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SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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the BUSINESS SITUATION

REAL GNP changed little in the second quarter, after dropping sharply in the first as a result of declines in residential construction, automobile production, and the production of items other than autos that were closely linked to the oil crisis.

Production of autos and the oillinked items increased in the second quarter, and residential construction was almost flat. However, other real output appears to have declined on balance. In terms of the conventional components of GNP, the declines centered in inventory investment other than autos and in net exports of goods and services. The latter decline reflected not only merchandise trade, but also investment income, which is counted as part of GNP. Investment income declined because of a reduced share of U.S. oil companies in the profits generated by their operations abroad. This decline contributed significantly to the 1.2 percent annual rate of decline in real GNP in the second quarter.

As measured by the implicit price deflator, prices increased 8.8 percent in the second quarter, as compared with 12.3 percent in the first. The improvement was largely due to a deceleration of food and energy prices; other prices continued to increase at about the first-quarter rate.

These figures are preliminary and may be revised substantially next month. However, if the second-quarter drop in real GNP persists in the revised figures, the U.S. economy will be held to have been in a recession since the beginning of the year, according to the rule of thumb that identifies a recession as a decline in real GNP that persists two or more quarters. Before

such an interpretation is adopted, it should be noted that the National Bureau of Economic Research, which provides the dating of U.S. business cycles, considers not only the duration of the decline in GNP, but also the pervasiveness and amplitude of declines in GNP and many other measures of economic activity. Also, the entire approach to the dating of business cycles has largely been from the demand side. It is not clear that such an approach is appropriate to recent conditions, in which declines of production were in considerable part due to supply shortages.

National Income and Product Revisions

The results of the annual revisions of the national income and product accounts are presented beginning on page 11.

Gross national product

The revisions in total GNP were small in 1971 and 1972, and slightly larger, but still modest, in 1973. The revisions in most components were small. Inventory investment was the exception-the estimates were revised up by \$2.5 billion in 1972 and \$7.4 billion in 1973. In 1973, the upward revision pushed inventory investment in the fourth quarter to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$28.9 billion (table 1). This extremely high rate of accumulation helps explain the subsequent weakness in GNP-whether the accumulation was involuntary, or due to a restocking surge, or to a combination of the two. An inventory overhang, which may act as a depressant on future economic activity, is also indicated by the new estimates.

The revised estimates put real GNP growth at 3.3 percent in 1971 and 6.2 percent in 1972—each one-tenth of one percent higher than previously published—and unchanged at 5.9 percent in 1973. The quarterly movement of real GNP in 1971 and 1972 is largely unchanged from that shown in the earlier estimates. The revised estimates continue to show slower growth after the first quarter of 1973 and a decline—somewhat steeper than previously estimated—in the first quarter of 1974.

Prices, as measured by changes in the implicit GNP deflator, were revised down in 1971, and up in 1972, in 1973, and in the first quarter of 1974.

A revision in GNP components was made to reflect the Administration's recent decision to release Israel from her contractual liability to pay for recent arms shipments. Previously, these transactions had been treated like Government cash or credit sales: they were counted as exports and simultaneously deducted from defense purchases. In the revised treatment, these transactions are treated as military grants, i.e., included in defense purchases

To permit incorporation of the July revisions of the national income and product accounts, first-quarter estimates of total personal income, by State and Region, which are usually published in the July issue of the Survey, will be published, together with the second-quarter estimates, in the October issue.

when the arms are initially acquired by the U.S. Government. Their subsequent transfer is not reflected in the national income and product accounts. The sums involved were about \$2.5 billion and \$0.6 billion (annual) rate in the fourth quarter of 1973 and the first quarter of 1974.

Income

GNP may also be calculated from the "income side." In this case, the costs

incurred and profits earned in the production of GNP are summed, using data that are largely independent of the product estimates.

The 1973 income revision includes an unusually large upward revision made

Table 1.—Revision in the 1973 and 1974 Estimates of Gross National Product

								1973					-	· · · · · ·			1974	
		Year			I			11			III			IV			I	
	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion
								Bill	ions of o	eurrent d	ollars		·		·	·		
Gross national product	1, 289. 1	1, 294. 9	5, 8	1, 242, 5	1, 248. 9	6.4	1, 272, 0	1, 277. 9	5. 9	1, 304. 5	1, 308. 9	4.4	1, 337. 5	1, 344. 0	6, 6	1, 352, 2	1, 358. 8	6, 6
Personal consumption expendi- tures Fixed investment Change in business inventories Net exports Government purchases	194. 2 8. 0 5. 8	805. 2 194. 0 15. 4 3. 9 276. 4	1. 2 2 7. 4 -1. 9 8	779. 4 189. 9 4. 6 0 268. 6	781. 7 189. 0 10. 0 8 269. 0	2.3 9 5.4 8 .4	795. 6 193. 7 4. 5 2. 8 275. 3	799. 0 194. 4 10. 7 . 5 273. 3	3. 4 .7 6. 2 -2. 3 -2. 0	816. 0 197. 3 4. 7 7. 6 279. 0	816. 3 197. 1 11. 8 6. 7 276. 9	.3 2 7.1 8 -2.1	825. 2 195. 9 18. 0 12. 8 285. 6	823. 9 195. 5 28. 9 9. 3 286. 4	-1.3 4 10.9 -3.4 .7	844. 6 193. 4 5. 5 10. 9 297. 8	840, 6 193, 6 16, 9 11, 3 296, 3	-4.0 .2 11.4 .4 -1.5
								Bil	lions of	1958 doll	ars							
Gross national product	837. 4	839, 2	1,8	829, 3	832, 8	3, 5	834.3	837. 4	3, 0	841.3	840.8	-0,5	844.6	845, 7	1, 1	831.0	830, 5	-0.5
Personal consumption expendi- tures Fixed investment Change in business inventories Net exports Government purchases	126. 6 5. 6 6. 7	552. 1 127. 3 10. 8 4. 6 144. 4	-1.8 .7 5.2 -2.0 3	552. 7 126. 9 3. 3 2. 0 144. 4	552. 9 127. 1 7. 3 1. 4 144. 1	.2 .3 4.0 7 3	553, 3 126, 9 3, 4 5, 6 145, 2	553. 7 128. 4 7. 8 3. 5 143. 9	. 4 1. 6 4. 4 -2. 1 -1. 3	558. 1 127. 4 3. 0 7. 4 145. 0	555. 4 127. 7 8. 0 5. 8 143. 7	-2.7 .0 5.0 -1.6 -1.2	551. 3 125. 0 12. 5 11. 6 144. 1	546. 3 125. 8 20. 0 7. 9 145. 7	-5.0 .8 7.5 -3.7 1.6	547. 2 121. 0 3. 5 12. 5 146. 8	539. 7 122. 7 10. 6 11. 5 146. 0	-7.5 1.7 7.1 -1.0 8
						;	Implicit	price def	lators (1	ndex nu	mbers, 19	058 = 100)					
Gross national product	153, 94	154, 31	0, 37	149, 81	149, 95	0. 14	152, 46	152, 61	0, 15	155, 06	155, 67	0, 61	158, 36	158, 93	0, 58	162, 73	163, 61	0, 88
Personal consumption expendi- tures	145. 2 153. 3	145. 9 152. 4	.7 9	141. 0 149. 7	141. 4 148. 7	-1.0	143. 8 152. 7	144. 3 151. 4	-1.3	146. 2 154. 4	147. 0 154. 3	8 1	149. 7 156. 7	150. 8 155. 4	1. 2 -1. 2	154. 3 159. 8	155. 8 157. 8	1.5 -2.0
Net exports Government purchases	191. 6	191.5	- . 1	186. 0	186. 7	7	189. 6	189. 9	.3	192, 5	192. 6	. 2	198, 2	196, 5	-1.6	202. 8	202. 9	

Table 2.—Revisions in the 1973 and 1974 Estimates of National Income, Personal Income, and Personal Saving
[Billions of dollars]

						(Dil.	nons or o	Oliaioj											
		1973												1974					
		Year			1	·		11			III			IV			I		
	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revi- sion	Pre- vious esti- mate	New esti- mate	Revision	
National income.	1, 053. 9	1, 065, 6	11.7	1, 015, 0	1, 027. 6	12, 6	1, 038, 2	1, 051, 2	13, 0	1, 067. 4	1, 077, 3	9, 9	1, 095. 1	1, 106, 3	11, 2	1, 108. 8	1, 118. 8	10, 0	
Compensation of employees Proprietors' income_ Business and professional Farm	84. 2	786. 0 96. 1 57. 6 38. 5	.7 11.9 .1 11.8	757. 4 80. 6 56. 3 24. 3	759, 1 89, 1 57, 0 32, 1	1. 7 8. 4 . 7 7. 8	774. 9 81. 5 57. 1 24. 4	776. 7 92. 8 57. 1 35. 6	1.8 11.3 .1 11.2	794. 0 85. 0 57. 9 27. 1	793. 3 99. 3 57. 7 41. 5	7 14. 3 2 14. 4	814. 7 89. 8 58. 5 31. 3	814. 8 103. 2 58. 4 44. 9	13. 4 2 13. 6	826. 8 88. 4 59. 3 29. 1	828. 8 98. 4 59. 3 39. 1	2. 0 10. 0 0 10. 0	
Rental income of persons	25. 1	26. 1	1.1	24. 7	26, 3	1. 5	24. 6	25. 7	1.1	25. 3	26, 2	. 9	25. 7	26. 4	.7	25. 8	26. 4	. 6	
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Profits before tax. Tax liability Dividends Undistributed profits	126.3	105. 1 122. 7 49. 8 29. 6 43. 3	-3.9 -3.5 -6.1 1.8	104. 3 119. 6 52. 7 26. 9 40. 0	103. 9 120. 4 48. 9 28. 7 42. 8	4 .8 -3.9 1.8 2.8	107. 9 128. 9 57. 4 27. 3 44. 2	105. 0 124. 9 50. 9 29. 1 44. 9	-2.9 -4.0 -6.5 1.7	112.0 129.0 57.6 28.1 43.4	105. 2 122. 7 49. 9 29. 8 43. 1	-6.8 -6.3 -7.7 1.7 3	111. 9 127. 4 55. 7 29. 0 42. 6	106. 4 122. 7 49. 5 30. 7 42. 5	-5.5 -4.6 -6.2 1.7 2	112. 9 144. 0 60. 6 29. 5 53. 9	107. 7 138. 7 53. 6 31. 6 53. 5	-5. 2 -5. 3 -7. 0 2. 1 4	
Inventory valuation adjustment	-17.3	-17.6	3	-15.4	-16.5	-1.1	-21.1	-20.0	1.1	-17.0	-17.5	5	-15.5	-16.3	8	-31 , 2	-31 . 0	. 2	
Net interest	50. 4	52. 3	1. 9	47. 9	49. 2	1.3	49. 4	51. 1	1.6	51.1	53. 2	2, 1	53 . 0	55. 5	2. 5	55. 0	57. 5	2. 5	
Personal income Disposable personal income Personal saving Personal saving rate, percent	882. 5 54. 8	1, 055. 0 903. 7 74. 4 8. 2	19. 6 21. 2 19. 6 2. 0	996, 6 851, 5 50, 0 5, 9	1, 013. 6 869. 5 65. 3 7. 5	17. 0 18. 0 15. 3 1. 6	1, 019, 0 869, 7 51, 0 5, 9	1, 039. 2 892. 1 69. 6 7. 8	20, 3 22, 4 18, 6 1, 9	1, 047. 1 891. 1 51. 1 5. 7	1,068.0 913.9 73.2 8.0	20, 9 22, 7 22, 1 2, 3	1,078.9 917.8 67.1 7.3	1, 099. 3 939. 4 89. 3 9. 5	20, 4 21, 6 22, 3 2, 2	1, 094, 4 931, 4 61, 5 6, 6	1,112.5 950.6 84.4 8.9	18. 1 19. 2 22. 9 2. 3	

by the Department of Agriculture in farm proprietors' income (table 2). To calculate farm income, production expenses are subtracted from the sum of cash receipts, other income, and inventory change. Production expenses were revised down substantially and each of the remaining items was revised up substantially. It appears that inflation, especially in food prices, shifted more income to farmers in 1973 than had been previously recognized.

1973 corporate profits before tax as measured in the national income (i.e., including the inventory valuation adjustment) was revised down by \$3.9 billion, the result of a substantial downward revision in corporate profits before tax and a smaller one in the IVA. According to the new estimates, the improvement in the before-tax profit share in recent years is not as large as it previously appeared. Profits as a percentage of national income recovered from a 1970 low of 8.6 percent to 10.3 percent in 1973, according to the prior estimates; on the revised basis, the recovery is only to 9.9 percent. However, as a result of downward revisions in corporate profits tax liability, the after-tax profits component of national income showed a larger recovery according to the new estimates: from 4.3 percent in 1970 to 5.2 percent in 1973, as compared with 5.0 percent according to the previous estimates.

Federal Budget on NIP account

The downward revisions in corporate profits tax liability have enlarged the quarterly Federal deficits on national income and product account and converted surpluses into deficits. However, the new deficit levels should not necessarily be interpreted as signifying that discretionary fiscal policy has been more expansionary than indicated by the earlier figures. It has often been said that the budget reflects both the effect of economic activity on the budget and the effect of the budget on economic activity: that, accordingly, for evaluations of the impact of fiscal policy, it is the latter effect that is relevant; and that we must abstract from the former. In interpreting the significance of the revisions, it is useful to start with this general guideline. But it will appear that the guideline requires further interpretation in the light of the specific circumstances at hand.

The lower estimates of corporate tax liability stem from two sources: a lower level of corporate profits before tax, and-more importantly-lower effective corporate tax rates. In turn, the lower rates are due to several factors, the relative importance of which has varied over the period considered. The most important ones are: smaller deficits of corporations without net taxable income; an increase in the relative share of small business profits, which are taxed at lower rates; large foreign tax credits; and tax advantages under the aegis of the Domestic International Sales Corporation (DISC). The recent increase in the relative share of oil profits, which are subject to belowaverage tax rates, did not have an impact on the overall effective tax rate in 1973, but it may in 1974.

It would appear that to the extent that lower effective tax rates are due to cyclical factors, they represent the effect of economic activity on the budget and should not be taken into account in evaluating the impact of fiscal policy. The same conclusion suggests itself to the extent that the lower rates are due to erratic factors. But it is not immediately clear how lower rates that reflect structural changes should be taken into account.

On the face of it, such changes represent the "influence of economic activity on the budget" and should be abstracted from in the light of the general guideline mentioned earlier. Upon furconsideration, however. opposite conclusion suggests itself. Assume, for instance, that corporations without net income continue to register lower deficits, or that a permanent change in the mix of profits towards profits subject to lower tax rates occurs. It would appear that such permanent reductions in the effective tax rate should be taken into account in assessing the impact of fiscal policy.

Similar considerations are relevant to the analysis of the level of before-tax profits. Ideally, it would be necessary to determine to what extent the lower estimates are due to some of the factors just mentioned as influencing the corporate tax rate, and to what extent they are due to other factors. Next, each of the factors would have to be classified as cyclical, erratic, or structural. The last group should affect the diagnosis of the impact of fiscal policy, but not the first or the second.

An analysis of this type has not yet been applied to the new estimates. It should be undertaken in revising the calculations of the full-employment budget on national income and product account, which is the construct designed to isolate and quantify the effect of the budget on economic activity. A comprehensive evaluation of the impact of Federal fiscal policy should also consider the well-known difficulties of that concept in periods of severe inflation such as we are experiencing.

Personal saving

The revisions in farm proprietors' income combined with several smaller revisions—in dividends, net interest, compensation of employees, and rental income—to produce a nearly \$20 billion upward revision in 1973 personal income. The quarters of 1973 and the first quarter of 1974 were each revised by roughly similar amounts. With largely offsetting revisions-down in personal taxes and up in outlayspersonal saving was also revised up by very large amounts. As a result, the saving rate (personal saving as a percent of disposable personal income) is up about 2 percentage points for the year 1973 as a whole. By the fourth quarter, the rate reached 9.5 percent, and receded to a still very high 8.9 percent in the first quarter of 1974. In the second quarter, it was down to 7.6 percent.

The new estimates may be interpreted in the light of two widely held suppositions. First, it is generally assumed that farmers save a larger portion of their incremental income than do other income recipients. Second, it has been observed that personal saving and expenditures on autos are regarded by households as alternative uses of funds. Thus, the rising saving rate in the first three quarters of 1973 may be related

Real output per man-hour in the

The 10.2 percent increase in compensation per man-hour registers strong upward pressures on wage rates that have accelerated since the de-control of

private nonfarm economy, as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, declined at an annual rate of 2.9 percent (table 4). This reflected a 0.6 percent increase in man-hours that occurred even though output was down 2.3 percent. The increase in man-hours was due entirely to employment; average weekly hours were about the same in the second quarter as in

Table 3.—Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

			, 44,400										
		Current dollars Constant (1958) dollars											
		Billions of dollars Percent change from preceding quarter (annual rate)											
	19	73	19	974	19	73	19	74	1973	19	974		
	III	IV	1	11	III	IV	I	II	IV	I	II		
Gross national product	1, 308, 9	1, 344. 0	1,358.8	1, 383, 5	840, 8	845, 7	830, 5	828, 0	2, 3	-7.0	-1, 2		
Final sales	1, 297. 0	1, 315. 1	1, 341. 9	1, 368. 4	832. 7	825. 7	819. 9	818. 9	-3.4	-2.8	5		
Change in business inventories	11.8	28. 9	16. 9	15. 1	8.0	20. 0	10. 6	9. 1			·		

in part to rising farm income; the sharp rise in the rate in the fourth quarter to the decline in expenditures on autos combined with the continued rise in farm income; and the subsequent decline in the rate, to the decline in farm income.

Second-Quarter Developments

Current-dollar GNP increased \$24.7 billion in the second quarter—7.5 percent at an annual rate (table 3). The increase was entirely in final sales. Inventory investment dropped a little further from the very high level in the fourth quarter of 1973. In contrast to the first quarter, when dealers' auto inventories accounted for most of the \$12.0 billion decline in inventory investment, the \$1.8 billion reduction in the second quarter was more than accounted for by inventories other than of autos. The inventory estimates are subject to sizeable revision next month.

The decline in real GNP occurred in both final sales and inventory investment. Final sales have been

Table 4.—Output and Compensation Per Man-hour, and Unit Labor Cost in the Private Nonfarm Economy

[Percent change from preceding quarter, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

'	1973	19	74
	IV	I	II
Output per man-hour	-0.7	-5.2	-2.9
Compensation per man-hour	9.1	8.4	10. 2
Unit labor cost	9. 9	14. 4	13. 6

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.

rate of decline has tapered.

declining for three quarters, but their

wages on April 30. Average hourly earnings, another measure of wage

the first.

Table 5.—Personal Consumption Expenditures in Current and Constant Dollars

	[Seas	[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]											
	•	Current	dollars				Const	ant (195	8) dollar	s			
			В	Billions	of dollar	s			fron	cent char n preced r (annua	ing		
	197	1973 1974 1973 1974 1973 1974											
	ш	IV	I	п	111	IV	I	II	IV	I	II		
Personal consumption expenditures	816.3	823, 9	840.6	866.8	555. 4	546.3	539, 7	542. 3	-6, 4	-4.7	1.9		
Durables	132. 4	124. 3	123. 9	130. 2	114. 3	107. 2	105. 2	107. 5	-22.6	-7.4	9. 2		
Autos and parts ¹	55. 1 77. 3	47. 2 77. 1	44. 0 79. 9	46. 9 83. 3	48. 1 66. 2	41. 6 65. 6	38. 5 66. 6	39. 6 67. 8	-44. 2 -3. 4	-26. 1 6. 2	12. 1 7. 5		
Nondurables	343.8	352. 1	364. 4	375. 2	230. 0	227. 4	223. 9	223. 3	-4.3	-6.0	-1.2		
Food Energy ² Other nondurables	169. 1 38. 3 136. 4	174. 5 40. 2 137. 5	180. 1 42. 4 141. 9	182. 6 48. 4 144. 2	106. 4 28. 1 95. 4	106. 0 27. 0 94. 4	104. 6 23. 9 95. 4	104. 2 24. 9 94. 2	-1.5 -14.7 -4.3	-5. 1 -39. 1 4. 5	-1.7 19.0 -5.2		
Services	340, 1	347. 4	352. 4	361. 4	211. 2	211. 7	210. 6	211. 5	. 9	-1.9	1.7		
Energy 3Other services	20, 7 319, 4	20, 3 327, 1	20, 0 332, 4	21. 0 340. 5	15. 5 195. 7	15, 0 196, 7	13. 9 196. 8	13. 8 197. 7	-13. 7 2. 1	-26. 4 . 2	-1.0 1.9		

Excludes mobile homes.
 Gasoline and oil, and fuel and ice.
 Electricity and gas.

Table 6.—Fixed Investment in Current and Constant Dollars

		Current	dollars				Constar	nt (1958)	dollars				
			1	Billions	of dollar	rs			fron	cent cha n preced r (annua	ling		
	19	73	19	74	19	73	19)74	1973	19	74		
	III	IV	1	II	III	IV	I	II	IV	I	II		
Fixed investment	197, 1	195, 5	193, 6	197.9	127.7	125, 8	122, 7	122, 2	-6.0	-9.5	-1,5		
Nonresidential Structures. Producers' durable equipment Autos, trucks, & buses. Other	139. 0 47. 9 91. 1 24. 6 66. 5	141. 9 49. 3 92. 6 23. 3 69. 3	145. 2 51. 3 93. 9 21. 6 72. 3	149. 2 52. 5 96. 7 22. 7 73. 9	95. 1 25. 6 69. 5 20. 5 49. 0	96. 0 26. 0 70. 0 19. 3 50. 6	96. 3 26. 7 69. 7 17. 6 52. 0	96. 4 26. 8 69. 6 18. 1 51. 5	3. 6 6. 6 2. 6 -21. 0 13. 8	1. 6 10. 7 -1. 6 -30. 1 11. 2	2.4 6 10.0 -4.0		
Residential	58. 1	53. 6	48. 4	48.7	32.6	29.8	26. 4	25.8	-3 0. 2	-3 9. 1	-7.6		

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

first quarter.

rates, excludes employer contributions for social insurance and private pension plans and other supplemental labor income, and relates only to production workers. This measure can be adjusted to exclude the effects of overtime premiums in manufacturing and shifts in the distribution of employment between high- and low-paying industries. The adjusted measure comes closer than others to being a measure of wage rate behavior. Second-quarter adjusted earnings rose at a 9.5 percent annual

With the decline in productivity and the increase in the rate of compensation, rapid increases in unit labor costs continued. The 13.6 percent increase in the second quarter and the 14.4 percent increase in the first are almost double the rates of a year earlier.

rate, compared with 6.0 percent in the

Conventional components

Personal consumption expenditures— The auto and energy components of consumer expenditures strengthened in the second quarter (table 5). Purchases of autos and parts appear to have bottomed out in the first quarter and moved up in both current and constant dollars. Sales of new cars, including both domestic models and imports, were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 9.24 million units, about the same as the 9.22 million rate in the first quarter. However, in contrast to the first quarter, strength in the sales of domestic models centered in larger, more expensive cars; this helps explain why expenditures increased when unit sales were steady. Expenditures on gasoline, motor oil, and fuel were boosted by price increases—prices rose at an annual rate of about 40 percent—but also increased in real terms. Expenditures on electricity and gas increased only in terms of current dollars.

Food expenditures rose less than in the first quarter as increases in prices tapered off. In real terms, they were steady at the reduced first-quarter level. Changes in the "other" parts of all three consumption categories were mixed: durables advanced; nondurables were up because of price increases, but

Table 7.—Net Exports of Goods and Services in Current and Constant Dollars

	isea:	sonany	adjusted	ı at annı	uai rate	s] 					
		Curren	t dollars	3			Consta	nt (1958) dollars	3	
			1	Billions	of dollar	's			fron	cent ch n prece r (annu	ling
	19	73	1974		1973		19	974	1973	1974	
	III	IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	п	IV	I	II
Net exports of goods and services	6.7	9, 3	11.3	0, 2	5.8	7.9	11.5	9, 1			
Exports Merchandise Imports Merchandise	103. 7 72. 6 96. 9 70. 2	113. 6 80. 8 104. 3 75. 5	131. 2 89. 2 119. 9 88. 8	138. 6 94. 0 138. 4 101. 0	66. 9 45. 8 61. 1 44. 4	68. 9 48. 1 61. 0 44. 1	73. 3 49. 4 61. 8 44. 9	73. 7 50. 3 64. 6 44. 8	12.9 22.0 -0.1 -2.0	27. 9 10. 8 5. 3 7. 0	1. 9 7. 7 18. 9 -0. 3

declined in real terms; and services increased.

Fixed investment.—Some recovery took place in business purchases of autos, trucks, and buses (table 6). These purchases, although still well below year-ago levels, increased in both current and constant dollars. Other fixed investment components were weak. Business structures and the nonautomotive portion of producers' durable equipment increased little in current dollars. In constant dollars, structures increased only 2.4 percent and equipment dipped after two previous increases.

Residential construction was about flat in current dollars as well as in constant dollars. Second-quarter averages of housing permits and starts fell further. With interest rates on conventional first mortgage loans averaging a record 8.84 percent in June—when money is available at all—it appears unlikely that housing will recover until credit conditions ease.

Net exports—Net exports dropped \$11.1 billion to near zero. Over \$7 billion of the drop was due to adverse developments in merchandise trade: imports rose more than \$12 billion—reflecting rapid price increases, especially for oil—and exports rose only \$5 billion. A substantial portion of the remaining drop can be traced to the reduction in the share of U.S. oil companies in the profits generated by their operations abroad. It should be emphasized that these estimates are highly tentative.

In real terms, net exports declined much less severely—about \$2.4 billion. The decline was due to increased real imports—in part the result of the lifting of the oil embargo; exports held steady at the first-quarter level.

Government purchases—Total Federal purchases increased \$2.4 billion, somewhat less than in the two previous quarters (table 8). Defense expenditures remained about flat, after having declined through the third quarter of 1973. State and local purchases in-

Table 8.—Government Purchases of Goods and Services in Current and Constant Dollars
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		Current	ant (1958	3) dollars							
			prec	e from arter te)							
	19	73	19	74	19	73	19	74	1973	19	74
	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	IV	I	II
Government purchases of goods and services	276. 9	286, 4	296, 3	303, 5	143, 7	145, 7	146. 0	145. 3	5, 5	0, 9	-2, 1
Federal National defense	105. 3 73. 3	108. 4 75. 3	111. 5 75. 8	113, 9 76, 1	56. 2	56. 4	56. 3	56. 1	1.7	-1.0	-1.3
Other	32. 0	33. 1	35. 7	37. 8							
State and local	171.6	177. 9	184. 8	189. 6	87. 5	89. 3	89. 7	89. 1	8. 1	2.1	-2.6

Table 9.—Gross National Product by Sector of Origin in Constant (1958) Dollars

Season	ally adjust	ed at annu	iai ratesj				
		Billions o		Percent change from preceding quarter (annual rate)			
	197	3	197	4	1973	19	74
	III	IV	I	II	IV	I	11
Gross national product	840, 8	845. 7	830, 5	828, 0	2, 3	-7. 0	-1, 2
Households, institutions, rest of the world, and general government. Farm. Auto. Residential construction. Other.	86. 4 25. 8 43. 6 32. 6 652. 3	86. 5 28. 2 41. 6 29. 8 659. 6	89. 6 27. 0 29. 2 26. 4 658. 4	87. 0 28. 4 32. 5 25. 8 654. 3	. 6 41. 4 -17. 5 -30. 2 4. 5	14. 9 -15. 5 -75. 7 -39. 1 7	-11. 1 22. 7 53. 4 -7. 6 -2. 5

Table 10.—Implicit Price Deflators

[Seasonally	adjusted
-------------	----------

		Inde	x numbe	Percent change from pr quarter (annual ra							
		19	73		19	74		quarter (annual rate 1973		74	
_	I	11	111	ıv	I	11	II	111	ıv	I	11
Gross national product Less: exports Plus: imports Equals: GNP less exports plus imports Personal consumption expendi-	149. 95 137. 1 141. 2	152, 61 144, 8 152, 2	155. 67 155. 0 158. 7	158, 93 164, 8 170, 9	163. 61 179. 0 194. 0	167, 09 188, 2 214, 4	24. 5 34. 9	31. 3 18. 5	28. 0 34. 3	39. 1 66. 1	8, 8 22, 1 49, 2
tures Food. Energy ¹	141. 4 145. 6 129. 8	144. 3 151. 6 133. 7	147. 0 158. 9 135. 1	150. 8 164. 6 144. 0	155. 8 172. 2 165. 2	159. 8 175. 3 179. 0	8. 6 17. 7 12. 8	7. 6 20. 8 4. 0	10. 9 15. 1 29. 2	13. 7 19. 6 73. 1	10. 9 7. 5 38. 0
Other personal consumption expenditures	141. 5 168. 0	143, 5 170, 8	145, 1 173, 8	147. 9 175. 2	150, 5 181, 5	153. 9 186. 7	5. 9 6. 7	4. 6 7. 3	7. 8 3. 4	7. 4 15. 0	9. 4 12. 1

^{1.} Gasoline and oil, fuel and ice, electricity, and gas.

creased \$4.8 billion, well before their recent rate. The slowdown centered in construction spending, principally for highways, educational buildings, and sewerage facilities, which had been a major factor in the extraordinarily large increase in the first quarter. In constant dollars, Federal as well as State and local purchases held steady.

GNP by sector of origin

The patterns of strength and weakness examined in terms of the conventional components of GNP can be viewed also in terms of real output by sector of origin (table 9). Ideally, the output of the business sector should be calculated as its sales less the value of raw materials consumed. Actually, only farm product is calculated in this way. The auto and residential construction estimates include some raw materials from other sectors, and the large residual of "other" output is reduced by this amount. For this and some other reasons, the measures are far from perfect, but they help in understanding the working of the business economy.

Farm product showed some recovery in real terms, and so did gross auto product, which combines sales to all sectors with inventory change. Residential construction, as mentioned earlier, was almost flat. The large "other" category includes the bulk of the domestic nonfarm business economy. It was weaker in the second quarter than in the first—even though the decline in total real GNP was much smaller. This confirms the impression, based on the examination of the conventional components of GNP, that the decline in real output was more diffused in the second quarter than in the first.

Prices

The sectors of sharpest price rise and their impact on U.S. purchasers are highlighted in table 10. In that table, price changes are viewed in terms of implicit price deflators, which are the by-products of the current-and constant-dollar estimates. The implicit price deflators are composite

indexes of the prices of the goods and services included in them, and unlike most price indexes, are based on shifting weights that reflect the changing composition of expenditures.

The starting point of the table is the implicit price deflator for GNP. It represents the changes in the prices of the output of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy. Exclusion of export and inclusion of import prices yields a measure of prices paid by U.S. purchasers; it is presented in the table as the implicit deflator for GNP less exports plus imports. The implicit deflators for personal consumption expenditures show the changes in prices paid by U.S. consumers, and the implicit deflators for the residual "other" show the changes in prices paid by government and investors.

The second-quarter increase in the implicit deflator for GNP—8.8 percent—was down considerably from what appears to have been a first-quarter bulge. Although the rate of increase for import prices and export prices was down, import prices continued to rise more rapidly than export prices. For this reason, the differential between the rate of increase of GNP prices and prices of goods and services bought by U.S. purchasers continued to widen.

Food prices and the prices of energy purchased by consumers decelerated substantially. Food prices increased 7.5 percent—the first single-digit rate in the last year. Energy prices dropped from a 73.1 percent increase, but at 38.0 percent their rate of increase remained very high. Prices in the "other" category of consumption, which has a very large weight in consumer purchases, rose at a more rapid rate than earlier—9.4 percent as compared with 7.4 percent in the first quarter. An important element in this acceleration was consumer durables; their prices, which until recently increased little, rose sharply in the second quarter.

The rate of increases in the prices of items purchased by investors and government was less extreme than in the first quarter. Part of the deceleration can be traced to the prices of the oil components of inventories and defense purchases.

NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES									7							
				19	973	<u> </u>	19	974				19	73		19	74
	1972	1973	I	II	III	IV	I	II P	1972	1973	I	II	ш	IV	I	II »
				Seasons	ally adjus	sted at ar	ınual rate	es	1.			Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	iual rates	5
			Bill	lions of c	urrent do	ollars					Bi	illions of	1958 dolla	ırs		
Table	1.—G	ross N	ationa	l Prod	uct in	Curre	nt and	Const	ant D	ollars ((1.1, 1.	2)				
Gross national product	1, 158, 0	1, 294. 9	1, 248. 9	1, 277, 9	1, 308. 9	1, 344. 0	1, 358. 8	1, 383, 5	792, 5	839, 2	832, 8	837.4	840, 8	845, 7	830, 5	828.0
Personal consumption expenditures	729,0	805, 2	781.7	799, 0	816, 3	823, 9	840.6	866.8	527, 3	552, 1	552, 9	553, 7	555, 4	546.3	539, 7	542, 3
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	_ 299.7	130. 3 338. 0 336. 9	132. 4 323. 3 325. 9	132. 1 332. 7 334. 2	132. 4 343. 8 340. 1	124. 3 352. 1 347. 4	123. 9 364. 4 352. 4	130, 2 375, 2 361, 4	104. 9 220. 2 202. 2	113. 6 228. 6 209. 9	117. 2 228. 7 207. 1	115. 7 228. 3 209. 7	114. 3 230. 0 211. 2	107. 2 227. 4 211. 7	105, 2 223, 9 210, 6	107. 5 223. 3 211. 5
Gross private domestic investment	179, 3	209, 4	199, 0	205, 1	209, 0	224. 5	210.5	213, 0	125.0	138, 1	134, 4	136.3	135, 8	145, 8	133, 3	131, 3
Fixed investment	170.8	194. 0	189. 0	194. 4	197. 1	195. 5	193. 6	197. 9	118.0	127. 3	127. 1	128. 4	127. 7	125, 8	122, 7	122. 2
Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment	41.1	136. 8 47. 0 89. 8	130. 5 44. 6 85. 9	135. 6 46. 2 89. 4	139. 0 47. 9 91. 1	141. 9 49. 3 92. 6	145. 2 51. 3 93. 9	149. 2 52. 5 96. 7	83.7 23.8 59.8	94. 4 25. 4 69. 0	92, 2 24, 7 67, 4	94, 3 25, 1 69, 2	95, 1 25, 6 69, 5	96, 0 26, 0 70, 0	96. 3 26. 7 69. 7	96. 4 26. 8 69. 6
Residential structures Nonfarm Farm	. 53. 4	57. 2 56. 7 . 5	58. 5 58. 0	58. 7 58. 4 . 4	58. 1 57. 6 . 5	53. 6 53. 0 . 6	48. 4 47. 8 . 7	48. 7 48. 0 . 8	34. 3 33. 9 . 4	32. 9 32. 6 . 3	35. 0 34. 7 . 3	34. 1 33. 9 . 2	32. 6 32. 4 . 3	29. 8 29. 5 . 4	26. 4 26. 0 . 4	25, 8 25, 4 . 4
Change in business inventories	8. 5 7. 8	15. 4 11. 4 4. 0	10. 0 6. 5 3. 5	10. 7 7. 7 3. 0	11. 8 7. 4 4. 4	28. 9 24. 0 4. 9	16. 9 13. 1 3. 8	15. 1 11. 9 3. 2	7. 0 6. 4 . 7	10. 8 8. 9 1. 8	7. 3 5. 4 1. 9	7. 8 6. 3 1, 5	8. 0 6. 2 1. 9	20, 0 17, 9 2, 1	10. 6 8. 7 1. 8	9. 1 7. 3 1. 8
Net exports of goods and services	1	3.9	8	.5	6.7	9.3	11.3	.2	-3.0	4, 6	1,4	3.5	5, 8	7, 9	11, 5	9, 1
ExportsImports	72. 4 78. 4	100. 4 96. 4	88. 8 89. 5	95. 4 94. 9	103. 7 96. 9	113. 6 104. 3	131. 2 119. 9	138. 6 138. 4	55. 7 58. 7	66. 6 62, 0	64. 8 63. 4	65. 9 62. 4	66. 9 61. 1	68. 9 61. 0	73. 3 61. 8	73. 7 64. 6
Government purchases of goods and services	1	276.4	269. 0	273, 3	276, 9	286, 4	296, 3	303, 5	143, 1	144, 4	144, 1	143, 9	143, 7	145, 7	146, 0	145.3
Federal	74.8	106. 6 74. 4 32. 2	106. 4 75. 0 31. 4	106, 2 74, 0 32, 2	105. 3 73. 3 32. 0	108. 4 75. 3 33. 1	111, 5 75, 8 35, 7	113. 9 76. 1 37. 8	61.0	57. 3	58. 9	57. 7	56. 2	56. 4	56. 3	56, 1
State and local	150.8	169. 8	162. 6	167. 1	171. 6	177. 9	184. 8	189. 6	82. 1	87. 0	85. 2	86. 2	87. 5	89. 3	89. 7	89. 1
Table 2.—Gross Na	tional	Produ	et by N	lajor '	Гуре о	f Prod	uct in	Curre	nt and	Const	ant D	ollars ((1.3, 1.	5)		
Gross national product	1, 158. 0	1, 294, 9	1, 248, 9	1, 277, 9	1, 308, 9	1, 344. 0	1, 358, 8	1, 383, 5	792, 5	839, 2	832, 8	837.4	840, 8	845, 7	830, 5	828. 0
Final sales Change in business inventories	1, 149. 5 8. 5	1, 279. 6 15. 4	1, 238. 9 10. 0	1, 267. 2 10, 7	1, 297. 0 11. 8	1, 315. 1 28. 9	1, 341 . 9 16. 9	1, 368. 4 15. 1	785, 4 7, 0	828. 4 10. 8	825. 5 7. 3	829. 6 7. 8	832. 7 8. 0	825, 7 20, 0	819. 9 10. 6	818. 9 9. 1
Goods output	543, 8	622, 7	595, 8	611.6	629. 9	653, 6	651, 9	665, 1	425, 5	459. 1	455, 1	457.6	458.8	465.1	449, 1	449.5
Final sales	535, 2 8, 5	607. 3 15. 4	585. 8 10. 0	600. 9 10. 7	618. 0 11. 8	624. 7 28. 9	635, 0 16, 9	650. 0 15. 1	418. 5 7. 0	448. 3 10. 8	447. 8 7. 3	449. 8 7. 8	450. 8 8. 0	445, 1 20. 0	438. 5 10. 6	440. 4 9. 1
Durable goods Final sales Change in business inventories	214.3	250. 3 240. 9 9. 4	244. 0 237. 8 6. 1	248. 9 241. 2 7. 7	252. 8 243. 9 9. 0	255, 4 240, 6 14, 8	251. 0 242. 3 8. 7	246. 5 247. 9 -1. 4	185. 8 180. 1 5. 7	206. 0 198. 5 7. 5	204. 6 199. 5 5. 1	206. 7 200. 5 6. 2	206. 3 199. 0 7. 2	206. 3 194. 9 11. 5	200, 2 194, 3 5, 8	195. 7 196. 7 —1. 0
Nondurable goods Final sales Change in business inventories	322. 4 321. 0 1. 4	372. 4 366. 5 6. 0	351. 8 347. 9 3. 9	362. 7 359. 7 3. 0	377. 1 374. 2 2. 9	398, 2 384, 1 14, 1	401. 0 392. 8 8. 2	418. 6 402. 1 16. 5	239. 7 238. 4 1. 3	253. 1 249. 9 3. 3	250. 4 248. 3 2. 2	250. 8 249. 3 1. 6	252. 6 251. 7 . 8	258. 7 250. 2 8. 5	248. 9 244. 2 4. 7	253. 8 243. 7 10. 1
Services.	488, 1	534. 4	516.0	528, 3	540, 2	553, 2	569.7	579.0	291, 4	304.5	299, 9	303, 5	306, 9	307.8	310, 7	308.6
Structures	126, 1	137, 8	137, 1	138, 0	138.8	137, 2	137.1	139, 5	75, 6	75, 5	77.8	76, 3	75, 1	72, 8	70.7	69. 9
Table 3.—(Gross N	ationa	d Prod	luct by	Secto	or in C	urrent	and C	Consta	nt Dol	lars (1	.7, 1.8)				
Gross national product	1, 158. 0	1, 294. 9	1, 248. 9	1, 277. 9	1, 308. 9	1, 344. 0	1, 358, 8	1, 383, 5	792, 5	839, 2	832, 8	837.4	840.8	845.7	830.5	828.0
Private	1		,	1, 131, 1	1, 159. 5	· .	1, 202, 5	1, 224, 7	731, 7	776, 9	771. 2	775.3	778, 4	782, 8	767, 0	764.1
Business Nonfarm Farm		1, 096. 8 1, 040. 3 56. 5			1, 109. 2 1, 049. 0 60. 2	1, 138. 8 1, 074. 5 64. 4	1, 143. 1 1, 082. 6 60. 5	1, 165, 9 1, 115, 4 50, 6	709, 4 683, 4 26, 0	753. 1 725. 8 27. 4	747. 3 719. 2 28. 1	751. 8 724. 3 27. 5	754. 4 728. 6 25. 8	759. 2 731. 0 28. 2	740. 9 713. 9 27. 0	741. 0 712. 6 28. 4
Households and institutions	1	41. 3	39. 5	40. 7	42. 0	43.0	44. 6	46. 6	17. 6	18. 5	18. 1	18. 5	18. 8	18. 7	19. 1	18. 9
Rest of the world.	1 (8.4	8.4	8.0	8.3	8.9	14.7	12, 2	4.7	5, 2	5.8	5, 0	5. 1	5.0	7.0	4. 2
General government. Federal	136, 4 50. 7	148. 5 52. 8	144, 3 52, 5	146. 8 52. 1	149. 4 52. 4	153, 4 54. 3	156.3 54.8	158, 8 55, 0	60.7 21.8	62, 3 21, 3	61, 6 21, 5	62, 1 21, 3	62, 4 21, 1	62, 9 21, 1	63, 5 21, 1	63. 9 21. 1
State and local	85. 7	95. 7	91. 8	94.7	97. 1	99, 1	101. 5	103. 9	38. 9	41.0	40. 1	40.8	41. 3	41. 7	42. 3	42. 8

Preliminary.

HISTORICAL STATISTICS

THE national income and product data for 1929-63 are in *The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-1965, Statistical Tables* (available at \$1 from Commerce Department District Office or the Superintendent of Documents; see addresses inside front cover). Each July Survey contains preliminary data for the latest 2 years and fully revised data for the preceding 2. The July 1974 issue has data for 1970-73. Prior July issues have fully revised data as follows: 1969-70, July 1973; 1968-69, July 1972; 1967-68, July 1971; 1966-67, July 1970; 1965-66, July 1969; 1964-65, July 1968. BEA will provide on request a reprint of the fully revised data for the years 1964-69

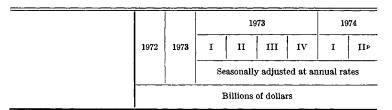


Table 4.—Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (1.9)

Gross national product	1.158 0	1 294 9	1 248 9	1. 277. 9	1 308 9	1 344 0	1.358.8	1.383.5
Less: Capital consumption allowances	102. 9							
Equals: Net national product	1,055.1	1,184,1	1,141,5	1, 167. 4	1, 197. 4	1, 230, 1	1, 243, 0	1, 265, 1
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability Business transfer payments Statistical discrepancy	110. 0 4. 6 -3. 8	4. 9		4.8	4.9	5. 0	5. 1	5. 2
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus government enterprises.	2. 3	.6	1. 5	.7	.3	1	-2.7	-3.7
Equals: National income	946.5	1, 065. 6	1, 027. 6	1, 051. 2	1, 077. 3	1,106.3	1,118.8	
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. Contributions for social insurance. Wage accruals less disbursements.	92. 2 73. 0 . 0	105. 1 91. 2	103. 9 88. 7	105. 0 90. 2	105. 2 92. 1	106. 4 93. 9	107. 7 99. 1	100.8
Plus: Government transfer payments to persons. Interest paid by govern- ment (net) and by consumers	98. 6 33. 0			İ				
Dividends. Business transfer payments	27. 3 4. 6	29. 6	28. 7	29. 1	29.8	30. 7	31. 6	32. 5
Equals: Personal income	944. 9	1, 055. 0	1, 013. 6	1, 039, 2	1,068.0	1, 099. 3	1,112.5	1,433.8

Table 5.—Gross Auto Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.15, 1.16)

			Billio	ns of cui	rent do	llars		
Gross auto product 1	43. 9	49. 9	51.5	50.8	50.3	47, 0	33, 5	38. 4
Personal consumption ex- penditures Producers' durable equip-	39. 7	43. 4	45. 4	44. 8	45. 4	38. 0	35. 8	38. 3
ment	7. 0	7. 7	8, 0	7. 9	8.0	6. 7	6. 3	6.8
Change in dealers' auto inventories	4	1. 1	. 4	.8	8	4.0	-5.6	-3.2
Net exportsExportsImports	-2.7 3.0 5.7	-2.7 3.8 6.5	-2.8 3.6 6.4	-3. 0 3. 6 6. 6	-2.8 3.8 6.6	-2. 2 4. 2 6. 4	-3.5 4.1 7.6	-3. 8 4. 2 8. 0
Addenda: New cars, domestic ² New cars, foreign	38. 1 8. 6	43. 1 10. 0	44. 2 10. 4	44. 6 9. 8	43 . 2 9. 7	40. 3 10. 2	28. 1 10. 2	34. 6 8. 6
			Billi	ons of 1	958 dolla	ars		
Gross auto product 1	39, 1	44, 2	46. 3	45. 2	43. 6	41, 6	29, 2	32, 5
Personal consumption ex- penditures Producers' durable equip-	35, 3	38. 3	40. 7	39. 7	39. 4	33. 4	31. 3	32. 4
ment Change in dealers' auto	6. 3	6.8	7. 3	7. 1	7. 0	6.0	5. 6	5.8
inventories	4	1. 1	. 4	. 7	7	3.8	-5.1	-2.9
Net exports Exports Imports		-2. 4 3. 4 5. 7	-2.5 3.2 5.7	-2.7 3.1 5.8	-2.4 3.4 5.8	-2. 0 3. 7 5. 7	-3. 1 3. 6 6. 6	-3. 2 3. 6 6. 8
Addenda: New cars, domestic 2 New cars. foreign	34. 8 8. 0	39. 3 9. 2	40 . 9 9. 7	40. 8 9. 0	38. 9 8. 8	36. 7 9. 3	25. 4 9. 3	30. 4 7. 1

			19	773		19	74
1972	1973	I	II	ш	IV	I	IIp
		Sea	sonally	adjuste	d at ann	ual rat	es
		1	Billions	of dollar	rs		

Table 6.—National Income by Type of Income (1.10)

								===
National income	946.5	1, 065, 6	1,027.6	1,051,2	1,077,3	1, 106, 3	1,118.8	
Compensation of employees	707.1	786.0	759.1	776.7	793.3	814.8	828.8	848.0
Wages and salaries	626. 8	691. 6	667. 6	683.6	698, 2	717.0	727. 6	744, 3
Private Military Government civilían	491. 4 20. 5 114. 8	20.6	20.8	20.3	20. 2	21. 0	21.0	20, 9
Supplements to wages and salaries. Employer contributions for	80. 3		91. 5	93. 1	95. 1	97. 7	101. 2	103. 7
social insurance	38. 6	48.4	46. 9	47.8	48.8	50. 1	52. 3	53. 2
Other labor income	41.7	46.0	44. 6	45. 4	46. 3	47. 6	48.9	50.5
Proprietors' income	75, 9	96, 1	89, 1	92, 8	99, 3	103, 2	98, 4	89.6
Business and professional	54. 9 21. 0							
Rental income of persons	25. 9	26, 1	26. 3	25, 7	26. 2	26, 4	26.4	26. 1
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	92, 2	105.1	103.9	105.0	105. 2	106.4	107.7	
Profits before tax	99. 2	122. 7	120, 4	124. 9	122. 7	122. 7	138. 7	
Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits	41. 5 57. 7 27. 3 30. 3	72. 9 29. 6	71. 5 28. 7	74. 0 29. 1	72, 9 29, 8	73. 2 30. 7	85. 1 31. 6	
Inventory valuation adjust- ment	-7. 0	-17.6	-16.5	-20.0	-17. 5	-16.3	-31.0	-37. 3
Net interest	45.6	52.3	49.2	51.1	53. 2	55.5	57.5	59.8

Table 7.—National Income by Industry Division (1.11)

All industries, total	946.5	1,065.6	1,027.6	1,051.2	1,077.3	1,106.3	1,118.8	
Agriculture, forestry, and fish-		ŀ	i					
eries	31. 2							
Mining and construction	59.4	66. 5	63. 5	65. 1	68.0	69.3	70.6	
Manufacturing	253. 4	287. 2	279.0	285, 3	288.8	295.8	296.8	
Nondurable goods	99. 2	108.9	105.8	108.1	109. 2	112. 4	118, 6	- -
Durable goods	154. 2	178. 3	173. 2	177. 2	179. 5	183. 4	178. 2	
Transportation	36.6	40.4	39. 9	40.1	40.1	41.5	42. 2	 -
Communication	19. 4							
Electric, gas, and sanitary serv-						[1	
ices	17.6	19. 1	18.4	18.6	19.6	19.7	18.5	
Wholesale and retail trade	142.3							
Finance, insurance, and real es-							[
tate	108. 8	117. 8	114. 1	115, 9	119, 1	122. 3	123.9	l
Services	120.7	134. 6	129. 9	133. 0	136. 1	139. 2	143. 6	
Government and government								
enterprises	150.7	164. 1	159.6	162.1	165, 2	169. 5	172.7	
Rest of the world	6. 5	8.4	8.4	8.0	8.3	8.9	14.7	

Table 8.—Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Broad Industry Groups (6.12)

All industries, total	92, 2	105, 1	103. 9	105. 0	105. 2	106. 4	107, 7
Financial institutions Federal Reserve Banks Other financial institutions	17. 6 3. 4 14. 3	19.6 4.5 15.1	18.7 3.9 14.9	19, 4 4, 3 15, 0	19.8 4.8 15.0	20, 4 5. 1 15. 3	20, 8 5. 3 15. 5
Nonfinancial corporations. Manufacturing. Nondurable goods. Durable goods. Transportation, communication, and public utilities. All other industries.	74. 5 40. 8 19. 0 21. 8 9. 2 24. 6	85. 5 47. 6 21. 5 26. 1 9. 2 28. 7	85. 2 48. 6 20. 9 27. 6 9. 4 27. 2	85. 6 48. 4 21. 5 26. 9 8. 8 28. 4	85. 4 47. 1 21. 4 25. 7 9. 5 28. 8	86. 0 46. 4 22. 1 24. 3 9. 2 30. 3	87. 0 46. 2 26. 9 19. 3

The gross auto product total includes government purchases.
 Differs from the gross auto product total by the markup on both used cars and foreign cars.
 Preliminary.

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ouly loca				50) 16 V	12.1	Or	001	MENT DUSINESS						_		
				19	73		19	74					19	973		19	974
	1972	1973	I	II	III	IV	I	ΙΙp		1972	1973	1	II	III	IV	I	11
			Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates				Se	asonall	y adjust	ed at ar	nnual ra	tes
			В	illions (of dolla	ars							Billions	of dolla	rs		
Table 9.—Gross	Corp	orate	e Pro	duct	¹ (1.	14)			Table 10.—Perso	nal I	ncom	e and	its I	Dispos	sition	(2.1)	
Gross corporate product	648. 1	720.8	699. 2	714.7	726.7	742, 5	747.5		Personal income	944, 9	1, 055. 0	1, 013. 6	1, 039, 2	1, 068. 0	1, 099. 3	1, 112, 5	1, 13
Capital consumption allowancesIndirect business taxes plus transfer		71. 2	69. 2	70.8	71.6	73, 1	74.1	75.6	Wage and salary disburse- ments	626.8	691.7	667.6	683.8	698, 2	717.0	727.6	74
payments less subsidies	61.7	66. 5	65. 1	66. 1	67. 2	67. 6	68.3	69.8	Commodity-producing in-	225, 4	251.9		248. 5	254.6	262.6	264.0	26

Table 9.—Gross Corporate Product ¹ (1.14)												
Gross corporate product	648.1	720, 8	699, 2	714, 7	726.7	742, 5	747.5					
Capital consumption allowancesIndirect business taxes plus transfer	66.3	71. 2	69. 2	70.8	71.6	73, 1	74. 1					
payments less subsidies	61.7	66. 5	65. 1	66, 1	67. 2	67. 6	68. 3	69.8				
Income originating in corporate busi- ness	520, 1	583. 1	564. 9	577.8	587. 8	601, 9	605, 1					
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements	430. 7 374. 7 56. 0	482, 5 416, 6 65, 9	465, a 401, 4 63, 9	477. 0 412. 0 65. 1	487. 1 420. 8 66. 3	500. 6 432. 4 68. 1	507. 5 437. 2 70. 3	447.				
Net interest	2, 5	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.0	3. 1	3. 2				
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment.	86. 9 94. 0 41. 5 52. 4 24. 2 28. 2 -7. 0	97. 8 115. 4 49. 8 65. 6 25. 9 39. 6 -17. 6	96. 9 113. 4 48. 9 64. 5 24. 4 40. 1 -16. 5	98. 0 118. 0 50. 9 67. 1 25. 2 41. 9 -20. 0	97. 9 115. 4 49. 9 65. 5 26. 2 39. 3 —17. 5	98. 3 114. 7 49. 5 65. 2 27. 9 37. 3 -16. 3	53. 6 71. 9					
Cash flow, gross of dividends	118. 7 94. 5	136, 8 110, 8	133, 7 109, 3	137. 9 112. 7	137. 2 110. 9	138. 2 110. 3	146. 0 116. 1					
Gross product originating in financial institutions	33, 8	36, 5	35, 7	36, 1	36.7	37, 6	38, 3	 				
Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations	614.3	684. 3	663.5	678, 6	690, 0	704.9	709, 3					
Capital consumption allowancesIndirect business taxes plus transfer	63. 6	68. 1	66. 2	67. 8	68. 5	6 9. 8	70. 7	72, 1				
payments less subsidies	58. 9	63. 4	62. 1	63, 1	64. 1	64. 4	65. 1	66. 5				
Income originating in nonfinancial corporations	491.8	552.8	53 5, 2	547.8	557. 5	570. 8	573. 4	 -				
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements	404. 8 352. 6 52. 2	454, 1 392, 6 61, 5	437. 7 378. 0 59. 7	449. 0 388. 2 60. 8	458. 5 96. 6 61. 9	471, 2 407, 6 63, 7	477. 6 411. 9 65. 7	489. 4 421. 9 67. 4				
Net interest	17. 7	20. 5	19.3	20. 1	20.9	21.6	22. 1	22.6				
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment	69. 3 76. 3 33. 4 43. 0 22. 2 20. 8 -7. 0	78. 2 95. 8 40. 7 55. 0 23. 7 31. 3 -17. 6	78 2 94. 7 40. 5 54. 2 22. 3 31. 8 -16. 5	78. 6 98. 6 42. 0 56. 6 23. 0 33. 6 -20. 0	78. 1 95. 6 40. 5 55. 0 24. 0 31. 0 -17. 5	77. 9 94. 3 39. 9 54. 4 25. 5 28. 9 —16. 3		-37. 3				
Cash flow, gross of dividends	106. 6 84. 4	123. 1 99. 4	120. 4 98. 1	124.3 101.3	12 3 . 5 99. 5	124. 2 98. 7						
			Billi	ons of	1958 do	llars						
Gross product originating in non-financial corporations	479.0	516.4	510, 1	516, 1	518.7	520.6	509.7					
				Dol	lars							
Current dollar cost per unit of 1958 dollar gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations ²	1, 282	1, 325	1, 301	1, 315	1, 330	1, 354	1, 391					
Capital consumption allowancesIndirect business taxes plus transfer	. 133	. 132	. 130	. 131	. 132	. 134	. 139					
payments less subsidies. Compensation of employees. Net interest	. 123 . 845 . 037	. 123 . 879 . 040	. 122 . 858 . 038	. 122 . 870 . 039	. 124 . 884 . 040	. 124 . 905 . 041	. 128 . 937 . 043					
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. Profits tax liability Profits after tax plus inven-	. 145 . 070	. 151 . 079	. 153 . 07 9	. 152 . 081	. 151 . 078	. 150 . 077	. 145 . 086					
tory valuation adjustment	. 075	. 073	. 074	. 071	. 072	. 073	. 05 9					

^{1.} Excludes gross product originating in the rest of the world.

2. This is equal to the deflator for gross product of nonfinancial corporations, with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

3. Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income.

4. On February 18, 1974, the U.S. Government granted to India \$2,015 million (quarterly rate) in rupees under provisions of the Agricultural Trade Development and Adjustment Act. Tentatively, this transaction is being treated as capital grants paid to foreigners in the national income and product accounts but as current unilateral transfers in the balance of payments accounts. Accordingly, this transaction is excluded from Federal Government transfers to foreigners and related totals shown in tables 12, 13, and 15, and is included in the first quarter of 1974 as —\$8.1 billion (annual rate) in capital grants received by the U.S. shown in tables 12 and 15.

P Preliminary.

v	w	11		L	υa	DIES	
P	F	r(ı.	it	niı	narv	٠.

