r 40.1 | r 40.2 | $p 40.2$ |
|  | 39.0 | 38.8 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 39.4 | r 39.5 | r 39.3 | - 39.3 |
|  | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | p 2.5 |
| Food and kindred products 9. | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 41.2 | 41.4 | r 41.6 | - 40.7 | p 40.8 |
| Meat products ----------------------.- do | 40.7 | 41.1 | 40. 6 | 39.8 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 41.2 | 40.7 |  |
| Dairy products | 41.6 | 41.4 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.8 | 43.0 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.8 |  |
| Canning and preserving.-..-------.-.... ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 38.2 | 37.2 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 37.3 | 37.2 | 37.4 | 38.6 | 38.3 | 40.7 | 42.1 | +42.3 | 39.5 |  |
|  | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.3 | r 40.1 | 40.2 |  |
|  | 39.3 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 40.3 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 40.9 | r 40.1 | 40.0 |  |
| Tobacco manufactures...-----.---------- do | 38.3 | 37.4 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 37.9 | 37.1 | 38.0 | 38.7 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.6 | $r 40.1$ | - 39.1 | - 37.9 |
| Textile-mill products 9 ------------------ do | 39.1 | 38.6 | 38.9 | 37.6 | 37.8 | 37.6 | 36.6 | 37.3 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 39.7 | + 40.0 | p 40.2 |
| Broadwoven fabric mills....--------..- do | 39.5 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 37.8 | 36.7 | 37.4 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 40.4 |  |
|  | 37.8 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 35.6 | 36.2 | 36.4 | 35.2 | 36.5 | 37.5 | 37.7 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 39.0 |  |
| Apparel and other finished textile prod..... do. | 35.9 | 35.4 | 35.2 | 35.1 | 35.1 | 34.7 | 34.5 | 34.8 | 35.0 | 35.6 | 36.4 | +36.1 | r 36.0 | p 35.7 |
| Paper and allied products.-.-.-.---....-- - do...-- | 42. 4 | 41. 9 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 42.5 | r 42.7 | - 42.6 | - 42.5 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills.......-do Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 43.4 | 42.9 | 43.2 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.8 | 42.8 | 43.5 | ' 43.7 | 43.3 |  |
| Ohemicals hours-- | 38.4 | 38.0 | 38.6 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 37.6 | 37.6 | 37.6 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 37.8 | p37.8 |
| Ohemicals and allied products.-...--.-....-do.-.- | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 41.0 | - 41.0 | p 41.1 |
| Industrial organic chemjcals...----.....-- do-.-- | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.5 | - 40.9 | 40.7 |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal.---.-....--do.--- | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 40. 5 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 40.7 | r 40.1 | p 40.4 |
|  | 40.2 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 40.1 | 40.7 | 39.9 |  |
| Rubber products | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 38. 2 | 37.3 | 38.0 | 37.5 | 38.2 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 40.5 | $r 40.8$ | - 40.8 | p 10.8 |
| Tires and inner tubes --.....------------ do - | 39.1 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 36.9 | 35.1 | 37.0 | 36.1 | 37.4 | 38.1 | 38.9 | 40.7 | - 40.5 | 40.7 |  |
| Leather and leather products.----------- do | 36.8 | 36.5 | 37.4 | 37.3 | 36.8 | 36.2 | 34.1 | 35.3 | 36.6 | 37.4 | 37.3 | r 36.7 | - 37.0 | ¢ 37.1 |
| Footwear (except rubber).....------.--- do. | 36.1 | 35.7 | 36.9 | 37.2 | 36.4 | 35.5 | 32.9 | 34.4 | 36.0 | 37.2 | 36.8 | +35.9 | 36.0 |  |
| Nonmanufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40.2 | 39.0 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 38.3 | 37.9 | 37.4 | 38.1 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 39.7 | * 39.9 | 40.1 |  |
|  | 39.8 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 38.4 | 37.8 | 38.0 | 38.3 | 37.8 | ז 38.6 | 38.9 |  |
| Anthracite.-.-----------.-.------------- do. | 30.9 | 29.0 | 26.6 | 30.5 | 27.5 | 25.0 | 22.3 | 25.8 | 30.9 | 30.8 | 28.8 | ${ }^{+} 30.8$ | 30.5 |  |
| Bituminous coal $\qquad$ do...-Crude-petroleum and natural-gas prodaction: | 36.4 | 33.5 | 35.5 | 34.0 | 33.1 | 31.7 | 30.0 | 31.1 | 35.2 | 32.4 | 35.3 | r 35.4 | 35.8 |  |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-ges prodaction: <br> Petroleum and natural-gas production...hours.- | 40.5 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 40.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying...-...- do.--- | 44. 7 | 42.6 | 42.1 | 41.5 | 39.9 | 41.2 | 42.3 | 40.4 43.7 | 44.8 | 41.2 44.2 | 44. 9 | +40.9 +45.4 | 40.3 45.3 |  |
|  | 37.4 | 34.8 | 35.5 | 35.7 | 33.4 | 35.6 | 36.2 | 37.4 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 38.1 |  |
| Nonbuilding construction.---.----------- do | 40.6 | 36.6 | 38.0 | 38.3 | 35.5 | 37.6 | 38.6 | 41.1 | 40. 7 | 40.8 | 42.0 | +42.2 | 42.7 |  |
| Building construction--...-------------- do | 36.5 | 34.4 | 34.9 | 35.2 | 33.0 | 35.2 | 35.5 | 36.3 | 36.2 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 36.5 | 36.7 |  |
| Transpertation and public utilitios: Local railways and bus lines............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local railways and bus lines....-.......-.-.-. - do | 43.0 30.2 | 42.9 40.0 | 43.1 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 43.0 | 42.9 | 42.9 | - 42.4 | 42.7 |  |
|  | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 37.8 41.2 | 37.7 41.4 | 37.8 42.0 | 38.2 41.9 | 38.5 41.9 | 38.6 42.1 | 39.0 41.8 | 39.0 |  |
|  | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.8 +40.9 | 40.9 |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.9 | - 40.8 | 40.9 |  |
| Wholesale trade $\qquad$ do. Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) $\%$ | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.3 |  |
| Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) $\%$ | 37.6 | 37.5 | 38.3 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 38.2 | 38.7 |  |  |  |  |
| General-merchandise stores.-..---.-....- do.-.-- | 33.7 | 33.7 | 36.0 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 34.4 | 34.8 34.2 | 34.3 | 38.2 34.8 | 38.2 | 38.7 35.2 | +38.0 +34.5 | 37.8 34.3 |  |
| Food and liquor stores..................... do..... | 36.1 | 36. 0 | 36. 2 | 35.9 | 35.8 | 35.8 | 35.8 | 35.9 | 36.6 | 37.4 | 37.3 | 34.5 36.6 | 34.8 36.0 |  |
| Antomotive and accessories dealers...-.-do..-- | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.3 | 43.7 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.9 | 43.7 | 43.7 |  |
|  | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 40.9 | 43.7 | 43.7 |  |
|  | 39.4 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 39.0 | 38.6 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 40.0 | 49.1 | ${ }_{39} 70$ | 40.1 | 39.9 | 39.8 |  |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants....------....-- do. | 38.9 | 38.0 | 38.4 | 37.9 | 36.5 | 38.1 | 38.7 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 38.4 | 37.2 | +39.3 +38.6 | 39.4 |  |
| Industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning in month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 293 | 184 | 108 | 200 | 150 | 200 | 275 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 300 | 400 | 300 |  |
| Workers involved --------------------thousands.- | 95 | 63 | 31 | 90 | 45 | 165 | 110 | 150 | 160 | 160 | 140 | 400 | 450 |  |
| In effect during month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 | 160 | 160 | 140 | 400 | 450 |  |
| Work stoppages.................--........-number-- | 471 | 340 | 220 | 300 | 275 | 300 | 375 | 475 | 500 | 525 | 475 | 575 | 525 |  |
| Workers involved.-.-..-.-.-.-.-.--.--- thousands-- | 159 | 109 | 54 | 110 | 70 | 200 | 160 | 200 | 250 | 240 | 250 | 500 | 525 |  |
| Man-days idle during month...-------.-....do...- | 1,410 | 765 | 404 | 750 | 500 | 1,200 | 1,250 | 2,000 | 1,650 | 1, 700 | 2, 000 | 2, 500 | 5,250 |  |
| U. S. Employment Service placement netivities: <br> Nonagricultural placements ............... thousands. | 540 | 406 | 360 | 355 | 312 | 332 | 404 | 439 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment compensation, State and UCFF programs (Bureau of Employment Sectrity): \& | 540 | 406 | 360 | 355 | 312 | 332 | 404 | 439 | 456 | 459 | 489 | 545 | 514 |  |
| Initjal claims ----......................-.- thousands-- | 1,193 | 1,346 | 2.024 | 2. 285 | 1,815 | 1,795 | 1,983 | 1,538 | 1. 513 | 1. 659 | 1,251 | 1,186 |  |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly averages....-. do.... | 1, 237 | 1,513 | 2, 112 | 2.877 | 3, 163 | 3,276 | 3, 302 | 2. 984 | 2,667 | 2.511 | 2, 203 | 1,906 |  |  |
| Percent of covered employment*- | 3.0 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 6.9 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -7.9 | ${ }^{3} 7.9$ | 2.98 | -6.3 | 2.5.0 | 2, 5.2 | 1.906 +4.5 | 1.722 | 1,781 4.3 |
| Benefit payments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beneficiaries, weekty average......-...thousands-- | 1, 020 | 11,146 | 11,639 | 2, ${ }^{2}, 344$ | 2, 698 | 2,966 | 2,967 | 2,732 | 2,590 | 2, 234 | 2,044 | 1. 767 | 1,556 |  |
| Amount of payments...............-.thous. of dol.- | 131, 832 | 136,627 | 207, 110 | 313, 012 | 320, 181 | 370, 248 | 403, 845 | 363, 550 | 325,039 | 305, 638 | 255, 432 | + 231, 141 | 210, 300 |  |
| Veterans unemployment program: $\oplus$ Initial claims..........-.thousands.- | 18 | 21 | 28 | 37 | 31 | 30 | 27 | 24 | 38 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly average $\oplus$...-do.--- | 24 | 30 | 41 | 58 | 72 | 81 | 80 | 74 | 78 | 78 | 15 | 14 39 | 13 | 26 |
| Beneficiarics, weekly average...................-do...- | 28 | 32 | 46 | 66 | 82 | 96 | 96 | 87 | 89 | 92 | 65 | 48 | 30 | 26 |
| Amount of payments..................- thous. of dol.- | 3,013 | 3,104 | 4, 574 | 6,924 | 7,546 | 9,285 | 9,833 | 8,922 | 8,853 | 10,151 | 6,553 | 5,047 | 3,391 |  |

## Revised. v Preliminary,

$\ddagger$ See note marked " $\sigma$ " for p. S-11. \& Includes data for industries not shown. o"Formerly "Automobiles." Data not affected.





| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1955 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTCS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Noven- ber | Decemu- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\underset{\substack{\text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{\text { i }}$ | October | Novem ber |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued







Nin Nọ

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem. ber | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem. ber |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued


${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\ddagger$ See note marked " $\sigma$ " " for p. S-11.
TData through 1956 shown in the 1957 edition of Business STATistics are based on adjustment factors; the 1956 figures therein have since been revised to reflect calculations from overtime hours now regularly collected. Revisions for 1956 appear in the August 1957 Survey; the published estimates through 1955 are essentially comparable.
of Includes data for industries not shown separately.

T Includes data for industries not shown separately, of Formerly "Automobiles." Data not affected
§ Rates as of December 1, 1955: Common labor, $\$ 2.482$; skilled labor, $\$ 3.764$; equipment operators, $\$ 3.394$. Seattered revisions for $1952-55$ for skilled labor rates are available upon request. wage rates in 20 cities. The three types of equipment covered are tractors (including bulldozers, on $70-100 \mathrm{~h}$. p. machines), power cranes and shovels ( $3 \pm$ cubic yard), and air compressors; for rates back to January 1956, see the December 1957 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decem. ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ianu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Fehru } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | March | April | May | June | Juty | Augast | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem. } \\ \text { bicr } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FINANCE


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1957} \& \multicolumn{11}{|c|}{1958} \\
\hline \& October \& Novem－ ber \& Decem－ ber \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Janu- } \\
\& \text { ary }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Febru－ ary \& March \& April \& May \& June \& July \& August \& Septem－ ber \& October \& Novem－ ber \\
\hline \multicolumn{15}{|c|}{FINANCE－Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{15}{|l|}{CONSUMER CREDIT \(\ddagger-\) Continued （Short－and Intermediate－term）} \\
\hline \multicolumn{15}{|l|}{Total outstanding，end of month－Continued Instaliment credit，total－Continued By type of holder：} \\
\hline Financial institutions，total．－．．．．．．．．mil．of dol．－ \& r 29， 282 \& －29， 281 \& ＋29，427 \& \({ }^{\text {r 2 }} 29,171\) \& \({ }^{r} 28.907\) \& \({ }^{r} 28,646\) \& \({ }^{-} 28,724\) \& \({ }^{\tau}\) 28，703 \& \({ }^{\text {r 28，}} 774\) \& －28，917 \& － 28,983 \& ＋28，758 \& 28， 666 \& \\
\hline  \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 12,773 \\ 9,585 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& r 12,749
9,564 \& r 12,753
9.573 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { 12，} \\ 9,447 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& r
12，4，41
9， 405 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } 12,333 \\ 9,284 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& r 12,444
9.200 \& r 12,467
9,129 \& ¢ 12,520
9,105 \& r 12,606
9,121 \& \(r 12,655\)
9,083 \& r 12,607
8,891 \& 12,612
8,777 \& \\
\hline  \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text {＋} 2,387 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& － r 2，402 \& ＋ r 2，429 \& ＋ r 2，402 \& 9， 404
+2.404 \& ＋ 2.410
+ \& ＋ P ＋452 \& r
\(+2,478\) \& r 2.510 \& － r 2， 545 \& 12,68
\(+2,578\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline \\ 2,591 \\ \hline 8.891\end{array}\) \& 2， 213 \& \\
\hline Consumer finance companies．．．－－－－．－．．．．．．．－do \& 3，229 \& r 3.246 \& \({ }^{\text {r 3，}} \mathbf{1} 333\) \& \({ }^{+} 3,321\) \& ＋ 3,307
+1 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \({ }^{r} 3,292\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r 3，} 277 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) \& r 3,283 \& r \({ }^{2,292}\) \& －3， 294 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +3,280 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 3，274 \& \\
\hline  \& －1，308 \& r 1，320 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,339\) \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,337\) \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,340\) \& r 1,332 \& r 1，336 \& r 1，352 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,356\) \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,353\) \& r 1，373 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,389\) \& 1，390 \& \\
\hline Retail outlets，total．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－\({ }^{\text {do }}\) \& \({ }^{\sim} 4,202\) \& r 4， 285 \& －4，668 \& \({ }^{r} 4,542\) \& －4，371 \& \({ }^{\text {r 4，} 294}\) \& ¢ 4， 164 \& ＋4，207 \& ¢ 4.234 \& \({ }^{\text {r 4，}} 157\) \& －4， 182 \& ＋4，321 \& 4，386 \& \\
\hline  \& 1，134 \& 1， 199 \& 1，393 \& 1，381 \& 1．326 \& 1，343 \& 1，241 \& 1，278 \& 1，310 \& 1，241 \& 1，251 \& \(r\)
\(+1,393\) \& 1，426 \& \\
\hline  \& T 1.131 \& r 1， 148 \& \({ }^{r} 1,210\) \& r 1,170 \& r 1， 140 \& ＋1，103 \& －1，091 \& r 1，092 \& ＋1，093 \& \({ }^{\sim} 1,093\) \& －1，110 \& －1， 110 \& 1，126 \& \\
\hline  \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \hline 1848 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(r\)
\(r\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline\end{array} 17888\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 471 \\ +1,520 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{r} 
r \\
\hline \\
+1444
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}+455 \\ \hline 1,393\end{array}\) \& \(r\)

$+1,350$

+ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& +444
$+1,387$ \& $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ r \\ 1,343 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $r$
$r$
$r$
1 4881 \& $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ r \\ \hline\end{array} 38385$ \& 1，427 \& <br>
\hline Noninstallment credit，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do． \& －9，678 \& ${ }^{\tau} 9,872$ \& ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ 10，679 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 10,191$ \& ¢9， 739 \& г 9， 560 \& ${ }^{\text {r 9，}} 729$ \& \％10，075 \& ${ }^{r} 10,071$ \& r 9,849 \& ${ }^{\text {r 9，963 }}$ \& ＋10，065 \& 10，112 \& <br>
\hline Single－payment loans．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．－．－．．．．．．．．．do \& ＋ 3,275 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3.325$ \& ${ }^{+} 3.365$ \& ＋ 3,386 \& r 3.404 \& ז 3.397 \& ＋3，352 \& ＋3，476 \& － 3,482 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3.373$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 3，}} 3.45$ \& r 3.495 \& 3，414 \& <br>
\hline  \& \％4， 044 \& $\begin{array}{r}+4.147 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 4，} \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& r 4.290
$r$ \& r 3.754
$r$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 3 3，}} \mathbf{5 7 9}$ \& ＋3，772 \& ${ }^{+} 4.010$ \& －4．012 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3，}} 3.927$ \& ＋3，956 \& r 4， 033 \& 4， 191 \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 359$ \& r 2， 400 \& r 2， 485 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 2,515}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 2,581}$ \& －2， 584 \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 605$ \& 「2． 589 \& ＋2．577 \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 549$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 2.554}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 537$ \& 2， 507 \& <br>
\hline By type of holder：
Financial institu \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3$ 3，275 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,325$ \& － 3,365 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3 3 }} 386$ \& r 3， 404 \& － 3,397 \& ${ }^{+} 3,352$ \& － 3.476 \& ＋3，482 \& － 3,373 \& r 3.453 \& ${ }^{\tau} 3,495$ \& 3，414 \& <br>
\hline  \& r 4， 044 \& $r$ r 4,147 \& ＋4， 829 \& r 4， 290 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3，}} \mathbf{7 5 4}$ \& r 3,579 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text {＋} \\ + \\ \text { 3，} 72 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ＋4，010 \& －4， 012 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3，}}$ ， 927 \& ${ }^{+} 3.956$ \& － 4,033 \& 4，191 \& <br>
\hline  \& r2，359 \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 400$ \& －2．485 \& r 2， 515 \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 581$ \& ז2，584 \& ${ }^{+} \mathrm{2}, 605$ \& r 2， 589 \& －2，577 \& $+2,549$ \& ＋ 2,554 \& ${ }^{\text {r 2，}} 537$ \& 2，507 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{15}{|l|}{Installment eredit extended and repaid： Cnadjustert：} <br>
\hline  \& r 3，
+14
+1.393 \& ＋ 3,428
+1 \& r 4，
$r$ \& r
$r$ \& $\ulcorner$
$\times 2.742$ \& r 3.156
+1094 \& $+3,335$
+1 \& ז 3,371
+196 \& r 3，4，
$r$
$r$
$r$ \& $+3,483$
-1.281 \& $\stackrel{+3,385}{\sim}$ \& r 3，
$r$
$r$ \& 3,475 \& <br>
\hline  \& $+1,393$
$r 978$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ r \\ \text { r } \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& r
$+1,298$
$r$
r
1，35 \&  \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 1,014 \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $+1,094$
$+\quad 901$ \& $+31,211$
+886
$r$ \& r 1,199
$r$
1， 000 \& 1.47
+1.257
$r$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text {＋} 1,281 \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ \&  \& r 1.105
+993 \& 1，173
1,075 \& <br>
\hline All other．．．－．－－－ \& －1，176 \& r 1， 183 \& r 1，445 \& ${ }^{r} 1,118$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,014$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 1，} 161}$ \& ${ }^{r} \mathrm{r}, 248$ \& r 1， 172 \& r 1，247 \& ¢ 1，246 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,216$ \& r 1.199 \& 1，227 \& <br>
\hline  \& 3，456 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3 3，346 }}$ \& － 3.559 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3 3，470 }}$ \& ${ }_{r} 3,177$ \& r 3.494 \& r
+1387 \& r 3.349
$r$ \& r 3.379
$r 1$ \& ${ }^{r} 3.417$ \& $+3,294$
+1 \& ${ }^{r} 3.383$ \& 3，502 \& <br>
\hline  \& ＋1，376 \& r 1，277 \& r 1，342 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.350$ \& ＋1．219 \& r 1，331 \& r 1，313 \& r 1.277 \& r 1.280 \& r 1，304 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,246$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 1,287}$ \& 1，341 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer－goo \& ＋ 969 \& $r 954$
+1.115 \& ${ }^{r} 948$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 991 \\ 1 \\ \hline 129\end{array}$ \& ${ }^{T} 932$ \& －999 \& r 931 \& 966 \& r 941 \& $r 949$ \& r 919 \& 935 \& 974 \& <br>
\hline All other \& ${ }^{\text {r 1，} 111}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,115$ \& r 1，269 \& 1． 129 \& 1，026 \& ${ }^{r}$ 1， 164 \& ${ }^{r} 1,143$ \& ＋1，106 \& ${ }^{\text {r 1，}} 158$ \& ${ }^{r} 1,164$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,129$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,161$ \& 1，185 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{15}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline  \& －3．633 \& ${ }^{+} 3.553$ \& ${ }^{r} 3.635$ \& ${ }^{r} 3.481$ \& 「3． 221 \& r 3， 184 \& 「3．262 \& ${ }^{r} 3.243$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& r 3，330 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3.415$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3.324$ \& 3，459 \& <br>
\hline  \& $r 913$
$+1,916$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ +1,211 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}r 980 \\ \times 1,248 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $r 933$
$+1,217$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times 1,154 \\ \hline 1.154\end{array}$ \& $r 978$
$+1,139$ \& r
$\times 1.16$
+1.195 \& r
$\times 1,986$
$r$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times 1,961 \\ \hline 1,197\end{array}$ \& r
$\times 1,261$
$\times 1,210$ \& 1,013
$r$
1， 254 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +1,299 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1998
1,247 \& <br>
\hline  \& －3．369 \& ${ }^{+} 3,393$ \& $\begin{array}{r} \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ＋3，415 \& ＋3．389 \& ＋3，384 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 3.393$ \& － 3.339 \& ＋3，393 \& r 3.367 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3，}} 104$ \& ＋3．377 \& 3，419 \& <br>
\hline  \& r 1.312 \& ${ }^{+} 1.281$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,359$ \& r 1,357 \& ＋1，312 \& r 1.294 \& r 1.328 \& r 1，285 \& r 1.279 \& ＋1．278 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.277$ \& －1．247 \& 1，282 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer goods paper－－．－－－．－．．．．．．．do \& ＋958 \& ${ }^{1} 980$ \& ${ }^{7} 980$ \& r 929 \& ז 960 \& r 964 \& r 920 \& 941 \& ז 962 \& r 948 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 948$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 950$ \& 964 \& <br>
\hline All other．－．．．－－．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－do \& r 1，099 \& ${ }^{\text {r 1，}} 132$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,157$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,129$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 1，} 117}$ \& r 1， 126 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,145$ \& r 1，113 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.152$ \& ${ }^{r} 1,141$ \& r 1，179 \& ¢ 1，180 \& 1，173 \& <br>
\hline FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| Budget receipts and expenditures： |
| :--- |
|  Receipts，net |
| do． |} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& 3，796 \& 5，845 \& 6，611 \& 5，243 \& 7． 756 \& 11， 182 \& 6． 039 \& 7.334 \& ${ }^{p} 11.905$ \& 3， 624 \& 6． 280 \& 8，119 \& 3，446 \& <br>
\hline \& 3,131
76 \& $\begin{array}{r}4,827 \\ \hline 67\end{array}$ \& 5,956
63 \& 4,786
69 \& 6． 299 \& 9,501
69 \& 3,496
68 \& 4,925

63 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
p 10,751 \\
p 66
\end{array}
$$ \& 2，945 \& 4,838

67 \& 7， 208 \& 2,769
82 \& <br>
\hline Individual income taxes．－．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 1，537 \& 3，512 \& 2， 477 \& 3，034 \& 4， 741 \& 2，658 \& 3，584 \& 4，253 \& p 3，665 \& 1，453 \& 3． 599 \& 3，909 \& 1，387 \& <br>
\hline Corporation income and profits taxes．．．．．．．－do \& 429 \& 367 \& 2，277 \& 486 \& 406 \& 6，538 \& 476 \& 449 \& 25，906 \& 479 \& 316 \& 2， 267 \& 374 \& <br>
\hline Employment taxes ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．－do \& 363 \& 740 \& 432 \& 385 \& 1．302 \& $6 \times 0$ \& 722 \& 1，293 \& n 818 \& 355 \& 1，105 \& 549 \& 386 \& <br>
\hline Other internal revenue and receipts．．．－．－．－．－do． \& 1，391 \& 1，158 \& 1，363 \& 1，270 \& 1，249 \& 1． 237 \& 1，189 \& 1，276 \& ${ }^{2}$ 1，451 \& 1，265 \& 1，193 \& 1，320 \& 1，217 \& <br>
\hline  \& 6，501 \& 5，806 \& 5，809 \& 6，011 \& 5，528 \& 5，749 \& 6，122 \& 5，846 \& p 6.581 \& 6.613 \& 6， 198 \& 6，6．33 \& 7， 144 \& <br>
\hline  \& 641 \& 636 \& 674 \& 693 \& 606 \& 616 \& 613 \& 595 \& － 619 \& 642 \& 574 \& 578 \& 600 \& <br>
\hline Veterans＇services and benefits．．．－－－－．－．－．－do \& 421 \& 432 \& 426 \& 433 \& 429 \& 432 \& 465 \& 436 \& D 431 \& 431 \& 404 \& 410 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 3，700 \& 3，506 \& 3．752 \& 3，765 \& 3.590 \& 3．672 \& 3， 730 \& 3，712 \& ${ }^{\text {p }} 4,335$ \& 3．819 \& 3，675 \& 3，934 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1，739 \& 1，231 \& 958 \& 1． 120 \& 903 \& 1，029 \& 1，313 \& 1，102 \& －1，196 \& 1，721 \& 1，545 \& 1，712 \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{15}{|l|}{Public debt and guaranteed obligations：} <br>
\hline Gross debt（direct），end of month，total．．．．．．－do． \& 274，067 \& 274， 747 \& 274， 898 \& 274， 555 \& 274，679 \& 272， 624 \& 275， 057 \& 275， 653 \& 276， 343 \& 275． 466 \& 278.476 \& 276， 666 \& 280， 211 \& 283， 060 <br>
\hline Interest bearing，total．－．．．－－－－－．－－－－．－．－－－－do \& 272， 406 \& 273.132 \& 272， 874 \& 272，777 \& 272，959 \& 270，948 \& 273， 447 \& 274， 030 \& 274，698 \& 273，910 \& 276．951 \& 275， 004 \& 278，561 \& 281， 425 <br>
\hline  \& 226，338 \& 227，146 \& 227． 075 \& 227， 307 \& 227，000 \& 225， 137 \& 228， 004 \& 227， 915 \& 228.452 \& 228，033 \& 230． 638 \& 229.008 \& 233， 194 \& 236． 313 <br>
\hline  \& 46， 068 \& 45，986 \& 45， 799 \& 45， 470 \& 45， 959 \& 45.810 \& 45， 443 \& 46， 115 \& 46， 246 \& 45， 875 \& 46， 313 \& 45， 996 \& 45， 367 \& 45， 112 <br>
\hline Noninterest hearing－－．－．do \& 1，661 \& 1，615 \& 2， 024 \& 1，777 \& 1，720 \& 1，136 \& 1，610 \& 1，622 \& 1， 646 \& 1，556 \& 1．525 \& 1，661 \& 1，650 \& 1，635 <br>

\hline | Obligations guaranteed by U．S．Government，end |
| :--- |
|  | \& 103 \& 104 \& 104 \& 101 \& 103 \& 104 \& 94 \& 97 \& 101 \& 102 \& 108 \& 118 \& 112 \& 107 <br>

\hline U．S．Sarings bonds： \& 53，799 \& 53.533 \& 53， 209 \& 52．846 \& 52，754 \& 52，663 \& 52，550 \& 52，462 \& 52，349 \& 52， 263 \& 52， 193 \& 52， 118 \& 52，031 \& 51，971 <br>
\hline Sales，series E through K \％－．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 337 \& 334 \& 368 \& 510 \& 52， 407 \& 52， 418 \& 52，398 \& ${ }^{52}, 38$ \& －376 \& － 418 \& \& \& \& ， 324 <br>
\hline Redemptions．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－do \& 729 \& 694 \& 813 \& 998 \& 590 \& 600 \& 605 \& 551 \& 610 \& 626 \& 534 \& 523 \& 551 \& 481 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{15}{|l|}{Federal business－type activities，end of quarter：$d^{7}$} <br>
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Loans receivable，total（less reserves）－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．}} \& \& 171,139
22,395 \& \& \& ${ }^{1} 72,242$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 22,395
6,688 \& \& \& 23， 147 \& －－－1． \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{| To aid agriculture． do |
| :--- |
| To aid homeowners $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do |} \& \& 6,688

4,769 \& \& \& ${ }^{7}$ 7． 6017 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{To aid homeowner} \& \& 4， 769
8,754 \& \& \& 4.917
8.965 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Forcign loans}} \& \& 8，754 \& \& \& 8， 965
2.013 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 2.013 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Commodities，supplies，and materials．．．．．．．do} \& \& 21，628 \& \& \& 21， 206 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{U．S．Government securities．．．．－．．．．．．．－．．．．．．－do} \& \& 3， 804 \& \& \& 4， 523 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Other securities and investments．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do}} \& \& 3，718 \& \& \& 3.753 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 9，962 \& \& \& 10， 020 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 9，632 \& \& \& 9，594 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{| Liabilities，except interagency，total＿．．．－．．．．．．．．．．do |
| :--- |
| Bonds，notes，and debentures．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do |
| Other liabilities ．．．．．．－－－－－－－－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． |
| Private proprictary interest． $\qquad$ do |
| U．S．Government proprietary interest．．．．．．．．．．．do． |} \& \& \& 17，627 \& \& \& 18，270 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& \& \& 4，710 \& \& \& 4，798 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 2，916 \& \& \& 3，472 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 11,121
162,391 \& \& \& 11.183
162,789 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$r$
Revised．
tSee corresponding note on p．S－16．
 reporting or adjustments on discontinued series（ $F, G, J, K$ ）．
$\sigma^{2}$ Figures are not directly comparable from quarter to quarter，since activities covered vary．Data reflect the condition of activities（public－enterprise and intragovernmental funds．cer－ tain other activities of the U．S．Government，and certain deposit and trust revolving funds）reporting to the Treasury under Department Circular No． 966 ；excluded from the data are activities reported other than quarterly．Interagency items are excluded except in the case of trust revolving funds．