Personal income	944.9	1, 055. 0	1, 013. 6	1, 039, 2	1, 068, 0	1, 099. 3	1, 112. 5	1, 133, 8
Wage and salary disburse-		1						
ments	626.8	691, 7	667.6	683.8	698. 2	717.0	727.6	744.9
Commodity-producing in-								
dustries	225, 4	251.9	241.8	248.5		262.6	264.0	
Manufacturing	175.8	196, 6	188.9		198.3	204.6		209.9
Distributive industries	151.0		159.7	163.8	166.5	170.4	172.9	177. 5
Service industries	115.3	128.2	123. 5 142. 6	126.6	129.7	132.8	136.9 153.8	140.8 156.9
	135. 0	ĺ	ĺ		147.4	151.3		{
Other labor income	41.7	46.0	44.6	45. 4	46.3	47.6	48.9	50, 5
Proprietors' income	75.9	96. 1	89, 1		99.3			89.6
Business and professional.	54. 9	57.6	57.0		57. 7	58.4	59.3	60. 5
Farm	21.0	38. 5	32, 1	35. 6	41.5	44.9	39.1	29.1
Rental income of persons	25.9	26. 1	26.3		26.2	26.4	26.4	
Dividends	27.3	29.6	28.7	29.1	29.8	30.7	31.6	32.5 101.8
rersonal interest income	78.6	90.6	85, 1	88, 8	92.5	95, 9	98, 2	101.8
Transfer payments Old-age survivors, disabil-	103, 2	117.8	114, 1	116. 1	119.0	122, 1	128. 2	135.8
ity, and health insur-								
ance benefits	49.6	60.4	58.4	59. 9	61.0	62.3	63. 6	68.6
State unemployment in-				١.,	ا م			١.,
surance benefits Veterans benefits	5. 5 12. 7	4, 2 13, 9	4, 2 13, 4	4. 1 13. 5	4.2 14.2	4.4 14.5	5. 4 15. 0	6. 3 15. 2
Other.	35.4	39.3	38.1	38.7	39.6	40.9	44.1	45.7
Less: Personal contribu- tions for social insur- ance	34.5	42, 8	41.8	42, 5	43.3	43.8	46, 8	47.6
Less: Personal tax and nontax								
payments	142, 4	151, 3	144.1	147.2	154.2	159, 9	161, 9	167.9
Equals: Disposable personal income	302, 5	903.7	869. 5	892. 1	913.9	939.4	950.6	965, 9
Less: Personal outlays	749.9	829.4	804.2	822, 5	840, 7	850.1	866.2	892, 6
Personal consumption ex-	729. 0	805. 2	781.7	799.0	816.3	823. 9	840.6	866.8
penditures Interest paid by consumers	19.8					24.0		
Personal transfer payments	15.0	22. 0	21.0	22.0	20. 1	24.0	24. 7	24.0
to foreigners	1.1	1.3	. 9	1.0	. 9	2.2	1.2	1.0
Equals: Personal saving	52, 6	74.4	65, 3	69, 6	73.2	89.3	84,4	73,3
Addenda: Disposable personal income: Total, billions of 1958 dollars.	580. 5 3, 843				621, 8 4, 339	622, 9 4, 452	610.3 4,497	604.3 4,562
Per capita, current dollars Per capita, 1958 dollars	2, 779	2, 945			2, 952	2, 952	2, 887	2,854

Table 11.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type (2.3

Personal consumption expenditures	729. 0	805, 2	781.7	799.0	816, 3	823.9	840, 6	866.8
Durable goods	118.4	130.3	132.4	132, 1	132, 4	124, 3	123.9	130, 2
Automobiles and parts Mobile homes Furniture and household	53, 1 4, 1	57. 5 4. 4	60. 4 4. 8	59, 2 4, 7	59. 3 4. 2	51. 2 4. 0	48. 0 4. 0	50. 9 4. 1
equipmentOther	48. 7 16. 6	55. 0 17. 8	54.3 17.7	54. 9 18. 0	55. 5 17. 6	55. 4 17. 7	57. 5 18. 3	59. 6 19. 7
Nondurable goods	299.7	338.0	323, 3	332, 7	343.8	352, 1	364.4	375.2
Food and beverages	143. 7 63. 0 25. 0 67. 9	165. 1 70. 2 28. 3 74. 4	155. 9 69. 1 26. 8 71. 5	160. 9 70. 1 28. 0 73. 6	169. 1 70. 6 28. 7 75. 4	174. 5 70. 9 29. 8 77. 0	180. 1 72. 8 31. 5 80. 0	182, 6 74, 3 37, 0 81, 4
Services	310.9	336. 9	325. 9	334, 2	340. 1	347.4	352.4	361.4
Housing Household operation Transportation Other	43.3	116. 4 47. 3 23. 4 149. 9	113. 1 45. 6 22. 8 144. 5	115. 6 46. 6 23. 1 148. 8	117. 0 48. 3 23. 6 151. 2	119. 7 48. 7 24. 1 155. 0	122, 2 49, 2 25, 0 156, 0	124. 9 51. 2 25. 5 159. 9

Table 12.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (4.1)

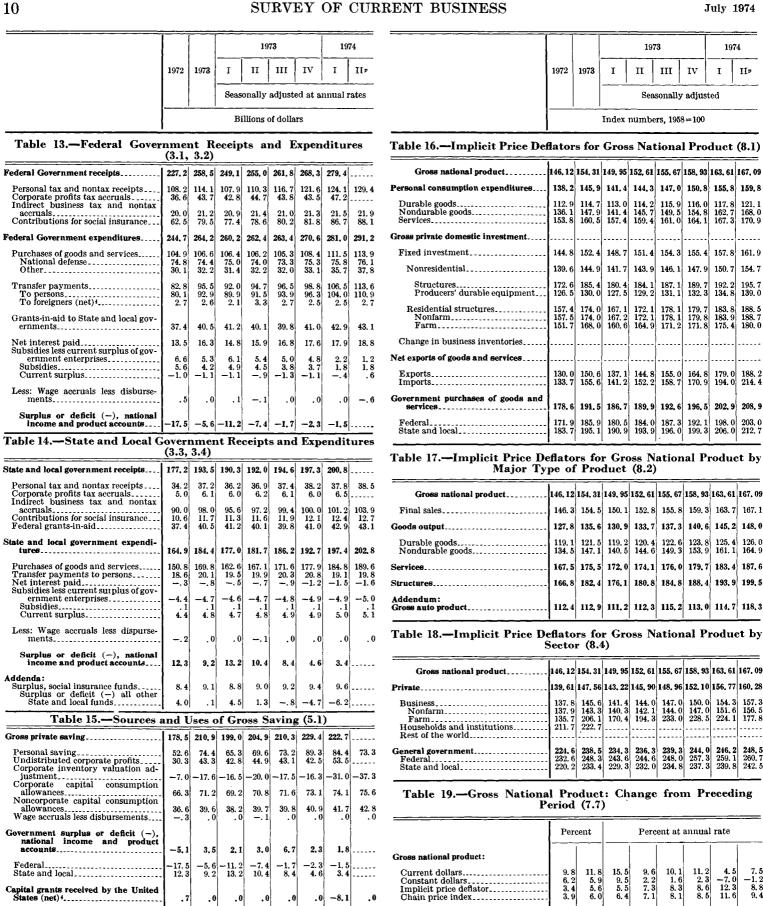
Receipts from foreigners	73, 1	100.4	88, 8	95.4	103. 7	113.6	123, 2	138, 6
Exports of goods and services	72.4	100.4	88.8	95.4	103. 7	113.6	131. 2	138. €
Capital grants received by the United States (net) 4	. 7	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	. 0	-8.1	.0
Payments to foreigners	73, 1	100.4	88.8	95.4	103.7	113, 6	123, 2	138. 6
Imports of goods and services	78.4	96.4	89. 5	94.9	96. 9	104.3	119. 9	138. 4
Transfers to foreigners Personal Government	$\begin{array}{c} 3.8 \\ 1.1 \\ 2.7 \end{array}$	3. 9 1. 3 2. 6	3. 0 . 9 2. 1	4. 2 1. 0 3. 3		4.7 2.2 2.5	3. 7 1. 2 2. 5	3. 7 1. 6 2. 7
Net foreign investment	-9.1	. 1	-3.8	-3.7	3.1	4.7	4	-3.

11. 2 2. 3 8. 7 8. 6

12. 9 12. 6

16. 6 10. 0

6. 0 6. 7



Gross private product:

Constant dollars

Current dollars.....

Constant dollars_______
Implicit price deflator______
Chain price index______

212.1 229.1

224. 5 210. 5 213. 0 -3. 5

-2, 6

195, 2 210, 4

205.1 209.0

-6, 5-4, 9

199. 0 -3.8

210.1 209.5

-6,3

Gross investment.....

Gross private domestic investment.

Net foreign investment....

Statistical discrepancy.....

170, 2 209, 4

179.3 209. 4

-3,8

-5.0-5.9

Preliminary.

U.S. National Income and Product Accounts, 1970-73

THE complete set of national income and product tables for 1970-73 is presented on pages 11 to 46 of this issue of the Survey. As is the practice each July, estimates for the 3 most recent years have been revised on the basis of new information. The estimates for 1970 and earlier years have not changed. For an evaluation of the revision, see the Business Situation section of this issue.

The statistics published here update the previous estimates for 1971-73 by incorporating a wide range of new and revised data from various government and private sources. The most important of the new data are: Final Internal Revenue Service business tax return statistics for 1971, which are the major basis for estimating profits, business and professional income, interest, inventories outside of manufacturing and trade, and capital consumption allowances, and preliminary Internal Revenue Service business tax return data for 1972; State unemployment insurance payroll statistics, which provide information for the wage and salary estimates for 1973; 1972 data from the Health, Education, and Welfare Department on contributions to health insurance, which enter into the computation of "other labor income;" 1972 Annual Survey of Manufactures data, which contribute to the estimation of producers' durable equipment and manufacturers' inventories; 1972 Annual Retail Trade Survey data, which enter into the estimation of retail inventories; revised Census statistics on private and government construction expenditures and on construction price and cost indexes for 1971-73; the Federal budget for fiscal year 1975 and other Government financial reports, which are used to update the Federal Government components; and final Census statistics on the finances of State and local governments for fiscal year 1972 and preliminary State and local government data for fiscal year 1973. The quarterly estimates incorporate, in addition to the new or revised source data, seasonal adjustment updating.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture has revised its estimates of farm income and associated figures for the period beginning with 1959. The farm items in this report retain the previously-published levels for 1970, and add to those levels the arithmetic changes in the new Agriculture Department data. Thus the levels shown in this report differ for 1971–73 from those shown in the July 1974 Farm Income Situation.

Back data

Table numbers and titles in this report are the same as in prior July Surveys. The national account tables for years through 1963 are in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929–1965, Statistical Tables. (The 1964–65 data were revised subsequent to publication of that volume.) Fully revised data for subsequent years are in July issues of the Survey, as follows: 1964, July 1968; 1965, July 1969; 1966, July 1970; 1967, July 1971; 1968, July 1972; 1969, July 1973; 1970–73, July 1974. On request, BEA will provide users with a special reprint containing the data for 1964–69 as well as selected historical data printed in various Surveys as listed in the following paragraph.

The following series were first published in the issues of the SURVEY listed: table 1.14, gross product of nonfinancial corporations in 1958 dollars, May 1967; tables 1.21 and 1.22,

gross product by industry, April 1967; table 2.1 addenda, disposable personal income per capita, September 1967; and personal saving rate, December 1970; table 3.3 addenda, detail on state-local government surplus, August 1972; table 3.14, government purchases of goods and services by type, August 1972; table 5.8, private purchases of mobile homes, July 1972; table 6.12, detail on financial institution profits, July 1972 (as table 7.8); table 8.2, implicit price deflator for final sales, December 1970; table 8.4, implicit deflators by sector, September 1967.

In addition to the data contained in the reprint historical data were shown in the February 1973 SURVEY for table 3.16 and historical data were shown in the April 1974 SURVEY for tables 1.7, 1.8, 3.9, 3.15 and 8.6.

New series introduced in this report

Two new series are published in this report: National defense outlays in the unified budget and their relationship to national defense purchases in the national income and product accounts (table 3.17) and Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) outlays in the unified budget and their relationship to CCC expenditures in the national income and product accounts (table 3.18).

Gross National Product, National Income and Personal Income

	GNP	in current	prices	GNI	in 1958 p	orices	Na	tional inco	ome	Per	rsonal inco	me
Year	New esti- mate	Previous estimate	Revi- sion	New esti- mate	Previ- ous esti- mate	Revi- sion	New esti- mate	Previ- ous esti- mate	Revi- sion	New esti- mate	Previous esti- mate	Revi- sion
i						Billions	of dollars	·	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	·	
1971 1972 1973	1, 054, 9 1, 158, 0 1, 294, 9	1, 055. 5 1, 155. 2 1, 289. 1	-0.5 2.8 5.8	746. 3 792. 5 839. 2	745. 4 790. 7 837. 4	1. 0 1. 8 1. 8	857. 7 946. 5 1, 065. 6	859. 4 941. 8 1, 053. 9	-1.8 4.7 11.7	864. 0 944. 9 1, 055. 0	863. 5 939. 2 1, 035. 4	0, 5 5, 7 19, 6
	1		·		Year-to-y	ear chang	e, billions	of dollars	<u></u>	<u>' </u>		
1971 1972 1973	77. 8 103. 1 136. 9	78. 4 99. 7 134. 0	-0.5 3.4 3.0	23. 9 46. 1 46. 7	22. 9 45. 3 46. 7	1.0 .8 .0	57. 2 88. 9 119. 1	59. 0 82. 3 112. 1	-1.8 6.5 6.9	55. 8 80. 8 110. 2	55. 2 75. 6 96. 2	0, 5 5, 2 13, 9
		·			Year	-to-year c	hange, per	rcent	·	<u> </u>	<u>. </u>	
1971 1972 1973	8. 0 9. 8 11. 8	8. 0 9. 4 11. 6	-0.1 .3 .2	3. 3 6. 2 5. 9	3. 2 6. 1 5. 9	0. 1 . 1 . 0	7. 1 10. 4 12. 6	7. 4 9. 6 11. 9	-0.2 .8 .7	6. 9 9. 4 11. 7	6. 8 8. 8 10. 2	0. 1 . 6 1. 4

Table A.—Summary National Income and Product Accounts, 1973

[Billions of dollars]

1.—National Income and Product Account

Line			Line		
1	Compensation of employees	786. 0		David and the second se	
2			24	Personal consumption expenditures (2-3)	
3	Wages and salaries		25 26	Durable goods Nondurable goods	130. 3 338. 0
5	Wage accruals less disbursements (3–7+5-4) Supplements to wages and salaries	1 94. 4	27	Services.	336. 9
6	Employer contributions for social insurance (3–15)	48.4	28 29	Gross private domestic investment (5-1)	104
8		46.0	30	Nonresidentiai .	194. 136.
9	Proprietors' income (2-9)	96. 1	31 32	Structures. Producers' durable equipment.	47. 4 89. 3
· 1	Rental income of persons (2-10)	26. 1	33	Residential structures.	57.
10	Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	105. 1	34	Change in business inventories.	15.
11 12	Profits before tax	122, 7 49, 8	35	Net exports of goods and services	3. 9
12 13 14	Profits after tax	72.9	36	Exports (4-1) Imports (4-3)	100.
15	Dividends (2–11) Undistributed profits (5–5) Inventory valuation adjustment (5–6)	29. 6 43. 3	37	Imports (4-3)	96.
16		-17.6	38	Government purchases of goods and services (3-1)	
17	Net interest (2-13)	52. 3	39 40	FederalNational defense	106 74
18	NATIONAL INCOME		41	Otner	39
19 20	Business transfer payments (2-17). Indirect business tax and nontax liability (3-13). Less: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (3-6). Capital consumption allowances (5-7). Statistical discrepancy (5-10).	4.9	42	State and local	169.
21	Less: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (3-6)	119. 2 . 6			
22 23	Capital consumption allowances (5–7)	110.8 -5.0			
	CHARGES AGAINST GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT			ODOGG NAMIONAL PROPERT	
				GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT	1, 294, 9
	2.—Personal I	ncome	and (Outlay Account	
1	Personal tax and nontax payments (3-11)	151. 3	7	Wage and salary disbursements (1-3)	691.
2	Personal outlays	829. 4	8	Other labor income (1-7)	
3	Personal consumption expenditures (1-24)	805. 2	9	Proprietors' income (1-8)	
4	Interest paid by consumers (2-15)	22.9	10	Rental income of persons (1-9)	
5	Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (4-5)	1.3	11	Dividends (1-14)	
6	Personal saving (5-3)		12	Personal interest income	90.
		•	13	Net interest (1–17)	52.
			14 15	Net interest paid by government (3-5) Interest paid by consumers (2-4)	15. · 22. ·
			16	Transfer payments to persons	117 9
			17 18	From business (1–19) From government (3–3)	4. 9
			19	Less: Personal contributions for social insurance (3-16)	
	PERSONAL TAXES, OUTLAYS, AND SAVINGS	1 055 0	19		
	<u> </u>			PERSONAL INCOME.	1,055.0
	3.—Government Rec	ceipts	and E	xpenditures Account	
Line			Line		
Jine 1	Purchases of goods and services (1-38)		Line	Personal tax and nontax payments (2-1)	151.
	Purchases of goods and services (1-38) Transfer payments		<u>) </u>	Personal tax and nontax payments (2-1)	
1	Transfer payments	115. 6	11		49.
1 2 3 4	Transfer payments To persons (2-18) To foreigners (net)(4-4)	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6	11 12	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12)	4 9. 11 9.
1 2	Transfer payments To persons (2-18) To foreigners (net) (4-4) Net interest paid (2-14)	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6 15. 4	11 12 13	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12)	49. 119. 91.
1 2 3 4	Transfer payments To persons (2-18) To foreigners (net) (4-4) Net interest paid (2-14)	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6 15. 4	11 12 13 14	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12)	49. 119. 91.
1 2 3 4	Transfer payments To persons (2-18) To foreigners (net) (4-4) Net interest paid (2-14)	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6 15. 4	11 12 13 14 15	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6)	49. 119. 91.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal.	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6 15. 4 . 6 . 0 3. 5 -5. 6	11 12 13 14 15	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6)	49. 119. 91.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local.	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6 15. 4 . 6 . 0 3. 5 -5. 6 9. 2	11 12 13 14 15	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS.	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6 15. 4 . 6 . 0 3. 5 -5. 6 9. 2 411. 5	11 12 13 14 15 16	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS	49. 8 119. 3 91. 3 48. 42.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS.	115. 6 113. 0 2. 6 15. 4 . 6 . 0 3. 5 -5. 6 9. 2 411. 5	11 12 13 14 15 16	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig	115.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5	11 12 13 14 15 16 nsactic	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DODS Account Imports of goods and services (1-37)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig	115.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5	11 12 13 14 15 16 nsactic	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DOBS Account	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig	115.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5	11 12 13 14 15 16 nsactic	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DODS Account Imports of goods and services (1-37)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig	115.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5	11 12 13 14 15 16 nsactic	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DOBA Account Imports of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig	115.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 nsactic	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DODAS Account Imports of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5)	49. 119. 119. 119. 119. 129. 129. 129. 12
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS.	115.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS Ons Account Imports of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal	115.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 Tran 100.4 .0	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 15 16 18 18 16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DATE of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 96. 2
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 15 16 18 18 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DATE of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS stment Account Personal saving (2-6)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 966 2 1 1 1900 - 74.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 15 16 18 18 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DATE of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS Stment Account Personal saving (2-6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 966 2 1 1 100
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 15 16 18 18 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DATE of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS Stment Account Personal saving (2-6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4) Undistributed corporate profits (1-15)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 96. 2 1 1 100 74. 43
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 15 16 18 18 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DISTRICT ACCOUNT Imports of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS SETMENT ACCOUNT Personal saving (2-6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4) Undistributed corporate profits (1-15) Corporate inventory valuation adjustment (1-16)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 966 2 1 1 100 74 43 -17
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DISTRICT ACCOUNT Imports of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS SETMENT ACCOUNT Personal saving (2-6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4) Undistributed corporate profits (1-15) Corporate inventory valuation adjustment (1-16) Capital consumption allowances (1-22)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 96. 2 1 1 100 74 4317 110
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 15 16 18 18 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DISS Account Imports of goods and services (1-37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3-4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2-5) Net foreign investment (5-2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS SETMENT Account Personal saving (2-6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4) Undistributed corporate profits (1-15) Corporate inventory valuation adjustment (1-16) Capital consumption allowances (1-22) Government surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 96. 2 1 1 100
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 18 14 5 6 6 7 8	Corporate profits tax liability (1–12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1–20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1–6) Personal (2–19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DOBS Account Imports of goods and services (1–37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3–4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2–5) Net foreign investment (5–2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS SEMENTA Account Personal saving (2–6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1–4) Undistributed corporate profits (1–15) Corporate inventory valuation adjustment (1–16) Capital consumption allowances (1–22) Government surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (3–8)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 96. 2 1 100 74 4317 110 3
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 115.4 .6 .0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 n Trai	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 18 18 14 5 6 6 7 8 8 9	Corporate profits tax liability (1–12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1–20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1–6) Personal (2–19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DOBS Account Imports of goods and services (1–37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3–4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2–5) Net foreign investment (5–2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS SEMENTA Account Personal saving (2–6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1–4) Undistributed corporate profits (1–15) Corporate inventory valuation adjustment (1–16) Capital consumption allowances (1–22) Government surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (3–8) Capital grants received by the United States (net) (4–2)	49. 119. 91. 48. 42. 411. 96. 2 1 100 74 4317 110 3
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Transfer payments. To persons (2-18). To foreigners (net)(4-4). Net interest paid (2-14). Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-21). Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4). Surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (5-8). Federal. State and local. GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS. 4.—Foreig Exports of goods and services (1-36). Capital grants received by the United States (net)(5-9). RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS. 5.—Gross Savi	115.6 113.0 2.6 113.0 2.6 15.4 6.0 3.5 -5.6 9.2 411.5 Trai 100.4 .0 100.4 100.4 .1	11 12 13 14 15 16 16 16 18 14 Investigation 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Corporate profits tax liability (1–12) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1–20) Contributions for social insurance Employer (1–6) Personal (2–19) GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS DOBS Account Imports of goods and services (1–37) Transfer payments from U.S. Government to foreigners (net) (3–4) Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (2–5) Net foreign investment (5–2) PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS SEMENTA Account Personal saving (2–6) Wage accruals less disbursements (1–4) Undistributed corporate profits (1–15) Corporate inventory valuation adjustment (1–16) Capital consumption allowances (1–22) Government surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts (3–8)	49. 1 119. 2 91. 48. 42. 411. 96. 2. 100. 74. 317. 110. 3.

 $^{1. \ \} Numbers \ in \ parentheses \ indicate \ accounts \ and \ items \ of \ counter-entry \ in \ the \ accounts.$

1.—Gross National Product and National Income

Table 1.1.—Gross National Product

	1970	1971	1972	1973		19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
					I	11	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV
		Millions	of dollars			:			В	illions o	f dollars	s, season	ally adj	usted at	annua	rates				
Gross national product	977, 080	1, 054, 915	1, 157, 996	1, 294, 919	958, 5	970.6	987. 4	991.8	1,027.8	1,047.3	1,061.3	1, 083, 2	1, 115. 0	1, 143. 0	1, 169. 3	1, 204, 7	1, 248, 9	1, 277, 9	1, 308. 9	1, 344. 0
Personal consumption expenditures	617, 644	667, 125	729,017	805, 221	604.6	614.0	623.7	628. 3	650, 5	662, 1	672, 1	683, 8	701, 5	720, 6	736, 8	757, 2	781, 7	799, 0	816, 3	823, 9
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	91, 298 26 3 , 779 262, 567	103, 918 278, 408 284, 799	118, 443 299, 666 310, 908	130, 310 337, 997 336, 914	90. 9 257. 1 256. 6	261. 2	265. 7	88. 1 271. 1 269. 1	100. 6 273. 0 277. 0	277.8	105, 6 279, 5 287, 0	283.4	288.4	116. 2 297. 4 307. 0	121, 2 302, 0 313, 6	124. 3 310. 9 322. 0	132. 4 323. 3 325. 9			
Gross private domestic invest- ment	136, 275	153,718	179, 333	209, 377	133, 1	135, 4	139, 2	137, 4	146, 6	154.0	153, 5	160, 8	169. 4	175, 5	182, 1	190, 2	199, 0	205, 1	209.0	224, 5
Fixed investment	131, 747	147, 406	170, 799	194,008	131.0	1 3 0. 5	133 . 2	132. 3	1 3 8. 7	145. 9	149.7	155. 4	164. 5	167. 6	. 171.9	179. 2	189. 0	194. 4	197. 1	195, 5
Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equip-	3 6, 145	104, 562 37, 926	116, 8 33 41, 121	136, 770 47, 014	3 5. 6	3 6. 1	36. 4	98. 5 36. 5	37.0		104. 8 38. 5	38. 4	40. 7		117. 5 40. 6			46. 2	47. 9	49. 3
mentResidential structures	64, 423 31, 179	66, 6 3 6	75, 712 5 3 , 966	89, 756 57, 2 3 8				62.0 33.8	64. 4 37. 3	66. 5 41. 6	66. 3	1		7 3. 7	76. 8 54. 5	80. 3 56. 7	85. 9 58. 5		91. 1 58. 1	İ
Nonfarm Farm	30,701	42, 287 557	53, 410 556	56, 734 504	3 0. 5		29. 9 • 4	33 , 1	36. 8 . 5	41. 1 . 5	44. 2 . 7	47. 0 . 6		52. 3 . 5	53. 9 . 6	56. 2 . 5	58. 0 . 5		57. 6 . 5	5 3 .0
Change in business inventories NonfarmFarm	4, 528 4, 30 6 222	6, 312 4, 918 1, 394	8, 5 3 4 7, 799 7 3 5	15, 3 69 11, 400 3 , 969	1.8	4.7	5.8	5. 1 4. 9 . 2	7. 9 6. 0 1. 8	8. 1 6. 8 1. 3	3.8 2.4 1.4	4.4	4.1	8. 0 7. 0 1. 0	10. 2 9. 6 . 6	11. 0 10. 4 . 6	10. 0 6. 5 3. 5	7.7	11. 8 7. 4 4. 4	24.0
Net exports of goods and services	3,630	-170	-6,009	3, 943	3, 6	3, 9	4.2	2.8	2.9	2	.1	-3.4	-7.1	-6.9	-4.8	-5.3	8	. 5	6, 7	9.3
ExportsImports	62, 919 59, 289	65, 449 65, 619	72, 418 78, 427	100, 3 50 96, 4 07		63. 1 59. 2	63 . 9 59. 7	63, 2 60, 4	65. 2 62. 3	66. 5 66. 6	68. 2 68. 1	62. 0 65. 4		68. 8 75. 7	73. 3 78. 1	78. 5 83. 8	88. 8 89. 5			113. 6 104. 3
Government purchases of goods and services	219, 531	234, 242	255, 655	276, 378	217, 2	217. 3	220, 3	223, 3	227, 9	231. 3	235, 7	242, 1	251, 1	253, 8	255, 1	262, 6	269, 0	273, 3	276.9	286, 4
Federal National defense Other	74.588	97, 642 71, 169 26, 473	74, 751	106, 558 74, 398 32, 160	78.5	74.0	73. 2	94. 8 72. 6 22. 2	71.8	96. 2 70. 8 25. 5	97. 9 70. 0 27. 9	72.1	75. 9	75.9	102. 7 72. 6 3 0. 1	105. 2 74. 7 30. 5	106. 4 75. 0 31. 4	74.0	73. 3	75.3
State and local	12 3, 3 49	136, 600	150, 794	169, 820	117.8	121.5	125. 6	128.5	13 2. 0	1 3 5. 1	137. 8	141.6	145. 5	147. 9	152. 4	157. 4	162. 6	167. 1	171. 6	177. 9

Table 1.2.—Gross National Product in Constant Dollars

							Billion	is of 195	8 dollars	3] 										
						19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	111	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	11	III	IV
										Se	asonally	adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes					
Gross national product	722, 5	746, 3	792, 5	839. 2	721, 2	722, 1	727.2	719, 3	736.9	742, 1	747.2	759. 1	770, 9	786.6	798.1	814, 2	832, 8	837, 4	840, 8	845, 7
Personal consumption expenditures.	477.5	496, 4	527.3	552. 1	474.3	477.5	480, 9	477.5	490, 1	493, 8	497.7	504.1	512.8	523, 2	531, 2	542, 2	552, 9	553, 7	555.4	546.3
Durable goods	83. 8 206. 5 187. 2	92, 5 211, 3 192, 6	104. 9 220. 2 202. 2	113. 6 228. 6 209. 9	84. 5 203. 8 186. 0	85. 8 205. 1 186. 5	85. 6 207. 2 188. 1	79. 3 209. 8 188. 4	89. 7 209. 6 190. 8	90, 4 211, 5 191, 9	93. 8 211. 4 192. 5	96. 3 212. 6 195. 2	99. 8 214. 4 198. 6	103. 0 219. 8 200. 4	106. 8 221. 3 203. 0	110. 1 225. 4 206. 6	117. 2 228. 7 207. 1	115. 7 228. 3 209. 7	114. 3 230. 0 211. 2	107. 2 227. 4 211. 7
Gross private domestic investment	103. 4	111, 1	125, 0	138, 1	102, 6	103. 5	105. 4	102, 1	107. 9	111,8	109. 9	114.8	119, 4	123, 2	126, 6	130, 9	134, 4	136.3	135.8	145.8
Fixed investment	99. 5	105.8	118.0	127. 3	100. 7	99. 1	100. 5	97. 6	101. 4	105. 0	106. 5	110. 2	115. 2	116.6	118. 1	122. 0	127. 1	128. 4	127. 7	125. 8
Nonresidential. Structures Producers' durable equip-	77. 2 23. 7	76. 7 2 3 . 2	83. 7 23. 8	94, 4 25, 4	78. 5 24. 1	78. 3 2 3 . 9	78. 6 23. 6	73. 5 23. 1	75. 5 23. 3	76. 6 23. 3	76. 2 23. 2	78. 6 23. 0	81. 3 23. 9	82. 4 24. 0	83. 8 23. 5	87. 2 23. 9	92. 2 24. 7	94. 3 25. 1	95, 1 25, 6	96. 0 26. 0
ment.	5 3 . 5	5 3 , 5	59.8	69.0	54. 4	54.3	55. 1	50.4	52. 2	53. 3	53.0	55. 6	57.4	58. 4	60.3	63. 3	67. 4	69. 2	69. 5	70.0
Residential structures Nonfarm Farm	22. 2 21. 9 . 4	29. 1 28. 7 . 4	34. 3 33. 9 . 4	32. 9 32. 6 . 3	22. 2 21. 8 . 4	20.8 20.6 .2	21.8 21.5 .3	24. 1 23. 6 . 5	25. 9 25. 6 . 3	28. 3 28. 0 . 3	30. 3 29. 8 . 5	31.6 31.2 .4	33. 8 33. 4 . 4	34. 2 33. 8 . 3	34. 3 33. 9 . 4	34. 8 34. 5 . 3	35. 0 34. 7 . 3	34. 1 33. 9 . 2	32. 6 32. 4 . 3	29. 8 29. 5 . 4
Change in business inventories Nonfarm Farm	3.9 3.7 .1	5, 3 4, 1 1, 2	7.0 6.4 .7	10.8 8.9 1.8	1.9 1.6	4.4 4.3 .1	4.9 4.8 .1	4. 5 4. 4 . 1	6. 5 5. 0 1. 5	6. 8 5. 7 1. 1	3. 4 2. 2 1. 2	4.6 3.7 .9	4. 2 3. 4 .8	6. 6 5. 8 . 8	8.5 8.0 .5	8.8 8.4 .5	7. 3 5. 4 1. 9	7.8 6.3 1.5	8. 0 6. 2 1. 9	20, 0 17, 9 2, 1
Net experts of goods and services	2, 3	5	-3.0	4,6	2, 0	2, 1	3, 9	2, 0	1, 5	9	-,1	-2.4	-4,9	-3.6	-1.4	-1.9	1.4	3.5	5, 8	7.9
ExportsImports	52. 2 50. 0	52. 2 52. 6	55. 7 58. 7	66. 6 62. 0	52, 0 50, 0	52, 5 50, 5	52. 4 49. 5	51. 9 49. 9	52. 1 50. 6	53. 0 53. 9	54. 3 54. 4	49. 2 51. 6	54. 3 59. 2	53. 3 56. 9	56. 2 57. 6	59. 0 60. 9	64. 8 63. 4	65. 9 62. 4	66. 9 61. 1	68. 9 61. 0
Government purchases of goods and services	139, 3	139, 3	143, 1	144.4	142, 3	139, 1	138. 0	137.8	137, 5	137.5	139, 7	142, 6	143.8	143, 8	141,8	143.0	144.1	143. 9	143.7	145.7
FederalState and local	64. 3 75. 0	60. 9 78. 4	61. 0 82. 1	57. 3 87. 0	68. 8 73. 7	64. 5 74. 6	62. 4 75. 5	61. 8 76. 0	60, 2 77. 3	59. 7 77. 8	61. 3 78. 4	62. 4 80. 2	62. 9 80. 9	62. 5 81. 3	59. 5 82. 4	59. 2 83. 8	58. 9 85. 2	57. 7 86. 2	56. 2 87. 5	56. 4 89. 3

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 1.3.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product

[Billions of 1958 dollars]

							(Dinion	3 01 1000	uonais	,										
						19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	III	IV	I	п	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
										Se	asonally	adjust	ed at an	nual rat	tes					
Gross national product	977, 1	1, 054. 9	1, 158, 0	1, 294, 9	958, 5	970, 6	987.4	991.8	1, 027. 8	1,047.3	1, 061. 3	1, 083, 2	1, 115, 0	1, 143, 0	1, 169. 3	1, 204, 7	1, 248. 9	1, 277, 9	1, 308, 9	1,344.0
Final sales Change in business inventories_	972. 6 4. 5			1, 279. 6 15. 4	956. 4 2. 1	965. 7 4. 9	981. 3 6. 0	986. 7 5. 1	1, 020. 0 7. 9		1, 057. 5 3 . 8									1, 3 15. 1 28. 9
Goods output	471, 2	479, 9	543.8	622, 7	464.0	471.6	478, 2	471.0	489. 9	494. 9	499.5	507, 2	519. 2	537.4	551, 2	567, 2	595, 8	611, 6	629, 9	653, 6
Final sales	466. 7 4. 5				461. 9 2. 1	466. 8 4. 9	472. 1 6. 0	465. 9 5. 1	482. 1 7. 9	486. 8 8. 1	495. 7 3. 8	501. 8 5. 4			541. 0 10. 2	556. 2 11. 0				
Durable goods Final sales Change in business inventories	183. 7 182. 5 1. 2	191.8	221. 4 214. 3 7. 1	240.9	184. 5 184. 1 . 4	185. 1 184. 9 . 2	191. 4 186. 2 5. 2	173, 9 175, 0 -1, 1	191. 6 187. 8 3. 7	193. 7 189. 1 4. 6	194. 0 19 3. 3 . 7	197. 4 197. 0 . 3	204.6		218.3	236. 8 223. 6 13. 2	237.8	241.2	252, 8 243, 9 9, 0	240.6
Nondurable goods Final sales. Change in business inventories.	287. 5 284. 1 3. 3	299.8	321.0	366.5	279. 5 277. 8 1. 7	286. 6 281. 9 4. 6	286. 7 285. 9 . 8	297. 1 290. 9 6. 2	294. 2	297.7	305. 5 302. 4 3. 1	309. 8 304. 7 5. 1	311. 9 309. 7 2. 2	321. 0 318. 9 2. 2	326. 1 322. 7 3. 4	330. 4 332. 6 -2. 2	347.9	359.7	377. 1 374. 2 2. 9	
Services	410, 3	446.0	488. 1	534, 4	401.0	405, 8	413, 5	421, 0	433, 6	442, 8	448.5	459, 3	472, 1	481.5	492, 4	506, 5	516, 0	528. 3	540, 2	553. 2
Structures	95, 6	111.0	126. 1	137. 8	93. 5	93. 2	95. 7	99.8	104. 3	109, 6	113, 3	116.8	123, 6	124, 1	125, 6	130, 9	137, 1	138.0	138, 8	137, 2

Table 1.4.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product and Purchaser

Table 1.6.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product and Purchaser in Constant Dollars

[Billions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Gross national product	977.1	1, 054, 9	1,158.0	1, 294. 9
Durable goods	183. 7	194. 2	221, 4	250, 3
Personal consumption expenditures.	91. 3	103. 9	118. 4	130. 3
Producers' durable equipment		66, 6	75. 7	89.8
Government purchases	25. 9	24. 0	26. 0	24.6
Net exports.	. 9	-2.8	5. 9	-3.8
Change in business inventories.	1. 2	2. 4	7. 1	9. 4
Nondurable goods	287. 5	303, 7	322. 4	372. 4
Nondurable goods Personal consumption expenditures	263. 8	278.4	299. 7	338. 0
Government purchases	19.0	21.3	22.4	24.0
Net exports.	1. 3	. 1	-1.1	4.5
Change in business inventories	3. 3	4.0	1.4	6.0
Services	410.3	446. 0	488, 1	534, 4
Personal consumption expenditures		284.8	310. 9	336. 9
Government purchases	146. 3	158.7	176. 3	194. 2
Net exports.	1. 5	2.6	1, 0	3. 3
Structures	95, 6	111.0	126.1	137. 8
Private structures	67. 3	80.8	95. 1	104.3
Government structures	28. 2	30. 2	31. 0	33. 5

[B	illions of 1958 dollars]	

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Gross national product	722. 5	746, 3	792, 5	839. 2
Durable goods	159.0	163, 6	185.8	206. 0
Personal consumption expenditures	83. 8	92. 5	104.9	113. 6
Producers' durable equipment	53. 5	53. 5	59.8	69. 0
Government purchases	21, 1	18. 7	19.8	18. 2
Net exports Change in business inventories	4	-3. 1	-4.5	-2. 3
Change in business inventories	. 9	1.9	5.7	7. 5
Nondurable goods	226, 4	232, 7	239. 7	253, 1
Personal consumption expenditures	206. 5	211. 3	220, 2	228. 6
Government purchases	16. 7	18. 7	18. 9	18. 2
Net exports	.2	6	8	3. 1
Change in business inventories	3.0	3, 4	1.3	3. 3
Service	273.3	279, 7	291.4	304. 5
Personal consumption expenditures		192, 6	202. 2	209. 9
Government purchases		83. 9	86. 9	90.8
Net export		3. 2	2. 3	3.8
Structures.	63, 8	70, 3	75, 6	75, 5
Private structures		52, 3	58, 1	58. 3
Government structures	17. 9	18. 1	17. 5	17. 3

Table 1.5.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars

							[3 01 100		·,										
						19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV.
										Se	asonally	adjust	ed at an	nual rai	tes					
Gross national product	722, 5	746.3	792, 5	839, 2	721, 2	722, 1	727, 2	719.3	736, 9	742, 1	747.2	759. 1	770.9	786.6	798. 1	814.2	832, 8	837.4	840.8	845.7
Final sales Change in business inventories.	718. 5 3. 9	741. 0 5. 3	785. 4 7. 0	828. 4 10. 8	719. 3 1. 9	717. 7 4. 4	722. 3 4. 9	714.8 4.5	730. 4 6. 5	735. 3 6. 8	743. 9 3. 4	754. 5 4. 6	766. 7 4. 2	780. 0 6. 6	789. 7 8. 5	805. 3 8. 8	825. 5 7. 3	829. 6 7. 8	832.7 8.0	825. 7 20. 0
Goods output	385, 4	396, 3	425.5	459, 1	384.6	387.8	389.8	379.2	392, 1	393, 0	397.1	403. 1	409, 2	422, 1	430, 2	440.4	455, 1	457.6	458.8	465, 1
Final salesChange in business inventories.	381. 4 3. 9	391. 0 5. 3	418. 5 7. 0	448. 3 10. 8	382. 8 1. 9	383. 3 4. 4	384 . 9 4 . 9	374. 7 4. 5	385. 6 6. 5	386. 2 6. 8	393. 7 3. 4	398. 5 4. 6	405. 0 4. 2	415 5 6. 6	421. 8 8. 5	431. 6 8. 8	447. 8 7. 3	449. 8 7. 8	450. 8 8. 0	445, 1 20, 0
Durable goods Final sales Change in business inventories	159. 0 158. 0 . 9	163. 6 161. 7 1. 9	185. 8 180. 1 5. 7	206. 0 198. 5 7. 5	161. 9 161. 5 . 4	161. 2 161. 0 . 2	165. 3 161. 0 4. 3	147.6 148.6 -1.1	161. 7 158. 7 3. 0	162. 3 158. 5 3. 8	163. 4 162. 6 . 8	167. 1 166. 9 . 2	174. 5 172. 3 2. 2	182. 1 177. 2 4. 8	188. 2 182. 8 5. 4	198. 6 188. 1 10. 5	204. 6 199. 5 5. 1	206. 7 200. 5 6. 2	206. 3 199. 0 7. 2	206.3 194.9 11.5
Nondurable goods Final sales Change in business inventories.	226. 4 223. 4 3. 0	232. 7 229. 3 3. 4	239. 7 238. 4 1. 3	253. 1 249. 9 3. 3	222. 7 221. 2 1. 5	226, 5 222, 3 4, 2	224. 6 223. 9 . 7	231. 7 226. 1 5. 6	230. 4 226. 9 3. 5	230. 7 227. 7 3. 0	233. 7 231. 1 2. 6	236. 0 231. 6 4. 4	234. 7 232. 7 2. 0	240. 1 238. 3 1. 8	242. 1 239. 0 3. 1	241. 9 243. 5 -1. 6	250. 4 248. 3 2. 2	250. 8 249. 3 1. 6	252. 6 251. 7 . 8	258.7 250.2 8.5
Services	273.3	279, 7	291.4	304, 5	272, 5	271,8	274.0	274.9	276.9	279.4	279.0	283, 5	286, 2	289.0	292, 8	297.5	299. 9	303, 5	306, 9	307.8
Structures	63, 8	70, 3	75, 6	75.5	64, 1	62, 6	63, 4	65, 3	67, 9	69, 7	71, 2	72, 5	75.5	75. 5	75. 1	76.3	77.8	76. 3	75. 1	72, 8

Table 1.7.—Gross National Product by Sector

[Billions of dollars]

							[2711771													
						19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	п	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	П	III	IV	I	П	III	IV
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates Gross national product 977.1 1,054.9 1,158.0 1,294.9 958.5 970.6 987.4 991.8 1,027.8 1,047.3 1,061.3 1,083.2 1,115.0 1,143.0 1,												es	·			<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>			
Gross national product	977, 1	1, 054. 9	1, 158. 0	1, 294, 9	958. 5	970.6	987.4	991.8	1,027.8	1,047.3	1,061,3	1, 083, 2	1, 115. 0	1, 143, 0	1, 169, 3	1, 204, 7	1, 248. 9	1, 277. 9	1, 308. 9	1, 344. 0
Private	862, 4	930. 3	1,021.6	1, 146. 5	846.7	856, 6	871.7	874.5	906, 0	923, 7	935, 9	955, 5	982, 3	1, 008. 9	1, 032, 1	1, 063, 0	1, 104. 6	1, 131. 1	1, 159, 5	1, 190. 7
Business Nonfarm Farm	827. 0 797. 9 29. 0	859.6	942.6	1, 096. 8 1, 040. 3 56. 5	782. 2	822. 0 792. 6 29. 5	807.7	837. 8 809. 4 28. 4	8 3 6. 6	853.3	867.3	881.3	907, 2	931.6	952.9	978.9	1,056.7 1,008.8 47.9	1,029.0	1,049.0	1,074.5
Households and institutions Rest of the world	30.8 4.6	33. 7 6. 0	37. 2 6. 5	41. 3 8. 4	30. 0 4. 5	30. 5 4. 1	31.0 4.8	31.7 5.1	32. 7 5. 1	33. 3 6. 6	34. 0 5. 3	34.8 7.2	36. 0 5. 8	37 . 0 5. 9	37.8 6.9	38. 0 7. 4	39. 5 8. 4	40. 7 8. 0	42. 0 8. 3	43. 0
General government	114.7	124. 6	136, 4	148.5	111.9	114.0	115.7	117.3	121, 8	123, 6	125, 5	127.7	132, 6	134, 2	137.1	141.7	144.3	146, 8	149. 4	153, 4
FederalState and local	45. 2 69. 6	47. 3 77. 4	50, 7 85, 7	52. 8 95. 7	45. 4 66. 5	45. 4 68. 7	45. 1 70. 6	44. 8 72. 4		47. 0 76. 6		47. 9 79. 9		49. 9 84. 3					52. 4 97. 1	54. 3 99. 1

Table 1.8.—Gross National Product by Sector in Constant Dollars

						19	70			197	71			197	72			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	11	III	IV	I	п	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	III	IV
	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates Gross potional product 729 5 746 2 789 5 929 2 791 2 792 1 797 2 710 2 798 6 749 1 747 2 750 1 770 0 785 6 786 1 914 2 929 6 927 4																			
Gross national product	722, 5	746.3	792, 5	839, 2	721, 2	722, 1	727. 2	719.3	736.9	742, 1	747, 2	759, 1	770.9	786.6	798, 1	814, 2	832, 8	837.4	840,8	845.7
Private	661.7	685.6	731.7	776.9	660.3	661, 3	666, 6	658, 8	676, 2	681.3	686.4	698. 2	710, 2	726, 2	737.5	753.0	771, 2	775.3	778.4	782, 8
Business Nonfarm Farm	641. 1 616. 4 24. 8	663. 7 637. 4 26. 3	709. 4 683. 4 26. 0	753. 1 725. 8 27. 4	639. 5 615. 0 24. 6	641. 1 615. 9 25. 2	645. 9 622. 2 23. 8	638. 0 612. 4 25. 6	655, 2 626, 9 28, 2	659. 0 633. 5 25. 6	665. 2 639. 9 25. 4	675. 4 649. 4 26. 0	688.3 661.8 26.5	704. 3 677. 8 26. 5	714. 8 690. 2 24. 6	730. 3 704. 0 26. 3	747. 3 719. 2 28. 1	751.8 724.3 27.5	754. 4 728. 6 25. 8	759. 2 731. 0 28. 2
Households and institutions Rest of the world	16. 6 4. 0	17. 0 4. 9	17. 6 4. 7	18. 5 5. 2	16. 7 4. 1	16. 6 3. 6	16, 6 4, 0	16. 6 4. 2	16. 9 4. 2	16. 9 5. 4	16. 9 4. 3	17. 1 5. 7	17. 4 4. 5	17. 6 4. 4	17. 7 5. 0	17. 5 5. 2	18. 1 5. 8	18. 5 5. 0	18. 8 5. 1	18.7 5.0
General government	60.7	60.8	60.7	62, 3	60.9	60,8	60.7	60, 5	60.7	60.7	60.8	60.9	60.7	60.4	60.6	61, 1	61.6	62, 1	62, 4	62, 9
FederalState and local	24. 5 36. 2	23. 0 37. 8	21. 8 38. 9	21.3 41.0	25. 2 3 5. 7	24. 8 36. 1	24. 3 36. 4	23. 9 36. 6	23. 6 37. 1	23. 2 37. 6	22. 8 38. 0	22. 5 38. 4	22. 1 38. 6	21. 7 38. 7	21. 7 3 9. 0	21. 7 39. 4	21. 5 40. 1	21. 3 40. 8	21. 1 41. 3	21. 1 41. 7

Table 1.9.—Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income

	1970	1971	1972	1973		19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
					I	11	ш	IV	1	II	111	IV	1	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV
		Millions	of dollars	,					Bi	llions o	f dollars	, season	ally adj	usted at	annual	rates				
Gross national product	977, 080	1, 054, 915	1, 157, 996	1, 294, 919	958, 5	970, 6	987.4	991, 8	1,027.8	1,047.3	1,061,3	1, 083, 2	1, 115, 0	1, 143. 0	1, 169, 3	1, 204, 7	1, 248. 9	1, 277. 9	1, 308. 9	1,344.0
Less: Capital consumption allowances	87, 254 889, 826	9 3, 719 9 61, 19 6		110, 818 1, 184, 101	84. 7 873. 8	86. 3 884, 3	88. 0 8 99. 3	90. 0 901. 8	91. 4 936. 5	92. 6 954. 7	94. 2 967. 1	96. 7 986. 5		103. 7 1, 039. 3	103. 3 1, 066, 0		107. 4 1, 141. 5			113. 9 1, 230. 1
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability	9 3, 46 1	102, 686	110, 048	119, 191	90. 3	92. 6	94. 8	96. 1	99.8	101. 4	103. 7	105. 9	106. 7	109. 0	111.1	113. 4	116. 5	118. 6	120. 4	121. 3
Business transfer pay- ments Statistical discrepancy	3, 989 -6, 3 92	4, 274 -2, 3 24	4, 556 -3, 807		3. 9 -7. 9	3.9 -7.8	4. 0 6. 9	4. 1 -2. 9	4. 1 6	4. 2 -1. 5		4. 4 -4. 4	4. 5 -5. 9	4. 5 -4. 5	4. 6 -1. 5	4. 6 -3. 3		4. 8 -6. 5		
Plus: Subsidies less current sur- plus government enter- prises	1,694	1, 123	2, 257	589	1.4	1.8	1.8	1. 7	1.7	.9	.8	1.0	1, 5	2. 1	2. 5	2, 9	1.5	.7	.3	1
Equals: National income	800, 462	857, 683	946, 534	1,065,590	788.8	797.4	809.3	806, 3	834.9	851.5	862, 7	881, 6	912, 3	932, 5	954. 3	987. 0	1, 027. 6	1, 051, 2	1,077.3	1, 106. 3
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. Contributions for social insurance. Wage accruals less disbursements.	69, 240 57, 708	78, 691 63, 799 582	92, 175 7 3 , 027 4	'	56. 3	57. 6	58. 6	58. 4	74. 2 62. 7		64.2	64. 9		72.3	92. 9 73. 8 2	99. 8 74. 9 2. 1		90. 2		106. 4 9 3 . 9
Plus: Government transfer pay- ments to persons	75, 119	89,000	98, 631	112, 977	66. 5	76. 4	76.8	80. 8	82.7	90. 5	90. 7	92. 1	94.5	95. 5	96. 9	107. 6	109. 3	111.3	114. 1	117. 1
ment (net) and by con- sumers	30, 988 24, 680		27, 346	29,582	24.8	24.7	24.7		25. 1	24.8	25. 0	25. 1		27. 1	33. 2 27. 8	28. 2	28.7	29. 1		30.7
ments Equals: Personal income	3, 989 808, 29 0	4, 274 864, 040		4, 866 1, 055, 044	3. 9 785. 8		4. 0 816. 8		4. 1 841, 2				4. 5 913. 3		4. 6 950, 3	4. 6 985. 0	4.7 1,013.6	4.8 1,039.2		

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 1.10.—National Income by Type of Income

				4000		19	970			19	71			19	72		 	19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	īv
		Million	s of dollar	rs		1	!	<u> </u>		Billions	of dolla	ars, seas	onally a	djusted	at annı	ıal rates	<u> </u> 			<u> </u>
National Income	800, 462	857, 683	946 534	1, 065, 590	788 8	797. 4	809 3	806, 3	834. 9	851, 5	862, 7	881, 6	912, 3	932, 5	954. 3	987. 0	1, 027, 6	1, 051, 2	1, 077, 3	1, 106, 3
Compensation of employees.	· ·	,	,				610. 1		626.7	638.0	647.8	659. 7	683.8	699.0	712, 6	732, 9	759. 1	776, 7	793.3	814.8
Wages and salaries	1		, , , ,	691, 620		1		546. 7	559.7	569. 4	577. 5	587.8	606.6	619. 7	631. 2	649.6	667. 6	683. 6	698. 2	717. 0
Private Military Government civilian	19, 561	449, 469 19, 419 104, 702	491, 444 20, 532 114, 805	545, 060 20, 603 125, 957	422. 3 20. 2 92. 2	425. 0 19. 6 94. 7	431. 0 19. 4 96. 7	429. 2 19. 0 98. 5	438.3 19.8 101.6	446. 4 19. 3 103. 6	452. 2 18. 9 106. 3	461. 0 19. 6 107. 3	475. 1 20. 9 110. 6	486. 7 20. 1 113. 0	495.3 19.9 116.0	508. 7 21. 2 119. 7	525. 0 20. 8 121. 9	538. 7 20. 3 124. 5	550. 8 20. 2 127. 2	565. 8 21. 0 130. 2
Supplements to wages and salaries	61, 893	69, 466	80, 313	94, 363	59. 5	61. 3	62.9	63. 9	67.0	68.6	70.3	71.9	77.1	79.3	81.4	83.4	91.5	93. 1	95. 1	97. 7
Employer contributions for social insurance Other labor income	29, 717 32, 176	33, 080 36, 386	38, 565 41, 748	48, 407 45, 956	28. 8 30. 7	29. 7 31. 6	30. 2 32. 7	30. 1 33. 7	32. 5 34. 6	32. 8 35. 8	33. 3 37. 0	33. 7 38. 2	37. 6 39. 6	38. 1 41. 2	38. 9 42. 6	39. 7 43. 7	46. 9 44. 6	47. 8 45. 4	48. 8 46. 3	50, 1 47, 6
Employer contribu- tions to private pen- sion and welfare funds	27, 214 4, 962	30, 825 5, 561	35, 620 6, 128	39, 161 6, 795																
Proprietors' Income	66, 919	69, 179	75, 859	96, 089	67.8	67.4	66.2	66. 2	69. 3	68. 5	67. 9	71.0	72, 9	74.6	75.8	80. 1	89. 1	92.8	99.3	103, 2
Business and professional.	50, 017	51, 980	54, 905	57, 560	49.8	50.1	50. 2	50.0	51.0	51.6	52. 4	52.8	53. 7	54.3	55. 5	56.1	57.0	57. 1	57. 7	58.4
Income of unincorporated enterprises	50, 723	52, 650	56, 003	59, 835							•		•			 				-
Inventory valuation ad- justmentFarm	-706 16, 902	-670 17, 199	-1, 098 20, 954	-2, 275 38, 529	18.1	17.4	16.0	16. 2	18.3	16.8	15. 5	18. 2	19. 2	20.3	20. 3	24, 0	32.1	35, 6	41.5	44.9
Rental income of persons	23, 938	25, 168	25, 851	26, 140	23, 2	23.8	24. 2	24. 4	24. 7	25. 1	25. 4	25. 4	25. 5	24. 4	26.8	26.7	26.3	25, 7	26, 2	26. 4
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	69, 240	78,691	92, 175	105, 123	69.8	69. 9	71.3	65. 9	74.2	78. 7	79. 4	82. 4	86.5	89. 5	92. 9	99.8	103. 9	105, 0	105. 2	106, 4
Profits before tax	74, 041	83, 618	99, 195	122, 702	76. 1	74.7	75. 7	69.8	78. 7	83. 5	85.7	86.7	92.3	96.0	100. 2	108. 2	120.4	124.9	122.7	122. 7
Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits	34, 789 39, 252 24, 680 14, 572	37, 549 46, 069 24, 991 21, 078	41, 542 57, 653 27, 346 30, 307	49, 788 72, 914 29, 582 43, 332	35. 3 40. 8 24. 8 16. 0	35. 2 39. 5 24. 7 14. 9	35. 7 39. 9 24. 7 15. 2	33. 0 36. 7 24. 5 12. 2	36. 8 41. 8 25. 1 16. 7	38. 2 45. 3 24. 8 20. 5	38. 2 47. 5 25. 0 22. 4	36. 9 49. 7 25. 1 24. 7	38. 9 53. 4 26. 4 27. 1	40. 3 55. 7 27. 1 28. 6	41. 8 58. 4 27. 8 30. 6	45. 2 63. 1 28. 2 34. 9	48. 9 71. 5 28. 7 42. 8	50. 9 74. 0 29. 1 44. 9	49. 9 72. 9 29. 8 43. 1	49. 5 73. 2 30. 7 42. 5
Inventory valuation ad- justment	-4, 801	-4, 927	-7, 020	—17, 57 9	-6. 2	-4.8	-4.4	-3.8	-4.4	-4.8	-6.3	-4. 2	-5.8	-6.5	-7.3	-8.4	-16.5	-20,0	-17.5	-16.3
Net interest	36, 496	41,589	45, 555	52, 255	33.8	35. 6	37, 5	39, 2	40, 0	41.1	42, 3	43.0	43.6	44.9	46. 2	47.5	49. 2	51.1	53. 2	55. 5

Table 1.11.—National Income by Industry Division

						19	70			19	71			19	72			19)73	
:	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	III	ıv	I	II	III	ıv	I	II	111	ıv	I	11	III	IV
							<u>'</u>		<u></u>	·	Seasona	lly adju	sted at	annual	rates	·	'	'	·	
All industries, total	800, 5	857.7	946. 5	1, 065. 6	788. 8	797.4	809, 3	806, 3	834, 9	851, 5	862, 7	881, 6	912, 3	932, 5	954.3	987.0	1, 027. 6	1, 051. 2	1, 077, 3	1, 106. 3
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	25.6	26.4	31. 2	50.6	26.4	26.0	24.8	25. 1	27. 4	25. 9	24, 7	27. 7	29. 2	3 0. 4	3 0. 6	34.6	43. 5	47.3	53. 7	57.8
Mining and construction	50.5	53. 6	59.4	66. 5	49. 3	49.9	51.1	51.6	51.7	53 . 2	54.2	5 5. 4	57. 9	58.8	5 9. 9	61. 2	63. 5	65. 1	68. 0	69. 3
Manufacturing Nondurable goods Durable goods	217. 5 88. 9 128. 6	226. 5 92. 4 134. 0	253. 4 99. 2 154. 2	287. 2 108. 9 178. 3	219. 2 87. 7 131. 5	219. 6 88. 5 131. 1	221. 1 89. 7 131. 4	210. 2 89. 8 120. 4	222. 2 90. 8 131. 4	225. 8 92. 1 133. 7	226. 8 93. 2 133. 6	231, 2 93, 7 137, 5	241. 5 96. 3 145. 2	249. 6 97. 7 151. 9	255. 0 100. 1 154. 9	267. 4 102. 6 164. 8	279. 0 105. 8 173. 2	285. 3 108. 1 177. 2	288. 8 109. 2 179. 5	295. 8 112. 4 183. 4
TransportationCommunication	29. 8 16. 8	32.8 17.6	36. 6 19. 4	40. 4 21. 1	29. 3 16. 3	29. 0 16. 8	30. 6 17. 1	30. 4 16. 9	31. 4 17. 7	32.8 17.7	33. 5 17. 1	33. 4 17. 9	35. 3 18. 9	35. 8 19. 1	37. 0 19. 6	38. 3 19. 9	39.9 20.3	40. 1 20. 6	40. 1 21. 7	41. 5 21. 7
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	14. 7 121. 3	16. 2 131. 2	17. 6 142. 3	19, 1 155, 9	14. 5 118. 8	14. 6 120. 4	14. 7 122. 3	15. 1 123. 6	15. 6 126. 7	16. 1 129. 7	16. 5 133. 1	16. 5 135. 5	16.8 138.3	17. 7 140. 9	17.8 143.2	18. 2 146. 6	18. 4 151. 0	18. 6 155. 1	19.6 156.8	19. 7 160. 6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	89. 9 102. 9	99. 7 110. 0	108.8 120.7	117.8 1 34 .6	86. 5 100. 4	88. 9 102. 1	91. 1 103. 6	93. 3 105. 4	95. 7 107. 1	98. 7 108. 9	101. 5 110. 9	103. 1 112. 9	105. 8 116. 4	106. 6 119. 6	110, 5 122, 5	112. 3 124. 5	114. 1 129. 9	115. 9 133. 0	119. 1 136. 1	122. 3 1 3 9. 2
Government and government enterprises	126.9 4.6	137. 6 6. 0	150. 7 6. 5	164. 1 8. 4	123, 5 4, 5	126. 1 4. 1	128. 0 4. 8	129.8 5.1	134. 4 5. 1	136. 2 6. 6	139. 0 5. 3	140. 8 7. 2	146. 3 5. 8	148. 2 5. 9	151. 5 6. 9	156. 7 7. 4	159.6 8.4	162. 1 8. 0	165. 2 8. 3	169. 5 8. 9

Table 1.12.—National Income by Industry

[Millions of dollars]