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November |

## FINANCE-Continued

| LIFE INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Institute of Life Insurance: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mil. of dol.- | 100,446 | 100, 840 | 101, 309 | 101,961 | 102, 310 | 102,711 | 103, 058 | 103,508 | 104,008 | 104, 578 | 105,054 | 105, 493 | 106, 053 |  |
| Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign, total $m$ mil. of dol. | 51, 170 | 51,303 | 51,428 | 51,885 | 52,022 | 52, 154 | 52,407 | 52, 545 | 52,804 | 53, 202 | 53, 444 | 53,638 | 53,988 |  |
| U. S. Government .......-.-.-.-...........-do.... | 7,301 | 7,209 | 7,028 | 7,199 | 7,214 | 7,095 | 7,106 | 7,036 | 7,083 | 7,258 | 7,300 | 7.307 | 7,319 |  |
| State, county, mumicipal (U) | 2,357 | 2,367 | 2,377 | 2, 428 | 2,438 | 2,461 | 2, 474 | 2,502 | 2,537 | 2,561 | 2,597 | 2.616 | 2,641 |  |
|  | 14,557 | 14,612 | 14,663 | 14,706 | 14,728 | 14,782 | 14,819 | 14,830 | 14, 895 | 14, 962 | 15,012 | 15,085 | 15, 170 |  |
|  | 3, 855 | 3,856 20 | 3, 857 | 3,852 20 | $\begin{array}{r}3,852 \\ 20 \\ \hline 877\end{array}$ | 3,851 | 3,849 218 | 3,848 | 3,843 | 3,835 | 3, 839 | 3, 835 | 3, 829 |  |
| Industrial and miscellaneous (U. S.) .-....-do. | 20, 241 | 20,388 | 20,620 | 20, 802 | 20,877 | 21,028 | 21, 195 | 21,308 | 21,400 | 21,523 | 21,606 | 21,700 | 21,931 |  |
| Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred (U. S.) -........................dil. of do... | 3,113 1,631 1,681 | 3,042 1,628 | 3,013 1,627 | 3,013 <br> 1,623 | 3, 023 | 3,098 | 3,105 1,640 | 3,118 1,641 | 3,159 1,654 | 3,159 1,659 | 3,151 1,658 | 3,191 1,657 | 3,187 1,654 |  |
|  | 1, 379 | 1,391 | 1,366 | 1,371 | 1,378 | 1,439 | 1, 442 | 1,453 | 1,482 | 1,477 | 1,469 | 1,508 | 1,504 |  |
|  | 34, 902 | 35,034 | 35, 271 | 35, 462 | 35,587 | 35, 327 | 35, 840 | 35,956 | 36,060 | 36. 183 | 36,323 | 36,462 | 36, 648 |  |
| Nonfarm..---.-............................... do | 32,323 | 32, 449 | 32,686 | 32, 873 | 32,990 | 33,117 | 33,213 | 33, 316 | 33,409 | 33,519 | 33,645 | 33.766 | 33, 955 |  |
| Real estate ...-........................-.-.-.-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 3,072 | 3,098 | 3. 120 | 3,143 | 3,168 | 3, 191 | 3. 222 | 3, 241 | 3,280 | 3,303 | 3,355 | 3.368 | 3,388 |  |
| Policy loans and premium notes ..---......- do | 3,807 | 3,839 | 3,872 | 3,905 | 3,938 | 3.975 | 4, 011 | 4,038 | 4,067 | 4,091 | 4,114 | 4,138 | 4,162 |  |
|  | 1, 134 | 1,156 | 1,294 | 1,201 | 1,150 | 1,170 | 1,153 | 1,227 | 1,207 | 1,227 | 1,210 | 1,209 | 1,190 |  |
| Life Insurance Agency Management A ssociation:Insurance written (new paid-for insurance) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value, estimated total.---------------mil. of dol.- | 6, 126 | 5.221 | 6, 837 | 5,513 | 4,959 | 5. 784 | 5,565 | 5,462 | 5,162 | 5,196 | 5,086 | 5,056 | 5,504 |  |
| Group and wholesale------------------ - | 1,538 | 848 | 2,137 | 1,595 | 979 | 1. 336 | 1, 024 | 999 | 780 | 633 | 869 | 666 | 759 |  |
|  | 567 | $\begin{array}{r}509 \\ 3,864 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}492 \\ 4,208 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 464 3,454 | 496 3,484 | 550 3.898 | $\begin{array}{r}544 \\ 3.997 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 595 3,868 | $\begin{array}{r}559 \\ 3,823 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}530 \\ 4,033 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 548 3.669 | 557 3,833 | 579 |  |
|  | 4, 021 | 3, 864 | 4,208 | 3,454 | 3,484 |  |  | 3, 868 | 3,823 |  | 3,669 | 3,833 | 4, 166 |  |
| New England.-.--------------.-.-....- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 244 | 246 | 292 | 249 | 254 | 272 | 274 | 274 | 257 | 267 | 234 | 241 | 273 |  |
|  | 977 <br> 826 | 979 796 | 957 861 | 839 <br> 688 <br> 8 | 820 676 | 923 | 956 776 | 924 | 889 746 | 949 799 | 820 | 842 774 | 963 <br> 842 |  |
|  | 8 | ${ }_{292}$ | 861 <br> 327 | 688 273 | ${ }_{286}$ | 309 | 308 | ${ }_{320}$ | 305 | 739 | ${ }_{303}$ | ${ }_{316}$ | 8428 |  |
|  | 477 | 455 | 481 | 398 | 404 | 461 | 486 | 476 | 498 | 495 | 467 | 493 | 520 |  |
|  | 165 | 157 | 169 | 137 | 147 | 167 | 174 | 167 | 171 | 166 | 164 | 181 | 186 |  |
| West South Central.-.-.-.-----.........do | 364 | 331 | 384 | 321 | 333 | 362 | 379 | 361 | 370 | 381 | 355 | 382 | 386 |  |
|  | 154 | 146 | 175 | 127 | 134 | 148 | 158 | 155 | 149 | 166 | 150 | 153 | 179 |  |
|  | 455 | 421 | 518 | 388 | 403 | 451 | 452 | 439 | 439 | 476 | 439 | 452 | 490 |  |
| Institute of Life Insurance: <br> Payments to policyholders and bencficiariss, esti- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payments to policyholders and benefictari's. estimated total $\qquad$ mil. of dol. | 587.1 | 525.2 | 681.2 | 652.5 | 567.9 | 641.5 | 624.2 | 584.6 | 579.2 | 590.0 | 537.0 | 577.8 | 594.0 |  |
|  | 248.8 | 222.4 | 255.4 | 258.1 | 239.7 | 262.7 | 259.2 | 233.5 | 229.7 | 246.8 | 222.6 | 233.1 | 244.4 |  |
|  | 64.0 | 57.8 | 67.2 | 67.7 | 58.2 | 61.2 | 60.7 | 58.8 | 58.7 | 55.3 | 50.9 | 57.4 | 60.4 |  |
|  | 10.2 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 11.4 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 9.7 | 10.4 | 10.2 |  |
|  | 47.6 | 44.8 | 40.3 | 67.1 | 48.7 | 49.9 | 49.4 | 48.7 | 49.4 | 50.4 | 48.5 | 47.6 | 53.6 |  |
|  | 118.3 98.2 | 101.7 89 89 | 119.1 190.4 | 119.3 128.9 | 111.2 | 126.6 | 132.7 | 123.1 | 115.8 | 120.6 | 108.3 | 119.0 | 120.2 |  |
| ife Insurance Association of A merica |  | 89.3 | 190.4 | 128.9 | 100.3 | 131.1 | 111.6 | 110.0 | 115.5 | 106.7 | 97.0 | 110.3 | 105.2 |  |
| Premium income ( 39 cos.), quarterly total .-.- do. |  |  | 2,839. 3 |  |  | 2,669.9 |  |  | 2,557.2 |  |  | 2,604.2 |  |  |
| A ccident and health...-...-------.-------.- do. |  |  | 474.9 |  |  | 441.1 |  |  | 439.0 |  |  | 451.7 |  |  |
| Annuities |  |  | 365.6 |  |  | 344.0 |  |  | 275.9 |  |  | 284.1 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 297.4 |  |  | 312.3 |  |  | 291.9 |  |  | 313.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 254.3 |  |  | 232.9 |  |  | 197.9 |  |  | 192.6 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,447.1 |  |  | 1.339.5 |  |  | 1,352. 5 |  |  | 1.362.1 |  |  |
| MONETARY STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold and silver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold: Monetary stock, U. S. (end of mo.)....mil. of dol.. | 22,691 | 22.763 | 22.781 | 22.784 | 22. 686 | 22,394 | 21,996 | 21.594 | 21,356 | 21.210 | 21,011 | 20,874 | 20.690 |  |
|  | 36.9 | -31.2 | 2.0 | $-37.3$ | -167.6 | $-252.0$ | $-471.5$ | $-3.55 .2$ | -285.0 | $-164.3$ | $-196.7$ | $-220.2$ | -189.0 |  |
|  | 172 | 206 | 140 |  | 2.278 | 228 | 62 | 250 | -9,366 | - 9,328 | 88 | 8,706 | 68 |  |
|  | 42,956 | 42,074 | 18,978 | 45. 588 | 41, 149 | 6. 206 | 26,097 | 18, 177 | 12,799 | 27,373 | 3,829 | 79, 914 | 5,425 |  |
| Production, reported monthly total $9 . . . . .$. do | 83, 500 | 79,000 | 78,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 56, 000 | 54, 800 | 53,900 | 55, 000 | 52. 400 | 55. 100 | 55,500 | 56,600 13300 | - 56,100 | 57,300 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 13,900 | 13. 100 | 12,900 | 13. 200 | 12, 500 | 13, 700 | 13, 400 | 13, 300 | 13, 400 | 13, 200 | 12, 800 | 13, 100 |  |  |
| Silver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,786 | 33,226 | 26,963 | 16,934 | 25.609 | 24, 413 | 12,322 | 4, 507 | 8,329 | 4,493 | 4,882 | 5,980 | 10,776 |  |
| Price at New York | . 906 | . 904 | . 898 | . 894 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . 887 | . 900 | 901 |
| Production:$\begin{gathered}\text { Canada }\end{gathered}$ ( |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4, 719 | 4, 218 | 3. 142 | 4. 062 | 4,583 | 3,217 | 3,913 | 4,070 | 4, 151 | 3,919 | 3,930 | 2,85 |  |  |
|  | 3, 334 | 2,731 | 3, 029 | 3, 520 | 3. 589 | 2,465 | 3. 123 | 2,597 | 3,243 | 2,127 | 2,651 | 2,614 | 3,831 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits and currency, total Foreign hanks deposits, net | 231,100 3,300 | 331,000 3,200 | 2316,372 3,270 5, | 231,800 3.300 | 232,500 3,700 | 235,500 3,900 | 239,200 4.000 | 238,900 4,000 | +244, $\mathbf{r 3 1 , 9 5 3}$ | P 241,900 $p$ P 0000 | p 243,400 <br> $p 3,900$ | p 242,700 $>3800$ | P $24.3,900$ $\square$ $\square$ |  |
| U. S. Government balances | 4,800 | 4,500 | 5,421 | 3,700 | 4,900 | 7, 100 | 6,700 | 6,800 | - 10,695 | ${ }^{\text {p } 5,600}$ | p 7,000 | ${ }^{\text {P 5, }} 700$ | ${ }^{\text {F } 4.900}$ |  |
| Deposits (adjusted) and currency, totald .-.-do.... | 223,000 | 223,300 | 227,681 | 224, 800 | 223,900 | 224.500 | 228, 400 | 228, 100 | -229,483 | p 232,400 | P232,500 | จ233,300 | ${ }^{*} 236,200$ |  |
| Demand deposits, adjusted | 107, 200 | 107, 200 | 110, 254 | 107, 600 | 105. 600 | 104, 600 | 107, 200 | 105, 800 | -106, 169 | p 108,100 | p107,500 | ${ }^{p} 108,100$ | ${ }^{p} 110,800$ |  |
| Time deposits, adjustedy-...-.-.----------- do- |  | 87, 600 | 89, 126 | ${ }^{89}, 800$ | 90. 900 | 92, 500 | 93, 600 | 94, 600 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 955,524$ | ${ }^{\text {p } 96,500}$ | P97,000 | D 97, 200 | ェ 97, 500 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City_-.---.--ratio of debits to deposits.- | 49.9 | 51.2 | 58.9 | 54.6 | 55.4 | 56.2 | 56.6 | 51.2 | 65. 7 | 54.8 | 46.4 | 49.4 | 50.1 |  |
|  | 29.6 | 31.5 23.5 | 32.2 | 30.0 23.3 | 30.1 22.8 | 31.3 22.2 | ${ }_{22.1}$ | ${ }_{22.0}^{28.2}$ | 31.4 23.8 | 29.6 22.9 | 27.4 | +30.3 +23.6 | ${ }^{p} 30.0$ |  |

## , Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary

$\ddagger$ Revisions for assets of all life insurance companies for January-July 1956 and 1957 will be shown later; data beginning 1957 not comparable with earlier data. Revisions for insurance written for 1956 are shown in the July 1957 SURVEY.
$\oplus$ Data for 1956 -A pril 1958 include revisions not distributed by areas; revised area data for 1956 are available upon request.
§Or increase in earmarked gold ( - ).
oIncludes data for the following countries not shown separately: Mexico (through October 1957 only); Colombia; Chile; Nicaragua; Australia, and India. Revisions for $1950-56$ and JanuaryJuly 1957 will be shown later.

FThe term "adjusted" denotes exclusion of interbank and U. S. Government deposits; for demand deposits, also exclusion of cash items reported as in process of collection.
O'Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novear- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FINANCE-Continued

| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3, 261 |  |  | 2, 220 |  |  | 2, 273 |  |  | 3,319 319 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 50 |  |  | 13 |  |  | 40 |  |  | 77 |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and allied products................. do...- |  |  | 114 |  |  | 101 |  |  | 21 |  |  | 74 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products....-.-..........-- |  |  | 424 |  |  | 341 |  |  | 392 |  |  | 426 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 747 |  |  | 533 |  |  | 503 |  |  | 648 |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products...-..........-do. |  |  | 153 |  |  | 51 |  |  | 145 |  |  | 199 |  |  |
| Primary nonferrous metal............--..---- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  | 104 |  |  | 84 |  |  | 69 |  |  | 85 |  |  |
| Primary iron and steel.......-.-.-.-.-.....-dido. |  |  | 267 |  |  | 159 |  |  | 198 |  |  | 199 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.)..--mil. of dol. |  |  | 96 |  |  | 80 |  |  | 118 |  |  | 143 |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical) -..-...-.........do.... |  |  | 253 |  |  | 190 |  |  | 255 |  |  | 240 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 221 |  |  | 162 |  |  | 178 |  |  | 204 |  |  |
| Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, ete.) ............................................. of dol.. |  |  | 123 |  |  | 101 |  |  | 92 |  |  | 95 |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts --.-.---............ do.... |  |  | 346 |  |  | 213 |  |  | 152 |  |  | 40 |  |  |
| All other manufacturing industries . .-.-......do..-- |  |  | 345 |  |  | 222 |  |  | 284 |  |  | 453 |  |  |
| Dividends paid (cash), all industries....-....do |  |  | 2, 176 |  |  | 1,832 |  |  | 1,784 |  |  | 1,706 |  |  |
| Electric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.) $\ddagger$ mil. of dol.- |  |  | 357 |  |  | 421 |  |  | 349 |  |  | 357 |  |  |
| Railways and telephone cos. (see pp. S-23 and S-24). <br> SECURITIES ISSUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities and Exchange Commission: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated gross proceeds, total............mil. of dol.By type of security: | 2,705 | 3,022 | 2,681 | 3,473 | 2,487 | 3,959 | 6,963 | 2,160 | 3,049 | 2,423 | 1,340 | - 2,216 | 3, 034 |  |
| Bonds and notes, total....--...-...------ do...- | 2, 536 | 2,849 | 2,328 | 3, 401 | 2,220 | 3,830 | 6,832 | 2,041 | 2,953 | 2,133 | 1,259 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 2,139 \\ \hline 109\end{array}$ | 2, 798 |  |
|  | 944 101 | ${ }_{6}^{671}$ | 761 343 | $\begin{array}{r}744 \\ 44 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 607 188 | 1, 494 | 1, 101 | ${ }_{5}^{594}$ | $\begin{array}{r}866 \\ 38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 907 219 | 492 | 1,098 | ${ }_{1}^{613}$ |  |
| Preferred stock | ${ }_{68}$ | 24 | ${ }_{11} 1$ | 28 | +5 | 69 | 41 | 36 | 58 | 70 | 12 | ${ }_{23}$ | 67 |  |
| $B y$ type of issuer: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,113 | 844 224 | 1, 114 | 816 155 | 875 180 | 1,623 240 | 1, 232 | $\begin{aligned} & 714 \\ & 193 \end{aligned}$ | 963 319 | 1, 196 | $\begin{array}{r}573 \\ 139 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 1,175 | 849 255 |  |
|  | 37 | 22 | 14 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 35 | 7 | 15 | 19 | 29 | 13 | 17 |  |
| Public utility | 339 | 302 | 175 | 326 | 373 | 415 | 320 | 345 | 412 | 403 | 287 | 189 | 305 |  |
| Railroad. | 18 | 16 | 27 | 69 | 17 | 40 | 20 | 12 | 1 | 28 | 11 | 4 | 11 |  |
|  | 372 | ${ }^{93}$ | 41 | ${ }^{86}$ | -36 | 800 50 | 79 42 | 41 79 | 12 8 | 102 | 13 51 | 14 30 | 44 128 |  |
| Real estate and financial...---.----....- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 161 | 130 | 93 | 111 | 211 | 50 | 42 | 79 | 83 | 34 | 51 | 30 | 128 |  |
| Noncorporate, total | 1,592 | 2, 178 | 1,567 | 2, 657 | 1,613 | 2,336 | 5, 731 | 1,447 | 2,086 | 1,226 | 767 | -1,041 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 185$ |  |
| U. S. Government--...-.---.-.......- do | 894 | 1,374 | 925 | ${ }_{782}$ | ${ }^{407}$ | 1,802 | 4, 269 | 368 | 1,411 | 418 | 369 389 | 352 +666 | 1,461 |  |
| State and municipis.....-................do....- | 683 | 639 | 640 | 782 | 899 | 524 | 798 | 877 | 554 | 631 | 389 | +666 | 439 |  |
| Estimated net proceeds, total...-.-..........-do..-- | 1,099 | 828 | 1,097 | 805 | 856 | 1,608 | 1,213 | 699 | 948 | 1,174 | 563 | 1,159 | 832 |  |
| Proposed uses of proceeds: | 1,060 | 764 | 1, ¢23 | 711 | 832 | 1,525 | 1,037 | 532 | 709 | . 026 | 518 | 1, 038 | 699 |  |
| Plant and equipment.....-.-.-.-.-..... do | 882 | 559 | 814 | 593 | 577 | 1,390 | 885 | 439 | 572 | 877 | 424 | 635 | 478 |  |
|  | 178 | 205 | 210 | 119 | 255 | 135 | 152 | 93 | 137 | 149 | 93 | 403 | 222 |  |
| Retirement of securities...-.........--.... do...- | 30 | 39 | 21 | 82 | 5 | 47 | 72 | 99 | 67 | 72 | 25 | 15 | 17 |  |
|  | 30 | 25 | 53 | 11 | 19 | 35 | 104 | 68 | 172 | 76 | 20 | 106 | 116 |  |
| Long-term...........................thous. of dol.. | 682, 730 | 639,335 | 640, 418 | 782, 437 | 899, 485 | 524, 355 | 797, 617 | 876, 838 | 553,658 | 631, 365 | 389, 004 | ${ }^{647,477}$ | 439, 391 | 443, 637 |
|  | 302, 503 | 93, 579 | 459, 382 | 232, 803 | 459, 779 | 272, 890 | 356, 990 | 353, 774 | 263, 860 | 288, 907 | 423, 300 | 369, 359 | - 231, 298 | 414, 197 |
| SECURITY MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash on hand and in banks.....-..........-mil. of dol. | 354 | 325 | 342 | 328 | 312 | 312 | 322 | 312 | 324 | 331 | 332 | 345 | 346 |  |
| Customers' debit balances (net)........-.......... do...- | 2,608 | 2, 5559 | 2, 550 | 2, 613 | 2,682 | 2,776 | 2, 869 | 2,997 | 3,168 | 3.170 | - 3,152 | r 3, 231 -119 | 3,311 |  |
| Customers' free credit balances...................do....- | 879 | 876 | 896 | 937 |  | 954 | 985 | 979 | 1,047 | 1,080 | 1, 103 | -1,119 | 1,140 |  |
|  | 1,780 | 1,697 | 1,831 | 1, 740 | 1,846 | 1,990 | 2,051 | 2, 052 | 2,398 | 2,208 | 2,002 | 2,075 | 2,025 |  |
| Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.), totals <br> dollars | 89.67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 95. 69 | 92.32 | 91.74 |  |  |
|  | 89.89 | 92.93 | 95.12 | 95. 63 | 96.43 | 97.12 | 97.74 | 98.03 | 97.04 | 95.89 | 92.47 | 91. 90 | 91.92 |  |
|  | 75.34 | 75.27 | 77.59 | 78.74 | 78.99 | 79.79 | 80.39 | 80.64 | 80.80 | 81.11 | 81.46 | 80.72 | 80.92 |  |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: <br> Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+issues): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite ( 21 bonds) ${ }^{2}$-...dol. per $\$ 100$ bond. | 98. 2 | 98.3 | 102.7 | 105.9 | 105.7 | 105.0 | 105.3 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 104.2 | 102.0 | 98.9 | 98.6 |  |
| Domestic municipal (15 bonds) .---........... do...- | 102.9 | 103.4 | 107.5 | 110.0 | 109.1 | 107.9 | 110.0 | 111.0 | 110.8 | 108.0 | 103.7 | 100.6 | 100.9 |  |
|  | 89.77 | 91. 90 | 95.63 | 96.48 | 96.20 | 96.34 | 98.23 | 97.94 | 97.17 | 94. 78 | 91.51 | 89.51 | 89.36 | 90.13 |
| Sales: <br> Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value....----------.-- thous. of dol-- | 112,849 130 | 94, 231 | 109, 562 | 112, 769 | 80,411 | 148, 045 | 120, 171 | 119, 914 | ${ }_{r}^{123,517}$ | 121, 140 | 120, 651 | 122, 594 | 161,393 |  |
| Face 『alue | 130, 206 | 109, 879 | 129,460 | 126, 929 | 89, 912 | 143, 165 | 127, 627 | 124, 411 | ${ }^{\text {r 129,333 }}$ | 126, 294 | 127, 385 | 126, 495 | 156,838 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: <br> Market value. ...................................... do. | 111,565 | 93, 159 | 108, 149 | 111, 021 | 78,859 | 146, 703 | 118, 129 | 118,070 | ${ }^{\text {r 121, }} 228$ | 119, 247 | 119, 220 | 120, 972 | 158,973 |  |
|  | 128, 615 | 108, 569 | 127, 775 | 124,912 | 87,914 | 141,614 | 125, 249 | 122, 367 | +127,603 | 124, 171 | 125, 769 | 124, 673 | 154, 274 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, totals. thous. of dol. | $118,623$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,249 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 119,125 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 117,884 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88,898 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 95, 197 | $\begin{array}{r} 116,482 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 106, 176 | 113,936 | 113, 220 | 106, 733 | 119,875 | 137,703 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 118,623 \end{array}$ | $99,247$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 119,125 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 117,880 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 88,898 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 95,197 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 116,482 \end{array}$ | 106, 176 | 113, 936 | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 113,220 \end{array}$ | 100 106,633 |  |  |  |
|  | 113, 105 | 95,505 | 114,050 | 112, 166 | 84, 293 | 90,058 | 111, 368 | 101, 236 | 107, 332 | 106, 551 | 101, 128 | 114, 465 | 131,844 |  |
|  | 5,516 | 3, 725 | 5,073 | 5,714 | 4, 572 | 5,140 | 5,090 | 4,941 | 6, 598 | 6,637 | 5,506 | 5,408 | 5, 8.59 |  |

* Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary
$\ddagger$ Revisions for electric utilities for 1955 and 1956 appear in the July 1958 Survey. Revisions for securities issued (SEC) for January-March 1957 will be shown later.
olncludes data not shown separately.
\$Data for bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, not shown separately, are included in computing average price of all listed bonds.
$\odot$ Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20 -year bond. Comparable data back to January 1957 appear in the July 1958 Surver.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem. ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem. ber | October | Novem- |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Bonds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value, issues lister on N. Y. S. E.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value, total, all issues §.........-.mil. of dol. | 99,015 | 102, 487 | 106,072 | 106. 780 | 111. 805 | 114, 815 | 115, 751 | 116, 027 | 118. 287 | 116, 425 | 110, 165 | 107.711 | 108, 045 |  |
|  | 97,093 | 100, 524 | 103,996 | 104, 682 | 109, 579 | 112, 566 | 113, 456 | 113, 688 | 115, 802 | 113, 955 | 107, 683 | 105, 251 | 105, 549 |  |
| Face value, | 110, 426 | 110, 598 | 111,830 | 111.951 | 116,247 | 118, 525 | 118, 720 | 118,662 | 122, 178 | 121, 673 | 119,336 | 117,407 | 117,734 |  |
| Domestic | 108, 010 | 108, 173 | 109,333 | 109, 464 | 113,639 | 115,903 | 116,075 | 115, 976 | 119, 338 | 118,836 | 116,455 | 114, 527 | 114, 831 |  |
| Foreign | 1,693 | 1,642 | 1,713 | 1, 701 | 1,696 | 1,711 | 1,721 | 1,756 | 1,762 | 1,756 | 1,795 | 1,794 | 1,805 |  |
| Yields: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's) ------.-.---- percent-- By ratings: | 4.46 | 4.49 | 4.31 | 4.06 | 4.01 | 4.04 | 4.02 | 4.00 | 3.98 | 4.02 | 4.17 | 4.39 | 4. 42 | 4. 40 . |
|  | 4.10 | 4. 08 | 3.81 | 3. 60 | 3. 59 | 3. 63 | 3. 60 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.67 | 3.85 | 4.09 | 4.11 | 4.09 |
|  | 4. 28 | 4.29 | 4.08 | 3.81 | 3. 77 | 3.78 | 3.78 | 3.78 | 3.78 | 3.83 | 3.98 | 4.20 | 4.21 | 4. 21 |
|  | 4. 46 | 4. 50 | 4.31 | 4.01 | 4.00 | 4.06 | 4.01 | 4.02 | 4. 00 | 4.04 | 4. 19 | 4.40 | 4.45 | 4. 43 |
| Baa | 4.99 | 5.09 | 5.03 | 4.83 | 4.66 | 4. 68 | 4.67 | 4.62 | 4.55 | 4. 53 | 4. 67 | 4.87 | 4.92 | 4. 87 |
| By groups: | 4.32 | 4.34 | 4.11 | 3.91 | 3.86 | 3.86 | 3.83 | 3.80 | 3. 77 | 3.81 | 3.94 | 4.24 | 4.25 | 4. 23 ? |
| Public utilit | 4. 48 | 4. 49 | 4. 29 | 3. 99 | 3.87 | 3.95 | 3. 90 | 3. 89 | 3.88 | 3.94 | 4.16 | 4.41 | 4.46 | 4. 40 |
| Railroad. | 4. 57 | 4. 65 | 4. 53 | 4. 30 | 4.29 | 4.30 | 4.32 | 4.30 | 4.28 | 4. 30 | 4. 42 | 4.52 | 4. 56 | 4. 56. |
| Domestic mumicipal: <br> Bond Buyer (20 bond | 3.43 | 3.27 | 2.97 | 2.90 | 3.08 | 3.02 | 2.91 | 2.92 | 3.05 | 3.13 | 3.52 | 3. 54 | 3.38 |  |
| Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds) -------do | 3. 79 | 3. 76 | 3. 47 | 3. 32 | 3. 37 | 3. 45 | 3.31 | 3.25 | 3.26 | 3.45 | 3. 74 | 3.96 | 3. 94 |  |
|  | 3. 73 | 3.57 | 3.30 | 3.24 | 3.26 | 3.25 | 3.12 | 3.14 | 3.19 | 3.35 | 3. 60 | 3.75 | 3. 76 | 3.70 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividend payments publicly reported: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dividend payments....-.-----.---mil. of dol.- | 758.1 | 325.0 | 2,138.7 | 813.4 | 345.5 | 1,692.8 | 749.9 | 302.8 | 1,677.0 | 779.9 | 302.2 | 1, 648.0 | 771.5 | 298.3 |
|  | 138.8 | 75.6 | 224.7 | 172.6 | 107.2 | 106.4 | 130.8 | 63.0 | 114.9 | 149.4 | 68.7 | 111.7 | 142.1 | 73.6 |
|  | 263.5 | 134.6 | 1,375.2 | 261.1 | 115.4 | 1,138.5 | 258.7 | 126.9 | 1,110.2 | 264.1 | 115.4 | 1, 104.7 | 260.4 | 111.8 |
| Mining | 8.0 | 2.4 | 172.9 | 8.6 | 2.4 | 118.2 | 8.8 | 2.8 | 117.0 | 7.5 | 2.3 | 109.8 | 8.5 | 2.5 |
| Public utilities: Communicatio | 161.0 | 1.3 | 52.7 | 162.0 | 1.2 | 52.4 | 166.5 | 1.3 | 52.5 | 173.2 | 1.4 | 53.7 | 174.1 | 3 |
| Electric and ga | 192.9 | 85.2 | 143.4 | 18.3 | 83.7 | 141.3 | 195.0 | 83.9 | 143.4 | 195.6 | 85.6 | 144.2 | 195. 7 | 80.0 |
|  | 22.1 | 4.3 | 81.6 | 28.6 | 6.4 | 62.5 | 21.8 | 2.7 | 62.8 | 18.7 | 5.8 | 56.0 | 19.5 | 3. 5. |
|  | 64.1 | 14.1 | 53.6 | 85.3 | 22.5 | 43.5 | 62.5 | 15.0 | 48.0 | 64.0 | 14.4 | 41.4 | 65.0 | 13.1 |
|  | 7.7 | 7.5 | 34.6 | 9.9 | 6.7 | 30.0 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 28.2 | 7.4 | 8.6 | 26.5 | 6.2 | 6. 5 |
| Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars_- | 5. 45 | 5. 38 | 5. 40 | 5. 37 | 5.34 | 5.34 | 5.32 | 5.30 | 5.30 | 5.28 | 5. 26 | 5.25 | 5.27 | 5. 22 |
|  | 5. 94 | 5. 86 | 5. 88 | 5. 86 | 5.83 | 5. 83 | 5. 80 | 5.77 | 5. 76 | 5. 74 | 5. 71 | 5.71 | 5. 69 | 5. 63 |
|  | 2.44 | 2.45 | 2.46 | 2. 46 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2. 50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2. 51 | 2. 52 |
| Railroad (25 stocks) | 3.98 | 3.75 | 3. 75 | 3. 44 | 3. 36 | 3. 33 | 3. 33 | 3. 29 | 3.27 | 3.27 | 3. 27 | 3. 25 | 3. 32 | 3.35 |
| Bank (15 stocks) | 3.64 | 3.62 | 3.72 | 3. 72 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3. 75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3. 75 | 3.76 | 3.77 | 3. 77 | 3. 71 |
| Insurance (10 stocks) | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4. 07 | 4.07 |
| Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) ¢ . . - do | 116.51 | 117. 38 | 113.20 | 117.76 | 115.69 | 118.75 | 122.35 | 124.05 | 127.67 | 132. 89 | 134.46 | 141.29 | 144.82 | 147. 66 |
|  | 133.59 | 134.30 | 128.38 | 133. 06 | 129.97 | 134.17 | 138.30 | 139.97 | 144.74 | 151. 57 | 153.48 | 161.34 | 165.03 | 168.37 |
| Public utility ( 24 stocks) | 47.15 | 48. 65 | 50.30 | 53.04 | 53.27 | 54. 10 | 56.05 | 56.78 | 57.74 | 58.21 | 57.20 | 59.38 | 61.08 | 62.18 |
| Railroad (25 stocks) | 50.88 | 48. 64 | 45.11 | 50.61 | 47.59 | 48.11 | 52.22 | 54.25 | 55.29 | 60.16 | 61.12 | 66.43 | 69.12 | 72. 71 |
| Yield (200 stocks) -------------------------perent.- | 4. 68 | 4.58 | 4. 77 | 4.56 | 4. 62 | 4.50 | 4.35 | 4.27 | 4.15 | 3.97 | 3.91 | 3.72 | 3.64 | 3. 54 |
|  | 4.45 | 4.36 | 4.58 | 4. 40 | 4.49 | 4.35 | 4. 19 | 4.12 | 3.98 | 3.79 | 3.72 | 3.54 | 3.45 | 3.34 |
|  | 5.17 | 5. 04 | 4. 89 | 4. 64 | 4.62 | 4. 54 | 4. 46 | 4.40 | 4. 33 | 4. 31 | 4. 39 | 4. 23 | 4. 11 | 4.05 |
|  | 7.82 | 7.71 | 8. 31 | 6. 80 | 7.06 | 6. 92 | 6.38 | 6. 06 | 5.91 | 5. 44 | 5. 35 | 4.89 4.15 | 4. 80 | 4. 61 4 |
|  | 5. 08 | 4. 84 | 5.09 | 4. 93 | 4.78 | 4. 71 | 4.76 | 4.58 | 4. 53 | 4. 54 | 4. 43 | 4. 15 | 4. 14 | 4. 09 |
| Insurance (10 stock | 3.74 | 3.56 | 3.46 | 3. 16 | 3.12 | 3.08 | 3.08 | 3.08 | 2.99 | 2.94 | 2.97 | 2.98 | 2. 75 | 2. 68 |
| Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: <br> Industrial ( 125 stocks) |  |  | 9.90 |  |  | 7.35 |  |  | 7.30 |  |  | 8. 10 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3.41 |  |  | 3. 50 |  |  | 3.53 |  |  | -3.60 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 7.07 |  |  | 1. 17 |  |  | 3.51 |  |  | -19.10 |  |  |
| Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.) ...................percent. | 4.80 | 4.78 | 4. 49 | 36 | 4.38 | 4.42 | 4.3 | . 31 | 4.2 | . 36 | 4. 4 | 4. 58 | 4. 64 |  |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow Jones \& Co., Ine. (65 stocks).... dol. per share.- | 151.27 | 146.87 | 146.03 | 151. 01 | 151.63 | 152. 79 | 153.74 | 159.15 | 163.12 | 168.87 | 174.55 | 179.36 | 186. 56 | 193.59 |
|  | 443.38 | 436.73 | 436.94 | 445.68 | 444. 16 | 450. 14 | 446. 90 | 460.04 | 471.97 | 488.28 | 507.55 | 521.82 | 539. 85 | 557. 10 |
| Public utility (15 stocks) --.------------.-. do | 65.18 | 65. 83 | 68.08 | 71.08 | 72.19 | 73.23 | 75.75 | 77. 65 | 78. 64 | 79.64 | 78. 71 | 80.06 | 82.07 | 85. 56 |
|  | 116.70 | 104.63 | 98.13 | 104.90 | 106.64 | 104.75 | 106. 86 | 113.73 | 117.68 | 124.78 | 132. 32 | 136.96 | 146. 52 | 153. 80 |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index ( 500 stocks) .........-19.11-43 $=10$. | 41.24 | 40.35 | 40.33 | 41.12 | 41. 26 | 42.11 | 42.34 | 43.70 | 44.75 | 45.98 | 47. 70 | 48.96 | 50.95 |  |
|  | 44.43 | 43.41 | 43.29 | 43.98 | 44. 01 | 44.97 | 45. 09 | 46. 51 | 47.62 | 48.96 | 51. 00 | 52.40 | 54.55 |  |
| Capital goods (129 stocks) .-.-----.-.-.- do...-- |  | 41.87 |  | 43.00 | 43.32 |  | 42. 61 | 43. 86 | 45.17 | 46.92 | 49.75 | 51.34 | 53.60 |  |
| Consumers' goods (196 stocks) .-........do | 31.55 | 30.52 | 30.29 | 31.43 | 31. 60 | 32.35 | 32.78 | 34. 18 | 34. 78 | 36.01 | 37.44 | 38.90 | 40.65 |  |
| Public utility (50 stocks).-......-........ do | 30.39 | 30.68 | 31.79 | 33.30 | 34. 12 | 34. 57 | 35. 54 | 36.57 | 37.31 | 37.82 | 37. 50 | 37.97 | 39. 15 |  |
|  | 24.78 | 22.63 | 21.39 | 22.69 | 23.00 | 22.60 | 23.20 | 24.74 | 25. 54 | 26.86 | 28.43 | 29.51 | 31.23 |  |
| Banks:¢ City (12 stocks) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N. Y. City (12 stocks) | 18.90 36.96 | 18.47 35.75 | 18.73 35.76 | 19.08 37.98 | 19.55 38.87 | 20.21 39.56 | 20.26 40.17 | 20.54 40.96 | 21. 414 | 21. 94 | 21. 472 | 22. 438 | 45. 25 |  |
|  | 23.12 | 22.19 | 23.45 | 25.88 | 26.81 | 27.49 | 27.36 | 27.51 | 28.16 | 28.38 | 28. 72 | 28.54 | 29.49 |  |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  | 2,316 |  |  |  | 3,322 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,248 113,662 | 2,252 80,920 | 2,529 96,084 | 2, 625 96,960 | 2,112 76,694 | 2,316 79,417 | 2,361 81,569 | -97, 823 | r $\mathrm{r} 3,976$ | 110,944 | - 315,724 | 115, 052 | 161,286 |  |
| On New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -33, 516 | 110,34 | 115, 34 | 115, |  |  |
|  | 2.821 | 1,960 | 2,200 | 2.292 | 1,832 | 2, 008 | 2,019 | 2,319 | г 2,340 | 2,829 | 2,895 | 2.922 | 4,172 |  |
| Shares sold $\ddagger$----.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.- thousands-- | 80, 589 | 58,608 | 68, 265 | 69,335 | 51, 841 | 56,673 | 58, 502 | 69, 192 | ${ }^{7} 65,812$ | 80, 233 | 83, 502 | 80,695 | 118,112 |  |
| Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y. Times) $\qquad$ thousands. | 63, 983 | 48, 217 | 54, 468 | 49,871 | 40, 198 | 46,675 | 50, 305 | 54, 179 | 56,618 | 69,496 | 62, 373 | 71,972 | 95, 987 | 74,366 |
| Shares listed, New York Stock Exchange: <br> Market value, all listed shares................mil. of dol. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value, all listed shares. $\qquad$ mil. of dol.. <br> Number of shares listed $\qquad$ millions... | 196,675 4.747 | 200,919 4.781 | 195,570 4,804 | 204,969 4,813 | 201,174 4,826 | 207,795 4,852 | 214,040 4,861 | 218,773 4,870 | 224,904 4,883 | 234,507 4,903 | $\begin{array}{r} 237,509 \\ 4,906 \end{array}$ |  | 255,117 4,933 |  |
|  | 4.747 | 4.781 | 4,804 | 4.813 | 4, 826 | 4,852 | 4, 861 | 4,870 | 4,883 | 4,903 | 4,906 | $4,916$ | 4,933 |  |
| r Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. 1 Includes $\$ 2.45$ retroactive mail pay increase. <br> §Include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the arerage price of all listed bonds shown on <br> p. S-19. <br> $\odot$ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more. <br> q Includes data not shown separately. <br> $\sigma^{7}$ Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of series. <br> Data not shewn in 1957 Business Statistics; indexes prior to August 1956 are available upon request. <br> $\ddagger$ Revised to exclude sales of rights and warrants. Comparable data prior to May 195\% will be shown later. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September: | October | November |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES



+ Revised. $\quad{ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data include Southern British Africa. ${ }_{2}$ For Colony of Singapore only. ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 50,000$.

 private relief shipments of food products. formerly inchuded with finished manufactures, have been sbifted to the manufactured foodstuffs class.
$\bigcirc$ Adjusted for balance-of-payments purposes, mainly for valuation, coverage, and timing.
$\dagger$ Revised series; see similar note in September 1958 Survey.
§Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

$\triangle$ Excludes "special category" shipments. of Includes countries not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Decem. ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value $\ddagger$ - Continued | 1,660.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of U.S. merchandise, totalq-....-. mil. of dol.. By economic classes: | 1,060.3 | 1,668.3 | 1,626.2 | 1,495.0 | 1,334.1 | 1,541.2 | 1,516.3 | 1,623.3 | 1,395.9 | 1, 405.3 | 1,381.4 | 1,351, 8 | 1,584.0 | -------- |
|  | 258.8 | 248.9 | 252.1 | 199.2 | 159.9 | 178.3 | 174.8 | 188.5 | 175.5 | 184.0 | 160.4 | 160.7 | 199.1 |  |
| Crude foodstuffs. | 99.7 | 100.6 | 105.2 | 105. 1 | 89.4 | 87.5 | 104.9 | 100.2 | 112.5 | 104.4 | 120.0 | 108.8 | 114.9 |  |
| Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages | 95.0 | 87.7 | 99.9 | 75.9 | 79.9 | 101.5 | 92.8 | 110.4 | 103.3 | 88.4 | 77.3 | 88.7 | 104.4 |  |
|  | 231.7 | 223.9 | 208.5 | 186.5 | 168.1 | 192.7 | 187.4 | 207.5 | 168.9 | 169.2 | 186.5 | 183.8 | 222.4 |  |
|  | 975.1 | 1,007.3 | 960.5 | 928.3 | 836.7 | 981.2 | 956.5 | 1,016.6 | 835.8 | 859.2 | 837.2 | 809.7 | 943.6 | -....--- |
| By principal commodities: <br> Agricultural products, total $\oplus$ $\qquad$ do | 371.4 | 368.5 | 394.2 | 324.1 | 285.3 | 315.8 | 315.8 | 344.4 | 327.8 | 315.3 | 293.4 | 297.2 | 357.8 |  |
| Cotton, unmanufactured...------------- do. | 72.8 | 79.8 | 95.0 | 79.5 | 66.8 | 70.4 | 73.0 | 76.7 | 61.5 | 64.1 | 28.4 | 30.2 | 25.1 |  |
| Fruits, vegetahles, and preparations...---do | 36.9 | 31.1 | 28.6 | 25.0 | 30.9 | 35.7 | 28.9 | 34.4 | 37.7 111.8 | 30.9 | 28.2 | 31.6 | 40.4 |  |
| Grains and preparations...-------------- - do | 97.4 | 102.1 | 104.5 22.3 | 107.0 | 92.5 | 93.5 | 112.3 | 95.1 | 111.8 | 109.4 | 120.4 | 110.4 | 117.3 |  |
| Packing-house products | 21.4 61.8 | 22.8 41.4 | 22.3 39.4 | 18.5 24.2 | 19.3 22.7 | 20.0 31.3 | 16.0 21.8 | 21.2 25.7 | 17.6 30.9 | 19.7 32.0 | 18.0 36.3 | 18.9 52.6 | 22.1 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total $\oplus$.-...........do...- | 1,288.9 | 1,299.9 | 1,232.0 | 1,171.0 | 1,048.8 | 1,225. 4 | 1,200. 5 | 1,278.9 | 1,068. 1 | 1,090.0 | 1,088.0 | 1.054.6 | 1,226.5 |  |
| Automobiles, parts, and accessories...-.-. do | 100.7 | 130.9 | 140.7 | 118.7 | 109.5 | 121.3 | 122.2 | 131.5 | 99. 7 | 92.6 | 84.1 | 80.5 | 97.3 |  |
| Chemicals and related products§-..........do | 117.1 | 115.7 | 110.6 | 104.2 | 106.8 | 120.2 | 114.2 | 127.9 | 113.3 | 109.2 | 109.7 | 106.5 | 119.9 |  |
| Coal and related fuels..-.-.....-.-..........-do | 70.9 | 58.3 | 55.4 | 46.4 | 34.0 | 39.8 | 46. 1 | 46.0 | 50.5 | 45.4 | 55.6 | 47.9 | 47.6 |  |
| Iron and steel-mill products....--........... do. | 106.0 | 93.7 | 83.8 | 74.9 | 59.6 | 66.6 | 66.2 | 61.9 | 44.5 | 42.1 | 42.6 | 46.9 | 60.1 |  |
|  | 349.8 | 358.4 | 339.2 | 332.5 | 295.9 | 363.9 | 346.6 | 368.2 | 319.4 | 312.4 | 298.9 | 288.7 | 316.2 |  |
|  | 8.3 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 9.0 | 10.0 | 13.2 | 13.9 | 14.8 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 8.7 | 8.1 | 7.9 |  |
| Tractors, parts, and accessories...---.--do | ${ }^{30.1}$ | 26. 5 | 23.3 | 27.3 | 27.1 | 31.5 | 29.9 87 | 31.6 88 | 29.1 | 28.5 | 23.3 | 22.5 | 24.1 |  |
| Electrical | 87.8 23.8 | 103.1 26.8 | 86.9 <br> 27.9 | 81.5 24.8 | 72.1 18.9 | 88.7 27.8 | 87.2 28.1 | 88.7 35.4 | 79.3 28.6 | 80.2 28 | 76.2 27.7 | 80.2 | ${ }_{27} 89.2$ |  |
|  | 23.8 185.5 | 180.8 8 | 27.9 179.8 | 24.8 174.2 | 18.9 155.9 | 27.8 186.3 | 28.1 174.1 | 35.4 181.4 | 28.6 158.0 | 28.9 151.9 | 27.7 150.3 | 22.5 141.7 | 152.7 |  |
| Petroleum and products....----.-.-.-...... do | 60.9 | 64.9 | 52.4 | 44. 3 | 41.4 | 45.9 | 50.8 | 50.8 | 39.1 | 50.4 | 52.9 | 44.7 | 49.0 |  |
|  | 56.7 | 58.3 | 55.3 | 47.0 | 48.6 | 59.1 | 62.6 | 52.8 | 43.8 | 40.4 | 46.9 | 46.7 | 54.8 |  |
| Genersl imports, total...-----------------mil. of dol.- | I, 147.9 | 1,043.2 | 1,141.1 | 1,095.3 | 961.5 | 1,071.1 | 1,057.2 | 1,063.0 | 1,036.6 | a1,050.0 | 952.5 | 1,115.9 |  |  |
| By geographic regions: | 4. | 44.3 | 53.4 | 61.5 | 47.6 | 62.1 | 57.8 | 45.1 | 45.2 |  | 25.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 207.3 | 164.8 | 187.3 | 185.8 | 154.8 | 196.3 | 180.5 | 175.6 | 185.9 | 184.3 | + 182.2 |  |  |  |
|  | 294.5 | 259.2 | 281.3 | 265.2 | 245.5 | 257.5 | 258.7 | 270.6 | 246.9 | 286.1 | 252.4 |  |  |  |
| Northern North America.....-.-...-........... do | 274.5 | 236.4 | 235.4 | 206. 1 | 186.3 | 215.4 | 207.5 | 219.9 | 236.0 | 235.2 | 210.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 113.6 | 123.3 | 136.8 | 173.3 | 143.8 | 157.7 | 171.5 | 156.6 | 149.6 | 151.0 | 110.8 |  |  |  |
| South America---------.------------------ do | 214.0 | 215.3 | 247.0 | 203.4 | 183.5 | 182.1 | 181.2 | 195.3 | 173.0 | 184.9 | 171.5 |  |  |  |
| By leading countries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A United Arab Republic (Egypt Region)... do | 1.2 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 6.9 | 3 | 3 | . 5 | 6 | 1.7 | 6.0 | . 6 |  |  |  |
| Union of South A frica.-..........-. | 6.5 | 5.6 | 8.9 | 110.9 | 18.1 | 110.4 | 18.6 | 17.5 | 19.3 | 17.3 | 14.3 |  |  |  |
| Asia and Oceania: <br> Australia, including New Guinea | 11.3 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 7.3 | 10.8 | 6.9 | 10.8 | 9.1 | 7.2 | 4.6 |  |  |  |
|  | 18.0 | 17.3 | 12.7 | 23.1 | 23.4 | 22.0 | ${ }^{2} 2.7$ | 22.2 | 22.9 | 21.5 | 22.3 |  |  |  |
|  | 19.8 | 16.2 | 21.8 | 25.6 | 19.4 | 24.1 | 18.0 | 17.4 | 13.1 | 15.3 | 14.6 |  |  |  |
|  | 59.3 | 49.1 | 51.5 | 57.0 | 41. 6 | 51.6 | 49.9 | 49.3 | 52.3 | 60.6 | 60.8 |  |  |  |
|  | 21.3 | 18.0 | 21.5 | 13.1 | 12.2 | 16.0 | 13. 1 | 14.3 | 18.1 | 9.9 | 11.4 |  |  |  |
| Republic of the Philippines.-...-...-.-...-.do...- | 19.5 | 13.6 | 18.0 | 19.1 | 16.6 | 25.7 | 25.5 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 30.7 | 24.5 |  |  |  |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| France. $\qquad$ do. <br> East Germany do | 21.9 | 20.0 .4 | 23.1 .5 | 22.2 | 20.7 | 18.8 .1 | 22.5 .3 | 22.2 .3 | 21.7 | 28.5 | 24.3 |  |  |  |
| East Germany. <br> West Germany........................................ | 64.8 | 50.5 | 57. 6 | 50.4 | 42.3 | 52.4 | 52.0 | 51.1 | 48.2 | 54.4 | 48.8 |  |  |  |
| Italy | 24.9 | 20.4 | 23.5 | 23.7 | 16.3 | 19.5 | 19.9 | 18.7 | 19.5 | 23.1 | 23.2 |  |  |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.....-- do.--- | 2.3 | . 2 | . 6 | c. 7 | . 8 | 1.5 | 1. 1 | 2.1 | .4 | 3.4 | 2.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 71.3 | 67.7 | 61.7 | 63.4 | 65.5 | 74.8 | 64.7 | 71.9 | 59.9 | 78.7 | 61.3 |  |  |  |
| North and South America: <br> Canada | 274.3 | 236.3 | 235.3 | 206.1 | 186.3 | 215.4 | 207.4 | 219.8 | 235.9 | 235.0 | 209.4 |  |  |  |
| Latin American Republics, total $\dagger$.......-do...- | 298.5 | 305.8 | 351.0 | 333.7 | 295.2 | 303.9 | 314.4 | 315.1 | 279.6 | 292.8 | 248.4 |  |  |  |
| Argentina......-...-.....-.-.-.-.-.-.......-do. | 8.8 | 7.6 | 10.5 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 13.7 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 8.7 |  |  |  |
| Brazil | 64.1 | 67.7 | 84.6 | 83.4 | 43.5 | 35.0 | 46.2 | 59.2 | 47.7 | 35.6 | 36.2 |  |  |  |
|  | 14.7 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 12.7 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 14.7 | 8.7 | 12.1 | 10.3 | 13.3 |  |  |  |
|  | 26.5 | 38.2 | 33.4 | 23.8 | 29.6 | 28.6 | 21.0 | 26.6 | 17.1 | 33.1 | 29.1 |  |  |  |
|  | 37.4 | 31.9 | 23.4 | 46.3 | 46.2 | 52.9 | 48.8 | 43.8 | 51.8 | 50.9 | 40.0 | -------- |  |  |
|  | 31.6 | 34.3 | 47.2 | 45.7 | 39.6 | 41.2 | 51.2 | 47.8 | 30.4 | 34.5 | 25.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 73.2 | 63.5 | 78.4 | 86.2 | 71.8 | 75.0 | 71.1 | 68.6 | 71.2 | 74.5 | 64.6 |  |  |  |
| Imports for consumption, total.---.-......mil. of dol. | 1,155.0 | 1,037.3 | 1,133.5 | 1, 109.0 | 956.4 | 1,064.6 | 1,047.2 | 1,053.2 | 1,018.5 | -1.045.0 | 963.8 | 1,113.6 |  |  |
| By economic classes: $0^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Crude materials. |  | 243.5 | 272.4 | 283.7 | 218.3 | 228.5 | 218.6 | 217.3 | 220.6 | 214.4 | 221.9 |  |  |  |
|  | 161.3 | 192.1 | 223.6 | 186. 6 | 157.1 | 170.4 | 182.7 | 181.5 | 134.8 | 146.9 | 120.4 |  |  |  |
| Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages......-do. | 119.9 | 98.5 | 101.3 | 109.1 | 104. 9 | 128.3 | 126.7 | 128.8 | 133.2 | 147.1 | 119.6 |  |  |  |
| Semimanufactures.-.---.--....................... do. | 245.1 | 217.7 | 241.1 | 220.3 | 202.8 | 228.5 | 211.0 | 207.0 | 215.8 | 216.5 | 197.9 |  |  |  |
|  | 333.3 | 285.5 | 295.1 | 309.3 | 273.2 | 309.0 | 308.2 | 318.6 | 314.1 | 353.6 | 304.1 |  |  |  |
| By principal commodities: $\boldsymbol{o}^{7}$ <br> Agricultural products, total $\oplus$ $\qquad$ do | 328.5 | 331.4 | 376.1 | 356.4 | 307.2 | 339.4 | 348.2 | 342.5 | 290.1 | 313.3 | 284.7 |  |  |  |
| Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl. shells....-.......do...- | 7.1 | 7.9 | 24.5 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 20.4 | 15.6 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 12.5 | 5.1 | 6. 2 |  |  |
|  | 103.2 | 132.0 | 144.9 | 116. 1 | 94.6 | 93.0 | 116. 5 | 118.8 | 76.5 | 87.2 | 73.2 | 83.5 |  |  |
|  | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3. 4 | 4.2 | 6.4 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 3.5 |  |  |
| Rubber, crude, including guayule...-.....do.... | 32.1 | 27.6 | 31.4 | 25.1 | 25.1 | 21.9 | 18.6 | 16.3 | 13.7 | 12.3 | 19.1 | 20.2 |  |  |
|  | 33.8 | 22.8 | 19.3 | 43.4 | 44.2 | 54.9 | 50.9 | 43.9 | 52.1 | 53.4 | 41.4 | 43.5 |  |  |
| Wool and mohair, unmanufactured.........do...- | 14.7 | 11.9 | 11.2 | 17.6 | 12.4 | 16.4 | 15.5 | 11.8 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 9.2 | 11.3 |  |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total $\oplus$.............-do.... | 826.5 | 706.0 | 757.4 | 752.6 | 649.2 | 725.3 | 699.0 | 710.8 | 728.4 | 765.2 | 679.1 |  |  |  |
| Furs and manufactures .-.-...-.....-.-.....-do. | 4. 1 | 3.3 | 16.8 | 14.1 | 9.9 | 6.4 | 7.7 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 6.0 | 3.6 | 4.8 |  |  |
| Nonferrous ores, metals, and mfs., total $\oplus$-.do...- | 107.3 | 103.2 | 113.9 | 114.4 | 79.1 | 100.3 | 99.5 | 88.0 | 94.3 | 68.4 | 57.6 | 93.8 |  |  |
| Copper, incl. ore and manufactures......do...- | 29.4 | 26.1 | 26.2 | 40. 1 | 24.8 | 26.2 | 26. 5 | 18.2 | 29.1 | 9.8 | -7.3 | 8.6 |  |  |
| Tin, including ore........................... do... | 8.8 | 8.3 | 4.5 | 5. 9 | 5. 9 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 9. 6 | 13.0 | 4.5 | 7.2 | 7.7 |  |  |
|  | 32.5 | 26.5 | 22.9 | 22.1 | 24.1 | 25.6 | 23.6 | 22.7 | 27.8 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 28.5 |  |  |
|  | 59.6 | 51.0 | 50.2 | 50. 5 | 46. 2 | 48.7 | 53.1 | 52.8 | 51. 7 | 51.9 | 46.1 | 48.7 |  |  |
|  | 137.0 | 119.9 | 137.3 | 154.0 | 126.4 | 137.1 | 127.1 | 119.8 | 141.2 | 141. 1 | 123.8 | 129.1 |  |  |

[^7]ary 1988). addusted or direrence in Cantores, detan hot adusted.
$\ddagger$ See similar note on p. S-21. TSee similar note on p. S-21. q Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type 1 " are included with finished manufactures
$\oplus$ Includes data not shown separately. §Excludes "special category, type 1 " exports. o ${ }^{7}$ 'See similar note in September 1958 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| TRANSPORTATION <br> Airlines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operations on scheduled airlines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miles flown, revenue....-.-..........-.thousands...- | 61,398 24,080 | 57, 522 <br> 20,684 | 61,637 21,730 | 61,558 20,599 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 53, } 713 \\ 19 \\ \hline 193\end{array}$ | 59,455 21,904 | 58,833 21,063 | 60,353 22,613 | 62.151 22,660 | 64, 015 | 64, 195 | 61,695 28,188 |  |  |
| Mail ton-miles flown-...........................-. - do | 8,214 | 7,761 | 11, 082 | 8,275 | 7.829 | 8,629 | 8,693 | 8,622 | 8.038 | 8. 277 | 8,099 | 8,190 |  |  |
| Passengers originated, revenue-...-............-. do | 3,483 | 3,113 | 31,274 | 3,341 | 2,889 | 3,274 | 3,339 | 3,274 | 3,575 | 3,454 | 3,662 | 3,433 |  |  |
| Passenger-miles flown, revenue.......-...- millions- | 2,015 | 1,790 | 2, 031 | 2,072 | 1,716 | 2,003 | 2,028 | 1,963 | 2,280 | 2,236 | 2,381 | 2, 100 |  |  |
| Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation revenues.-...............thous. of dol. | 34. 039 | 31, 469 | 38,072 | 28, 265 | 25,781 | 29,931 | 29,428 | 28, 553 | 29, 667 | 27,477 | 30,449 | 33, 940 |  |  |
| Express privilege payments.............-.-.-....-do...- | 12,779 | 9,535 | 13, 115 | 6,997 | 4,865 | 9,117 | 9, 270 | 8,478 | 10,095 | 8,309 | 10,474 | 12, 268 |  |  |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 16.2 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 16.4 | 16.7 | 16.9 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17.2 |  |
| Passengers carried, revenue - -----------------millions | 5711 114.3 | 675 112.4 | 701 118.0 | 111.7 | 615 102.7 | 111.7 | 677 113.2 | 683 113.0 | 622 104.6 | 595 105.4 | 590 104.5 | 641 104.8 | 695 |  |
| Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of property (quarterly totals): <br> Number of reporting carriers.. |  |  | 836 |  |  | 878 |  |  | 875 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total..............-thous. of dol |  |  | 995, 146 |  |  | 885. 162 |  |  | 939, 824 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 987. 067 |  |  | 877, 857 |  |  | 901.029 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue freight carried..............- thous. of tons.. |  |  | 61, 454 |  |  | 56, 268 |  |  | 57, 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals): <br> Number of reporting carriers. |  |  | 148 |  |  | 143 |  |  | 141 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total-...----------thous of dol |  |  | 97, 625 |  |  | 83, 113 |  |  | 106, 509 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenses, total.........---------------.-...- do |  |  | 92, 328 |  |  | 87.205 |  |  | 94, 597 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue passengers carried..............thousands..- |  |  | 64,735 |  |  | 55, 07. |  |  | 60, 532 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I Railways |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carloadings (A. A. R.) : ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,920 | 3, 223 | 2,221 | 2. 164 | 2, 108 | 2,762 | 2, 105 | 2,729 | 2,489 | 2,138 | 3, 146 | 2,570 | 2, 733 | 3, 135 |
|  | 543 40 | 635 47 17 | 461 33 | $\begin{array}{r}457 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 427 28 | 533 30 | 366 21 | 467 26 | 467 23 | 259 20 | 560 29 | 460 28 | 477 31 | 583 42 |
|  | 148 | 175 | 132 | 136 | 139 | 166 | 131 | 169 | 148 | 128 | 192 | 156 | 161 | 190 |
|  | 211 | 254 | 213 | 208 | 196 | 244 | 200 | 230 | 242 | 265 | 317 | 214 | 264 | 291 |
| Livestock | 49 | 47 | 21 | 21 | 17 | 24 | 20 | 27 | 18 | 15 | 24 | 34 | 50 | 40 |
|  | 289 | 191 | 64 | 63 | 54 | 74 | 56 | 149 | 208 | 204 | ${ }_{27}^{276}$ | 221 | 210 | 174 |
|  | 220 1,419 | 249 1,626 | 173 1,123 | 166 1,086 | 179 1,067 | 239 1,391 | 185 1,126 | $\begin{array}{r}1,443 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}178 \\ 1,207 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 164 1,083 | 237 1,511 | 200 1,256 | 191 1,349 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}218 \\ \hline 966\end{array}$ |
| Freight carloadings ( Federal Reserve indexes): | 1,419 | 1,626 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 123 | 114 | 102 | 99 | ${ }_{89}^{93}$ | 94 | 93 75 | 97 | 106 | 97 | 107 | 114 | 117 | 112 |
|  | 112 | 108 | 99 | 97 | 89 | 85 | 75 | 79 | 93 | 62 | 93 | 99 | ${ }_{99}^{98}$ | 1112 |
|  | 125 | 121 | 1107 | 92 115 | 88 111 | 75 108 | ${ }^{65}$ | 67 112 | 71 118 | 67 110 | 75 125 | 92 131 | 139 | 112 |
| Forest | 121 |  | 112 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grain and grain products..........---......- do | 147 | 148 | 155 | 152 | 136 | 138 | 140 | 131 | 172 | 196 | 173 | 158 | 118 | 166 |
|  | 89 | 65 | 39 | 38 | 31 | 34 | 37 | 38 | 32 | 28 | 35 |  | 88 | ${ }^{55}$ |
|  | 245 | 127 | 59 | 56 | 48 | 52 | 50 | 112 | 182 | 188 | 194 | 202 | 179 30 | 119 |
| Merchandise, 1. c. | 35 134 13 | 32 126 | 28 110 | 28 106 | 29 101 | 30 105 | 29 107 | 111 | 28 114 | 27 107 | 30 114 | 33 124 | 30 127 | $\stackrel{28}{124}$ |
|  | 114 | 112 | 110 | 109 | 101 | 100 | 95 | 97 | 103 | 93 | 104 | 106 | 109 | 110 |
|  | 112 | 108 | 99 | 97 | 89 | 85 | 75 | 79 | 93 | 62 | 93 | 99 | 98 | 100 |
|  | 127 | 121 | 102 | 87 | 83 | 74 | 67 | 68 | 73 | 69 | 79 | 93 | 101 | 112 |
|  | 115 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 115 | 108 | 106 | 108 | 114 | 110 | 119 | 121 | 124 | 128 |
|  | 147 | 151 | 165 | 152 | 139 | 150 | 159 | 149 | 169 | 164 | 160 | 141 | 118 | 169 |
|  | 57 | 52 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 44 | 42 | 42 | 37 | 37 | 36 | 49 | 57 | 43 |
|  | 152 | 152 | 192 | 222 | 191 | 181 | 70 | 70 | 118 | 117 | 129 | 134 | r 122 | 122 |
|  | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 27 | 30 113 | 31 115 | 29 117 | 119 |
|  | 123 | 121 | 117 | 116 | 110 | 108 | 108 | 110 | 110 | 106 | 113 | 115 | 117 | 119 |
|  | 12,781 | 19,965 | 54,072 | 105, 263 | 112, 229 | 110,576 | 124, 247 | 129,834 | 83, 218 | 92, 047 | 61, 094 | 33,307 | 18,030 | 17,173 |
| Boxcars | 5,913 | 9,275 | 18,237 | 35, 032 | 34,259 | 33, 844 | 37,036 | 45, 808 | 39,354 | 29,034 | 17, 558 | 9,750 | 4, 266 | 2,935 |
| Gondolas and open hoppers.-.----...........-do.- | 133 | 2,376 | 23, 057 | 52, 482 | 57,700 | 58,148 | 67, 579 | 63,514 | 29.433 | 46,830 | 28,959 | 11,903 | 4,738 | 5,260 |
|  | 1,480 | 245 | 29 | 46 |  | 160 | 19 | 35 | 614 | 569 | 1,577 | 2,694 | 6,402 | 2.316 |
|  | 518 | 127 | 23 | 18 | 4 | 31 | 8 | 6 | 399 | 525 | 1,441 | 2,096 | 5,217 | 1,794 |
|  | 903 | 92 |  | 1 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 183 | 17 | 60 | 537 | 1.017 | 442 |
| Financial operations: <br> Operating revenues, total 8 ...................il of dol | + 928.6 | 829.9 | 824.8 | 778.4 | 692.8 | 767.6 | 743.7 |  |  | 779.5 | 833.6 | 846.9 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 801.3 \\ \hline 18.5\end{array}$ | 710.3 | 676.5 | 660.2 | 589.9 | 655.0 | 630.8 | 643.7 | 666.0 | 648.5 | 700.0 | 724.5 | 772.2 |  |
|  | 52.5 | 52.9 | 65.0 | 57.7 | 48.7 | 50.5 | 51.5 | 53.6 | 63.0 | 65.4 | 64.1 | 52.1 | 50.5 |  |
|  | 697.6 | 666.0 | 683.6 | 650.0 | 599.4 | 623.6 | 609.9 | 621.4 | 620.4 | 627.4 | 629.9 | 630.1 |  |  |
| Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents mil. of dol |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96.9 | 93.6 |  |  | 111.9 | 123.3 |  |  |
| Net rallway operating income.................do.... | r 99.7 | 64.2 | 59.0 | 31.8 | 88.9 | 44.0 | 36.9 | 44.0 | 67.2 | 51.6 | 91.8 | 93.6 | 114.7 |  |
| Net incomet | 79.8 | 45. 2 | 73.6 | 16.7 | ${ }^{8} 10.7$ | 24.5 | 10̂. 7 | 27.3 | 49.4 | 30.9 | 74.5 | 72.7 |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Operating results: }}{\text { Oreat }}$ ( mile..............mil. of ton-miles | 55,629 | 50, 192 | 45,995 | 46, 508 | 41,300 | 46,592 | 43, 002 | 46,335 | 47, 113 | 43,945 | 51,174 | 50, 164 |  |  |
| Revenue per ton-mile....-.-....---............-cents.- | 1.473 | 1.462 | 1. 504 | 1. 468 | 1. 472 | 1.454 | 1,503 | 1.443 | 1.458 | 1. 516 | 1,417 |  |  |  |
| Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue .........-millions.. | 1,821 | 1,776 | 2,259 | 1,966 | 1,621 | 1,719 | 1,764 | 1,831 | 2,212 | 2,396 | 2,368 |  |  |  |
| Waterway Traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade; Total U.S. ports............thous. of net tons.- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,692 |  | 12,724 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11, 359 | 10, 238 | 9,894 | 9,547 | 7,910 | -9,550 | $\stackrel{1}{1,546}$ | 10,588 | 10,430 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,810 | 2,536 | 2,018 | 2,024 | 1,849 | 2,130 | 2,146 | 2,519 | 2,294 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panama Canal: $\quad$ thous of long tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,305 929 | 3,994 832 | 4,058 | ${ }^{3,735}$ | 3,420 | 4,055 950 | $\begin{array}{r}3,863 \\ \hline 95\end{array}$ | 4,072 930 | 1,087 | 4,102 1,087 | 4,086 986 | 3, 949 |  |  |

- Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Deficit. $\quad$ Preliminary.
$\oplus$ Revisions for 1956 for average cash fares are shown in the January 1958 SURVEY and for operating revenues, in the April 1958 issue. OData for Novernber 1957 and March, May, August, and November 1958 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$\odot$ Revisions for February and March 1955 and 1956 appear in the April 1958 Surver.
O Includes data not shown separately.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for August and September $1957, \$ 79,700,000$ and $\$ 64,000,000$, respectively.

| Cinless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { iry } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem ber |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A verage sale per occupied room. . .-......-. dollars. | 9.01 | 8.81 | 7.98 | 8.31 | 8.31 | 8.04 | 8.68 | 8.15 | 8. 73 | 8.17 | 9.14 | 8.84 | 9.37 |  |
| Rooms occupied.-.....-.----------- percent of total. | 77 | 67 | 54 | 68 | 69 | 67 | 69 | 68 | 69 | 60 | 65 | 69 | 75 |  |
| Restaurant sales index.-...--same month $1929=100$ - | 272 | 262 | 241 | 259 | 254 | 243 | 205 | 303 | 280 | 242 | 262 | 266 | 275 |  |
| Foreign travel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 119, 148 | 95,909 | 93,952 | 95. 814 | 93, 460 | 109, 116 | 105, 173 | 117, 417 | 141, 362 | 179, 863 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 95, 824 | 79,431 | 100,117 | 107, 711 | 100,548 | 113,162 | 117.156 | 134, 768 | 196, 429 | 195, 209 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 81, 104 | 68, 036 | 67,926 | 66, 587 | 56,307 | 77,174 | 77, 151 | 86, 398 | 91,989 | 102. 541 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 55, 740 | 49.478 | 61, 308 | 37,206 | 45,516 | 57, 642 | 60, 139 | 70, 774 | 86,052 | 82.834 |  |  |  |  |
| Passports issued and renewed.......-.-.----.-- do-..-- | 30,387 | 26, 262 | 28,419 | 48, 238 | 56, 521 | 75, 652 | 99, 054 | 88, 168 | 73, 251 | 59, 062 | 46,924 | 38,039 | 33,715 | 27,829 |
|  | 1,073 | 430 | 342 | 382 | 371 | 410 | 687 | 1,350 | 3,095 | 5,116 | 5,507 | 2,026 | 1.297 |  |
| Pullman Co.: <br> Revenue passenger-miles millions. | 399 | 364 | 420 | 462 | 374 | 381 | 359 | 345 | 397 | 337 | 346 | 283 |  |  |
|  | 6,062 | 5,522 | 6,382 | 7,044 | 5,765 | 5,938 | 5,585 | 5,376 | 6,153 | 5,209 | 5,347 | 4,389 |  |  |
| COMM UNICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 573. 410 | 564.297 325.853 | 579.975 331.492 | 577.513 333,297 | 559,574 330,850 | 579, 203 | 582, 147 | 589,161 338 | 590,595 339,292 | 595,002 | 599, 589 | 601, 052 |  |  |
|  | 325,268 197,052 | 325,853 187,067 | 331,492 196,124 | 333,297 191,674 | 330,850 176,685 | 333,729 192,665 | 336,933 192,266 | 338,344 196,798 | 339,292 197,218 | 337,800 203,105 | 339,333 204,719 | $\begin{aligned} & 343,959 \\ & 201,615 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | 381, 304 | 366. 209 | 392, 194 | 381, 312 | 358, 127 | 374, 632 | 371, 723 | 369, 177 | 360, 538 | 370,246 | 362,219 | 363, 844 |  |  |
|  | 80, 690 | 83, 700 | 79, 54.5 | 79, 442 | 81, 826 | 84, 489 | 87, 478 | 93, 071 | 97,391 | 93,851 | 99,959 | 100,471 |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of month .-.......thousands.- | 55,309 | 55, 536 | 55,781 | 55, 959 | 56, 101 | 56,244 | 56, 426 | 56,635 | 56,834 | 57,044 | 57,269 | 57, 563 |  |  |
| Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wiretelegraph: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire-telegraph: <br> Operating revenues. $\qquad$ thous. of dol.- | 20,970 | 18,745 | 20,330 | 19,467 | 17,952 | 19,360 | 19,698 | 19,961 | 20, 229 | 19, 789 | 20,981 | 21, 276 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation......-do...- | 18, 412 | 17,533 | 17,941 | 17,972 | 16, 489 | 17, 413 | 17, 770 | 18, 070 | 18,011 | 18,825 | 18,483 | 18,873 |  |  |
|  | 1,731 | 451 | 2.075 | 497 | 536 | 986 | 1,032 | 977 | 1,335 | -94 | 1,679 | 1,726 |  |  |
| Ocean-cable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues-.-.-.-.-.-.----.-.-.-. do..... Operating expenses, | 3,243 | 2,995 | 3,206 2,387 | 3,188 2,415 | 2,891 2,200 | 3,071 2,288 | 2,854 2,213 | 2,946 2,394 | 2,899 2,245 | 3,029 2,501 | r 2,575 2,362 | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 8311$ |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl, depreciation........ do.... | 2, 282 | 2, 322 | 2, 387 | 2,415 464 | 2,200 418 | 2, 288 | 2,213 361 | 2,394 283 | 2,245 382 | 2,501 247 | 2,362 4,40 | 2, 211 |  |  |
| Radiotelegraph: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,600 | 3,260 | 3,439 | 3. 432 | 3, 101 | 3,343 | 3,340 | 3,508 | 3,395 | 3,578 | 3,588 | 3,645 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation.......do....- | 2,771 | 2,648 | 2,895 | 2,815 | 2,646 | 2, 737 | 2, 705 | 2,814 | 2,725 | 2,851 | 2, 686 | 2, 837 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues..-.-...-.-............. do..-- | 718 | 512 | 443 | 503 | 342 | 493 | 522 | 574 | 551 | 619 | 798 | 701 |  |  |

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS


| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | Janu- ary | February | March | April | May | June | Juiy | tngust | Septem- ber | October | November |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption (10 States) $\oplus$.......-thous. of short tons.. | 411 | 334 | 287 | 314 | 432 | 1. 107 | 1, 644 | 1,313 | 901 | 279 | 200 | 340 |  |  |
|  | 464, 974 | 392, 048 | 361,631 | 310, 929 | 289, 916 | 361, 372 | 480,615 | 440,893 | 492, 271 | 534, 793 | 486, 231 | 477,045 |  |  |
|  | 89,941 | 70, 852 | 72. 221 | 60, 753 | 80,534 | 40,681 | 56, 565 | 30, 582 | 54, 721 | 35, 378 | 45, 502 | 25, 518 |  |  |
|  | 327, 238 | 264, 064 | 272, 165 | 216, 263 | 176, 185 | 254, 519 | 349, 964 | 340, 998 | 389, 777 | 435, 342 | 391,706 | 399, 136 |  |  |
|  | 20,608 | 41,859 | 7, 722 | 16,992 | 17, 508 | 54, 118 | 52, 547 | 53, 391 | 37,403 | 55,605 | 3S, 256 | 46, 594 |  |  |
| Imports, totalo | 192, 190 | 205, 134 | 211, 548 | 298, 502 | 224, 835 | 374, 303 | 2f2, 087 | 158, 349 | 139,356 | 109, 724 | 174.920 |  |  |  |
| Nitrogenous materials, totalo -.-.............-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 106,965 | 155, 271 | 160,757 | 220, 121 | 137,632 | 158,364 | 138,293 | 87, 726 | 91, 775 | 73, 692 | 107, 992 |  |  |  |
| Nitrate of soda------------------------ do | 21, 724 | 88,290 | 50,771 | 36, 109 | 33, 552 | 32, 862 | 39, 395 | 36,903 | 52, 527 | 39, 458 | 27, 279 |  |  |  |
| Phosphate materia | 17,838 | 10, 079 | 9,439 | 14,813 | 7,926 | 10,759 | 6, 392 | 8,547 | 7,169 | 6,795 | 10, 294 |  |  |  |
| Potash materials <br> Price, wholesale, nitrate of soda, crude, f. o. b. cars, <br>  | 41, 720 | 22,839 49.75 | 26,194 49.75 | 39.905 49.75 | 49,451 49.75 | 30,786 49.75 | 55,731 49.75 | 7,494 49.75 | 11,858 49.75 | 9,618 49.75 | 36.820 49.75 | 49.75 | - 49.75 |  |
| Potash deliveries short tons | 113, 306 | 160, 852 | 124, 833 | 173, 131 | 153, 573 | 245, 330 | 314, 277 | 151,371 | 57, 283 | 114, 434 | 221, 480 | 115, 781 | 205,581 |  |
|  | 218, 245 | 207, 990 | 213,861 | 222, 379 | 210, 399 | 229,982 | 241,668 | 232,805 | 172, 722 | 160, 078 | r 146, 254 | 168, 377 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month --.---..---............................ MISCELLANEOUS | 342, 657 | 375, 678 | 407, 022 | 417, 593 | 410, 915 | 358, 747 | 274,457 | 267, 418 | 315, 581 | 369,667 | - 362,905 | 333.193 |  |  |
| Explosives (industrial), shipments: <br> Black blasting powder.....................thous. of Ib <br> High explosives............................................. do. | $\begin{array}{r} 299 \\ 82,141 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 352 \\ 69,603 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 340 \\ 68,154 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 64, } 293 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | 58,393 | 190 61,394 | $\begin{array}{r} 106 \\ 64,580 \end{array}$ | $66,327$ | $\begin{array}{r} 132 \\ 68,234 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 193 \\ 61,432 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 238 \\ 73,594 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 305 \\ 77,177 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 269 \\ 79,494 \end{array}$ |  |
| Sulfur (native): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 462 4,305 | $\begin{array}{r}446 \\ 4,355 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 472 4,423 | 461 4,540 | 415 4,621 | 429 4,621 | 4,633 4,638 | 415 4,620 | 384 4,662 | 359 4,721 | $\begin{array}{r} 356 \\ 4,666 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 336 \\ r 4.652 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 348 \\ 4,530 \end{array}$ |  |
| FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Animal fats and greases: $0^{7} \ddagger$ Tallow, edible: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 23,046 | 25.786 | 23, 132 | 24, 755 | 25,698 | 22,503 | 22, 592 | ${ }^{27,379}$ | 25, 253 | 24, 348 | 28, 112 | 27, 242 | 31, 717 |  |
| Consumption, factory ${ }^{\text {Stocks (incl }}$ - | r 23,912 13,352 | r 23,199 13,901 | r 17,810 19,763 | 20,791 23,458 | 25,430 23,927 | 22,900 20,691 | 21,443 20,933 | 24,376 24,047 | 23, 535 23,812 | 24,859 20,838 | 28,926 19,246 | 25, 023 18,962 | 29,979 21,232 |  |
| Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: |  |  |  |  |  | 20,691 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 237,040 | 223, 282 | 211, 279 | 231, 653 | 203, 628 | 193, 459 | 199,340 | 205, 720 | 199, 863 | 204, 902 | 211, 439 | 208, 670 | 244,362 |  |
| Consumption, factory | 165, 092 | ${ }^{\text {r 146, }} 151$ | ${ }^{+141,343}$ | 148, 147 | 126,104 | 135, 987 | 129, 185 | 128, 091 | 127, 154 | 114, 480 | 139,076 | 148. 658 | 148, 649 |  |
| Stocks (excl. refined grades), end of month.. do | 239, 287 | 249, 102 | 270, 070 | 267, 193 | 244, 655 | 230, 809 | 233, 836 | 229, 349 | 240, 242 | 244, 046 | 233, 414 | 223, 785 | 201, 264 |  |
| Fish and marine mammal oils: $\Delta \ddagger$ Production | r 24, 496 | ${ }^{+} 10,056$ | r 6, 420 | 384 | 440 | 647 | 1,547 | 16,248 | 26,791 | 28,497 | 30,888 | - 27.854 | 1,883 |  |
| Consumption, factory | r 13, 497 | r 10,384 | r 12,071 | 10,209 | 9,619 | 10, 790 | 8,576 | 9,320 | 9,064 | 9,079 | 10,645 | -12,875 | 11, 582 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 92,372 | 89, 110 | 78, 480 | 71,148 | 66, 532 | 59,032 | 78, 123 | 84, 732 | 96, 601 | 105, 984 | 113, 242 | -113, 333 | 118,968 |  |
| Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts: $\ddagger$ Vegetable oils, total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{r} 588$ |  | ${ }_{r} 651$ | 614 | 528 | 552 | 526 | 511 | 450 | 457 | 495 | 489 | 725 |  |
|  | ${ }^{r} 461$ | $r 418$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 429$ | 606 | 540 | 559 | 565 | 568 | 539 | 464 | 502 | 527 | 610 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Crude. $\qquad$ do | - 522 | 610 | $\bigcirc 676$ | ${ }^{659}$ | 648 | 668 | 641 | 592 | 526 | 521 | 507 | 430 | 481 |  |
| Refined | 269 | 306 | 325 | 337 | 348 | 411 | 431 | 395 | 351 | 312 | 251 | 214 | 232 |  |
| Exports.------------------.---...- thous. of 1 lb | 93, 305 | 55, 146 | 130, 156 | 89, 169 | 44,651 | 78,361 | 78,947 | 227, 641 | 130, 874 | 80, 536 | 105, 692 | 114,613 |  |  |
| Imports, tota | ${ }^{43,555}$ | 39,887 | 50,799 | 49, 254 | 30, 341 | 45, 799 | 28,348 | 55, 750 | 34,301 1 1 | 57,325 | 41, 963 |  |  |  |
| Paint oils.----a-- All other vegetable | 1,885 41,670 | 1,157 38,730 |  | 1,795, | 3,496 26,845 | 1,009 44,789 | 1, 041 | 17,460 38,290 | 1,731 32,570 |  | 1, 982 39,881 |  |  |  |
| All other vegetable |  | 38, 30 |  | 47, 459 | 26, 845 | 44, 89 | 27,307 | 38, 290 | 32, 50 | 56, 487 | 39,881 |  |  |  |
| Copra: <br> Consumption factory ........................ | 32, 627 | 32. 450 | 32, 5 | 31,469 | 20,334 | 22,333 | 27, 108 | 31,006 | 28,675 | 26,329 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15,065 | 23,979 |  | 16, 721 | 18, 122 | 10, 761 | 9,602 | 13, 226 | 14,512 | 16, 221 | 11,760 | 15,283 | 8,348 |  |
|  | 39, 410 | 36, 483 | 30, 183 | 32, 120 | 16, 416 | 12,857 | 29,668 | 32, 425 | 28, 440 | 23, 557 | 24, 694 |  |  |  |
| Coconut or copra oil: Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41,588 | 41,069 | 41,574 | 40, 167 | 25,146 | 28,490 | 35, 238 | 40,162 | 36,716 | 33, 859 | 38,934 | 35,084 | 37, 404 |  |
| Refined. | 51, 702 | 34, 712 | 29, 178 | 36, 367 | 36, 425 | 37, 823 | 38, 745 | 36, 552 | 38,462 | 34, 506 | 41,287 | 34, 853 | 40,658 |  |
| Consumption, Crude | r 76,439 | ${ }^{\text {r } 52,885}$ | r 48, 390 | 55,516 | 52,046 | 55, 078 | 54,932 | 51,316 | 55, 274 | 49,230 | 61, 720 | 56,384 | 61,365 |  |
| Refined | 41,806 | 32, 532 | 29,526 | 33, 107 | 3e, 766 | 34, 863 | 35,093 | 38,038 | 37,092 | 31, 065 | 41,855 | 35, 219 | 40,429 |  |
| Stocks, end Crude | 37,065 | 38.821 | 56,840 | 57.329 | 46,641 | 41,368 | 45,930 | 43,508 | 41,881 | 49,339 | 54,372 | 50, 566 | 42,477 |  |
| Refine | 11, 245 | 11,913 | 12,287 | 11,065 | 11, 163 | 12,485 | 11, 505 | 8,619 | 8,707 | 10,700 | 10,555 | 9,544 | 9,351 |  |
| Imports. | 14, 238 | 14, 460 | 23, 099 | 19,776 | 10,589 | 20, 747 | 10, 993 | 19, 102 | 9,462 | 33,018 | 19,448 |  |  |  |
|  | r 1,145 | r 936 | r 929 | 273 | 81 | 36 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 81 | 305 | 482 | 1,643 |  |
| Consumption (erush) -------.................do.. | $\stackrel{r}{1} 648$ | r 613 | r 544 | 522 | 407 | 327 | 255 | 180 | 127 | 132 | 148 | 307 | 712 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month....................d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | -917 | r 1, 241 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.626$ | 1,367 | 1, 042 | 758 | 516 | 341 | 225 | 175 | 331 | 507 | 1,437 |  |
| Cottonseed cake and meal: <br> Production. short tons.- | \% 300, 806 | r281, 252 | r 247, 536 | 238,031 | 186, 389 | 149,743 | 117,320 | 81,357 | 55,749 | 59,542 | 69,370 | 135,067 | 329, 102 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month.................do | 249, 883 | -262, 388 | r 247,186 | 241, 455 | 224, 694 | 198,037 | 189, 776 | 182, 734 | 162, 223 | 112,475 | 78, 441 | 71,215 | 116, 105 |  |
| Cottonseed oil, crude: <br> Production. thous. of lb.- | r223, 738 | г204, 379 | r 181, 195 | 174, 440 | 140, 101 | 110, 930 | 87,224 | 61,675 | 43, 206 |  | 48, 129 | 96,315 | 239, 110 |  |
|  | 108, 142 | r 127, 838 | ${ }_{r} \times 124,413$ | 129,699 | 136,965 | 124,862 | 87, 442 | 71, 433 | 45,678 | 37,972 | 33, 025 | 49,061 | 122,625 |  |
| Cottonseed oil, refined: <br> Production. | 130, 973 | 133, 777 | 131,698 | 138,290 | 108. 729 |  | 108, 425 | 74,534 | 66, 351 |  | 47,029 |  | 143, 977 |  |
|  | 116, 520 | 109, 610 | 107, 956 | 115, 273 | 94, 796 | -92, 916 | 966, 364 | 94, 914 | 84,589 | 82,658 | 91,901 | 96,931 | 120, 921 |  |
|  | 18,008 | 15,685 | 15,619 | 17, 777 | 14, 736 | 10, 263 | 11, 081 | 9, 461 | 8,674 | 8,877 | 11, 574 | 10,662 | 11, 232 |  |
|  | + 95 | 114 195 | 132 .05 | +152 | $\begin{array}{r}161 \\ \hline 205 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{189}$ | -192 | 180 205 | ${ }^{169}$ | $\stackrel{130}{ }$ | -95 | 10,72 -180 | - 103 |  |
| Price, wholesale, drums (N. X.)....-.-dol. per ib.- <br> Flaxseed: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ thous. of bu.- | . 195 | . 195 | . 205 125,754 | . 205 | . 205 | . 205 | . 205 | 205 | . 201 | . 201 | . 201 | . 180 | p. 172 | ${ }^{2} 39,969$ |
| Oil mills: <br> Consumption $\qquad$ do | 2, 730 | 2, 373 | 2,069 | 1,854 | 1,942 | 2,312 | 1,684 | 1,585 | 1,364 | 1,000 | 1,872 | 2,559 | 2, 571 |  |
| Stocks, end of month .-.......-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 3,794 | 4,662 | 4,414 | 4,719 | 4, 155 | 2,847 | 2, 127 | 1,644 | 1,547 | 2,064 | 2,968 | 5,868 | 5,646 |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minneapolis) dol. per bu_. | 3.40 | 3.35 | 3.42 | 3.34 | 3.21 | 3. 10 | 2.99 | 2.98 | 3.00 | 3.23 | 3. 10 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.97 |

$r$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. 1 December 1 estimate of 1957 crop. 2 Novomber 1 estimate of 1958 crop.

$\ddagger$ Revisions will be shown later covering 1955, 1956 , and January-September 1957 (also 1954 for edible tallow) for production, consumption, and steeks of commodities affected.
TConsumption figures for edible tallow exchude quantities used in refining; those for inedible tallow, etc., inchade such quantities.
 these oils held by producing firms.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of descriptive notes are shown
BUSINESS STATISTICS

| 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | Janul. ary | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | A pril | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem. ber |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS—Continued

| FATS, OILS, ETC.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts-Continued Linseed oll, raw: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\ddagger$.-.-.-......-...............thous. of lb.- | 52,829 | 45,699 | 39, 771 | 35, 847 | 37,788 | 44, 166 | 32, 888 | 30. 597 | 26, 343 | 19.147 | 37.155 | 51, 486 | 52, 278 |  |
|  | 43,348 | 35,696 | 27, 308 | 32.616 | 29, 177 | 35,016 | 32, 226 | 33, 168 | 39, 901 | 39,646 | 42,831 | 40, 343 | 40,636 |  |
| Stocks at factory, end of month $\ddagger$ - .-...-....-do-.- | 64, 345 | 75,380 | 89, 258 | 87,429 | 95, 766 | 103, 080 | 99, 184 | 93,066 | 77, 364 | 57,279 | 52,087 | 60, 034 | 70, 576 |  |
| Price, wholesale (Minneapolis).-.-----dol. per lb.- | . 148 | . 149 | . 150 | . 150 | . 148 | 143 | . 140 | . 138 | . 137 | . 137 | . 136 | . 131 | ${ }^{\text {p. }} 132$ |  |
| Soybeans: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ thous. of bu.. |  |  | 1479, 841 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 575,046$ |
|  | 28.084 | 29,227 | 28. 417 | 31.091 | 27. 104 | 30, 850 | 31, 477 | 32, 208 | 28.706 | 29,956 | 31,620 | 25,066 | 33, 470 |  |
|  | 66, 741 | 80,467 | 78, 883 | 70,010 | 62, 897 | 57,983 | 51,747 | 40,879 | 36, 194 | 30, 916 | 13,990 | 13,871 | 98, 112 |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 306, 746 | 313.366 | 299, 940 | 328, 321 | 288, 663 | 330, 112 | 335, 600 | 347, 301 | 310,913 | 327, 856 | 340, 868 | 269, 825 | 352, 574 |  |
|  | 252.453 | 240, 139 | 248.735 | 292,857 | 276, 880 | 280, 886 | 290, 285 | 333, 009 | 299, 924 | 251. 997 | 279, 672 | 281, 373 | 274, 815 |  |
| Consumption, | 247, 491 | 231, 439 | 249. 682 | 285, 901 | 271, 887 | 255, 936 | 299, 146 | 344, 673 | 307, 519 | 268, 445 | 308, 269 | 316, 579 | 302, 844 |  |
| Stocks, end of month Crude | 205, 285 | 249, 323 | 281, 268 | 2611.537 | 242, 552 | 264, 859 | 282, 648 | 245, 125 | 222, 903 | 243, 232 | 238, 214 | 148, 462 | 126,969 |  |
|  | 110, 813 | 125,027 | 124,738 | 114, 704 | 116. 994 | 142, 617 | 159, 474 | 147, 884 | 119, 796 | 120. 324 | 98, 526 | 82,047 | 65, 799 |  |
| Price, wholesale, refined (N. Y.)....-.-dol. per lb-- | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 166 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | p. 155 |  |
| Margarinf Productiont | 137, 967 | r128, 951 | 134.879 | 150.862 | 135.202 | 124, 382 | 131.531 | 121, 338 | 112, 912 | 120, 884 | 118,020 | 136, 552 | 143,623 |  |
| Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of mo do- | 29,391 | 32, 205 | 26, 392 | 28.930 | 34. 324 | 36.625 | 33, 163 | 34, 520 | 33, 906 | 32, 406 | 30,752 | 26,794 | 34, 743 |  |
| Price, wholesale, colored, delivered (castern U. S.) <br> dol. per Ib_- | . 275 | . 275 | 275 | 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 272 | . 265 | . 265 | . 265 | P. 262 |  |
| Shortening: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ Stocks, end of month thous, of lb-- | $\begin{aligned} & 176,608 \\ & 11,538 \end{aligned}$ | 168.555 | $\begin{aligned} & 120.971 \\ & 120,337 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 175,410 \\ & 116.209 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 167,332 \\ & 124.689 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 149.601 \\ & 134.781 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 154,348 \\ & 134,633 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 158,197 \\ & 132.677 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 158,180 \\ & 132,324 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 151,599 \\ & 122,856 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 168,755 \\ 115,321 \end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{177,044}$ | 206,994 121,294 |  |
| PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory shipments, total.........-...-.-.-. mil. of dol. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 145.5 | 156.9 | 158.6 | 149.3 | 148.3 | 145.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 95.2 | 106.2 | 107.9 | 101.9 | 97.1 | 96.6 |  |  |
| Industrial finishes....-...............-----.-.- do |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50.3 | 50.7 | 50.7 | 47.4 | 51.2 | 48.8 |  |  |
| SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN Materials |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: <br> Sheets, rods, and tubes.................thous. of lb. | 3,813 | 3,653 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 3,637$ | ${ }^{3} 4,043$ | ${ }^{3} 3,497$ | 3 3, 549 |  |  |  |
| Molding and extrusion materials....-.........do...-- | 9.663 | 7,624 | 7.778 | 6. 138 | 6. 677 | 7.653 | 6,452 | ${ }^{3} \mathbf{3} 6,874$ | ${ }^{3} 6.176$ | ${ }^{3} 6,911$ | 38,734 | 38,215 |  |  |
| Other cellulose plastics.--...-....-.---.-.-.-do- | 546 | 344 | 259 | 874 | 671 | 736 | 775 | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubes-.........-do.... | 330 | 339 | 360 | 348 | 290 | 278 | 229 | 246 | 231 | 205 | 229 | 223 |  |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins..............do...- | 45.317 | 37,769 | 34, 379 | 38,813 | 32, 500 | 33, 260 | 29,403 | 30, 249 | 31, 176 | 28, 476 | 34, 270 | 39, 900 |  |  |
|  | 52.759 | 47,811 | 45, 903 | 41.701 | 42,216 | ${ }^{4.5} 838$ | 48,359 | 48, 515 | 47,513 | 40,988 | 47,199 | 55, 257 |  |  |
| Urea and melamine resins..........-.-.-.......-do. | 25,933 | 22,926 | 23,094 | 25.630 | ${ }_{51,871}$ | ${ }^{23,901}$ | 22, 237 | 23, 215 | 21,049 | 17, 940 | 25, 128 | 28, 302 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 77.088 \\ & 32.979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71.535 \\ & 24,937 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66,458 \\ & 24,059 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68.977 \\ & 27,927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58.327 \\ & 25,805 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 62,698 \\ 25,876 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 54, \\ & 27,914 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56,785 \\ & 28,099 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57,986 \\ & 29,677 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53,747 \\ & 28,552 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{r} 69,672 \\ & \mathrm{r} 28,314 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82,133 \\ & 30,375 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | $10,991$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,937 \\ 9,097 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,059 \\ 7.590 \end{array}$ | $10,340$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,805 \\ 8.643 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,876 \\ 8.506 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27,914 \\ & 10.117 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,099 \\ & 11056 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 29,677 \\ 9,238 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,552 \\ 8.876 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} \ulcorner \\ r \\ r \end{array} 1,314$ | $30,375$ $10,665$ |  |  |
|  | 7,976 | 6,589 | 6. 546 | 7,533 | 7,910 | 8,637 | 9,966 | 10, 868 | 10,743 | 8,962 | r 7, 991 | 8, 730 |  |  |
| Polyethylene resins.-...-.-.-.-.......................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 62, 552 | 62,936 | 68.510 | 69.522 | 61, 801 | 72, 121 | 66, 813 | 70,963 | 68,068 | 70,035 | 68,064 | 75, 252 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | 17, 681 | 16,046 | 14, 741 | 15.677 | 12,938 | 14,478 | 15,313 | 15, 834 | 15,343 | 14,389 | +15,820 | 15, 816 |  |  |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTRIC POWER <br> Production (utility and industrial), totalt mil. of kw.hr-- |  |  |  | 62, 216 | 56, 219 | 59, 158 | 55, 785 | 57, 528 | $58,196$ | 61,327 | $63,280$ | 60,689 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric utilities, total................---------- do.--- |  |  |  | 55.363 | 50, 056 | 52.623 | 49,489 | 51, 183 | $51,927$ | 54,991 | $56,645$ | 53, 993 | 55, 357 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 42. 838 | 39.082 | 39, 917 | 36, 491 | 37, 574 | 40,343 | 43,383 | 45, 451 | 43, 258 | 44, 543 |  |
| By waterpower....------------------------- do |  |  |  | 12. 525 | 10.974 | 12. 706 | 12,999 | 13, 609 | 11, 584 | 11.608 | 11, 194 | 10,735 | 10,814 |  |
| Privately and municipally owned utilities...do |  |  |  | 44,454 | 40. 238 | 41, 693 | 39,062 | 40,698 | 41,976 | 44,479 | 45, 760 | 43,767 | 44, 853 |  |
| Other producers (publicly owned) ..........-. do |  |  |  | 10,910 | 9,817 | 10.930 | 10, 427 | 10, 485 | 9,951 | 10,512 | 10,885 | 10, 226 | 10, 504 |  |
| Industrial establishments, total.-......--...-.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  |  | 6. 853 | f. 164 | 6. 535 | 6,296 | 6,345 | 6,269 | 6,336 | 6,634 | 6,696 | 7,060 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 6, 544 | 5. 874 | f. 206 | 5,976 | 6,031 | 5,990 | 6. 082 | 6,382 | 6,466 | 6.822 |  |
| By waterpow |  |  |  | 309 | 289 | 329 | 320 | 314 | 279 | 253 | 253 | 230 | 238 |  |
| Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) | 46,304 | 46.042 | 47.062 | 48.433 | 46, 987 | 46. 703 | 45,263 | 44, 707 | 45, 746 | 46,646 | 48,919 | + 49, 215 | D 48,350 |  |
| Oommercial and industrial: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7.969 | 7,772 | 7.932 | 8, 144 | 7,961 | 7.831 | 7,699 | 7,782 | 8, 419 | 8,915 | 9.494 | + 9,365 | ¢8. 700 |  |
|  | 24, 120 | 23, 367 | $\underline{29.911}$ | 22,603 | 21,649 | 22, 156 | 21,889 | 22, 155 | 22, 439 | 22, 261 | 23,375 | r 23,854 | p 24,350 |  |
| Railways and railroads.-.....----.-.-.-.------- do. | 326 | $33 ?$ | 382 | 376 | 349 | 352 | 326 | 305 | 291 | 284 | 293 | 289 |  |  |
|  | 11,493 | 12. 322 | 13, 55.3 | 14. 919 | 14, 691 | 14,026, | 13, 144 | 12, 173 | 12,061 | 12,416 | 12,885 | r 12, 943 | p 12,450 |  |
| Rurai (distinct rurai rates) | 908 | 741 | 730 | 776 | 762 | 787 | 723 | 798 | 1, 021 | 1. 244 | 1,313 | 1, 170 |  |  |
| Street and highway lighting | 457 | 491 | 516 | 529 | 477 | 463 | 423 | 398 | 380 | 389 | 419 | 449 |  |  |
| Other public authorities. | 989 | 982 | 1,012 | 1.037 | 1.054 | 1,041 | 1,020 | 1,047 | 1,077 | 1,074 | 1,078 | 1,089 |  |  |
|  | 42 | 36 | 46 | 49 | 44 | 48 | 35 | 50 | 57 | 63 | 61 | 56 |  |  |
| Electric Institute) $\ddagger$---.........---...... thous. of dol.- | 71, 174 | 773, 505 | 708,014 | 824,613 | 811, 224 | 797, 337 | 776,596 | 763, 006 | 786, 752 | 805, 925 | 836,479 | 840, 854 | -------.-.-..... |  |
| GAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly) : ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of quarter, total --.---- thousa |  |  | 3. 165 |  |  | 3, 153 |  |  | 3, 152 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) |  |  | 2, 952 |  |  | 2,944 |  |  | 2,940 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial. |  |  | 211 |  |  | 207 |  |  | 210 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total |  |  | 596 |  |  | 958 |  |  | 553 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) .-...-....-.-. do |  |  | 430 |  |  | 756 |  |  | 396 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.------.---........- |  |  | 158 |  |  | 195 |  |  | 148 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total _ mil. of d |  |  | 82.1 |  |  | 123.4 |  |  | 78.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (inch. house-heating) |  |  | fi3. 6 |  |  | 99.7 |  |  | 60.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial |  |  | 18.0 |  |  | 23.2 |  |  | 17.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| etc., and molding and extrusion materials. <br> $\ddagger$ Revisions will be published later as follows: Linseed oil, production and stocks (January 1957); soybeans, comsumption and stocks (Mareh 1957); soybean oil, consumpti in and refined |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 1957 will be available later (for unrevised 1957 data, see the september 1958 strever and carlier issues). <br> \& Data are based on a new and improved sample; they relate to specific products instead of the former "customer" classification. Comparable figures for January-March 1958 will be published later |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| published later. <br> OTotals include data not shown sparately. Revis | ons for Is | $\text { and } 2 \mathrm{~d}$ |  |  |  | $\text { vailable } 1$ | on requ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem－ ber | Decem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | ${ }_{\text {Septem－}}^{\text {ber }}$ | October | Novem ber |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS－Continued



FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO


$$
\begin{array}{|r|r} 
& \\
5,247 & \\
5,723 & \\
9,337 & \\
21,866 & 1 \\
22,052 & 2 \\
16,014 & 1 \\
83,771 & 84 \\
3,644 & \\
11,743 & 1 \\
9,170 & \\
733,948 & 73 \\
3,310 & \\
8,931 & \\
7,553 & \\
& \\
178 & \\
329 & \\
1,722 & 104 \\
12,774 & \\
12,476 & 1 \\
203,882 & 19 \\
813 & \\
25,263 &
\end{array}
$$

Butter，creamery：
Production（fiactory）$\ddagger$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 l Price，wholesale， 92 －score（New York）－－－dol．per ib
Produ


Imports
Condensed and evaporated milk：dalesale，American，single daisies（Chicago）
dol．per lb
Condensed and evaporated milk：
Production，case goods：$f$
Condensed（sweetened）
Condensed（sweetened）－．．．－．．．．．．．．．．－．－thous．of Ib
Evaporated（unsweetened）
Stocks，manufacturers＇，case goods，end of month：－
Condensed（sweetened）
Evaporated（unsweetened）
Exports：
Condensed（sweetened）
Evaporated（unsweetened）
Price，manufacturers＇average selling：－－－－－－do．－
Fluid milk： Fluid milk：
－mil．of lb

Price，wholesale，U．S．average．－．－．－dol．per 100 lb
Dry milk：
roduction：$\ddagger$
Dry whole mil

Nonfat dry milk solids（human food）－．．．．．．－do．．．
Stocks，manufacturers＇，end of month：

Exports：
Nonfat dry milk solids（human food）－－－－－－－－－－do－
Price，manufacturers＇average selling，nonfat dry
milk solids（human food）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．per lb．．．


| 㗹 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B゙こ } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | BN 벅 0 O |  |  | ¢ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 实 | Nom |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bu } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { Nor } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \mathscr{\infty} \end{aligned}$ | 合－ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 第。 } \\ & \text { 品岑 } \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ |  |  |  |
| 皆 | For | ¢ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gecos} \\ & \text { Gise ie } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{i} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | N－愛落 |  |  | \％ | な゙ち かった分 |  |  |
| 泜 | W． 웅응 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { +N } \\ & \text { ज्च } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \circ \\ & i \\ & i r \end{aligned}$ |  | Wer ¢ ¢\％ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 出 } \\ & \text { 然苑 } \end{aligned}$ | \％ |  | 30 0 000 | $\begin{array}{r} \infty=0 \\ \text { 㤩志定 } \end{array}$ |
| 先 |  | 㐌： | Wos cie \％ |  | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \underset{c}{9} \end{gathered}$ | －n | 为 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gin } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { co } \end{aligned}$ | \％ |  |  |  |
| 笖 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 今os } \\ & \text { wo } \\ & \text { 呆 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{9}{6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NW } \\ & \text { N్N心N } \\ & \text { Nown } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ¢్ర¢ |  |  |  |
| 芴 | 遃 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{O}{i}$ | 込 | －0 －68 |  | ¢ |  |  |  |
| ¢ | Sct | 㑔品 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 응 } \\ & \text { 80 } \\ & \hline 80 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | Sog |  |  | ¢ |  |  | 島家感苟宽 |
| 先 | 式 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & O \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | Fo |  | Nor Noㅇㅇㅇ | ＋ |  | 年気 |  |
| 霍 | 或 | 帯感 <br> 禺希 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & = \end{aligned}$ | 500 |  |  | \％ | $\omega$ い岕罂路受 | 合出 | \＆感言合 |
| 令 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non } \\ & \text { His } \\ & \text { Bix } \end{aligned}$ | 気 <br> 总皆 |  |  | $\underset{r}{e}$ | WN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 山్ } \\ & \text { Wor } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { ont } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { NO~ } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\substack{8 \\ \hline}}$ |  | ¢ |  |
| 梁 | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-4. } \\ & \text { ind } \\ & \text { cis } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { en o } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | 式 |  | $0$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { か్ } \\ & \text { - } \\ & \text { 웅잉 } \end{aligned}$ | ¢్ర్ర |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 今, } \\ \text { gis } \\ \text { and } \end{array}$ |
| \％ | ！ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{8}{9}$ |  | $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{6}_{6}$ 앙양 |  | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & 0.0 \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | ： | $*$  <br> - $\infty$ <br> \％ $\infty$ <br> \％  |  |  |  |  | \％ |  |  |  |

－Revised．$\quad$ Preliminary．
o Totals include data not shown separately．Revisions for 1 st and 2 d quarters of 1956 and 1957 are available upon request．
qData beginning July 1957 exclude production of wines and vermouth；for July 1956－June 1957，such production totaled 146,000 gal．


August 1957；nonfat dry milk solids（stocks）－January 1954－December 1956.
${ }^{a}$ Revision for September 1957 （thous．of wine gal．）：Production， 42,247 ；taxable withdrawals， 13,681 ；stocks，149，567；distilling materials，100，297．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| FRUITS AND VEGETABLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apples: <br> Production (crop estimate) <br> thous. of bu |  |  | ${ }^{1} 118,548$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 124,717$ |
|  | 3,466 | 2,768 | 3, 212 | 3,199 | 3,102 | 3,464 | 2 T 15 | 1,340 | 440 | 171 | 33 | 832 | $\cdots$ | $1{ }^{1} 736$ |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month...-- thous. of bu_- | 48,634 | 45, 621 | 37, 368 | 25,310 | 18, 229 | 9,412 | 4,195 | 1, 188 | 364 | 140 | 175 | 16,401 | - 54, 123 | 47, 353 |
| Citrus fruits, carlot shipments--..-... no. of carloads - | 4,734 | 6,505 | 8,573 | 7,059 | 6,043 | 6,323 | 6,114 | 7,500 | 5,388 | 4,792 | - 3,833 | - 2,708 | r 1,972 | 4, 000 |
| Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables:Stocks cold storage, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: <br> Fruits <br> thous. of lb | 545, 092 | 522, 747 | 494, 275 | 443, 980 | 402, 077 | 361,732 | 297, 391 | 316,493 | 425, 222 | 502, 334 | 536, 253 | 539, 084 | ir 530, 821 | 507, 504 |
|  | 337, 273 | 274, 368 | 288, 625 | 362,743 | 413, 994 | 439, 761 | 4¢0,771 | 513, 471 | 464, 068 | 412,398 | 356, 516 | 292, 215 | -r 245, 039 | 204, 960 |
| Vegetables .-....-------............------------- -- do | 993, 230 | 957,089 | 881, 717 | 780,616 | 698, 325 | 621,568 | 576, 539 | ${ }^{535}, 770$ | 550,078 | 650, 924 | 793, 100 | 860, 752 | -904, 592 | 889 - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, carlot ${ }_{\text {Price }}$ | 12,738 | 13,270 | 13,612 | 16,743 | 16,711 | 20, 306 | 15, 320 | 17, 475 | 16,909 | 11, 020 | ${ }^{\sim}$ | r9,094 | -9,874 | 9, 763 |
| dol. per 100 lb . | 3.708 | 3.350 | 3.288 | 3. 800 | 3.808 | 5.300 | 5.675 | 4.675 | 4.783 | 3.315 | 3.213 | 3.125 | ${ }^{\text {P } 2.860 ~}$ |  |
| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) ...thous. of bu_- | 55,497 | 60,335 | 64, 199 | 64, 831 | 52,391 | 48,840 | 65, 912 | 55, 585 | 64, 054 | 59,175 | 68, 300 | 60, 100 |  |  |
| Barley |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) | 14, 071 | 12,357 | $\begin{array}{r} 435,695 \\ 13,947 \end{array}$ | 14,995 | 11,860 | 9,604 | 7,676 | 9,694 | 13, 532 | 10,637 | 31,833 | 19,825 | 17,430 | $\begin{aligned} & 666,31 \\ & \mathbf{1 0 , 7 4 6} \end{aligned}$ |
| Stocks, domestic, end of mon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial | 41,471 | 39, 203 | 37, 30 | 31,766 | 29,080 | $\begin{array}{r} 25,073 \\ 140 \end{array}$ | 20,068 | 15,921 | $\begin{array}{r} 31,040 \\ 3692 \end{array}$ | 41,601 | 45, 220 | $\begin{array}{r} 44,270 \\ 200 \end{array}$ | 48, 520 | 47,924 |
| Exports, includin | 6,821 | 6,600 | 10,366 | 9,011 | 7,179 | 8,153 | 11,910 | 10,382 | 9,601 | 14,423 | 13,684 | 10,678 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis) | 1. 26 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1. 230 | 1. 250 | 1. 259 | 1. 289 | 1.311 | 1. 310 | 1.328 | 1.204 | 1.182 1 | 1. 182 | 172 |
| No. 3, straight | 1.197 | 1.174 | 1. 142 | 1.172 | 1. 185 | 1. 187 | 1. 216 | 1.218 | 1.215 | 1. 229 | 1.146 | 1.137 | 1.145 | 1. 132 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ Grindings, wet process mil. of bu | 12, | 682 | 13,403 10,511 | 11,822 | 11, 336 | 638 | 12,064 | 12,139 | 12,053 | 11, 732 | 12,088 | 2,333 | 13,802 | 3,786 |
| Receipts, interior primary markets.-----......do | 20, 520 | 39, 700 | 53,974 | 46, 017 | 29,586 | 37, 744 | 43, 90 | 26,039 | 24, 303 | 22, 440 | 23, 259 | 27, 006 | 33, 229 |  |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| On farms. $\qquad$ mil. of bu | 110, 211 | 105,664 | $\text { 107, } 362$ | 112, 728 | 110, 864 | 111,375 $1,672.7$ | 112,538 | 110, 526 | $\begin{aligned} & 107,833 \\ & 1095 \end{aligned}$ | 99, 309 | 90,926 | 88,563 3 341.3 | 90, 153 | 109, 234 |
| Exports, including meal and flour.....- thous. of bu..- | 15, 141 | 20, 530 | 22,360 | 20, 108 | 16,045 | 7,963 | 15,414 | 11,185 | 10,753 | 13,207 | 13,389 | 17,052 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. 3, yellow (Chicago) $\qquad$ dol. per bu- | 1.189 | 1. 157 | 1. 148 | 1. 108 | 1.128 | 1.165 | 1. 288 | 1.311 | 1. 350 | 1.344 | . 340 | 1.266 | 1.149 | 1.117 |
| Weighted average, 5 markets, all grades.....do...- | 1.151 | 1.103 | 1. 032 | 1. 005 | 1.067 | 1.081 | 1. 201 | 1.258 | 1. 284 | 1. 273 | 1.255 | 1.115 | 1.068 | 1.074 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7,278 | 5,090 | $\begin{array}{r} \begin{array}{r} 1,308 \\ 6,196 \end{array} \end{array}$ | 5,418 | 4,111 | 6,758 | 5,174 | 4,125 | 6,533 | 14,915 | 32,517 | 12,292 | 5,162 | 1,419 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial-------------.............-- do | 22, 225 | 18,046 | 15, 135 | 12,971 | 12,600 | 10, 846 | 8,698 | 5,804 | 8,452 | 13, 113 | 31,455 | 9 | 33, 943 | 28, İ, |
| Exports, including oatmeal | 2, 133 | 2,802 | -803, ${ }^{\text {8,031 }}$ | 1,570 | 1,914 | 542, 559 | 2,597 | 4,131 | 2,688 | 3,313 | 2,120 | 866 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago)..dol per bu-- | . 632 | ${ }^{2} .750$ | . 646 | . 647 | $\stackrel{1}{1} .654$ | 662 | $\stackrel{1}{.685}$ | .633 | . 641 | ${ }^{\text {, }} .664$ | . 642 | 621 | . 612 | (4) |
| Rice:Production (crop estimate) .........thous. of bags $9 . \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, domestic, rough --------thous. of lb | 105, 545 | 60,968 | 46,960 | 65, 842 | 65, 374 | 34, 390 | 55,794 | 51, 975 | 86,628 | 115, 583 | 169,218 | 125, 914 | 165,089 |  |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice...-.-...-do | 35, 592 | 33,836 | 27,681 | 43, 117 | 38,961 | 31, 809 | 35,958 | 38, 140 | 52,702 | 79, 224 | 112, 412 | 105,497 | 56,640 |  |
| Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end <br>  | 49,380 | 55,802 | 58,179 | 58, 335 | 59,873 | 49,433 | 47, 331 | 43, 026 | 47,735 | 46,736 | 47,663 | 28,329 | 71,405 |  |
| Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): <br> Receints, rough at mills |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, rough, at mills Shipments from mills, milled rice-.-.-.-.....-- | 171,785,118 | 399,837 141,132 | 98,760 104,282 | [ $\begin{array}{r}74,187 \\ 137,416\end{array}$ | 75,812 143,910 | -92,428 | - $\begin{array}{r}31,464 \\ 110,265\end{array}$ | 12,323 86,687 | 104, 1971 | $\begin{array}{r} 30,965 \\ 127,503 \end{array}$ | 143,466 78,804 | $\begin{aligned} & 641,449 \\ & 120,794 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} 1,075,108 \\ 163,518 \end{array}$ |  |
| Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (clean |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,064.4 | 999.6 |  |  | ${ }_{1576.3}^{678}$ |  | 507.7 41,678 |  | ${ }_{181}^{370.5}$ | 321.0 |  | 1,115.2 |  |
| Exports $\qquad$ thous. of lb Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.)..-.dol. per lb_ | 94,713 .095 | 97, 996 .095 | 86,378 .096 | 53,896 .096 | 110,835 .098 | 150,219 .098 | 116,030 .03 | 41,678 .101 | 96,815 .101 | 181,617 .102 | 112,349 .101 | $\begin{array}{r} 133,979 \\ .091 \end{array}$ | p. 092 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, interior primary markets. $\qquad$ do | 524 | 635 |  | 215 | 257 | ${ }^{336}$ | 206 | 1,047 | 5,516 | 2, 202 | 2,982 | 1,095 | 843 |  |
| Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month...do...- | 6,209 | 5,378 | 4,488 | 3,512 | 2,938 | 2,336 | 1,866 | 1,816 | 3,969 | 5,717 | 6,596 | 6, 284 | 6, 277 | 5,495 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) .-_dol. per bu_- | 1. 306 | 1. 330 | 1. 334 | 1. 284 | 1.323 | 1.335 | 1.354 | 1.386 | 1. 228 | 1.215 | 1.158 | 1.253 | 1.262 | 1. 231 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate), total.-.......-.mil. of bu |  |  | 1947.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,449.5 |
| Spring wheat $\qquad$ do |  |  | 1239.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 278.7$ |
| Weceipts, interior primary markets...--thous of bu...- | 29,674 | 26,913 | ${ }_{20,595}$ | 28, 823 | 28, 937 | 26,612 | 24, 153 | 20,509 | 33,2 | 95,634 | 83, 264 | 56,821 | 36, 172 | ${ }^{2} 1,170.8$ |
| Disappearance (quarterly total) .-..............-do... |  |  | 222, 129 |  |  | 265, 269 |  |  | 245,053 |  |  | 206, 147 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Canada (Canadian wheat) do | 379, 043 | 367, 214 | 377, 420 | 380, 072 | 373,483 | 361,862 | 355, 159 | 347, 510 | 370, 6 | 394, 941 | 388,003 | 381, 512 | 373, 708 |  |
| United States, domestic, totalor-...-.-. mil. of bu.. |  |  | 1,384.8 |  |  | 1,122.3 |  |  | 3880.5 |  |  | 2,126.0 |  |  |
| Commercialy --..-----------thous. of bu- | 417, 052 | 398, 347 | 360, 662 | 362,829 | 356,640 | 335,916 | 346, 820 | 338, 279 | ${ }^{3} 304,782$ | 447, 554 | 491,062 | 472,590 | 475, 989 | 456 |
| Interior and merchant mills, elevators, and warehouses $\qquad$ thous. of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| On farms |  |  | 291, 629 |  |  | 176, 246 |  |  | 350,291 |  |  | 634,754 |  |  |
| Exports, total, including flour-......-----.-.-. do. |  | 29,774 | 27, 861 | 33,516 | 27, 184 |  | 34,962 | 29,887 | 40,741 | 25,771 | 37,331 | 30, 543 |  |  |
|  | 25,656 | 24, 097 | 23, 490 | 27,813 | 22, 479 | 26, 823 | 28, 620 | 24, 799 | 34, 963 | 20,944 | 33,345 | 26,387 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)...........do do | 2. 132 | 2.201 | 2. 182 | 2. 211 | 2.200 | 2.273 | 2. 262 | 2.271 | 1.902 | 1. 835 | 1.846 | 1. 951 | 1,974 | 1. 999 |
| No. 2, red winter (St. Louis) | 2.178 | (4) | 2. 278 | 2.258 | (4) | (4) | 2. 282 | ${ }^{(4)}$ | (4) | 1.786 | 1.785 | 1.819 | 1,923 | 1. 930 |
| Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades--------- do | 2. 326 | 2.356 | 2.301 | 2.3 | 2. 285 | 2.326 | 2.351 | 2. 383 | 2.271 | 1.960 | 2.063 | 2. 174 | 2,213 | 2. 220 |
| ${ }^{r}$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate of 1957 crop. ${ }^{2}$ November 1 estimate of 1958 crop. <br> ${ }^{3}$ Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn). ${ }^{4}$ No quotation. <br> $\ddagger$ Revised beginning January 1954 to reflect data compiled from reports based on 5 -day weeks (prior thereto, based on 6 -day weeks). Revisions for January 1954 through July 1956 are shown |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| in the October 1957 SURVEY. $\$$ Excludes a small amount of pearl barley. of Bags of 100 lb . <br> othe total includes wheat owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks. <br> IData for March, June, September, and December are not strictly comparable with those for other months, largely because of somewhat smaller coverage of the quarterly reports. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | Angust | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | Novent ber |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat flour: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour | 22, 069 | 19,565 | 19,751 | 21,715 | 19,254 | 20,465 | 19,394 | 19,321 | 19, 205 | 20, 429 | 20,220 | 21,504 | 23,385 |  |
| Operations, percent of capacity-.....---.........- | ז 88.7 | 90.5 | 86.9 | 91.2 | 88.9 | 89.1 | 80.6 | 84.1 | 83.4 | 84.7 | 87.7 | 93.2 | 92.5 |  |
| Offal...-.-.------------- thous. of short tons-- | 431 | 382 | 385 | 421 | 372 | 395 | 373 | 371 | 370 | 392 | 382 | 402 | 435 |  |
| Grindings of wheat...-.-.....-.-.-.--thous. of bu-- | 50, 804 | 45,016 | 45,394 | 49,882 | 44, 180 | 46,739 | 44, 464 | 44, 278 | 44,046 | 46,862 | 46, 266 | 48,875 | 53, 084 |  |
| Stocks held by mills, end of quarter thous. of sacks ( 100 lb ) |  |  | 4,905 |  |  | 4,976 |  |  | 4,291 |  |  | 4,374 |  |  |
|  | 2, 293 | 2,437 | 1,876 | 2,448 | 2,020 | 2,293 | 2,722 | 2,184 | 2,480 | 2,071 | 1,711 | 1,784 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Spring, short patents (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City) .-do. ${ }^{\text {do.-- }}$ | 6.135 5.585 | 6.215 5.635 | 6.160 5.780 | 6.100 5.675 | 6.090 5.750 | 5.980 5.610 | 5.990 5.750 | 5.975 5.550 | 6. 270 5.350 | 6.030 5.125 | 5.695 5.050 | 5.870 r 5.230 | $\begin{aligned} & p .835 \\ & \text { p } 5.465 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cattle and calves: <br> Slaughter (federally inspected): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves...-...................-.thous. of animals. | 742 | 598 | 569 | 547 | 468 | 518 | 486 | 438 | 430 | 435 | 424 | 472 | 341 |  |
|  | 1,801 | 1,515 | 1,473 | 1,630 | 1,309 | 1, 360 | 1,383 | 1,468 | 1,506 | 1,561 | 1,479 | 1,562 | 1,642 |  |
| Receipts, principal markets .-.-.-.-.-.-...... do | 2, 861 | 2, 158 | 1,953 | 1, 894 | 1,542 | 1,818 | 1,729 | 1,697 | 1,846 | 1,820 | 1,783 | 2, 438 | 2. 648 |  |
| Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States-...... do | 1.190 | 973 | 608 | 341 | 256 | 285 | 302 | 277 | 267 | 249 | 364 | 815 | 1,273 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Beef steers (Chicago) $\qquad$ dol. per 100 lb .- | 24.48 | 25.06 | 25.74 | 26.31 | 26.65 | 28.28 | 28.59 | 28.27 | 27.67 | 26.75 | 25.91 | 26. 65 | 26. 70 | 26.79 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) ....do. | 20.18 | 21.41 | 22.68 | 23.02 | 24.35 | 25.79 | 26.83 | 27.16 | 25.38 | 25.43 | 24.46 | 25.47 | 25.80 | 26.46 |
|  | 26.50 | 27.50 | 29.00 | 30.00 | 32.50 | 31.50 | 34.00 | 33.50 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.50 | 32.00 | - 32.00 |  |
| Hogs: <br> Slanghter (federally inspected) _....thous. of anima | 6,094 | 5, 505 | 5,523 | 5,531 | 4,453 | 4,818 | 4,963 | 4,444 | 209 | , 326 | 15 | 5,219 | 911 |  |
| Receipts, principal markets...--............- do | 3,114 | 2,780 | 2,974 | 2, 868 | 2,244 | 2, 499 | 2,580 | 2,304 | 2,226 | 2,196 | 2. 295 | 2,623 | 2, 891 |  |
| Prices: Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -corn price ratio dol. per 100 lb .- | 17.16 | 16. 79 | 17. 95 | 18.71 | 19.77 | 20.81 | 20.26 | 21. 58 | 21. 82 | 21.88 | 20.87 | 20.04 | 18.76 | 18. 06 |
| bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . of live hog. <br> Sheep and lambs: | +16.0 | 16.9 | 18. | 19. | 20. | 20.3 | 18.0 | 18.9 | 18.2 | 18.1 | 17.9 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 19.0 |
| Slaughter (federally inspected) ...- thous. of animals | 1,210 | 958 | 978 | 1,061 | 940 | 1,000 | 1,149 | 1,122 | 1,042 | 1,013 | 950 | 1,045 | 1,131 |  |
| Receipts, principal markets .-.----------- do- | 1,463 | 930 | 912 | 908 | 795 | 908 | 988 | 1, 026 | 828 | 864 | 1.035 | 1,355 | 1, 270 |  |
| Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States....-...- do | 690 | 248 | 190 | 144 | 121 | 117 | 106 | 144 | 138 | 265 | 356 | 565 | 636 |  |
| Lambs, average (Chicago).........dol. per 100 | 21.50 | 22.00 | 22.62 | 23.50 | 23.00 | 22.12 | 21. 00 | 22.25 | 24.75 | 24. 50 | 24.00 | 22.00 | 22.25 | 21.88 |
| Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha) ....do | 21.05 | 21.06 | 21.30 | 22. 53 | 23.33 | 22.99 | 22. 22 | (1) | (1) | 22.92 | 22.23 | 22.78 | 23.03 | 23. 56 |
| Total meats: MEATS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total meats: Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected slaughter ......................................... of lb.- | 2,169 | 1,920 | 1,932 | 2, 051 | 1,622 | 1,720 | 1,804 | 1,776 | 1,756 | 1,799 | 1,742 | 1,915 | 2. 123 |  |
| Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month mil. of lb | 318 | 370 | 403 | 429 | 425 | 418 | 453 | 422 | 396 | 360 | 333 |  | r 346 | 419 |
|  | 65 | 63 | 57 | 50 | 53 | 54 | 35 | 55 | 47 | 54 | 46 | 47 |  |  |
| Imports (excluding | 49 | 37 | 59 | 49 | 55 | 53 | 64 | 73 | 74 | 92 | 96 |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter.............. do | 1,065.9 | 896.1 | 884.7 | 998.1 | 789.7 | 809.5 | 839.0 | 885.5 | 901.9 | 947.0 | 898.4 | 949.5 | 1,016.5 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month | 118, 878 | 142, 236 | 146, 840 | 146, 743 | 125, 940 | 118,766 | 111, 937 | 107,468 | 115,947 | 119,301 | 125, 234 | 132.938 | ${ }^{\text {+ 149, }} 210$ | 171,906 |
| Exports---------------------------------- do | 2,770 | 2,483 | 4,698 | 2,252 | 2, 162 | 1,973 | 1, 173 | 2,562 | 1. 406 | 1,242 | 1,680 | 2, 514 |  |  |
|  | 33, 245 | 20, 489 | 40, 708 | 28,459 | 37, 709 | 30, 271 | 39, 218 | 39,535 | 41,543 | 50,397 | 44,097 |  |  |  |
| Price, wholessle, heef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice ( $600-700 \mathrm{lbs}$.) (New York)...............dol, per lb. | 422 | 436 | 447 | 461 | 469 | 490 | . 482 | 478 | 477 | . 468 | . 451 | 56 | 455 | 452 |
| Lamb and mutton: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 54, 870 | 44, 053 | 46, 843 | 52, 305 | 47, 381 | 50, 225 | 57, 821 | 54, 820 | 47,330 | 45, 517 | 42,973 | 47,692 | 51.785 |  |
| Stocks, cold storaze, end of month............ do....- Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter | 5,616 | 5,309 | 5,206 | 4,756 | 4,381 | 4,861 | 6,674 | 10,431 | 11, 995 | 10,411 | 10,969 | 9,927 | -9,913 | 9,610 |
| mil. of 1 lb . | 1, 048.6 | 979.8 | 1,000. 8 | 1,000.2 | 784.9 | 859.9 | 907.7 | 835.5 | 807.0 | 806.4 | 800.6 | 917.4 | 1.054.4 |  |
| Pork (excluding lard): <br> Production, inspected slaughter $\qquad$ thous. of 1 b | 788, 160 | 730, 191 | 742, 467 | 736, 659 | 584, 204 | 648, 238 | 680,920 | 619,424 | 604, 733 | 603, 764 | 610, 151 | 698,914 | 793. 024 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month.....-....... do. | 138, 412 | 163, 656 | 193, 981 | 218, 449 | 227, 912 | 224, 322 | 260, 147 | 242, 839 | 209,936 | 173, 147 | 149.128 | 127,088 | r 134,361 | 181, 223 |
|  | 4, 269 | 5, 379 | 5,938 | 4, 180 | 5, 141 | 4,092 | 3, 664 | 4, 235 | 5,506 | 4,541 | 3,506 | 3, 627 |  |  |
|  | 10, 202 | 12, 402 | 11, 844 | 14,437 | 12,535 | 14, 650 | 15, 227 | 15, 472 | 14, 443 | 16,860 | 15,335 |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: Hams, smoked, composite | 479 | . 490 | 580 | . 560 | 581 | . 590 | . 565 | . 558 | 573 | 577 | 570 | 536 | - 521 |  |
| Fresh loins, $8-12 \mathrm{lb}$. a verage (New York) ...do | . 480 | . 473 | 469 | . 496 | 507 | . 524 | . 519 | . 556 | . 572 | . 552 | . 504 | 548 | . 521 | 497 |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Lard: }]{\text { Production, inspected slaughter . . . . } \text { thous of } 1 \mathrm{~b} \text {.- }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter --...-thous. of 1 l -- Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of month...do | 189,478 67,717 | 182,592 78,918 | 189,287 101,205 | 193,392 | 146,496 91,338 | 154,501 85,211 | 165,208 86,580 | 158,190 86,673 | 147,797 66,474 | 147, 505 | 139,355 49,827 | 158,979 45,774 | $\begin{array}{r} 190,814 \\ 54,166 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 43,376 | 36,566 | 33, 321 | 32,905 | 35, 762 | 36, 299 | 21,608 | 36,986 | 31, 376 | 34, 285 | 26, 778 | 25, 177 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago).......dol. per Jb.POULTRY AND EGGS | . 158 | . 150 | . 148 | . 145 | . 145 | . 158 | . 153 | . 154 | . 155 | . 155 | . 170 | . 155 | P. 157 |  |
| Poultry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (commercial production)*-...-mil. of lb Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month | 620 | 885 | 481 | 360 | 304 | 330 | 371 | 409 | 433 | 476 | 547 | 602 | 689 |  |
| thous. of lb .- | 377, 207 | 362, 059 | 316, 455 | 301, 982 | 255, 948 | 214, 135 | 177, 125 | 145, 553 | 139, 981 | 147, 113 | 190, 202 | 278,649 | r 408,089 | 382.536 |
| Turkeys in Georgia producing area, live broilers* | 241, 390 | 219, 576 | 176, 748 | 179,390 | 154, 429 | 130,932 | 104, 667 | 84, 243 | 80, 314 | 79, 192 | 103, 562 | 160. 808 | r254, 849 | 212, 048 |
| dol. per lb.. | . 160 | . 160 | 160 | . 195 | 195 | 210 | 180 | 190 | . 200 | . 18.5 | 170 | 16 | . 145 | 150 |
| Eggs: $\quad$ Production on farms..................mil. | 12.8 | 12.8 | 14.0 | 14.6 | 13.2 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 14.0 | 13.5 | 13.0 |  | 3. | 3.6 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell. $\qquad$ thous. of cases.thous of lb | 124, 572 | 302 99.230 | 209 74,505 | ${ }_{63} 171$ | ${ }_{59}^{105}$ | 79 52 | 68, 324 | 705 | 852 | 727 | 494 | 290 | + 207 | 141 |
|  | 124, 272 | 99, 230 | 74, 505 | 63, 766 | 59, 778 | 52,688 | 68, 274 | 100,624 | 134, 218 | 139,779 | 133, 777 | 116,645 | r93.687 | 73, 756 |
| dol. per doz-- | . 490 | 496 | . 437 | . 355 | 382 | . 434 | . 380 | . 360 | . 352 | 2.372 | ${ }^{2} .391$ | ${ }^{2} .463$ | 2. +23 | . 406 |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Confectionery, manufacturers' sales.... thous. of dol. | 126, 988 | 117, 193 | 105, 970 | 99,923 | 97, 278 | 89,372 | 88,618 | 74,415 | 69,653 | 66, 167 | 74,947 | 128, 124 | 129.738 |  |
| Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl shells). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (incl. shells) long tons Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)......dol. Der 1b. | $\begin{array}{r} 9,826 \\ .354 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,272 \\ r .428 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32,949 \\ .399 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22,715 \\ .415 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22,109 \\ .443 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,411 \\ .437 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,525 \\ \mathbf{~} 429 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,913 \\ .460 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,823 \\ .483 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,226 \\ .489 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,931 \\ .463 \end{array}$ | 427 | 37 |  |

 of Agriculture); comparable data are available back to 1934. $\quad$ o Cases of 30 dozen.