[Millions of de	oilarsj			
	1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total	800, 462	857, 683	946, 534	1, 065, 590
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	25, 582	26, 437	31, 205	50, 609
FarmsAgricultural services, forestry, and fisheries	23, 639 1, 943	24, 267 2, 170	28, 839 2, 366	47, 878 2, 731
Mining	7, 682	7, 056	8, 253	9, 397
Metal mining Coal mining Crude petroleum and natural gas Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals	1, 177 2, 157 3, 048 1, 300	932 2, 074 2, 613 1, 437	983 2, 233 3, 508 1, 529	1, 210 2, 411 4, 006 1, 770
Contract construction	42, 791	46, 562	51,190	57, 077
Manufacturing	217, 505	226, 470	253, 352	287, 237
Nondurable goods	88, 902	92, 437	99, 160	108,895
Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufacturers. Textile mill products. Apparel and other fabricated textile products. Paper and allied products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining and related industries. Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products Leather and leather products.	19, 530 1, 738 7, 419 8, 634 7, 970 11, 929 16, 342 7, 342 5, 776 2, 222	20, 063 1, 799 7, 506 8, 953 8, 113 12, 618 17, 021 7, 729 6, 451 2, 184	20, 425 1, 882 8, 246 9, 638 9, 638 13, 696 18, 503 8, 196 7, 398 2, 089	21, 438 2, 010 8, 734 10, 279 10, 440 14, 887 21, 032 9, 364 8, 364 2, 347
Durable goods	128, 603	134, 033	154, 192	178, 342
Lumber and wood products, except furniture. Furniture and fixtures. Stone, clay, and glass products. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment and ordnance,	5, 135 3, 657 6, 894 15, 961 14, 635 24, 296 20, 327	5, 681 3, 757 7, 561 15, 078 15, 088 23, 467 20, 707	7, 122 4, 482 8, 629 18, 453 17, 388 27, 084 23, 137	8, 740 4, 993 9, 867 22, 025 20, 297 32, 489 26, 928
except motor vehicles. Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment. Instruments. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	14, 347 13, 801 5, 843 3, 707	13, 398 19, 479 5, 849 3, 968	14, 613 22, 347 6, 480 4, 457	15, 653 25, 387 7, 202 4, 761
Transportation	29, 824	32, 775	36, 592	40, 381
Railroad transportation. Local, suburban, and highway passenger. Motor freight transportation and warehousing. Water transportation. Air transportation Pipeline transportation. Transportation services.	7, 358 2, 285 11, 632 2, 502 4, 374 518 1, 155	8, 016 2, 411 13, 329 2, 328 4, 968 546 1, 177	8, 581 2, 469 15, 280 2, 453 5, 828 635 1, 346	9, 587 2, 522 17, 060 2, 705 6, 343 695 1, 469
Communication	16,787	17,614	19,358	21,064
Telephone and telegraphRadio broadcasting and television	15, 074 1, 713	15, 819 1, 795	17, 249 2, 109	18, 821 2, 243
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	14,718	16, 183	17, 625	19,077
Wholesale and retail trade	121, 274	131, 233	142, 252	155,888
Wholesale trade Retail trade	44, 430 76, 844	47, 081 84, 152	52, 874 89, 378	58, 745 97, 143
Finance, insurance, and real estate	89, 948	99, 733	108,804	117, 821
Banking. Credit agencies, holding and other investment	16, 437	16,085	17, 523	20, 758
companies. Security and commodity brokers. Insurance carriers. Insurance agents, brokers, and service. Real estate. Services.	2,675 8,544 3,871 60,294	-1,976 4,062 10,477 4,350 66,735	-2,716 4,203 11,631 4,839 73,324 120,738	-4, 049 3, 364 12, 018 5, 305 80, 425
Hotels and other lodging places	4, 236	4, 544	4, 999	5, 654
Personal services	7, 433 13, 984	7, 361 14, 545	7, 512 16, 439	7, 830 18, 471
garages Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services, except	1,565	4, 093 2, 279 1, 530	4, 480 2, 551 1, 611	5, 117 2, 846 1, 745
motion pictures. Medical and other health services. Legal services. Educational services. Nonprofit membership organizations. Miscellaneous professional services. Private households.	29, 942 6, 443 7, 231 8, 376 9, 847	3, 451 32, 881 7, 242 7, 729 9, 016 10, 339 4, 959	3, 696 36, 488 8, 103 8, 554 9, 675 11, 609 5, 021	4, 278 41, 127 9, 270 9, 154 10, 780 13, 120 5, 178
Government and government enterprises	1	137,609	150, 676	164,087
Federal . General government Government enterprises .	53, 414 45, 164	56, 030 47, 265 8, 765	60, 222 50, 736 9, 486	63, 056 52, 816
State and local General government Government enterprises	73, 436	81, 579 77, 381 4, 198	90, 454 85, 677 4, 777	1
Rest of the world	1	6,042	6, 489	8,382
	<u> </u>	1	1	1

Table 1.13.—National Income by Sector and Legal Form of Organization

[Millions of d	ollars]		·	
	1970	1971	1972	1973
National income	800, 462	857, 683	946, 534	1,065,590
Income originating in business, total	650, 340	693, 269	766, 424	867, 451
Corporate business, including mutual financial institutions	438, 668	468, 090	520, 149	583, 097
Compensation of employees	369, 045 325, 802 43, 243	390, 117 341, 860 48, 257	430, 687 374, 728 55, 959	482, 499 416, 643 65, 856
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Profits before tax Inventory valuation adjustment	64, 549 69, 350 -4, 801	73, 840 78, 767 -4, 927	86, 949 93, 969 -7, 020	97, 786 115, 3 65 —17, 579
Net interest	5,074	4, 133	2, 513	2,812
Sole proprietors and partnerships	147, 144,	155, 160	169, 240	200, 033
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements to wages and salaries	74, 203 69, 255 4, 948	78, 3 65 72, 915 5, 450	84, 976 78, 663 6, 313	94, 203 86, 486 7, 717
Proprietors' income	66, 432 67, 138 -706	68, 673 69, 343 -670	75, 334 76, 43 2 -1, 098	95, 545 97, 820 -2, 275
Net interest	6, 509	8, 122	8, 9 3 0	10, 285
Other private business	52, 3 95	57,056	62,772	68, 702
Compensation of employees	2,9 3 2 2,7 4 2 190	3, 173 2, 951 222	3, 471 3, 207 264	3, 821 3, 513 308
Proprietors' income	487	506	525	544
Rental income of persons	2 3 , 9 3 8	25, 168	25, 851	26, 140
Net interest	25, 0 3 8	28, 209	3 2, 925	3 8, 197
Government enterprises	12, 133	12,963	14, 263	15,619
Compensation of employees	12, 1 33 11, 121 1, 012	12, 963 11, 665 1, 298	14, 263 12, 786 1, 477	15, 619 13, 964 1, 655
Income originating in general government	114,717	124, 646	136, 413	148, 468
Compensation of employees	114,717 103,921 10,796	124, 646 112, 3 90 12, 256	136, 413 122, 475 13, 938	148, 468 132, 512 15, 956
Income originating in households and institutions.	30,780	33,726	37,208	41, 289
Compensation of employees	30, 780 29, 076 1, 704	33,726 31,743 1,983	37, 208 34, 846 2, 362	41, 289 38, 418 2, 871
Income originating in the rest of the world	4,625	6,042	6,489	8,382
Compensation of employees	59 4, 691 -125	66 4,851 1,125	76 5, 226 1, 187	7, 33 7 961

Table 1.14.—Gross Corporate Product ¹

=					DIC 1.				F												
							19	70			19	71			19	72			197	73	
		1970	1971	1972	1973	I	п	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Line													y adju:	sted at	annua	l rates					
Ä		<u> </u>	1		,			1		1	Billions	of dol	lars	·	1		1 -		 .		
1	Gross corporate product	1	586.7	648. 2		539, 2		555.8	550.4		ľ		601, 5			652. 9	674.3	699. 2	714.7	726.7	742.5
3	Capital consumption allowances	(60. 4 58. 2	66.3	71. 2 66. 5	54.3 51.6	55. 4 52. 8	56. 5	57.8 54.3	58. 9 56. 6	59. 8 57. 4	60. 6 58. 7	62, 3 59, 9	63. 9 60. 0	66.4	66, 7	68. 2 63. 4	69, 2 65, 1	•70.8 66.1	71.6 67.2	73. 1 67. 6
4 5	Income originating in corporate business Compensation of employees	438.7 369.0	468. 1 390. 1	520. 1 430. 7	482.5	365. 1	437. 6 367. 5		438. 3 370. 5	456. 3 380. 6	465. 5 387. 6	392.3		500. 4 415. 8	513. 5 426. 3	524. 0 434. 1	542. 7 446. 6	564. 9 465. 3	577.8 477.0	587. 8 487. 1	601. 9 500. 6
6 7 8	Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements Net interest	325. 8 43. 2 5. 1	341.9 48.3 4.1	374. 7 56. 0 2. 5	416. 6 65. 9 2. 8	323. 3 41. 8 3. 4	324.8 42.7 4.6	329. 1 44. 0 5. 8	326. 0 44. 4 6. 5	334. 0 46. 6 5. 4	339. 8 47. 8 4. 6	343. 6 48. 7 3. 7	350, 1 49, 9 2, 8	362, 1 53, 7 2, 5	371. 0 55. 3 2. 5	377. 4 56. 7 2. 5	388. 4 58. 2 2. 5	401. 4 63. 9 2. 7	412. 0 65. 1 2. 7	420. 8 66. 3 2. 9	432.4 68.1 3.0
9	Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	64.5	73.8	86.9	97.8	64.8	65. 5	66.6	61.3	70. 2	73. 3	75.3	76. 5	82.1	84.8 91.3	87.4	93.6	96.9	98.0	97. 9	98.3
10 11 12	Profits before tax	34.8	78.8 37.5 41.2	94. 0 41. 5 52. 4	115.4 49.8 65.6	71.0 35.3 35.7	70. 3 35. 2 35. 2	70. 9 35. 7 35. 2	65. 1 33. 0 32. 1	74.7 36.8 37.8	78. 1 38. 2 39. 8	81. 6 38. 2 43. 4	80. 7 36. 9 43. 8	87. 9 38. 9 49. 1	91. 3 40. 3 51. 0	94.7 41.8 52.8	102, 0 45, 2 56, 9	113.4 48.9 64.5	118.0 50.9 67.1	115.4 49.9 65.5	114.7 49.5 65.2
13 14 15	Dividends Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment	22. 3 12. 2	22. 1 19. 1 -4. 9	24. 2 28. 2 -7. 0	25. 9 39. 6 -17. 6	22. 3 13. 5 -6. 2	22, 5 12, 7 -4, 8	22. 3 12. 9 -4. 4	22. 2 9. 9 -3. 8	22. 9 15. 0 -4. 4	21. 5 18. 3 -4. 8	23.0 20.5 -6.3	21. 1 22. 7 -4. 2	23. 9 25. 2 -5. 8	24. 2 26. 7 -6. 5	24. 5 28. 3 -7. 3	24. 2 32. 7 -8. 4	24. 4 40. 1 -16. 5	$ \begin{array}{c} 25.2 \\ 41.9 \\ -20.0 \end{array} $	26. 2 39. 3 -17. 5	27. 9 37. 3 -16. 3
16 17	Cash flow, gross of dividends (2+12)	90. 5 68. 2	101.6 79.5	118. 7 94. 5	136. 8 110. 8	90. 0 67. 7	90. 5 68. 0	91. 7 69. 4	89. 9 67. 7	96. 7 73. 9	99. 7 78. 1	104. 0 81. 1	106. 0 84. 9	112. 9 89. 0	117. 4 93. 1	119.5 95.1	125. 1 100. 9	133. 7 109. 3	137. 9 112. 7	137. 2 110. 9	138, 2 110, 3
18	Gross product originating in financial institutions	28.7	31.5	33.8	36. 5	26.8	27. 9	29. 3	30.7	30.9	31, 3	31, 9	32.0	32.8	33.6	34.3	34.6	35.7	36, 1	36.7	37.6
19	Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations	519, 1	555. 1	614.3	684.3	512, 4	519. 7	526, 5	519. 7	540. 9	551.5	558. 7	569, 6	591, 4	607. 4	618. 6	639.7	663, 5	678.6	690.0	704.9
20 21	Capital consumption allowancesIndirect business taxes plus transfer payments	54.0	58. 2	63.6	68.1	52.4	53.4	54.5	55. 7	56.8	57. 7	58.3	59.8	61.4	63.8	64.0	65. 3	66. 2	67.8	68. 5	69.8
22	less subsidies	50.8	55. 6 441. 4	58. 9 491. 8	63. 4 552. 8	49. 3 410. 7	50. 5 414. 0	51. 5 420. 5	51. 9 412. 1	54. 1 430. 0	54. 9 438. 9	56. 1 444. 2	57. 3 452. 5	57. 3 472. 8	58. 4 485. 3	59. 4 495. 3	60. 5 513. 9	62. 1 535. 2	63.1 547.8	64. 1 557. 5	64. 4 570, 8
22 23 24 25 26	Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements Net Interest	347. 2 306. 8 40. 4	366.3	404. 8 352. 6	454.1	343. 7	345.9	351. 2	347. 9 306. 4 41. 5 17. 2	357. 6 314. 1 43. 5	363.9	368. 2	375. 5 329. 0 46. 5 17. 1	390.7	400. 5 349. 0 51. 6 17. 4	407. 9	420.0	437. 7 378. 0 59. 7 19. 3	449. 0 388. 2 60. 8 20. 1	458. 5 396. 6 61. 9 20. 9	471. 2 407. 6 63. 7 21. 6
27	Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	50.9	58, 3	69.3	78. 2	52.1	52, 1	52, 5	47.1	55.6	58. 2	59.4	59.9	65, 0	67. 3	69.6	75, 3	78. 2	78, 6	78.1	77, 9
28 29	Profits before tax	55.7 27.6	63. 2 29. 8 33. 4	76.3 33.4 43.0	95.8 40.7 55.0	58.3 28.5 29.8	56.8 28.0 28.8	56.9 28.3 28.6	50.9 25.6 25.3	60. 0 29. 3 30. 7	63. 0 30. 7 32. 3	65. 7 30. 3 35. 4	64.1 28.8 35.3	70.8 30.9 39.9	73.9 32.3 41.6	76. 9 33. 6 43. 3		94. 7 40. 5 54. 2	98. 6 42. 0 56. 6	95. 6 40. 5 55. 0	94. 3 39. 9 54. 4
28 29 30 31 32 33	DividendsUndistributed profits	20.0 8.2	20. 2 13. 2	22. 2 20. 8	23. 7 31. 3	20. 2 9. 7	20. 1 8. 7	19.9 8.8	19.8 5.5	20.6 10.1	19. 7 12. 7	21. 1 14. 3	19.5 15.8	22. 0 17. 9	22. 2 19. 4	22. 4 20. 8	22.1 24.9	22. 3 31. 8	23. 0 33. 6	24.0 31.0	25. 5 28. 9
34 35	Inventory valuation adjustment	82. 2	91.6 71.4		-17, 6 123, 1 99, 4	-6. 2 82. 2 62. 1	82.3 62.2	83.1 63.2	-3.8 81.0 61.2	87. 5 66. 9	90. 0 70. 4	93. 7 72. 6	95. 1 75. 6	-5.8 101.3 79.3	-6. 5 105. 4 83. 2		-8. 4 112. 4 90. 3	-16. 5 120. 4 98. 1	-20.0 124.3 101.3	-17. 5 123. 5 99. 5	-16.3 124.2 98.7
0.0	Cash how, not of dividends (20 02)		1 *** *	01.1		02.1		1	02112	<u> </u>	lions o			10.0			1 00.0		1 202.0		
3 6	Gross product originating in nonfinancial		Ţ	[I			<u> </u>		<u> </u>								
	corporations	427.7	441.5	479.0	516.4	429. 4	428. 6	432, 4	420.4	434.0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	450, 5	463, 6	475.0	482.0	495. 3	510, 1	516. 1	518.7	520.6
			1	T				1		1	1	ollars	T	Ţ	T		T	<u> </u>	[
37	Current dollar cost per unit of 1958 dollar gross product originating in nonfinan- cial corporations 2	1, 214	1, 258	1, 282	1, 325	1. 193	1, 208	1, 218	1, 236	1. 246	1. 256	1, 263	1. 264	1, 276	1, 279	1, 284	1, 292	1. 301	1, 315	1. 330	1. 354
38 39	Capital consumption allowances	1	. 132		. 132	. 122	. 125	. 126	. 132		. 131	. 132	. 133	. 132	. 134	. 133		. 130	. 131	. 132	. 134
40 41	less subisdies. Compensation of employees. Net interest.	. 119	. 126 . 830 . 038	. 123 . 845 . 037	. 123 . 879 . 040	. 115 . 801 . 035	. 118 . 807 . 037	.119 .812 .039	.123 .872 .041	. 824	. 125 . 829 . 038	. 127 . 832 . 038	.127 .834 .038	.124 .843 .037	. 123 . 843 . 037	. 123 . 846 . 037	. 122 . 848 . 037	. 122 . 858 . 038	. 122 . 870 . 039	. 124 . 884 . 040	.124 .905 .041
42	Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment.	. 119	. 132	. 145	. 151	. 121	. 121	. 122	. 112	.128	. 133	. 134	. 133	. 140	. 142		. 152	. 153	. 152	. 151	.150
43 44	Profits tax liability. Profits after tax plus inventory valuation adjustment.	. 064	.067	.070	. 079	. 066	. 065	. 065	.061	.068	.070	.068	. 064	.067	. 068	1	. 074	.079	.081	.078	.077
		1	1	1	1	1			1		1		1			1			1	1	

Excludes gross product originating in the rest of the world.
 This is equal to the deflator for gross product of nonfinancial corporations, with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

Table 1.15.—Gross Auto Product

[Billions of dollars]

						19	70			19	71			19	72	12.0		19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1	II	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	11	ш	IV	I.	п	ш	iv
						''				Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates		·	<u></u>		
Gross auto product 1	30, 7	40.8	43, 9	49.9	30, 9	35. 1	34.0	22, 7	42, 9	39.6	41.8	39.0	40.3	42, 1	46. 5	46, 6	51.5	50.8	50, 3	47.0
Personal consumption expenditures Producers' durable equipment Change in dealers' auto inventories	28. 0 4. 9 9	35. 5 6. 3 1. 2	39.7 7.0 4	43. 4 7. 7 1. 1	28.8 5.1 -1.5	30. 1 5. 3 . 8	5. 2	23. 6 4. 2 -3. 4	34. 4 6. 1 4. 2	34.6 6.1 .8	36. 6 6. 5 1. 2	36. 3 6. 4 -1. 2	36. 6 6. 5 1	38.3 6.8 6	7.4	7.4	45. 4 8. 0 . 4	44.8 7.9 .8	45. 4 8. 0 8	38. 0 6. 7 4. 0
Net exportsExportsImports	$\begin{bmatrix} -1.7 \\ 2.0 \\ 3.7 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 5.1 \end{array} $	-2.7 3.0 5.7	-2.7 3.8 6.5	1.8	2.4		$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.1 \\ 1.6 \\ 3.7 \end{array} $	-2.2 2.5 4.7		-2.9 2.7 5.6	-2.9 2.4 5.2	-3.0 2.6 5.6	2.8	-2.3 3.2 5.5	3. 3		-3.0 3.6 6.6		-2. 2 4. 2 6. 4
Addenda: New cars, domestic 2		35. 6 7. 8	38. 1 8. 6	43. 1 10. 0	26. 5 6. 2	30. 3 6. 5		17. 7 6. 4	37. 7 7. 5	34. 2 7. 7	36. 2 8. 8	34. 4 7. 4	35. 3 8. 0		40. 2 8. 9	39.8 9.5	44. 2 10. 4	44. 6 9. 8	43. 2 9. 7	40. 3 10. 2

^{1.} The gross auto product total includes government purchases, which amounted to \$% billion annually during the periods shown.

Table 1.16.—Gross Auto Product in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1958 dollars]

					·															
						19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	п	ш	IV	r	II	III	IV	1	II	III	IV	1	II	ш	iv
							'		' <u>.</u>	Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual :	rates	<u> </u>		'	<u>'</u>	
Gross auto product 1	28, 5	36, 2	39, 1	44, 2	29, 3	33.0	31.6	20,0	37.5	34. 4	37.4	35. 6	36. 1	37.5	40.9	41.8	46.3	45, 2	43, 6	41.6
Personal consumption expenditures	4.6	31. 5 5. 6 1, 1	35.3 6.3 4	38.3 6.8 1.1	27.3 4.9 -1.5	28. 2 5. 0 . 8		21. 0 3. 7 -3. 1	30, 1 5, 4 3, 8	30. 1 5. 4 . 7	32. 7 5. 8 1. 1	33. 1 5. 9 -1. 2	32.7 5.8 1	34. 1 6. 1 5	36.7 6.6 7	37.6 6.7 3	40.7 7.3 .4	39.7 7.1 .7	39. 4 7. 0 7	33. 4 6. 0 3. 8
Net exports Exports Imports	-1.6 1.9 3.5	-2.3 2.3 4.6	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.4 \\ 2.7 \\ 5.1 \end{array} $	-2.4 3.4 5.7	-1.7 1.8 3.5	-1.4 2.2 3.6	-1.4 2.1 3.5	1.4	-2.0 2.3 4.3	-2.1 2.4 4.5	-2.6 2.5 5.1	-2.6 2.2 4.8	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.7 \\ 2.3 \\ 5.0 \end{array} $	-2.5 2.5 5.0	-2.0 2.8 4.8	-2.6 3.0 5.6	-2.5 3.2 5.7	-2.7 3.1 5.8	-2.4 3.4 5.8	-2.0 3.7 5.7
Addenda: New cars, domestic ²	24. 7 6. 0	32, 3 7, 2	34.8 8.0	39. 3 9. 2	25. 5 6. 0	29. 0 6. 3	28. 1 5. 7	16. 2 5. 9	33. 8 6. 7	30. 6 6. 9	33. 1 8. 0	32. 0 6. 9	32. 3 7. 4	33. 6 7. 5	36. 2 8. 1	36. 9 8. 9	40. 9 9. 7	40.8 9.0	38.9 8.8	36. 7 9. 3

^{1.} The gross auto product total includes government purchases, which amounted to \$% billion annually during the periods shown.

Table 1.17.—Gross Farm Product

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total value of farm output	54,226	58, 210	66, 194	97,714
Cash receipts from farm marketings and CCC loans Farm products consumed directly in farm households. Change in farm inventories Gross rental value of farm homes.	50, 352 745 222 2, 907	52,891 824 1,394 3,101	61, 160 932 735 3, 367	88, 664 1, 319 3, 969 4, 762
Less: Value of intermediate products consumed, total Intermediate products consumed, other than rents. Gross rents paid to nonfarm landlords (excluding operating expenses)	24, 906 22, 618 2, 288	27, 056 24, 660 2, 396	30, 637 27, 231 3, 406	40, 867 35, 432 5, 435
Plus: Other items	-3 05	-292	-297	~3 82
Equals: Gross farm product	29,015	30,862	35, 260	56,465
Less: Capital consumption allowances	6, 34 9 2, 37 6	6, 862 2, 577	7,324 2,647	8, 227 2, 7 3 7
Plus: Government payments to farm landlords	3, 349	2,844	3,550	2,377
Equals: National income originating in farming	23,639	24, 267	28,839	47,878

Table 1.18.—Gross Farm Product in Constant Dollars

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total value of farm output	47.5	49, 9	51.1	53. 6
Cash receipts from farm marketings and CCC loans	. 6 . 1	46. 4 . 6 1. 2 1. 7	48.1 .6 .7 1.7	49.5 .7 1.8 1.7
Less: Value of intermediate products consumed, total	22. 5 20. 3 2. 2	23. 4 21. 2	24. 9 22. 0 2. 9	26. 1 22. 8 3. 3
ing expenses)	3	2	2	- .2
Equals: Gross farm product	24.8	26, 3	26, 0	27.4

^{2.} Differs from the gross auto product total by the markup on both used cars and foreign cars.

 $^{2.\,}$ Differs from the gross auto product total by the markup on both used cars and foreign cars.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 1.19.—Gross National Product: Not Seasonally Adjusted

		197	70			19	71			19	72	-		19	73	
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Gross national product	229, 4	245. 0	243, 3	259.4	245. 6	263, 9	262, 5	282, 9	268, 0	288, 0	288, 9	313, 1	299, 9	322, 2	321, 9	351, 0
Personal consumption expenditures	144.0	153, 3	154. 4	166. 0	153, 9	165.8	166, 4	180, 9	167.8	179.9	182, 4	199, 0	186. 1	200, 2	201, 3	217.7
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	20. 3 59. 1 64. 7	23. 6 65. 0 64. 7	22. 2 65. 7 66. 4	25. 2 74. 0 66. 8	22. 1 61. 9 69. 9	26. 3 69. 4 70. 2	25. 2 69. 2 72. 0	30. 3 77. 9 72. 7	25. 2 66. 6 76. 0	29. 7 73. 7 76. 4	28. 9 74. 9 78. 6	34. 7 84. 5 79. 8	29. 6 74. 2 82. 3	33. 6 83. 3 83. 2	31. 6 84. 4 85. 2	35. 5 96. 1 86. 2
Gross private domestic investment	32, 1	35, 4	34, 0	35. 1	35, 2	39, 6	38. 2	40.6	40. 2	45. 5	45, 3	48, 3	47, 5	52, 4	51.7	57.8
Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment Residential structures Nonfarm Farm Change in business inventories Nonfarm Farm	29. 6 23. 3 7. 8 15. 5 6. 4 6. 3 . 1 2. 5 2. 4	33. 9 26. 2 9. 1 17. 2 7. 7 7. 6 . 1 1. 5 . 0	33. 9 25. 3 9. 6 15. 7 8. 5 8. 3 . 1 . 2 . 2	34. 4 25. 7 9. 6 16. 1 8. 6 8. 5 . 2 . 7 . 6	31. 1 23. 5 8. 2 15. 4 7. 6 7. 5 . 1 4. 1 3. 7	37. 7 26. 9 9. 5 17. 4 10. 8 10. 6 . 1 1. 9 1. 6	38. 5 26. 1 10. 2 15. 9 12. 4 12. 2 2 6 . 4	40. 2 28. 1 10. 1 17. 9 12. 1 12. 0 .1 .5 .2	36. 8 26. 2 9. 0 17. 2 10. 6 10. 5 . 1 3. 4 3. 2	43. 3 29. 8 10. 3 19. 4 13. 6 13. 5 . 1 2. 2 2. 0	44. 4 29. 3 10. 7 18. 5 15. 1 14. 9 . 2 . 9 . 8 . 2	46. 3 31. 6 11. 1 20. 5 14. 6 14. 5 . 1 2. 0 1. 8 2	42. 6 30. 6 9. 8 20. 7 12. 1 12. 0 . 1 4. 8 4. 0 . 8	50. 3 35. 2 11. 6 23. 6 15. 1 15. 0 . 1 2. 1 1. 3	50. 5 34. 4 12. 6 21. 8 16. 2 16. 0 . 1 1. 2 . 1 1. 1	50. 5 36. 6 13. 0 23. 7 13. 9 13. 7 . 2 7. 3 6. 0 1, 3
Net exports of goods and services	1.3	1, 2	3	1.4	1.3	.0	-1.5	.1	-1.2	-1.8	-2.7	3	.5	. 2	2	3,4
ExportsImports	15. 0 13. 8	16. 3 15. 1	15. 2 15. 5	16. 3 14. 9	16.0 14.8	17. 1 17. 0	16. 1 17. 7	16. 2 16. 1	17. 1 18. 3	17. 7 19. 5	17. 3 20, 0	20. 3 20. 6	22. 0 21. 6	24. 6 24. 4	24. 5 24. 6	29. 3 25. 9
Government purchases of goods and services	52. 1	55, 0	55, 5	57.0	55, 2	58.4	59, 4	61.3	61.3	64.4	64.0	66.0	65.8	69. 5	69. 1	72, 1
Federal National defense Other State and local	23. 7 18. 4 5. 2 28. 4	24. 3 19. 1 5. 2 30. 7	23. 2 18. 1 5. 1 32. 3	25. 0 19. 0 6. 1 32. 0	23. 3 17. 6 5. 7 31. 9	24, 3 18, 5 5, 8 34, 1	24. 1 16. 8 7. 2 35. 3	26. 0 18. 3 7. 7 35. 3	26. 0 18. 7 7. 3 35. 2	27. 1 19. 8 7. 2 37. 3	24. 9 17. 4 7. 5 39. 1	26. 8 18. 8 8. 0 39. 2	26. 3 18. 6 7. 7 39. 5	27. 3 19. 4 7. 8 42. 2	25. 2 17. 4 7. 8 43. 9	27. 8 19. 0 8. 8 44. 3

Table 1.21.—Gross Product in Constant Dollars by Industry

Table	1.21.—G	ross Pro	oduct in	Consta	nt Dolla	ars by In	dustry					
	(E	Billions of 1	958 dollars)	Indexes	of gross pro (1958=		8 dollars		nplicit prid		
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total (GNP)	722, 5	746.3	792. 5	839, 2	161, 5	166.8	177. 2	187. 6	135, 24	141, 35	146. 12	154. 31
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	26. 2 24. 8	27. 7 26. 3	27. 4 26. 0	28. 9 27. 4	118.8 118.8	125. 8 126. 1	124. 3 124. 6	131. 2 131. 4	120.8 117.1	121, 6 117, 4	140, 1 135. 7	207. 9 206. 1
Mining	17. 2	16. 9	17. 1	17. 3	139. 5	136. 4	138. 1	140. 1	98.3	96. 9	103. 0	112,8
Contract construction	23.6	24.0	25.7	25.7	114.0	116. 1	124. 2	124. 3	197.5	210.7	216.8	240. 4
Manufacturing	217. 5 92. 4 125. 1	223, 1 96, 0 127, 1	245, 4 103, 8 141, 6	272, 4 112, 7 159, 7	175. 8 170. 9 179. 6	180. 4 177. 6 182. 6	198. 5 192. 1 203. 4	220, 3 208, 6 229, 3	116. 0 115. 5 116. 4	118.0 116.3 119.4	118. 5 115. 0 121. 1	119.6 114.8 122.9
Transportation Railroads Motor freight and warehousing	33. 9 10. 7 11. 9	34.5 10.5 12.7	37. 4 11. 1 14. 3	41. 0 12. 2 15. 5	161, 5 126, 4 186, 3	164. 6 124. 2 198. 3	178. 6 132. 1 222. 4	195. 4 145. 0 241. 7	113.8 91.6 121.2	121. 5 101. 4 127. 0	124. 0 100. 7 129. 3	124. 2 101. 0 132. 5
Communication Telephone and telegraph	22.3 21.0	23, 5 22, 1	25.5 24.0	25, 9 24, 4	251.9 263.0	265. 2 276. 4	288, 3 300. 6	292, 1 305, 0	101.7 98.4	105. 9 103. 1	109. 8 106. 6	117.4 114.0
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	21.2	22, 1	22, 4	23, 2	197.8	206. 2	209, 5	216.3	106.9	112.6	121.8	129, 2
Wholesale and retail trade. Wholesale trade. Retail trade.	126, 5 55, 6 70, 9	131, 2 58, 1 73, 1	141, 2 63, 2 78, 0	146. 1 64. 5 81. 6	168. 4 189. 1 155. 1	174. 7 197. 6 160. 0	188. 0 214. 9 170. 7	194. 5 219. 3 178. 6	131. 5 120. 4 140. 3	138. 7 125. 0 149. 6	140. 5 128. 8 150. 0	149. 8 142. 0 156. 0
Finance, insurance, and real estate Finance and insurance	96.4 19.5	101, 0 20. 7	105, 2 21, 5	108.3 20.7	162.8 136.7	170.7 145.4	177.8 150.4	183. 0 145. 2	143. 0 180. 4	149. 5 189. 4	156. 5 198. 6	164. 2 219. 1
Services. Households and institutions.	69. 2 16. 6	69.8 17.0	73. 2 17. 6	77, 5 18. 5	161.3 145.2	162, 5 148, 3	170.6 153.6	180. 5 162. 0	164.7 185.2	174.8 198.8	182. 7 211. 7	191.8 222.7
Government and gevernment enterprises General government	70. 0 60. 7	70.3 60.8	70.8 60.7	72. 7 62. 3	148. 2 144. 2	148. 8 144. 3	149, 8 144, 2	153.8 147.8	184.7 188.9	199. 9 205. 1	217.8 224.6	230, 9 238, 5
Rest of the world	4.0	4.9	4.7	5, 2								
Residual 1.	-5.4	-2.6	-3,7	-5.0				.				
Addenda: Private sector Private nonfarm business	661. 7 616. 4	685. 6 637. 4	731. 7 683. 4	776. 9 725. 8	163. 3 166. 2	169. 2 171. 9	180, 6 184, 3	191. 7 195. 7	130, 32 129, 5	135. 70 134. 9	139. 61 137. 9	147. 56 143. 3

^{1.} Represents the difference between GNP measured as sum of final products and GNP measured as the sum of gross product originating by industries.

Table 1.22.—Gross Product in Current Dollars by Industry, Total and by Components

[Billions of dollars]

				[Billions of	of dollars]	_			
	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total (GNP)	977, 1	1,054.9	1,158.0	1, 294, 9	Wholesale and retail trade	166, 4	182,0	198, 4	218, 9
Employee compensation	603 , 9	643. 1	707. 1	786.0	Employee compensation		103. 5	113. 3	125, 1
Net interest	36. 5 87. 3	41. 6 93. 7	45. 6 102. 9	52. 3 110. 8	Net interest	1.7 8.5	1, 9 9, 3	2, 1 10, 4	2. 8 11. 1
Indirect business taxes	97. 5	107.0	114.6	124, 1	Indirect business taxes Profit-type income	34.8	39, 4	42.8	47. 4
Profit-type incomeStatistical discrepancy	158. 4 -6. 4	171.9 -2.3	191. 6 -3. 8	226. 8 -5. 0	Profit-type income	25, 1	28.0	29.8	32.6
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.	31, 6	33, 7	38, 4	60,1	Wholesale trade	1	72. 6	81. 4	91. 6
Employee compensation	4.8	4.9	5. 3	6, 1	Employee compensation	.6	38. 8 . 6	42. 6 . 7	47. 4 . 9
Net interest	3. 2 6. 7	3. 4 7. 2	3. 8 7. 8	4.4 8.7	Capital consumption allowances	3, 0 17, 8	3. 2 20. 4	3. 9 21. 8	4.4 24.1
Indirect business taxes	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.1	Indirect business taxes Profit-type income	9, 1	9.5	12.4	14.8
Profit-type income	14.3	15. 3	18. 6	37.7	Retail trade	1 1	109.4	117. 0	127. 3
Farms	29, 0	30. 9	35. 3	56, 5	Employee compensation		64.7	70. 7	77. 7
Employee compensation.	3.6	3.7	3, 9	4.5	Net interest	. 1, 2	1.3	1, 4	1, 9
Net interest	3, 1 6, 3	3. 3 6. 9	3. 7 7. 3	4, 3 8, 2	Capital consumption allowances	5. 5 16. 9	6. 1 19. 0	6. 5 21. 0	6. 7 23. 3
Indirect business taxes	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.7	Profit-type income.	16.0	18.4	17. 4	17.8
Profit-type income	13. 6	14. 5	17. 7	36, 7	Finance, insurance, and real estate	137.8	151,0	164, 6	177.8
Mining	16.9	16.3	17.6	19.5		1			
Employee compensation	6. 5	6.8	7.6	8.4	Employee compensation Net interest	17.3	33. 9 19. 9	37. 4 22. 4	41, 1 25, 6
Net interest	.1	3.6	.2	.2	Capital consumption allowances Indirect business taxes	21.0	22, 4	24. 7	26. 6
Indirect business taxes	3. 7 1. 4	1.5	1.7	1.8	Profit-type income.		29, 7 45, 2	32. 7 47. 3	34. 8 49. 8
Profit-type income	5. 2	4.2	4. 1	4.8	Finance and insurance		39.3	42, 6	45, 4
Contract construction	46.6	50.6	55.7	61,8		1			
Employee compensation	35.7	38. 7	42.3	47. 5	Employee compensation Net interest		28. 6 -13. 9	31. 2 -16. 6	34. 1 -19. 2
Net interest	. 3 2. 6	2. 7	3.0	. 5 3. 1	Capital consumption allowances Indirect business taxes	2.3	2. 6 3. 7	3. 2	3.7
Indirect business taxes	1, 2	1.4	1.5	1.6	Profit-type income.		18.3	4. 0 20. 9	4. 3 22, 5
Profit-type income	6.8	7.4	8.4	9.1	Services	114,0	122,0	133, 7	148,6
Manufacturing	252, 3	263. 3	290, 9	325, 7	Employee compensation	1	80.6	89. 8	101. 4
Employee compensation	182, 5	187. 3	205.7	231.8	Net interest	. 2.1	2.4	2.6	3. 1
Net interest	5. 6 22. 3	5. 4 23. 8	4. 9 25. 2	5, 7 26, 7	Capital consumption allowances		8.8 3.1	9. 6 3. 4	10. 3 3. 7
Indirect business taxes.	18.1	18.8	18. 5	19.8	Profit-type income	26.3	27. 0	28. 4	30. 1
Profit-type income	23.8	28. 1	36. 5	41. 7	Household and institutions.	30.8	33. 7	37. 2	41.3
Nondurable goods	106.7	111.6	119. 4	129. 4	Employee compensation	1	33. 7	37. 2	41.3
Employee compensation	68.8	71.7	77. 2	83.8	Net interest				
Net interest	2. 2 9. 4	2. 4 10. 2	2. 4 10. 7	3. 0 11. 1	Capital consumption allowances				
Indirect business taxes	13. 1	13.9	14.6	15. 3	Profit-type income				
Profit-type income.	ł	13. 5	14. 6	16. 1	Government and Government enterprises	129.4	140.6	154. 2	167.9
Durable goods	l	151.7	171. 5	196. 2	Employee compensation		137. 6	150. 7	164. 1
Employee compensation Net interest	113. 7 3. 4	115. 6 3. 0	128. 6 2. 5	148. 0 2. 7	Net interest Capital consumption allowances	-			
Capital consumption allowances	12.9	13.6	14.6	15. 5	Indirect business taxes	.] .1	.1	. 1	.1
Indirect business taxes	4. 9 10. 6	4.9 14.6	4. 0 21. 9	4. 5 25. 6	Profit-type income	- 2.4	2.9	3. 4	3. 7
Transportation	1	41, 9	46.4	50, 9	General government	ł		136. 4	148. 5
Employee compensation	27. 3	29. 3	31.8	35, 4	Employee compensation	114.7	124. 6	136. 4	148. 5
Net interest Capital consumption allowances	1.5	1.5	1.6	1, 9	Capital consumption allowances.				
Indirect business taxes	5. 9 3. 1	6. 0 3. 6	6. 4 3. 9	6.8 4.3	Net interest. Capital consumption allowances. Indirect business taxes Profit-type income				
Profit-type income	1.0	1.5	2.6	2. 5	Rest of the world		6.0	6.5	8.4
Railroads	9.8	10.6	11. 2	12, 3		I.		İ	
Employee compensation	7.3	7.7	7. 9	9.0	Employee compensation Net interest Capital consumption allowances	-:1	1, 1	1. 2	1.0
Net interest Capital consumption allowances	1,6	1.6	.6	1.7	Capital consumption allowances Indirect business taxes				
Indirect business taxes	1.0	1.1	1.1	1. 2	Profit-type income	4.7	4.9	5.2	7.3
Profit-type income.	6	4	1	2	Addenda:	1			
Motor freight and warehousing	14.5	16. 1	18. 4	20, 5	Private sector	862,4	930, 3	1021, 6	1146.5
Employee compensation	9. 9	11. 2	12. 7						
Net interest	.3 1.7	1.8	2.1	2.3	Employee compensation Net interest	. 489. 2 . 36, 5	518. 4 41. 6	570. 7 45. 6	637. 5 52. 3
Indirect business taxes	.9	1.0	1. 1 2. 3	1.2	Capital consumption allowances Indirect business taxes	. 87.3		102. 9 114. 6	110. 8 124. 1
Profit-type income.	1	1.9		{	Profit-type income	158, 4	171.9	191.6	226. 8
Communication	22.7	24. 9	28.0	30.4	Statistical discrepancy	1	ļ	-3.8	-5.0
Employee compensation	10.9	12.0	13.7	14, 9	Nonfarm business	797. 9	859. 6	942. 6	1040.3
Net interest	1. 5 3. 5	1.8 4.4	2. 1 5. 6	6. 1	Employee compensation		481.0	529, 5	591.7
Indirect business taxes	3.0	3. 3 3. 3	3. 6 3. 1	3.8	Net interest		37. 1 86. 9	40. 7 95. 6	47. 0 102, 6
Profit-type income.	1	1		1	Indirect business taxes.	95.1	104. 4	112.0	121, 3
Telephone, telegraph, and related services	1	22, 8	25. 6		Profit-type incomeStatistical discrepancy		152. 6 -2. 3	168. 7 -3. 8	
Employee compensation		10. 5 1. 7	12. 1 2. 0	13, 2 2, 4		<u>'</u>		1	1
Capital consumption allowances	3.2	4.2	5. 3	5.8	Note.—Employee compensation includes wages, salarie				
Indirect business taxes Profit-type income	3, 0 3, 5	3.3	3.6	3, 7 2, 8	the net interest component of national income. Capital depreciation and accidental damage to fixed business pro	consum;	otton allo direct has	wances (consist of
District and and analysis of		1	27.3	20.0	indirect business tax and nontax liability and business tr	ansfer pa	yments.	Profit-ty:	pe income

22, 6

Electric, gas, and sanitary services....

Employee compensation
Net interest.
Capital consumption allowances
Indirect business taxes.
Profit-type income

24.9

27, 3

9, 3 4, 2 6, 2 3, 5 4, 2 29. 9

10. 1 4. 7 7. 1 3. 8 4. 3 NOTE.—Employee compensation includes wages, salaries, and supplements. Net interest is the net interest component of national income. Capital consumption allowances consist of depreciation and accidental damage to fixed business property. Indirect business taxes include indirect business tax and nontax liability and business transfer payments. Profit-type income consists of corporate profits after inventory valuation adjustment, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, and surplus of government enterprises less subsidies. Capital consumption allowances and profits by industry may differ from figures published in other tables because these two items have been relallocated by industry from a company to an establishment basis.

2.—Personal Income and Outlay

Table 2.1.—Personal Income and Its Disposition

		,			,						F									
	1970	1971	1972	1973		19	70			19	71			19	72			197	73	
	l				I	II	ш	IV	I	п	ш	IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	II	111	ıv
		Million	s of dolla	rs			1	·	Bil	lions of	dollar	s, seas	onally	adjuste	ed at a	nnual r	ates	<u>'</u>	<u></u>	<u>'</u>
Personal income	808, 290	864, 040	944, 886	1, 055, 044	785.8	807.7	816, 8	822.9	841.2	859.6	869.6	885.8	913, 3	930.9	950, 3	985.0	1,013.6	1, 039, 2	1,068.0	1,099.3
Wage and salary disbursements_ Commodity-producing industries_ Manufacturing_ Distributive industries_ Service industries_ Government_	200, 938 158, 294 129, 290 96, 647	573, 008 206, 162 160, 514 138, 322 104, 612 123, 912	626, 777 225, 428 175, 765 150, 998 115, 347 135, 004		532, 2 201, 5 159, 7 126, 5 94, 3 109, 9	541, 5 201, 2 159, 0 128, 0 95, 8 116, 5	203, 0 159, 9 130, 9 97, 2	198.1 154.6 131.8 99.3	559. 7 202. 4 158. 5 134. 6 101. 3 121. 4	160. 0 137. 2 103. 6	576. 8 206. 8 160. 6 139. 3 105. 8 125. 0	210. 1 163. 0 142. 2	217. 8 168. 9 147. 0 111. 2	620. 1 223. 0 173. 8 149. 5 114. 3 133. 3	151. 9 117. 0	647. 5 234. 3 183. 6 155. 5 119. 0 138. 8	667. 6 241. 8 188. 9 159. 7 123. 5 142. 6	683, 8 248, 5 194, 4 163, 8 126, 6 145, 0	698. 2 254. 6 198. 3 166. 5 129. 7 147. 4	717. 0 262. 6 204. 6 170. 4 132. 8 151. 3
Other labor income	32, 176	36, 386	41,748	45, 956	30.7	31.6	32.7	33.7	34.6	35.8	37.0	38.2	39,6	41.2	42.6	43.7	44.6	45, 4	46, 3	47,6
Proprietors' income	50,017	69, 179 51, 980 17, 199	75, 859 54, 905 20, 954	96, 089 57, 560 38, 529	67.8 49.8 18.1	67. 4 50. 1 17. 4	66, 2 50, 2 16, 0	66, 2 50, 0 16, 2	69. 3 51. 0 18. 3	68.5 51.6 16.8	67. 9 52. 4 15. 5	71.0 52.8 18.2	72, 9 53. 7 19. 2	74. 6 54. 3 20. 3	75.8 55.5 20.3	80. 1 56. 1 24. 0	89. 1 57. 0 32. 1	92. 8 57. 1 35. 6	99.3 57.7 41.5	103, 2 58, 4 44, 9
Rental income of persons Dividends Personal interest income	23, 938 24, 680 67, 484	25, 168 24, 991 72, 753	25, 851 27, 346 78, 580	26, 140 29, 582 90, 582	23. 2 24. 8 64. 2	23.8 24.7 66.2	24, 2 24, 7 68, 9	24. 4 24. 5 70. 6	24.7 25.1 71.3	25. 1 24. 8 72. 1	25. 4 25. 0 73. 3	25, 4 25, 1 74, 4	25. 5 26. 4 75. 4	24.4 27.1 77.5	26.8 27.8 79.5	26, 7 28, 2 81, 9	26.3 28.7 85.1	25.7 29.1 88.8	26, 2 29, 8 92, 5	26, 4 30, 7 95, 9
Transfer paymentsOld-age, survivors, disability, and	79, 108	93, 274	103, 187	117, 843	70.5	80.3	80.8	84, 9	86, 8	94.7	95, 0	96.5	99.0	100, 1	101.4	112, 2	114, 1	116, 1	119.0	122, 1
health insurance benefits State unemployment insurance	38, 456	44, 451	49, 555	60, 399	34 . 0	41. 2	39.0	39. 7	40. 4	46. 5	45. 1	45. 8	46. 5	47. 2	48. 0	56. 6	58, 4	59. 9	61.0	62. 3
bencfitsVeterans benefitsOther	3, 889 9, 650 27, 113	5, 676 11, 238 31, 909	5, 528 12, 701 35, 403	4, 222 13, 901 39, 321	2. 7 8. 8 24, 9	3. 6 9. 4 26. 2	4, 2 9, 9 27, 6	5. 0 10. 4 29. 8	5, 2 10, 8 30, 5	5. 7 11. 1 31. 4	5. 9 11. 4 32. 6	5, 9 11, 7 33, 1	5, 9 12, 0 34, 7	6. 3 12. 2 34. 4	5. 3 12. 6 35. 5	4. 6 14. 1 37. 0	4, 2 13, 4 38, 1	4. 1 13. 5 38. 7	4, 2 14, 2 39, 6	4. 4 14. 5 40. 9
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	27, 991	30,719	34, 462	42, 824	27.5	27.9	28.3	28.3	30, 3	30.5	30.9	31, 2	33.6	34, 1	34.9	35, 2	41.8	42.5	43,3	43.8
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	116, 591	117, 607	142, 385	151, 330	117.6	118.7	114.3	115.7	112,6	115, 6	118, 3	124.0	138, 6	140.9	143. 1	147.0	144.1	147.2	154. 2	159, 9
Equals: Disposable personal income	691, 699	746, 433	802, 501	903, 714	668, 2	689.0	702, 4	707. 2	728.6	744. 1	751.3	761.8	774.7	790.0	807, 2	838, 1	869,5	892, 1	913, 9	939. 4
Less: Personal outlays	635, 499	685, 934	749, 909	829, 364	622, 0	631, 7	641.7	646.6	668, 9	680, 6	691.0	703. 2	721.4	741.1	757.9	779. 2	804, 2	822, 5	840.7	850, 1
Personal consumption expenditures. Interest paid by consumers	617, 644 16, 836	667, 125 17, 746	729, 017 19, 840	805, 221 22, 893	604, 6 16, 4	614, 0 16, 7	623. 7 17. 0		650. 5 17. 3	662. 1 17. 5	672. 1 17. 8	683. 8 18. 3	701. 5 18. 9		736. 8 20. 1	757. 2 20. 9	781. 7 21. 6	799. 0 22. 5	816. 3 23. 4	823. 9 24. 0
Personal transfer payments to for- eigners	1,019	1,063	1,052	1, 250	1.0	1, 0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1, 1	1, 1	1.0	1.0	1, 1	1.1	.9	1.0	.9	2, 2
Equals: Personal saving	56, 200	60, 499	52, 592	74, 350	46. 2	57.2	60.8	60.6	59.7	63.4	60.3	58.6	53.3	49.0	49.3	58.9	65, 3	69.6	73, 2	89.3
Addenda: Disposable personal income: Total, billions of 1958 dollars	534.8	555, 4	580,5	619, 6	524, 2	535, 8	541.6	537.4	548.8	554.9	556, 4	561, 6	566, 2	573.6	581, 9	600, 1	615, 1	618, 2	621, 8	622, 9
Per capita, current dollars Per capita, 1958 dollars	3, 376 2, 610	3, 605 2, 683	3, 843 2, 779	4, 295 2, 945	3, 274 2, 569		3, 423 2, 640	3, 436 2, 611	3, 531 2, 660	3, 598 2, 683	3, 624 2, 684	3, 665 2, 702		3, 787 2, 749	3, 861 2, 784	4, 000 2, 864	4, 143 2, 931	4, 244 2, 941	4, 33 9 2, 952	4, 455 2, 955
Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income	8, 1	8.1	6. 6	8. 2	6.9	8.3	8. 7	8.6	8. 2	8. 5	8. 0	7. 7	6, 9	6. 2	6. 1	7.0	7. 5	7.8	8.0	9. 5

Table 2.2.—Personal Income: Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Totals at Annual Rates

							Difficilla Of									
			Wag	e and salar	y disburser	nents			Propri inco						Less:	
Year and month	Personal income	All in-		nodity lucing	Distrib- utive	Service	Govern- ment	Other labor income	Business and pro-	Farm	Rental income of persons	Divi- dends	Personal interest income	Transfer pay- ments	personal contribu- tion for social	Nonagri- cultural income
		dustries	Total	Manu- facturing					fessional						insurance	
1970	808, 3	542, 0	200, 9	158, 3	129, 3	96, 6	115, 1	32, 2	50.0	16. 9	23, 9	24,7	67.5	79. 1	28.0	784.8
January. February March April May June July August September October November December	781. 1 785. 2 791. 1 810. 7 806. 1 806. 2 810. 9 816. 2 823. 3 819. 9 821. 4 827. 4	529. 6 531. 4 535. 4 541. 2 542. 3 541. 0 544. 3 547. 2 551. 0 544. 7 545. 4 550. 0	201. 2 200. 9 202. 4 201. 7 200. 4 201. 5 202. 8 203. 1 203. 0 197. 3 196. 6 200. 3	160. 0 158. 9 160. 1 159. 5 158. 5 159. 0 160. 1 159. 9 159. 8 154. 0 153. 0 156. 6	125. 7 126. 3 127. 4 126. 8 128. 4 128. 9 130. 0 131. 2 131. 6 131. 9 131. 8	93. 5 94. 3 95. 0 95. 3 95. 3 96. 2 96. 5 97. 1 98. 1 99. 3 99. 9	109. 2 109. 9 110. 6 117. 3 117. 7 114. 4 115. 0 115. 9 118. 5 117. 6 118. 1	30. 4 30. 7 31. 0 31. 2 32. 0 32. 4 32. 7 33. 0 33. 4 33. 7 34. 2	49. 7 49. 8 49. 8 50. 1 50. 0 50. 1 50. 2 50. 2 50. 2 50. 0 49. 9 50. 2	17. 9 18. 2 18. 2 17. 8 17. 4 16. 9 15. 9 15. 9 16. 2 16. 4	23. 1 23. 2 23. 4 23. 6 23. 6 24. 1 24. 2 24. 3 24. 3 24. 4 24. 5 24. 5	24. 9 24. 8 24. 7 24. 7 24. 8 24. 4 24. 7 24. 8 24. 9 24. 9 24. 9	63. 5 64. 2 64. 9 65. 5 66. 2 66. 9 67. 9 68. 9 69. 9 70. 6 71. 0	69. 5 70. 5 71. 4 84. 5 77. 9 78. 5 79. 3 80. 5 82. 6 84. 4 85. 7	27. 4 27. 5 27. 7 27. 9 27. 8 28. 2 28. 3 28. 5 28. 2 28. 2 28. 4	757. 0 760. 8 766. 7 786. 5 782. 3 782. 6 788. 1 793. 7 800. 6 797. 2 798. 4 804. 3
1971	864.0	573.0	206, 2	160, 5	138. 3	104,6	123, 9	36, 4	52,0	17, 2	25, 2	25, 0	72, 8	93. 3	30, 7	840.0
January February March April May June July August September October November December	840. 4 846. 5 849. 9 854. 6 874. 5 864. 1 871. 0 873. 7	557. 4 559. 3 562. 3 565. 6 570. 1 571. 9 573. 6 578. 7 578. 2 580. 3 584. 8 593. 9	202. 5 202. 0 202. 7 204. 2 205. 8 206. 2 206. 6 207. 2 208. 1 209. 4 212. 9	158. 5 158. 4 158. 6 159. 0 160. 5 160. 5 160. 5 160. 7 161. 6 162. 2 165. 2	133. 6 134. 7 135. 6 136. 3 137. 5 138. 1 139. 4 140. 3 140. 7 141. 7 143. 8	100. 7 101. 1 102. 1 102. 6 103. 8 104. 3 105. 1 106. 1 106. 3 107. 0 107. 7 108. 6	120. 7 121. 5 122. 0 122. 5 123. 0 123. 4 124. 0 126. 5 124. 5 126. 0 128. 5	34. 3 34. 5 34. 8 35. 3 36. 6 37. 0 37. 4 37. 8 38. 2 38. 6	50. 6 51. 0 51. 4 51. 5 51. 6 51. 9 52. 0 52. 4 52. 7 52. 8 53. 0	17. 3 18. 3 19. 3 18. 1 16. 8 15. 5 15. 5 15. 4 17. 0 18. 2 19. 4	24. 7 24. 3 24. 9 25. 0 25. 1 25. 2 25. 4 25. 5 25. 4 25. 5	25. 3 25. 1 24. 8 24. 8 24. 8 24. 7 24. 7 25. 1 25. 1 25. 2 25. 3 24. 6	71. 0 71. 3 71. 6 71. 6 72. 1 72. 5 72. 9 73. 2 73. 6 73. 9 74. 5 74. 7	85. 9 86. 7 87. 8 88. 4 88. 8 107. 0 93. 9 94. 7 96. 5 95. 8 96. 9	30. 2 30. 2 30. 4 30. 4 30. 6 30. 7 30. 8 31. 0 30. 9 31. 2 31. 5	812. 3 815. 4 820. 6 824. 9 831. 2 852. 1 841. 8 848. 7 851. 5 853. 5 860. 0 863. 5

Table 2.2.—Personal Income: Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Totals at Annual Rates—Continued
[Billions of dollars]

			Wag	e and salar	y disburser	nents			Propri inco							
Year and month	Personal income	All in-	Comr prod	nodity ucing	Distrib-	Service	Govern-	Other labor income	Business	Farm	Rental of income persons	Divi- dends	Personal interest income	Transfer pay- ments	Less: personal contribu- tion for social	Nonagri- cultural income
		dustries	Total	Manu- facturing	utive		ment		and pro- fessional		Postorio				insurance	
1972	944. 9	626.8	225, 4	175.8	151, 0	115. 3	135. 0	41.7	54. 9	21, 0	25. 9	27.3	78, 6	103. 2	34. 5	916, 5
January February March March April May June July August September October November December	903. 5 916. 0 920. 4 926. 6 932. 7 933. 4 942. 2 951. 4 957. 3 974. 9 985. 7 994. 6	601. 6 610. 1 612. 5 617. 1 619. 6 623. 7 625. 8 631. 5 636. 9 642. 5 646. 9 653. 1	214. 7 218. 2 220. 4 222. 0 223. 1 224. 0 223. 7 226. 7 229. 4 232. 2 234. 4 236. 2	165. 9 169. 4 171. 4 173. 0 173. 6 174. 8 174. 6 176. 8 179. 1 181. 5 183. 6 185. 5	145. 1 148. 3 147. 7 148. 6 149. 2 150. 8 151. 2 151. 8 152. 8 154. 5 155. 1	110, 0 111, 2 112, 3 113, 7 114, 0 115, 2 116, 3 117, 0 117, 6 118, 2 118, 4 120, 3	131. 8 132. 4 132. 1 132. 8 133. 3 133. 7 134. 6 136. 0 137. 6 139. 0 139. 7	39. 0 39. 6 40. 1 40. 6 41. 2 41. 7 42. 1 42. 6 43. 0 43. 4 43. 7 44. 1	53. 5 53. 5 54. 0 54. 6 55. 0 53. 5 55. 2 55. 7 55. 6 56. 2 56. 0	19. 2 19. 2 19. 2 19. 6 20. 3 20. 9 20. 6 20. 3 20. 0 22. 0 24. 0 26. 0	25. 4 25. 5 25. 7 25. 7 25. 8 21. 8 26. 2 27. 1 27. 0 26. 9 26. 5 26. 6	26. 2 26. 4 26. 5 26. 8 27. 2 27. 3 27. 6 27. 9 27. 9 28. 1 28. 3	75. 0 75. 4 75. 9 76. 7 77. 6 78. 4 78. 8 79. 5 80. 1 80. 9 81. 9 82. 8	96. 8 99. 8 100. 5 99. 4 100. 3 100. 5 101. 0 101. 6 101. 7 109. 9 113. 8 112. 9	33. 2 33. 7 33. 8 34. 0 34. 1 34. 3 35. 2 34. 7 34. 8 35. 0 35. 2 35. 4	877. 1 889. 5 893. 9 899. 6 905. 0 905. 2 914. 3 923. 7 929. 8 945. 4 960. 8
1973	1, 055. 0	691. 7	251.9	196. 6	165, 1	128. 2	146.6	46.0	57.6	38. 5	26. 1	29.6	90.6	117.8	42.8	1,008.0
January February March April May June July August September October November December	1,002.0 1,014.4 1,024.5 1,031.7 1,038.9 1,047.2 1,056.1 1,067.6 1,080.4 1,090.8 1,100.0	661. 4 668. 2 673. 2 679. 1 683. 2 689. 2 692. 9 697. 2 704. 5 711. 0 717. 9 722. 2	239, 3 242, 1 244, 0 246, 2 248, 2 250, 9 252, 6 253, 7 257, 4 260, 0 263, 1 264, 5	186, 9 189, 3 190, 6 192, 9 194, 4 196, 0 196, 8 197, 8 200, 4 202, 9 205, 2 205, 8	158. 4 159. 5 161. 1 162. 8 163. 7 164. 9 165. 1 166. 2 169. 1 171. 1	121. 9 123. 9 124. 8 125. 6 126. 4 127. 8 128. 7 129. 7 130. 7 131. 5 132. 3 134. 7	141. 8 142. 7 143. 3 144. 4 145. 0 145. 6 146. 5 147. 5 148. 2 150. 4 151. 4	44, 3 44, 6 44, 8 45, 3 45, 6 45, 9 46, 7 47, 1 47, 6 48, 0	56. 9 57. 0 57. 1 57. 0 57. 2 57. 2 57. 8 57. 8 57. 8 57. 8 58. 3 58. 5	29. 0 32. 1 35. 4 35. 6 35. 9 38. 8 41. 5 44. 9 44. 9	26. 3 26. 3 26. 2 25. 3 25. 7 26. 2 26. 0 26. 2 26. 4 26. 4 26. 4	28. 6 28. 7 28. 8 29. 1 29. 2 29. 4 30. 0 30. 0 30. 2 30. 4 31. 6	83. 8 85. 1 86. 4 87. 6 88. 9 91. 2 92. 5 93. 7 94. 8 96. 0 97. 0	113, 1 114, 2 114, 9 115, 6 116, 3 116, 6 117, 2 119, 4 120, 4 121, 7 122, 1 122, 6	41. 5 41. 9 42. 0 42. 3 42. 4 42. 6 43. 1 43. 3 43. 5 43. 7 43. 8 43. 8	964.7 974.1 981.0 988.1 994.9 1,002.9 1,008.8 1,017.6 1,027.6 1,037.0 1,046.1 1,052.9

Table 2.3.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type

						19	70			19	71			19	7 2			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	Ш	ıv	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV
										Seas	onally a	djusted	at annu	al rates						
Personal consumption expenditures	617.6	667, 1	729, 0	805, 2	604.6	614, 0	623.7	628. 3	650, 5	662, 1	672, 1	683.8	701, 5	720, 6	736.8	757, 2	781, 7	799, 0	816.3	823. 9
Durable goods	91,3	103. 9	118.4	130, 3	90.9	92, 8	93. 4	88, 1	100.6	102, 1	105, 6	107, 4	112. 1	116, 2	121, 2	124, 3	132, 4	132, 1	132. 4	124, 3
Automobiles and parts ¹ . Furniture and household equipment. Other.	37.3 39.6 14.4	46. 6 42. 3 15. 0	53. 1 48. 7 16. 6	57. 5 55. 0 17. 8	37. 7 39. 1 14. 1	39. 3 39. 4 14. 2	39. 1 39. 6 14. 7	33. 1 40. 3 14. 7	44. 7 41. 4 14. 4	45. 5 41. 7 14. 9	48. 2 42. 1 15. 3	48. 1 43. 9 15. 4	49. 4 47. 2 15. 6	51. 5 47. 9 16. 8	55. 3 49. 3 16. 7	56. 4 50. 7 17. 2	60. 4 54. 3 17. 7	59. 2 54. 9 18. 0	59. 3 55. 5 17. 6	51. 2 55. 4 17. 7
Nondurable goods	263, 8	278, 4	299.7	338.0	257, 1	261, 2	265, 7	271, 1	273, 0	277.8	279.5	283, 4	288.4	297, 4	302.0	310.9	323, 3	332,7	343.8	352. 1
Food and beverages	130. 0 52. 8 22. 2 58. 7	135. 9 57. 3 23. 5 61. 8	143. 7 63. 0 25. 0 67. 9	165. 1 70. 2 28. 3 74. 4	126, 6 51, 6 21, 7 57, 2	128, 5 52, 5 22, 1 58, 0	131, 5 52, 7 22, 3 59, 2	133. 3 54. 5 22. 7 60. 6	133. 4 55. 8 22. 9 60. 9	135. 6 57. 2 23. 2 61. 9	136. 9 57. 6 23. 6 61. 4	137. 6 58. 5 24. 3 62. 9	139. 3 60. 0 24. 6 64. 6	142. 4 62. 5 24. 5 68. 1	144. 7 63. 7 25. 1 68. 5	148. 5 66. 0 25. 8 70. 7	155. 9 69. 1 26. 8 71. 5	160. 9 70. 1 28. 0 73. 6	169. 1 70. 6 28. 7 75. 4	174. 5 70. 9 29. 8 77. 0
Services	262, 6	284.8	310, 9	336, 9	256, 6	259, 9	264, 6	269, 1	277, 0	282, 2	287, 0	293, 0	301, 0	307, 0	313, 6	322, 0	325, 9	334, 2	340, 1	347.4
Housing	90. 9 36. 4 18. 3 117. 0	99. 1 39. 4 20. 4 125. 9	107. 9 43. 3 21. 8 137. 9	116. 4 47. 3 23. 4 149. 9	88. 8 35. 4 17. 7 114. 8	90, 2 35, 9 18, 0 115, 9	91, 4 36, 9 18, 5 117, 7	93. 3 37. 3 18. 9 119. 7	95, 8 38, 5 19, 5 123, 2	98. 0 39. 1 20. 2 125. 0	100, 0 39, 6 20, 7 126, 6	102, 6 40, 5 21, 1 128, 9	105, 1 41, 2 21, 5 133, 1	106, 9 42, 6 21, 6 135, 9	103, 9 43, 9 21, 9 133, 8	110, 7 45, 5 22, 3 143, 6	113. 1 45. 6 22. 8 144. 5	115. 6 46. 6 23. 1 148. 8	117. 0 48. 3 23. 6 151. 2	119. 7 48. 7 24. 1 155. 0

^{1.} Includes consumer purchases of mobile homes—See table 5.8.

Table 2.4.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type: Not Seasonally Adjusted [Billions of dollars]

		19	970			19	71			19'	72			19	73	
	I	II	ш	IV	I	П	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	III	IV
Personal consumption expenditures	144.0	153, 3	154.4	166.0	153, 9	165.8	166.4	180.9	167.8	179. 9	182, 4	199, 0	186, 1	200, 2	201.3	217.7
Durable goods	20.3	23, 6	22, 2	25. 2	22. 1	26, 3	25, 2	30.3	25, 2	29.7	28.9	34.7	29, 6	33, 6	31.6	35, 5
Automobile and parts Furniture and household equipment Other	8. 8 8. 4 3. 1	10. 9 9. 4 3. 3	8. 9 9. 7 3. 6	8. 6 12. 1 4. 5	10. 3 8. 8 3. 0	12. 6 10. 1 3. 6	11. 2 10. 3 3. 7	12. 5 13. 1 4. 8	11.6 10.3 3.2	14. 2 11. 5 4. 0	12.8 12.0 4.0	14. 4 14. 9 5. 4	14. 2 11. 8 3. 6	16. 1 13. 3 4. 3	14. 0 13. 4 4. 2	13. 4 16. 5 5. 6
Nondurable goods	59.1	65, 0	65.7	74.0	61.9	69.4	69, 2	77.9	66,6	73,7	74.9	84.5	74, 2	83.3	84.4	96, 1
Food and beverages Clothing and shoes Gasoline and oil Other	29. 8 10. 5 5. 0 13. 8	32.3 12.3 5.7 14.7	33. 6 12. 5 5. 9 13. 7	34. 3 17. 5 5. 6 16. 6	31. 3 11. 0 5. 3 14. 3	34. 1 13. 8 5. 9 15. 5	34. 8 13. 6 6. 2 14. 6	35. 7 18. 8 6. 0 17. 4	32, 9 12, 4 5, 7 15, 5	35. 9 14. 7 6. 2 16. 9	37. 1 15. 0 6. 6 16. 1	37. 8 20. 8 6. 4 19. 5	37. 4 13. 8 6. 3 16. 7	40. 7 17. 0 7. 2 18. 4	42. 7 16. 6 7. 4 17. 7	44. 4 22. 8 7. 4 21. 5
Services	64.7	64.7	66, 4	66.8	69, 9	70, 2	72, 0	72, 7	76, 0	76.4	78, 6	79.8	82, 3	83, 2	85.2	86.2
Housing Household operation Transportation Other.	22, 2 10, 0 4, 4 28, 2	22. 5 8. 6 4. 5 29. 1	22. 9 8. 6 4. 7 30 . 2	23. 3 9. 2 4. 7 29. 6	23. 9 11. 1 4. 8 30. 1	24. 5 9. 2 5. 1 31. 4	25, 1 9, 2 5, 2 32, 5	25. 6 10. 0 5. 3 31. 9	26, 2 11, 8 5, 3 32, 6	26. 7 10. 1 5. 4 34. 2	27. 3 10. 2 5. 5 3 5. 6	27. 6 11. 3 5. 5 35. 4	28, 2 12, 9 5, 6 35, 5	28. 9 11. 1 5. 8 37. 4	29. 4 11. 3 5. 9 38. 6	29. 9 12. 0 6. 0 38. 3

Table 2.5.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product

	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
Food 1 and tobacco.	141, 181	147, 680	156, 438	178, 676	VII. Personal business—Continued				
 Food purchased for off-premise consumption (n.d.c.) Purchased meals and beverages (n.d.c.) Food furnished government (including military) 	97, 978 29, 286	102, 568 30, 695	107, 717 33, 212	124, 528 37, 368	5. Legal services(s.) 6. Funeral and burial expenses(s.) 7. Other(s.)	4, 121 2, 179 2, 116	4,511 2,263 2,042	5, 058 2, 393 2, 466	5, 6 2, 4 2, 8
and commercial employees (n.d.c.)	2,007 718	1,919 709	2,001 774	2, 228 985	VIII. Transportation	77,776	90, 489	99, 949	109,2
5. Tobacco products (n.d.c.)	11, 192	11,789	12, 734	13, 567	User-operated transportation a. New cars and net purchases of used cars (d.c.) ² .	72, 250 31, 595	84, 648 40, 328	93, 768 45, 986	102, 6 50, 0
Clothing, accessories, and jewelry	62,834	67, 241	73, 633	81, 274	b. Tires, tubes, accessories, and parts (d.c.)	5,702	6, 298	7, 148	7,4
1. Shoes and other footwear (n.d.c.) 2. Shoe cleaning and repair (s.)	412	8, 438 404	9, 271 4 3 6	10, 403 442	c. Automobile repair, greasing, washing, parking storage, and rental(s.) d. Gasoline and oil (n.d.c.)	8, 719 22, 211	9,624 23,498	10, 255 24, 993	11, 28,
a. Women's and children's (n.d.c.)	44, 661 29, 010 15, 651	48, 709 31, 844 16, 865	53, 688 34, 888 18, 800	59, 697 38, 862 26, 835	e. Bridge, tunnel, ferry, and road tolls(s.) f. Automobile insurance premiums less claims	545	583	619	
b. Men's and boy's (n.d.c.) 4. Standard clothing issued to military personnel (n.d.c.)	161	118	70	20, 88	paid(s.)	3, 478	4, 317	4, 767	4,
5. Cleaning, dyeing, pressing, alteration, storage, and repair of garments including furs (in shops) not elsewhere classified (s.). 6. Laundering in establishments (s.)	4, 474	4, 357	4, 522	4, 509	Purchased local transportation. a. Street and electric railway and local bus(s.) b. Taxicab(s.) c. Railway (commutation)(s.)	2,505 1,557 776 172	2,579 1,579 824 176	2,586 1,568 841 177	2, 1,
7. Jewelry and watches (d.c.)	4, 298	4, 309	4,619	4,914	3. Purchased intercity transportationa. Railway (excluding commutation)(s.)	3, 021 148	3, 262 122	3, 595 137	3,
8. Other (s.)	807 10,420 6,291	906 10,621 6,525	1,027 11,443 7,146	1, 221 12, 315 7, 820	b. Intercity bus(s.) c. Airline(s.) d. Other(s.)	391 2, 446 36	2,690 37	3, 004 40	3,
Toilet articles and preparations (n.d.c.) Barbershops, beauty parlors, and baths (s.)	i	4,096	4, 297	4, 495	IX. Recreation	40, 653	42, 990	48,123	52
. Housing	90, 926	99, 117	107, 895	116, 367	1. Books and maps (d.c.)	3, 453	3, 761	3, 735	3 5
Owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings—space-rental value (s.) Tenant-occupied nonfarm dwellings (including	59, 585	65, 138	71, 151	77,077	Books and maps (d.c.). Magazines, newspapers, and sheet music (n.d.c.). Nondurable toys and sport supplies (n.d.c.)	4, 226 5, 918	4, 574 6, 164	4, 803 7, 114	1
lodging houses)—space rent (s.)	25, 253 2, 907	27, 557 3, 101	29, 821 3, 367	31,658 3,762	4. Wheel goods, durable toys, sport equipment boats, and pleasure aircraft (d.c.)	4, 916	5, 245	6,405	
	3, 181	3, 321	3, 556	3, 870 117, 509	Radio and television receivers, records, and musical instruments (d.c.) Radio and television repair(s.)	9, 43 9 1, 3 12	9, 814 1, 305	11,518	12
1. Furniture, including mattresses and bedsprings	87, 360	93, 785	105, 057	117,509		1, 535	1,612	1,515 1,858	
(d.c.) 2. Kitchen and other household appliances (d.c.) 3. China, glassware, tableware, and utensils (d.c.) 4. Other durable house furnishings (d.c.) 5. Semidurable house furnishings (n.d.c.)	8, 257 9, 118 3, 837 8, 938 6, 541	8, 830 9, 782 4, 197 9, 657 7, 271	9, 991 11, 173 4, 754 11, 272 8, 241	11, 249 12, 560 5, 384 12, 910 9, 277	 Flowers, seeds, and potted plants (n.d.c.) Admissions to specified spectator amusements a. Motion picture theaters(s.) b. Legitimate theaters and opera, and entertainments of nonprofit institutions (except athletics)(s.) 	2, 421 1, 162 733	2, 531 1, 198 761	2, 667 1, 203 882	
Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (n.d.c.) Stationery and writing supplies (n.d.c.)	5, 796	5,955	6, 235	6,926	athletics)(s.). c. Spectator sports(s.). 9. Clubs and fraternal organizations except insurance (s.).	526 1, 164	1,222	1,279]
8 Household utilities	1,764 24,325	1,811 26,240	2, 233	2, 407 32, 752	10. Commercial participant amusements(s.) 11. Pari-mutual net receipts(s.) 12. Other(s.)	1,827 1,018 3,424	1, 919 1, 119 3, 724	2,092 1,204 3,933	1
a. Electricity (s.) b. Gas (s.) c. Water and other sanitary services (s.) d. Other fuel and ice (n.d.c.)	9, 824 5, 262 2, 487	10, 936 5, 699 2, 738	12, 250 6, 174 2, 965	13,779 6,242 3,219	X. Private education and research	10, 363	10,887	11,934	13
		6,867	2, 965 7, 829	9, 512	Higher education(s.) Elementary and secondary schools(s.) Other(s.)	5, 244 2, 625 2, 494	5,590 2,703	6, 115 2, 867 2, 952	9
9. Telephone and telegraph (s.) 10. Domestic service (s.) 11. Other (s.)	9, 879 4, 830 4, 075	10,808 4,959 4,275	12, 165 5, 021 4, 754	13, 771 5, 178 5, 095	XI. Religious and welfare activities(s.)	l	2, 594 9, 203	2, 952 10, 096	10
. Medical care expenses	47,401	51,764	57, 230	62,726	XII. Foreign travel and other, net	4,815	5, 217	5,798	Ę
Drug preparations and sundries (n.d.c.) Out the long products and outhors dia appliances.	6, 945	7, 285	8,004	8, 592	1. Foreign travel by United States residents(s.)	5,460	5,890	6, 895	7
Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances (d.c.) Physicians (s.)	1,745 12,94 3	1,697 14,191	1,842 15,259	2,034 16,620	ment personnel (military and civilian) (n.d.c). 3. Less: expenditures in the United States by foreign-	2,026	2,111	1,950	1
4. Dentists (s.)	4, 293	4, 312	4,609	4,901	ers(s.) 4. Less: personal remittances in kind to foreigners	2, 421	2,574	2,840	1
5. Other professional services (s.) 6. Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (s.)	2, 059 16, 851 2, 565	2, 209 18, 779	2, 585 20, 541	2, 889 22, 940	(n.d.c.) Total personal consumption expenditures	250	210	207	80
7. Health insurance a. Medical care and hospitalization (s.) b. Income loss (s.)	1, 441 1, 124	3, 291 1, 946 1, 345	4, 390 2, 835 1, 555	4,750	Durable commodities (d.c.)		1	-	130
I. Personal business.	35, 314	38, 131	41, 421	45, 183	Nondurable commodities (n.d.c.)		1		337
1. Brokerage charges and investment counseling (s.)	2, 171	2, 815	3,006	2, 869	Services.(s.)	1			330
2. Bank service charges, trust services, and safe- deposit box rental (s.)	2, 145	2,316	2, 450	2,632					
 Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except insurance companies (s.) Expense of handling life insurance (s.) 	14, 634 7, 948	15, 619 8, 565	17, 293 8, 755	19,006 9,727					

^{1.} Expenditures for food (items 1-4) include consumer expenditures for alcoholic beverages of the following amounts in millions of dollars: 1970, \$17,877; 1971, \$19,082; 1972, \$20,274; 1978, \$21,501. Expenditures for food excluding alcoholic beverages are as follows in millions of dollars: 1970, \$112,112; 1971, \$116,809; 1972, \$123,430; 1973, \$143,608.

^{2.} Includes consumer purchases of mobile homes—See table 5.8.

Note.—Consumer durable commodities are designated (d.c.), nondurable commodities (n.d.c.), and services (s.) following group titles.

Table 2.6.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1958 dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
Personal consumption expenditures 1	477.5	496.4	527.3	552.1	Other nondurable goods—Continued Other fuel and ice.	5. 4	5, 2	5, 9	6. 2
Durable goods	83, 8	92. 5	104.9	113, 6	Drug preparations and sundries. Nondurable toys and sport supplies.	6.9	7. 1 5. 4	7. 8 6. 2	8. 3 6. 7
Autos and parts	34.4	41.4	47. 2	50,8	Services.		192.6	202, 2	209.9
New cars and net purchases of used cars ² Tires, tubes, accessories, and parts	29, 2 5, 2	35. 8 5. 6	40. 9 6. 3	44. 0 6. 7	Housing	72, 6	75. 6	79.4	82, 0
Furniture and households equipment	36. 9	38.5	43, 9	48.4	Owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings—space-rental	48, 2	50, 3	50.1	55, 2
Furniture, including matresses and bedsprings. Kitchen and other household appliances. China, glassware, tableware, and utensils, and other	6. 4 9. 9	6. 6 10. 4	7. 2 11. 8	7. 7 13. 1	value. Tenant-occupied nonfarm dwellings (including lodg- ing houses)—space rent. Rental value of farmhouses.	20. 4 1. 7	21.3 1.7	53. 1 22. 3 1. 7	22. 7 1. 7
China, glassware, tableware, and utensils, and other durable house furnishings. Radio and television receivers, records, and musical	10.6	11.3	12.8	14. 1	Household operation services		30, 4	32.0	33. 1
instruments.	10. 1	10. 3	12, 1	13. 5	Electricity.		9.4	10.0	10. 7
Other durable goods	12.6	12.6	13, 8	14.4	Gas Water and other sanitary services	4.3 1.6	4. 3 1. 6	4.5 1.7	4.3
Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances Wheels goods, durable toys, sport equipment, boats, and pleasure aircraft	1.3	1. 2	1, 2	1.3	Telephone Domestic service	9. 4 2. 7	9. 8 2. 7	10. 5 2. 6	11. 6 2. 8
•	4.6	4.8	5, 9	6.3	Transportation services	12, 6	12,8	13, 2	13,
Nondurable goods		211, 3	220, 2	228, 6	User-operated transportation services	8.8	9.1	9.4	9.9
Food and beverages	101.2	103.0	104.5	106.4	Purchased local transportation	1.4	1.4	1.3	1, 3
Food purchased for off-premise consumption	78. 6 20. 3	80, 5 20, 3	81, 1 21, 3	81. 8 22. 5	Street and electric railway and local bus	.8 2.3	. 8 2. 3	.8 2.5	2. 3
commercial employees, and food produced and consumed on farms.	2, 3	2. 2	2. 1	2.1	Railway (excluding commutation) Intercity bus Airline	.1 .3 1,9	$\begin{array}{c} .1\\ .3\\ 2.0 \end{array}$.1 .3 2.1	2.
Addenda: Food excluding alcoholic beverages	86. 1 15. 1	87. 3 15. 7	88. 2 16. 3	89. 6 16. 9	Other services	72, 3	73, 8	77.5	80.3
Clothing and shoes	39.1	40.8	43. 6	46, 3	Shoe cleaning and repair	. 3	. 3	.3	.:
Shoes and other footwear	5. 4 22. 2	5. 4 23. 4	5, 8 24, 8	6. 2 26. 4	repair of garments including furs, and laundering, in establishments	3. 0	2.8	2. 9	2. 7
ard clothing issued to military personnel	11.6	12.0	13, 0	13. 7	Barbershops, beauty parlors, and baths	2. 7	2, 6	2. 7	2,
Gasoline and oil	18.7	19.5	20, 5	21.4	Medical care services	22. 6 7. 5	23. 1 7. 7	24. 2 8. 0	25. 5 8. 5
Other nondurable goods	47.5	48.0	51.6	54.5	Dentists	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.8
Tobacco products	7. 2 5. 6 5. 1	7. 3 5. 6 5. 5	7. 6 6. 0 6, 0	8. 0 6. 4 6. 6	Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except insurance companies Admissions to specified spectator amusements	7. 6 1. 2	8. 4 1. 2	9. 3 1. 2	9. 9 1. 3
Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscella- neous household supplies and paper products	5. 0	4.9	5, 0	5. 5					

^{1.} Totals and subtotals include items not shown separately.
2. Includes consumer purchases of mobile homes—see table 5.8.

3.—Government Receipts and Expenditures

Table 3.1.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures

	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
Receipts	192, 026	198, 458	227, 239	258, 517	Expenditures	203, 927	220, 333	244, 719	264, 154
Personal tax and nontax receipts	92, 221	89, 926	108, 195	114, 138	Purchases of goods and services	96, 182	97, 642	104, 861	106, 558
Total receipts before refunds Income taxes	106, 020	105, 029	123, 067	136, 936	Compensation of employees	45, 164	47, 265	50, 736	52, 816
Income taxes Estate and gift taxes Nontaxes	102, 199 3, 728 93	100, 318 4, 641 70	117, 509 5, 433 125	131, 654 5, 158 124	Structures (excluding construction force account compensation)	3, 107 47, 911	3, 957 46, 420	4, 456 49, 669	4, 698 49, 044
Less: Tax refunds	13, 799	15, 103	14,872	22, 798	Addendum: Construction force account compensation	201	243	268	299
Corporate profits tax accruals	31, 035	33, 43 9	36, 567	43, 716	Transfer payments	63, 210 61, 014	74, 896 72, 311	82, 807 80, 062	95, 499 92, 873
Federal Reserve banks Private corporations	3, 494	3,357 30,082	3, 231 33, 336	4, 341 39, 375	To persons To foreigners (net)	2, 196	2, 585	2,745	2,626
Indirect bu sin ess tax and nontax accruals)	20, 448	20, 010	21, 160	Grants-in-aid to State and local governments	24, 447	29,011	37, 443	40, 514
	, , ,	′	′	'	Net interest paid	14, 590	13, 642	13, 457	16, 262
Total accruals before refunds Excise taxes	15,965	20, 795 16, 299	20, 444 15, 994	21, 557 16, 964	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	5, 498	5, 181	6,634	5, 329
Liquor Tobacco Other Customs duties	2.184	4,961 2,157 9,181	5,099 2,235 8,660	5, 242 2, 381 9, 341	Subsidies Current surplus	4, 143 -1, 355	3, 971 -1, 210	5, 636 -998	4, 218 -1, 111
Nontaxes	2, 553 1, 137	3, 195 1, 301	3, 103 1, 347	3, 398 1, 195	Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0	3 9	483	8
Less: Tax refunds	335	347	434	397	Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product			15 400	- 605
Contributions for social insurance	49, 450	54, 645	62, 467	79, 503	accounts	 11, 901	-21,875	-17,480	-5,637

^{1.} Includes net foreign interest, which is not included in "net interest paid." The amounts (in millions) are as follows: 1970, \$173; 1971, \$955; 1972, \$1,887; 1973, \$3,008.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 3.2.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures: Quarterly

[Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		19	70				1971				1972			19	73	
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	П	III	IV
Receipts	192, 8	194.8	191, 2	189.3	194, 2	197.0	199, 3	203, 4	220, 9	224, 1	228, 4	235, 6	249, 1	255, 0	261.8	268, 3
Personal tax and nontax receipts. Corporate profits tax accruals. Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. Contributions for social insurance.	93. 9 31. 4 19. 1 48. 4	94.6 31.4 19.3 49.5	89. 7 31. 9 19. 5 50. 2	90. 6 29. 5 19. 4 49. 7	86. 5 33. 0 20. 8 53. 9	88. 3 34. 2 20. 2 54. 3	90. 3 33. 9 20. 1 54. 9	94. 6 32. 7 20. 6 55. 5	105, 9 34, 2 19, 7 61, 1	106. 9 35. 5 19. 8 61. 8	108. 5 36. 8 20. 1 63. 0	111. 4 39. 7 20. 5 63. 9	107. 9 42. 8 20. 9 77. 4	110.3 44.7 21.4 78.6	116.7 43.8 21.0 80.2	121. 6 43. 5 21. 3 81. 8
Expenditures	195.4	206, 7	205, 1	208.6	212, 1	220, 3	221, 9	226, 9	235, 8	243, 7	238, 2	261, 2	260, 2	262, 4	263, 4	270.6
Purchases of goods and services	99. 5 78. 5 21. 0	95. 8 74. 0 21. 8	94. 7 73. 2 21. 5	94. 8 72. 6 22. 2	95. 9 71. 8 24. 1	96, 2 70, 8 25, 5	97. 9 70. 0 27. 9	100. 5 72. 1 28. 5	105. 6 75. 9 29. 7	105. 9 75, 9 30. 0	102. 7 72. 6 30. 1	105. 2 74. 7 30. 5	106. 4 75. 0 31. 4	106. 2 74. 0 32. 2	105. 3 73. 3 32. 0	108. 4 75. 3 33. 1
Transfer payments	55, 7 53, 6 2, 1	64. 7 62. 7 2. 1	64. 5 62. 3 2. 3	67. 9 65. 5 2. 4	69. 0 66. 7 2. 3	76, 5 74, 0 2, 5	76. 5 73. 8 2. 8	77. 6 74. 7 2. 8	79. 6 76. 7 2. 9	79, 9 77, 1 2, 8	80. 8 78. 0 2. 8	90. 9 88. 4 2. 5	92. 0 89. 9 2. 1	94. 7 91. 5 3. 3	96. 5 93. 9 2. 7	98. 8 96. 3 2. 5
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments Net interest paid	23. 3 14. 4	24. 0 14. 4	24, 9 14. 9	25. 6 14. 6	27. 4 14. 2	29. 1 13. 6	29. 1 13. 5	30, 5 13, 3	31. 7 13. 1	37. 8 13. 5	34. 4 13. 4	45. 8 13. 8	41. 2 14. 8	40. 1 15. 9	39. 8 16. 8	41. 0 17. 6
terprises	5.0	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7	4.9	4.9	5. 2	5.7	6. 5	7.0	7.4	6. 1	5. 4	5.0	4.8
Subsidies	4. 2 8	4.1 -1.5	4. 1 -1. 6	4. 2 -1. 5	4.0 1.7	4.0 9	3, 8 -1, 1	4. 0 -1. 1	4.7 -1.0	5. 2 -1. 3	6. 2 -, 7	6.4 -1.0	4.9 -1.1	4.5 9	3.8 -1.3	3.7 -1.1
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	2. 5	-2, 1	4	.0	.0	.0	.0	.1	.0	1	.0	2.1	.1	1	.0	. 0
Surplus of deficit (-), national income and product accounts	-2.6	-11.9	-13.8	-19, 3	-18.0	-23.4	-22,7	-23, 5	-14.9	-19, 6	-9,8	-25, 6	~11.2	-7.4	-1.7	-2.3

Table 3.3.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures

				[Miniotis	or donars;				
	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
Receipts	134, 970	152, 194	177, 206	193, 537	Expenditures.	133, 212	148, 837	164, 864	184, 376
Personal tax and nontax receipts Income taxes	11, 114	12,669	34, 190 17, 460	37, 192 18, 969	Purchases of goods and services. Compensation of employees. Structures (excluding construction force account com-	123, 349 69, 553	136, 600 77, 381	150, 794 85, 677	169, 820 95, 652
Death and gift taxes Motor vehicle licenses	1,644	1, 209 1, 719	1,443	1,509 2,043	nensation)	25 132	26, 258	26, 536	28, 821
Property taxes Other taxes Nontaxes	1, 198 423 8, 909	1, 306 466 10, 312	1,399 500 11,522	1,504 554 12,613	Medical vendor payments All other purchases	5, 535 23, 129	6, 833 26, 128	8, 3 09 3 0, 272	9,724 35,623
Corporate profits tax accruals		4, 110	4, 975	6,072	Addendum: Construction force account compensation.	647	689	676	681
Indirect buşiness tax and nontax accruals	74, 141	82, 2 3 8	90, 038	98, 031	Transfer payments to persons	14, 105	16, 689	18, 569	20, 104
Sales taxes State	25,038	31, 636 27, 686	35, 543 31, 073	39, 447 34, 485	Net interest paid.	}	-224	-272	-828
General Gasoline Liquor	6,393	16, 595 6, 870 1, 620	18, 737 7, 622 1, 749	21, 201 8, 262 1, 861	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. Subsidies Current surplus	-3, 804 24 3, 828	-4,058 34 4,092	-4,377 53 4,430	-4,740 73 4,813
Tobacco Local	2, 426 3, 365	2, 601 3, 950	2, 965 4, 470	3, 161 4, 962	Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	1	170	-150	-20
Motor vehicle licenses Property taxes	1,554	1,635 40,000	1,763 42,704	1,923 45,740	Surplus or deficit $(-)$, national income and product	}			
Other taxes 1	6, 412 1, 459	7, 428 1, 539	8, 340 1, 688	9, 083 1, 838	accountsAddenda:	1,758	3,357	12, 342	9, 161
Contributions for social insurance	8, 258	9, 154	10, 560	11,728	Surplus, social insurance funds. Surplus or deficit (—), all other State and local funds.	6, 518	7, 250 -3, 893	8, 353 3, 989	9,079
Federal grants-in-aid	24, 447	29, 011	37, 443	40, 514	7, 511 0010 0000 0100 1000 1000	-,,,,,,	3,000	3,000	

^{1.} Other taxes include tax amounts for several State selective sales taxes not separately shown, and not included in the State sales tax total above. The amounts (in millions) are as follows: 1970, \$3,090; 1971, \$3,681; 1972, \$4,006; 1973, \$4,450.

Table 3.4.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures: Quarterly

[Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		19	70			19	71	-		19	72			19	73	
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV
Receipts	130.0	133.3	137.1	139.6	145, 2	150, 7	154.1	158.8	166, 1	176, 2	175.8	190.8	190.3	192, 0	194.6	197. 3
Personal tax and nontax receipts. Corporate profits tax accruals. Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. Contributions for social insurance Federal grants-in-aid	23. 7 3. 9 71. 3 7. 9 23. 3	24. 1 3. 8 73. 3 8. 1 24. 0	24. 7 3. 8 75. 3 8. 4 24. 9	25. 1 3. 5 76. 7 8. 7 25. 6	26. 1 3. 9 79. 0 8. 9 27. 4	27. 3 4. 1 81. 1 9. 1 29. 1	28. 0 4. 3 83. 6 9. 3 29. 1	29. 3 4. 2 85. 3 9. 4 30 . 5	32. 7 4. 6 87. 0 10. 1 31. 7	33. 9 4. 8 89. 2 10. 4 37. 8	34. 6 5. 0 91. 0 10. 7 34. 4	35. 5 5. 4 93. 0 11. 0 45. 8	36. 2 6. 0 95. 6 11. 3 41. 2	36. 9 6. 2 97. 2 11. 6 40. 1	37. 4 6. 1 99. 4 11. 9 39. 8	38. 2 6. 0 100. 0 12. 1 41. 0
Expenditures	126, 5	131, 0	135, 8	139, 5	143, 8	147.3	150, 1	154, 2	159, 5	161,7	166.5	171.7	177.0	181,7	186, 2	192.7
Purchase of goods and services. Transfer payments to persons. Net interest paid. Subsidies less current surplus of government	117. 8 12. 9 5	121. 5 13. 7 4	125. 6 14. 5 5	128, 5 15, 3 -, 4	132.0 16.0 1	135, 1 16, 5 -, 2	137. 8 16. 9 3	141. 6 17. 4 3	145. 5 17. 9 2	147. 9 18. 4 3	152. 4 18. 9 3	157. 4 19. 2 —. 3	162.7 19.5 5	167. 1 19. 9 —. 7	171. 6 20. 3 9	177.9 20.8 -1.2
enter prises. Subsidies Current surplus	-3.7 0 3.7	-3.8 0 3.8	-3.9 0 3.9	-4.0 0 4.0	-4.0 0 4.0	-4.0 0 4.1	-4.1 0 4.1	-4.1 0 4.2	-4.2 0 4.3	-4.3 .1 4.4	4.4 .1 4.5	-4.5 .1 4.6	-4.6 .1 4.7	-4.7 .1 4.8	$ \begin{array}{c c} -4.8 \\ .1 \\ 4.9 \end{array} $	-4.9 .1 4.9
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	. 3	. 4	6	-, 1	.0	.0	.0	1	.0	. 0
Surplus or deficit (), national income and product accounts	3.4	2, 3	1.3	.1	1.4	3, 3	4, 1	4,6	6.7	14.4	9, 2	19. 1	13, 2	10.4	8.4	4.6
Addenda: Surplus, social insurance funds. Surplus or deficit (—), all other State and local	6. 1	6. 4	6. 6	6. 9	7. 1	7. 2	7.3	7.4	7. 9	8. 3	8. 5	8.7	8.8	9. 0	9. 2	9.4
funds	-2.7	-4.1	-5.4	-6.8	-5.7	-3. 9	-3.3	-2.8	-1.3	6. 1	.7	10. 4	4.5	1. 3	8	-4.7

Table 3.5.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures: Not Seasonally Adjusted [Billions of dollars]

1970 1971 1972 1973 IV IV IIШ Ι \mathbf{II} ш IVΙ IIШ IV1 IIIII Receipts.... 47.5 54, 5 47.8 42, 3 48. 1 54.5 50.3 45.6 54.4 62.9 57, 2 **52.** 8 63, 3 66, 6 61.5 21.5 22. 1 8. 3 23.7 8.2 4.7 29.1 11.0 5.4 24.4 25.4 10.1 25. **3** 10. **3** 27.5 11.732.2 10.7 5. 0 9. 2 4. 9 14. 8 4. 8 11. 4 5.3 18.4 15.8 16. 2 12.6 10. 1 18. 1 12. **1** 22.6 17.8 22.5 16.0 51.8 52, 9 52, 4 67.6 Expenditures..... 46.9 51.8 55.3 56, 5 56, 7 66.2 58.0 61.8 60.3 64.7 64.3 66.2 26.8 27. 3 19. 4 7. 8 27.8 19. 0 8. 8 19. 1 5. 2 16. 4 15. 8 Transfer payments 15.8 15.3 19. **3** 18. **7** 19. 1 18. 4 . 7 20. 2 19. 5 $\begin{array}{c} 22.5 \\ 21.9 \end{array}$ $23.6 \\ 23.0$ 16.8 16.2 18.6 18.0 19.5 18.8 $24.6 \\ 24.0$ 17.8 17.3 23.8 23.0 $23.5 \\ 22.9$ To persons.
To foreigners (net) 19.9 Grants-in-aid to State and local governments.... 6.4 6.2 6. 4 6. 4 7.8 7.2 7.7 7.4 10.3 8.3 11.4 9.9 10.6 9.8 10.2Net interest paid..... 3.7 3, 5 3.7 3. 7 4.5 3.6 3.3 3.3 3.7 3.8 3.4 3.4 3.3 3.4 3.5 4.2 Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.... .7 3.9 **3.** 2 .7 . 6 . 5 Subsidies_______Current surplus______ -. 2 -. 3 ..2 -..5 3.5 -.4 -.3 -.2 . 3 -. 4 $\frac{2.8}{-.5}$.6 -.1 $\frac{2.7}{-.7}$ -.4 3 -.2-.7 -.2 -.6 -.1 .6 -.3 -.4 -.1 Less: Wage accruals less disbursements..... -.5 -.1 0 0 0 0 0 . 5 0 0 0 0 Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts.... 2, 7 -5.1 -10.1 -3.7-.8 -6, 2-11.11, 1 -11,9 -.9 1, 0 .4 -6.1-3.5-3.1

Table 3.6.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures: Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

		19	70			19	71			19	72		1973				
	I	п	111	IV	ı	II	ш	ıv	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	
Receipts	31, 1	34, 8	31, 1	37, 9	34, 5	38, 3	36, 2	43, 2	39,8	45, 5	41, 0	50, 9	45, 6	48.8	45, 3	53, 8	
Personal tax and nontax receipts. Corporate profits tax accruals Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. Contributions for social insurance. Federal grants-in-aid	.9	6.8 1.0 18.7 2.0 6.4	5. 5 . 9 16. 4 2. 1 6. 2	6. 1 . 9 22. 4 2. 2 6. 4	6. 5 . 9 18. 5 2. 2 6. 4	7.6 1.1 19.6 2.3 7.8	6. 3 1. 0 19. 3 2. 3 7. 2	7.3 1.1 24.9 2.4 7.7	8. 2 1. 1 20. 6 2. 5 7. 4	9. 5 1. 3 21. 8 2. 6 10. 3	8. 1 1. 2 20. 6 2. 7 8. 3	8. 4 1. 4 27. 0 2. 7 11. 4	9. 2 1. 5 22. 3 2. 8 9. 9	9. 9 1. 6 23. 8 2. 9 10. 6	8.8 1.5 22.2 3.0 9.8	9. 3 1. 5 29. 7 3. 0 10. 2	
Expenditures	30.6	33.0	34, 8	34.7	34, 8	37, 2	38, 4	38, 4	38, 7	40, 8	42, 6	42, 8	43, 2	45, 8	47.5	48.0	
Purchases of goods and services. Transfer payments to persons. Net interest paid. Subsidies less current surplus of government	28. 4 3. 2 -, 1	30.7 3.4 1	32. 3 3. 6 -, 1	32. 0 3. 8 1	31.9 4.0 .0	34.1 4.1 1	35. 3 4. 2 1	35. 3 4. 4 1	35. 2 4. 5 1	37. 3 4. 6 -, 1	39. 1 4. 7 1	39. 2 4. 8 1	39. 5 4. 9 —. 1	42. 2 4. 9 -, 2	43. 9 5. 0 —. 2	44. 3 5. 2 3	
enterprises	9 .0 .9	9 .0 .9	-1.0 .0 1.0 .0	-1.0 .0 1.0 .0	-1.0 .0 1.0 .0	-1.0 .0 1.0 .0	-1.0 .0 1.0 .1	-1.0 .0 1.0 .1	-1.1 .0 1.1 1	-1.1 .0 1.1 .0	-1.1 .0 1.1 .0	-1.1 .0 1.1 .0	-1.2 .0 1.2 .0	-1.2 .0 1.2 .0	-1.2 .0 1.2 .0	-1.2 .0 1.2 .0	
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	.4	1, 8	-3.7	3, 2	4	1, 1	-2, 2	4.8	1, 1	4.8	-1.6	8. 2	2, 5	3, 1	-2, 2	5.8	

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 3.7.—Social Insurance Funds

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
Federal					State and local				
Receipts	54, 211	59, 445	67,536	85, 228	Receipts	10, 932	12, 370	14, 359	16, 175
Contributions for social insurance	49, 450	54, 645	62, 467	79, 503	Contributions for social insurance	8, 258	9, 154	10, 560	11,728
Personal contributions	24, 680	27,089	30, 194	38,088	Personal contributions	3, 311	3, 630	4, 268	4, 736
Employer contributions Government and government enterprises Private	24,770 4,768 20,002	27, 556 5, 563 21, 993	32, 273 6, 370 25, 903	41, 415 7, 625 33, 790	Employer contributions. Government and government enterprises. Private.	4, 947 4, 920 27	5, 524 5, 487 37	6, 292 6, 248 44	6, 992 6, 946 46
Investment income	4, 761	4, 800	5, 069	5, 725	Investment income	2,674	3, 216	3, 799	4, 447
Expenditures	50, 167	59,001	65, 055	75, 838	Expenditures	4, 414	5, 120	6,006	7, 096
Benefit payments	47, 997 2, 170	56, 543 2, 458	62, 269 2, 786	73, 100 2, 738	Benefit payments	4, 29 3 121	4, 971 149	5, 8 3 8 168	6, 889 207
Surplus	4,044	444	2,481	9, 390	Surplus	6,518	7, 250	8, 353	9, 079

Table 3.8.—Contributions for Social Insurance

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total contributions for social insurance	57,708	63, 799	73,027	91, 231
Employer contributions	29, 717	33, 080	38, 565	48, 407
Federal social insurance funds. Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. Hospital insurance. State unemployment insurance Federal unemployment tax Railroad retirement insurance. Railroad unemployment insurance. Federal civilian employee retirement systems. Veterans life insurance (Government). State and local social insurance funds. State and local employee retirement systems. Cash sickness compensation funds.	16, 436 2, 276 2, 494 860 518 128 2, 047 11 4, 947	27, 556 18, 374 2, 426 2, 706 862 536 123 2, 521 8 5, 524 5, 487 37	32, 273 20, 600 2, 720 4, 187 1, 195 567 119 2, 872 13 6, 292 6, 248 44	41, 415 25, 402 5, 301 5, 110 1, 504 758 119 3, 212 9 6, 992 6, 946 46
Personal contributions.	27, 991	30,719	34, 462	42, 824
Federal social insurance funds Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance Hospital insurance Medical insurance OASDH1 self-employed State unemployment insurance. Railroad retirement insurance. Federal civilian employee retirement systems Veterans life insurance (Government)	16, 450 2, 278 1, 091 1, 920 38 437 1, 887	27, 089 18, 391 2, 428 1, 285 1, 927 29 450 1, 988 591	30, 194 20, 617 2, 722 1, 372 2, 120 26 499 2, 144 694	38, 088 25, 420 5, 306 1, 540 2, 398 28 507 2, 246 643
State and local social insurance funds	2, 974	3, 630 3, 279 351	4, 268 3, 856 412	4,736 4,286 450

Table 3.9.—Government Transfer Payments to Persons

[Millions of dollars]

[Minions of donars]				
	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total government transfer payments to persons	75,119	89,000	98, 631	112, 977
Federal Government Benefits from social insurance funds	61,014	72, 311	80,062	92,873
Benefits from social insurance funds	47, 997	56, 543	62, 269	73, 100
Old age, survivors, and disability insurance	31, 380	36,617	40,948	50, 687
Hospital and medical insurance	7,076	7,834	8,607	9,712
Unemployment insurance		5,752	5,579	4, 252
State	3,812	5, 567	5,400	4,098
Federal employee	. 77	109	128	124
Railroad	39	76	51	30
Railroad retirement insurance	1,801	2,039	2, 190	2,594
Federal civilian pensions	3.024	3,504	4, 145	5,038
Civil service	2,975	3,445	4,078	4,960
Other		59	67	78
Veterans life insurance.	788	797	800	817
Military retirement	2,814	3,307	3,789	4, 321
Veterans pensions and disability payments	5, 433	5,884	6,312	6,464
Veterans readjustment payments	1, 154	1,656	2, 192	2,823
Veterans unemployment program	198	349	364	201
Food stamp program		1,698	1,983	2,212
Black lung program		379	554	1,057
Other	2,206	2,495	2, 599	2,695
State and local government	14,105	16,689	18,569	20,104
Benefits from social insurance funds	4, 293	4,971	5,838	6,889
Government pensions	3,895	4,572	5, 421	6,425
Cash sickness compensation		399	417	464
Direct relief	8, 395.	10, 103	10,981	11,312
Aid to families with dependent children		6, 172	6,875	7, 178
Other categorical public assistance	2.954	3, 172	3, 365	3,449
General assistance	618	759	741	685
Other	1,417	1, 615	1,750	1,903

Note. —Historical data published in April 1974 Survey of Current Business.

Table 3.10.—Government Expenditures by Type of Function [Millions of dollars]

-						1970	OI G01181					-	1971						
ļ				Federa	il			State ar	ıd local				Federa	al		Sta	te and	local	
Line		Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Grants-in-aid to State and local govern- ments	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises	Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises	Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interesi paid	Grants-in-aid to State and local govern- ments	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises	Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises
1	Total	203, 927			!	5, 498	133, 212	123, 349	13,667	-3,804	¹ 220, 3 33	97,642	88, 538	29, 011	5, 181	3148, 837	136, 600	16, 465	-4,058
2	National defense		ł I		1 1	}	596 194	596 194			74, 895 72, 555				}	1	558 188		
4 5	Atomic energy development	75, 574 2, 359 —115	1, 994 -141	9	356 26		356 46	356				1,869	4.	312		312 58	312		
6	Space research and technology	3,641	3, 574		67						3, 464	3,398		66					
7	General government	21, 097		-			14, 399	10, 572	3,921	-94			17, 156		ĺ	[11,918	1	-101
8 9 10	General administration	1, 761 558	1, 735 558	5	21		5, 945	5, 945			2, 075 687	2,020 687		50		6,069	6, 069		
11	costs Net interest paid	3, 294 14, 771	297 181	2, 997 14, 590			6, 625 -438	2, 360	4, 359 -438	-94	3, 976 14, 621	505 979	13, 642			7, 885 -224	2, 945	-224	~101
12 13	Other International affairs and finance	713	645	37 2, 200	138	-107	2, 267	2, 267			1,004	885	38	203 5	1	2, 904	2, 904		
14	Conduct of foreign affairs and informational ac-	2,873	601	2, 200	3	1					3, 351	749	2, 590	э	'				
15	tivities Forlegn economic assistance and other transfers	676 2, 197	667	2, 196	5	i					759 2, 592	74 9	2, 585	5	7				
16	Education	5, 348	1 1	680	3,867	3	53, 327	52, 548	779		5, 755	904	888	3,958	5	58, 540	57, 583	957	
17 18	Elementary and secondary Higher Other	2, 700 1, 294 1, 354	21 250	536	{2, 143 {1, 041	3	38, 029 11, 235	11, 235			2, 924 1, 287	82 222	004	2, 238 1, 060	<u>-</u> 5	41, 922 12, 075	41, 922 12, 075		
19 20	Other	1, 354 63, 246		144 46 704	683 12, 483		4,063 40,949	3, 284 32, 166	779 8,901	1	1, 544 76, 413	4 567	284 55, 699	660 16 139		4, 543 47, 961	3, 586 37, 476		-147
21	Health and hospitals	3, 343	1, 635	•	1, 160		11, 104	11, 039	65		3, 950	1, 823	809	1, 318	l	12, 937	12, 870	67	
22 23	Sanitation	414 57, 659	68 1,888	45 091	346 9,843	1	2, 581 16, 821	2, 699 7, 985	8, 836	-118	687 68, 434	71	7 54, 265	609	8	2, 972 20, 235	3, 119	10, 565	-147
24 25 26 27 28	Public assistance and relief Unemployment insurance Old age, survivors and disability insurance ² Hospital and medical insurance ² Other	0 000	531	3, 928 33, 181 7, 076 1, 736	8, 871 53		16, 821	7, 985	8,836		11, 209 5, 752 39, 316 8, 236 3, 921	9		11, 200		20, 235		10, 565	
29 30 31 32	Civilian safety Police Fire Correction.	214 67 147	112		102 67 35	. .	9, 499 5, 315 2, 328 1, 856	9, 499 5, 315 2, 328 1, 856] 		299 119 180	100	1	199 119		10, 694 5, 908 2, 709 2, 077	10, 694 5, 908 2, 709 2, 077		
33	Labor	1, 616	349		1,032		944	944			3,043	708	618	1,717		1, 123	1, 123		
34	Veterans benefits and services.	9,782	l 1	7,576	23	-4	98	47	51		11, 208	'		25		92	50	42	
35 36 37	Education, training, and other benefits Pension and disability payments Insurance	1, 358 5, 433 791	6	1, 352 5, 433 791			51		51		2, 008 5, 884 799		2,005 5,884 799			42		42	
38 39	Hospitals and medical care Administration and other services	1, 755 445	1,736		19 4		47	47				2,021		22		50	50		
40	Commerce, transportation, and housing	12, 417	4, 011	85	6, 532	1, 789	12, 300	22, 808	-	-3, 508	14, 454	4,888	108	7, 248	2, 210	20, 322	24,079		-3,757
41	Regulation of commerce and finance	143	ĺĺĺ	1		100	1, 296				173	ł	2		907	1,449	1,449		-1,038
42 43 44 45	Transportation Highways Water Air	6, 837 4, 720 915 1, 202	172 702	64 64	4,548	180 149 31	15,847 155	16, 524 240		. -85		159 756	71	4, 979 4, 902 2 75	41 211	17, 184 100	18, 614 17, 866 196		-1,038 -682 -96 -260
46	Housing and community development.	1, 202 2, 568	1	19	ļ					1	j] '	1		}				-200 -322
47 48	Urban renewal and community facilities Public housing	2, 265 303	466	19	')	971			ŀ	(0.705	622	33			925	1, 247		-3 22
49	Public utilities	149	25		124 124		703	2, 726		-2, 023 165	241	34		207 207		560 778	2, 576 488		-2,016 290
50 51 52	Transit			 	124		750 0 -47	948		-948		34		207		-2 -216	976		-978 $-1,328$
53	Postal services	1	(1,870					2, 229	278			1, 951				
54	Other	1	[1				ĺ				ĺ	i			1			-3 81
55 56	Agriculture and agricultural resources. Stabilization of farm prices and income.	5, 037 3, 683			108	1	1	1, 240	15	5	5,700 4,109	('		497 139	1	'	1, 275	17	
57 58 59	Financing farm ownership and utilities. Conservation of agricultural resources. Other services.	51 516 787	9 191 576	3	27 75 208	15 250	1, 255	,		5	110 521 960	64 194 704	3	30 75 253	16 252	1, 292			
60	Natural resources	1 '	1		1			1		84		1	}	342					-53 -53
61 62	Conservation and development of resources Recreation	364	311		324 53		1, 33 6 1, 952	1,420 1,952		-84	2, 371 398		10	269 73		1, 458 2, 150			- 55
63	General revenue sharing	-																	

Table 3.10.—Government Expenditures by Type of Function—Continued

=	<u> </u>		[MIIII	ons of do					Purchases of goods and services Transfer payments and net interest paid of services and local govern- ments Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises Total Transfer payments and net interest paid Subsidies less current surplus of govern- per and net interest paid Subsidies less current ment enterprises and services and net interest paid Subsidies less current ment enterprises										
						1972									1973				
			F	ederal			St	ate and	l local			F	ederal			8	state an	d local	
Line		Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Grants-in-aid to State and local govern- ments	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises	Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises	Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Grants-in-aid to State and local govern- ments	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises	Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Subsidies less current surplus of govern- ment enterprises
1	Total	1 244, 719	104,861	96, 264	37,443	6, 634	³ 164, 864	150, 794	18, 297	-4,377	1264, 154	106, 558	111,761	40, 514	5, 329	³184, 376	169, 820	19, 276	-4,740
2	National defense	79,006	74, 751	3,867	505	-117	589	589			79, 136	74, 398	4, 386	485	-133	575	575		
3 4 5	Military services and foreign military assistance. Atomic energy development. Other.	76, 413 2, 413 180	72, 515 2, 083 153	1	149 329 27		194 329 66	329			76, 773 2, 502 —139	72, 363 2, 202 167	4, 385 1		-133	209 299 67	299		
6	Space research and technology	3, 351	3, 289		62						3,042	2,984		58					
7	General government	24, 469	6, 721	17, 608	284	-144	20, 143	14, 569	5,642	-68	29, 702	8, 202	21, 301	324	-125	23, 246	17, 173	6, 153	-80
8	General administration	2, 520 850	2, 4 27 850		87		6, 404	6, 404			2, 576 937	2, 44 9 9 3 7	7	120		6, 734	6, 734		
10 11	Central personnel management and employment costs. Net interest paid	4, 725 15, 372		4, 109 13, 457	6		10, 849	5, 003	5, 914 272	-68	5, 644 19, 308	635 3, 046	4, 996 16, 262			12, 141 -828	5, 240	6, 981 -828	-80
12	Other	1,002	919	36		-144	.,				1, 237	1, 135	36	191	-125	5, 199	5, 199		
13	International affairs and finance Conduct of foreign affairs and informational	3, 515	749	2,750	5	11					3, 521	868	2, 632	7	14				
14 15	activities Foreign economic assistance and other transfers	759 2, 756	74 9	5 2, 745	5	11					881 2, 640	868	6 2, 626	7	14				
16	Education	6, 517	1,087	989		3	64, 565		1,082		6,034	946	1,089		-1		71,363		
17 18	Elementary and secondary	3, 339 1, 300	153 203	662	{2, 524 {1, 094	3	46, 255 13, 373	46, 255 13, 373			2, 976 1, 179	135 82	737	2, 104 1, 098	<u>-</u> 1	51, 130 15, 961			
19	Other.	1,878	731	327	820		4, 937	3, 855	1,082		1,879	729	352	798		5, 418	4, 272	1, 146	
20	Health, labor, and welfare	87,714	-	- 1	20,877		53, 566			-214	97,307	5,860	•		1	59,819			
21 22 23	Health and hospitals Sanitation Social security and special welfare services	4, 707 753 77, 772	2, 339 71 2, 300	. 9	1, 359 673 15, 801		14, 200 3, 108 22, 873	14, 128 3, 322 11, 434	1	-214	5, 889 953 85, 997	2, 538 90 2, 312	1, 464 10 69, 796	853	·····i	3, 820	15, 599 4, 140 13, 494	79 11, 787	-320
24 25 26 27 28	Public assistance and relief Unemployment insurance Old age, survivors and disability insurance ² Hospital and medical insurance ² Other	14 732	780 459		14, 722 68 17		22, 873	11, 434			12, 614 4, 253 54, 080 10, 264 4, 786	10 683 535 1, 084	4, 253 53, 281 9, 712 2, 550	12, 604 116 17]	13, 494		
29 30 31 32	Civilian safety	473 207 266			207		12, 106 6, 728 2, 99 3 2, 38 5	12, 106 6, 728 2, 993 2, 385			627 287 340	156 156		227		13, 676 7, 618 3, 422 2, 636	7,618 3,422		
33	Labor	4,009	753	555	2, 701		1, 279	1, 279			3, 841	764	479	2, 598		1, 3 64	1, 364		
34	Veterans benefits and services	12, 626	2, 923	9, 671	26	6	97	53	44		13, 641	3, 287	10, 306	40	8.	150	58	92	
35 36 37 38	Education, training, and other benefits Pension and disability payments Insurance Hospitals and medical care	2, 561 6, 312 802 2, 375	2, 352	2, 557 6, 312 802	23		44				3, 027 6, 463 819 2, 720	2,688	3, 024 6, 463 819			92		92	
3 9	Administration and other services	576	567		3		53		- • •		612	596		8	8	58			
40	Commerce, transportation, and housing	16, 172	5, 915	122	7,508	2, 627		24, 611		-4,054	17, 485	6, 655	279	7, 434	3, 117		26, 623		-4, 286
41 42 43	Regulation of commerce and finance Transportation Highways	192 7, 910 4, 973	191 2,620 195	75	4, 813 4, 649		1, 522 17, 659 17, 272	1, 522 18, 758 17, 973		-1,099 -701	188 7, 843 4, 659		84 84	4, 558 4, 346	456 133	1, 784 18, 194 17, 739	19, 330	ì	-1, 136 -709
44 45	Highways Water Air	1, 206 1, 731	921 1, 504	75	160	206 67	102 285	213 572		-111 -287 -477	1, 303	958 1, 607	84	208	257 66	113 342	239 643		-126 -301
46 47	Housing and community development Urban renewal and community facilities	4, 498 3, 315	1, 956 950	44			546 546			-477 -477	3,833	2, 289 1, 222	191 191	2,420	359	763 763	1 '		-441 -441
48 49	Public housing Public utilities Transit	1, 183 396 396	48		348 348		984	3,013	1	-2, 029 443	544	1,067 120 120		424 424		1,857 1,558	4,041		-2, 184 593
50 51 52	Electricity Water and gas						1,057 108 181	1,169		-1,061 -1,411		120		424		444 145	1,659		-1,215
53	Postal services	1, 909	358			1, 551					2, 636	523			2, 113	-261	264	 	-525
54 55	Other	1, 267 5, 884	742 551	2 4		{	154 1, 328	ļ	18	-449	1, 014 4, 089	792 271	2		189 2,859	-261 1,451			
56 57 58 59	· ·	4, 318 97 555			327 39 81	4, 447 -68 248	1, 328				2, 390 28 442 1, 229	-848 141 225		358 36 89	2,880 -149 128	1, 451	1,432	19	
60	Natural resources	3, 331	3, 282	13	419	-383	3,869	3, 910		-41	3, 154	3, 087	15	463	-411	4, 269	4, 323		-54
61 62	Conservation and development of resources Recreation	495	387				1, 525 2, 344	1, 566 2, 3 44			2, 638 516		13 2	118	-411	1, 546 2, 72 3	2,723	1	-54
63	General revenue sharing	2,617			2,617						7, 051		! -	7,051					

Includes wage accruals less disbursements not included in the functional distribution of expenditures nor in the NIA expenditures categories: -\$39 million in 1971; -\$483 million in 1972; and -\$8 million in 1973.
 Formerly included in old age and retirement benefits.

^{3.} Expenditures total includes wage accruals less disbursements not included in the functional distribution of expenditures nor in the NIA expenditures categories; amounts are: for 1971, -\$170; 1972, +\$150; 1973, +\$20.

Table 3.11.—Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Object Classification

[Millions of dollars]

				[HIIIIII	01 401010)				
	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
Federal Government purchases of goods and services	96, 182 74, 588	97, 642 71, 169		106, 558 74, 398	State and local government purchases of goods and services	123,349	136, 600	150, 794	169,820
Compensation of employees. Military. Civilian. Structures. Net foreign interest. Other.	21,422 12,126 1,310	34, 123 21, 363 12, 760 1, 782 -24 35, 288	36, 174 22, 675 13, 499 2, 059 -28 36, 546	36, 874 23, 017 13, 857 1, 962 -38 35, 600	Education. Compensation of employees. Structures. Other	52, 548 38, 417 5, 642 8, 489 70, 801	57,583 42,343 5,673 9,567 79,017	63, 483 47, 040 5, 804 10, 639 87, 311	71,363 52,160 6,699 12,504 98,457
All other functions Compensation of employees Structures Net foreign interest Commodity Credit Corporation Other	11,616 1,797	26, 473 13, 142 2, 175 979 112 10, 065	30,110 14,562 2,397 1,915 -787 12,023	32,160 15,942 2,736 3,046 -1,477 11,913	Compensation of employees	31, 136 19, 490	35, 038 20, 585 6, 833 16, 561	38, 637 20, 732 8, 309 19, 633	43, 492 22, 122 9, 724 23, 119

Medical vendor payments consist of purchases of medical services and drugs mainly on behalf of persons covered by public assistance programs.