| Unless otherwise stated. statistics through 1936 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janul- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | A pril | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septern- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | Novem. ber |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coffee (green):* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of <br>  |  |  | 2, 959 |  |  | 2,307 |  |  | 2, 349 |  |  | 1,826 |  |  |
| Roastings (green weight), quarterly total .-..-do--- |  |  | 5,498 |  |  | 5,513 |  |  | 4,954 |  |  | 4.900 |  |  |
| Imports | 1,680 | 2,127 | 2,333 | 1,826 | 1,474 | 1,493 | 1,927 | 2.019 | 1,307 | 1,446 | 1,247 |  |  |  |
| From Brazil ${ }^{\text {Price wholesale, Santos, No. } 4 \text { (New York) }}$ | 755 | 902 | 979 | 608 | 409 | 353 | 619 | 869 | 652 | 375 | 474 |  |  |  |
| ce, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) dol. per Ib..- | . 540 | . 553 | . 553 | . 553 | . 540 | . 550 | . 538 | . 513 | . 485 | . 470 | 460 | 450) | . 441 | $44^{5}$ |
| Fish: <br> Stocks, cold storage, end of month ..... thous of 1 lb | 206, 660 | 205, 186 | 191,008 | 15̈6, 695 | 121, 201 | 110,574 | 101, 999 | 113.827 | 134, 576 | 167, 720 | r 187, 678 | r 199, 656 | 207,855 |  |
| Sugar: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cuban stocks, raw, end of month <br> thous. of Spanish tons. | 1,370 | 862 | 663 | 636 | 1,704 | 3.029 | 3,804 | 3,840 | 3. 239 | 2, 590 | 2, 190 | 1.740 | 1,257 |  |
| United States: <br> Deliveries and supply (raw basis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deliverips and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production..----.---........-- - short tons | 589,229 | 726.744 | 617.197 | 226, 381 | 58, 959 | 29, 552 | 41,680 | 73, 245 | 53,686 | 31,836 | 15, 392 | 104, 141 |  |  |
| Entries from off-shore, total-.-.-.-.-.-.-. - do- Hawaii and Puerto Rico | 472,464 193,831 | 411,510 | 114, 7276 | 491,963 20,627 | 478,438 52,739 | 562,195 62,392 | $\begin{aligned} & 578,036 \\ & 106,732 \end{aligned}$ | 489,760 103,300 | 614. 860 113.400 | 631.860 196,965 | 835,632 242,597 | 593, 578 <br> 229, 523 | 402,904 135,314 |  |
| Hawaii and Puerto Rico...-.-.------.-. - |  |  | 72, 428 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deliveries, total....-.-.-.-..............- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 711.151 | 627,447 | 786, 372 | 581, 287 | 625, 207 | 693, 569 | 711, 181 | 746. 725 | 814, 694 | 900, 621 | 915, 902 | 876. 505 |  |  |
| For domestic consumption-............-do. | 708, 582 | 623, 570 | 782, 586 | 571.700 | 619, 226 | 685, 783 | 703. 039 | 740.595 | 808.697 | 888,147 | 904, 092 | 868. 846 |  |  |
| For export....-d | 2,569 | 3,877 | 3,786 | 9.587 | 5,981 | 7,786 | 8, 142 | 6, 130 | 5,997 | 12,474 | 11,810 | 7,659 |  |  |
| Stocks, raw and refined, end of month thous. of short tons. | 1,213 | 1,757 | - 1, 880 | 1,952 | 1,880 | 1.748 | 1,629 | 1,503 | 1,326 | 1,100 | 830 | 691 |  |  |
|  | 1,199 | 403 | 523 | 437 | 276 | 370 | 872 | 259 | 2, 031 | 698 | 328 | 362 |  |  |
| Imports: <br> Raw sugar total? $\qquad$ do | 302, 281 | 201.698 | 175, 430 | 365,676 | 349,316 | 456,834 | 412, 238 | 359,653 | 425, 692 | 443, 149 | 326, 335 |  |  |  |
| Rrom Cuba | 246, 465 | 179,885 | 103, $74 \times$ | 301.479 | 279, 172 | 308,068 | 288, 253 | 232,638 | 329, 818 | 312, 146 | 220.034 |  |  |  |
| From Philippine Is | 33, 394 |  | 27, 465 | 40, 422 | 50. 400 | 137,872 | 116,057 | 121, 136 | 95, 874 | 123,796 | 104. 160 |  |  |  |
| Refined sugar, total. | 15,632 | 5,871 | 5, 320 | 45.482 | 57. 621 | 45,200 | 50, 508 | 45,737 | 50,753 | 35,932 29,605 | 44,836 39 |  |  |  |
| From Cuba - - | 4,185 | 1,262 | 2, 830 | 37.556 | 44,942 | 38,870 | 40, 214 | 36,483 | 41,948 | 29,605 | 39.796 |  |  |  |
| Prices (New York): Raw, wholesale | . 062 | . 061 | 061 | 062 | . 062 | . 059 | 062 | . 063 | . 063 | . 063 | . 062 | . 064 | p. 065 |  |
| Refined: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & .536 \\ & .084 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .537 \\ .084 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5338 \\ .084 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .539 \\ .084 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 538 \\ & .084 \end{aligned}$ | . 5389 | $\begin{aligned} & .539 \\ & .044 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .540 \\ .084 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .550 \\ .086 \end{array}$ | . 550 .086 | .552 .086 | .552 .086 | $\begin{array}{r} .553 \\ p .086 \end{array}$ |  |
| Tea, imports............................thous. of 1 l .- | 7,936 | 6.393 | 8.689 | 8,509 | 6.909 | 9,881 | 9.687 | 9. 954 | 6,143 | 8,229 | 8,784 |  |  |  |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) ................mil. of ib |  |  | ${ }^{1} 1,661$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 1,764$ |
| Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, total mil. of 1 b .- |  |  | 5,149 |  |  | 5,014 |  |  | 4,609 |  |  | 4.707 |  |  |
| Domestic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 278 |  |  | 336 |  |  | 316 |  |  | 282 |  |  |
| A ir-cured, fire-cured, flue-cured, and miscellaneous domestic .............. mil. of lb . |  |  | 4.631 |  |  | 4,423 |  |  | 4,030 |  |  | 4,188 |  |  |
| Foreign grown: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 25 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 26 |  |  | 27 |  |  |
|  | 74,386 | 47,625 | 215 42,718 | 23,879 | 23, 096 | ${ }_{35}{ }^{228} 55$ | 22,789 | 24.055 | ${ }_{32}{ }^{234} 247$ | 34,903 | 39, 331 | 58. ${ }^{2167}$ |  |  |
| Imports, including serap and stems.-.-.........do.. | 11,849 | 9.454 | 9,219 | 11,808 | 10.620 | 10,313 | 8,894 | 13,305 | 10,298 | 14,821 | 12,827 |  |  |  |
| Manufactured products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17.519 6696 | 13,951 5,492 | $\begin{array}{r}12.386 \\ 4.943 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}15.203 \\ 6.074 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13.640 5 5 5198 | 14.638 5 549 | 15,487 5,792 | 16.086 6.133 | 15.351 6.071 | 13,681 5,702 | 15.242 5,689 | 16.119 | 11,724 6,495 |  |
| Smoking, plug, and | 7,514 | 5.665 | 4,595 | 6,027 | 5.594 | 6,590 | 6,863 | 6. 909 | 6,368 | 5,813 | 6,477 | 6. 894 | 7,748 |  |
| Snuff | 3, 309 | 2.794 | 2. 848 | 3,102 | 2,848 | 2,699 | 2,831 | 3, 043 | 2,913 | 2, 165 | 3,076 | 3, 122 | 3. 481 |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarettes (small): <br> Tax-free $\qquad$ millions | 2,646 | 2. 575 | 3,092 | 3.014 | 2,522 | 2,624 | 2,604 | 2.765 | 2,679 | 2,840 | 2,964 | 2,995 | 3.291 |  |
|  | 38,248 | 31,545 | 26. 406 | 35. 842 | 31, 369 | 32, 968 | 35,669 | 37,645 | 38,642 | 36, 820 | 39,644 | 38.076 | 40, 895 |  |
| Cigars (large), tax-paid.............-- thousands | 562, 622 | 574,369 | 383, 665 | 444, 127 | 394, 236 | 439,638 | 490, 051 | 542, 127 | 502, 876 | 511,637 | 535, 905 | 546. 698 | 591,711 |  |
| Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid thous. of Ib... | 16,847 | 13.725 | 12, 228 | 14,961 | 13,161 | 14.366 | 15. 208 | 15,654 | 14.889 | 13,694 | ${ }^{15}{ }_{1}$ | 15.670 | 17.240 |  |
| Exports, cigarettes .-.-.-.....-......-millions.- | 1,220 | 1,568 | 1,720 | 1,342 | 1,255 | 1,388 | 1,414 | 1,728 | 1,577 | 1,402 | 1. 788 | 1. 532 |  |  |
| Price, cigarettes (regular), manufacturer to wholesaler and jobber, f. o. b. destination dol. per thous. | 4.281 | 4. 281 | 4.281 | 4.281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | p4. 281 |  |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

| HIDES AND SKINS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Exports |  |
|  |  |
| Cattle hides ....---.................- thous. of |  |
| Imports: <br> Value, totalo $\qquad$ thous. of dol. |  |
| Sheep and lamb skins. $\qquad$ thous. of pieces Goat and kid skins $\qquad$ do-. |  |
|  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Chicago): <br> Caliskins, packer, heavy, $91 / 2 / 15 \mathrm{lb}$......dol. per lb. Hides, steer, heary, native, over 53 lb . $\qquad$ do... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| LEATHER |  |
| Production: |  |
| Cattle hide and side kip----thous of hiles and kips-- |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Glove and garment leather*-.........thons. of sq. ft. <br> Upper and lining leather |  |
|  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |
| Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery --.-. dol, per lbUpper, chrome calf, B and C grades, fo.b. tannery |  |
|  |  |


| 5, 284 | 6,927 | 5,222 | 4. 990 | 4,876 | 5,934 | 4,688 | 5,705 | 3,895 | 3,871 | 3,867 | 3,649 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5, 314 | 341 | 292 | 241 | 418 | 317 | 340 | 303 | 217 | 222 | 200 | 201 |  |
| 454 | 686 | 480 | 492 | 427 | 584 | 435 | 612 | 386 | 382 | 379 | 351 |  |
| 3,973 | 3, 101 | 3,721 | 3.630 | 3,410 | 4, 204 | 6,403 | 4. 638 | 5, 016 | 5,188 | 4.713 |  |  |
| 1,246 | 1,074 | 724 | 1,182 | 1,328 | 1,793 | 5,474 | 2,182 | 2,510 | 2,877 | 2. 515 |  |  |
| 1,644 | 1,371 | 2. 140 | 1,838 | 1,503 | 1,853 | 1,959 | 1,996 | 1,437 | 1,391 | 1,172 |  |  |
| 450 | . 438 | . 425 | . 425 | . 415 | . 425 | . 425 | . 500 | . 500 | . 500 | . 500 | . 500 | P. 525 |
| 118 | . 103 | . 093 | . 095 | . 093 | . 093 | . 108 | . 113 | . 118 | . 123 | . 133 | . 118 | D. 128 |
| 786 | 786 | 785 | 786 | 748 | 717 | 624 | 645 | 687 | 542 | 646 | 593 |  |
| 2,307 | 2,059 | 1,953 | 2. 109 | 1,936 | 1,863 | 1,877 | 1,942 | 1,892 | 1,652 | 1,979 | 2,020 |  |
| 2, 105 | 1,609 | 1.668 | 1.931 | 1,647 | 1,712 | 1,742 | 1.704 | 1.682 | 1,808 | 1.114 | 1,499 |  |
| 2, 069 | 1,954 | 1,757 | 1.922 | 1,981 | 1,961 | 1,970 | 2, 206 | 2,114 | 1,908 | 2,377 | 2, 243 |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{676}$ | 887 | 1,188 | 1,185 | 1,476 | 1,965 | 1,425 | 1,010 | 986 | 1.335 |  |
| 3 3,443 | - 2,802 | ${ }^{3} 2,998$ | 3,337 | 2,736 | 3,336 | 3,497 | 4,060 | 3,366 | 2,395 | 4,578 | 3. 569 |  |
| . 630 | 630 | . 620 | . 620 | . 625 | . 625 | . 625 | . 630 | . 630 | . 630 | . 630 | . 635 | p. 635 |
| 1. 158 | 1.158 | 1. 145 | 1. 145 | 1. 145 | 1. 168 | 1.165 | 1.162 | 1. 188 | 1.188 | 1. 188 | - 1.192 | p 1.199 |

+ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate of 1957 crop. ${ }^{2}$ November 1 estimate of 1958 crop. ${ }^{3}$ Upper leather only. In 1957 exports of lining leather (included beginning 1958 )
averaged 204 thous. sq. it. per month.
sPrice for New York and Northeastern New Jersor.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| Leather manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shoes and slippers:\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total. $\qquad$ thous. of pairs. Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, | 51,398 | 44, 106 | 44, 286 | 53, 035 | 48,910 | 51, 955 | 46, 414 | 43, 774 | 45, 212 | 46,066 | 50, 388 | 50, 131 | 53, 270 |  |
| total------------------------thous. of pairs | 41,894 | 35, 884 | 39,769 | 49, 131 | 44, 678 | 46, 524 | 40, 825 | 37,316 | 38, 443 | 39, 860 | 42, 411 | 41,594 | 43,615 |  |
| By Men's | 8,804 | 7,847 | 8.472 | 9,335 | 8,310 | 8,729 | 8,247 | 7,647 | 7,895 | 7,284 | 8,144 | 8,733 | 9,157 |  |
| Youths' and boys'....-.-.-.................-do. | 2,070 | 1,675 | 1,880 | 2,090 | 2,073 | 2,155 | 1,753 | 1,805 | 1,813 | 1,994 | 2.111 | 2,198 | 2,023 |  |
|  | 21,328 | 17,542 | 20, 111 | 26, 632 | 24,594 | 25,776 | 22,769 | 20,022 | 21, 266 | 22, 482 | 23, 702 | 22,012 | 22,759 |  |
|  | 6,458 | 5,926 | 6,291 | 7,520 | 6,479 | 6,457 | 5, 001 | 4,945 | 4.879 | 5,596 | 5,768 | 5,835 | 6,484 |  |
| Infants' and babies'-.----...-----------d. | 3,234 | 2,894 | 3,015 | 3,554 | 3,222 | 3,407 | 3,055 | 2,897 | 2,590 | 2,504 | 2,686 | 2,816 | 3,192 |  |
| slippers for housewear...............-.........do. | 8,657 | 7,426 | 3,759 | 3,090 | 3,543 | 4,578 | 4,673 | 5.614 | 6,031 | 5,574 | 7,110 | 7,619 | 8,593 |  |
|  | 517 | 507 | 464 | 348 | 352 | 426 | 415 | 433 | 455 | 331 | 419 | 462 | 571 |  |
|  | 330 352 | 289 312 | 294 274 | ${ }_{248}^{466}$ | 337 | 427 | 501 356 | ${ }_{275}^{411}$ | ${ }_{221}^{283}$ | ${ }_{202}$ | ${ }_{303}^{448}$ | ${ }_{4}^{456}$ | 491 |  |
| Exports | 352 | 312 | 274 | 248 | 310 | 417 | 356 | 275 | 221 | 202 | 303 | 319 |  |  |
| Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide upper, <br> Good year welt - ......................... 1947-49=100 | 124. 4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | D 124.4 |  |
| Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt $1947-49=100 . .$ |  |  |  | + 131.2 | r 133.9 | r 133.9 | r 133.9 | r 133.9 | + 133.9 |  | ${ }^{+133.9}$ | +133.9 | p 135.1 |  |
| Women's pumps, low-medium quality ......do...- | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 119.5 | 119.5 | 119.5 | 118.7 | 118.7 | 118.7 | 118.7 | 118.7 | 118.7 | ${ }^{2} 119.5$ |  |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

LUMBER-ALL TYPES $\ddagger$
National Lumber Manufacturers Association:

| National Lumber Manufacturers Association: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Production, total. | mil. bd. ft |
| Hardwoods. | do |
| Softwoods |  |
| Shipments, tota |  |
| Hardwoods. | do |
| Softwoods. | do |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total.......d |  |
| Hardwoods |  |
| Softwoo |  |

Exports, total sawmill products.

## SOFTWOODS $\ddagger$

Douglas fir:

 Shipments....

Exports, total sawmill products... ...........M bd. ft Sawed timber-....-.-.-....---Boards, planks,
Prices, wholesale:
Prices, wholesale:
Dimension, construction, dried, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{R} . \mathrm{L}$.

Southern pine:

Production.

Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of


Prices, wholesale, composite:
Boards, No. 2 and better, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$, R. L.
Flooring, B and better, F. G., $1^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{S} . \mathrm{L}$. $\mathrm{ft}^{\prime}$
Western pine:

Orders, unfilled, end of month.
Production.


HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD
Flooring:
Maple, beech, and birch:
Orders, new-1-----.-.-.-.-.-.
Orders, unfiled, end of month.
Production.
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month
Oak:
Orders, new
Orders, unflled, end of month....-.........................

Stocks (except container and packaging), qtrly. total:
Shipments (market) . .....M sq. ft., surface measure
$-$

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Not entirely comparable with earlier data.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for production for January 1955-July 1957 will be shown later. $\quad \ddagger$ Revisions available upon request are as follows: For lumber production, shipments, stocks, and orders-1955-July 1957; for plywood shipments-3d quarter 1953 -1st quarter 1957.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | $\underset{\text { Febry- }}{\substack{\text { Fery }}}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- <br> ber | October | Novem ber |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
IRON AND STEEL \\
Foreign trade:
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports, totalt.-............thous. of short tons.- \& 1, 020 \& 1,046 \& 708 \& 706 \& 521 \& 642 \& 638 \& 650 \& 487 \& 382 \& 360 \& 423 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 563 \& 620 \& 323 \& 341 \& 249 \& 335 \& 347 \& 369 \& 245 \& 196 \& 167 \& 219 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 142 \& 108 \& 139 \& 99 \& 91 \& 128 \& 130 \& 143 \& 181 \& 242 \& 212 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 24 \& 19 \& 13 \& 16 \& 12 \& 20 \& 9 \& 15 \& 22 \& 26 \& 38 \& \& \& \\
\hline Iron and Steel Scrap \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production and receipts, total....thous. of short tons.- \& 6,190
3,792 \& 5,291
3,350 \& 4,779
3,009 \& 4.514
2 \& 3, 919 \& 4.314 \& 4,000 \& 4.208 \& 4,619 \& 4,230 \& 4,731 \& r 5,
r
r
945 \& \({ }^{p} 5,685\) \& \\
\hline  \& 3,792
2,398 \& 3,350
1.941 \& 3,009
1.770 \& 2,943
1,571 \& 2,456
1,463 \& 2, 583 \& 2,358
1,641 \& 2,527
1,681 \& 2,802
1,817 \& 2, 464 \& 2,699 \& r 2,945
\(+2,168\) \& p 3,305
\(+2,380\) \& \\
\hline  \& 2, 5974 \& 1,941 \& 1.770
4,795 \& 1,571
4,561 \& 1,463
3,910 \& 1,731 \& 1,641 \& 1,681
4,326 \& 1,817
4,938 \& 1,766
4,163 \& 2,032 \& + 2, 168
\(+5,009\) \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
P 2, 280 \\
\(p\) \\
5, \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline Stocks, consumers', end of month-..---------.- do \& 9,112 \& 8,968 \& 8,949 \& 8,906 \& 8,906 \& 9, 060 \& 9,239 \& 9,124 \& 8,807 \& 8,876 \& 8,903 \& r 9,014 \& - 9,005 \& \\
\hline Ore \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Iron ore (operations in all U. S. districts): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Mine production ---.-----.-----thous. of long tons.- \& 11,337 \& 4,974 \& 3,258 \& 3, 375 \& 3,051 \& 3, 012 \& 2,997 \& 5,439 \& 8,118 \& 8,698 \& 8,665 \& 9, 026 \& \& \\
\hline Shipments from mines \& 12,834 \& 5, 348 \& 1,559 \& 1.455 \& 1,239 \& 1,411 \& 1,534 \& 5,208 \& 9,071 \& 10,503 \& 9,977 \& 9,944 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 3,862 \& 2,590 \& 1,956 \& 1,785 \& 1,460 \& 1,568 \& 1,736 \& 2,257 \& 3, 008 \& 2,951 \& 2,854 \& \& \& \\
\hline U. S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Receipts at iron and steel plants*---.-.......do. \& 16,276 \& 9,339 \& 3,864 \& 3, 078 \& 2,515 \& 2,885 \& 3,099 \& 6,161 \& 10, 959 \& 12, 445 \& 11, 769 \& 12,150 \& 12,645 \& \\
\hline Consumption at iron and steel plants*........do. \& 10,272 \& 9, 066 \& 8,223 \& 7,605 \& 6,484 \& 6,947 \& 5,934 \& 6,217 \& 6,674 \& 6,624 \& 7,419 \& 7,900 \& 9, 128 \& \\
\hline Exports, inel. reexports*..--....--.....------ do \& 454 \& 101 \& 38 \& 37 \& 65 \& 67 \& 83 \& 298 \& 468 \& 698 \& 605 \& 505 \& \& \\
\hline Stocks, total, end of month*---------.-.-.-. do \& 73,870 \& 73,479 \& 75, 573 \& 67. 950 \& 66, 035 \& 63. 299 \& 61, 636 \& 61,829 \& 65, 232 \& 69,764 \& 73,332 \& 76,962 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 5,425 \& 4, 838 \& 6,536 \& 8. 742 \& 10,633 \& 12, 228 \& 13,693 \& 13, 993 \& 12, 972 \& 11, 170 \& 9,858 \& 8,950 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 63, 557 \& 63,384 \& 58, 877 \& 54,349 \& 50, 379 \& 46, 317 \& 43,437 \& 43,381 \& 47, 667 \& 53, 725 \& 58,075 \& 62, 325 \& 65, 843 \& \\
\hline  \& 4,888 \& 5,257 \& 5,160 \& 4,859 \& 5. 023 \& 4,754 \& 4, 506 \& 4,455 \& 4,593 \& 4, 869 \& 5,399 \& 5,687 \& 5,856 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Manganese (manganese content), general imports* thous. of long tons.- \\
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures
\end{tabular} \& 134 \& 136 \& 116 \& 140 \& 96 \& 141 \& 98 \& 87 \& 81 \& 86 \& 71 \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Pig fron: \\
Production (excl. blast furnace prod. of ferroalloys) \(\dagger\) \\
thous of short tons
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 6,350 \& 5,683 \& 5, 5114 \& 4, 414 \& 4,016
\(\mathbf{3 , 9 7 8}\) \& 4, 419
4,283 \& 3,788 \& 4,048
4,135 \& 4,396
4,546 \& 4,278
4,279 \& 4,769
4,843 \& 5,041
5,068 \& 5,836
\(p, 867\) \& \\
\hline Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month thous. of short tons. \& 3, 707 \& 3,695 \& 3,817 \& 3,886 \& 3,873 \& 4, 022 \& 4,032 \& 3,923 \& 3,831 \& 3,851 \& 3,757 \& - 3,740 \& \({ }^{\text {¢ 3, }} 380\) \& \\
\hline Prices, wholesale:
Composite.-..............dol. per long ton.- \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \& 65.95 \\
\hline  \& 66. 00 \& 66. 00 \& 66. 00 \& 66. 00 \& 66.00 \& 66. 00 \& 66. 00 \& 66.00 \& 66. 00 \& 66. 00 \& 66. 00 \& 66.00 \& \({ }^{p} 66.00\) \& \\
\hline Foundry, No. 2, Northern --.........-.-. do \& 66. 50 \& 66. 50 \& 66.50 \& 66. 50 \& 66.50 \& 66. 50 \& 66.50 \& 66. 50 \& 66. 50 \& 66. 50 \& 66. 50 \& 66.50 \& p66. 50 \& \\
\hline Castings, gray iron: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Orders, unfled, for sale, end of month thous. of short tons.. \& 740 \& 705 \& 676 \& 638 \& 632 \& 590 \& 582 \& 570 \& 573 \& 580 \& 614 \& 645 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 1,100 \& 940 \& 864 \& 868 \& 753 \& 796 \& 807 \& 820 \& 868 \& 792 \& 802 \& r 917 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 601 \& 483 \& 444 \& 436 \& 390 \& 447 \& 457 \& 472 \& 542 \& 466 \& 514 \& 538 \& \& \\
\hline Castings, malleable iron: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of month...short tons.- \& 82,995 \& 80,074 \& 74, 863 \& 67, 292 \& 59,047
54 \& 54,330 \& 47,664 \& 46,603
48,306 \& 48,260 \& 58,340
41,865 \& 55, 145 \& 58,405
+5686 \& \& \\
\hline Shipments, total.---.---......-........-.------ do-.--- \& 77, 667 \& 67,904 \& 60,425 \& 62, 734 \& 54,650 \& 51, 708 \& 50,695 \& 48,306 \& 51, 882 \& 41, 865 \& 49, 252 \& +56,836 \& \& \\
\hline For sale \(\qquad\) do Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures \& 45, 989 \& 38,085 \& 34, 343 \& 34, 920 \& 31, 006 \& 29,624 \& 29,388 \& 26,656 \& 31,077 \& 24,479 \& 29,414 \& 31,999 \& \& \\
\hline Steel ingots and steel for castings: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production...-.-.-.-.-.........-thous. of short tons.- \& 9, 198 \& 8, 393 \& 7,420 \& 6, 754 \& 5, 782 \& 6,255 \& 5, 533 \& 6,301 \& 7, 127 \& 6,420 \& 7, 286 \& 7,610 \& - 8, 818 \& p8,582 \\
\hline Percent of capacity \({ }^{\circ}\) \& 81 \& 77 \& 66 \& 57 \& 54 \& 52 \& 48 \& 53 \& 62 \& 54 \& 61 \& 7,66 \& , 74 \& \({ }^{\text {p }} 74\) \\
\hline Index*-----------------------------1947-49 = 100. \& 129.3 \& 121.9 \& 104.3 \& 94.9 \& 90.0 \& 87.9 \& 80.4 \& 88.6 \& 103.5 \& 90.3 \& 102.4 \& 110.5 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 124.0\) \& D 124.7 \\
\hline Steel castings:
Shipments, total..............-...........short tons. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 146,397
113,216 \& 127, 115 \& 120,787
92,125 \& 120,722
94,717 \& 103, 297 \& 106,233
82,195 \& 91,464
69,121 \& 87,002
66,086 \& 92,861
71,624 \& 68,802
48,618 \& 80,886
59,816 \& r 85,277
64,586 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 31,477 \& 26, 892 \& 23, 403 \& 22, 545 \& 16,647 \& 16, 180 \& 11, 956 \& 10,416 \& 14, 185 \& 5, 400 \& -8,021 \& 64,
9,205 \& \& \\
\hline Steel forgings (for sale): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Orders, unfilled, end of mo---thous. of short tons.- \& 400.6 \& 364.5 \& 342.8 \& 317.9 \& 288.4 \& 265.9 \& 241.9 \& 240.1 \& 242.0 \& 256.5 \& 270.1 \& 280.1 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 125.6 \& 104. 8 \& 98.5 \& 107.8 \& 93.1 \& 92.3 \& 82.5 \& 78.5 \& 86.6 \& 67.4 \& 79.9 \& 89.0 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 93.6 \& 79.3 \& 73.5 \& 81.5 \& 69.9 \& 69.1 \& 60.6 \& 56.7 \& 65.3 \& 50.8 \& 61.4 \& 70.0 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 31.9 \& 25.4 \& 25.1 \& 26.3 \& 23.2 \& 23.1 \& 21.9 \& 21.8 \& 21.3 \& 16.6 \& 18.5 \& 19.0 \& \& \\
\hline Prices, wholesale: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Composite, finished steel (carbon) --.-dol. per lb--
Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f. o. b . mill \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0677 \& . 0695 \& . 0697 \& . 0697 \& . 0698 \\
\hline dol per short ton-- \& 92.50 \& 92.50 \& 92. 50 \& 92.50 \& 92.50 \& 92.50 \& 92.50 \& 92.50 \& 92.50 \& 92.50 \& 95.00 \& 95.00 \& \({ }^{\text {p } 95.00}\) \& \\
\hline Structural shapes (carbon), f. o. b. mill.-dol. per lb.- \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0594 \& . 0617 \& . 0617 \& p. 0617 \& \\
\hline Steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: dol per long ton \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 38.50 \& 32.50 \& 31.50 \& 32.99

33.00 \& 36.08
133.50 \& 35.58
+135.00 \& 33.12
1.234 .00 \& 32.36
132.00 \& 34.69
+36.00 \& 36.02
136.00 \& 41.81
143.50 \& 41.77
142.50 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { p } \\ p \\ p \\ \hline 14.48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& <br>
\hline Steel, Manufactured Products \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): $\oplus$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Orders, unfilled, end of month .-.........thousands.- \& 2, 026 \& 1,763 \& 1,820 \& 1,767 \& \& 1,781 \& 1, 6900 \& 1,602 \& \& 1,638 \& 1,666
$+1,846$ \& 1,707 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,135
80 \& 1,759 60 \& 1,649
70 \& 1,846
79 \& 1,692
89 \& 1,796 \& 1,814 \& 1,932
76 \& 1,883
80 \& 1,852 \& r 1, 846
80 \& 2,142 \& \& <br>
\hline Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), total for sale and own use $\qquad$ short tons. \& r 405,814 \& 285, 436 \& 292, 210 \& 323,648 \& - $\begin{array}{r}89 \\ 305,458\end{array}$ \& 352, 212 \& 319, 848 \& - $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ 365,343\end{array}$ \& 407,669 \& 88
475,505 \& 80
589,680 \& 74
552,870 \& 445, 790 \& <br>
\hline  \& r 259, 694 \& 169,411 \& 168,614 \& 190,949 \& 181, 864 \& 213, 521 \& 178, 441 \& 198, 646 \& 222,295 \& 287, 120 \& 415,647 \& 389, 407 \& 285, 299 \& <br>
\hline Nonfood -------------------------------------- do- \& 146, 120 \& 116, 025 \& 123,596 \& 132, 699 \& 123, 594 \& 138,691 \& 141, 307 \& 166, 697 \& 185, 374 \& 188, 385 \& 174,033 \& 163, 463 \& 160, 491 \& <br>
\hline  \& 348, 333 \& 242, 053 \& 248,644 \& 269, 259 \& 258, 637 \& 304, 212 \& 261, 744 \& 305, 622 \& 350, 452 \& 414, 732 \& 520,655 \& 476, 966 \& 387, 333 \& <br>
\hline Closures (for glass containers), production $\ddagger$-- millions.- \& 1,578 \& 1,366 \& 1,315 \& 1,528 \& 1,453 \& 1,654 \& 1,583 \& 1,444 \& 1,434 \& 1,367 \& 1,413 \& 1,555 \& 1, 652 \& <br>
\hline  \& 25,386 \& 18,533 \& 19,990 \& 33,992 \& 32,549 \& 22,795 \& 21, 462 \& 23, 135 \& 27, 713 \& 29,888 \& 23,340 \& 23,298 \& 24, 142 \& ----- <br>
\hline Steel products, net shipments: Total (all grades) .-............. \& 6,551 \& 5. 606 \& 5,093 \& 5,215 \& 4. 263 \& 4,449 \& 4,373 \& 4,649 \& 5,746 \& 4,082 \& 4,835 \& 5, 386 \& 6,225 \& <br>
\hline  \& 6, 263 \& 542 \& 213 \& 5,206 \& 184 \& - 207 \& 4, 178 \& 193 \& 5, 232 \& 120 \& +176 \& 5, 220 \& 246 \& <br>
\hline Structural shapes (heavy), steel piling------do \& 641 \& 589 \& 548 \& 484 \& 296 \& 317 \& 337 \& 388 \& 448 \& 295 \& 349 \& 352 \& 399 \& <br>
\hline  \& 764 \& 462 \& 636 \& 524 \& 435 \& 471 \& 401 \& 404 \& 502 \& 321 \& 398 \& 394 \& 461 \& <br>
\hline  \& 143 \& 133 \& 100 \& 109 \& 90 \& 101 \& 105 \& 104 \& 109 \& 51 \& 43 \& 54 \& 68 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Not strictly comparable with quotations prior to January $1958 . \quad{ }^{2}$ Nominal.
$\dagger$ Revised (beginning with the October 1958 SURVEY) to exclude data for ferroalloys; in 1957 , such exports and imports averaged 5,490 tons and 34,200 tons per month, respectively. Pig -iron
production excludes blast-furnace production of ferromanganese and spiegel, averaging 80,300 tons pel month in 1957 .
 ores originating in the U. S. and foreign countries. Data beginning 1956 will be shown later. Iron-ore exports and manganese imports are from the Bureau of the Census; general innports of manganese cover ore, concentrates, manganiferots iron ore, manganese alloys, and metal. The steel index (AISI) is based on daily average production, unweighted by grades of steel (FRB index on p. S-2 is weighted); monthly data for 1929-56 will be shown later. Composite scrap price ( C . Department of Labor represents the weighted average of consumers buying prices (including brokerage), delivered, at following markets: Pittsburgh district, Chicago, Philadelphia, Los Angcles, Birmingham.