Table 3.12.—Relation of Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget

	Fiscal years Calendar quarters not seasonally adjusted																					
		Fiscal	years							C	alenda	r quar	ters no	t seasoi	nally a	djusted	i 					
	1970	1971	1972	1973	19	69		19	70			19	971			19	72			19	73	
					III	IV	1	II	Ш	IV	I	11	ш	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV
Receipts													!					ĺ				
Unified budget receipts	193.7	188.4	208.6	232, 2	48.0	42.9	44.4	58.6	46.5	41, 1	44.1	56.7	48.6	44.6	48.1	67.4	55,6	50.5	55, 2	71.0	64.4	59.8
Less: Coverage differences	. 3	.2	. 3	. 4	.1	.1	. 1	. 1	.0	.0	.1	.1	.0	.0	. 1	.1	.1	.1	.1	. 1	.1	j
Financial transactions	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Plus: Netting differences: Contributions to government employee retirement funds_ Other	2. 7 1. 4	2. 8 1. 5	3. 4 1. 6	3. 8 1. 6	. 6 . 2	. 6 . 2	. 6	.9	.6	.6	.8	.8	.8 .3	.8	.9	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.0 .6	1.0	1, 0 . 1
Timing differences: Corporate income tax	-2.7	2. 1	-1.2	1.6	.8	1. 3	.6	-5.4	1, 4	1, 1	2, 5	-2, 9	1, 9	1.3	.9	-5.4	1. 5	2, 2	2.6	-4.6	2.3	2.0
Federal and State unemploy- ment insurance taxes Withheld personal income tax	.0	1	. 5	.4	2	.0	.4	2	2	1	.6	3	3	1	1.4	5	5	2	1.9	8	7	3
and social security contribu- tions Excise taxes Other	.2 0. .1	-1.7 4 .1	1 1	1. 2 1 . 2	4 1 .0	5 2 . 1	1.0 .1 .0	.0	6 1 .0	7 1 .0	3 .0 .0	1 0	4 5 . 0	7 6 .0	1.9 .9 .0	.0	4 2 .1	7 .0 .0	2. 2 . 1 . 0	.1 .0 .0	4 2 .0	9 2 .0
Miscellaneous	.0	.0	1	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	1	.0	.0	.0	1	1	.0
Equals: Federal receipts—National income and product accounts.	195. 2	192, 5	213, 2	240.4	48.9	44.3	47.5	54.5	47.8	42.3	48.1	54.5	50.3	45, 6	54.4	62.9	57.2	52.8	63, 3	67.1	66.6	61.5
Expenditures	ļ	į									1	1									Ì	ĺ
Unified budget outlays	196, 6	211, 4	231.9	246, 5	50, 4	48,5	47.8	49.8	54.3	49.9	52, 3	54.9	56.3	55, 2	58,6	61.8	57.6	60, 9	64.7	63.3	65, 5	64.9
Less: Coverage differences	. 7	. 6	. 7	7	.1	.1	. 2	. 2	. 2	.2	. 1	.1	. 2	.2	.0	.2	-1.1	. 2	. 0	.1	. 5	6
Financial transactions: Net lending Net purchases of foreign cur-	4, 1	3. 4	2. 5	1.8	1, 4	1. 1	. 5	1, 1	.6	.0	1.6	1, 2	. 5	. 6	.7	. 7	. 6	.1	1.6	5	1.4	.3
rencyOther	3 3	2 3	.1 .0	.0 1	.1	1 1	.1	1 1	0.0	1	1	.1	.0 1	.0	.0	.0	2	.0	.0	.0	.0 1	0.0
Net purchases of land		7	.2	-2.4	.0	.0	.0	1	.0	1	6	.'0	.1	.0	.1	.1	1	7	-1.3	3	-1.3	5
Plus: Netting differences: Contributions to govern- ment employee retirement funds Other	2. 7 1. 4	2. 8 1. 5	3. 4 1. 6	3.8 1.6	.6	.6	. 6 . 5	.9	.6	.6	.8	.8	.8	.8	.9	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1. 0 . 1
Timing differences: Increase in payables (net of advances) on purchases of goods and services. On interest. On transfer payments. On subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.	2 .0 .0	3 .0 .0	6 1 .0	2. 2 1 . 1	8 0	.0 .2 .0	4 7 .0	1.3 .0	4 9 .0	.6 1.0 .0		7 .9 .0	-1.1 .0	.3 1.1 .0	0 -1.1	-1.8 1.1 1	1.8 -1.2 .1	.7 1.1 .0	2 -1. 2 .0 4	.0 1.1 .0	.5	.3
Miscellaneous		.3	.4	.2	.0	2	1	.0	2	1 .1		.1	1	.1	.0	.1	.0	.0	.1	.1	.0	.0
Equal: Federal expenditures—National income and product accounts	l	212, 4	232, 9	255, 4		48, 1	46, 9	51,8		1		-				61.8			64.3	66, 2	66. 2	67.6

NOTE.—Fiscal year 1968 is the first year for which the detailed data needed for a reconciliation with the unified budget is available. For reconciliation between the cash budget and

Table 3.13.—Relation of State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to Bureau of Census Government Finances Data: Fiscal Years

[Billions of dollars]		_	
Receipts	1970	1971	1972
Census total revenue	150, 1	166, 1	189. 7
Less: Coverage differences: Unemployment insurance fund contributions and earnings. Certain grant programs	3. 1 7	3.1 6	$\begin{array}{c} 3.6 \\ -1.3 \end{array}$
Financial transactions	. 2	. 2	. 2
Sale of land	1.1	. 2	. 2
Netting and grossing differences: Enterprise current operating expenditures plus current surplus. General government sales. Interest received. Employer contributions to own social insurance funds Plus: Timing differences:	13. 1 4. 4 5. 5 -3. 3	14. 3 4. 7 6. 4 -3. 8	15. 8 5. 1 6. 8 -4. 1
Property taxes	1.7 2 .1 1	.4 .4 5 1	.6 .1 .5
Equals: State and local government receipts—national income and product accounts.	128, 2	141.8	164.7
Expenditures		ļ	
Census total expenditures	148, 1	170.8	188,8
Less: Coverage differences:			
Unemployment insurance fund benefits paid	2.7	4.7	4.7
Purchases of land	1.7	2, 0	1.9
Netting and grossing differences: Enterprise current operating expenditures plus current surplus. General government sales Interest received. Employer contributions to own social insurance funds.	13. 1 4. 4 5. 5 -3. 3	14. 3 4. 7 6. 4 -3. 8	15. 8 5. 1 6. 8 -4. 1
$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Plus:} Timing differences: Excess of accruals over disbursements, \\ and other. \end{tabular}$	1.3	8	-2.2
Miscellaneous	.0	1	1
Equals: State and local government expenditures—national income and product accounts	125, 2	141.6	156, 3

Table 3.15.—Subsidies Less Current Surplus of Government Enterprises

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	1,634	1,123	2, 257	589
Federal Government	5,498	5, 181	6,634	5, 329
Subsidies	4, 143	3, 971	5, 636	4, 218
Agricultural	3,675	3, 151	3,948	2,606
Housing assistance	89	268	475	609
Ship operation	203	266	237	268
Air carriers	31	75	67	66
Other	145	211	909	669
Surplus (+) or deficit (-)	-1, 355	-1,210	-998	-1, 111
Postal Service	-1,870	-1,934	-1.551	-2.118
Postal Service	-485	-319	-484	-127
Federal Housing Administration	252	282	285	379
Tennessee Valley Authority	177	238	230	260
Other	571	523	522	495
State and local government	-3, 804	-4,058	-4,377	4,740
Subsidies.	24	34	53	73
Subsidies Surplus (+) or deficit (–)	3,828	4,092	4,430	4,813
Water and sewerage	1,262	1,376	1,516	1,756
Gas and electricity supply	1,044	1,077	1,170	1,341
Toll facilities	677	682	701	709
Liquor stores	422	462	468	471
Air and water terminals	314	356	398	427
Housing and urban renewal	261	322	477	441
Public transit	-165	-290	-443	-593
All other commercial activities	13	107	143	261

Note. —Historical data published in April 1974 Survey of Current Business.

Table 3.16.—Government Gross Fixed Capital Formation

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total	34,854	37,659	39, 027	41,975
Federal	2,572 -7	4,738 3,076 3,080 -4 1,662	5, 551 3, 304 3, 314 -10 2, 247	5, 920 3, 732 3, 738 -6 2, 188
Addenda: Military facilities	718 19, 519	901 16, 312	1, 087 17, 355	1, 170 15, 781
State and local Structures ¹ New construction Net purchases of used structures Equipment ²	24, 806 973	32, 921 26, 947 25, 888 1, 059 5, 974	33, 476 27, 212 26, 083 1, 129 6, 264	36, 055 29, 502 28, 154 1, 348 6, 553
Total 1958 dollars	23, 530	24,137	23, 971	23,849

Includes construction force account compensation, excludes military facilities construction and net purchases of existing assets by defense.
 Includes used equipment.

Table 3.14.—Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type

	1970	1971	1972	1973		19	070			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	10,0				I	II	III	IV	1	II	III	IV	I	11	111	IV	ı	II	III	IV
		Millions	of dollar	s		<u></u>		В:	illions	of dolla	ırs, sea	sonally	adjust	ted at a	nnual	rates				
Federal Government purchases of goods and services	96, 182	97,642	104,861	106, 558	99, 5	95.8	94.7	94, 8	95. 9	96, 2	97.9	100, 5	105. 6	105, 9	102.7	105, 2	106.4	106. 2	105. 3	108.4
Compensation of employeesStructures	45, 164 3, 107	47, 265 3, 957	50,736 4,456	52,816 4,698	45. 4 2. 8	45. 4 3. 0	45. 1 3. 2	44. 8 3. 4	47. 2 3. 6	47. 0 3. 9	47.0 4.1	47. 9 4. 2	50. 4 4. 5	49.9 4.6	50. 2 4. 3	52. 5 4. 4	52. 5 5. 1	52.1 4.8	52. 4 4. 4	54.3 4.3
Other Durables Nondurables Services	20, 315	46, 420 18, 061 11, 911 16, 448	49, 669 19, 752 11, 216 18, 701	49,044 18,096 10,524 20,424	51. 2 22. 1 12. 1 17. 0	47. 4 20. 0 11. 2 16. 2	46.5 19.6 10.0 16.8	10.2	45. 1 18. 2 10. 9 16. 1	17.8 11.0	46.8 17.7 12.6 16.4	48. 5 18. 5 13. 1 16. 8	50.6 20.1 12.3 18.2	51. 4 20. 5 11. 7 19. 2	19.0 10.6	48. 3 19. 3 10. 3 18. 7		49. 3 18. 1 10. 4 20. 7	48. 5 17. 5 10. 4 20. 6	49. 6 18. 1 10. 2 20. 8
State and local government purchases of goods and services.	123, 349	136,600	150,794	169, 820	117.8	121.5	125, 6	128, 5	132.0	135. 1	137.8	141, 6	145.5	147.9	152, 4	157.4	162, 6	167. 1	171.6	177.
Compensation of employeesStructures	69,553 25,132	77, 381 26, 258	85, 677 26, 536	95, 652 28, 821	66.5 24.0	68.7 24.5	70.6 25.8	72. 4 26. 1	74. 7 26. 4	76. 6 26. 4	78. 4 25. 8	79. 9 26. 6	82. 2 26. 6	84.3 25.7	87. 0 26. 2	89. 2 27. 6	91.8 29.0	94.7 28.2	97. 1 28. 3	99. 29.
Other	5, 628 8, 147	32,961 5,974 9,393 17,594	6, 264 11, 168	45, 347 6, 553 13, 486 25, 308	27. 2 5. 5 7. 8 14. 0	28.3 5.6 8.1 14.7	29. 1 5. 7 8. 3 15. 2	5.8 8.5	30.9 5.9 8.8 16.3	32.3 5.9 9.2 17.2	33.6 6.0 9.6 18.0	35. 1 6. 1 10. 1 18. 9	6.1	38. 0 6. 2 11. 0 20. 8	6.3 11.4	6. 4 11. 8		44. 2 6. 5 13. 1 24. 7	46. 2 6. 6 13. 8 25. 8	49. 6. 14. 27.

Table 3.17.—National Defense Outlays in the Unified Budget and Their Relationship to National Defense Purchases in the National Income and Product Accounts

[Billions of dollars]

[Billions of dollars]				
	1970	1971	1972	1973
Department of Defense, military	75, 4	71,8	74. 9	76, 0
Military personnel	22. 8 3. 1	22. 7 3. 7	23. 4 4. 1	23. 4 4. 7
Operation and maintenance.	21, 0	20.6	21. 7	21. 4
Procurement Aircraft Missiles Ships Vehicles and ordnance Electronics and communications Other	7. 5 3. 1 2. 1 4. 9 1. 2 1. 7	16. 3 5. 6 2. 8 1. 9 3. 3 1. 0 1. 8	17.1 5.5 3.1 2.1 3.5 .9 2.1	15. 7 5. 2 3. 1 1. 9 2. 9 . 8 1. 8
Research, development, test, and evaluation Other	.9	1. 2	8.0	8.6 2.2
Military assistance	.5 2,3	1.1 2.1	2, 3	1. 7
Total unified budget outlays for national defense.	78, 2	74.9	77.9	78.0
Less: Transfer payments, grants-in-aid and net interest paid. Timing differences and other adjustments	3. 5 . 1	4.0	4.5 -1.3	5. 0 -1. 3
Equals: National defense purchases in the national income and product accounts	74, 6	71,2	74.8	74, 4

Table 3.18.—Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) Outlays in the Unified Budget and Their Relationship to CCC Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts

[Billions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Commodity Credit Corporation, unified budget outlays	4, 6	4.5	4, 4	2, 5
Less: Financial transactions Netting differences Timing differences Miscellaneous	- 4	.5 4 .1 .4	.6 4 1 .2	. 6 2 9
Equals: Commodity Credit Corporation expenditures in the national income and product accounts	3, 3	3.9	4, 1	2, 8
Purchases of goods and services Foreign transfer payments Net interest paid Subsidies less current surplus Subsidies Current surplus	1 4.0	.3 -4 1 3.3 3.0 3	6 .5 1 4.4 3.9 5	1 3 2 2.8 2.7 1

4.—Foreign Transactions

Table 4.1.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts

Tuble 111. Totalian Transactions in the Austrian Income unit Trouter Accounts																										
				1970 1971						71	1972					1973										
	1970	1971	1972	1972 1973	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV						
		Millions	of dollar	s					Billio	ns of d	ollars,	seasona	ally adju	ısted at	annua	l rates	·									
Receipts from foreigners	63,786	66, 166	73, 128	100, 350	62, 4	63. 9	64.8	64.1	65, 9	67, 2	68. 9	62.7	69.8	69,6	74.0	79.2	88.8	95, 4	103.7	113, 6						
Exports of goods and services Capital grants received by the United	62, 919	1	′	100, 350	61.5	63. 1	63 . 9	63. 2	65. 2			62.0	69. 1	68.8	73.3	78.5	88.8	95.4	103.7	113.6						
Payments to foreigners	867 63,786	717 66, 166	710 73, 128	. 0 100, 350	. 9 62, 4	. 9 63. 9	.9 64.8	64, 1	. 7 65. 9	67.2	. 7 68. 9	62.7	. 7 69. 8	.7 69.6		(1	103.7	113,6						
Imports of goods and services	59, 289	65, 619	78,427	96, 407	57. 9	59. 2	59. 7	60.4	62. 3	66. 6	68. 1	65. 4	76. 1	75. 7	78. 1	83.8	89. 5	94. 9	96. 9	104. 3						
Transfers to foreigners Personal Government	3, 214 1, 019 2, 196	3,647 1,063 2,585	3,797 1,052 2,745	3,876 1,250 2,626	3. 1 1. 0 2. 1	3. 1 1. 0 2. 1	3. 3 1. 0 2. 3	3. 4 1. 0 2. 4	3. 3 1. 0 2. 3	3.5 1.0 2.5	3.9 1.1 2.8	3. 9 1. 1 2. 8	4, 0 1, 0 2, 9	3.8 1.0 2.8	3.8 1.1 2.8	3. 6 1. 1 2. 5	3. 0 . 9 2. 1	4. 2 1. 0 3. 3	3.6 .9 2.7	4. 7 2. 2 2. 5						
Net foreign investment	1, 283	-3, 101	-9,096	67	1.4	1.6	1.8	. 3	. 3	-3 . 0	-3. İ	-6.7	-10.3	-10.0	-7.9	-8.2	-3.8	-3.7	3. 1	4.7						

Table 4.2.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts: Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

	1970				1971						1972		1973				
	I	п	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	
Receipts from foreigners	15, 9	16.3	15, 2	16, 3	16.8	17. 1	16, 1	16.2	17.8	17.7	17, 3	20, 3	22, 0	24.6	24, 5	29.3	
Exports of goods and services	15. 0 . 9	16. 3 0	15. 2 . 0	16. 3 . 0	16, 0 , 7	17. 1 . 0	16, 1 . 0	16. 2 . 0	17. 1 . 7	17. 7 . 0	17. 3 . 0	20. 3 . 0	22. 0 . 0	24. 6 . 0	24.5 .0	29. 3 . 0	
Payments to foreigners	15, 9	16.3	15, 2	16.3	16, 8	17, 1	16, 1	16, 2	17.8	17.7	17.3	20, 3	22, 0	24, 6	24.5	29, 3	
Imports of goods and services	13. 8	15. 1	15. 5	14. 9	14.8	17. 0	17.7	16. 1	18. 3	19. 5	20.0	20, 6	21.6	24. 4	24.6	25, 9	
Transfers to foreigners Personal Government	.8 .2 .5	.8 .3 .6	.8 .3 .5	.8 .2 .6	.8 .2 .6	. 9 . 3 . 7	.9 .3 .6	1.0 .3 .7	1.0 .2 .7	1.0 .3 .7	.9 .3 .7	.9 .3 .6	.8 .2 .5	$\begin{array}{c} 1.1 \\ .2 \\ .9 \end{array}$.9 .2 .6	1. 1 . 6 . 6	
Net foreign investment.	1.4	.4	-1.1	. 6	1. 2	9	-2.5	9	-1.5	-2.8	-3.6	-1.1	3	9	-1.0	2, 2	

5.—Saving and Investment

Table 5.1.—Sources and Uses of Gross Saving

																				===
	1970	1971	1972	1973		197	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
					I	II	ш	IV	ı	11	ш	ıv	1	II	III	ıv	I	II	ш	IV
	I I	Millions o	of dollars				<u> </u>		Bill	ions of	dollar	s, seaso	nally a	djuste	d at an	nual r	ates			
Gross private saving	153, 225	170, 742	178, 472	210,877	140.7	153. 6	159.6	159.0	163. 4	171.9	171.0	176. 7	172. 6	174.6	175, 6	191. 1	199, 0	204. 9	210, 3	229. 4
Personal saving	56, 200 14, 572 4, 801 55, 969	21, 078 -4, 927 60, 403	30, 307 -7, 020 66, 298	43, 332 -17, 579 71, 180	16.0 -6.2 54.3	-4.8 55.4	15. 2 -4. 4 56. 5	-3.8 57.8	16. 7 -4. 4 58. 9	20. 5 -4. 8 59. 8	22. 4 -6. 3 60. 6	-4. 2 62. 3		-6. 5 66. 4	66.7	34.9 -8.4 68.2	42.8 -16.5 69.2	44.9 -20.0 70.8	43.1 -17.5 71.6	42. 8 -16. 8 73. 1
ances Wage accruals less disbursements	31, 285 0	33, 316 373	36, 624 -329	39, 638 -44	30.4 .0	30.9 .0	31.6 .0	32. 2 . 0	32. 4 . 0	32. 7 . 2	33.6 .3	34. 5 1. 0	35.0 9	37.3 2		37.6 .0			39.8 .0	
Government surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	—10, 143	-18,518	-5, 138	3, 524	.8	-9.6	-12, 6	-19.2	-16.6	-20.0	-18, 6	-18.9	-8.2	-5.2	-,6	-6.5	2, 1	3.0	6.7	2.3
FederalState and local	-11, 901 1, 758	$-21,875 \\ 3,357$	-17, 480 12, 342	-5, 637 9, 161	-2.6 3.4	-11.9 2.3	-13.8 1.3	-19.3 .1			-22.7 4.1	$-23.5 \\ 4.6$	-14.9 6.7		-9.8 9.2	-25.6 19.1	-11.2 13.2			
Capital grants received by the United States	867	717	710	.0	.9	. 9	. 9	.9	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.0	. 0	. 0	. (
Gross investment	137, 558	150, 617	170, 237	209, 444	134, 5	137.0	141.0	137, 7	146. 9	151.1	150.4	154. 1	159, 1	165. 6	174.2	182. 0	195, 2	201. 4	212, 1	229.
Gross private domestic investment Net foreign investment	136, 275 1, 283	153, 718 -3, 101	179, 333 -9, 096	209, 377 67	133, 1 1, 4	135.4 1.6	139. 2 1. 8	137.4 .3	146.6 .3	154. 0 -3. 0	153. 5 -3. 1	160.8 -6.7	169. 4 10. 3	175. 5 -10. 0	182. 1 -7. 9	190. 2 -8. 2	199.0 -3.8	205. 1 -3. 7	209. 0 3. 1	
Statistical discrepancy	-6,392	-2,324	-3,807	-4,957	-7.9	-7.8	-6.9	-2.9	6	-1.5	-2.8	-4.4	-5.9	-4.5	-1, 5	-3.3	-5.9	-6.5	-4.9	-2.

Table 5.2.—Purchases of Structures by Type

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total structures	96,411	111,917	127, 023	138,751
Private structures.	67,324	80,770	95,087	104, 252
Residential structures	31,179	42,844	53, 966	57, 238
New construction Nonfarm buildings	30, 664 30, 197	42,068 41,524	53, 088 52, 548	56, 399 55, 911
New dwelling units Additions and alterations	22,747	33, 518	43, 270	46, 237
Nonhousekeeping units Farm buildings Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	1,503 467 1,321	1,540 544 1,865	2, 134 540 2, 164	2,511 488 2,057
Net purchase of used structures.	-806	-1,089	-1,286	-1,218
Nonresidential structures	36, 145	37, 926	41, 121	47,014
New construction	36, 142	37,918	41,076	46, 991
Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm	22,053 6,111	23, 115 4, 996	24, 672 4, 249	28, 220 5, 816
Commercial Religious Educational	10, 326 890 748	12, 191 772 826	14, 034 803 851	16,025 773 720
Educational Hospital and institutional Other buildings	1.462	2,851 1,479	3, 159 1, 576	3, 139 1, 747
Public utilities Railroads		11, 123	12, 561	14,321
Telephone and telegraph. Electric light and power. Gas.		3,005	3,302	3, 967
Other Farm Petroleum and natural gas well drilling and explora-	817	862	751	1, 332
ation	1,968	1,825	2, 151	2, 205
All other private construction. Brokers' commissions on sale of structures. Net purchases of used structures.	946 188 -185	993 197 -189	941 211 -166	913 242 -219
Public structures	29,087	31,147	31,936	34, 499
New construction. Buildings, excluding military. Residential. Industrial. Educational. Hospital. Other public buildings. Highways and streets. Military facilities. Conservation and development. Other public construction. Sewer systems. Water supply facilities. Miscellaneous public construction.	10, 657 1, 107 499 5, 619 837 2, 595 9, 981 1, 908 4, 832 1, 544 1, 094	29, 869 11, 397 1, 136 572 5, 564 981 3, 144 10, 656 2, 095 4, 820 1, 829 996 1, 995 1, 278	30, 484 11, 509 875 543 5, 720 1, 008 3, 363 10, 470 1, 087 2, 172 5, 246 1, 952 1, 076 2, 218 1, 452	33, 062 12, 994 941 605 6, 647 1, 002 3, 799 10, 559 1, 170 2, 313 6, 026 2, 454 1, 068 2, 504 1, 437

Table 5.3.—Purchases of Structures by Type in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1998 dollars]				
	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total structures	64.4	70. 9	76.1	76, 0
Private structures	45, 9	52. 3	58.1	58. 3
Residential structures	22, 2	29, 1	34. 3	32, 9
New construction	21, 9 21, 5 . 3 . 9 6	28. 5 28. 2 . 4 1. 3 7	33.7 33.4 .4 1.4 8	32. 4 32. 1 . 3 1. 2 7
Nonresidential structures	23.7	23, 2	23.8	25. 4
New construction Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm Industrial. Commercial Religious Educational Hospital and institutional Other buildings. Public utilities. Railroads. Telephone and telegraph Electric light and power. Gas. Other Farm Petroleum and natural gas well drilling and exploration. All other private construction. Brokers' commissions on sale of structures.	13. 7 4. 0 6. 3 . 5 1. 5 . 9 7. 3	23. 2 13. 3 3. 1 6. 9 . 4 . 5 1. 6 7. 3 1. 8		25. 4 14. 2 3. 1 7. 9 9. 8. 5 2. 3
Net purchases of used structures Public structures	18.5	18.6	18, 0	17.8
New construction Building, excluding military Residential Industrial Educational Hospital Other public buildings Highways and streets Military facilities Conservation and development Other public construction Sewer systems Water supply facilities Miscellaneous public construction Net purchases of used structures	17. 8 6. 5 . 7 . 3 3. 4 . 5 1. 6 6. 8 . 5 1. 1 2. 9 . 9	17. 7 6. 5 7 . 4 3. 2 6. 9 . 5 1. 1 2. 6 1. 0 . 5	17. 1 6. 3 .5 .3 3. 1 .5 1. 8 6. 5 .6 1. 1 2. 7 1. 0 .5	16. 9 6. 5 6. 3 3. 3 6. 3 7. 9 7. 9 7. 1 7. 1 7. 1 7. 2 7. 8

Table 5.4.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
Total private purchases Purchases of new equipment Dealers' margins on used equipment (except passenger cars) Net purchases of used equipment from government Less: Exports of used equipment Sale of equipment scrap (except passenger cars) Total excluding scrap deduction Furniture and fixtures. Fabricated metal products Engines and turbines Tractors. Agricultural machinery (except tractors) Construction machinery Mining and oilfield machinery Metalworking machinery Special-industry machinery, n.e.c.	63, 786 698 289 181 169 64, 592 3, 060 1, 932 1, 432 2, 125 2, 569 2, 167 1, 014	66, 636 65, 912 795 310 280 101 66, 737 2, 960 1, 955 1, 591 2, 018 2, 281 1, 167 2, 631 3, 162	75, 712 74, 934 952 333 400 107 75, 819 3, 251 2, 059 1, 647 2, 729 1, 2564 2, 970 2, 729 1, 256 2, 892 3, 476	89, 756 88, 898 1, 149 348 458 181 89, 937 4, 181 2, 391 1, 716 3, 459 4, 179 3, 313 1, 717 3, 485 4, 238	General industrial, including materials handling, equipment. Office, computing, and accounting machinery. Service-industry machines. Electric machinery. Electric machinery. Communication equipment. Other electrical equipment. Trucks, buses, and truck trailers. Passenger cars. Aircraft. Ships and boats. Railroad equipment. Instruments. Miscellaneous equipment.	3, 557 5, 785 3, 282 8, 101 2, 473 4, 899 729 8, 069 4, 944 2, 373 793 1, 263 2, 053	3, 477 5, 497 3, 464 8, 134 2, 358 4, 984 792 10, 089 6, 260 1, 279 846 1, 401 1, 401 2, 347	3,679 6,019 4,100 2,633 4,159 83,400 6,998 1,851 1,151 1,372 4,128 2,634	4, 336 6, 698 4, 609 8, 514 2, 972 4, 582 960 16, 264 7, 657 2, 552 1, 560 4, 472 2, 942

^{1.} Includes business purchases of mobile homes—see table 5.8.

Table 5.5.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1958 dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total private purchases	53, 5	53. 5	59.8	69. 0
Purchases of new equipment. Dealers' margins on used equipment (except passenger	53. 0	52. 9	59. 2	68. 3
cars)	.6	.7	.8	. 9
Net purchases of used equipment from government	.2	. 3	. 3	, 3
Less: Exports of used equipment	.1	.2	. 3	. 3
Less: Exports of used equipment	.1	.1	. 1	. 1
Total excluding scrap deduction	53. 7	53. 6	59. 9	69, 1
Furniture and fixtures	2.4	2.3	2, 4	2, 9
Fabricated metal products		1.6	ĩ. 6	1. 8
Engines and turbines	1. 2	1, 2	1. 2	1. 2
Tractors	1.5	i. 3	î. 7	2. 2
Agricultural machinery (except tractors)	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.6
Construction machinery	1.5	1.5	ī. š	2. 1
Mining and oilfield machinery.	. 8	. 9	. 9	1. 2
Metalworking machinery	2.4	1.8	1. 9	2. 3
Special-industry machinery, n.e.c.	2.4	2. 2	2. 4	2.8
General industrial, including materials handling, equip-				_,
ment	2.7	2, 5	2, 6	3.0
Office, computing, and accounting machinery.	5.4	5. 1	5. 5	6.1
Service-industry machines	2.9	2.9	3. 5	3.8
Electrical machinery Electrical transmission, distribution, and industrial	6.9	6.6	6.1	6.7
Electrical transmission, distribution, and industrial				
apparatus	2.3	2.1	2, 3	2.6
Communication equipment.	4.0	3.8	3.0	3, 3
Other electrical equipment	. 7	. 7	. 7	. 8
Trucks, buses, and truck trailers	7. 1	8.4	11. 1	13. 3
Passenger cars.	4.6	5. 6	6. 3	6.8
Aircraft.	1, 9	1.0	1.4	1. 9
Ships and hoats	6	. 6	.8	1. 1
Railroad equipment.	1.0	1. 1	1.0	1. 1
Instruments	2.9	3, 2	3.5	3.8
Miscellaneous equipment 1	1. 9	2.1	2.4	2.6

^{1.} Includes business purchases of mobile homes —see table 5.8.

Table 5.6.—Change in Business Inventories

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Change in business inventories, total	4,528	6, 312	8, 534	15, 369
Fa.m. Nonfarm		1, 3 94 4, 918	735 7,799	3, 969 11, 400
Change in nonfarm inventories	4,306	4, 918	7,799	11,400
Corporate		5, 061 -143	9, 713 -1, 914	12, 881 -1, 481
Change in book value	10,467	10, 515 9, 988 527	15, 917 16, 733 -816	31, 254 30, 460 794
Inventory valuation adjustment Corporate Noncorporate	-4,801	-5, 597 -4, 927 -670	-8, 118 -7, 020 -1, 098	-19, 854 -17, 579 -2, 275
Change in nonfarm inventories by industrial group	4, 306	4, 918	7, 799	11, 400
Manufacturing Change in book value Inventory valuation adjustment	4,643	-1,822 $1,151$ $-2,973$	3, 439 6, 593 -3, 154	5, 774 14, 063 -8, 289
Wholesale trade Change in book value Inventory valuation adjustment	2, 737	1, 444 2, 686 -1, 242	1, 571 3, 547 -1, 976	1, 337 6, 809 -5, 472
Retail trade Change in book value Inventory valuation adjustment	1, 145	4, 280 5, 028 -748	1, 703 4, 029 -2, 326	3, 974 8, 225 -4, 251
All other Change in book value Inventory valuation adjustment	1, 288	1, 016 1, 650 -634	1, 086 1, 748 -662	318 2, 157 -1, 842

Table 5.8.—Private Purchases of Mobile Homes in Current and Constant Dollars

[Billions of dollars]

					Billi	ons of	dollars	}												
					1970				1971				1972				1973			
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV
					Seasonally adjusted at annual rates															
Current Dollars:																			i	
Total	2, 8	3.6	4.6	4, 9	2, 6	2,8	2.8	2, 9	3, 1	3, 6	4.0	4, 0	4.5	4,5	4, 3	5.0	5, 3	5.3	4.7	4.4
Personal consumption expenditures Producers' durable equipment	2.5 .3	3. 3 . 4	4. 1 . 5	4. 4 . 5	2.3 .3	2. 5 . 3	2. 6 . 3	2.6 .3	2.8	3. 2 . 4	3.6 .4	3. 6 . 4	4.0 .4	4. 1 . 5	3.8 .4	4. 5 . 5	4.8 .5	4.7	4.2	4.0 .4
1958 dollars:										ı								<u>'</u>		
Total	2, 5	3, 3	4.1	4, 2	2, 3	2, 5	2.5	2, 6	2.7	3, 2	3, 5	3, 6	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.5	4.7	4,5	4.0	3, 7
Personal Consumption expenditures Producers' durable equipment	2. 2 . 2	2. 9 . 3	3. 7 . 4	3. 8 . 4	$\overset{2.1}{\overset{.}{\cdot}}$	2. 2 . 2	2.3 .3	2.3 .3	2. 4 . 3	2.8 .3	3. 2 . 4	3.3 .4	3.6 .4	3.7 .4	3. 5 . 4	4.0 .4	4, 2 . 5	4.1	3.6 .4	3.3 .4

6.—Income and Employment by Industry

Table 6.1.—Compensation of Employees by Industry

Table 6.2.—Wages and Salaries by Industry Table 6.3.—Average Number of Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Industry

		(Millions	of dollars]			[Millions	of dollars]			Oyees b Data in t	y Indus	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total	603, 869	643, 056	707, 094	785, 983	541, 976	573, 590	626, 781	691, 620	77,629	77,310	79,016	82,008
Agrciulture, forestry, and fisheries	4,764	4,897	5, 280	6,078	4, 469	4,577	4,917	5, 625	1,395	1,379	1,369	1, 414
Farms	3,643 1,121	3, 650 1, 247	3, 909 1, 371	4, 461 1, 617	3, 433 1, 036	3, 433 1, 144	3,678 1,2 3 9	4, 179 1, 446	1, 191 204	1,169 210	1, 152 217	1, 175 239
Mining	6,530	6,753	7,554	8,372	5,824	6,056	6,708	7,361	629	616	629	643
Metal mining Coal mining Crude petroleum and natural gas Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals.	1 1 656	978 1,750 2,865 1,160	1,048 2,136 3,130 1,240	1, 156 2, 358 3, 477 1, 381	868 1, 395 2, 575 986	864 1, 494 2, 656 1, 042	929 1,780 2,893 1,106	1,016 1,931 3,192 1,222	95 146 272 116	89 148 264 115	87 160 268 114	89 160 277 117
Contract construction	35, 681	38,730	42, 331	47,519	32, 351	35, 042	38, 011	42, 286	3, 481	3, 531	3, 707	3,954
Manufacturing	182, 526	187, 272	205, 749	231, 815	158, 294	160, 635	175, 644	196, 585	19, 415	18, 593	19, 089	20, 147
Nondurable goods. Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufacturers. Textile mill products. Apparel and other fabricated textile products. Paper and allied products Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining and related industries. Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products. Leather and leather products.	68, 811 15, 333 734 6, 263 7, 580 6, 690 10, 070 11, 999 3, 020 5, 170 1, 952	71, 652 16, 117 754 6, 562 7, 845 6, 899 10, 508 12, 425 3, 156 5, 455 1, 931	77, 197 16, 829 808 7, 338 8, 453 7, 557 11, 307 13, 219 3, 439 6, 220 2, 027	83,799 17,735 882 8,116 9,255 8,281 12,224 14,425 3,665 7,144 2,072	60, 310 13, 514 559 5, 703 6, 873 5, 998 9, 175 10, 273 2, 041 4, 424 1, 750	62, 459 14, 073 577 5, 951 7, 086 6, 176 9, 483 10, 562 2, 167 4, 653 1, 731	67, 067 14, 644 609 6, 643 7, 600 6, 710 10, 187 11, 172 2, 352 5, 338 1, 812	72, 294 15, 334 664 7, 282 8, 222 7, 305 10, 939 12, 125 2, 499 6, 087 1, 837	8, 165 1, 784 81 983 1, 366 701 1, 110 1, 054 191 578 317	7, 977 1, 752 77 960 1, 344 679 1, 085 1, 016 189 576 299	8, 083 1, 728 77 999 1, 372 684 1, 100 1, 009 191 625 298	8, 264 1, 713 79 1, 035 1, 410 701 1, 125 1, 035 191 681 294
Durable goods Lumber and wood products, except furniture Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery Transportation equipment and ordnance, except motor vehicles Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment Instruments Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	113, 715 4, 062 3, 253 6, 014 14, 404 13, 063 20, 937 18, 324 14, 213 11, 568 4, 643 3, 234	115, 620 4, 461 3, 438 6, 372 14, 378 13, 406 20, 350 18, 247 12, 964 13, 996 4, 655 3, 353	128, 552 5, 073 3, 940 7, 101 16, 177 14, 997 22, 843 19, 805 13, 866 15, 917 5, 145 3, 688	148, 016 5, 768 4, 486 8, 005 18, 882 17, 270 26, 911 22, 962 15, 009 18, 833 5, 855 4, 035	97, 984 3, 721 2, 964 5, 288 12, 104 11, 610 18, 404 16, 306 12, 421 8, 129 4, 127 2, 910	98, 176 4, 069 3, 117 5, 575 12, 037 11, 851 17, 686 15, 985 11, 194 9, 549 4, 135 2, 978	108, 577 4, 586 3, 563 6, 169 13, 440 13, 135 19, 729 17, 186 11, 951 11, 025 4, 534 3, 259	124, 291 5, 170 4, 024 6, 907 15, 629 15, 028 23, 116 19, 817 12, 862 13, 075 5, 125 3, 538	11, 250 581 461 645 1, 314 1, 384 1, 985 1, 921 1, 249 814 466 430	10, 616 590 459 635 1, 225 1, 333 1, 811 1, 776 1, 083 847 439 418	11,006 624 501 659 1,231 1,387 1,892 1,894 1,095 460 438	11, 883 650 537 697 1, 323 1, 500 2, 091 2, 029 1, 131 970 497 458
Transportation Railroad transportation. Local, suburban, and highway passenger. Motor freight transportation and warehousing. Water transportation Air transportation. Pipeline transportation. Transportation services.	27, 305 7, 271 1, 968 9, 910 2, 337 4, 640 202 977	29, 304 7, 720 2, 094 11, 158 2, 206 4, 890 215 1, 021	31,838 7,923 2,083 12,726 2,347 5,413 226 1,120	35, 422 8, 993 2, 202 14, 324 2, 549 5, 875 236 1, 243	24,270 6,268 1,761 9,032 2,111 4,038 182 878	25, 953 6, 691 1, 824 10, 127 1, 979 4, 217 194 921	27, 949 6, 799 1, 819 11, 422 2, 110 4, 615 202 982	30, 856 7, 642 1, 907 12, 765 2, 274 4, 975 209 1, 084	2, 688 626 280 1, 079 220 354 17 112	2, 635 597 277 1, 089 200 343 17 112	2, 645 575 265 1, 126 203 348 17	2,691 565 265 1,170 201 357 16 117
Communication. Telephone and telegraph. Radio broadcasting and television.	10,888 9,500 1,388	11, 954 10, 508 1, 446	13, 694 12, 093 1, 601	14, 919 13, 168 1, 751	9,338 8,070 1,268	10, 150 8, 818 1, 332	11,502 10,033 1,469	12, 415 10, 823 1, 592	1, 124 993 131	1, 127 992 135	1, 146 1, 006 140	1, 161 1, 016 145
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	7,797	8,466	9, 295	10, 094	6, 689	7, 253	7, 917	8, 549	691	702	717	728
Wholesale and retail trade. Wholesale trade. Retail trade.	96, 289 36, 459 59, 830	103,500 38,835 64,665	113, 334 42, 585 70, 749	125,070 47,363 77,707	88, 993 33, 850 55, 143	95, 171 35, 848 59, 323	103, 460 39, 080 64, 380	113, 225 43, 130 70, 095	15, 108 3, 808 11, 300	15, 384 3, 827 11, 557	15,858 3,937 11,921	16, 467 4, 080 12, 387
Finance, insurance, and real estate Banking. Credit agencies, holding and other investment companies Security and commodity brokers. Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	30, 695 8, 761 3, 307 2, 563 9, 046 2, 346 4, 672	33, 881 9, 562 3, 645 3, 059 9, 710 2, 576 5, 329	37, 447 10, 332 4, 124 3, 469 10, 464 2, 839 6, 219	41, 094 11, 467 4, 717 3, 261 11, 414 3, 214 7, 021	27, 031 7, 439 2, 959 2, 383 7, 967 2, 099 4, 184	29, 611 8, 050 3, 232 2, 790 8, 492 2, 300 4, 747	32, 459 8, 639 3, 628 3, 175 8, 995 2, 525 5, 497	35, 327 9, 521 4, 120 2, 959 9, 731 2, 839 6, 157	3,673 1,055 401 205 1,038 269 705	3,770 1,087 410 197 1,053 276 747	3,898 1,119 443 203 1,052 289 792	4,053 1,177 475 193 1,072 307 829
Services. Hotels and other lodging places. Personal services. Miscellaneous business services Automobile repair, automobile services, and garages. Miscellaneous repair services. Motion pictures	74, 485 3, 480 5, 055 11, 762 2, 483 1, 406 1, 374	80, 624 3, 720 5, 033 12, 003 2, 718 1, 484 1, 409	89, 820 4, 153 5, 083 13, 409 3, 008 1, 674 1, 471	101, 429 4, 708 5, 324 15, 260 3, 451 1, 950 1, 572	69, 616 3, 220 4, 719 10, 873 2, 326 1, 287 1, 274	75,021 3,440 4,682 11,149 2,526 1,358 1,277	82, 877 3, 785 4, 681 12, 434 2, 782 1, 515 1, 343	92, 831 4, 247 4, 854 14, 041 3, 163 1, 747 1, 424	13, 282 770 990 1, 605 388 184 201	13, 430 788 947 1, 599 396 186 200	13, 904 841 905 1, 727 415 196 199	14, 612 913 897 1, 907 445 214 203
Amusement and recreation services, except motion pictures. Medical and other health services. Legal services. Educational services. Nonprofit membership organizations. Miscellaneous professional services. Private households	2,661 18,026 1,796 6,808 8,061 6,743 4,830	2, 921 21, 231 2, 111 7, 299 8, 663 7, 073 4, 959	3, 226 25, 007 2, 512 8, 021 9, 284 7, 951 5, 021	3,754 28,912 3,094 8,570 10,346 9,310 5,178	2, 483 16, 825 1, 690 6, 248 7, 585 6, 350 4, 736	2,714 19,613 1,970 6,658 8,133 6,645 4,856	2, 969 22, 818 2, 317 7, 268 8, 677 7, 373 4, 915	3, 424 26, 124 2, 827 7, 734 9, 606 8, 574 5, 066	468 2, 972 232 1, 150 1, 500 665 2, 157	485 3, 137 246 1, 149 1, 516 667 2, 114	511 3, 357 266 1, 162 1, 534 719 2, 072	565 3, 613 295 1, 177 1, 619 794 1, 970
Government and government enterprises. Federal	126, 850 53, 414	137, 609 56, 030 47, 265	150, 676 60, 222 50, 736	164, 087 63, 056 52, 816	115, 042 48, 579 40, 977	124, 055 50, 304 42, 438	135, 261 53, 759 45, 287	146, 476 55, 831 46, 700	16, 139 6, 028 5, 132	16, 139 5, 633 4, 741	16,050 5,290 4,423	16, 134 5, 156 4, 305
General government Civilian Military	45, 164 	47, 265	9,486	10, 240	21, 416 19, 561 7, 602	23, 019 19, 419 7, 866	45, 287 24, 755 20, 532 8, 472	26, 700 26, 097 20, 603 9, 131	3, 132 2, 036 3, 096 896	2,003 2,738 892	2, 020 2, 403 867	2,010 2,295 851
Government enterprises State and local General government Public education	73, 436 69, 553	8, 765 81, 579 77, 381	90, 454 85, 677	101, 031 95, 652	66, 463 62, 944 34, 398 28, 546	73, 751 69, 952 37, 884 32, 068	81, 502 77, 188 41, 949 35, 239	90, 645 85, 812 46, 313 39, 499	10, 111 9, 587 5, 259 4, 328	10, 506 9, 962 5, 473 4, 489	10, 760 10, 185 5, 441 4, 744	10, 978 10, 385 5, 497 4, 888
Nonschool. Government enterprises	3, 883	4, 198	4,777	5, 37 9	3, 519	3,799	4, 314	4, 833	524	544	575	593
Rest of the world	476, 960	505, 381	76 556, 342	621, 812	59 426, 875	449, 469	76 491, 444	545, 060	61, 486	61, 167	62, 962	65, 870

Table 6.4.—Number of Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Industry Table 6.5.—Average Annual Earnings per Full-Time Employee by Industry Table 6.6.—Number of Persons Engaged in Production by Industry

All industries, foods		[Data in		thousan	is]		[Do	llars]		(D	ata in th	ousands]	
Agricultura ferenter, and fisheries.		1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973
Authorization services, forestry, and finiteries. 190 190 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,000	All industries, total	71, 587	71, 170	72, 794	75, 948	7,571	8,059	8, 610	9, 106	79, 899	79, 666	81, 559	84, 691
Agricultural services, northy, and insternes. 182 188 181 231 36, 62 36, 66 56, 58 383 384 350 350 Ministruine. 183 186 277 86, 78 87 87 87 87 87 87 87			1,357	1,346		3, 255 2, 882	3,373 2 937	3,653 3,193			3, 370 3, 024	3,358 2,999	3, 398 3, 018
Media mining.	Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries	182	188	194	213	5, 692	6,085	6, 387	6,789	334	346	35 9	380
Crate petroleum and matural gas. 272 264 288 277 9,467 10,661 10,761 1,503 256 288 200 2	Metal mining	95	89	87	89	9, 137	9,708	10,678	11,416	97	91	89	683 91 168
Contract construction	Crude petroleum and natural gas	272	264	268	277	9,467	10,061	10,795	11,523	295	288	293	303 121
Nondertable goods								, f	· 1				4, 821
Food and Kindfred products	Manufacturing		18, 593										20, 497
Testis mill products	Food and kindred products	1,784	1,752	1,728	1,713	7,575	8,033	8, 475	8,952	1,804	1,773	1,745	8, 401 1, 734 79
Paper and allied products 1.00	Textile mill products	98 3 1, 36 6	960	999	1,035	5,802 5,031	6, 199	6,650	7,036	985	961 1, 366	1,002	1,039 1,434
Petroleum refining and related industries	Printing, publishing, and allied industries.	1, 110	1,085	1, 100	1, 125	8, 266	9,096 8,740	9, 261	9,724	1, 179	1,150	1,176	702 1, 205
Durable goods	Petroleum refining and related industries	191	189	191	191	10,686	11,466	12, 314	13,084	191	189	191	1,038 191 683
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	Leather and leather products			298	294	5, 521	5, 789	6, 081			3 01	300	296
Stone, clay, and glass products	Lumber and wood products, except furniture	581	590	624	650	6,404	6,897	7, 349	7,954	656	663	698	12,096 724
Fabricated metal products. 1, 384 1,383 1,387 1,000 8,380 8,000 9,470 10,010 1,400 1,354 1,406 1, Machinery, except leactrical	Stone, clay, and glass products	645	635	659	697	8, 198	8,780	9, 361	9.910	65 9	650	679	552 715 1,325
Electrical machinery. 1. 921 1,776 1,834 2,029 8,488 9,001 9,371 9,767 1,785 1,781 1,841 2,740 1,083 1,341 1,372 1,244 1,073 1,073 1,073 1,075	Fabricated metal products	1,384 1,985	1, 333	1, 387	1,500	8,389	8,890	9,470	10,019	1,400	1, 354 1, 851	1,406 1,934	1,519 2,133
Instruments	Transportation equipment and ordnance, except motor vehicles	1,249	1,776 1,083	1,095	2, 029 1, 131	9,945	10, 336	9, 371 10, 914	11,372	1,254	1,087	1,099	2,035 1,135
Transportation	Instruments.	466	43 9	460	497	8,856	9,419	9,857	10, 312	468	441	462	971 499 488
Railroad transportation. 626 597 575 566 10,013 11,208 11,824 13,526 626 597 575 Motor freight transportation and warehousing. 586 874 903 930 10,430 11,587 12,649 13,594 1,018 1,024 1,064 Water transportation 198 188 183 183 185 10,621 10,94 11,530 12,222 202 202 184 187 Air transportation. 354 343 348 357 11,407 12,294 13,261 13,363 357 346 351 Pipeline transportation services. 102 102 102 102 102 102 103 106 10,401 11,822 11,822 13,603 17 17 Transportation services. 102 102 102 102 102 102 103 10,601 10,601 11,411 1,822 1,822 13,603 17 17 Telephone and telegraph 992 992 1,006 1,016 8,135 8,889 9,973 10,653 994 994 1,008 1,	Transportation		2, 377		i				1		2, 569	2, 586	2, 625
Water transportation	Local, suburban, and highway passenger.	267	597 264	575 253	565 253	6,596	11, 208 6, 909	11,824 7,190	7,538	626 298	295	286	565 285
Pipeline transportation	Water transportation	198	180	183	185	10,662	10,994	11,530	12, 292	202	184	187	1,099 189 360
Communication	Pipeline transportation	17	17	17	16	10,706	11,412	11,882	13,063	17	17	17	16 111
Radio broadcasting and television 120 123 128 132 10, 567 10, 829 11, 477 12, 061 122 125 130 Electric, gas, and sanitary services 691 702 717 728 9, 680 10, 332 11, 042 11, 743 702 716 735 Wholesale and retail trade 12, 907 3, 137 13, 541 14, 060 6, 885 7, 245 7, 640 8, 653 15, 225 15, 556 16, 009 16, 180	Communication	1, 112	1, 115	1, 134	1, 148	8, 397	9, 103	10, 143	10, 814	1, 116		1, 138	1, 152
Wholesale and retail trade 12, 907 13, 137 13, 541 14, 060 6, 895 7, 245 7, 640 8, 653 15, 225 15, 556 16, 009 16, Wholesale trade 3, 579 3, 597 3, 700 3, 835 9, 488 9, 966 10, 562 11, 246 3, 888 4, 006 4, Retail trade 9, 328 9, 540 9, 841 10, 225 5, 912 6, 218 6, 542 6, 855 11, 287 11, 670 12, 003 13,	Radio broadcasting and television	120						9, 973 11, 477			125	130	1, 018 134
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,			_	j .			744
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Wholesale trade.	3, 579	3, 597	3,700	3,835	9,458	9,966	10, 562	11,246	3,838	3,886	4,006	16, 505 4, 156 12, 349
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Credit agencies, holding and other investment companies} \\ \text{Security and commodity brokers} \\ \text{Security and commodity brokers} \\ \text{166} \\ \text{159} \\ \text{160} \\ \text{159} \\ \text{160} \\ \text{159} \\ \text{160} \\ \text{150} \\ \text{160} \\ \text{150} \\ \text{100} \\ \text{1}, 020 \\ \text{1}, $	Finance, insurance, and real estate												4,098 1,141
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Credit agencies, holding and other investment companies. Security and commodity brokers.	327 166	334 159	361 164	387 156	9,049 14,355	9, 677 17, 54 7	10,050 19,360	10, 646 18, 968	338 183	181	186	400 178
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Insurance agents, brokers, and service	218	224	235	249	9,628	10, 268	10,745	11,402	304	311	323	1, 020 339 1, 020
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					l (i '	(15, 466
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hotels and other lodging places Personal services	677 870	692 8 3 2	739 795	802 788	4, 756 5, 424	4, 971 5, 627	5, 122 5, 888	6, 160	799 1, 453	1, 396	1, 399	918 1, 363
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Automobile repair, automobile services, and garages	346	353	370	396	6,723	7, 156	7,519	7,987	512	544	566	1, 940 592 358
	Motion pictures					7, 157					191	192	197
	Medical and other health services	2,972	3, 137	3, 357	3,613	5,661	6,252	6,797	7, 231	3, 359	3, 50 9	3,773	627 4, 013 468
Educational services 1,150 1,149 1,162 1,177 5,433 5,795 6,255 6,571 1,245 1,269 1,300 1, Nonprofit membership organizations 1,386 1,400 1,417 1,497 5,473 5,809 6,124 6,417 1,386 1,400 1,417 1,	Educational services	1, 150	1, 149	1, 162	1, 177	5, 433	5,795	6, 255	6, 571	1,245	1,269	1,300	1, 3 07 1, 497
Miscellaneous professional services 642 644 694 766 9,891 10,318 10,624 11,193 850 869 901	Miscellaneous professional services	642	644	694	766	9,891	10, 318	10,624	11, 193	850	869	901	977 1, 209
Government and government enterprises. 14,445 14,407 14,347 14,698 7,964 8,611 9,428 9,966 14,445 14,407 14,347 14,	Government and government enterprises		14, 407	14,347	14, 698	7, 964	8,611	9, 428				14,347 5,212	14, 698 5, 080
General government 5, 132 4, 741 4, 423 4, 305 7, 985 8, 981 10, 239 10, 848 5, 132 4, 741 4, 423 4, Civilian 2, 036 2, 003 2, 020 2, 010 10, 519 11, 492 12, 255 12, 984 2, 036 2, 003 2, 020 2, 020 12, 020	General government	5, 1 3 2	4,741	4,423	4, 305	7,985	8,951	10, 239	10,848	5, 132	4,741 2,003	4,423 2,020	4, 305 2, 010
Military 3,096 2,738 2,403 2,295 6,318 7,092 8,544 8,977 3,096 2,738 2,403 2, Government enterprises Government enterprises 812 812 789 775 9,362 9,687 10,738 11,782 812 812 789	Military Government enterprises	3, 096 812	2, 738 812	2,403 789	2, 295 775	6, 318 9, 362	7,092 9,687	8, 544 10, 738	8, 977 11, 782	3, 096 812	812	789	2, 295 775
State and local	State and local General government	8,026	8, 373	8,624	9,083	7,843	8, 354	8,950	9,448	8,026	8, 373	8,624	9, 618 9, 083 4, 812
Nonschool 3,800 3,970 4,066 4,271 7.512 8,078 8,667 9,248 3,800 3,970 4,066 4,	Nonschool	3,800	3, 970	4,066	4,271	7,512	8,078	8,667	9, 248	3,800	3, 970	4,066	4, 271 535
Rest of the world. 4 4 4 14,750 16,500 19,000 4 4 4						1)			4
Addendum: All private industries 57, 138 56, 759 58, 443 61, 246 7, 471 7, 919 8, 409 8, 900 65, 450 65, 255 67, 208 69,	Addendum: All private industries	57, 138	56, 759	58, 443	61, 246	7, 471	7, 919	8, 409	8, 900	65, 450	65, 255	67, 208	69, 989

Table 6.7.—Supplements to Wages and Salaries by Industry Table 6.10.—Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Industry Division

1971	1972	1973
69,466	80,313	94, 363
4, 270	7 846 8 4,320 7 30,105 8 10,130 19,975 1 3,889 2,192 3 1,378 9,874 0 4,988	453 1, 011 5, 233 35, 230 11, 505 23, 725 4, 566 2, 504 1, 545 5, 767 8, 598
	8, 329 4, 270 5, 603 13, 554	8,329 9,874

50, 085 | 55, 912 | 64, 898

Table 6.8.—Income of Unincorporated Enterprises by Industry Division

Addendum: All private industries.....

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	197 3
All industries, total	67,625	69,849	76,957	98,364
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.		17, 985	21,736	39, 361
Farms	16,902	17, 199	20,954	3 8, 529
Mining	103	-559	-13	126
Contract construction		5,671	6,466	6, 921
Manufacturing	1,656	1,610	1,971	2, 333
Nondurable goods	641	602	659	696
Durable goods	1,015	1,008	1,312	1,637
Transportation	1, 239	1,344	1,499	1,601
Communication	3 9	84	15	20
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	99	108	142	150
Wholesale and retail trade	14,055	14, 587	15, 155	16, 566
Wholesale trade		3,538	4,068	4, 541
Retail trade		11,049	11,087	12,025
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,208	3,888	4,062	3,868
Services	24,653	25, 131	25, 924	27,418

Table 6.9.—Noncorporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry Division

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total	31, 285	33, 316	36, 624	39, 638
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.	6, 216	6,716	7, 176	8, 110
Farms	5,989	6,476	6,898	7,799
Mining	. 372	396	447	491
Contract construction	812	825	950	1,019
Manufacturing	534	53 9	588	592
Nondurable goods	. 166	166	197	200
Durable goods	368	373	391	3 92
Transportation		752	898	1,078
Communication	. 17	22	27	35
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	. 180	202	226	252
Wholesale and retail trade	1,986	2,086	2, 196	2, 346
Wholesale trade		467	736	978
Retail trade	1, 537	1,619	1,460	1, 368
Finance, insurance, and real estate	16, 363	17, 470	19, 381	20, 576
Real estate		17, 310	19, 180	20, 352
Services.		4,308	4,735	5, 139

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total	-5, 507	-5, 597	-8, 118	-19, 854
Corporation, total	-4,801	-4,927	-7,020	-17,579
MiningContract construction	-80	-52	-64	-332
	-74	-317	-198	-463
Manufacturing	-2, 346	-2, 899	-3, 078	-8, 081
Wholesale and retail trade	-1, 654	-1, 497	-3, 342	-7, 797
Transportation	-65	-88	-58	-257
	-160	-19	-72	-159
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	-122	-55	-208	-490
Unincorporated enterprises, total	-706	-670	-1,098	-2, 275
Mining	-3	-1	-2	-8
	-26	-102	-60	-133
Manufacturing	-26	-74	-76	-208
	-651	-493	-960	-1,926

Table 6.11.—Net Interest by Industry Division

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total	36, 496	41, 589	45, 555	52, 255
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries Mining	141	3, 410 175 415	3,756 186 507	4, 416 226 456
Manufacturing Nondurable goods Durable goods	2, 156	5, 3 84 2, 402 2, 982	4,919 2, 3 79 2,540	5, 683 3, 024 2, 659
Transportation	1,489	1,522 1,811 3,635	1,642 2,096 4,162	1, 920 2, 449 4, 699
Wholesale and retail trade	17, 344	1,887 19,850 2,375	2,078 22,406 2,616	2,776 25,575 3,094
Rest of the world	-125	1,125	1, 187	961

Table 6.12.—Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Broad Industry Groups

[Billions of dollars]

					(2)		401141	~ <u>,</u>												
					1970				1971				1972				1973			
	1970	1971	1972	1973	ı	II	111	īv	I	11	III	IV	I	11	111	iv	I	II	111	IV
						·	<u>'</u>	!	Seasonally adjusted				sted at annual rates							
All industries, total	69, 2	78.7	92, 2	105, 1	69.8	69, 9	71, 3	65. 9	74, 2	78.7	79.4	82, 4	86.5	89. 5	92.9	99.8	103.9	105.0	105, 2	106, 4
Financial institutions. Federal Reserve banks. Other financial institutions. Mutual. Stock	10.0	15. 6 3. 3 12. 2 3. 6 8. 6	17. 6 3. 4 14. 3 4. 5 9. 7	19. 6 4. 5 15. 1 4. 9 10. 1	12.7 3.4 9.3	13, 5 3, 6 9, 9	14, 0 3, 7 10, 3	14. 2 3. 6 10. 7	14. 6 3. 4 11. 2	15. 1 3. 2 11. 8	15. 9 3. 4 12. 5	16.6 3.4 13.3	17. 1 3. 4 13. 7	17, 4 3, 3 14, 1	17.8 3.3 14.4	18.3 3.5 14.8	18.7 3.9 14.9	19, 4 4, 3 15, 0	4.8	20, 4 5, 1 15, 3
Nonfinancial corporations Manufacturing Nondurable goods Durable goods Transportation, communication, and public utilities All other industries	55, 6 27, 8 17, 3 10, 5	63. 1 32. 3 17. 8 14. 5 8. 3 22. 5	74.5 40.8 19.0 21.8 9.2 24.6	85. 5 47. 6 21. 5 26. 1 9. 2 28. 7	57. 1 28. 9 16. 6 12. 3 8. 4 19. 9	56. 4 29. 3 17. 4 11. 9 7. 5 19. 6		51.7 23.7 17.5 6.3 7.3 20.7	59. 6 31. 0 17. 6 13. 4 8. 2 20. 4	63. 7 32. 5 17. 9 14. 6 8. 8 22. 4	63. 5 32. 3 18. 1 14. 2 8. 7 22. 4	65. 8 33. 3 17. 6 15. 8 7. 6 24. 9	69. 4 37. 7 18. 4 19. 3 8. 5 23. 2	39.6	75, 1 40, 8 19, 4 21, 4 9, 5 24, 8	81. 5 45. 1 20. 0 25. 1 9. 9 26. 6	85, 2 48, 6 20, 9 27, 6 9, 4 27, 2	85. 6 48. 4 21. 5 26. 9 8. 8 28. 4		86. 0 46. 4 22. 1 24. 3 9. 2 30. 3

Table 6.13.—Corporate Profits Before Tax by Industry [Millions of dollars] Table 6.14.—Federal and State Corporate Profits Tax Liability by Industry [Millions of dollars] Table 6.15.—Corporate Profits After Tax by Industry [Millions of dollars]

	LJ	Millions of	dollars			{Millions	of dollars]			[Million	s of dollars	<u> </u>
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973	1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total	74,041	83,618	99, 195	122,702	34,789	37,549	41,542	49,788	39, 252	46,069	57,653	72, 914
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	20	145	433	754	97	125	180	296	-77	20	253	458
Mining	991	740	592	1,013	358	250	254	506	633	490	338	507
Metal mining	186	-61			88	3			98	-64		
Coal mining	400 216	236 346			125 87	77 100			275 129	159 246		
Crude petroleum and natural gas_ Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals	189	219			58	70			131	149		
Contract construction	1,931	2, 165	2, 144	2,777	826	912	934	1,245	1, 105	1, 253	1,210	1,532
Manufacturing	30, 118	35, 177	43,867	55, 695	15,049	17,003	19,796	24, 792	15,069	18, 174	24,071	30,903
Nondurable goods	17,630	18,637	20,538	25,717	7,811	7,964	8, 634	10,825	9,819	10,673	11,904	14,892
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures	3, 533	3, 628			1,837	1, 794			1,696	1,834	<u></u>	
Textile mill products	907 836	981 886			478 469	500 457			429 367	481 429		
Apparel and other fabricated textile products	820				367			1 !	453	551		
Paper and allied products Printing, publishing, and allied industries	1, 110 1, 672	970 1,840			491 836	440 924			619 836	530 916		
Chemicals and allied products	4,062	4, 228			2, 210	2, 222			1,852	2,006		
Petroleum refining and related industries	4,042				751	720			3, 291	3, 358.	1	
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products Leather and leather products	463 185	840 240			246 126	389 123			217 59	451 117		
Durable goods	12, 488	16, 540	23, 329	29,978	7,238	9,039	11, 162	13, 967	5, 250	7,501	12, 167	16,011
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	571	984			184	280			387	704		
Furniture and fixturesStone, clay, and glass products	320 751	366 1, 073			179 378	185 475			141 373	181 598		
Primary metal industries	1,097	234			518	366			579	-132		
Fabricated metal products.		1, 577			865	842			590	735		
Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery	3, 130 1, 573	2, 974 1, 989			1, 869 1, 028				1, 261 545	1, 178 764		
Transportation equipment and ordnance, except motor vehicles	380	552			458	423	1		-78	129		
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipmentInstruments	1,612	5, 080		~	899	2, 532			713 554	2, 548 555		
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	1, 217 382	522			663 197	281			185	241		
Transportation	-166	693	1,671	1,695	449	615	819	870	-615	78	852	825
Railroad transportation.	-456	-267			47	56			503	-323		
Railroad transportation Local, suburban, and highway passenger Motor freight transportation and warehousing	65 496	90 866			20 241	31 364			45 255	59 502		
Water transportation	35	-33			62	45			-27	-78		
Air transportation	-558	-218			−3 2	13			-526	-231		
Pipeline transportation Transportation services	164 88	185 70			69 42	63 43			95 46	122 27		
Communication	4,531	3,784	3,625	3,835	2, 269	1,778	1,476	1,612	2,262	2,006	2, 149	2,223
Telephone and telegraph	4, 273	3, 533	l		2, 109	1,625			2, 164	1,908		
Telephone and telegraph Radio broadcasting and television	4, 273 258	251			160	153			98	98		
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	4,063	4,029	4,234	4,624	1,888	1,708	1,699	1,841	2, 175	2, 321	2,535	2,783
Wholesale and retail trade	11,488	13, 249	15,987	21, 199	4,770	5,320	5,874	7,052	6,718	7,929	10, 113	14, 147
Wholesale trade	4,850	5,322			2,090	2,247			2,760	3,075	1	
Retail trade	6,638	7, 927			2,680	3,073			3, 958	4,854		10.040
Finance, insurance, and real estate	14,763	16, 946	19,038	21, 144	8,054	8,846	9,386	10,304	6,709	8, 100	9,652	10,840
Banking Federal Reserve banks	9,422 3,556	8, 627 3, 34 6			5, 120 3, 494	4,705 3,357			4, 3 02 62	3,922 -11		
Commercial and mutual banksCredit agencies, holding and other investment companies_	5,866 1,718	5, 281 2, 213			1,626 596	1,348 899			4, 240 1, 122	3,933 1,314		
Security and con.modity brokers.	1, 119	586			129	332			-110	254		
Insurance carriers	2,489	4,052			1,493	2,019			996 218	2,033 267		
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	361 754	425 1,043			143 573	158 7 33			181	310		
Services	1,611	1,839	2,378	2,629	1,029	992	1, 124	1,270	582	847	1,254	1,359
Hotels and other lodging places.	66	85			105	79			-3 9	6		
Personal services Miscellaneous business services	220 504	223 665			93 376	85 364			127 128	138 301		
Automobile repair, automobile services, and garages	81	85			54	72			27	13		
Miscellaneous repair services	59	55			18	15			41	40		
Motion pictures	76	5			85	42	1	-	-9	-37		
pictures Miscellaneous professional services.		186 535			108 190	113 222			58 249	73 313		
Rest of the world	ł	4,851	5, 226	7,337					4,691	4,851	5,226	7,337
	1 '		1		7 000	7 700	0 160	1	6,398	7,786	9,465	10,533
Addenda: Financial institutions		15,555 68,063	17,628 81,567	9,582 103,120	7,207 27,582	7,769 29,780			32,854	38, 283	48, 188	62,381

Table 6.16.—Net Corporate Dividend Payments by Industry

Table 6.17.—Undistributed Corporate Profits by Industry

Table 6.18.—Corporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry

[Millions of dollars] [Millions of dollars] [Millions of dollars] 1970 1971 1972 1973 1970 1971 1972 1973 1970 1971 1972 1073 27, 346 29,582 21,078 All industries, total 24,680 24, 991 14,572 30, 307 43, 332 55, 969 60, 403 66, 298 71, 180 Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries 45 80 101 108 -122 --60 152 350 503 515 578 630 1,013 1, 180 1,857 2,969 -380 **-690** -1,519-2,4621, 261 1, 258 1.389 1,500 -39 229 -625 -219 Metal mining.... 137 155 49 911 $^{110}_{-665}$ 197 46 754 65 55 84 238 261 Contract construction.... 992 245 261 225 250 860 985 1,282 1,755 1.854 2, 129 Manufacturing 9,685 21,558 28, 234 29.712 10, 202 9.508 9.345 4.867 8,666 14, 386 24.924 26, 526 Nondurable goods..... 5,229 4,902 4,485 3,723 4, 590 5,771 7,419 11, 169 11.974 12.863 13,553 14, 191 Food and kindred products..... 819 1,013 2, 132 $\frac{256}{221}$ $\frac{259}{178}$ 173 146 222 251 159 679 Apparel and other fabricated textile products..... 101 352 468 226 219 Paper and allied products.
Printing, publishing, and allied industries.
Chemicals and allied products.
Petroleum refining and related industries. 417 376 202 1,049 346 1, 445 1, 381 490 407 - 2,833 4,033 1,475 1,164 2, 637 3, 753 1, 910 2. 194 121 66 330 51 582 78 128 57 $^{89}_{\ 2}$ 5,622 6, 967 10, 389 14,681 15, 521 Durable goods 5, 200 277 2,895 12, 950 13,663 4,973 4,606 Lumber and wood products, except furniture Furniture and fixtures.
Stone, clay, and glass products
Primary metal industries 170 50 264 376 204 98 124 534 131 334 183 43 249 712 ------2, 603 -- 133 -508Fabricated metal products.

Machinery, except electrical.

Electrical machinery

Transportation equipment and ordnance, except motor 373 830 786 381 901 822 217 431 —241 1, 126 2, 618 1, 750 1, 116 2, 760 1, 976 $\frac{354}{277}$ ----------- - - - - - - -328 349 -- 406 -220 1, 193 1, 416 vehicles 962 237 94 1. 134 -4211 586 289 115 318 Instruments_____ Miscellaneous manufacturing industries_____ 241 258 737 742 -1,322-582 83 5, 150 5, 240 5,708 707 660 Transportation Railroad transportation_ Local, suburban, and highway passenger. Motor freight transportation and warehousing______ Water transportation______ 345 34 86 8 348 53 74 1,615 -848-6711,603 -848 11 169 -35 ------1, 111 319 1, 193 322 ------_ - - - - - - - --------------8 -86. 1.430 _588 -2601,423 238 ----------------4,531 6,332 1,861 2, 253 2,471 401 38 -104 -2483,589 1.968 Telephone and telegraph Radio broadcasting and television 1,878 90 404 -3 4, **3**02 229 1,760 101 **3**0 8 3, 360 229 4,757 Electric, gas, and sanitary services 3, 327 3,767 4,227 -856 -1,006 -1.232-1.4445.317 6,910 3.031 12, 117 6.568 7,054 Wholesale and retail trade 2.030 8, 127 5.714 1,762 1.945 1.986 4,956 5.984 5.181 557 1, 388 2,204 2,752 556 1,206 Finance, insurance, and real estate 6,565 7,592 5,026 2,759 3,087 5, 341 4.684 3,248 3,703 3,006 Banking...
Federal Reserve banks.
Commercial and mutual banks
Credit agencies, holding and other investment companies.
Security and commodity brokers... 1.177 1,666 1,829 2,636 2,093 -55 1,022 21 2, 615 307 -140 1,625 815 30 1, 529 44 1, 785 519 1, 171 558 57 1,016 508 51 2, 148 --------------------------------------795 227 . - - - - - - - -27 556 631 Insurance carriers -19 -138 1,015 2,171 Insurance carriers
Insurance agents, brokers, and service
Real estate -2372,480 2.527 -----------434 503 543 134 413 816 4, 165 4,422 448 **53**2 Hotels and other lodging places 87 38 92 -- 126 -86 552 Personal services
Miscellaneous business services
Automobile repair, automobile services, and garages 105 187 89 -20 301 345 . - - - - - - - - -148 31 1,285 1,037 1, 298 1, 195 -------4-10 ---------**-**----Miscellaneous repair services 33 -15 Motion pictures

Amusement and recreation services, except motion pic-249 23 -60 290 55 75 54 86 3 174 tures
Miscellaneous professional services.... 227 346 ------Rest of the world 2,360 2,869 3, 145 3,649 2,331 1,982 2,081 3,688 3, 102 68, 078 2,021 25,325 2,219 27,363 5,889 15,189 7,444 22,863 8,314 35,018 2,697 63,601 1,897 23,094 1,980 53,989

10,512

Table 6.19.—Corporate Sales by Industry ¹

[Millions of dollars]

	1970	1971	1972	1973		1970	1971	1972	1973
All industries, total	1, 528, 567	1, 657, 967	1, 850, 506	2, 181, 085	Manufacturing—Continued				
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	13, 592	13, 680	16, 896	22, 544	Durable goods—Continued				j
Mining	16, 699	18, 399	20,813	24, 765	Instruments Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	12, 219	12,376		
Metal mining	3, 394	2,871			Miscenaneous manufacturing industries	11, 244	12,019		
Coal mining	3, 754	3,693			Transportation	57, 782	64, 213	72, 143	79, 782
Wining and quarrying of nonmatallia minerals	6, 799 2, 752	8, 547 3, 288			Railroad transportation	14, 381	16 179		
		0, 200			Local, suburban, and highway passenger	2,973	5, 161		
Contract construction	88, 945	95, 387	104, 923	119, 886	Local, suburban, and highway passenger	19, 389	21, 208		
Manufacturing.	700,091	751, 346	822, 959	986, 174	water transportation	4, 359	4, 343		
		· ·	i ,		Air transportation	11,093	11, 768		
Nondurable goods	353, 579	380, 210	409, 672	486, 336	Pipeline transportation Transportation services	1, 601 3, 986	1,797		
Food and kindred products	99, 623	104, 817			Transportation services	3,980	4, 700		
Tobacco manufactures	8 049	8,670			Communication	33, 646	36, 394	40,532	45,400
Textile mill products Apparel and other fabricated textile products	21, 454 23, 171	23, 164			malanta and talances	90.004	00.000		1
Paper and allied products	23, 171	24, 198 22, 3 05			Telephone and telegraph Radio broadcasting and television	29, 664 3, 982	32, 030 4, 364		
Dulating publishing and allied industries	05.050	00,000				40,000		i	F4 400
Printing, publishing, and allied industries Chemicals and allied products	25, 3 56 57, 012	26, 986			Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40, 036	44,667	49,874	54, 487
Petroleum refining and related industries	75, 359	85, 532	ł	-	Wholesale and retail trade	511, 317	563, 615	644, 199	759, 316
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products.	16,076	17, 122	1		1	, ,		,,	1
Leather and leather products	6, 098	6,051			Wholesale trade	235, 633	255, 947		
Durable goods	346, 512	371, 136	413, 287	499, 838	Retail trade	275, 684	307, 668		
-	1 '		,	j '	Services.	66, 459	70, 266	78, 167	88, 72
Lumber and wood products, except furniture.	13, 270				[t	{
Furniture and fixtures	7, 585			[Hotels and other lodging places Personal services	6, 413			
Stone, clay, and glass products	15, 992 45, 647				Personal services.	6, 119 23, 884	6,771		
Fabricated metal products	37, 796	20 176			Miscellaneous business services. Automobile repair, automobile services, and	23,884	22, 444		
rabilicated metal products	31, 190	30, 110			garages	4,934	6 070	 	{
Machinery, except electrical	57, 043	57 654			Miscellaneous repair services	1, 587	1 578		
Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery	53, 928	56, 636			Motion pictures	4, 537	4, 643		
Transportation equipment and ordnance.	1	l ' '	i		Amusement and recreation services, except	, í			1
except motor vehicles	34, 151				motion nictures	4, 180			
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment.	57, 637	75, 666	1		Miscellaneous professional services	14, 805	17, 720		

^{1.} Excludes finance, insurance, and real estate.

7.—Supplementary Tables

Table 7.1.—Gross National Product: Receipts and Expenditures by Major Economic Groups

[Billions of dollars]

\exists					1			1	***			1080	
			1970	,		1971			1972		 	1973	
Line		Receipts	Expend- itures	Excess of receipts or expenditures (-)	Receipts	Expend- itures	Excess of receipts or expend- itures (-)	Receipts	Expend- itures	Excess of receipts or expend- itures (-)	Receipts	Expend- itures	Excess of receipts or expend- itures (-)
	Persons:												
1	Disposable personal income	691. 7			746. 4			802, 5			903. 7		
3	sonal transfers to foreigners. Disposable personal income excluding interest	17. 9			18.8			20. 9			24. 1		
4	paid by consumers and personal transfers to foreigners. Personal consumption expenditures. Personal saving.		617. 6	56. 2	727. 6	667, 1	60. 5		729.0	52.6		805. 2	74.4
	Business:			50, 2			00.5			32.0			/4, 4
6 7 8	Gross retained earnings Gross private domestic investment Excess of investment (-)	97. 0	136. 3	-39.3	110. 2	153. 7	-43.5	125. 9	179.3	-53. 5	136. 5		-72. 9
1	Government:			}	}			1	,	}	}		
9 10 11 12 13	Tax and nontax receipts or accruals Less: Transfers, etc. Net receipts. Purchases of goods and services. Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	93, 2 209, 4	219. 5	-10, 1	105. 9 215, 7	2 3 4, 2	-18, 5	116. 5 250. 5	255. 7	-5, 1	131. 6 279. 9	276. 4	3, 5
}	Foreign:								1				
14 15 16	Net transfers to foreigners Net exports Net foreign investment less capital grants received by the United States		3. 6	4	3. 6	2	3.8	3.8	ĺ	9.8	3. 9	3. 9	-,1
17	Statistical discrepancy	-6.4		-6.4	-2.3		-2.3	-3.8		-3.8	-5.0		-5,0
18	Gross national product	977, 1	977, 1		1, 054. 9	1,054.9		1, 158, 0	1, 158. 0		1, 294. 9	1, 294. 9	

Table 7.2.—Monetary and Imputed Interest

[Billions of dollars]

Line		1970	1971	1972	1973	Line		1970	1971	1972	1973
1	Net interest (component of national income)	36.5	41.6	45. 6	52, 3	10	Personal interest income (component of personal	25.5	50. 0		
2	Originating in private business	36. 6	40. 5	44. 4	51. 3	1	income)	67. 5	72, 8	78.6	90, 6
3 4	Monetary interest paidImputed interest paid	99. 1 34. 4	106. 7 36. 0	120, 5 38, 8	149. 7 44. 0	11 12 13	Net interest (component of national income) Monetary interest paid by consumers Net interest paid by government	36. 5 16. 8 14. 2	41. 6 17. 7 13. 4	45. 6 19. 8 13. 2	52. 3 22. 9 15. 4
5	Less: Monetary interest received	89.4	95. 1	107. 2	132. 9	1	Addenda:				
6	Imputed interest received	7.4	7. 1	7. 7	9. 5	14	Monetary interest paid net of interest received by				
7	Originating in the rest of the world	1	1.1	1. 2	1.0		government (3+8+12+13)	133. 1	140. 9	156. 6	192. 3
8	Monetary interest received from abroad Less: Monetary interest paid to abroad	3. 0 3. 1	3. 0 1. 8	3. 1 1. 9	4. 3 3. 3	15	Gross interest paid by government	21. 3	21, 5	22. 2	26. 3
9	Less. Monetary interest paid to aproad	ə. 1	1.8	1.9	3, 3	16	Monetary interest paid (3+8+12+15)	140. 2	148.9	165. 7	203. 2

Table 7.3.—Imputations Included in National Income and Product Accounts

[Billions of dollars]

<u>. </u>					Billions	01 u0	narsj				
Line		1970	1971	1972	1973	Line		1970	1971	1972	1973
1	Gross national product	977, 1	1,054.9	1,158.0	1, 294, 9	}	Personal income —Continued				
2	Imputations included, net (57+63+69+76+77+78 +79)	74.4	80. 2	87.6	96, 1	43 44	Disposable personal income	691.7	746.4	802.5	903. 7
3	Excluding imputations (1-2)	902. 6	974. 7	1, 070. 4	1, 198. 8	45	+77+78+79) Excluding imputations (43-44)	45.5 646.2	48. 7 697. 7	52. 3 750. 2	56. 4 847. 4
4 5	Personal consumption expenditures. Imputations included, net (57+63+69+76+77	617. 6 49. 7	667, 1 46, 3	729. 0 47. 8	805, 2 55, 8	46 47	Personal outlays Imputations included, net (58+59+62+64+70	635, 5	685. 9	749. 9	829. 4
6	+78+79-74-75) Excluding imputations (4-5)	567. 9	620. 9	681.3	749. 5	48	+71+73+76+77+78+79-74-75) Excluding imputations (46-47)	31. 8 603. 7	26. 3 659. 6	24. 8 725. 1	28. 9 800. 5
8	Gross private domestic investment. Imputations included, net (74+75)	136. 3 24. 7	153. 7 33. 9	179. 3 39. 8	209, 4 40, 4	49	Interest paid by consumers	16.8	17. 7	19. 8	22. 9
9	Excluding imputations (7-8) Capital consumption allowances	111. 6 87. 3	119. 8 93. 7	139. 5 102. 9	169, 0 110, 8	50 51	Interest paid by consumers. Imputations included, net (-61-65-72) Excluding imputations (49-50)	-18.0 34.9	-20.1 37.9	-23.5 43.3	-27. 2 50. 1
11 12	Capital consumption allowances Imputations included, net (58+64+70) Excluding imputations (10-11)	11. 0 76. 3	11.5 82.2	12. 4 90. 5	12, 9 97, 9	52 53 54	Personal saving	56, 2 13, 7 42, 5	60, 5 22, 4 38, 1	52. 6 27. 5 25. 1	74. 4 27. 5 46. 9
13 14 15	Indirect business taxes Imputations included, net (59+71) Excluding imputations (13-14)	93. 5 12. 9 80. 6	102. 7 14. 2 88. 5	110. 0 15. 4 94. 7	119. 2 16. 6 102, 6		Specific imputations	12.0	00.1	20.1	10.0
16	Subsidies less current surplus of Government enter-	00.0	00,0	31.1	102, 0	55	Space rental value, owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings	59.6	65.1	71. 2	77. 1
17 18	prises. Imputations included, net (60). Excluding imputations (16–17).	1. 7 . 1 1. 6	1.1 .2 .9	2.3 .6 1.7	.6 .4 .2	56 57 58	Less: Associated purchases of goods and services Equals: Imputations included in GNP, net (55-56) Capital consumption allowances.	7. 6 52. 0 8. 7	8. 5 56. 6 9. 0	9. 4 61. 8 9. 7	9. 6 67. 5 9. 9
19	National income	800. 5	857. 7	946. 5	1, 065. 6	59 60	TaxesSubsidies	12.6	13. 9 . 2	15. 1	16. 3
20 21	Imputations included, net (61+62+65+72+73 +76+77+78+79). Excluding imputations (19-20).	50. 6 749. 8	54. 7 803. 0	60. 4 886. 1	67. 0 998. 6	61 62	Interest	16, 9 13, 9	18. 9 15. 0	22, 1 15, 5	25. 7 16. 0
22	Wages and salaries	54 2. 0	573. 6	626. 8	691, 6	63 64 65	Space rental value, institutional buildings Capital consumption allowances.	1.5	2. 4 1. 6	2. 6 1. 7	2. 8 1. 8
23 24	Imputations included, net (77+78+79) Excluding imputations (22-23)	2. 9 539. 1	2.8 570.8	2. 9 623. 9	688. 4	65	Interest Space rental value, owner-occupied farm dwellings	. 7 2. 3	. 8 2. 5	.9 2.7	1, 0 3, 0
25 26	Proprietors' income	66. 9 1. 2	69. 2 1. 2	75. 9 1. 3	96. 1 1. 6	67 68 69	Food and fuel produced and consumed on farms Less: Associated purchases of goods and services Equals: Imputations included in GNP, net (66+67-	.7	.7	.8	1, 1
27		65. 8	68.0	74. 5	94. 5	69	Equals: Imputations included in GNP, net (66+67-68)	2.7	2.8	3. 1	3. 6
28 29 30	Rental income of persons Imputations included, net (62) Excluding imputations (28—29)	23, 9 13, 9 10, 0	25, 2 15, 0 10, 2	25. 9 15. 5 10. 4	26. 1 16. 0 10. 2	70 71	Capital consumption allowances	.8	. 9 . 3	1.0 .3	1.2 .3
31 32	Net interest Imputations included, net (61+65+72+76)	36. 5 32. 7	41. 6 35. 8	45. 6 40. 8	52. 3 46. 2	72 73	InterestProprietors' income (69-70-71-72)	. 4 1. 2	1. 2	. 5 1. 3	. 6 1. 6
33	Excluding imputations (31-32)	3.8	5.8	4.8	6, 0	74 75	Owner-occupied dwellings, net purchases Institutional buildings, net purchases	20. 0 4. 7	29, 0 5, 0	34. 4 5. 4	35. 1 5. 3
34	Personal income	808.3	864, 0	944. 9	1,055.0	76	Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries	14. 6	15. 6	17. 3	19. 0
35 36	Imputations included, net (62+73+76+77+78+79). Excluding imputations (34-35).	32. 6 775. 7	34. 6 829. 5	36. 9 908. 0	39. 7 1, 015. 3	77 78 79	Food furnished employees Standard clothing issued to military personnel Employees' lodging	2. 6 . 2 . 2	2, 5 . 1 . 2	$\begin{array}{c} 2.6 \\ .1 \\ .2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.8 \\ .1 \\ .2 \end{array}$
37 38	Transfer payments Imputations included, net (-60) Excluding imputations (37-38)	79.1 1	93.3	103. 2 6	117.8 4						
39		79. 2	93. 4	103. 7	118. 2						1
40 41 42	Personal tax and nontax payments	116. 6 -12. 9 129. 5	117. 6 -14. 2 131. 8	142. 4 -15. 4 157. 7	151. 3 -16. 6 167. 9						
42	Excluding imputations (40-41)	129. 5	101. 8	107.7	107.9						<u></u>

Table 7.4.—Corporate Profits and Inventory Valuation Adjustment: Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Billions of dollars]

		19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjust- ment. Profits before tax. Profits tax liability. Profits after tax Inventory valuation adjustment.	16.3 18.0 8.3 9.7 -1.8	17. 9 19. 2 9. 1 10. 1 -1. 3	17.6 18.6 8.8 9.7 -1.0	17. 5 18. 2 8. 6 9. 7 8	17.3 18.8 8.8 10.0 -1.5	20.3 21.7 10.0 11.7 -1.5	19, 6 20, 9 9, 4 11, 5 -1, 3	21. 5 22. 3 9. 4 12. 9 7	20. 1 22. 0 9. 3 12. 8 -2. 0	23. 0 25. 0 10. 5 14. 4 -1. 9	22. 9 24. 5 10. 3 14. 2 -1. 5	26. 1 27. 7 11. 4 16. 3 -1. 6	24.3 29.1 11.8 17.3 -4.8	27. 0 32. 5 13. 3 19. 2 -5. 5	25. 9 29. 8 12. 2 17. 6 -3. 9	27. 9 31. 3 12. 5 18. 8 -3. 4

Table 7.5.—Relation of Corporate Profits, Taxes, and Dividends in the National Income and Product Accounts to Corresponding Totals as Tabulated by the Internal Revenue Service

[Millions of dollars]

Line		1968	1969	1970	1971	Line		1968	1969	1970	1971
1	Total receipts less total deductions—IRS	87,477	82,135	67, 949	81,945	16	Federal income and excess profits taxes—IRS	39, 694	39,374	33, 293	37,510
2	Pius: Posttabulation amendments and revisions, including allowance for audit profits and gross renegotiation refunds	5, 727 4, 568	6, 373 4, 522	7, 655 4, 229	7, 245 4, 526	17	Plus: Posttabulation amendments and revisions, including results of audit and renegotiation and carryback refunds	598 2, 464	125 3, 019	-337	-138 3,357
4	Oil well drilling costs in excess of depreciation on oil wells	-156	-78	-137	-284	19	Reserve banks. State income taxes on corporations	3, 150	3, 439	3, 494 3, 754	4, 110
5	Oil well bonus payments written off	504	500	486	550	20 21	Less: U.S. tax credits claimed for foreign taxes paid Investment tax credit	3, 664 2, 384	3, 988 1, 909	4, 549 866	5, 656 1, 634
6	State income taxes on corporations	3, 150	3, 43 9	3, 754	4, 110	22	Equals: Federal and State income and excess profits tax liability—National income and product accounts.	39,858	40,060	34,789	37,549
•	home loan banks, and Federal land banks	2,628	3, 201	3, 627	3,430	23	Profits after tax-National income and product ac-	•		Ť	,
8 9	Adjustment for insurance carriers and mutual depositary institutions Bad debt adjustment	-16 2,877	329 3,470	130 3, 380	220 4, 192	24	counts (line 15 less line 22)	47, 778 31, 563	44,844 32,951	39, 252 32, 013	46, 069 32, 693
10 11	Less: Tax-return measures of: Gains, net of losses, from sale of property Dividends received from domestic corpora-	9, 394	8, 328	5, 764	7,908	25 26	Plus: Dividends paid by Federal Reserve banks and Federal land banks	48	46	42	45
12	tions	4,856	5, 031	5, 238	5,500	20	U.S. receipts of dividends from abroad, net of payments to abroad.	1,496	2,028	2,360	2,869
	and branches (to U.S. corporations)	7,465	8, 567	9,099	11,663	27 28	Less: Dividends received by U.S. corporations Capital gains distributions of investment com-	6, 956	7, 943	8,664	9, 693
13	Costs of trading or issuing corporate securities	1,374	1,539	1,622	2,096		panies	2, 599	2, 751	1,071	923
14	Plus: Income received from equities in foreign corporations and branches by all U.S. residents, net of corresponding outflows	3, 966	4,478	4, 691	4,851	29	Equals: Net dividends—National income and product accounts.	23, 552	24,331	24,680	24, 991
15	Equals: Profits before taxe3—National income and product accounts	87,636	84, 904	74,041	83, 618	30	Undistributed profits—National income and product accounts (line 23 less line 29)	24, 226	20, 513	14,572	21,078

Table 7.6.—Selected Per Capita Income and Product Series in Current and Constant Dollars

	Millions		i	Ct	rrent dolla	ars						1958 dollar	s		
Year		Gross		Dispos-	Person	al consum	otion expen	ditures	Gross		Dispos-	Person	al consump	otion expen	ditures
	Popula- tion ¹	national product	Personal income	able personal income	Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Services	national product	Personal income	able personal income	Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Services
1929	121.9	846	705	683	634	76	309	249	1,671	1,274	1, 236	1, 145	134	569	443
1930	123. 2 124. 1 124. 9 125. 7 126. 5 127. 4 128. 2 129. 0 130. 0 131. 0	734 611 465 442 514 567 643 701 651 691	625 531 401 374 427 474 535 575 526 555	605 516 390 362 414 459 518 552 504 537	567 487 389 364 406 437 483 516 492 510	58 44 29 28 33 40 49 54 44 51	276 233 182 177 211 230 256 273 261 268	233 210 178 160 162 167 177 189 187	1, 490 1, 364 1, 154 1, 126 1, 220 1, 331 1, 506 1, 576 1, 484 1, 598	1, 167 1, 108 949 921 981 1, 068 1, 198 1, 236 1, 153 1, 232	1, 128 1, 077 921 893 952 1, 035 1, 158 1, 187 1, 105 1, 190	1,059 1,016 919 897 934 985 1,080 1,110 1,079 1,131	105 90 67 66 74 92 113 117 94 111	535 528 483 466 494 517 573 589 593 620	418 398 367 366 364 376 394 403 392 401
1940	132. 1 133. 4 134. 9 136. 7 138. 4 139. 9 141. 4 144. 1 146. 6 149. 2	754 934 1,171 1,401 1,518 1,515 1,475 1,605 1,757 1,719	593 719 911 1,106 1,194 1,223 1,264 1,327 1,434 1,389	573 695 867 976 1,057 1,074 1,132 1,178 1,290 1,264	536 604 656 726 782 855 1,014 1,115 1,184 1,185	59 72 52 48 49 57 111 142 155 165	280 321 376 429 465 514 583 628 656 634	197 210 228 250 269 284 320 346 373 386	1,720 1,977 2,208 2,465 2,611 2,538 2,211 2,150 2,208 2,172	1, 303 1, 477 1, 663 1, 847 1, 889 1, 870 1, 793 1, 703 1, 742 1, 700	1, 259 1, 427 1, 582 1, 629 1, 673 1, 642 1, 606 1, 513 1, 567 1, 547	1, 178 1, 240 1, 197 1, 213 1, 238 1, 308 1, 439 1, 431 1, 438 1, 451	126 143 87 75 68 76 145 171 179	640 674 677 685 703 748 784 751 741	412 422 434 452 467 484 510 509 517 520
1950	151. 7 154. 3 157. 0 159. 6 162. 4 165. 3 168. 2 171. 3 174. 1 177. 1	1, 877 2, 129 2, 201 2, 285 2, 247 2, 408 2, 492 2, 576 2, 569 2, 731	1,501 1,657 1,736 1,806 1,787 1,881 1,980 2,050 2,074 2,166	1, 364 1, 469 1, 518 1, 583 1, 585 1, 666 1, 743 1, 801 1, 831 1, 905	1, 259 1, 337 1, 381 1, 441 1, 456 1, 539 1, 585 1, 643 1, 666 1, 758	201 192 187 208 202 240 231 238 218 250	647 705 726 732 728 746 768 792 805 828	412 440 468 501 526 553 585 613 643 679	2, 342 2, 485 2, 517 2, 587 2, 506 2, 650 2, 652 2, 642 2, 569 2, 688	1,810 1,870 1,918 1,969 1,932 2,027 2,088 2,098 2,074 2,138	1, 646 1, 657 1, 678 1, 726 1, 714 1, 795 1, 839 1, 844 1, 831 1, 881	1,520 1,509 1,525 1,572 1,575 1,659 1,673 1,683 1,666 1,735	229 204 196 221 218 261 244 242 218 247	752 755 770 780 773 797 810 810 805 829	539 550 559 571 584 601 619 631 643 660
1960	180. 7 183. 7 186. 5 189. 2 191. 9 194. 3 196. 6 198. 7 200. 7 202. 7	2,788 2,831 3,004 3,120 3,296 3,525 3,815 3,995 4,306 4,590	2, 219 2, 269 2, 373 2, 460 2, 592 2, 773 2, 987 3, 167 3, 433 3, 705	1, 937 1, 984 2, 065 2, 138 2, 283 2, 436 2, 604 2, 749 2, 945 3, 130	1,800 1,825 1,903 1,981 2,091 2,228 2,372 2,476 2,671 2,859	251 241 266 285 309 341 360 368 419 448	837 849 871 891 931 983 1,053 1,082 1,150 1,213	712 735 766 805 851 903 960 1,027 1,103 1,198	2, 699 2, 706 2, 840 2, 912 3, 028 3, 180 3, 348 3, 398 3, 521 3, 580	2, 157 2, 184 2, 262 2, 318 2, 443 2, 549 2, 678 2, 768 2, 898 2, 999	1, 883 1, 909 1, 969 2, 015 2, 126 2, 239 2, 335 2, 403 2, 486 2, 534	1,749 1,756 1,814 1,867 1,948 2,047 2,127 2,164 2,256 2,315	248 239 264 284 307 343 365 367 405 422	828 833 848 857 888 919 951 957 982 993	673 684 703 726 753 785 811 840 869 899
1970	204. 9 207. 0 208. 8 210. 4	4, 769 5, 095 5, 545 6, 155	3, 945 4, 173 4, 524 5, 015	3, 376 3, 605 3, 843 4, 295	3, 015 3, 222 3, 491 3, 827	446 502 567 619	1, 288 1, 345 1, 435 1, 606	1, 282 1, 376 1, 489 1, 601	3, 526 3, 605 3, 795 3, 989	3, 050 3, 105 3, 273 3, 438	2, 610 2, 683 2, 779 2, 945	2, 33 1 2, 3 98 2, 525 2, 624	409 447 502 540	1,008 1,020 1,055 1,087	914 930 968 998

^{1.} U.S. population, including Armed Forces abroad.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 7.7.—Gross National Product: Percent Change From Preceding Period

14010 1111		35 110			ouuc.			CIII		1011	1110	cuii	6 1 0							
	1970	1971	1972	1973		19	70				1971			19	72			19	73	
					I	II	, III	IV	I	11	ш	IV	I	II	111	īv	I	П	III	IV
	Annı	ual per	cent cl	ange				Quart	erly pe	rcent c	hange,	season	ally ac	ljusted	at anr	ual rat	tes			
Gross national product: Current dollars. Constant dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index.	4	8. 0 3. 3 4. 5 4. 8	9. 8 6. 2 3. 4 3. 9	11. 8 5. 9 5. 6 6. 0	$\begin{bmatrix} 4.1 \\ -2.1 \\ 6.4 \\ 6.0 \end{bmatrix}$	5. 1 . 5 4. 6 5. 0	7. 1 2. 9 4. 1 3. 8	1.8 -4.3 6.4 5.5	15. 3 10. 1 4. 7 5. 8	7. 8 2. 8 4. 8 5. 0	5. 5 2. 8 2. 6 3. 5	8. 5 6. 5 1. 9 2. 6	12, 2 6, 4 5, 5 5, 4	10. 5 8. 4 1. 9 2. 9	9. 5 6. 0 3. 3 4. 0	12.7 8.3 4.1 4.3	15. 5 9. 5 5. 5 6. 4	9. 6 2. 2 7. 3 7. 1	10. 1 1. 6 8. 3 8. 1	11, 2 2, 3 8, 6 8, 5
Gross private product: Current dollars. Constant dollars. Implicit price defiator. Chain price index.	4.3 5 4.8 4.7	7. 9 3. 6 4. 1 4. 3	9. 8 6. 7 2. 9 3. 2	12. 2 6. 2 5. 7 5. 9	2.8 -2.1 5.0 4.6	4.8 .6 4.1 4.5	7. 2 3. 2 3. 9 3. 4	1.3 -4.6 6.2 5.4	15. 2 11. 0 3. 8 4. 6	8. 0 3. 1 4. 8 4. 9	5. 4 3. 0 2. 3 3. 3	8. 7 7. 1 1. 5 2. 0	11.7 7.0 4.4 3.8	11.3 9.3 1.8 2.3	9. 5 6. 4 3. 0 3. 6	12. 5 8. 7 3. 5 3. 5	16. 6 10. 0 6. 0 6. 7	10.0 2.1 7.7 7.5	10. 4 1. 6 8. 7 8. 4	11. 2 2. 3 8. 7 8. 6

8.—Implicit Price Deflators

Table 8.1.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product

[Index numbers, 1958=100]

						19	70			19	71			19	072			197	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	III	IV	I	ır	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	и	III	IV
											Se	asonally	adjust	ed						
Gross national product	135, 24	141.35	146, 12	154.31	132, 91	134.41	135.77	137.88	139, 47	141, 13	142, 03	142, 70	144, 62	145, 31	146, 50	147.96	149, 95	152, 61	155, 67	158, 93
Personal consumption expenditures.	129, 3	134.4	138. 2	145.9	127.5	128.6	129.7	131,6	132.7	134. 1	135.0	135, 6	136.8	137.7	138.7	139.7	141,4	144.3	147.0	150.8
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	108, 9 127, 8 140, 2	112.3 131.8 147.9	112. 9 136. 1 153. 8	114.7 147.9 160.5	107. 6 126. 2 137. 9	108. 2 127. 4 139. 4	109. 1 128. 2 140. 7	111. 0 129. 2 142. 9	112, 1 130, 3 145, 2	112, 9 131, 4 147, 1	112. 5 132. 2 149. 1	111.6 133.3 150.1	134. 5	112, 8 135, 3 153, 2	113. 4 136, 5 154, 4	112. 9 137. 9 155. 9	113. 0 141. 4 157. 4	114. 2 145. 7 159. 4	115. 9 149. 5 161. 0	116. 0 154. 8 164. 1
Gross private domestic investment.				-			-							-				-		
Fixed investment	132. 5	139. 3	144.8	152. 4	130. 1	131.8	13 2. 6	135. 6	13 6. 8	139.0	140. 5	140. 9	142, 8	143. 8	145, 6	146. 9	148. 7	151.4	154. 3	155. 4
Nonresidential	13 0. 2	136. 3	1 3 9. 6	144, 9	127.3	129, 1	130.8	134.0	134. 4	136. 1	137. 4	137. 1	138. 5	1 3 9. 3	140. 2	140. 5	141. 7	143. 9	146. 1	147. 9
Structures Producers' durable equip-	152, 6	163. 5	172, 6	185, 4	147. 6	151.0	154, 2	157.8	158.8	162, 1	165.8	167. 3	170. 1	171.3	172, 8	176, 2	180. 4	184. 1	187. 1	189. 7
ment Residential structures	120. 3 140, 2	124. 5 147. 4	126. 5 157. 4	130. 0 174. 0	118. 3 139. 9	119. 5 141. 7	120. 7 139. 0	123. 0 140. 5	123. 5 143. 6	124, 7 146, 8	125. 0 148. 2	124, 6 150, 4	125, 4 153, 2	126, 1 154, 6	127, 5 158, 9	127. 0 162. 8	127. 5 167. 1	129, 2 172, 1	131. 1 178. 1	132, 3 179, 7
Nonfarm Farm		147. 5 142. 3	157. 5 151. 7	174. 0 168. 0	140. 0 135. 3	141. 7 136. 8	139. 0 133. 8	140. 6 135. 9	143. 7 138. 1	146. 8 143. 4	148. 3 143. 0	150. 5 144. 6	153. 2 147. 4	154. 7 149. 9	158, 9 152, 6	162, 9 156, 5	167. 2 160. 6	172, 1 164, 9	178, 1 171, 2	179. 8 171. 8
Change in busiuess inventories																\				
Net exports of goods and services					-				-					-			-			
Exports	120, 5 118, 6	125. 5 124. 7	130. 0 133. 7	150. 6 155, 6	118, 2 115, 6	120. 1 117. 3	121. 9 120. 7	121. 8 121. 0	125. 1 123. 2	125, 4 123, 5		125, 9 126, 7	127. 2 128. 6				137. 1 141. 2	144, 8 152, 2	155, 0 158, 7	164. 8 170. 9
Government purchases of goods and services	157.6	168, 1	178, 6	191, 5	152, 6	156, 2	159.7	162, 1	165.7	168.3	168.7	169.8	174.6	176.5	179.9	183.6	186, 7	189, 9	192, 6	196.5
FederalState and local	149. 5 164. 6	160. 3 174. 2	171. 9 183. 7	185. 9 195. 1	144, 9 159, 8	148, 5 162, 9	151, 6 166, 3	153, 4 169, 2	159. 3 170. 8	161. 1 173. 7	159. 7 175. 7	161. 1 176. 6	168. 0 179. 8	169. 4 181. 9		177. 7 187. 8	180. 5 190. 9	184. 0 193. 9	187. 3 196. 0	192, 1 199, 3

Table 8.2.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product

[Index numbers, 1958=100]

						19	70			19	71			19	72			19	73	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	II	111	IV	I	II	ш	iv	I	II	ш	ıv	I	II	ш	IV
									····		Se	asonally	adjuste	ed			·	<u>'</u> _	·	<u></u>
Gross national product	135, 24	141, 35	146, 12	154, 31	132, 91	134, 41	135, 77	137. 88	139, 47	141, 13	142, 03	142, 70	144, 62	145.31	146, 50	147. 96	149, 95	152, 61	155, 67	158, 93
Final sales	135, 4	141.5	146. 3	154, 5	133.0	134.6	135. 9	138, 0	139, 6	141.3	142, 2	142, 8	144.8	145. 5	146, 8	148, 2	150, 1	152, 8	155, 8	159, 3
Goods output	122.3	125, 6	127, 8	135, 6	120, 6	121, 6	122, 7	124. 2	124, 9	125, 9	125, 8	125, 8	126. 9	127, 3	128, 1	128.8	130, 9	133, 7	137.3	140, 6
Durable goods Nondurable goods	115. 6 127. 0	118, 7 130, 5	119. 1 134. 5					117. 8 128. 3		119. 3 1 3 0. 6	118, 7 130, 7	118. 1 131. 3	118. 8 132. 9	118. 9 133. 7	119. 6 134. 7	119, 2 136, 6		120, 4 144, 6	122. 6 149. 3	123. 8 153. 9
Services	150, 1	159, 5	167.5	175, 5	147, 2	149.3	150. 9	153, 2	156, 6	158, 5	160.8	162, 0	165.0	166.6	168. 2	170.3	172.0	174.1	176.0	179.7
Structures	149, 7	157.8	166, 8	182, 4	146.0	149, 0	150.8	152, 9	153.6	157, 2	159.3	161,0	163, 7	164. 4	167.4	171.6	176. 1	180, 8	184.8	188. 4
Addendum: Gross auto product	107.8	112, 6	112, 4	112, 9	105.7	106, 4	107. 9	113, 2	114, 1	115, 0	111.8	109, 7	111.8	112, 2	113, 8	111,6	111, 2	112, 3	115, 2	113, 0

Table 8.3.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product and Purchaser

[Index numbers, 1958=100]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Gross national product	135, 24	141, 35	146, 12	154, 31
Durable goods	115, 6	118,7	119, 1	121, 5
Personal consumption expenditures Producers' durable equipment	108. 9 120. 3	112. 3 124. 5	112. 9 126. 5	114, 7 130, 0
Government purchases	123. 1	128.6	131.5	135, 8
Change in business inventories.			 	
Nondurable goods	127.0	130.5	134.5	147.1
Personal consumption expenditures Government purchases	127. 8 114. 2	131.8 114.1	136. 1 118. 2	147. 9 132. 0
Net exportsChange in business inventories				
Services	150, 1	159.5	167.5	175.
Personal consumption expenditures Government purchases	140. 2 175. 0	147. 9 189. 1	153. 8 202. 8	160, 8 214, 0
Net exports		 		
Structures	149.7	157, 8	166.8	182.
Private structures	146. 6 157. 6	154. 6 167. 3	163. 6 177. 2	178. 9 194. 3

Table 8.5.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross Farm Product

[Index numbers, 1958=100]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total value of farm output	114, 1	116,7	129, 5	182.0
Cash receipts from farm marketings and CCC loans	111.8	114.0	127. 1	179, 2
Farm products consumed directly in farm households.	125. 2	132. 1	145.6	85. 3
Change in farm inventories				
Gross rental value of farm homes	167.0	180. 9	199.8	227. 4
Less: Value of intermediate products consumed, total Intermediate products consumed, other than rents Gross rents paid to nonfarm landlords (excluding operating expenses)	1	115. 9 116. 4 110. 7	123. 0 123. 6 118. 5	156. 6 155. 4 164. 8
Plus: Other items		117. 4	135. 7	206, 1
Equals: Gross farm product	117. 1	117. 4	135. 7	206. 1

Table 8.4.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector

[Index numbers, 1958=100

						[I1	idex nu	mbers, 1	1958=10	0]										
						19	70			19	71			19	72			197	'3	
	1970	1971	1972	1973	I	11	III	IV	I	п	III	IA	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV
						.	······································	· · · · ·	············	· <u> </u>	Sea	sonally	adjuste	d						
Gross national product	135. 24	141, 35	146, 12	154, 31	132, 91	134, 41	135, 77	137.88	139, 47	141, 13	142, 03	142, 70	144, 62	145. 31	146, 50	147.96	149, 95	152, 61	155, 67	158. 93
Private	130.32	135, 70	139, 61	147.56	128, 23	129, 53	130,77	132,75	133, 98	135, 57	136.34	136.85	138, 31	138, 92	139, 95	141. 16	143, 22	145, 90	148, 96	152, 10
Business	129. 0	134. 2	137.8	145. 6	127. 0	128, 2	129. 4	131. 3	132. 5	134. 1	134.8	1 3 5. 2	136. 6	137. 1	138. 1	139. 4	141.4	144.0	147. 0	150. 0
Nonfarm Farm	129. 5 117. 1	134. 9 117. 4	137. 9 135. 7	143. 3 206. 1	127, 2 122, 0	128.7 117.1	129. 8 118. 5	132, 2 111, 2	133. 4 111. 9	134. 7 119. 2	135. 5 115. 3	135. 7 123. 6	137. 1 125. 7	137. 4 129. 7	138. 1 140. 4	1 3 9. 0 147. 6	140. 3 170. 4	142. 1 194. 3	144. 0 233. 0	
Households and institutions Rest of the world		198.8	211.7	222.7																
General government	188.9	205.1	224.6	238.5	183.6	187.5	190.7	193, 7	200, 7	203.5	206.3	209.8	218.4	222. 1	226, 1	231.8	234, 3	236.3	239. 3	244. 0
FederalState and local	184. 1 192. 1	205, 3 204, 9	232. 6 220. 2	248. 3 233. 4	180. 3 186. 0	183. 3 190. 3	185. 4 194. 2	187. 5 197. 8		203. 0 203. 9		212. 9 208. 0	227. 7 21 3 . 1	229. 6 218. 0		241. 7 226. 3	243. 6 229. 3	244. 6 232. 0	248. 0 234. 8	

[Index numbers, 1958=100]

[Index numbers, 1958=1	00]			
	1970	1971	1972	1973
Personal consumption expenditures 1	129, 3	134. 4	138. 2	145. 9
Ourable goods	108. 9	112.3	112. 9	114.7
Autos and parts	108. 3	112, 7	112, 6	113. 3
New cars and net purchases of used cars Tires, tubes, accessories, and parts	108. 3 109. 6	112. 7 112. 8	112. 4 113. 4	113. 7 111. 2
Furniture and household equipment	107.3	109.7	110.9	113, 6
Furniture, including mattresses and bedsprings Kitchen and other household appliances China, glassware, tableware, and utensils, and other	129. 9 92. 2	134. 5 94. 1	138. 6 94. 7	146. 0 95. 8
durable house furnishings	120.6	123. 1	124.8	129. 7
instruments	93. 9	95. 1	95. 3	95. 6
Other durable goods	114.8	118.9	120, 4	123, 4
Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances Wheel goods, durable toys, sport equipment, boats, and pleasure aircraft	138. 2 106. 8	146. 5 108. 6	152. 1 109. 5	157. 7 111. 7
Nondurable goods	127, 8	131.8	136.1	147. 9
Food and beverages	128.5	132.0	137. 6	155. 2
Food purchased for off-premise consumption. Purchased meals and boverages. Food furnished government (including military) and commercial employees, and food produced and	124. 7 144. 3	127. 5 150. 9	132. 9 156. 1	152. 2 166. 3
consumed on farms. Addenda: Food excluding alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic beverages.	130, 2 118, 8	122. 0 133. 9 121. 6	129, 4 139, 9 124, 6	153. 6 160. 4 127. 6
Clothing and shoes	135, 1	140.3	144, 5	151.
Shoes and other footwear	149. 3 130. 8	154. 9 136. 3	160. 3 140. 5	169. (147.)
ard clothing issued to military personnel	136.8	141.7	145. 1	152.
Gasoline and oil	118.8	120.5	121.7	132,
Other nondurable goods	123.6	128.7	131.6	136. 170.
Tobacco products. Toilet articles and preparations. Semidurable house furnishings. Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products	154. 7 113. 1 127. 3	161, 3 116, 6 131, 2	167. 4 119. 8 136. 5	122. 9 141. 3
neous nouseroid supplies and paper products Other fuel and ice. Drug preparations and sundries. Nondurable toys and sport supplies.	116, 2 124, 2 100, 9 111, 8	121. 3 132. 5 102. 7 113. 3	123. 5 133. 7 102. 9 114. 4	153. · 103. · 115. ·
Services	140, 2	147, 9	153.8	160.
Housing	125, 2	131.1	135.9	142.
Owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings—space rental value	123, 6	129. 4	133. 9	139.
ing houses)—space rent. Rental value of farmhouses	123. 6 167. 0	129. 4 180. 9	133. 9 199. 8	139. 227.
Household operation services	122, 1	129.7	135. 4	140,
Electricity	109. 4	116. 6	122. 5	128.
Gas Water and other sanitary services	122, 2 154, 5	131. 2 171. 1	138. 0 178. 1	144. 187.
Telephone Domestic service		110, 2 185, 4	115. 8 192. 9	118. 206.
Transportation services	145, 3	158.8	165. 1	167.
User-operated transportation services	144, 6 175, 7	159. 4 188. 1	166. 5 198. 2	169. 201.
Street and electric railway and local bus.	186.9	199. 2	208. 5 142. 8	208. 147.
Purchased intercity transportation Railway (excluding commutation)	130.0	139. 1 140. 4	137. 8	136.
Intercity busAirline		155. 5 137. 6	164, 2 141, 2	170. 146.
Other services	161.9	170.6	177.8	186.
Shoe cleaning and repair Cleaning, dyeing, pressing, alteration, storage, and repair of garments including furs, and laundering,	126, 3	131. 6	136. 3	143.
in establishments. Barbershops, beauty parlors, and baths.	148. 2 150. 5	154. 7 155. 6	158. 0 159. 3	165. 169.
Medical care services	171.3	185. 0	195.7	204.
Physicians. Dentists.	155, 1	184. 1 165. 0	189, 9 171, 8	196. 177.
Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except insurance companiesAdmissions to specified spectator amusements	192. 7 203. 3	185. 6 213. 6	185. 5 221. 1	191. 229.

^{1.} Totals and subtotals include items not shown separately.

Table 8.6.—Implicit Price Deflators for Personal Consumption Table 8.7.—Implicit Price Deflators for Purchases of Structures Expenditures by Type of Product

[Index numbers, 1958=100]

(Index numbers, 1958=10				
	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total structures.	149,8	158.0	166, 9	182, 5
Private structures	146.6	154.6	163, 6	178.9
Residential structures	140, 2	147.4	157.4	174.0
New construction	140. 2	147. 4	157. 4	174, 0
Nonfarm buildings	140.3	147. 5	157.5	174.0
Farm buildings	135. 4	142. 3	151.7	168.0
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	140. 2	147. 4	157.4	173.9
Net purchases of used structures	140. 2	147. 4	157.6	174.0
Nonresidential structures	152.6	163, 5	172.6	185.4
New construction	152, 6	163.5	172.5	185. 3
Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm	161.3	173.4	182.8	199. 2
Industrial	153. 1	163. 8	172.0	188. 1
Commercial	164.6	176. 1	184. 9	202. 2
and other	165. 1	176.6	185. 7	202. 8
Public utilities	142.6	152. 5	161. 6	168. 7
Railroads Telephone and telegraph Electric light and power	153.8	163. 6	176.3	176. 2
Electric light and power				
GasOther				
Farm. Petroleum and natural gas well drilling and ex-	129. 1	138. 1	145. 1	158. €
nloration	124.0	128.8	139.5	153. 1
All other private construction	176. 2	187.8	199.1	215. 2
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	160.7	173. 4	182.8	199.2
Net purchases of used structures	154. 2	165.8	174.7	187. 2
Public structures	157.6	167.5	177.3	194.
New construction.	158. 2	168.3	178. 2	195. 2
Buildings, excluding military	163.5	174.5	183.9	201. 3
Residential	156. 8	164.9	176.1	194.8
Industrial	151.7	162.3	170.8	186.
Educational	165.0	176.5	185. 3	202.
Hospital	165.1	176. 4	186.7	202.8
Other public buildings	165.0	176. 4	185. 3	202.
Highway and streets	146.6	153.7	161.3	177.9
Military facilities	156.8	166.9	177.0	194.
Conservation and development	173.5	188. 2	201.3	213.
Other public construction.	168. 3	183. 3	196.8	210.
Sewer systems	168. 2	187. 2	204.8	218.
Water supply facilities	168.3	184.2	197. 1	204.
Miscellaneous public construction	168.4	179.6	190. 2	205.

Table 8.8.—Implicit Price Deflators for Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type

[Index numbers, 1958=100]

	1970	1971	1972	1973
Total private purchases	120.3	124.5	126, 5	130, 0
Purchases of new equipment	120. 4	124. 5	126. 6	13 0. 2
cars)	117. 3	122. 3	124.6	127.1
Less: Exports of used equipment. Sale of equipment scrap (except passenger cars)	121.5 131.0	127. 3 108. 1	131. 1 111. 8	134. 7 168. 1
Total excluding scrap deduction	120.4	124, 4	126.5	130, 1
Furniture and fixtures. Fabricated metal products. Engines and turbines Tractors.	125. 6 119. 8 122. 7 142. 7	130. 2 125. 6 131. 9 149. 6	133. 6 131. 4 136. 3 155. 3	142. 5 136. 3 139. 9 158. 8
Agricultural machinery (except tractors) Construction machinery Mining and oilfield machinery Metalworking machinery	1 3 9.9	146. 6 148. 0 134. 2 146. 3	154. 4 153. 7 139. 2 148. 5	159. 5 159. 0 144. 5 153. 1
Special-industry machinery, n.e.c. General industrial, including materials handling, equipment. Office, computing, and accounting machinery.	137. 3 131. 5 107. 3	143. 6 138. 4 107. 6	147. 6 142. 4 109. 8	153. 0 146. 6 110. 6
Service-industry machines Electrical machinery Electrical transmission, distribution, and industrial	114. 3 117. 4	118. 4 123. 4	118. 2 126. 0	120, 6 127, 9
apparatus. Communication equipment. Other electrical equipment.	109, 8 123, 1 109, 0	112.9 131.1 113.5	113. 4 138. 1 116. 3	115, 5 139, 9 118, 8
Truck, buses, and truck trailers Passenger cars Aircraft	106.8 125.1	120. 6 111. 5 130. 6 131. 8	120. 6 111. 3 133. 1 138. 2	122. 3 112. 1 136. 2 146. 7
Ships and boats	122, 7 116, 0	128. 9 117. 0 109. 8	136. 3 116. 5 109. 8	144. 0 117. 8 113. 3

The Utilization of Manufacturing Capacity, 1965-73

NEW series on capacity utilization are introduced in this article. They are quarterly, cover all manufacturers, and provide breakdowns by industry and by asset-size class. Both actual and preferred utilization rates are presented. The series are available for yearend 1965, for midyear and yearend 1966 and 1967, and for the end of each quarter to date. They will be published in the Survey hereafter.

These series are an extension of BEA's continuing program of quarterly surveys of various aspects of manufacturers' fixed investment. Manufacturers' evaluation of capacity relative to current and prospective sales has been reported as a part of the surveys since December 1963. The series introduced in this article supplement the capacity evaluation series with quantitative measures of capacity utilization.

In the following sections, uses of these measures are described, problems involved in defining and measuring capacity and its utilization are discussed, findings of the new series are presented, and the existing series on capacity utilization are compared. The Technical Notes that follow the article describe the methodology used to construct the new series.

Uses of capacity utilization measures

Capacity utilization measures have proved useful in many kinds of economic analysis. Several aspects of production can be examined with the aid of such measures. For instance, it has been found that, over the business cycle, changes in output per man-hour vary with changes in capacity utilization. Thus, information on capacity utilization helps explain how much real output is produced from a given amount of real resources. Capacity utilization

measures have also been used in trying to determine output ceilings, but for this purpose the measures are less helpful because difficult conceptual and statistical problems usually arise when attempts are made to analyze extreme and infrequent situations.

The best known use of capacity utilization measures is in the study of investment behavior. Empirical studies have shown that capacity utilization for the current and recent quarters is one of the significant determinants of future business investment in plant and equipment. Many econometric models include a utilization variable in their investment equations.

Investigations of costs, prices, and profits also use capacity utilization measures, and as a result, considerable interest in such measures has arisen. especially during the recent inflation. It has been found, for instance, that high utilization rates in the industries producing industrial materials lead to upward pressures on the cost of these materials, and these pressures subsequently result in higher prices throughout the economy. In price analysis, capacity utilization has been used as a proxy for the strength of demand relative to supply. For example, price equations may include capacity utilization variables to pick up the tendency for prices to be maintained or cut to keep customers during periods of weak demand and for prices to be raised more readily during periods of strong demand. Capacity utilization measures have facilitated the analysis of profits, because profits depend partly on unit costs and unit costs depend on the degree of capacity utilization.

In these and other ways, measures of capacity utilization have added to the understanding of economic relationships. However, it is generally recognized that the measures have serious shortcomings and that these shortcomings limit their usefulness.

The meaning and measurement of capacity

Utilization rates, whether the actual operating rate (expressed as actual output divided by capacity output) or the preferred operating rate (expressed as preferred output divided by capacity output), depend on a measure of capacity output for their calculation. In general terms, capacity, or capacity output, is the maximum amount of output that can be produced during a given time with existing plant and equipment. It is an economic construct, and like other such constructs, for instance GNP, it can be measured only after agreement has been reached on a set of guidelines that delineates what should be measured. In addition, capacity generally is not directly observable. This compounds the difficulties of the conceptual and statistical problems of measurement. As yet, the guidelines have not been agreed upon, because the general statement eludes more precise definition, and also because it has at least four different meanings, depending on the interpretation of "can be produced." No one meaning is clearly preferable.

For an engineering interpretation of capacity, the only constraint on the amount that can be produced is the physical capability of the existing plant and equipment as it operates around the clock, 7 days a week. In this interpretation, as in the others that follow, it is assumed that the supplies of labor and other inputs are unlimited. Here, a guideline must be set regarding the extent to which obsolete facilities are to be considered,

since the amount that can be produced will be larger or smaller depending on whether or not standby or shutdown

facilities are included. To date, such a guideline has not been formulated successfully.