January 1957, data nclude light-type grease drums; see note marked $\varphi$ " in September 1958 Surver. $\ddagger$ Revisions for 1956 are avalable upon request.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics throuyh 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novern ber |



Plates, sheets, ete-ect primary (at reduction plants), end of month*
short tons. Price, primary ingot, $99 \%+\ldots . . . . . . .$. Aluminum shipments.
Mill products and pig and ingot (not) . . . mil. of lb Plate and sheet
Copper:
Production
Production:
Mine, recoverable copper $\triangle$. Fromery domestie ores
Frimary
Scondary, recovered as refined
Imports (genera) :
Refined, unrefined, serap $\oplus$. $\qquad$
Exports:
Refined, serap, brass and bronze ingots.
Refined
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) ....................
Stocks, refined, end of month, total-.........................
Fabricators'

Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments
(quarterly):
Bratss mill prod
Copper wire mill products $\oplus$ -
Brass and bronze foundry products $\qquad$ mil. of Lead:
Production:


Stocks, end of month:
Producers', ore, base bullion, and in proerss $\oplus$ (ABMS) - Refiners' $^{\text {(primary), refined and antimonial to }}$ Consumers', total short tons
Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all consumers.-do-
Prin:
Imports (for consumption):

Estimated recovery from scrap. total $\oplus^{*}$............................
As metrl.

Exports, incl. reexports (metal)
Stocks, pig (industrial), end of month
Prime:
Mine production, recoverable gine $\triangle$. . . . short tons. . imports (general):
Ores and concentrates $\oplus$
slab zinc:
Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores...-.-.......................................

Sxports...-..............
Prodncers', smelter (AZI) ....-.-.......................

Zine oxide (zine content of ore and concentrates

- Revised. ${ }^{\text {P Preliminary. }}{ }^{1}$ Represents secondar
4 Source: American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
${ }^{4}$ Source: American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
$\dagger$ Data for 1947-57 have
$\oplus$ Basic metal content.
$\oplus \underset{*}{\oplus}$ Rasic metal content.

 $\$$ shown separately. Data in 1957 B usiness Statistics represent total production (both primary and secondary).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

## HEATING APPARATUS, EXCEPT ELECTRIC <br> Radiators and convectors, cast iron <br> Shipments - .........-.......thous. of sq. It. of radiation Stocks, end <br> Shipments <br>  <br> toves and ranges, domestic cooking, excl. built-ins: <br>  <br> Gas (incl. bungalow and combination)--.-.-.-do. <br> Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil.................do <br> Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, total $\oplus \ldots$..... do <br> Coal and wood <br>  <br> Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total $\oplus$ number Gas Solid fuel <br> 

## MACHINERY AND APPARATUS

Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals:
Blowers and fans, new orders....--.-- - thous. of dol
Unit-heater group, new orders $\square \ldots-\ldots$..........
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net
Gurnaces, industrial, new orders, net. , new orders, net:
Fuel-fired (excent for hot rolling steel) thous of dol
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments:
 Industrial trucks and tractors (gasoline-powered),
 Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming) : $\dagger$ New orders (net), total..-.-..-....................... of dol
 Estimated backlog
Other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (excavating and earthmoving) $\oplus$.-.-.-.................................. of dol arm machines and equipment (selceted products, Tractors (except garden), total, incl. contractors' off-highway wheel-type tractors $\uparrow \oplus$.-. units Valueq $\oplus$
 Wheel-type (exc-ant contractors. of dol. Value.-.-...................................... Pumps (steam, power, centrifugal, and rotary), new

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Batterics (automotive replacement only) shipments
Household electrical appliances
Ranges (incl. built-ins), domestic and export sales*
Refrigeration, output (seas. adj.) $\oplus \ldots 1947-49=100$ Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed
Washers, sales billed (domestic and expoot) thousands.
Radio sets, production (domestic and export) $\triangle$.-...................................................

Insulating materials and related products:
Insulating materials, sales billed, index
Vulcanized fiber products, shipments $\quad 1947-49=100$ Steel conduit (rigid), shipments..........thous. of ft.
Motors and generators, quarterly:
New orders, index
Polyphase induction motors, 1-200 ho $1947-49=100$ New orders.....--------------thous, of dol Billings...............................................
 Billings.

|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 2,651 | 1,995 |
| 4,027 | 3,510 |
| 70,999 | 44,613 |
| 42,639 | 41,298 |
| 188,661 | 146,777 |
| 6,227 | 3.328 |
| 175,627 | 137,166 |
| 6,407 | 6.243 |
| 362,410 | 173,398 |
| 49,997 | 17,055 |
| 251,913 | 127,137 |
| 60,500 | 29,206 |
|  |  |
| 133,286 | 96,745 |
| 82,380 | 61,884 |
| 37,628 | 26.524 |
| 5,812 | 2.892 |
| 230,690 | 169,261 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


|  |  | 39,476 |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 145.3 | 59.6 | 61.4 | 57.9 | 57.6 |  |
| 1,448 | 749 | 1.593 | 701 | 1,420 |  |
| 1,400 | 1,634 | 2,180 | 1,593 | 717 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 600 | 532 | 504 | 515 | 471 |  |
| 373 | 366 | 389 | 383 | 370 |  |
| 1,639 | 1,518 | 1,812 | 1,305 | 1,264 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39.70 | 35.15 | 24.85 | 26.85 | 28.30 |  |
| 32.70 | 30.80 | 20.05 | 22.00 | 23.75 |  |
| 76.05 | 59.75 | 70.10 | 57.80 | 48.05 |  |
| 66.05 | 51.60 | 63.25 | 50.80 | 43.15 |  |
| 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 45.380 |  |  |  |

- 

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem ber |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

| COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anthracite: ${ }^{\text {Production }}$ | 2,262 | 1,928 | 1,826 | 2, 197 | 1.782 | 1, 501 | 1,571 | 1,639 | 1,995 | 1.400 | 1,779 | 2,084 | -1,999 | 1,385 |
| Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of mo..do.. | 532 | 510 | 500 | 420 | 291 | 275 | 283 | 341 | 366 | 395 | 446 | 501 | 527 |  |
|  | 329 | 240 | 270 | 225 | 200 | 137 | 117 | 190 | 232 | 139 | 164 | 235 |  |  |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail, stove, composite..-.-.-.dol, per short ton-- | 28.56 | 28.90 | 28.90 | 29.14 | 29.14 | 29.14 | 28.21 | 27.66 | 27.63 | 27.76 | 27.76 | 27.80 | 27.95 |  |
| Wholesale, chestnut, f. o. b. car at mine..-- do.- | 15.022 | 15.092 | 15. 512 | 15. 512 | 15.512 | 15.512 | 13.279 | 13.279 | 13.279 | 13.685 | 13.685 | +13.951 | ${ }^{p} 14.338$ |  |
| Bituminous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--------------------thous. of short tons-- | 45,729 | 38,508 | 37,163 | 37,700 | 31,450 | 31,930 | 29,940 | 30,310 | 33,762 | 23,638 | 33,470 | + 35,960 | 39, 100 | 38,810 |
| Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total $\dagger$ <br> thous. of short tons.- | ${ }^{\text {r 35, }} 702$ | r 34, 334 | r 35, 163 | 36, 784 | 33, 653 | 32,319 | 27, 130 | 26,044 | 25,650 | 26, 278 | 28, 204 | - 29,473 | 31,946 |  |
| Industrial consumption, total $\dagger$ - .-.-.-.---- do | - 32, 192 | - 31, 175 | - 31, 240 | 31,778 | 28,622 | 28,692 | 24,932 | 24, 477 | 24, 199 | 24, 824 | 26, 141 | r 26, 647 | 29,018 |  |
| Electric-power utilities...-....--------------- do- | 13, 521 | 13,345 | 13,646 | 14, 516 | 13, 352 | 13, 155 | 11, 290 | 11,012 | 11, 183 | 11, 821 | 12,381 | 12,087 | 13, 1294 |  |
|  | -8,723 | +7,865 | + 7, 229 | fi, 697 | 5,758 | 6, 130 | 5,446 | 5, 555 | 5,577 | 5,641 | 6, 118 | 6,350 | 7,207 |  |
|  | \% 205 | ${ }^{+} 153$ | r 139 | 84 | 63 | 72 | 60 | 65 | 78 | 54 | 68 | r94 | 105 |  |
|  | 569 | 621 | 680 | 800 | 787 | 734 | 583 | 559 | 489 | 438 | 466 | 472 | 538 |  |
|  | 789 | 786 | 817 | 706 | 615 | 626 | 629 | 700 | 718 | 729 | 673 | 683 | 735 |  |
| Other mfg. and mining industries §.........do | 7,594 | 7,685 | 8,123 | 8,407 | 7, 592 | 7, 562 | 6,556 | 6,150 | 5,806 | 5,829 | 6,097 | 6,609 | 6,931 |  |
|  | 626 | 607 | 584 | 521 | 452 | 400 | 320 | 276 | 227 | 191 | 197 | 215 | 281 |  |
| Bunker fuel (foreign and lake vessel) §.....do | 165 | 113 | 22 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 48 | 160 | 124 | 121 | 141 | -137 | 127 |  |
| Retail deliveries to other consumers §.........do...- | 3,510 | 3,159 | 3, 923 | 5,006 | 5,031 | 3, 627 | 2, 198 | 1,567 | 1,451 | 1,454 | 2,063 | 2,826 | 2,928 |  |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total §† thous. of short tons.- | 81, 580 | 81, 521 | 80, 779 | 77, 355 | 72, 264 | 70,922 | 71, 296 | 72,613 | 74, 646 | 71, 144 | 72, 256 | 74,020 | 77, 807 |  |
|  | 80, 646 | 80, 533 | 79, 868 | 76, 617 | 71,692 | 70, 409 | 70, 749 | 71, 931 | 73, 789 | 70,217 | 71, 256 | 73, 003 | 76, 745 |  |
|  | 51, 238 | 51, 070 | 50, 289 | 48,707 | 46,025 | 45,055 | 45, 662 | 47, 296 | 48,670 | 47,290 | 48,041 | 49,508 | 50, 653 |  |
| Oven-coke plants $\dagger$--..-----..------------ do | 13, 935 | 14,003 | 14, 092 | 13, 217 | 12, 096 | 11,906 | 11, 882 | 11,585 | 11, 784 | 10,040 | 10, 119 | 10, 523 | 11, 696 |  |
| Steel and rolling mills \&-.......----.....--- do | 687 | 652 | . 651 | 602 | 590 | ${ }^{589}$ | . 621 | 613 | 680 | 540 | 561 | 609 | 606 |  |
|  | 1,531 | 1,573 | 1,524 | 1,364 | 1,228 | 1,128 | 1,060 | 1,073 | 1,144 | 1,093 | 1,120 | 1,212 | 1,329 |  |
| Other industrials | 12,630 | 12, 617 | 12, 667 | 12,072 | 11, 142 | 11, 141 | 11,074 | 10,853 | 11,016 | 10,840 | 11,013 | 10, 749 | 12,082 |  |
| Railroads (class I) | 625 | 618 | 645 | 655 | 611 | 590 | 550 | 511 | 495 | 414 | 402 | 402 | 409 |  |
| Retail dealers | 934 | 988 | 911 | 738 | 572 | 513 | 547 | 682 | 857 | 927 | 1,000 | 1.017 | 1, Ofi2 |  |
| Exports | 6,435 | 5,268 | 4,901 | 4,104 | 2,933 | 3,629 | 4,412 | 4,351 | 4,828 | 4,386 | 5,475 | 4,626 |  |  |
| Prices: ${ }_{\text {Retail }}$ composite |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail, composite......................dol. per short ton.Wholesale: | 16.52 | 16. 58 | 16.61 | 16. 62 | 16.63 | 16.66 | 16.63 | 16.18 | 16.16 | 16.28 | 16.31 | 16. 60 | 16. 68 |  |
| Screenings, indust. use, f. o. b. car at mine..do | 5. 575 | 5. 565 | 5. 559 | 5. 539 | 5. 555 | 5. 561 | 5. 449 | 5. 449 | 5. 443 | 5. 385 | 5. 325 | +5.326 | - 5.331 |  |
| Domestic, large sizes, f. o. b. car at mine....do. | 7. 611 | 7. 665 | 7. 724 | 7. 709 | 7. 709 | 7. 709 | 7. 182 | 7. 154 | 7.122 | 7. 247 | 7.569 | + 7.659 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 7.784$ |  |
| Production: COKE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beehivef...----------.-.-.-..-- thous. of short tons.. | 123 | 90 | 81 | 48 | r 37 | 40 | 34 | 「36 | 45 | - 29 | 39 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 55$ | 62 |  |
|  | 6. 166 | 5,541 | 5,098 | 4,715 | 4,041 | 4,302 | 3, 802 | 3,862 | 3.889 | 3,928 | 4. 276 | r 4.450 | ¢. 046 |  |
| Petroleum coke 9 | 599 | 586 | 607 | 646 | 560 | 592 | 627 | 665 | 593 | 638 | 637 | 604 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2, 764 | 2,963 | 3, 137 | 3,300 | 3,347 | 3, 478 | 3,721 | 3, 886 | 3, 877 | 3, 983 | 4,007 | 3, 993 | 3, 896 |  |
| At furnace plants. | 1,947 | 2,095 | 2, 183 | 2,273 | 2,312 | 2,346 | 2, 479 | 2,580 | 2,531 | 2,585 | 2,588 | 2, 577 | 2,507 |  |
| At merchant plants | 817 | 868 | 954 | 1,027 | 1,035 | 1,183 | 1,243 | 1,306 | 1,346 | J, 398 | 1, 419 | 1,416 | 1,389 |  |
| Petroleum coke. | 459 | 501 | 507 | 559 | 576 | 622 | 669 | 728 | 725 | 705 | 821 | 845 |  |  |
|  | 60 | 56 | 50 | 41 | 33 | 32 | 16 | 25 | 30 | 48 | 25 | 28 |  |  |
| Price, oven foundry coke (merchant plants), f. o. b. Birmingham, Ala. $\sigma^{7}$. dol. per short ton.- | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28. 85 |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{r} 2,771$ | r 2,117 | +2,035 | 2,572 | 1,851 | 1,704 | 1,624 | 2,160 | 1,980 | 2. 251 | 1, 842 | 2, 112 |  |  |
| Productiont---.-.----------------- thous. of hbl | -212, 055 | - 205, 249 | r214, 641 | 212,810 | 100,651 | 194, 472 | 188, 631 | 193, 215 | 190, 240 | 203, 700 | 215, 114 | 212,972 |  |  |
| Refinery operations....-.-.-. percent of capacity - | 86 | 86 |  | 86 | 8108 |  | 159 79 | 82 | 83 | 84 |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (runs to stills) -..---.---thous. of bbl-- | 237, 143 | 230, 773 | 242,305 | 237, 827 | 210,663 | 228, 050 | 215,657 | 229, 754 | 225, 803 | 234, 164 | 242, 537 | 232, 884 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Gasoline-bearing in U. S., total $\qquad$ do | 284, 517 | 281, 769 | 281,813 | 284, 539 | 285, 048 | 278, 534 | 273, 959 | 263, 105 | 253, 550 | 246,556 | 244, 810 | 251, 489 |  |  |
|  | 77, 737 | 74, 340 | 76,576 | 79,736 | 77, 069 | 77, 556 | 76,981 | 72,351 | 71, 419 | 70,356 | 68, 692 | 69, 694 |  |  |
| At tank farms and in pipelines....---.-.-.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 184, 129 | 184, 557 | 183, 526 | 183, 043 | 186, 877 | 179, 464 | 176, 112 | 169, 908 | 161, 373 | 156, 037 | 154,943 | 160,914 |  |  |
|  | 22,651 | 22, 872 | 21, 711 | 21,760 | 21, 102 | 21, 514 | 20,866 | 20,846 | 20,758 | 20, 163 | 21, 175 | 20,881 |  |  |
|  | 1,007 | 926 | 1, 088 | 425 | 213 | 838 | 643 | 503 | 216 | 308 | 334 | 170 |  |  |
|  | 37, 651 | 28,392 | 31, 281 | 34, 237 | 27.485 | 32,406 | 27. 608 | 31,613 | 34,460 | 32,056 | 31, 182 |  |  |  |
| Price (Oklahoma-Kansas) at wells .-.-. dol. per bbl-- | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil. .-.......-......- thous of bbl.- | 52,863 | 52,006 | 58,455 | 57, 120 | 48, 179 | 51, 149 | 47,032 | 50, 723 | 48, 342 | 51, 145 | 52,878 | 58, 506 |  |  |
|  | 32, 602 | 32,059 | 35,398 | 33, 803 | 31, 054 | 31, 468 | 28,412 | 28,537 | 27,346 | 30, 407 | 29, 789 | 29, 197 |  |  |
| Domestic demand. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | + 48,689 | ${ }_{+}^{+} 60,037$ | - 74, 739 | 83, 604 | 82, 169 | 62,298 | 46, 221 | 37, 290 | 32, 135 | 36, 864 | -31,915 | 37, 718 |  |  |
| Residual fuel oilt | 43,102 | + 45,974 | +53,766 | 56,356 | 50, 398 | 46, 294 | 41, 491 | 35,816 | 34,064 | 38, 118 | - 39,019 | 37,643 |  |  |
| Consumption by type of consumer: Electric-power plants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6,421 8,146 | 6,684 7,596 | 7,048 7,833 | 7,257 7,812 | 6.442 7,319 | 5,950 7.826 | 5,017 7,034 | 6,784 | 5, 343 6,918 | 7, 366 | 7,185 | 1,435 17 | 6,953 |  |
|  | 8, 101 | 7,345 | 7,168 | 7, 462 | 6,456 | 6, 886 | 7,491 | 7,351 | 6,629 | 7,130 | 6,647 | 6, 861 | 7,482 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 176, 388 | 166, 763 | 149, 449 | 122,375 | 87,906 | 75,315 | 76, 239 | 89, 160 | 105, 311 | 119,437 | 139, 862 | 155, 412 |  |  |
|  | 60,025 | 59,622 | 59, 959 | 57, 562 | 55,095 | 54, 929 | 57, 975 | 61,589 | 63, 864 | 66, 457 | 67, 230 | 67, 670 |  |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil.-----------.-----.--...- do... | 2,022 | 2,239 | 1,825 | 1,364 | 1,657 | 1,753 | 1,057 | 1,436 | 1,138 | 1,910 | 1,757 | 1,395 |  |  |
|  | 2, 279 | 1,898 | 1,804 | 1,418 | 1,046 | 1, 769 | 1,218 | 2,506 | 1,952 | 2,163 | 1,805 | 2,738 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Distillate (N. Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel) ..dol. per gal.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distillate (N. Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel) _.dol. per gal.Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel) .........dol. per bbl.- | 105 | . 105 | 105 | . 105 | 101 | 099 | . 093 | 003 | 093 | 0093 | . 096 | 099 |  |  |
| Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel) .......... dol. per bbl..Kerosene: | 1. 75 | 1. 75 | 1. 75 | 1. 75 | 1. 25 | 1. 10 | 1. 20 | 1. 20 | 1. 20 | 1.20 | 1. 30 | 1.30 |  |  |
| Kerosene: <br> Production $\qquad$ thous. of bbl. | 8,230 | 9, 709 | 11, 042 | 11, 204 | 10,651 | 10, 436 | 8, 102 | 7,036 | 6,978 | 6,984 | 8,202 | 8,544 |  |  |
|  | +10,122 | + 11,451 | 14, 593 | 17,459 | 16,524 | 11, 020 | 6,091 | 4, 379 | 4,278 | 5,538 | 5,272 | 6,014 |  |  |
|  | 34, 384 | 32, 696 | 29, 200 | 23, 073 | 17, 202 | 16,706 | 18, 729 | 21, 437 | 24, 167 | 25, 655 | 28, 662 | 31, 259 |  |  |
|  | 211 | 109 | 93 | 45 | 71 | 82 | 73 | 56 | 58 | 29 | 51 | 44 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bulk lots (New York Harbor) dol. per gal... | . 110 | . 110 | . 110 | . 110 | . 106 | . 104 | . 098 | . 098 | . 098 | . 098 | . 101 | . 104 |  |  |

r Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Revision for September 1957: 7,690,000 barrels. col thevisions will be pubhished later for indicated items as follows: Bituminous-coal consumption (January-August 195)

 stocks begin with January 1957 (earlier figures for affected items not strictly comparable). of Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.
o'Substituted series (averages of weekly quotations from Steel magazine); data prior to May 1957 will be shown later.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Janat ars | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novern ber |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued

PETROLEEM AND PRODUCTS-Continued
Refined petroleum products-Continued
Lubricints:
Production .......-....................................... of bhe Domestic demand refinery, end of nonth-

Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontiment. f. o. ) Motor fuel:
Gasoline (including aviation):
Production, totaif $\ldots$................................ of bhe
Gasoline and naphtha from crude oil.... Natural-gas hquids: Used at refineries (incl. benzol) .........do. Tsed in other gasoline blends, ete $\dagger$.
Domestic demand $\dagger$ Stocks. end of month At refineries Cnfuished gasoline Vacural-ras liquide Exports (motor
rices, gasoline: Whosale, refinery ( Okla ., group 3) _dol. per gal Retal (regular grade, excl. taxes), service stations, 54 cities
Aviation gasoline: 100-octane ond --......................

 Jet fucl Production. Domestic demand $\dagger$
Stocks, and of month
Asphalt: $\odot$
Stocks, refinery, end of month
Produ
Production..........................
Asphalt and tar products, shipments:
Asphal roonng, total................... thous. of squares
Roll roofing and cap sheet
Shingles, all types.-
Asphalt siding -
Insulated siding $\sigma^{\circ}$ Asphalt hoard produets





| 4,325 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3,183 | 3 |
| 1,011 | 10 |
| 1,167 |  |
| 230 |  |
| 5, 109 | 116 |
| 2, 562 | 104 |
| 1, 194 | 11 |
| 1,383 |  |
| 5,137 | 125 |
| 8, 486 | 175 |
| 8,503 | 90 |
| 1, 702 | 10 |
| 0, 752 | 23 |
| 1,535 | 1 |
| 110 |  |
| 214 |  |
| 9,625 | 9 |
| 6, 448 | 6 |
| 2, 712 | 12 |
| 7, 597 | 7 |
| 6,506 | 6 |
| 6,780 | 8 |
| 5. 494 | 5 |
| 8, 451 | 9 |
| 5,465 | 13 |
| 425 |  |
| 735 |  |
| 6,347 | 6 |
| 2, 353 | 2 |
| 3,994 | 3 |
| 92 |  |
| 157 |  |
| 1, 582 | 1 |
| 2, 313 | 92 |


| 325 | 4. 22 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 183 | 3.70 |
| 011 | 10, 65 |
| 167 | 81 |
| 230 | 23 |
| 109 | [16, 86 |
| 562 | 104,008 |
| 164 | 11,50 |
| 383 | 1, 26 |
| 137 | 125, 44 |
| 486 | 175, 46 |
| 503 | 90, 97 |
| 702 | 10, 81 |
| 752 | 23.85 |
| 535 | 1,38 |
| 110 | 11 |
| 214 | 21 |
| 625 | 9,99 |
| 448 | 6,95 |
| 712 | 12,27 |
| 597 | 7,591 |
| 506 | 6,48 |
| 780 | 8,89 |
| 494 | 5,75 |
| 451 | 9,89 |
| 465 | 13,95 |
| 425 | 44 |
| 735 | 74 |
| 347 | 6, 23 |
| 353 | 2, 27 |
| 994 | 3.95 |
| 92 | 9 |
| 157 | 16 |
| 582 | 1,95 |
| 313 | 92, 87 |




## PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING



## PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS

All paper and board mills, production:
Paper and board, total........--thous. of short tons.-Paper-........
Wet-machine board



 oData prier to 1957 will be published later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING-Continued

| PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new 9. | 849.0 | 765.0 | 770.1 | 827.4 | 760.8 | 791.7 | 783.0 | 803.0 | 815.4 | 801.0 | r 829.4 | 821.8 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month $\%$............-do... | 704.0 | 636.5 | 664.6 | 652.0 | 599.5 | 602.2 | 581.2 | 623.1 | 665.2 | 696.0 | - 715.0 | 654.2 |  |  |
|  | 1,060.7 | 974.6 | 954.1 | 997.2 | 912.2 | 981.8 | 994.5 | 966.3 | 953.8 | +891.6 | -1,007. 5 | 993.8 |  |  |
|  | 863.2 | 803.2 | 764.2 | 824.5 | 740.6 | 775.3 | 806.2 | 805. 2 | 792.1 | 740.0 | r 841.4 | 804.5 |  |  |
| Fine paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unflled, end of month .---------.-- do | 70.0 | 64.5 | 59.4 | fif) 9 | 75.9 | 70.3 | 71.7 | 73.3 | 78.1 | 93.2 | $r 74.9$ | 66.7 |  |  |
|  | 136.3 | 127.0 | 124.0 | 128.9 | 123.0 | 136.3 | 132.8 | 131.2 | 129.0 | 110.5 | ${ }^{-130.9}$ | 135.6 |  |  |
| Shipments | 125.3 | 118.7 | 113.8 | 124.0 | 115. 4 | 124.8 | 122.3 | 125.5 | 125.9 | 117.7 | ${ }^{+} 122.4$ | 113.0 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 115.1 | 125.0 | 130.0 | 130.7 | 131.1 | 130.5 | 139.2 | 138.7 | 146. 7 | 143.8 | ${ }^{r} 123.9$ | 119.1 |  |  |
| Printing paper:Orders, new |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 353.2 434.7 | 321.5 395.5 | ${ }_{421.7}^{330.6}$ | 343.6 418.7 | 323.6 <br> 368.5 <br> 18 | 316.2 334.9 | 338.1 354.6 | 344.1 397.5 | 363.2 43.8 | 336.8 432.7 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { r } \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \hline 101.5\end{array}$ | 331.7 403.0 |  |  |
|  | 349.8 | 330.9 | 314.3 | 342.9 | 315.1 | 334.8 | 342.8 | 348.3 | 338.9 | 314.3 | - 347.8 | 331.8 |  |  |
|  | 350.2 | 331.5 | 320.2 | 342.6 | 308.0 | 308.5 | 345.6 | 345.9 | 339.4 | 311.2 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 347.6$ | 327.8 |  |  |
|  | 217.1 | 215.9 | 209.9 | 210.2 | 217.3 | 240.1 | 237.3 | 218.5 | 217.9 | 221.0 | ${ }^{+} 221.2$ | 225.2 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, Endish finish, white, f. o. b. mill dol ner 100 lb | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15. 95 | 15.95 | 15.95 | 15.95 | 15.95 | 15. 95 | 15. 95 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 13.95$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 325. 1 | 283.2 | 281.3 | 312.2 | 273.5 | 299.4 | 277.0 | 285.2 | 282.8 | 283.9 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 317.1$ | 326.2 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month | 158.9 | 137.5 308.9 | 137.9 | 130. 1 | 120.3 | 132.5 | 119.8 | 115.4 | 119.3 | 128.3 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ \hline\end{array} 314.9$ | 140.8 |  |  |
| Shipments | 332.2 | 304.4 | 282.4 | 306.6 | 275.5 | 296.1 | 288.3 | 288.8 | 281.2 | 263.2 | ז 315.3 | 309.8 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of mont | 105.0 | 113.0 | 115.6 | 111.6 | 109.7 | 113.4 | 115.3 | 103.3 | 107.1 | 101.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 103.5$ | 97.5 |  |  |
| Newsprint: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments from mills ......-..................do | 544.4 | 520.5 | 471.4 | 474.8 | 435.2 | 471.1 | 532.7 | 561.4 | 480.6 | 523.2 | 491.9 | 495.3 | 35.51 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month.................-do | 184.1 | 168.6 | 132.5 | 155.9 | 194.6 | 24.2 | 235.1 | 221.8 | 223.6 | 208.8 | 227.9 | 223.3 | 212.3 |  |
| Production do. | 146.8 | 140.4 | 138.7 | 157.0 | 140.4 | 148.4 | 148.6 | 149.0 | 141.8 | 134.9 | 148.5 | 137.2 | 154.8 |  |
| Shipments from mills | 145.3 | 143. 1 | 135.1 | 158.8 | 138.7 | 151.0 | 149.2 | 146.7 | 138.6 | 137.8 | 142.0 | 139.7 | 158. 7 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of mon | 18.5 | 15.7 | 19.3 | 17.6 | 19.3 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 18.3 | 21.5 | 18.6 | 25.1 | 22.6 | 18.6 |  |
| Consumption by publishers $0^{7}$ $\qquad$ do.... Stocks at and in transit to pullisbers, end of month ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ thous. of short tons | 465.4 | 453.0 | 436.3 | 385.9 | 364.7 | 434.4 | 423.3 | 438.0 | 409.2 | 364.5 | 387.6 | 413.0 | 450.9 |  |
|  | 752.5 | 722.9 | 675.0 | 710.1 | 719.7 | 689.8 | 694.9 | 683.2 | 667.8 | 698.1 | 724.4 | 697.2 | 655.3 |  |
| Imports $\qquad$ do...- <br> Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports | 472.3 | 406.9 | 403.7 | 399.5 | 369.8 | 391.8 | 421.0 | 416.7 | 422.3 | 411.6 | 367.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 134.40 | 134. 40 | 134. 40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.10 | 134.40 | 134.40 | p 134. 40 |  |
| Paperboard (National Paperboard Association): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new $\ddagger$ - .........thous. of short tons | 1,353.0 | 1, 135.1 | 1,090.0 | 1,047.9 | 1,059.9 | 1, 173.7 | 1,113.9 | 1, 175.6 | 1,147.3 | 1,130. 3 | 1,247. 7 | 1, 290.7 | 1,389.8 | 1,215.7 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month...............-. do | 481. 3 | 355. 2 | 376.2 | 340.8 | 363.0 | 1 351.9 | 1365. 2 | 348.6 | 356.5 | 465. 5 | 407.3 | 482.8 | +27.6 | 369.6 |
| Production, totalt. Percent of activity | 1,349.2 | 1,245.5 ${ }^{5}$ | 1,057.2 | 1,081. ${ }^{\mathbf{7}}$ | 1,044,3 | 1,171.2 | 1,112.9 | 1,163.5 | 1, 125.6 6 | 1,033.2 | 1,284.4 ${ }_{9}$ | 1,247.6 | 1,398.8 | 1,270.3 |
| Paper products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments $\ddagger$. . ...........-. - mil. sq. It. surface area | 9,437 | 8,065 | 6,825 | 7,697 | 7,013 | 7,483 | 7,543 | 7,944 | 7,690 | 7,833 | 8,738 | 9,008 | 9.861 | 8,091 |
| Folding paper boxes, index of physical volume:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 138.6 | 117.7 | 115.8 | 128.4 | 129.4 | 131.7 | 129.3 | 120.5 | 126.3 | 139.7 | 128.0 | 134.4 | 137.0 |  |
| Shipments of boxes..-......---------------- -- ${ }^{\text {do... }}$ | 144.6 | 122.2 | 121.9 | 122.8 | 115.5 | 124.2 | 116.6 | 120.5 | 120.7 | 118.8 | 129.7 | 133.5 | 138.3 |  |
| PRINTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,336 | 1,408 | ${ }^{1} 1,271$ | 579 | 1,051 | ${ }^{1} 1,302$ | 1,109 | 1, 151 | ${ }^{1} 1,344$ | 972 | 679 | ${ }^{1} 1,023$ | 1,217 | 1. 307 |
| New books | 1,132 | 1,176 | ${ }^{1} 1,043$ | 478 | 821 | ${ }^{1} 1,087$ | 883 | 921 | ${ }^{1} 1,137$ | 752 | 552 | 1871 | 1,007 | 1,192 |
|  | 204 | 232 | ${ }^{1} 228$ | 101 | 230 | ${ }^{1} 215$ | 226 | 230 | ${ }^{1} 207$ | 220 | 127 | ${ }^{1} 152$ | 210 | 215 |

## RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Natural rubber: RUBBER \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 48.685 \& 43, 723 \& 38,203 \& 42, 597 \& 36, 711 \& 38, 191 \& 36, 608 \& 36,014 \& 37, 607 \& 34, 235 \& 39,444 \& 44, 814 \& 48,957 \\
\hline  \& 102, 496 \& 98, 224 \& 101, 401 \& 104, 979 \& 110,880 \& 112,863 \& 107, 897 \& 100, 985 \& 91, 779 \& 85, 577 \& 85,666 \& 82,622 \& 77,859 \\
\hline Imports, including latex and guayule --...-- do...- \& 49,371 \& 44, 583 \& 53, 922 \& 45, 564 \& 46,017 \& 40, 444 \& 34, 930 \& 32, 061 \& 28,279 \& 25, 823 \& 39, 057 \& \& \\
\hline Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) \(\begin{aligned} \& \text { dol. per dh.. }\end{aligned}\) \& . 295 \& . 265 \& 285 \& . 275 \& . 263 \& . 266 \& . 269 \& . 253 \& . 263 \& . 281 \& . 288 \& . 294 \& 312 \\
\hline Synthetic rubber: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 106.401
88,497 \& 106,030
75,132 \& 103,779
67,386 \& 102,716
72,625 \& 81.755
64,230 \& 83,641
66,040 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 73,757 \\
\& 66,613
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
76,411 \\
66,304
\end{gathered}
\] \& 74,050 69, 806 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 77,083 \\
\& 63.865
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 87,321 \\
\& 71,762
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 90,979 \\
\& 78,461
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
100,981 \\
88,015
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline  \& 164, 705 \& 177, 967 \& 198, 585 \& 210, 397 \& 208,914 \& 209, 468 \& 199, 226 \& 191, 929 \& 183, 721 \& 181,524 \& 183, 921 \& 182,840 \& 178, 534 \\
\hline  \& 16,697 \& 16,549 \& 19,620 \& 19, 182 \& 14, 665 \& 20, 512 \& 15, 780 \& 19, 222 \& 15,308 \& 14, 844 \& 12,873 \& 13, 100 \& \\
\hline Reclaimed rubber: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 26,650 \& 22, 286 \& 20, 286 \& 21,945 \& 19,017 \& 20, 225 \& 20,735 \& 19,567 \& 21, 220 \& 18, 122 \& 22, 432 \& 22,596 \& 26, 323 \\
\hline Consumption --.-.----------------------- do-. \& 24, 878 \& 20,545 \& 18,229 \& 21, 186 \& 18, 130 \& 19,300 \& 19,746 \& 20, 104 \& 20,652 \& 18,350 \& 19,347 \& 21, 771 \& 23, 3673 \\
\hline  \& 27, 171 \& 27,855 \& 29,323 \& 29,569 \& 28,838 \& 28, 984 \& 29,440 \& 27, 862 \& 27,763 \& 26, 442 \& 27,961 \& 26,676 \& 27,340 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Pneumatic casings: \\
Production. thousands.
\end{tabular} \& 9, 708 \& 8,248 \& 7,615 \& 7,814 \& 7,314 \& 7,573 \& 7,477 \& 7,653 \& 8,293 \& 7,288 \& 7,762 \& 8,277 \& \\
\hline  \& 8, 154 \& 7.171 \& \({ }^{6}\), 560 \& 8,271 \& \({ }^{6}, 737\) \& 7,543 \& 8,175 \& 8,503 \& 9,231 \& 9,573 \& 7.848 \& 7,912 \& \\
\hline Original equipment. Replacement equipment \& \(\stackrel{\text { 2, } 6.21}{5.350}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}3,398 \\ 3,630 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
3,070 \\
3,342 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 2, 6,63
5,511 \& 2,253
4,374 \& 2,114 \& 1,876 \& 2,173 \& 1,932 \& \(\stackrel{2,020}{ }\) \& 1,055 \& 1,442 \& \\
\hline Replacement equipmen Export \& 5, 350
182 \& 3,630
143 \& 3,342
148 \& 5,511 \& \(\begin{array}{r}4,374 \\ \hline 10\end{array}\) \& 5,334
95 \& 6,183
116 \& 6,220
110 \& 7.182
117 \& 7,442
111 \& 6.679
115 \& 6, 105 \& \\
\hline Stocks, end of month - --.......................- do \& 20,985 \& 22, 171 \& 23, 225 \& 22, 769 \& 23, 392 \& 23,446 \& 22,658 \& 21,834 \& 20,920 \& 18,615 \& 18, 521 \& 18, 925 \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{Inner tubes:} \\
\hline  \& 3,764 \& 3. 243 \& 2,778 \& 3,344 \& 3,444 \& 3,685 \& 3,624 \& 3,530 \& 3,476 \& 2, 890 \& 3.305 \& 3,390 \& \\
\hline  \& 3.172 \& 2,736 \& \(\stackrel{2}{717}\) \& 4, 309 \& 3,296 \& 3,764 \& 3,243 \& 3,035 \& 3, 602 \& 3,466 \& 3. \(3: 31\) \& 3, 498 \& \\
\hline Stocks, end of month. \& \[
\begin{gathered}
6.909 \\
100
\end{gathered}
\] \& 7,444
88 \& 7,671
84 \& \(6.7(1)\)
3
3
132 \& \(\begin{array}{r}6.983 \\ 3 \\ \hline 76\end{array}\) \& 7,066

3

73 \& $\begin{array}{r}7,609 \\ 3 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
8,189 \\
899
\end{array}
$$ \& 8,156

3 \& 7,6880
367 \& 7,664
3108 \& $\begin{array}{r}7,657 \\ 3 \\ \hline 69\end{array}$ \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}







| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | Novem- <br> ber | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febrt1- ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem- ber |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| PORTLAND CEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production, finished cement ............thous of bbl. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of capacity ........- |  | 84 | 73 | 59 | ${ }^{14,50}$ | 58 | 24, 79 | 29, 92 | 30,078 98 | 29,803 90 | 31,675 | 31,597 98 | 32,847 |  |
| Shipments, finished cement---------------thous. of bbl-. | 31, 164 | 21, 039 | 17.023 | 13.717 | 10.968 | 17,686 | 25,566 | 30.770 | 30.513 | 32,536 | r 34,432 | 35,031 | 36,880 |  |
|  | 19,213 | 23, 187 | 28.566 | 33, 235 | 36,383 | 36, 734 | 35, 170 | 33.673 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,444 | 11, 326 | 14. 786 | 19, 168 | 24, 526 | 28, 235 | 28, 409 | ${ }_{26,587}^{33,68}$ | ${ }_{24}^{34,372}$ | - 22,561 | -18,872 | + + r 15,346 | 120.478 |  |
| CLAY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick, unglazed (common and face): <br> Productionor ..................thous. of standard brick. | 626,001 | 546, 121 | 473, 036 | 408.100 | 338, 619 | 422.800 | 541,649 | 587, 322 | 580,880 | 591,853 | 612, 536 | 632, 660 |  |  |
|  | 615,752 | 488, 394 | 393, 731 | 347, 749 | 269, 485 | 436, 589 | 569, 075 | 598,554 | 616. 518 | 618,355 | 634, 767 | 660, 720 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, common, composite, f. o. b. plant dol. per thous.- | 30.816 | 30.816 | 31.069 | 30.904 | 30.904 | 30.951 | 30.951 | 30.951 | 30.951 | 30.925 | 30.925 | ${ }^{+} 30.927$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 30.927$ |  |
| Clay sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified: $\sigma^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 173, 215 | 145, 230 | 123,524 | 133.193 | 108. 154 | 117, 507 | 117, 53f | 144,005 | 149, 773 | 162,066 | 166, 901 | 168, 585 |  |  |
|  | 164, 643 | 117, 111 | 87, 927 | 100, 950 | 72.335 | 114, 563 | 142, 501 | 155, 448 | 165,812 | 175, 751 | 182,345 | 183,977 |  |  |
|  | 53,368 | 48,631 | 45,634 | 43, 741 | 35, 11.5 | 40.822 | 50, 131 | 51.763 | 52,460 | 58,977 | - 56,680 | 54, 541 |  |  |
|  | 52,082 | 44,625 | 38, 354 | 37. 783 | 30.716 | 41.392 | 48,889 | 52, 750 | 52. 251 | 57, 257 | ${ }^{\text {r } 50,781}$ | 49,698 |  |  |
| Glass and glass Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flat glass. mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total)* <br> thous. of dol. |  |  | 69, 299 |  |  | 47, 217 |  |  | 44, 121 |  |  | 57, 596 |  |  |
| Sheet (window) glass. shipments <br> Plate and other flat glass, shipments.............. do.... |  |  | 33,761 35,538 |  |  | -24,545 |  |  | 21, 116 23,005 |  |  | 27,497 30,099 |  |  |
| Glass containers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-.- | 13, 174 | 11, 457 | 10.767 | 11.714 | 10, 899 | 12,216 | 11, 158 | 12, 201 | 12, 721 | 12,707 | 13, 453 | 12,597 | 13, 242 |  |
|  | 12,461 | 11,954 | 9. 294 | 10,644 | 10.546 | 11. 015 | 10,914 | 12,275 | 12,176 | 12,042 | 13,716 | 13, 299 | 12,680 |  |
| General-use food: <br> Narrow-neck food $\qquad$ | 1.398 | 1,085 | 779 | 941 | 889 | 996 | 1,082 | 1,157 | 1. 198 | 1,232 | 2,007 | 2,369 | 1,407 |  |
| Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly ghasses, and fruit jars) $\qquad$ thous. of gross | 3,604 | 3,386 | 2, 669 | 3. 272 | 2. 773 | 3. 181 | 3,210 | 3. 511 | 3, 615 | 3,932 | 4, 520 | 4, 271 | 3,867 |  |
|  | 371 | 594 | 903 | 894 | 1.446 | 788 | 696 | 966 | 1, 096 | 939 | 594 | 462 | 664 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}773 \\ 1,546 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 765 1,441 | ${ }_{986} 986$ | ${ }_{965}^{582}$ | $\begin{array}{r}559 \\ 1.018 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}855 \\ 1.195 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 1.079 1.045 | 1.498 <br> 1.155 | 1,467 1,159 1 | 1,260 | - 994 | + 811 | 686 1 |  |
|  | 1,546 <br> 3,486 | 1,441 <br> 3,414 | 2. ${ }^{986}$ | 2. 9.985 | 1.018 2.891 | 1. 195 2,929 | $\begin{array}{r}1.045 \\ 2.727 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1. 1155 <br> 2.812 <br> 1 | +1,159 | 980 2,569 | 1,144 3,161 | 1,227 2,915 | 1,498 3 |  |
| Chemical, household and industrial..--.---.-. do | 1.077 | 1,035 | 740 | 947 | ${ }^{2} 82$ | -932 | -947 | 1,039 | -945 | -994 | 1,077 | 1,052 | 1,052 |  |
| Dairy products........-............................do.. | 206 | , 234 | 154 | 152 | 138 | 139 | 128 | 137 | 141 | 136 | ${ }^{219}$ | 192 | ${ }^{1} 176$ |  |
| Stocks, end of month.............................-do...- | 17,471 | 16,580 | 17.834 | 18,051 | 18, 196 | 19.132 | 19,027 | 18.825 | 19,145 | 19,512 | 18, 927 | 17,971 | 18,203 |  |
| GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude gypsum, quarterly total: <br> Imports thous. of short tons. |  |  | 1,061 |  |  | 827 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2,279 |  |  | - 1,970 |  |  | - 2,352 |  |  | 2.680 |  |  |
| Calcined, production, quarterly totnl.............. do. |  |  | 1.862 |  |  | 1.790 |  |  | 1,894 |  |  | 2,285 |  |  |
| Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total: <br> Uncalcined uses.................................-short tons. |  |  | 854.662 |  |  | 594,437 |  |  | -911,611 |  |  | 920, 082 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 76,674 |  |  | r 63, 622 |  |  | 56, 424 |  |  | 68, 291 |  |  |
| Building uses: Plasters: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $323,847$ |  |  | 293.050 |  |  | 331, 536 |  |  | 375,606 |  |  |
| All other (incl. Keene's cement)-...---.-.- do.... |  |  | 303. 223 |  |  | -2f2, 112 |  |  | 302, 432 |  |  | 339,607 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 529.3 |  |  | 496.3 |  |  | 494.5 |  |  | 620.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,000. 81. |  |  | 1.093 .0 137.9 |  |  | r1. $\begin{array}{r}134.4 \\ 154.6\end{array}$ |  |  | 1.371 .4 160.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TEXTILE PRODUCTS

| APPAREL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hosiery, shipments $\ddagger$---.-.-- thous of dozen pairs.- | 15,434 | 13,036 | 9.773 | 11.696 | 11,056 | 11,667 | 10.723 | 9.891 | 11,317 | 11, 303 | 13, 718 | 14,099 | 15, 830 |  |
| Men's mparel, cuttings: $¢ \triangle \oplus$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Talored garments: thous of units | 21.635 | 1,336 | 1.302 | 21.670 | 1. 436 | 1,352 | 2 1. 665 | 1.416 | 1.348 | ${ }^{2} 1.095$ | 1,516 | 1,328 |  |  |
|  | 2470 | $\begin{array}{r}1,388 \\ \hline 88\end{array}$ | 184 | 2205 | 188 | 1.208 | ${ }_{2} 365$ | 404 | 412 | ${ }_{2}^{1+830}$ | ${ }_{464}$ | 1,384 | + 455 |  |
| Coats (separate), dress and sport*-.--.-.... do | ${ }^{2} 690$ | 780 | 624 | 2760 | 540 | 460 | ${ }^{2} 640$ | 724 | 852 | ${ }^{2} 685$ | 844 | 704 | 775 |  |
| Trousers (separate), dress and sport .-.......do | 26.780 | 5,616 | 4,94. | 25.275 | 4, 792 | 5, 040 | 25,445 | 4, 97\% | 4. 844 | 2 4,635 | 4,872 | 4,720 | 5. 455 |  |
| Shirts (wovern fabries), dress and sport thous. of doz.- | 21,925 | 1,624 | 1,328 | ${ }^{2} 1.830$ | 1. 676 | 1. 844 | ${ }^{2} 1.655$ | 1.576 | 1,524 | ${ }^{2} 1,395$ | 1,676 | 1,652 | 1,965 |  |
| Work clothing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dungarees and waistband overalls $\qquad$ do Shirts | 2255 2385 | 200 336 | 136 264 | 2210 2335 | 232 288 | 256 288 | 2225 2310 | 244 292 | 240 268 | 2225 2235 | 256 288 | 256 320 | 310 385 |  |
| Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cattings: $\triangle \oplus$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2. 524 | 2, 148 | 1. 426 | 2. 256 | 2,371 | 2. 232 | 1. 127 | 1. 058 | 1.802 | 2, 661 | 2, 620 | 2,649 | 3,030 |  |
|  | 20,010 | 18, 140 | 16, 234 | 21. 749 | 22.457 | 20.127 | 26. 844 | 24. 143 | 21, 126 | 19,778 | 20, 319 | 20, 591 | 22,540 |  |
|  | 696 | 783 | 677 | 1. 102 | 1. 277 | 998 | 556 | 332 | 949 | 1, 024 | 1,018 | 829 | 902 |  |
| Waists, blouses, and shirts...-.-.-.-. .thous. of doz.- | 1,439 | 923 | 707 | 1. 111 | 1,268 | 1, 339 | 1,221 | 1,266 | 1. 100 | 1,155 | 1, 219 | 1,251 | 1. 403 |  |
|  | 589 | 583 | 422 | 550 | 636 | 530 | 588 | 690 | 672 | 805 | 828 | 700 | 795 |  |
| r Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Excludes data for tile. ${ }^{2}$ Data cover a 5 -weck perioi. <br> Revisions will be published later as follows: 1954 (annual data only); 1955 (annual and monthly); 1956 (Jantary-August); 1957 (January-August) for brick and tile (data through 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| not strictly comparable). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *.New serjes; from Bureau of the Census. Data for earlier periods of 1957 appear in corresponding note in the October 1958 Strver. Comprises sheathing, formboard, tile, and laminated board. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data for October 1957 and Januarr, A pril, and July 1958 cover 5 -week periods and for other months, 4 weeks. $\triangle$ Revisions for $1055-57$ are available upon request. <br> $\oplus$ Estimates beginning December 1957 for men's spparel and Januery 1958 for women's, ete, are based on revised samples and are not strictly comparable with those for earlier months. De |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | Decem- | Jann- ary | February | March | $A$ pril | May | June | July | August | Septem. ber | October | Novem ber |

## TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued

| COTTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cotton (exclusive of linters) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gimingss $\qquad$ Crop estimate, equivalent $500-\mathrm{lb}$. bales thous. of running bales | 5,593 | 8, 032 | ${ }^{19} 9234$ | ${ }^{2} 10,630$ |  | ${ }^{3} 10,880$ |  |  |  | 213 | 1,009 | 2, 627 | 7,316 | 10,216 |
| thous. of bales.- |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 10,964$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{4} 11,581$ |
| Consumption | rs 819,965 | 656,205 | 571, 287 | 3799,800 | 639,635 | 632, 022 | 5729,546 | 599, 690 | 595,648 | 5613, 511 | 638,767 | 647,894 | 5833,366 |  |
| Stocks in the United States, end of month, of bales | r 18.725 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}+ \\ +18,725 \\ \hline 18.679\end{array}$ | 17,585 | 16.454 16.398 | 15, 15098 | 14.086 14.032 | 12, 1294 | 11, 784 | 10,661 10,620 | 9, 672 <br> 9.635 <br> 8 | 8.745 8.710 | 19.561 19.464 1 | 18,410 <br> 18,308 | 17,528 17.427 |  |
|  | - 6, 621 | 4, 813 | 2,283 | 1,256 | 738 | ${ }^{12,729}$ | ${ }^{11.715}$ | ${ }^{493}$ | ${ }^{4} 434$ | ${ }^{8} 291$ | 11, 206 | 9,710 | 5,916 |  |
| Public storage and compresses.-.-....-.-.-.-. do | -10, 795 | 11, 308 | 12,549 | 12.147 | 11,517 | 10,491 | 9,326 | 8,409 | 7,528 | 6, 833 | 6, 782 | 7,221 | 10, 205 |  |
| Consuming establishments...-...........- do. | r 1,263 | 1,420 | 1,565 | 1,695 | 1,728 | 1,724 | 1,701 | 1,719 | 1,673 | 1,586 | 1,476 | 1,377 | 1,306 |  |
| Foreign cotton, total.........-.-.............- do. | ${ }^{\text {r }} 46$ | 45 | 57 | 62 | 54 | 48 | 42 | 40 | 37 | 35 | 97 | 101 | 101 |  |
|  | 483, 654 | 525, 502 | 608.635 | 516, 805 | 449, 626 | 480, 138 | 500, 932 | 535. 180 | 433, 434 | 469, 011 | 208.811 | 211, 910 |  |  |
|  | 16, 148 | 27, 718 | 36, 670 | 6,418 | 2, 276 | 4, 279 | 1.812 | 3,859 | 1,974 | ${ }^{913}$ | 84, 892 |  |  |  |
| Prices (farm), American upland -.....--cents per Ib Prices, wholesale, middling $1^{\prime \prime}$, average 14 markets | 32.3 | 31.1 | 28.2 | 27.4 | 24.9 | 26.1 | 27.9 | 29.1 | 29.1 | 30.8 | 33.2 | 34.5 | 33.3 | 32.4 |
| Cotton linters: cents per lb.- | 33.5 | 34.3 | 34.9 | 34.8 | 34.6 | 34.5 | 34.6 | 34.7 | 34.8 | 34.9 | 34.8 | 34.7 | 34.8 | 34.8 |
|  | r 108 | 103 | 100 | 99 | 91 | 89 | 75 | 82 | 86 | 63 | 685 | 88 | ${ }^{5} 104$ |  |
|  | + 200 | 178 | 156 | 156 | 119 | 96 | 69 | 49 | 34 | 35 | 43 | 94 | 208 |  |
|  | '789 | ${ }^{+839}$ | -879 | 919 | 931 | 957 | 941 | 894 | 830 | 785 | 680 | 678 | 777 |  |
| cotton manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton cloth: <br> Cotton broadwoven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly $\triangle$..-......... mil. of linear yd. |  |  | 2,324 |  |  | 2,341 |  |  | 2,199 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 46, 253 | 49,519 | 45,303 | 40,763 | 45, 246 | 45, 043 | 57,656 | 46, 823 | 37, 393 | 29, 232 | 43. 500 | 39,109 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: | 8,943 | 7,704 | 11,781 | 13, 182 | 11, 178 | 11, 860 | 9, 172 | 14. 732 | 13, 610 | 15, 224 | 10,350 |  |  |  |
| Mill marginst .-..------.-.-.....-cents ner lh.- | 24.02 | 22.30 | 22.81 | 23.44 | 23.26 | 23.11 | 22.75 | 22.00 | 21.71 | 21.65 | 22. 30 | 22.24 | 22.16 | 23.36 |
| Denim, white back, 28 -inch, $80 \mathrm{y} / \mathrm{yd}$. cents per yd.- | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36. 4 | 36.4 | 36. 4 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36. 4 | 36. 4 | 36.4 | p 36.4 |  |
| Print eloth, 39-inch, $68 \times 72$ - 18 - 48 - | 15.3 | 15. 1 | 15.4 | 15.5 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.4 | 15.4 | ${ }^{p} 15.4$ |  |
| Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, $48 \times 44-48$ - | 15.8 | 15.5 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.5 | 15. 4 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 15.5 | 15.8 | p 15.8 |  |
| 20/2, carded, weaving.................. dol. per lb.. | . 663 | . 660 | . 670 | . 670 | . 668 | 662 | . 657 | . 657 | . 657 | . 657 | . 657 | . 661 | . 661 |  |
| 36/2, combed, knitting-........................do...- | . 940 | 941 | . 957 | . 957 | . 955 | 945 | . 937 | . 931 | . 933 | . 933 | . 935 | r. 933 | p. 929 |  |
| Spindle activity (cotton system spindles) $\mathrm{S}^{\text {a }} \triangle$ thous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Active spindles, last working day, total .-. thous. | r 19, 793 | 19,747 | 19,730 | 19,606 | 19,615 | 19,367 | 19. 208 | 19, 210 | 18,991 | 19, 230 | 19. 268 | 19,251 | 19, 279 |  |
| Consuming 100 percent cotton.--.-----...-- do...- | 18.130 | 18, 133 | 18.144 | 17,950 | 17,945 | 17,682 | 17,602 | 17,625 | 17,443 | 17,501 | 17,541 | 17,641 | 17,650 |  |
| Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total... mil. of hr. | ${ }^{5} 11,486$ | 8,963 | 7,951 | ${ }^{5} 11,045$ | 8,843 | 8,643 | ${ }^{5} 10,221$ | 8,154 | 8,303 | ${ }^{5} 8,791$ | 8.777 | 8,870 | ${ }^{\text {5 }} 11,447$ |  |
| A verage per working day......-...........-do...- | ${ }^{\text {r }} 459$ | 448 | 398 |  | 442 | 432 | 309 | 408 | 415 | 352 | 439 | 444 |  |  |
| Consuming 100 percent cotton.-----.-----.-do.... | ${ }^{5} 10,475$ | 8,231 | 7,309 | 5 10, 199 | 8,161 | 7,984 | ${ }^{5} 9,451$ | 7,503 | 7,637 | ${ }^{5} 8,048$ | 8,070 | 8,190 | ${ }^{5} 10.496$ |  |
| MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiber production, quarterly total $\% \oplus$....... mil. of lb - |  |  | 445.3 |  |  | 370.9 |  |  | 347.7 |  |  | 391.1 |  |  |
| Rayon and acetate: Filament yarn.............do |  |  | 173.9 |  |  | 161.9 |  |  | 144.4 |  |  | 162.0 | ${ }^{7} 57.3$ |  |
| Soncellulosic (nylon, Staple plus tow $\oplus$ ¢ |  |  | 113.4 |  |  | 78.9 |  |  | 66.3 |  |  | 81.3 | ${ }^{7} 30.9$ |  |
| Nonceliulosic (nylon, acrylic, protein, ete.)-..-do |  |  | 133.5 |  |  | 108. $]$ |  |  | 113.6 |  |  | 122.0 |  |  |
| Exports: Yams and monofilaments...-.-.thous. of lb | 1,399 | 1,680 | 2,405 | 3,153 | 2,917 | 3,282 | 4,732 | 2, 842 | 3. 397 | 3,326 | 4,233 | 4,078 |  |  |
| Staple, tow, and tops....-............-- do- | 2,521 | 3,123 | 1,868 | 2, 588 | 1,653 | 1,811 | 1,540 | 1,862 | 1.491 | 1,849 | 1,859 | 2,562 |  |  |
| [mports: Yarns and monofilaments..-.-..........- do. |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 114$ | 155 | 140 | ${ }^{191}$ | 161 | 1275 | 139 | 1287 |  |  |  |
|  | 7,307 | 5,958 | 6,499 | 6,991 | 5,795 | 8,011 | 6,267 | 6,583 | 5,772 | 7.224 | 6, 870 |  |  |  |
| Qayon and acetate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, produccrs', end of month, total $\oplus$. .mil. of lb ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 122.1 | 124.8 | 130.4 | 124.2 | 126.2 | 126.7 | 126.1 | 122.7 | 118.6 | 117.8 | 111.5 | 108.9 | 104.2 |  |
|  | 69.6 | 70.1 | 71.8 | 69.9 | 69.9 | 69.8 | 69.9 | 69.6 | 67.3 | 66.0 | 61.3 | 60.6 | 59.1 |  |
| Staple (incl. tow) $\oplus$...-.........................do. | 52.5 | 54.7 | 58.6 | 54.3 | 56.3 | 56.9 | 56.2 | 53.1 | 51.3 | 51.8 | 50.2 | 48.3 | 45.1 |  |
| Prices, rayon, viscose: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yan, filament, 150 denier....-.-.---.-dol. per lb | . 910 | . 910 | . 910 | . 838 | 838 | 838 | . 838 | . 850 | . 850 | . 850 | . 760 | .760 | p. 760 |  |
|  | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | . 311 | ${ }^{2} .311$ |  |
| Hanmade-fiber broadwoven fabries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, quarterly totalo $\triangle$ - thous, of linear yd.- | - |  | 577,022 |  |  | 567, 357 |  |  | 5574, 525 |  |  | 579, 319 |  |  |
| Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabric).......-- do.... |  |  | 375, 025 |  |  | 385. 239 |  |  | '413,942 |  |  | 412,639 |  |  |
| Nylon and chiefly nylon mixtures.---.-.-.-- do...- |  |  | 92, 317 |  |  | 81, 639 |  |  | 69, 228 |  |  | 71, 213 |  |  |
|  | 15,715 | 14, 274 | 13,572 | 12,540 | 13,006 | 17,686 | 14,288 | 14,061 | 12, 146 | 9,379 | 11,898 | 11,870 |  |  |
| SILK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 808 4.40 | 549 | 570 | 678 | 231 | 242 | 193 | 373 | 228 | 304 | 422 |  |  |  |
| 'rice, raw, AA, 20-22 denier---.--......-dol. per lb. roduction, fabric, qtrly. total $\triangle$.-thous. of linear yd. | 4.40 | 4.34 | 4.33 5,401 | 4.32 | 4.31 | 4.24 6,186 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 3.93 5,775 | 4.27 | 4.27 | $\begin{array}{r} 4.20 \\ 6,001 \end{array}$ | p 3.72 |  |
| WOOL AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toul consumption, mill (clean basis) $\ddagger \triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | : 18,173 |  | 12,886 | ${ }^{5} 17,335$ |  | 15,586 |  | 16,965 | 18,605 | ${ }^{5} 20,480$ | 18,630 | 18, 114 | 21, 001 |  |
|  | ${ }^{3} 11,871$ | 8,122 | 7,579 | ; 10, 121 | 8,664 | 8, 434 | 57,608 | 5, 866 | 6,498 | ${ }^{5} 7,382$ | -9,913 | 11, 446 | 14, 224 |  |
| Col imports, clean content --.-.----------.-- do-.-- | 14, 722 | 11,369 | 11, 334 | 17, 731 | 12,536 | 18, 274 | 17,115 | 12,979 | 11, 288 | 13, 106 | 11,667 |  |  |  |
| Apparel class (dutiable), clean content.........do.... | 5,235 | 4,416 | 4, 2.53 | 6,659 | 5,390 | 7,548 | 8,029 | 6, 508 | 6,116 | 5,540 | 4,119 |  |  |  |

[^8]

- Datar Oetober 1057 and Janury Apri July and Oetob
wred.
 rices for 4 areas of cotton production; prior series calculated from 17 coth prices and raw eoton prices for Memphis territory growth ondy.

Q Includes data not shown separitely.



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febra. ary | March | April | May | June | July | Angust. | September | October | November |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued


|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
|  |  |
| 1.560 | 1. |
| 1.232 | 1. |
| 1.605 | 1. |
| 109.7 | 10 |
|  |  |
|  | 118.0 |
|  | 100.4 |
|  | 1 |

TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT



Passenters cars (equipment manufacturers): Shipments, total.
Domestic Domestic..
Association of American Rellroads:
Freight cars (class I):
Number owned or leased, end of month -- thousLocomotives ( class I ) $\cdot \odot$ Diesel-alectrie and ejectric: Owned or leased, end of mo...No. of power units Serviceable, end of month


Exports of locomotives, total (railroad-service amd industrial types).


1.150
.882
1.225
94.8

$r 72,029$
$r 69,921$
$r 68.784$
29.913
$r 38.871$
111.9
97.3

| 1.130 | 1. 125 |
| :---: | :---: |
| . 87.5 | . 875 |
| 1.19 .3 | 1. 175 |
| 94.8 | 93.5 |
|  |  |
| --.. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 108. 6 | 106.7 |
| 97.3 | 97.3 |


$\begin{array}{r}1.125 \\ .843 \\ 1.07 .5 \\ 91.0 \\ \\ \hdashline \cdots \\ \hdashline \cdots \\ \hdashline \\ \hline 89.1\end{array}$

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate of production. 2 Quarterle total
$\ddagger$ Nonthly data for 1917-5f are shown at bottom of p. S-38 of the March 1958 SURVET.
 (1957), freight-car new orders (1955-57).
©Data beginning January 1958 exclude exports of new cargo transports included in earlier data. In 1957, such exports were rabued at $\$ 1.4$ million.

* Vaw series (from Bureau of the Census). Data cover complete ninits, chassis, and borli, s.
* Now series (from Bureau of the Census). Data cover complete ninits. chassis, and bodis.

| Sections, by general subject: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
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Book publication
Brass
Brick

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Butter
Cans (metal), closures, crowns
Carloadings.

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Cheese
Cigarettes and cigars
Civilian emplo
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[^0]:    1. Anticipated, seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

    Sources: V. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^1]:    

[^2]:    1. Federal purchases were shown as consisting of "national security" and "other" purchases (net of Government sales). National security purchases were broken down into "national defense" and "other national security." In the implementation of the new treatment of defense" and "other national security " In the implementionai cash grants the category of "other national security" purchases, which consisted mainly of such grants, has been dropped. The definition of the national defense item is unchanged and items other than cash grants formerly included in "other" national security purchases, such as foreign aid in kind and the administrative expenses of the State Department, the, U.S. Information Service, and the U.S. Maritime Commission, are now included with "other" Federal purchases.
[^3]:    Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

[^4]:    Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

[^5]:    NOTE.-MISS BRADSIAW, MR. ROXON, AND MR. LECIITER ARE MEMBERS OF TIIE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS

[^6]:    - Revised. p Preliminary. I Estimates for October-December 1958 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. ${ }^{2}$ Estimates for January-March 1959 based on anticipated

[^7]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{D}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data include Southern British Africa

[^8]:    Aparel class (dutiable), clean conten
    $r$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. 1 Ginnings to December 13