Table 1.—Summary of Capacity Utilization Rates, December 1965-December 1973 [Percent]

		(Percei						
			Capacit	ty utiliza	tion rate	s		
Industry	Dec. 1973	Average Dec. 1965-	Pe	ak	Tro	ugh	Absolute difference between	Implied growth in capacity 1966-73 ²
· ·		Dec. 1973	Rate	Date 1	Rate	Date 1	peak and trough	
All manufacturers. Assets \$100.0 million and over. Assets \$10.0 to \$99.9 million. Assets under \$10.0 million.	85 87 82 79	83 86 81 77	87 89 85 81	6/66 12/65 12/65 6/66	79 80 78 72	9/70 9/70 12/70 12/70	8 9 7 9	28 n.a. n.a. n.a.
Durable goods ³ Assets \$100.0 million and over Assets \$10.0 to \$99.9 million Assets under \$10.0 million Electrical machinery Machinery except electrical Transportation equipment ³ Motor vehicles Aircraft Stone, clay, and glass	78 80 86 82 91 70	82 85 80 76 79 88 83 91 73 80	88 89 86 84 86 96 91 107 84 84	12/65 12/65 12/65 12/65 6/66 6/73 6/73 3/68 12/65	75 76 74 69 74 81 66 65 64 75	9/70 9/70 3/71 12/70 3/70 3/71 9/70 9/70 3/71 3/70	13 13 12 15 12 15 25 42 20 9	25 n.a. n.a. n.a. 34 43 19 26 6
Nondurable goods 3 Assets \$10.0 million and over Assets \$10.0 to \$99.9 million Assets under \$10.0 million Food including beverage. Textiles Paper Chemicals Petroleum Rubber	82 89 93	85 88 83 78 81 86 91 83 96 89	87 91 85 80 83 93 95 88 99	6/66 6/73 6/66 6/66 3/69 12/65 12/65 6/73 3/68 12/67	82 86 81 75 75 81 86 80 93 75	12/70 6/70 3/71 6/70 12/65 6/70 12/70 6/67 3/71 6/70	5 4 5 8 12 9 8 6 6	32 n.a. n.a. n.a. 18 41 36 56 33 77
Primary-processed goods 4	89	85	89	12/65	80	9/71	9	30
Advanced-processed goods 4	82	82	86	6/66	77	9/70	9	27

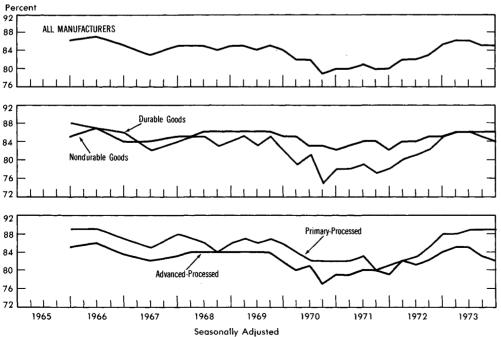
n.a.=Not available

Peak and trough dates shown represent the initial month in the series when the indicated rate was reached Peak and trough dates shown represent the initial month in the series when the indicated rate was reached.
 Estimates of manufacturing capacity by industry were calculated by dividing the industry's annual output in constant dollars (as derived by BEA from Census Bureau's information on shipments and inventories by 4-digit SIC manufacturing industry) by the average annual capacity utilization rate as measured by this BEA series. These two measures (output and capacity utilization) are not strictly comparable in product coverage.
 Includes data for industries not shown separately; see notes 1-3 to table 2.
 For industries included, see notes 4 and 5 to table 2.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

CHART 1

Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization Rates by Major Industry Groups, December 1965-73



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

readily applicable only to the relatively few continuous process operationsthat is, 7 days around the clock, such as blast furnaces and petroleum refining. Most industries do not operate continuously, so that an interpretation of capacity is more appropriately related to their maximum output under their normal operating schedule. A normal operating schedule is one that is based on the usual number of hours per shift, shifts, per day, days per week, overtime, vacation, and downtime for repair and maintenance. It will vary among producing units according to technological requirements and custom. and it may change over time. With a normal operating schedule and with high-cost, inefficient facilities brought

into production, a physical limit is reached at which no more output can be obtained. This output level has been interpreted as the maximum practical capacity. Stated in textbook terms, it is the level of output at which the marginal product of additional inputs falls to zero, and consequently mar-

ginal cost rises sharply and finally

without limit.

An engineering interpretation is

Companies usually do not wish to push their output to the maximum practical level. Instead, they would like to hold it to the level that achieves maximum profits or other objectives assuming that they can obtain all the inputs they need at existing costs per unit and that they can sell unlimited quantities of output at existing prices. This output level has been interpreted as preferred capacity. It can be defined as the output level at which marginal revenue equals marginal cost under the specified assumptions about demand and supply conditions.

The preferred output may or may not be the output at which the shortrun average cost is at a minimum—the conventional interpretation of optimum capacity. In the short run, marginal revenue can equal marginal cost at other levels of output. In the long run, under competitive conditions, the two cost-price conditions are met at the same level of output. For reasons noted later in connection with statistical measurement problems, the measurement of optimum capacity formulated in this way is impractical.

Further difficulties arise. For instance, output has been discussed as though it were composed of homogeneous products. However, a company may produce several products, and the product mix may change from season to season, over the business cycle, or as a result of long-term tendencies. Capacity may change when the product mix changes, and in measuring capacity this mix problem must be considered. Other difficulties are encountered if attempts are made to correct measures of capacity for changes in prices.

Finally, measures of aggregate capacity must always be interpreted in the light of the assumption that labor and other necessary inputs are readily available. It is obvious that with respect to labor, the assumption is not always met, especially because it relates not to homogeneous labor but to labor of various specialized skills. The implications of the assumption of unlimited availability of raw materials and semifinished products are less obvious. Not only an ample supply of raw materials is implied, but also ample to produce semifinished capacity products.

In addition to these conceptual problems, there are difficulties in the statistical measurement of capacity and its utilization. If a survey-based measure is prepared, the questions must be answerable with the data that the firm normally keeps. This requirement seems to preclude questions that define capacity in terms of cost, because, unfortunately, companies do not keep data on their operations in a way that would permit them to quantify cost concepts.

Many other problems are also encountered. For instance, if the measures refer to establishments or companies, rather than products, problems of industrial classification arise.

The BEA survey

A breakthrough on these problems does not appear to be on the horizon. It seems appropriate, therefore, to set out to improve the existing kinds of capacity measures and to test and

further improve them by using them in economic analysis. This strategy recommends itself even more forcibly if it is remembered that, in spite of their limitations, the usefulness of capacity measures in production, investment, and cost-price-profit analysis has already been demonstrated.

In choosing this course, BEA has decided to follow the survey approach rather than the more indirect, deductive approach that is exemplified by the Wharton School series described later in this report. Although the deductive approach may have some advantages, it cannot produce some types of information that are produced by the survey approach—for instance, the measures of preferred operating rates.

Survey questions.—The BEA questionnaire requests answers to two questions:

"At what percentage of manufacturing capacity did your company operate in (month and year)?"

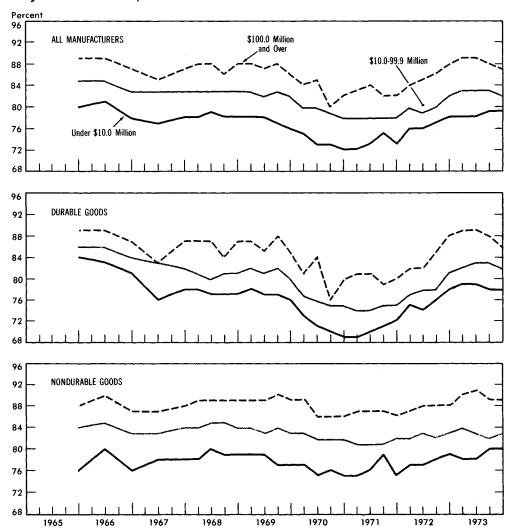
"At what percentage of (month and year) manufacturing capacity would your company have preferred to operate in order to achieve maximum profits or other objectives?"

The responses to the first question yield the estimates of manufacturers' capacity utilization rate. The responses to the second question yield the estimates of manufacturers' preferred operating rate.

The instructions accompanying the questionnaire do not precisely define

CHART 2

Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization Rates by Asset-Size Classes, December 1965-73



Seasonally Adjusted

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

74-7-2

the meaning of capacity that is to be used. Respondents are instructed to "follow the company's usual operating practices with respect to the use of productive facilities, overtime, work shifts, holidays, etc." Replies received and conversations with respondents indicate that most companies use a measure of maximum practical capacity in answering the questions. With regard to product mix, the respondents are instructed as follows: "When any of your facilities permit the substitution

of one product for another, use a product mix at capacity which is most nearly similar to the composition of your actual (month and year) output." With these broad instructions, successive reports of individual companies are likely to be consistent; more specific instructions would tend to improve consistency among companies, but could also result in a reduction in the response rate.

Major features.—An appraisal of measures of productive capacity undertaken

by a subcommittee of the Joint Economic Committee showed that, in addition to the problems relating to the meaning of capacity, existing capacity measures had other deficiencies. These deficiencies included "limited coverage. lack of detail, irregularity of reporting. and perhaps some difficulty of access to the information of some users." 1 The BEA series make substantial

Table 2.—Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization

														[Per
		All ma	nufacturers					D	urable goods	manufacture	ors			
Year and month		Compa	nies with ass	ets of→		Compa	nies with ass	ets of—		Machinery	Tran	sportation eq	uipment	Stone,
	Total	\$100.0 million and over	\$10.0 to \$99.9 million	Under \$10.0 million	Total 1	\$100.0 million and over	\$10.0 to \$99.9 million	Under \$10.0 million	Electrical machinery	except electrical	Total ²	Motor vehicles	Aircraft	clay, and glass
1965: Dec	86	89	85	80	88	89	86	84	83	95	89	96	79	84
1966: June	87	89	85	81	87	89	86	83	86	96	86	90	80	81
Dec	85	87	83	78	86	87	84	81	82	94	86	89	83	77
1967: June	83	85	83	77	82	83	83	76	77	91	82	8 3	82	76
Dec	85	87	83	78	84	87	82	78	79	90	85	90	82	77
1968: Mar June Sept Dec	85 85 84 85	88 88 86 88	83 83 83	78 79 78 78	85 85 83 84	87 87 84 87	81 80 81 81	78 77 77 77	81 78 78 81	90 90 90 89	86 88 85 87	91 95 91 93	84 83 81 81	77 79 81 81
1969: Mar	85	88	83	78	85	87	82	78	82	92	84	88	80	81
	84	87	82	78	83	85	81	77	81	91	82	87	77	80
	85	88	83	77	85	88	82	77	80	92	87	95	77	80
	84	86	82	76	82	85	80	76	76	91	82	88	75	79
1970: Mar	82	84	80	75	79	81	77	73	74	90	76	81	71	75
	82	85	80	7 3	81	84	76	71	77	87	82	93	69	77
	79	80	79	7 3	75	76	75	70	75	85	66	65	67	75
	80	82	78	72	78	80	75	69	77	83	76	84	65	76
1971: Mar	80	83	78	72	78	81	74	69	75	81	80	91	64	78
	81	84	78	73	79	81	74	70	75	81	81	92	66	80
	80	82	78	75	77	79	75	71	75	81	81	92	65	81
	80	82	78	73	78	80	75	72	77	82	81	92	66	82
1972: Mar	82	84	80	76	80	82	77	75	81	83	83	94	69	82
	82	85	81	76	81	82	78	74	80	84	82	94	67	83
	83	86	80	77	82	85	78	76	81	84	85	98	69	83
	85	88	82	78	85	88	81	78	81	86	88	102	70	83
1973: Mar	86	89	83	78	86	89	82	79	85	88	89	104	68	81
	86	89	83	78	86	89	83	79	82	86	91	107	70	83
	85	88	83	79	85	88	83	78	82	87	86	99	69	83
	85	87	82	79	84	86	82	78	80	86	82	91	70	83

Also includes producers of lumber, furniture, blast furnace and steel work products, nonferrous metals, other primary metals, fabricated metals, instruments, and ordnance and miscellaneous manufacturers.
 Also includes producers of other transportation equipment.

Table 3.—Manufacturers' Preferred

		All mar	nufacturers			·		D	urable goods	manufacture	rs			
Year		Compa	nies with ass	ets of—		Compa	nies with ass	ets of—	Electrical	Machinery	Tran	sportation eq	uipment	Stone,
	Total	\$100.0 million and over	\$10. 0 to \$99. 9 million	Under \$10.0 million	Total 1	\$100.0 million and over	\$10. 0 to \$99. 9 million	Under \$10.0 million	machinery	except electrical	Total ²	Motor vehicles	Aircraft	clay, and glass
1965	94	95	95	92	95	95	95	94	94	96	96	98	93	94
1966	94	95	95	92	95	95	94	94	92	96	97	99	93	94
1967	94	95	94	93	95	95	94	94	91	94	98	99	96	94
1968	94	95	94	92	95	95	94	93	91	95	97	99	96	94
1969	94	95	94	92	95	95	93	93	91	96	97	100	94	94
1970	95	96	94	92	96	97	92	92	91	96	101	107	94	92
1971	95	96	93	91	95	97	92	91	91	94	101	106	94	93
1972	95	96	93	92	95	97	9 3	92	91	94	101	107	93	93
1973	95	96	94	92	96	98	9 4	92	91	95	102	108	93	93

^{*} Annual averages computed from seasonally adjusted data as follows: 1965—December data; 1966-67—December of prior year weighted 1, June of year weighted 2,

^{1.} Measures of Productive Capacity, Report of the Subcommittee on Economic Statistics to the Joint Economic Committee (Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1962), p. 8.

^{3.} Also includes producers of tobacco, apparel, printing and publishing, and leather.
4. Includes producers of lumber; stone, clay, and glass; blast furnace and steel work products; nonferrous metals; other primary metals; fabricated metals; textiles; paper; chemicals (at ½ weight); petroleum; and rubber.

and December of year weighted 1; 1968 to date—December of prior year weighted 1, March, June and September of year each weighted 2, and December of year weighted 1.

progress toward removing these and related deficiencies.

- 1. The coverage of the BEA survey is higher than that of other similar surveys. The 2,400 firms in the 1973 reporting panel accounted for 75 percent of gross depreciable assets held by manufacturers in 1969.²
- 2. The BEA series provide detail both by industry and by asset-size class. Industry groups—durables and nondurables, primary—and advanced-

processing industries—are also published. The size class information is the first of its kind.

3. The BEA survey is quarterly. Previously, capacity utilization figures

2. By size class, the 450 reporting companies in the class having assets of \$100.0 million or more accounted for 90 percent of the assets in that class in 1969, the almost 1,000 reporting companies having assets of \$10.0 to \$99.9 million accounted for 50 percent of the assets in that class, and the approximately 950 reporting companies having assets of less than \$10.0 million accounted for 5 percent of the assets in that class. By industry, the coverage ratios varied considerably. For the electrical machinery, motor vehicle, and petroleum industries, they were over 90 percent of their 1969

based entirely on surveys were available only annually or semiannually, and the yearend preferred operating rates were obtained irregularly.

respective assets. For the machinery except electrical, paper, chemical, and rubber industries, they were between 70 and 90 percent. For the remaining industries, they were lower, with the lowest ratio, 55 percent, for food including beverage. Separate data on utilization rates are not shown for industries with coverage ratios of less than 50 percent for most periods covered by the survey. Capacity utilization rates for these industries are included in the figures for all manufacturers, durable and nondurable goods, and primary- and advanced-processed goods.

Rates, Seasonally Adjusted, 1965-73

cent]

			Non	durable goods	manufacture	rs						
	Compa	anies with asse	ts of—	Food in-		_				Primary- processed	Advanced- processed	Year and month
Total 3	\$100.0 million and over	\$10.0 to \$99.9 million	Under \$10.0 million	cluding beverage	Textiles	Paper	Chemicals	Petroleum	Rubber	goods 4	goods 5	
85	88	84	76	75	93	95	86	95	93	89	85	1965: Dec.
87	90	85	80	81	91	94	86	96	96	89	86	1966: June
84	87	83	76	77	87	94	83	98	90	87	84	Dec.
84	87	83	78	80	86	89	80	98	94	85	82	1967: June.
85	88	84	78	79	88	90	82	98	97	88	8 3	Dec.
85	89	84	78	81	88	91	81	99	92	87	84	1968: Mar.
86	89	85	80	82	87	90	81	98	93	86	84	June.
86	89	85	79	81	86	91	83	98	91	84	84	Sept.
86	89	84	79	82	85	93	85	96	90	86	84	Dec.
86	89	84	· 79	83	85	93	83	97	89	87	84	1969: Mar.
86	89	83	79	82	84	93	84	98	89	86	84	June.
86	90	84	77	82	84	94	84	98	89	87	84	Sept.
85	89	83	77	82	83	92	84	98	87	86	82	Dec.
85	89	83	77	82	82	90	83	97	89	84	80	1970: Mar.
83	86	82	75	81	81	88	82	95	75	82	81	June.
83	86	82	76	82	82	88	81	94	81	82	77	Sept.
82	86	82	75	81	81	88	80	95	83	82	79	Dec.
83	87	81	75	81	82	89	80	93	83	82	79	1971: Mar.
84	87	81	76	81	84	87	81	96	86	83	80	June.
84	87	81	79	82	84	88	80	94	87	80	80	Sept.
82	86	82	75	78	86	87	81	93	86	81	79	Dec.
84	87	82	77	81	87	89	82	93	89	82	82	1972: Mar.
84	88	83	77	80	88	90	83	93	91	83	81	June.
85	88	82	78	80	89	91	84	97	88	85	82	Sept.
85	88	83	79	81	91	91	85	94	89	88	84	Dec.
86	90	84	78	81	90	93	86	97	89	88	85	1973: Mar.
86	91	83	78	80	90	94	88	97	91	89	85	June.
86	89	82	80	79	89	94	88	97	90	89	83	Sept.
86	89	83	80	82	89	93	88	95	84	89	82	Dec.

^{5.} Includes producers of furniture, electrical machinery, machinery except electrical, motor vehicles, aircraft, other transportation equipment, instruments, ordnance and miscellaneous manufactures, food including beverage, tobacco, apparel, printing and publishing, chemicals (at ½ weight), and leather.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Operating Rates, Annual Averages,* 1965-73

centl

centi												
			N	ondurable good	is manufacture	rs						
	Con	panies with as	sets of	Food in-						Primary- processed	Advanced- processed	Year
Total 3	\$100.0 million and over	\$10. 0 to \$99. 9 million	Under \$10. 0 million	cluding beverage	Textiles	Paper	Chemicals	Petroleum	Rubber	goods 4	goods 3	
1	93 94 94 94 94 94	94 94 94	90 90 90	89 90 90	97 97 98	99 98 98	92 92 93	97 98 100	93 94 94	95 95 95	94 94 94	1965 1966 1967
1	94 95 94 94 94 94	95	92 92 92	91 92 92	97 97 97	98 99 99	93 92 91	100 98 97	94 94 97	96 95 95	94 94 95	1968 1969 1970
	94 95 94 95 94 95	93 94 94	91 92 92	92 91 91	96 97 97	99 99 99	92 92 92	98 98 98	97 98 97	95 95 95	94 94 95	1971 1972 1973

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

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4. The BEA survey is part of a continuing program that provides series on actual and expected plant and equipment expenditures by industry, manufacturers' carryover and starts of new investment projects, and manufacturers' evaluation of capacity relative to current and prospective sales. Although capacity measures based on establishments or products are more useful for many purposes, this companybased package will facilitate the examination of interrelations of capacity with other company-based information from the Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey and with profits.

5. A system of weights has been devised that overcomes some of the objections to weighting methods used for other series (see Technical Notes).

Summary of Findings

High levels of capacity utilization both for total manufacturing and for most manufacturing industries characterized the December 1965-December 1973 period. In general, utilization rates were higher before November 1969, the date of the last business cycle peak, than thereafter. Capacity utilization rates for mid-1973, while

generally above those of 1970-72, had not quite reached the earlier peaks, and thus the series does not demonstrate that overall tight capacity in manufacturing caused the slowdown of the U.S. economy after the first quarter of 1973. However, the BEA series cannot take us far in the analysis of this point because it is based on company data, and hence cannot pinpoint bottlenecks. It does confirm that the capacity position of producers of primaryprocessed goods was much tighter than that of producers of advancedprocessed goods. The former reached the earlier peak rate of 89 percent by June 1973 and stayed at that level through the end of the year. The June rate of the latter was 85, as compared with a prior peak of 86, and the rate fell to 82 by the end of the year.3

Levels of capacity utilization

During the 1965-73 period, the average rate of capacity utilization for all manufacturers was 83 percent (table 1). The highest rate, 87 percent, occurred in June 1966 and the lowest rate, 79 percent, in September 1970. The average rate for durable goods manufacturers was lower than that for nondurable goods manufacturers. This difference, which was 3 points, is noticeable for most quarters after 1967, with the largest difference, 8 points, in September 1970 during the strike at General Motors (chart and table 1). Producers of primary-processed goods operated at higher average rates than producers of advanced-processed goods. The difference reached a maximum in December 1973, when their rate exceeded the rate for producers of advanced-processed goods by 7 points.

Peak utilization rates were concentrated in 1965-66. However, several of the industries that peaked at that time—namely, electrical machinery, paper, and stone, clay, and glass—were within one point of attaining that level again in 1973. A few peaks were scattered throughout 1967-69,

Table 4.—Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization Rates as a

														
		All ma	nufacturers					D	urable goods	manufacture	rs		·	
Year and month		Compa	nies with ass	ets of—		Сотра	nies with ass	ets of—		Machinery	Tran	sportation eq	uipment	Stone,
	Total	\$100.0 million and over	\$10.0 to \$99.9 million	Under \$10.0 million	Total 1	\$100.0 million and over	\$10.0 to \$99.9 million	Under \$10.0 million	Electrical machinery	except electrical	Total ²	Motor vehicles	Aircraft	clay, and glass
1965: Dec	91	94	89	87	93	94	91	89	88	99	93	98	85	89
1966: June	9 3	94	89	87	92	94	91	88	9 3	100	89	91	86	86
Dec	90	92	88	85	91	92	90	85	89	99	89	90	88	83
1967: June	88	89	88	83	86	87	88	81	86	97	84	84	85	81
Dec	90	92	88	84	88	92	88	83	87	96	87	91	85	83
1968: March	89	93	88	85	89	92	87	84	89	95	89	92	88	82
	90	93	88	86	89	92	85	83	86	95	91	96	87	84
	89	91	88	85	87	88	86	84	86	95	88	91	85	87
	90	93	88	85	88	92	87	83	89	94	90	93	85	86
1969: Mar	90	93	88	84	89	92	88	84	90	96	88	90	85	86
	89	92	87	85	88	89	87	83	89	96	85	87	83	86
	90	93	88	84	89	9 3	88	83	88	96	90	95	83	86
	88	90	87	83	85	88	86	82	84	95	81	82	80	84
1970: Mar	86	88	85	82	82	84	84	79	81	94	75	76	76	82
June	86	89	86	79	84	87	83	77	85	91	81	87	73	84
Sept	83	83	84	79	78	78	81	76	82	89	65	61	71	81
Dec	85	85	84	79	82	82	81	75	85	88	76	79	70	83
1971: Mar	84	86	84	79	82	84	80	77	82	86	79	86	68	84
June	85	88	84	80	83	84	80	77	82	86	80	87	69	86
Sept	84	85	84	82	81	81	82	77	82	86	80	87	69	86
Dec	85	85	84	80	82	83	82	78	85	87	80	87	70	88
1972: Mar	86	88	86	83	84	85	83	82	89	88	82	88	74	87
June	86	89	87	83	85	85	84	80	88	89	81	88	72	89
Sept	87	90	86	84	85	88	84	83	89	89	84	92	73	89
Dec	89	92	88	84	89	91	87	85	89	91	87	95	75	89
1973: Mar	91 91 89 89	92 92 92 91	89 88 88 87	84 86 85 85	90 90 89 88	91 91 91 89	88 88 88 87	86 85 85 84	93 90 91 88	93 91 92 91	86 88 85 80	95 97 9 3 85	73 74 74 74 74	86 89 89 89

^{3.} Primary-processed goods cover lumber; stone, clay, and glass; blast furnace and steel work products; nonferrous metals; other primary metals; fabricated metals; textiles; paper; chemicals (at ½ weight); petroleum; and rubber. Advanced-processed goods cover furniture; electrical machinery; machinery except electrical; motor vehicles; aircraft; other transportation equipment; instruments; ordnance and miscellaneous manufactures; food; beverage; tobacco; apparel; printing and publishing; chemicals (at ½ weight); and leather.

and then in mid-1973 peaks were reached in motor vehicles and chemicals.⁴ The troughs occurred in 1970 and the first quarter of 1971, except for the food including beverage and the chemical industries, whose respective troughs were in December 1965—the start of the series—and in June 1967.

Throughout the 1965–73 period, large firms reported utilization rates consistently higher than those of medium-size firms, whose rates, in turn, were consistently higher than those of small firms (chart 2). For all manufacturing firms, the differences between large-and medium-size firms ranged from 1 to 6 points and averaged 4 points. The differences between medium- and small-size firms ranged from 3 to 7 points and averaged 5 points. The same general pattern by size of firm is evident for both durable and nondurable goods producers.

Growth in capacity and degree of capacity utilization

Total manufacturing capacity increased 28 percent from 1966 to 1973 (table 3, column 8).⁵ The maximum rate of capacity growth, 77 percent, occurred in the rubber industry; the lowest, 6 percent, in the aircraft industry. Capacity for primary-processed goods increased 30 percent, 3 percent more than for advanced-processed goods.

The rate of growth of capacity shows some positive relationship to the degree of capacity utilization. Generally, industries with utilization rates below (above) the average for all manufacturers showed capacity increases that were also below (above) the average. However, there were some notable exceptions. For example, the

motor vehicle industry, whose average capacity utilization rate was 91 percent—considerably above the average for all manufacturers—expanded capacity between 1966 and 1973 by 2 percent less than the overall average. The coefficient of rank correlation between industry capacity growth rates and utilization rates was quite low—only 0.28.6 Clearly, factors other than capacity utilization also influenced capacity expansion.

Cyclical amplitudes in utilization

The difference between the peak and trough utilization rates for all manufacturers was only 8 percentage points (table 3, column 7). As is to be expected, utilization rates showed greater cyclical amplitude for durables than for nondurables; the differences were 13 percentage points and 5 percentage points. Cyclical amplitudes do not seem to vary systematically by company size.

Because of differences in the timing of peaks and troughs for individual

Percent of Preferred Operating Rates, Seasonally Adjusted, 1965-73

			Non	durable goods	manufacture	rs						
	Compa	anies with asse	ts of—	Food in-						Primary- processed	Advanced- processed	Year and month
Total ³	\$100.0 million and over	\$10.0 to \$99.9 million	Under \$10.0 million	eluding beverage	Textiles	Paper	Chemicals	Petroleum	Rubber	processed goods 4	processed goods ⁵	
91	94	89	84	84	96	96	93	98	100	94	90	1965: Dec.
9 3	96	89	88	89	94	96	92	99	102	94	91	1966: June
90	9 3	88	85	87	91	97	90	98	96	9 3	90	Dec.
89	92	88	86	89	88	89	86	98	100	89	87	1967: June
90	94	88	86	88	90	9 3	88	97	104	9 3	88	Dec.
90	94	89	85	89	90	93	87	98	98	91	89	1968: Mar.
91	95	90	87	90	90	92	87	99	98	90	89	June
92	94	90	87	90	90	93	89	99	97	88	89	Sept.
91	94	89	87	90	89	95	91	97	96	91	89	Dec.
91	94	89	86	90	88	94	89	99	95	92	89	1969: Mar.
91	95	88	87	89	88	93	91	100	96	91	89	June
91	96	88	84	89	86	95	91	100	95	92	89	Sept.
90	95	87	84	90	86	92	91	101	9 3	91	86	Dec.
90 88 88 88	95 91 91 91 91	88 87 87 87	84 82 83 82	89 88 89 89	85 84 84 84	91 89 89 87	90 90 89 88	101 98 97 98	92 77 84 86	88 86 86 86	84 85 81 84	1970: Mar. June Sept. Dec.
88 89 89	92 92 92 91	87 87 87 87	82 84 86 82	88 89 89 86	85 88 88 90	90 88 89 89	87 88 87 89	95 98 97 95	86 88 90 88	86 87 84 85	84 85 85 84	1971: Mar. June Sept. Dec.
89	92	87	84	89	90	90	89	95	91	86	86	1972: Mar.
89	93	88	84	88	91	91	90	95	92	87	86	June
90	93	88	85	89	92	92	91	99	90	89	87	Sept.
90	93	88	85	87	94	92	92	96	91	93	88	Dec.
91	95	89	84	88	93	94	92	98	92	9 3	89	1973: Mar.
92	96	88	87	90	93	95	96	99	94	94	89	June.
91	95	87	86	88	92	95	96	100	94	94	87	Sept.
91	94	88	85	89	94	95	96	98	88	94	86	Dec.

^{4.} The June 1973 rate of 107 for the motor vehicle industry implies that during that month, by working more hours than usual, the industry operated at a level above its normal capacity. In this industry, capacity is based on two shifts, 5 days a week.

^{5.} Estimates of manufacturing capacity by industry were calculated by dividing the industry's annual output in constant dollars (as derived by BEA from the Census Bureau's information on shipments and inventories by 4-digit SIC manufacturing industry) by the average annual capacity utilization rate as measured by the BEA series. These two measures (output and capacity utilization) are not strictly comparable in product coverage.

^{6.} Data for industries not shown separately in table 1 were used in computing this correlation coefficient. The calculation was based on 25 observations.

industries, industry aggregations mask the degree of cyclical amplitude of utilization rates. As already noted, nondurable goods industries as a whole showed an amplitude of only 5 points; the amplitudes for individual industries

ranged from 6 to 22 points. Similarly, the total for durable goods showed an amplitude of 13 points; three of the five durable goods industries shown had amplitudes larger than 15 points. (The exceptional amplitude—42 points—in

the motor vehicle industry reflects the effects of the General Motors strike in the fall of 1970.)

Several points should be kept in mind in interpreting the cyclical amplitudes. First, the economy as a whole

Table 5.—Synopsis of Measures of Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization

BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

Current data:

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Period:

Yearend 1965, midyear and yearend 1966 and 1967, and end of qtr thereafter.

Industries:

11 industries, durables and nondurables, primary- and advanced-processing, and total; 3 asset-sizes for durables, nondurables, and total.

Methodology:

Capacity utilization rates obtained from survey of companies. Maximum practical capacity generally used by respondents to figure utilization rates. Questionnaire asks

actual and preferred operating rates.
1973 sample consisted of almost 2,400 companies,

counting for about 75% of gross depreciable assets in 1969. Companies combined into industry asset-size classes, using company reported 1969 gross depreciable asset weights, to obtain (1) best-change and (2) best-level estimates. Weighted averages of the two yield the composite estimates for industry asset-size classes. The latter are combined into industries using 1969 IRS gross depreciable asset weights. Industries combined into groups, using 1969 capacity weights.

Source:

Marie P. Hertzberg, Alfred I. Jacobs, and Jon E. Trevathan, "The Utilization of Manufacturing Capacity, 1965-73," Survey of Current Business, July 1974.

Related series:

Actual and expected plant and equipment expenditures, by nonfarm industry; manufacturers' and public utilities carryover and starts of new investment projects; manufacturers' evaluations of capacity—qtrly. Change in actual and expected sales of manufacturers, trade, and public utilities; actual and expected prices of capital goods purchased by nonfarm industry, and of products and services sold by manufacturers and public utilities—annually.

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD-MANUFACTURING

Current data:

Federal Reserve Bulletin and Statistical Release, "Capacity Utilization in Manufacturing," E.5.

Period:

Qtrly, from 1948.

Industries:

Primary- and advanced-processing industries, and total.

Methodology:

Capacity utilization rates calculated by dividing derived capacity output into actual output. Implicit concept of capacity like McGraw-Hill's.

Three indicators of capacity combined on basis of assumptions about their deviations from "true" capacity. X₁, actual output divided by a utilization rate, assumed to have short-term random disturbances. X_2 , McGraw-Hill annual yearend index of capacity, assumed to have upward bias over time. X_3 , a gross capital stock series, assumed to have downward bias. General level and major movements of derived capacity estimates established by X_1 ; X_2 and X_3 smooth and extrapolate beyond the X_1 time period.

Source:

Frank de Leeuw, "A Revised Index of Manufacturing Capacity," Federal Reserve Bulletin, November 1966. Revisions are described in Federal Reserve Bulletin, July 1967 and October 1971.

Related series:

Underlying indexes of output and capacity.

McGRAW-HILL PUBLICATIONS CO.—ANNUAL

Annual McGraw-Hill Survey. See, for example, "Business' Plans for New Plants and Equipment, 1974-77" (Department of Economics, McGraw-Hill Publications Company, May 1974; processed).

For Dec., actual operating rate, annually, and preferred operating rate, intermittently, from 1954.

18 industries, durables and nondurables, and total.

Capacity utilization rates obtained from survey of companies. Maximum practical capacity generally used by respondents to figure utilization rates. Questionnaire asks actual operating rate and, intermittently, preferred rate.

Respondents usually larger companies. In 1974, respondents accounted for 53% of fixed assets.

Companies combined into industries, using current employment weights. Industries combined into groups, using FRB index of IP 1967 value-added weights.

Margaret K. Matulis, "Capacity and Operating Rates," 1961 Proceedings of the Business and Economic Statistics Section, American Statistical Association.

Operating rates for mining and utilities. Index of capacity for manufacturing (by industry), for mining, and for utilities. By nonfarm industry, expected capital spending, expected sales, expected changes in the prices of goods and services sold, and in employment.

Operating rates for overseas activities of U.S. industrial

companies.

Methodology-Continued

Steps followed for 2 subgroups: 1. divide Dec. seas. adj. FRB index of IP by McGraw-Hill yearend operating rate to obtain X_1 ; 2. using historical relation of X_1 to X_2 and X_1 to X_3 (estimated by regression techniques stipulating that relation depends on time and random disturbance), obtain trend- and level-adjusted X_2 and X_3 ; 3. average adjusted X_2 and X_3 to obtain final capacity estimates; 4. interpolate linearly between yearend estimates to obtain qtrly estimates; 5. divide qtrly IP by qtrly capacity to obtain utilization rate. Resulting rates averaged using 1967 value-added weights

to obtain rate for total manufacturing.

experienced only mild cyclical variations in the time period covered. Second, since these utilization rates refer to companies, they cover a diverse range of products that may have different cyclical timing; consequently

they may show smaller amplitudes than utilization rates for individual products. Third, manufacturers' definitions of existing capacity may vary with the business cycle. In periods of peak demand, high-cost facilities that are infrequently used may be considered as part of capacity; in periods of slack demand, they may be excluded. Such a tendency to vary the definition of capacity with the business cycle would

Table 5.—Synopsis of Measures of Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization—Continued

McGRAW-HILL PUBLICATIONS CO.-MONTHLY

· Current data:

Business Week (for total manufacturing) and by subscription.

Period:

Monthly, from 1964.

Industries:

20 industries, durables and nondurables, and total.

Methodology:

Capacity utilization rates calculated from increases in production and from survey data on expected increases in capacity. Concept of capacity same as that of annual survey. Steps followed for each industry: 1. prorate year's expected

p.c. change in capacity from annual survey over 12 months; 2. calculate monthly p.c. change in FRB index of IP; 3. divide monthly p.c. change in production by monthly p.c. change in capacity, and link resulting net change to previous month's operating rate.

Benchmarked each Dec. to average of survey-based and

calculated rate.

Industries combined into groups, using FRB index of

IP 1967 value-added weights.

Source:

Priscilla Gang, "Another Look at the McGraw-Hill Measure of Industrial Operating Rates," 1973 Proceedings of the Business and Economic Statistics Section, American Statistical Association.

Related series:

Operating rates for mining, utilities.

Operating rates for raw materials and energy-producing

industries.

Effective operating rates—the ratio of actual to preferred

rates.

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD-MAJOR MATERIALS

Current data:

Statistical Release, "Industrial Production," G.12.

Period:

Qtrly, from 1948.

Industries:

Metals, textiles, paper and pulp, and chemicals and petroleum; durables and nondurables; and total.

Methodology:

Capacity utilization rates are weighted averages of rates compiled for each of 15 materials. In general, series based on

concept similar to maximum practical capacity

Steps followed for each series: 1. assemble physical unit data on yearend capacity and Dec. output to obtain preliminary rates for Dec.; 2. divide rate into Dec. seasonally unadjusted FRB index of IP to obtain comparable index of capacity; 3. interpolate linearly to obtain qtrly capacity index; 4. divide qtrly capacity index into qtrly IP to obtain seas. adj. qtrly capacity utilization.

Industry capacity and outputs are combined using 1967 value-added weights; aggregate utilization rates computed

as ratios of the two.
Series represents 9.5% of value-added in 1967.

Source:

"Capacity Utilization in Major Materials Industries," and "Capacity Utilization for Major Materials: Revised Measures," Federal Reserve Bulletin, August 1973 and April 1974.

Related series:

Underlying indexes of output and capacity.

THE CONFERENCE BOARD

Semiannual Survey of Investment Conditions. See, for example, "Capital Investment Conditions, First Half 1974," The Conference Board, 1974.

Semiannually, January and July, from 1970.

Durables and nondurables, and total.

Capacity evaluations obtained from survey of companies; summary utilization rate calculated from evaluations.

Questionnaire asks whether facilities inadequate, sufficient, or more than adequate to meet current orders; if more than adequate, respondents check p.c. range indicating extent of underutilization. Questionnaires sent to 1,000 largest companies; about 400 respond. In 1973, respondents accounted for 48-49% of 1967 total assets of companies with at least \$10 million assets.

Steps followed: 1. assign p.c. utilization rate to each survey response category (inadequate: 96.5, sufficient: 91.5, more than adequate: 85.0 to 62.5, depending on extent of underutilization); 2. combine assigned rates, using company-reported 1967 total assets as weights.

Technical Notes in "Capital Investment Conditions, First Half 1974," The Conference Board, 1974.

Evaluation of current and future capacity, supply of internal and external capital funds-semiannually. Capital appropriations—qtrly.

WHARTON SCHOOL, U. OF PENNSYLVANIA

Wharton Quarterly and by subscription from Wharton EFA,

Qtrly (prepared about twice a qrtr), from 1947.

21 industries, durables and nondurables, and total.

Capacity utilization rates are based on deductive calculations. Maximum-attained-output concept of capacity.

Steps followed for each growing industry: 1. plot qtrly (average of seas. adj. monthly values) FRB index of IP; 2. identify peak values; 3. draw straight lines between peaks, and for qrtrs beyond peaks extrapolate (if actual values exceed trend, actual values become peaks); 4. read capacity output from lines drawn; 5. divide actual output (see step 1) by capacity output to obtain utilization rate. Special procedure used for declining industries.

Industries combined into groups, using peak period na-

tional income originating weights.

F. Gerard Adams and Robert Summers, "The Wharton Index of Capacity Utilization: A Ten Year Perspective,"
1973 Proceedings of the Business and Economic Statistics
Section, American Statistical Association.

Utilization rates for mining, utilities, services, and contract construction. Underlying actual and capacity output levels. Utilization rates for nine countries.

tend to reduce the amplitudes of the utilization rates.⁷

Preferred operating rates

Table 3 summarizes the preferred operating rates reported in the surveys. Since most industries have relatively stable preferred operating rates, the figures shown are annual averages of end-of-quarter rates. For all manufacturers, the preferred operating rate during the 1965-73 period was 94 to 95 percent, considerably above the actual rates. For the electrical machinery, food including beverage, and chemical industries, the preferred rates were considerably below 95. The motor vehicle industry reported rates of 100 percent or more for the last 5 of the 9 years shown. Other industries with rates close to 100 were paper and petroleum. Small companies seemed to prefer to operate at lower levels of capacity utilization than large- or medium-size companies.

Table 4 shows actual capacity utilization rates as a percentage of preferred operating rates. In effect, these calculations represent ratios of actual to preferred outputs. These ratios are useful as signals of whether additional facilities may be desired at existing cost-price relationships or whether these cost-price relationships themselves may be under pressure. If in an industry the ratio is generally high, it is likely that companies in that industry will not wish to increase their outputs substantially unless prices are raised or costs are reduced—both of which would increase the level of preferred output.

In 1973, actual as a percentage of preferred utilization for all manufacturers was 2–4 points below the peak of 93 registered in mid-1966. However, the measures also indicate that pressures on facilities and prices were not even throughout manufacturing. There was more pressure on nondurables than durables, and, as noted earlier, more on primary-processing industries than advanced-processing industries. In the primary-processing industries, a level

equal to the peak in mid-1966 was reached for the last three quarters of 1973

Other Capacity Utilization Measures

The major features of the seven existing series on capacity utilization in manufacturing are shown in table 5. Both similarities and differences exist in concepts and methodologies, as well as in such readily identifiable features as industrial coverage and detail, and time periods. A maximum practical capacity concept generally underlies all except the Wharton School series. In that series, capacity is generally measured by the output attained at production peaks. The BEA and McGraw-Hill annual series are based entirely on survey data, and the Wharton School series entirely on indirect, deductive calculations. The others—a monthly McGraw-Hill series, the two Federal Reserve Board series, and The Conference Board series—are based on combinations of survey data and calculations.

TECHNICAL NOTES

Capacity utilization rates shown in this article were derived by assigning each company in the BEA reporting panel to one of 25 industries and to one of three asset-size classes. This assignment was based on the company's 1969 primary activities and total assets as reported in BEA's Plant and Equipment Expanditures Survey.

ment Expenditures Survey.

A three-step procedure then followed: (1) individual company capacity utilization rates were combined to yield estimates of rates by industry by asset-size class, (2) rates for the three asset-size classes were combined into industry rates, (3) the industry rates were combined to yield rates for groups of industries. The choice of weights used in this procedure was influenced by both practical and theoretical considerations.

Weighting Methods

The appropriate weights for combining company utilization rates into industry rates are company capacity outputs for each time period. Similarly, when industry rates are combined into rates for industry groups, the weights should be industry-wide measures of

Appendix Table 1.—Distribution of 1969 Estimated Capacity Weights, By Industry and By Asset-Size Class

[Percent	l			
	Percent of	Percent of	industry total size class 1	by asset-
Industry	all manu- facturers	\$100.0 million and over	\$10.0 to \$99.9 million	Under \$10, 0 million
All manufacturers	100, 0	66, 0	14, 2	19.8
Durable goods	56. 8	70.0	12.4	17. 6
Lumber Furniture Stone, clay, and glass Primary metals. Blast furnace and steel works Nonferrous metals. Other primary metals. Fabricated metals Machinery except electrical Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment Motor vehicles Aircraft Other transportation Instruments. Ordnance and miscellaneous Nondurable goods Food including beverage Beverage. Food. Tobacco Textiles Apparel Paper Printing and publishing Chemicals. Petroleum Rubber	1.5 2.5 2.2 3.9 2.9 1.4 5.5 7.6 9.0 16.1 9.2 5.3 2.0 43.2 14.1 11.7 12.4 3.5 3.3 4.0 7.2 3.5 3.3 4.0 7.2 3.5 3.3	53. 8 56. 5 87. 8 88. 8 88. 8 88. 8 89. 5 64. 0 75. 5 90. 7 94. 1 90. 9 63. 5 73. 1 51. 0 92. 3 45. 0 97. 4 97. 4 97. 4	9. 8 30. 1 18. 3 7. 1 6. 5 20. 7 12. 9 13. 4 5. 1 13. 3 5. 1 18. 7 16. 6 27. 4 16. 7 21. 0 22. 9 20. 5 5. 5 6. 23. 6 25. 7 10. 7	36. 4 67. 1 25. 2 5. 1 4. 7 6. 0 4. 7 39. 8 23. 1 11. 1 4. 2 2. 6 4. 0 17. 8 10. 3 44. 6 22. 8 27. 3 22. 8 27. 3 11. 1 31. 4 63. 0 9. 3. 1 5. 7 . 9
Leather	34, 4		12. 3 15. 4	16. 6 21. 6

Companies are assigned to an asset-size class based on their total assets. The Internal Revenue Service data on 1969 gross depreciable assets are used to distribute total industry capacity by asset-size classes.
 For industries included see notes 4 and 5 to table 2.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

^{7.} See George Perry in "Capacity in Manufacturing," Brookings Papers on Economic Activity, (3: 1973), pp. 710-712.

^{8.} The industry estimates cover secondary as well as primary manufacturing activities of the companies. The industries are: lumber; furniture; stone, clay, and glass; blast furnace and steel works; nonferrous metals; other primary metals; fabricated metals; electrical machinery; machinery except electrical; motor vehicles; aircraft; other transportation equipment; instruments; ordnance and miscellaneous; food; beverage; tobacco; textiles; apparel, paper; printing and publishing; chemicals; petroleum; rubber; and leather. The asset-size classes are: \$100.0 million and over, \$10.0 million to \$99.9 million, and under \$10.0 million.

capacity output for each period. These measures of capacity should be current period quantities valued in current period prices. Only these weights yield capacity utilization rates at each level of aggregation that equal the rates that would be derived by summing actual outputs (or preferred outputs) and capacity outputs and then computing the utilization rate from these data.

Alternative weights to aggregate data on capacity utilization are depreciable assets, output, employment, and value-added. None of these weighting systems is theoretically correct. Assets overweight capital-intensive industries, employment overweights labor-intensive industries, and value-added over-weights industries with high labor costs and above-average returns to capital. The use of actual output as weights tends systematically to bias upward all aggregations of capacity utilization rates, because companies or industries with below-average rates are given less than their correct weights, and those with above-average rates are given more than their correct weights. Furthermore, since output, employment, and value-added vary cyclically, industries that are cyclically sensitive would be underweighted at troughs and overweighted at peaks.

While the use of current capacity weights is theoretically desirable, it is not feasible because data on company and industry capacity are not available for each time period. For this reason, BEA combined data from several sources to estimate capacity weights for 1969. Use of 1969, the present midpoint of the BEA series, minimizes the average error introduced by the use of fixed weights. The weights will be revised when Census *Enterprise Statistics* for 1972 become

available.

The sources and procedures used to estimate 1969 capacity weights were as follows:

1. Gross depreciable assets for 1969 reported by the companies were used to combine company rates into rates for industry asset-size classes. Within an industry asset-size class, gross depreciable assets are considered suitable proxies for company capacity weights.

2. Gross depreciable assets in each industry asset-size class reported by the Internal Revenue Service in Statistics of Income: 1969 were used to combine rates by asset-size classes within an industry into an overall industry rate. Within an industry, gross depreciable assets are considered suitable proxies for capacity weights by asset size.

3. Wide differences among industries in the ratio of assets to capacity make assets inappropriate for combining industries into broader groups. Accordingly, values of manufacturing capacity by industry were estimated for 1969 by dividing 1969 shipments by 1969 capacity utilization rates; the latter were derived by averaging the rates in December 1968 and in March, June, September, and December, 1969. Appendix table 1 shows the 1969 weights used for the present series.

Detailed Computation Procedures

The detailed procedures used to obtain capacity utilization rates by asset-size class within an industry, and by industry and by industry group were: 11

Estimates by asset-size class within an industry

The capacity utilization rate for an assetsize class within an industry is a composite estimate that combines a best-level estimate and a best-change estimate. The composite estimate procedure was chosen because it uses all information reported in the current survey period and maintains comparability between adjacent survey periods. If the reporting companies in an industry assetsize class were identical in all time periods, the best-level estimate and the best-change estimate would be identical. Because respondents are not always the same in two successive surveys, utilization rates based simply on weighted averages of all respondents could give incorrect period-to-period movements. Similarly, if rates were derived solely by a procedure that linked period-toperiod changes in matched samples to an initial utilization rate, variations in sample size could result in error in level.

The best-level estimate is based on the capacity utilization rates for all the companies in an industry asset-size class that reported for the specified month. It is computed as follows:

$$U_{IAt} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (g_{i69} \cdot U_{it})}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (g_{i69})}$$

Where:

 U_{IAt} = capacity utilization rate for an industry (I) in an asset-size class (A) for a month (t).

 $g_{i69} = \text{gross}$ depreciable assets for the ith reporting company for 1969.

 U_{it} = capacity utilization rate for the ith reporting company for a month (t). n=number of companies reporting for month (t).

The best-change estimate is based on the capacity utilization rates for only those companies in an industry asset-size class that reported for both the specified month and the immediately preceding survey month. It is computed as follows:

$$\Delta U_{IA\,t} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (g_{i60} \cdot U_{i\,t}) \\ \sum_{i=1}^{m} (g_{i60}) \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (g_{i60} \cdot U_{i\,(t-1)}) \\ \sum_{i=1}^{m} (g_{i60}) \end{bmatrix}$$

ΔU_{IAt}=change in capacity utilization rate based on a matched sample of companies for the specified month (t), and for the preceding survey month (t-1), for an industry (I) in an asset-size class (A). The best change estimate is linked to the composite estimate for the preceding survey month as described later.

m=number of companies reporting for both month (t) and month (t-1).

The composite estimate for an industry assetsize class is the combination of the best-level estimate and the best-change estimate and is computed as follows:

$$CU_{IAt} = 0.20 \ (U_{IAt}) + 0.80 \ (CU_{IA(t-i)} + \Delta U_{IAt})$$

CU_{IAt} = composite estimate for an industry (I) in an asset-size class (A) for a

The ratios of .20 and .80 used to weight the two estimates are judgmental; the same ratios are used in BEA's capacity evaluation series. For June 1966, the best-level estimate was used as the composite estimate and is the starting point for the linkage back to December 1965 and forward. 12

Estimates by industry and industry group 13

Industry totals.—The composite estimates for the three asset-size classes are combined into industry totals as follows:

$$CU_{It} = \frac{\sum_{A=1}^{3} (P_{IA69} \cdot CU_{IAt})}{P_{IA69}}$$

Where:

CU_{It}=composite estimate of capacity utilization rate for an industry (I) for a month (t).

P_{IA69} = capacity estimate for an industry (I) in an asset-size class (A) for 1969.

P₁₆₉=capacity estimate for an industry (I) for 1969.

Industry groups by asset-size class.—The composite estimates by industry and by asset-size class are combined into industry groups as

$$CU_{GAt} = \frac{\sum_{I=1}^{q} (P_{IA69} \cdot CU_{IAt})}{P_{GA69}}$$

Where:

CUGAt = composite estimate of capacity utilization rate for an industry group (G) in an asset-size class (A) for a

month (t).

P_{GA69}=capacity estimate for an industry group (G) in an asset-size class (A) for 1969.

q=number of industries in the industry group.

Industry groups.—The composite estimates by industry group by asset-size class are com-bined into totals for all asset-size classes as

$$CU_{Gt} = \frac{\sum_{A=1}^{3} (P_{GA60} \cdot CU_{GAt})}{P_{GA60}}$$

Where:

 CU_{Gt} = composite estimate of capacity utilization rate for a group (G) for a month (t).

P_{G60}=capacity estimate for a group (G) for 1969.

Seasonal Adjustment

Seasonal factors and seasonally adjusted capacity utilization rates are separately for each industry and for each of the three asset-size classes in the industry by using the Bureau of the Census X-11 Computer Program. Seasonally adjusted industry rates are combined to derive the adjusted rates for industry groups. Seasonally adjusted rates for industry groups by asset-size class are derived by combining the ad-justed rates for industries in an asset-size.

Note.-The series on capacity utilization rates and preferred operating rates before seasonal adjustment are available upon

^{9.} The problem of choosing weights for combining product data for multi-product companies did not arise since companies were instructed to report an overall utilization rate for their total manufacturing activity.

^{10.} Data on shipments for manufacturing establishments of manufacturing compnies classified by 25 industries were available for 1967 from the Bureau of the Census Enterprise Statistics: 1967. For each industry, these data were extrapolated to 1969 by the percentage change of production of all manufacturing establishments classified in that industry. The production estimates were derived from the Bureau of the Census Census of Manufactures: 1967 and the Annual Survey of Manufactures: 1969.

^{11.} Identical procedures were used for obtaining preferred operating rates.

^{12.} June 1966 was chosen because the first survey (December 1965) had lower response rates.

^{13.} The industry groups are: primary metals, transportation equipment, food including beverage, durable goods manufacturers, nondurable goods manufacturers, all manufacturers, primary-processed goods, and advanced-processed goods. Information by asset-size class is published for durable goods, nondurable goods, and all manufacturers.

^{14.} The weighted combination of the seasonally adjusted series for the three asset-size classes does not equal the seasonally adjusted industry total; however, the discrepancies

Capital Expenditures by Business for Air and Water Pollution Abatement, 1973 and Planned 1974

N 1973, nonfarm business spent \$4.9 billion for air and water pollution abatement plant and equipment; it plans to spend \$6.5 billion in 1974, according to a BEA survey conducted in November and December 1973.1 Most spending and planned spending is for the improvement of air quality: 64 percent in 1973 and 66 percent planned for 1974. Five industries accounted for \$3.3 billion, or 66 percent, of the 1973 total: electric utilities (\$1.4 billion), petroleum (\$0.6 billion), nonferrous metals (\$0.5 billion), chemical (\$0.4 billion), and paper (\$0.4 billion). Four industries spent 10 percent or more of their capital budgets for air and water pollution abatement: nonferrous metals (31 percent), paper (19 percent), blast furnace, steel works (16 percent), and petroleum (10 percent). Four industries plan to increase their capital spending 50 percent or more in 1974: stone, clay, and glass (96 percent), petroleum (67 percent), blast furnace, steel works (66 percent), and food including beverage (51 percent). Aircraft equipment manufacturing and air transportation are the only industries that plan decreases.

Twenty-one percent of businesses responding had capital expenditures for air or water pollution abatement. Businesses with such expenditures had total new plant and equipment expenditures of \$56 billion, which is 56 percent of the total estimated investment in 1973.

Another conclusion suggested by the survey is that pollution regulations have not reduced plant and equipment expenditures.

1. Excludes agricultural business, real estate operators, medical, legal, educational, and cultural services, and non-profit organizations.

Note.—The estimates were prepared by John T. Woodward. Significant contributions to this study were made by Frank W. Segel, William B. Sullivan, and Gary L. Rutledge.

Questions on capital spending for air and water pollution abatement were added to BEA's annual Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey form. Future surveys may be expanded to includes other forms of pollution. The types of questions asked and the defini-

tions of what constitutes pollution abatement expenditures (PAE) were more precise than those used in similar surveys conducted by trade associations and other private organizations. Survey responses were received after the announcements of the Arab oil em-

Pollution Abatement Expenditures and the National Economic Accounts

Widespread concern for the environment has led to significant levels of private and public spending for pollution abatement. BEA has begun a comprehensive program to estimate these expenditures within the framework of the national economic accounts. The estimates, which will cover expenditures by consumers, business, and government, will be prepared from existing and new data sources.

The national accounts provide a consistent conceptual and statistical framework for estimating pollution abatement expenditures (PAE). Also use of this framework ensures comparability between PAE and other components of the accounts. Such comparability is essential to the analysis of the effects of PAE on the economy, which is conducted primarily with the aid of the accounts.

The relationship between PAE and the accounts has been extensively discussed, as have ways to compile new economic measures that will permit better analyses of pollution abatement programs and their economic effects. (See, for example, Survey of Current Business, Anniversary Issue, July 1971, pp. 221–25.)

The treatment of PAE in the GNP is identical to that of corresponding expenditures for other purposes: consumer expenditures for pollution abatement materials or services are included in personal consumption expenditure and government PAE are included in government purchases of goods and services. However, neither can be separately identified. Although the treatment of business PAE is also the

same as that of other business expenditures, it is worthy of special note. The current operating expenses of the abatement activities of business are not included in GNP because they are not final products, but they increase the costs of these products and may lead to price increases. GNP in constant dollars will fall as PAE increases unless new resources are employed or productivity increases.

Business expenditures for capital goods for abatement are counted as gross private domestic investment in the year in which they occur. However, the effect on GNP in the years that an abatement good is in service differs from that of an ordinary capital good. In its years of service, an ordinary capital good produces a stream of services whose dollar value enters into the calculation of GNP. The stream of services produced by an abatement good does not, because it has no market value.

Both current and capital PAE will be estimated by BEA. This will make it possible to identify PAE now included in GNP and to take into account PAE not now included. It will make it possible also to deduct from GNP, PAE now included—an alternative that is preferred by some.

The accompanying article reports the results of a survey of capital expenditures for air and water pollution abatement by nonfarm business, which was conducted by BEA as part of its environmental program. It is the first such survey conducted by the Federal Government.

bargo; the extent to which capital PAE budgets had been changed because of the embargo is not known. A survey in January 1974 indicated that overall capital budgets were not affected significantly by energy shortages. (See Survey of Current Business, April 1974, pp. 46–47.)

Problems in the Definition and Collection of PAE Data

The desirability of PAE data is clear, but important conceptual problems must be resolved if useful and consistent results are to be obtained. Although "pollution" and "pollution abatement" are familiar words, there are no precise and generally accepted definitions of PAE. Business does not know exactly what portion of its expenditures should be included in PAE, and indeed, environmental authorities do not always agree on definitions. Five definitional problems are outlined here; several of them are taken up again in the discussion of the questionnaire.²

 A preliminary discussion paper, "A Conceptual Basis for the Collection of Pollution Abatement Expenditures and Costs," is available on request. The first problem is referred to as the baseline problem. It has often been suggested that PAE should be measured from a baseline that is defined by zero expenditures for environmental protection. Some forms of pollution abatement have been practiced for many decades—long before the current surge in interest and legislation. If a "zero pollution abatement" accounting base is desired, many longstanding production methods would have to be excluded from the base (and included in PAE) even though some of them have production advantages.

Form Approved: O.M.B. No. 41-R0670 IMPORTANT - This report is due December 3, 1973 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS Your report is accorded confidential treatment and will not be used for pur poses of taxation, investigation or regulation. PLANT AND FOUIPMENT **EXPENDITURES SURVEY** Annual Supplement U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis Business Outlook Division (52) Washington, D.C. 20230 (Please indicate any change in name and address including ZIP code) (Freed fluctuate any comings in name and management producting set 2007). This supplemental form requests estimates of capital expenditures and sales for 1973 and 1974. Please see instructions on reverse before completing this report. What are your best estimates of plant and equipment expenditures and of net sales for the full years 1973 and 1974? Estimated Calendar year 1973 Expected Calendar year 1974 a. NEW construction, machinery and equipment expenditures b. NET sales and/or business receipts What are your best estimates of average price changes from 1972 to 1973 and from 1973 to 1974? (Approximations are acceptable) a. PRICES paid by your company for a new construction, machinery, and equipment b. PRICES of goods and/or services sold by your company % % 3. Did your company in 1973, or will your company in 1974, make expenditures for new plant and equipment to control air or water pollutant emissions from your property or activities? If your only expenditures are for the pollution control devices incorpor-ated in motor vehicles, please mark "No." □ No - SKIP to item 8 (SEE INSTRUCTIONS 6 THROUGH 9.) How much of the expenditures shown in item la above is for new plant and equipment whose only purpose is: Expected Calendar year 1974 Estimated Calendar year 1973 a. Air pollution abatement? \$ b. Water pollution abatement? How much of the expenditures shown in item la above is for new plant and equipment for normal production or business purposes but which have special features designed to prevent or reduce pollutant discharges? What are your best estimates of the cost of that part of plant and equipment expenditures in item 5 attributable to special features for: a. Air pollution abatement? b. Water pollution abatement? 7. What is your best estimate of that part of expenditures reported in 4 and 6 which is to meet current or expected local, state or federal pollution abatement regulations? If restrictions on pollutant discharges have caused your compan to reduce expenditures for new plant and equipment in 1973 – or planned expenditures in 1974 – from what they otherwise would have been, please estimate the amount of such reduction. Name and title of person to contact regarding this report Area code

FIGURE 1

INSTRUCTIONS

This form requests estimates of capital expenditures, sales, prices, and pollution abatement capital expenditure data for the years 1973 and 1974; it supplements the data requested on the quarterly Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey.

- 1. Report data on a consolidated basis for this enterprise and its domestic subsidiaries wherever possible; the figures should cover U.S. domestic operations only.
- 2. The capital expenditures to be reported should reflect costs incurred or to be incurred by this enterprise which are generally charged to depreciated or amortized fixed asset accounts. Exclude expenditures for land, securities, purchases for resale, equipment leased from others, and residential property whether for sale or lease. In order to avoid duplication, expenditures for leased equipment should be included in reports only by the lessor.
- 3. Omit from the reported expenditures any work, such as construction of structures, performed by this enterprise on contract for others.
- 4. If on a fiscal period basis, report your data in the calendar periods which most closely approximate your fiscal periods.
- 5. If your company has merged or acquired other enterprises during the period of this report, include these activities in your report; please show the names of such companies in the "Remarks" space. If your company was merged or acquired by another company, please complete and return the form indicating the name and address of the acquiring company.
- 6. In questions 3 through 7 do not include purchases of motor vehicles with pollution abatement devices.
- 7. In questions 3 through 7 report expenditures for new plant and equipment designed to treat, reduce, prevent or ameliorate air or water pollutants emitted from your company's activities or property. Air pollutants include: particulates (dust, fly ash, smoke), sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons, airborne radioactive or toxic substances, fluorides and lead. Water pollutants include: phosphates, nitrates (-trites),

- substances that generate chemical or biological oxygen demand, suspended solids, acids, bases, radioactive or toxic substances, harmful microbes, oil, grease, dyes and heat. Do not report expenditures for plant and equipment whose purpose is to manufacture equipment or materials to be sold to others for pollution abatement purposes. Do not report expenditures for control of pollutants other than air and water.
- 8. There are two general approaches to pollution control:
- o. End-of-line treatment using conventional equipment such as trickling filters, dust collectors, filters, precipitators or other waste treatment processes. This kind of emission control whether installed in existing or in newly constructed plants is covered in question 4.
- b. Changes in manufacturing processes, such as raw material substitution, improved catalysts, reuse of waste water and equipment alterations. New plant and equipment installed to permit this kind of emission control is covered in questions 5 and 6.
- Any substantial investment for the purpose of pollution abatement that is not covered by the questions in this survey may be reported in the remarks section.
- 10. If your records show only some of the information items requested, carefully prepared estimates or approximations are acceptable.
- 11. Please do not leave blank boxes or use dashes; if you have not made or do not expect to make any capital expenditures, write "none." If desired information cannot be determined or estimated, enter "not available."

BEA's approach to this problem has been to consider the base as being the minimum cost method that would be chosen if the designer were indifferent to pollution emissions. In some cases, the design adopted may result in more pollution than its alternatives; in other cases, the minimum cost method may result in less pollution. The crucial point is that the basis for choosing a method includes only considerations of cost and does not require analysis of pollutants. In practice, many recently developed processes are both cleaner and less costly. For example, a major segment of the paper industry has shifted from the sulfite to the sulfate process because it is more efficient. The fact that the sulfate process is also less polluting is a benefit, but its cost should not be charged to pollution abatement.

The second problem is that of joint costs, which arise because many abatement techniques also increase production or have valuable byproducts. They also occur when a new process is designed to achieve certain emission standards. It is difficult to estimate how much of the total cost should be charged to abatement and how much to normal expenditures. This problem is expected to become more significant as new plants are built and new equipment is designed that incorporate abatement techniques and devices. Again, the rule should be that PAE is estimated as the total cost of the unit less the estimated cost of a similar unit designed and built without consideration for pollution control. Thus, expenditures for units and processes, such as the sulfate paper process, that are on balance more productive than their polluting counterparts, would not be classified as PAE.

The third problem concerns the treatment of capital goods bought to produce goods and services sold to others to reduce pollution in their operations. Such capital goods are not

Table 1.—Capital Expenditures by U.S. Business for the Abatement of Air and Water

- Tonución , E	Stilliate	4 17.0			1711			
	Expe	nditures f	or new p	lant and	equipment	(millions	of dolla	rs)
		1973	}			1974		
	Total p	Pollut	ion abat	ement	Total 2	Pollut	ion abat	ement
		Total	Air	Water	·	Total	Air	Water
All industries	100, 076	4, 938	3,176	1,762	112,114	6, 543	4, 346	2,196
Manufacturing	38, 003	3,153	2,050	1,103	44, 404	1, 446	2, 929	1,517
Durable goods 3 Primary metals 3 Blast furnace, steel works Nonferrous Electrical machinery Machinery, except electrical Transportation equipment Motor vehicles Aircraft Stone, clay, and glass Other durables 3 Nondurable goods 3 Food including beverage Textile Paper Chemical Petroleum Rubber Other nondurables 3	3, 481 1, 407 1, 679 2, 895 3, 478 3, 063 2, 244 2, 531 1, 503 4, 969 18, 614 3, 048 787 1, 803 4, 324 5, 409	1, 579 814 230 523 129 80 170 143 20 1, 574 1574 1574 1655 416 555 48	1, 207 7712 163 492 44 44 52 96 81 11 123 180 843 688 9 174 203 352 26 16	372 101 67 31 85 28 74 62 100 22 63 731 84 20 181 213 203 23 23	22, 611 4, 337 1, 712 2, 156 3, 179 3, 975 3, 570 2, 682 5, 880 1, 683 3, 276 3, 276 3, 276 484 5, 249 6, 888 1, 580 1, 583	2, 063 1, 003 381 553 175 118 195 178 1282 290 2, 383 232 43 500 608 926 51	1, 523 841 304 469 53 74 112 103 7 244 200 1, 406 112 17 326 293 610 33 16	540 163 78 83 1122 44 83 75 6 6 39 90 977 118 26 174 316 316 18
Nonmanufacturing	l '	1,785	1,126	659	67,710	2,097	1,418	679
Mining Railroad Air transportation Other transportation. Public utilities Electric Gas and other. Communication, commercial, and other 4	1, 939 2, 413 1, 605 19, 087 16, 250 2, 837	91 16 15 11 1,451 1,409 42 201	41 5 12 6 921 906 15 142	50 11 4 5 530 503 27 58	3, 143 2, 272 2, 160 1, 617 22, 163 18, 808 3, 355 36, 355	100 19 9 17 1,696 1,651 46 256	53 3 4 10 1,179 1,160 19 170	47 16 5 7 518 491 27 87

Pollution ¹, Estimated 1973 and Planned 1974

Note.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

counted as PAE in this survey. For example, when an oil company installs special equipment to remove sulfur from oil, this equipment is not included in PAE even though it reduces pollution in the operations of the users of the low-sulfur oil.

The fourth problem arises from the fact that some expenditures made as a result of pollution abatement decisions are not recognized as such by those who make them. For example, if strip mining were to be banned for environmental reasons, the incremental costs of opening and operating deep mines or of providing substitute fuels would generally not be recognized as PAE by those controlling the actual expenditures. The survey described in this article does not, of course, capture this kind of unconscious expenditure.

The fifth problem involves the need to separate PAE from expenditures for other related purposes. For example, dust collectors or filtering systems intended to improve air quality within a plant are properly charged to employee health and safety even though the devices used and the results obtained are similar to those for pollution abatement. The BEA approach is to limit PAE to expenditures for devices used to reduce or eliminate emissions from the property or activities of the business so as to affect those who are not employees or customers.

The Questionnaire

BEA's annual Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey was expanded to include questions on capital equipment expenditures for air and water pollution abatement. The questionnaire, reproduced in figure 1, was mailed to BEA's regular panel in November 1973 and most were returned by respondents in December and January.

While a number of surveys on PAE have been made by government agencies, private research organizations, and trade associations,3 this was BEA's first such survey and the first allindustry survey by a Federal Govern-

Preliminary.
 Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.
 Estimates are based on expected capital expenditures reported by business in late November and December 1973. The estimates for 1974 have been adjusted when necessary for systematic biases in expectational data.
 Includes industries not shown separately.
 Includes trade, service, construction, finance, and insurance.

^{3.} The Federal Power Commission, McGraw-Hill, Conference Board, Manufacturing Chemists Association, and American Petroleum Institute have conducted such surveys.

ment agency. In preparation, BEA representatives interviewed most of the organizations that had conducted these surveys. In addition, discussions were held with representatives of companies in key industries to determine what kinds of data could be supplied.

A major point made clear by this investigation is that there are two classes of PAE. Expenditures for "endof-line" treatment of pollution are measured more easily because they are made solely for that purpose. Expenditures for prevention or reduction through "changes - in - productionprocess" are more difficult because they have a joint purpose and involve ioint costs.

End-of-line (EOL) treatment involves the separation, treatment, or reuse of pollutants after they are generated but before they are emitted from the firm's property. EOL pollution abatement generally uses standardized techniques, such as trickling filters, dust collectors, filters, precipitators, or other separately identifiable units.

Changes-in-production-process (CIPP) involves the modification of existing processes or the substitution of new production processes to reduce or eliminate the pollutants generated or emitted. CIPP pollution abatement may involve the substitution of raw materials, the use of improved catalysts, the reuse of waste, or the alteration of equipment.

This division into EOL and CIPP is important for two reasons. First, CIPP expenditures—being difficult to measure-are sometimes neglected when total PAE is estimated. Second, CIPP will increase as new plants and processes are designed to meet environmental standards.

Since PAE differ from other capital expenditures in several ways, these differences affected the questionnaire design. Perhaps the most important difference is that these expenditures are not made in the hope of profit, but rather in response to present or anticipated government requirements or to ethical or public relations considerations. Although some pollution abatement techniques do recover valuable materials, these byproducts rarely cover more than a fraction of the

operating cost of the equipment. Such capital expenditures are nonproductive in the sense of the company's profit or loss even though they are productive in the sense of the public's desire for pollution reduction. As a result, problems of definition and availability must be solved if the data collected are to be useful.

Definition. Business is uncertain about which expenditures should be included in PAE. Some of these uncertainties reflect the conceptual problems discussed previously; some of them are the result of specific operational problems. The questionnaire attempts to solve problems of definition in two ways. First, the lead question of the series (question 3) restricts the respondent's consideration to "expenditures for new plant and equipment to control air or water pollutant emissions from his property or activities." This was intended to eliminate expenditures for manufacturing pollution abatement equipment or materials for sale to others and, in addition, to eliminate expenditures for plant

and equipment intended to improve the health, comfort or safety of employees or customers on the firm's property. Question 3 also asks respondents to indicate if they had no pollution abatement plant and equipment expenditures—a response to this question that is equally important to accurate estimating.

Second, item 7 of the instructions explicitly defines PAE for plant and equipment. This definition reiterates the concept of pollutants emitted from the company's property or generated by its activities, and it provides a list of air and water pollutants that was derived from the regulations and publications of the Environmental Protection Agency.

Availability. Since separate records of PAE are not normally required for operating businesses, accountants and managers do not usually keep separate records of such expenditures. Although certain types of capital PAE are eligible for special tax treatment, many companies choose not to use the more rapid depreciation rate allowed and hence keep no special records.

Table 2.—Capital Expenditures for the Abatement of Air and Water Pollution Through Changes-In-Production-Process 1, Estimated 1973 and Planned 1974

		imated in ions of dol			anned in 19 lions of dol	
	Total	Air	Water	Total	Air	Water
All industries	1,169	724	444	1,465	1,003	462
Manufacturing.	712	446	266	1,042	721	321
Durable goods ² Primary metals ² Blast furnace, steel works Nonferrous Electrical machinery Machinery, except electrical Transportation equipment Motor vehicles Aircraft Stone, clay, and glass Other durables ² Pood including beverage Textile Paper Chemical Petroleum Rubber	321 112 75 29 35 36 37 35 0 50 52 391 49 11 14 149 151	220 82 56 19 14 24 220 19 0 42 37 226 25 3 7 88	101 29 19 9 21 11 12 17 16 0 8 15 165 24 8 7 61 57	499 250 114 118 46 42 29 28 0 58 73 543 67 7 7 31 188 239	397 239 109 111 16 27 17 0 48 50 324 35 3 16 109 153	102 11 4 6 30 15 12 12 0 10 23 220 32 4 15 79 86
Other nondurables 2. Nonmanufacturing	5 457	278	1 179	423	2 283	140
Mining Railroad Air transportation Other transportation Public utilities Electric Gas and other Communication, commercial, and other 3	20 5 2 4 386 372 14 41	15 3 2 3 226 223 3 31	5 2 0 1 160 149 11	28 3 1 5 307 295 11 80	22 2 0 3 200 197 2 57	6 2 0 2 107 98 9

^{1.} The complement of changes-in-production-process expenditures (end-of-line expenditures) can be derived by using this table and table 1.

2. Includes industries not shown separately.

3. Includes trade, service, construction, finance, and insurance.

Note. —Details may not add to totals because of rounding. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

This problem was discussed with many company representatives, and the consensus was that capital PAE could be obtained by examining individual records or, if this were too time consuming, most companies could construct reasonably accurate estimates. Therefore, instruction 10 states that if records are not available, respondents should provide carefully prepared estimates.

BEA approaches the problems of availability by asking three questions about PAE. Question 4 asks for expenditures for new plant and equipment when the only purpose is air or water pollution abatement. Question 5 asks for expenditures for normal

production or business equipment that has special features to prevent or reduce pollutant discharges. Question 6 then asks for the respondent's best estimate of the cost of that part of the expenditures (reported in 5) attributable to special features for air or water pollution abatement.

The distinction between expenditures reported in 5 and 6 and those reported in 4 was based on the estimating procedure that the typical respondent was expected to follow rather than on the technical difference between CIPP and EOL plant and equipment. The typical respondent was expected to be able to report most EOL expenditures directly from his records. Because CIPP

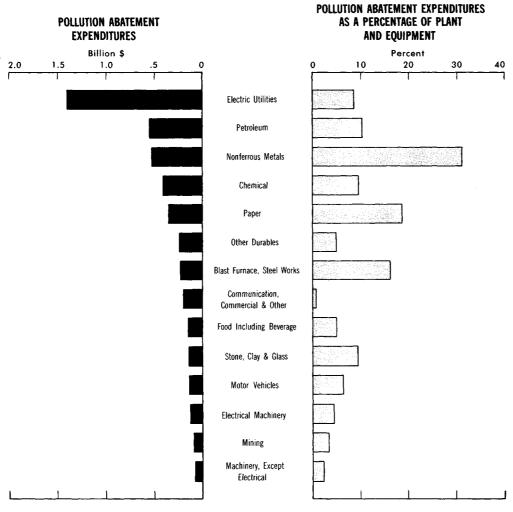
CHART 4

expenditures are not easily estimated, the respondent was asked first to record the total spent for equipment with a joint pollution abatement and production purpose and then to estimate how much of this expenditure was attributable to pollution abatement features.

Critique of the questionnaire. As mentioned earlier, the questions on PAE were added to BEA's annual Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey. Respondents were asked to complete the section on PAE as a part of a regular survey, in addition to the usual questions on new plant and equipment spending. The response to this survey was not markedly different from previous Plant and Equipment Expenditures Surveys although some respondents may have taken more time to return the forms than in the past.

The response rate for questions on expenditures for CIPP (5 and 6) was only slightly less than that for question 4 on expenditures solely for air or water pollution abatement. This slightly lower rate may be due to the less frequent use of CIPP methods of abatement than EOL, but it is also clear that some companies found these questions confusing. The data supplied were checked by telephone whenever misunderstanding was indicated and the respondent's intent could not be ascertained from other data. Questions 5 and 6 will be modified and improved when the survey is repeated.

Pollution Abatement Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by Selected Industries, 1973



Major Spending Patterns

Business spending for pollution abatement new plant and equipment in 1973 and planned expenditure for 1974 as indicated by BEA's survey are shown in table 1. The estimating methods used in this and other tables shown are based on the procedures of BEA's regular annual Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey. (See Survey of Current Business, January 1970, pp. 25–40.)

These estimates are for 1973 and 1974 capital expenditures only and reflect neither equipment installed in previous years nor the current costs of labor, materials, or services for abatement. Comparisons of pollution abate-

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysi

ment by industries should not be based on one year's capital PAE alone. For comprehensive comparison, operating PAE should be measured. Also, the volume and kind of pollutants vary among industries. Finally, for some pollutants, standard techniques and equipment are available, whereas in other cases only experimental equipment exists. For example, smoke abatement programs were initiated by a number of local jurisdictions in the 1940's, and equipment for the removal of particulate emissions is readily available. In contrast, the removal of sulfur oxides from flue gas has proved to be particularly troublesome; thus, equipment for this purpose is still in intensive research and development. For these reasons, the patterns of PAE by industry summarized below are not intended as a comprehensive evaluation of industry abatement activity.

Business spent a total of \$4,938 million for capital PAE in 1973. As expected, manufacturing accounted for the largest share, \$3,153 million, or 63.9 percent of the total.

Capital PAE in manufacturing was almost equally divided between durable and nondurable goods; durables spent \$1,579 million, or \$5 million more than nondurables.

Primary metals dominated durable goods manufacturing, spending slightly more than 50 percent, or \$814 million. Transportation equipment spent \$170 million, with motor vehicles spending \$143 million of that amount. Stone, clay, and glass spent \$144 million. In nondurable goods, food including beverage (\$152 million), paper (\$355 million), chemical (\$416 million), and petroleum (\$555 million) accounted for nearly 94 percent of the total.

Approximately \$1,785 million was spent for capital PAE by all of non-manufacturing; this was 36 percent of the all-industry total. Electric utilities dominated nonmanufacturing, spending \$1,409 million, or 28.5 percent of the total. "Communication, commercial, and other" spent \$201 million; wholesale and retail trade accounted for a large percentage of this amount.

Most spending was for air pollution abatement, accounting for 64.3 percent

of the total. In durable goods manufacturing, each industry except electrical machinery spent more on air than on water pollution abatement. Food including beverage, textiles, paper, and chemical spent more on water than on air pollution abatement in nondurable goods. In nonmanufacturing, mining, railroad, and gas utilities spent more for water than for air.

If business plans materialize, capital PAE will increase substantially in 1974 (table 1).⁴ Total planned capital PAE is expected to increase 32.5 percent, with air PAE increasing 36.9 percent

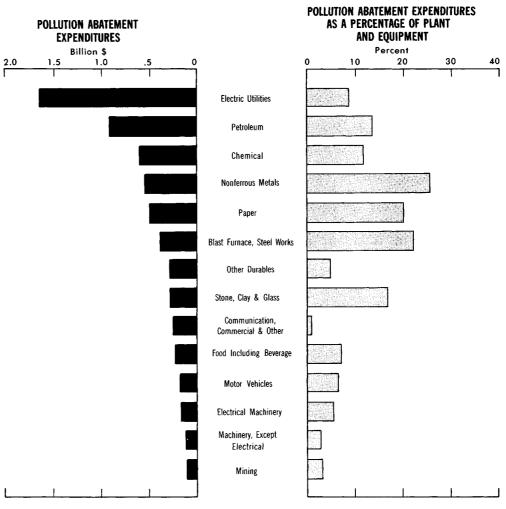
4. The estimated planned expenditures reported in table 1 have been adjusted for systematic biases by using expectational data developed in BEA's regular annual Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey.

and water PAE 24.6 percent. Durable goods manufacturing plans to increase air capital PAE 26.2 percent, water capital PAE 45.2 percent, and total capital PAE 30.7 percent. The corresponding figures for nondurable goods are 66.8 percent, 33.7 percent, and 51.4 percent. For nonmanufacturing they are 25.9 percent, 3.0 percent, and 17.5 percent.

These expenditure estimates are based on plans in November and December of 1973, when the survey was taken. Plans for all new plant and equipment expenditures in 1974 have been re-estimated based on later survey data (Survey of Current Business, June 1974).

CHART 5

Pollution Abatement Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by Selected Industries, 1974



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

74-7-5

Four industries planned to increase their capital PAE more than 50 percent: stone, clay, and glass (95.8 percent), petroleum (66.8 percent), blast furnace, steel works (65.7 percent), and food including beverage (51.3 percent). Aircraft equipment manufacturing and air transportation are the only industries that plan to decrease capital PAE—35.0 and 40.0 percent, respectively.

Chart 4 shows industries that spent more than \$50 million for total capital PAE in 1973, ranked by magnitude of spending. The lefthand bar graph shows total capital PAE by industry; the righthand bar graph shows the percentage that each industry's total capital PAE is of its total capital expenditures for all purposes. Thus, chart 4 contrasts the ranking of industries by their contribution to abatement in absolute terms with the efforts of those industries as indicated by the percentage of their total new plant and equipment expenditures that are devoted to abatement.

Electric utilities spent \$1,409 million for air and water pollution abatement—more than any other industry. Five industries spent \$3,258 million, or 66 percent of the total: electric utilities (\$1,409 million), petroleum (\$555 million), nonferrous metals (\$523 million), chemical (\$416 million), and paper (\$355 million).

The ranking changes significantly when capital PAE is considered as a percentage of each industry's total capital expenditures. Nonferrous metals spent 31.1 percent of its total 1973 new plant and equipment budget for air and water pollution abatement—the largest percentage of any industry. Four industries spent more than 10 percent: nonferrous metals (31.1 percent), paper (18.8 percent), blast furnace, steel works (16.3 percent), and petroleum (10.3 percent).

Chart 5 provides the same comparison in planned capital PAE spending for 1974. The five industries that

spent most in 1973 remain the top five for 1974: electric utilities (\$1,651 million), petroleum (\$926 million), chemical (\$608 million), nonferrous metals (\$553 million), and paper (\$500 million). Industries planning to spend more than 10 percent of their total capital budgets for pollution abatement are: nonferrous metals (25.6 percent), blast furnace, steel works (22.3 percent), paper (20.1 percent), stone, clay, and glass (16.8 percent), petroleum (13.4 percent), and chemical (11.6 percent).

As stated above, one year's capital PAE do not provide a good basis for comparison among industries. It is interesting nonetheless to estimate a crude rate of participation as the percentage that total capital expenditures of companies with PAE is of total capital expenditures for the industry. In other words, this rate of participation is a measure of the portion of the industry with capital PAE as weighted by total new plant and equipment expenditures.

On this basis, the rate of participation for all industries was 56.0 percent. Manufacturing had a rate of participation of 77.4 percent, with durables at 74.8 percent and nondurables at 80.0 percent. As expected, nonmanufacturing had a lower rate, 42.9 percent. Industries with rates of participation higher than 90.0 percent were: electric utilities (99.5 percent), petroleum (99.5 percent), blast furnace, steel works (96.0 percent), nonferrous metals (94.3 percent), and stone, clay, and glass (92.4 percent).

Table 2 shows the CIPP portion of each industry's estimated capital PAE in 1973, and planned capital PAE for 1974. The distinction between EOL and CIPP is not precise, nevertheless, these figures do provide a rough measure of the portion of abatement investment that involves process change. For business as a whole, CIPP expenditures were 23.7 percent of total

PAE in 1973 and 22.4 percent in 1974. For manufacturing, the corresponding figures are 22.6 percent and 23.4 percent. A comparison of 1973 and planned 1974 expenditures for CIPP may not be a good indicator of the trend because the former are based on actual installations and firm plans, whereas the latter may represent amounts budgeted, but not yet allocated, to specific equipment or engineering designs.

Question 7 asks for that part of capital PAE that is to meet current or expected local, State, or Federal pollution abatement regulations. Few companies keep separate records of projects initiated to meet these regulations and of those initiated for other purposes; therefore, most answers to question 7 were estimates. Approximately 91.2 percent of the all-industry total capital PAE in 1973 was spent to meet local. State, or Federal pollution abatement regulations. For manufacturing, 92.0 percent was spent for this purpose, with durable and nondurable goods spending 92.5 percent and 91.6 percent. Little variation was found among industries. Machinery except electrical was the only industry with less than 80 percent of its expenditures to meet government regulations.

Question 8 asks, "If restrictions on pollution discharges have caused your company to reduce expenditures for new plant and equipment in 1973—or planned expenditures in 1974—from what they would otherwise have been, please estimate the amount of such reduction." Approximately 90 percent of the respondents indicated no reduction or did not answer the question. An additional 8 percent indicated "NA" (not available or not applicable). While it is possible that in some industries pollution abatement restrictions have caused a reduction in investment, the low positive response to this question indicates that business as a whole does not think of pollution abatement regulations as reducing investment in new plant and equipment.

CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS

THE STATISTICS here update series published in the 1973 edition of Business Statistics, biennial statistical supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (available from the Superintendent of Documents for \$5.15) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1969 through 1972 (1962–72 for major quarterly series), annually, 1947–72; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947–72 (where available). Series added or significantly revised after the 1973 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1972 issued too late for inclusion in the 1973 volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the August 1973 issue. Also, unless otherwise noted, revised monthly data for periods not shown herein corresponding to revised annual data are available upon request.

The sources of the data are given in the 1973 edition of Business Statistics; they appear in the main descriptive note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 189-90. Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1971	1972	1973		1971			19	72			19	1974			
Unless otherwise stated in Icotnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nnual tot	al	II	II III IV I II III IV I I											
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GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series

NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT															1	
Gross national product, total †bil. \$	r1,054.9	1,158.0	r1,294.9	1,047.3	1,061.3	1,083.2	r 1,115.0	1,143.0	1,169.3	1,204.7	1,248.9	1,277.9	1,308.9	1,344.0	r1, 35 8.8	1, 383. 5
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo	667. 1	729.0	805. 2	662.1	672.1	683.8	701. 5	720.6	736.8	757. 2	781. 7	799.0	816.3	823. 9	840, 6	866.8
Durable goods, total 9do Automobiles and partsdo Furniture and household equipmentdo	103. 9 46. 6 42. 3	118. 4 53. 1 48. 7	130. 3 57. 5 55. 0	102, 1 45, 5 41, 7	105. 6 48. 2 42. 1	107. 4 48. 1 43. 9	112. 1 49. 4 47. 1	116. 2 51. 5 47. 9	121. 2 55. 3 49. 3	124. 3 56. 4 50. 7	132. 4 60. 4 54. 3	132. 1 59. 2 54. 9	132. 4 59. 3 55. 5	124. 3 51. 2 55. 4	12 3 , 9 48, 0 57, 5	130, 2 50, 9 59, 6
Nondurable goods, total Q do Clothing and shoes do Food and beverages do Gasoline and oil do do do do do do do do do do do do do	278. 4 57. 3 135. 9 23. 5	299. 7 63. 0 143. 7 25. 0	338. 0 70. 2 165. 1 28. 3	277. 8 57. 2 135. 6 23. 2	279. 5 57. 6 136. 9 23. 6	283. 4 58. 5 137. 6 24. 3	288. 4 60. 0 139. 3 24. 6	297. 4 62. 5 142. 4 24. 5	302. 0 63. 7 144. 7 25. 1	310. 9 66. 0 148. 5 25. 8	323. 3 69. 1 155. 9 26. 8	332. 7 70. 1 160. 9 28. 0	343. 8 70. 6 169. 1 28. 7	352. 1 70. 9 174. 5 29. 8	364, 4 72, 8 180, 1 31, 5	375. 2 74. 3 182. 6 37. 0
Services, total 9	284. 8 39. 4 99. 1 20. 4	310. 9 43. 3 107. 9 21. 8	336. 9 47. 3 116. 4 23. 4	282, 2 39, 1 98, 0 20, 2	287. 0 39. 6 100. 0 20. 7	293. 0 40. 5 102. 6 21. 1	301. 0 41. 2 105. 1 21. 5	307. 0 42. 6 106. 9 21. 6	313. 6 43. 9 108. 9 21. 9	322. 0 45. 5 110. 7 22. 3	325. 9 45. 6 113. 1 22. 8	334. 2 46. 6 115. 6 23. 1	340. 1 48. 3 117. 0 23. 6	347. 4 48. 7 119. 7 24. 1	352, 4 49, 2 122, 2 25, 0	361. 4 51. 2 124. 9 25. 5
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	153.7	179, 3	209, 4	154.0	153. 5	160.8	169. 4	175. 5	182. 1	190. 2	199. 0	205. 1	209.0	224, 5	210, 5	213.0
Fixed investment do Nonresidential do Structures do Producers' durable equipment do Residential structures do Nonfarm do Change in business inventories do Nonfarm do	147. 4 104. 6 37. 9 66. 6 42. 8 42. 3 6. 3 4. 9	170, 8 116, 8 41, 1 75, 7 54, 0 53, 4 8, 5 7, 8	194. 0 136. 8 47. 0 89. 8 57. 2 56. 7 15. 4 11. 4	145. 9 104. 3 37. 8 66. 5 41. 6 41. 1 8. 1 6. 8	149.7 104.8 38.5 66.3 44.9 44.2 3.8 2.4	155. 4 107. 8 38. 4 69. 4 47. 6 47. 0 5. 4 4. 4	164. 5 112. 7 40. 7 72. 0 51. 8 51. 2 5. 0 4. 1	167. 6 114. 7 41. 0 73. 7 52. 9 52. 3 8. 0 7. 0	171. 9 117. 5 40. 6 76. 8 54. 5 53. 9 10. 2 9. 6	179. 2 122. 5 42. 2 80. 3 56. 7 56. 2 11. 0 10. 4	189. 0 130. 5 44. 6 85. 9 58. 5 58. 0 10. 0 6. 5	194. 4 135. 6 46. 2 89. 4 58. 7 58. 4 10. 7 7. 7	197. 1 139. 0 47. 9 91. 1 58. 1 57. 6 11. 8 7. 4	195. 5 141. 9 49. 3 92. 6 53. 6 53. 0 28. 9 24. 0	193. 6 145. 2 51. 3 93. 9 48. 4 47. 8 16. 9 13. 1	197. 9 149. 2 52. 5 96. 7 48. 7 48. 0 15. 1 11. 9
Net exports of goods and servicesdo Exportsdo Importsdo	2 65. 4 65. 6	-6.0 72.4 78.4	3. 9 100. 4 96. 4	2 66, 5 66, 6	. 1 68. 2 68. 1	-3. 4 62. 0 65. 4	-7. 1 69. 1 76. 1	-6. 9 68. 8 75. 7	-4.8 73.3 78.1	-5. 3 78. 5 83. 8	8 88. 8 89. 5	.5 95.4 94.9	6. 7 103. 7 96. 9	9. 3 113. 6 104. 3	11. 3 131. 2 119. 9	138. 6 138. 4
Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_do Federaldo. National defensedo. State and localdo	234. 2 97. 6 71. 2 136. 6	255. 7 104. 9 74. 8 150. 8	276, 4 106, 6 74, 4 169, 8	231. 3 96. 2 70. 8 135. 1	235. 7 97. 9 70. 0 137. 8	242. 1 100. 5 72. 1 141. 6	251. 1 105. 6 75. 9 145. 5	253. 8 105. 9 75. 9 147. 9	255. 1 102. 7 72. 6 152. 4	262. 6 105. 2 74. 7 157. 4	269. 0 106. 4 75. 0 162. 6	273. 3 106. 2 74. 0 167. 1	276. 9 105. 3 73. 3 171. 6	286. 4 108. 4 75. 3 177. 9	296. 3 111. 5 75. 8 184. 8	303. 5 113. 9 76. 1 189. 6
By major type of product:† Final sales, total	r1,048.6 491. 6 191. 8 299. 8 446. 0 111. 0	71,149.5 535. 2 214. 3 321. 0 488. 1 126. 1	r1,279.6 607.3 240.9 366.5 534.4 137.8	71,039.1 486.8 189.1 297.7 442.8 109.6	71,057.5 495.7 193.3 302.4 448.5 113.3	71,077.8 501. 8 197. 0 304. 7 459. 3 116. 8	71,110.0 514.3 204.6 309.7 472.1 123.6	71,135.1 529, 4 210, 6 318, 9 481, 5 124, 1	71,159.1 541. 0 218. 3 322. 7 492. 4 125. 6	71,193.7 556. 2 223. 6 332. 6 506. 5 130. 9	71,238.9 585. 8 237. 8 347. 9 516. 0 137. 1	71,267.2 600.9 241.2 359.7 528.3 138.0	r1,297.0 618.0 243.9 374.2 540.2 138.8	r1,315.1 624.7 240.6 · 384.1 553.2 137.2	71,341.9 635.0 242.3 392.8 569.7 137.1	1, 368. 4 650. 0 247. 9 402. 1 579. 0 139. 5
Change in business inventoriesdo Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo	7 6. 3 2. 4 4. 0	7 8. 5 7. 1 1. 4	7 15. 4 9. 4 6. 0	7 8. 1 4. 6 3. 5	73.8 .7 3.1	7 5. 4 . 3 5. 1	7 5. 0 2. 7 2. 2	7 8. 0 5. 8 2. 2	7 10. 2 6. 8 3. 4	11.0 13.2 -2.2	r 10, 0 6, 1 3, 9	7 10. 7 7. 7 3. 0	7 11. 8 9. 0 2. 9	7 28. 9 14. 8 14. 1	7 16. 9 8. 7 8. 2	15, 1 -1, 4 16, 5
GNP in constant (1958) dollars†]	}		1								ŀ	
Gross national product, total†bil. \$	r 746. 3	r 792. 5	r 839. 2	742.1	747.2	r 759.1	r 770. 9	r 786. 6	7 798. 1	r 814. 2	₹ 8 3 2. 8	* 837, 4	* 840.8	* 845. 7	* 8 3 0. 5	828.0
Personal consumption expenditures, total_do	496, 4	52 7. 3	552.1	49 3 . 8	497.7	504.1	512.8	52 3 . 2	531. 2	542, 2	552.9	553.7	555, 4	546. 3	539.7	542.3
Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo Servicesdo	92. 5 211. 3 192. 6	104. 9 220. 2 202. 2	113. 6 228. 6 209. 9	90. 4 211. 5 191. 9	93. 8 211. 4 192. 5	96. 3 212. 6 195. 2	99, 8 214, 4 198, 6	103. 0 219. 8 200. 4	106. 8 221. 3 203. 0	110. 1 225, 4 206. 6	117, 2 228, 7 207, 1	115.7 228.3 209.7	114. 3 230. 0 211. 2	107. 2 227. 4 211. 7	105. 2 223. 9 210. 6	107. 5 223. 3 211. 5
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	111.1	125, 0	138. 1	111.8	109.9	114.8	119. 4	123. 2	126. 6	130. 9	134. 4	136. 3	135. 8	145.8	133. 3	131. 3
Fixed investment do Nonresidential do Residential structures do. Change in business inventories do	105. 8 76. 7 29. 1 5. 3	118. 0 83. 7 34. 3 7. 0	127. 3 94. 4 32. 9 10. 8	105. 0 76. 6 28. 3 6. 8	106. 5 76. 2 30. 3 3. 4	110. 2 78. 6 31. 6 4. 6	115. 2 81. 3 33. 8 4. 2	116. 6 82. 4 34. 2 6. 6	118. 1 83. 8 34. 3 8. 5	122.0 87.2 34.8 8.8	127. 1 92. 2 35. 0 7. 3	128. 4 94. 3 34. 1 7. 8	127.7 95.1 32.6 8.0	125. 8 96. 0 29. 8 20. 0	122.7 96.3 26.4 10.6	122. 2 96. 4 25. 8 9. 1
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	5	-3.0	4.6	9	1	-2.4	-4.9	-3.6	-1.4	-1.9	1.4	3.5	5.8	7.9	11.5	9.1
Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_dodododododo	139. 3 60. 9 78. 4	•				•							•	145. 7 56. 4 89. 3	•	145. 3 56. 1 89. 1

r Revised. r Preliminary. †Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1971 (see p. 11 ff. of this issue of the SURVEY);

revisions prior to May 1973 for personal income appear on pp. 22–23 of this issue of the Survey . ${\tt Q}$ Includes data not shown separately.

t too attended at the following halam date	1971	1972	1973	197	71		197	72	1		19	73			1974	
inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	A	nnual tot	al	III	īv	ı	11	III	IV	ı	п	III	IV	I	II	111
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NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT—Con.	1			1												
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates]	į								}				
nplicit price deflators: † Gross national productIndex, 1958=100 Personal consumption expendituresdo Gross private domestic investment:	r 141. 35 134. 4	r 146. 12 r 138. 2	r 154. 31 r 145. 9	r 142. 03 r 135. 0	r 142. 70 r 135. 6	r 144. 62 r 136. 8	r 145. 31 r 137. 7	r 146. 50 r 138. 7	r 147. 96 r 139. 7	r 149. 95 r 141. 4	, 152. 61 , 144. 3	r 155. 67 r 147. 0	r 158, 93 r 150, 8	r 163. 61 r 155. 8	167. 09 159. 8	
Fixed investment do Nonresidential do Residential structures do Govt. purchases of goods and services do	r 139. 3 r 136. 3 r 147. 4 r 168. 1	r 144. 8 r 139. 6 r 157. 4 r 178. 6	r 152.4 r 144.9 r 174.0 r 191.5	r 140. 5 r 137. 4 r 148. 2 r 168. 7	r 140. 9 r 137. 1 r 150. 4 r 169. 8	r 142. 8 r 138. 5 r 153. 2 r 174. 6	r 143. 8 r 139. 3 r 154. 6 r 176. 5	r 145, 6 r 140, 2 r 158, 9 r 179, 9	r 146. 9 r 140. 5 r 162. 8 r 183. 6		r 151. 4 r 143. 9 r 172. 1 r 189. 9	r 154. 3 r 146. 1 r 178. 1 r 192. 6	r 155. 4 r 147. 9 r 179. 7 r 196. 5	r 157. 8 r 150. 7 r 183. 8 r 202. 9	161. 9 154. 7 188. 5 208. 9	
ational income, total	r 857. 7	r 946. 5	r1,065.6	r 862. 7	r 881. 6	r 912. 3	r 9 3 2. 5	r 954. 3	r 987. 0	r1,027.6	r1,051.2	r1,077.3	r1,106.3	r1,118.8		
Compensation of employees, totaldo	643. 1	707. 1	786. 0	647.8	659. 7	683.8	699. 0	712.6	73 2. 9	759. 1	776. 7	793. 3	814.8	828.8	848.0	
Wages and salaries, total do Private do Military do Government civilian do Supplements to wages and salaries do	573. 6 449. 5 19. 4 104. 7 69. 5	626. 8 491. 4 20. 5 114. 8 80. 3	691. 6 545. 1 20. 6 126. 0 94. 4	577. 5 452. 2 18. 9 106. 3 70. 3	587. 8 461. 0 19. 6 107. 3 71. 9	606. 6 475. 1 20. 9 110. 6 77. 1	619. 7 486. 7 20. 1 113. 0 79. 3	631. 2 495. 3 19. 9 116. 0 81. 4	649. 6 508. 7 21. 2 119. 7 83. 4	667. 6 525. 0 20. 8 121. 9 91. 5	683. 6 538. 7 20. 3 124. 5 93. 1	698. 2 550. 8 20. 2 127. 2 95. 1	717. 0 565. 8 21. 0 130. 2 97. 7	727. 6 573. 8 21. 0 132. 8 101. 2	744. 3 588. 1 20. 9 135. 4 103. 7	
Proprietors' income, total Q do	69. 2 52. 0 17. 2 25. 2	75. 9 54. 9 21. 0 25. 9	96. 1 57. 6 38. 5 26. 1	67. 9 52. 4 15. 5 25. 4	71. 0 52. 8 18. 2 25. 4	72. 9 53. 7 19. 2 25. 5	74. 6 54. 3 20. 3 24. 4	75. 8 55. 5 20. 3 26. 8	80. 1 56. 1 24. 0 26. 7	89. 1 57. 0 32. 1 26. 3	92. 8 57. 1 35. 6 25. 7	99. 3 57. 7 41. 5 26. 2	103. 2 58. 4 44. 9 26. 4	98. 4 59. 3 39. 1 26. 4	89. 6 60. 5 29. 1 26. 1	
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment, totalbil. \$bil. \$	78. 7	92. 2	105. 1	79.4	82. 4	86. 5	89. 5	92, 9	99.8	10 3. 9	105. 0	105. 2	106.4	107. 7		
By broad industry groups: Financial institutions	15. 6 63. 1 32. 3 17. 8 14. 5	17. 6 74. 5 40. 8 19. 0 21. 8	19. 6 85. 5 47. 6 21. 5 26. 1	15. 9 63. 5 32. 3 18. 1 14. 2	16. 6 65. 8 33. 3 17. 6 15. 8	17. 1 69. 4 37. 7 18. 4 19. 3	17. 4 72. 1 39. 6 18. 1 21. 5	17. 8 75. 1 40. 8 19. 4 21. 4	18. 3 81. 5 45. 1 20. 0 25. 1	18. 7 85. 2 48. 6 20. 9 27. 6	19. 4 85. 6 48. 4 21. 5 26. 9	19. 8 85. 4 47. 1 21. 4 25. 7	20. 4 86. 0 46. 4 22. 1 24. 3	20. 8 87. 0 46. 2 26. 9 19. 3		
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	8. 3 22. 5	9. 2 24. 6	9. 2 28. 7	8. 7 22. 4	7. 6 24. 9	8. 5 23. 2	8, 9 23, 6	9. 5 24. 8	9. 9 26. 6	9.4 27.2	8. 8 28. 4	9. 5 28. 8	9. 2 30. 3	7. 1 33. 7		
Corporate profits before tax, totaldo Corporate profits tax liabilitydo Corporate profits after taxdo Dividendsdo Undistributed profitsdo	83. 6 37. 5 46. 1 25. 0 21. 1	99. 2 41. 5 57. 7 27. 3 30. 3	122. 7 49. 8 72. 9 29. 6 43. 3	85. 7 38. 2 47. 5 25. 0 22. 4	86. 7 36. 9 49. 7 25. 1 24. 7	92. 3 38. 9 53. 4 26. 4 27. 1	96. 0 40. 3 55. 7 27. 1 28. 6	100. 2 41. 8 58. 4 27. 8 30. 6	108. 2 45. 2 63. 1 28. 2 34. 9	120. 4 48. 9 71. 5 28. 7 42. 8	124. 9 50. 9 74. 0 29. 1 44. 9	122.7 49.9 72.9 29.8 43.1	122. 7 49. 5 73. 2 30. 7 42. 5	138. 7 53. 6 85. 1 31. 6 53. 5	32.5	
Inventory valuation adjustmentdo Net interestdo	-4.9 41.6	-7.0 45.6	-17. 6 52. 3	-6.3 42.3	-4.2 43.0	-5.8 43.6	-6.5 44.9	-7.3 46.2	-8.4 47.5	-16.5 49.2	-20, 0 51, 1	-17. 5 53. 2	-16.3 55.5	-31.0 57.5	-37.3 59.8	
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME†				1		[}									
quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates				ļ		ļ	İ		ļ		İ					
Personal income, total bil. \$. Less; Personal tax and nontax payments do Equals: Disposable personal income do Less: Personal outlays@ do Equals: Personal saving§ do	r 117. 5	r 142. 4 r 802. 5	r1,055.0 r 151.3 r 903.7 r 829.4 r 74.4	7 118.3 7 751.3	r 885. 8 124. 0 r 761. 8 r 703. 2 r 58. 6	r 138. 6 r 774. 7 r 721. 4	r 930. 9 r 140. 9 r 790. 0 r 741. 1 r 49. 0	r 950. 3 r 143. 1 r 807. 2 r 757. 9 r 49. 3	r 838. 1	7 144.1 7 869.5 7 804.2	r 147. 2 r 892. 1 r 822. 5	r1,068.0 r 154.2 r 913.9 r 840.7 r 73.2	r 159. 9 r 939. 4 r 850. 1	950.6	1, 133. 8 167. 9 965. 9 892. 6 73. 3	
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES										<u> </u>		}				
Unadjusted quarterly or annual totals: All industries bil. \$. Manufacturing do Durable goods industries ¶ do Nondurable goods industries ¶ do	81. 21 29. 99 14. 15 15. 84	15.64	99. 74 38. 01 19. 25 18. 76	20, 14 7, 31 3, 40 3, 91	22.79 8.44 4.12 4.32	19.38 6.61 3.29 3.32	22.01 7.63 3.71 3.92	21. 86 7. 74 3. 86 3. 87	25. 20 9. 38 4. 77 4. 61	21. 50 7. 80 3. 92 3. 88	24.73 9.16 4.65 4.51	9. 62 4. 84	11.43 5.84	9.49 4.74	11. 25 5. 62	1 11
Nonmanufacturingdo	1		61.73	12, 83	14, 35	1	14. 38	14.12	15. 83	13. 69	15. 57	15. 42	17.05	1	16.70	1
Mining	1.67	1.80 2.46	1.96 2.41	. 39	. 59 . 45 . 56 . 37	.50	.61 .48 .73 .39	. 59 . 38 . 61 . 35	. 63 . 47 . 63 . 40	. 63 . 46 . 52 . 32	.72	. 57	.56	.50 .47	. 63	
Public utilities	12.86 2.44	14. 48 2. 52 11. 89	15. 94 2. 76 12. 85	.71 2,62	2,84	3.19 .44 2.72	3. 61 . 62 2. 95	.72 2.84	4, 74 4, 01 .73 3, 39 5, 57	3. 95 3. 45 . 50 2. 87 4. 94	3. 91 . 68 3. 27	4. 04 .77 3. 19	4.54 .82 3.53	3.85 .52 3.19	4. 44	4
Seas. adj. qtrly. totals at annual rates: All industries				80.75 29.19 13.76 15.43	30, 35 14, 61	30.09 15.06	14.77	30, 98 15, 67	33, 64 16, 86	96. 19 35. 51 17. 88 17. 63	36.58 18.64	38. 81 19. 73	40.61 20.48	42.96 21.43	45. 22 22. 60	23
Nonmanufacturingdo	i	ì	1	1	52. 82	56.70	56.75	56, 70	58.30	60. 68	61.18	62.09	Į.	l .	1	1
Mining do. Railroad do. Air transportation do. Other transportation do.		1	1	-1 1.00	1.64 2.26	2.10 1.96	1.88 2.89	1.50 2.67	1.71 2.33	2. 11 2. 21	1.75 2,72	1.95 2.49	2.05 2.20	2. 10 2. 13	2.48	
Public utilities do. Electric do. Gas and other do. Communication do. Commercial and other do.	-			10,73	2.74 10.44	14, 27 2, 65 11, 71	14.32 2.27 11.59	14. 62 2. 38 11. 56	14, 67 2, 86 12, 63	15. 40 2. 98	15.55 2.52 12.70	16,00 2,58 13,12	16.72 3.08	17. 12 3. 00 13. 83	17. 62 3. 11	18

r Revised. Preliminary. 1 Estimates (corrected for systematic biases) for Apr.-

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in	1971	1972	1973		1971			19	972			19	773		19	974
the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1	Annual to	tal	п	m	ıv	I	11	III	iv	I	II	ш	IV	ΙÞ	II
GENER	AL B	USIN	ESS	INDI	CATO	RS—	Quart	terly S	Series	-Con	tinue	ed	<u>' </u>		1	1
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS J																
Quarterly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted (Credits +; debits -)									<u>.</u>							
Exports of goods and services (excl. transfers under military grants)mil. \$mil. \$	65, 449			16, 620	17, 045	15, 496	17, 265	17, 212	18, 323	19, 618	22, 191	23, 838	25, 913	29,007	3 2, 8 82	
Merchandise, adjusted, excl. military do Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts mil. \$	42,754 1,912		70, 252 2, 354	10, 815	11, 519	9, 563	11, 655 326	11, 534	12, 357 252	13, 222 295	15, 228 342	16, 670 446	18, 143	20, 211	22, 299 672	
Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad mil. \$ Other services do	9, 830 10, 955	10, 419	13, 984 14, 359	2, 559 2, 739	2, 271 2, 766	2, 7 3 5 2, 779	2, 411 2, 873	2, 435 2, 962	2, 679 3, 035	2, 894 3, 207	3, 194 3, 427	3, 308 3, 414	3, 502 3, 748	3, 980 3, 770	5, 941 3, 970	
mports of goods and servicesdo	-65, 619 -45, 476	-78,427	-96,407 -69,629	-16,660 -11,699	-17,028 -11,912	-16,356 -11,116	-19,028	-18,934	-19,517	-20,948	-22,384	-23,719 -17,030	24,230	-26,073	-29,980	
Merchandise, adjusted, excl. militarydo Direct defense expenditures¶do Payments of income of foreign investments in the	-4,819	- 4,759	-4,555	-11,099 -1,206	-11,912 -1, 20 3	-1, 236	-13,482 -1, 222	-13,329 -1,242	-13,953 -1, 109	-14,990 -1,185	-16,190 -1,175	-17,030 $-1,209$	-17,541 -1,067	-18,868 -1,104	-22,198 -1,1 3 8	
Payments of income of foreign investments in the U.S. mil. \$. Other services	-4,809 -10,515	-5,893 -12,023	-8, 694 -13,530	-1, 108 -2, 647	-1,263 $-2,650$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1,308 \\ -2,696 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1,391 \\ -2,933 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1,417 \\ -2,946 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1,467 \\ -2,988 \end{bmatrix}$	-1,618 -3,155	-1,747 -3,272	-2,100 $-3,308$	-2, 245 -3, 377	-2,602 $-3,499$	-3, 040 -3, 604	
alance on goods and services, totaldo Merchandise, adjusted, excl. militarydo	$\begin{bmatrix} -170 \\ -2,722 \end{bmatrix}$	-6,009 -6,986	4, 543 623	-40 -884	-393	-860 -1,553	-1, 763 -1, 827	-1,722 -1,795	-1, 194 -1, 596	-1,330 $-1,768$	-193 -962	-360	1, 683 602	2, 9 34 1, 343	2,902 101	
nilateral transactions (excl. military grants), net mil. \$	-3,647	-3,797	-3,876	-881	-969	981	-990	-954	-958	-896	-761	-1,056	897	-1, 164	-2, 9 3 0	
alance on current accountdodo	-3,817 -2,362	-9,807 -1,330	667 -1,538	-921 -576	-952 -599	-1, 841 -544	-2, 753 -309	-2, 676 -105	-2, 152 -370	-2, 226 -544	-954 -371	-937 94	786 -398	1,770 -862	-28 1, 351	
U.S. Government do Private do alance on current account and long-term capital	[-98	127	-1, 691	-1,998	201	-836	398	-386	726	319	-315	1,529	-1,406	742	
mil. \$ onliquid short-term private capital flows, net mil. \$	-10,559 -2,347	-11,235 -1,541	-744 -4, 276	-3, 188 -492	-3, 549 -822	-2, 184 -516	-3, 898 -423	-2, 383 301	-2, 908 -420	-2, 044 -999	-1,006 -1,663	-1, 158 -1, 457	1,917 97	-498 -1, 253	2,065 -3,224	
llocation of special drawing rights (SDR)do rrors and omissions, netdodo	717	-1,790	-2,776	-2, 169	-5, 111	-1, 664	178 816	178 -442	-1, 294	-870	-4,085	904	-387	792	290	
ret liquidity balancedoiquid private capital flows, netdo	-21,965 -7,788	-13,856 3,502	-7,796 2,492	-5, 670 -647	-9, 303 -2, 434	-4, 185 -1, 749	-3, 327 180	-2, 34 6 1, 474	-4, 445 -277	-3, 736 2, 125	-6,754 -3,441	-1,711 1,997	1,627 316	-959 3,620	-869 1,913	
fficial reserve transactions balance do hanges in liabilities to foreign official agencies: Liquid mil. \$	27,615	-10,354 9,734	-5, 3 04 4, 452	-6, 317 5, 826	-11,737 10, 725	-5, 9 3 4 5, 772	-3, 147 2, 217	-872 1, 078	-4, 722 4, 665	-1, 611 1, 772	-10,195 8,816	286 -729	1, 943 -1, 489	2, 661 -2, 145	1,044 555	
Other readily marketable	-551 341 2,348	399 189 32	1,118 -475 209	-160 -8 659	-173 -9 1, 194	-17 366 -187	221 280 429	27 -2 -231	34 78 55	117 -167 -111	1, 202 -43 220	259 167 17	-452 -13	-354 -147 -15	-277 -2 -210	
ross il quidity balance, excluding SD Rdo	-23,779	-15,813	-9,740	-5, 773	-9, 934	-4, 754	-4, 104	-2,368	-5, 208	-4, 131	-8,607	-788	1, 106	-1,452	-3, 529	
Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in	1972	1973				19	73						19	74		
the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	GENE	RAL	BUSI	NESS	IND	ICAT	ORS-	-Mon	ıthly	Serie	5					
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE†																
easonally adjusted, at annual rates:† Total personal incomebil. \$	r 944. 9	*1,055. 0	1,038.9	1,047.2	*1,056.1	r1,067.6	1,080.4	1,090.8	r1,100.0	r1,107.1	1,107.0	r1,113.4	r1,117.1	r1,125.2	1,134.4	1, 141.
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo Commodity-producing industries, total.do	626. 8 225. 4	691.7 251.9	683. 2 248. 2	689. 2 250, 9	692. 9 252. 6	697. 2 253. 7	704. 5 257. 4	711. 0 260. 0	717. 9 263. 1	722. 2 264. 5	722, 5 262, 1	728. 3 264. 6	732. 1 265. 3	737. 1 267. 4	745. 3 270. 0	752. 271.
Manufacturing do Distributive industries do	175. 8 151. 0	196. 6 165. 1	194. 4 163. 7	196. 0 164. 9	196, 8 165, 1	197. 8 166. 2	200. 4 168. 2	202. 9 169. 1	205. 2 171. 1	205. 8 170. 9	204, 1 172, 0	204. 9 172. 8	205. 5 173. 9	207. 8 175. 3	210. 1 177. 8	211. 179.
Service industries do Government do	115. 3 135. 0	128. 2 146. 6	126. 4 145. 0	127. 8 145. 6	128. 7 146. 5	129.7 147.5	130. 7 148. 2	131. 5 150. 4	132. 3 151. 4	134.7 152.1	135. 3 153. 0	137.0 153.8	138. 2 154. 6	139. 1 155. 3	141. 1 156. 3	142. 158. 51.
Other labor incomedodo	41. 7 54. 9	46.0 57.6	45. 3 57. 2	45. 6 57. 2	45. 9 57. 8	46. 3 57. 6	46.7 57.8	47. 1 58. 3	47. 6 58. 5	48. 0 58. 4	48. 5 58. 7	48. 9 59. 4	49. 4 59. 9	49. 9 60. 2	50. 5 60. 6	60.
Farmdo Rental income of personsdo	21. 0 25. 9	38. 5 26. 1	35. 6 25. 7	35. 9 26. 2	38. 8 26. 0	41. 5 26. 2	44. 3 26. 4	44. 9 26. 4	44. 9 26. 4	44. 9 26. 4	42.1 26.4	39. 1 26. 4	36. 1 26. 4	32. 6 25. 5	29. 1 26. 4	25. 26.
Dividends do do Personal interest income do Transfer payments do	27. 3 78. 6 103. 2	29. 6 90. 6	29. 0 88. 9 116. 3	29. 2 89. 9 116. 6	29. 4 91. 2 117. 2	30. 0 92. 5 119. 4	30.0 93.7 120.4	30, 2 94, 8 121, 7	30. 4 96. 0 122. 1	31. 6 97. 0 122. 6	31. 4 97. 5 126. 7	31. 6 98. 3 128. 4	31. 9 99. 0 129. 5	32. 1 100. 4 134. 6	32. 5 101. 8 135. 8	33. 103. 137.
Less personal contributions for social insurance bil. \$	34. 5	117.8 42.8	42.4	42. 6	43. 1	43. 3	43.5	43.7	43.8	43.8	46.7	46.8	47.0	47.2	47.6	48.
Total nonagricultural incomedodo	916.5	1,008.0	994. 9	1, 002, 9	1, 008. 8	1, 017. 6	1,027.6	1,037.0	1,046.1	1, 052. 9	1, 055. 5	1,064.9	1,071.6	1, 083. 1	1,095.8	1, 100.
ash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total‡mil. \$	r 64, 954	r01 107	• 5, 72 6	r 6, 120	* 8, 827	r 8, 226	r 7, 987	r 11,538	r 10,891	r 8, 621	79,294	• 6, 551	r 6, 190	r 5, 541	r 5, 558	
Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldo	60, 993	88, 590	5, 718	6, 104	6, 559	8, 145	7, 975	11, 496	10, 874	8, 612	9, 252	6, 538	6, 180	5, 536	5, 550	5, 50
CropsdoLivestock and products, total QdoDairy productsdo	25, 340 35, 653 7, 135	42, 346 46, 244 8, 071	1,766 3,952 685	2, 431 3, 673 661	3, 001 3, 558 643	3, 638 4, 507 671	3, 887 4, 088 688	6, 784 4, 712 729	6, 670 4, 204 720	4, 980 3, 632 779	5,008 4,244 760	2, 835 3, 704 768	2, 346 3, 834 864	1, 800 3, 736 850	1, 806 3, 744 866	1 80
Daily products	02 077	30, 768	2,697	2, 401 558	2, 254 612	2, 959 8 3 1	2, 666 693	3, 237 709	2, 822 628	2, 246 558	2, 867 582	2, 375 526	2, 404 533	2, 368 478	2, 362 475	1, 80 40
Meat animals do Poultry and eggs do	23, 977 4, 189	6,899	52 5	908												1
Meat animalsdoPoultry and eggsdododododododo.	4, 189	6, 899									_					
Meat animalsdo Poultry and eggsdo dexes of cash recei pts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted:; All commodities	4, 189 r 143 r 137	6, 899 • 208 • 230	, 161 , 115	* 172 * 158	* 184 * 195	* 229 * 237 * 223	r 224 r 253 202	* 323 * 442 * 233	7 306 7 434 7 208	r 242 r 324 r 180	r 260 r 326 r 210	7 184 7 185 7 183	7 174 7 153 7 190	r 156 r 117 r 185	7 156 118 7 185	15 15 15
Meat animalsdo Poultry and eggsdo dexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted: All commodities1967=100.	4, 189 + 143	6,899	r 161	r 172	r 184								r 153	r 117	118	15

r Revised. r Preliminary. † See corresponding note on p. S-1. ‡ Series revised beginning 1971; monthly data prior to May 1973 appear in the Farm Income Situation, July 1974, available from the U.S. Dept. of Agr., Economic Research Service. & More complete details appear in the quarterly reviews in the Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. issues of the SUR-

VEY. ¶ Annual data in the 1973 Business Statistics should read as follows (mil. dol.): 1956 total imports of goods and services, -19,627; 1953-59 direct defense expenditures, -2,615; -2,642; -2,901; -2,949; -3,216; -3,435; 3,107.

§ Includes data for items not shown separately.

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in	1972	1973 »				19	73						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann		Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
	GEN	ERAL	BUS	INES	S IN	DICA	TORS	S—Co	ntinu	ed				_		
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION σ																
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output								ļ								
ot seasonally adjusted: Total index of1967=100 By market groupings:	115. 2	125, 6	125.6	128.9	122. 4	126, 7	131.0	130. 4	127. 9	122.7	122. 2	124.9	r 126. 2	r 125. 6	r 126. 5	12
Products, totaldododododo	113.8 111.9	123. 4 121. 3	122. 4 120. 0	127. 3 125. 1	121.6 118.9	125. 1 122. 2	130. 6 128.6	129. 1 127. 2	125. 4 123. 4	118.8 116.8	118.9 118.1	121. 7 120. 6	7 123. 1 121. 6	r 122. 4 120. 4	7 123. 2 120. 7	12 12
Consumer goodsdododo	123. 6 127. 7 117. 7	131. 7 136. 6 129. 1	130.3 147.4 128.6	136. 4 154. 4 133. 8	128. 6 124. 3 119. 2	134. 1 100. 5 132. 5	141.8 136.6	139. 2 146. 6	132.8 140.2	122. 8 102. 6	125. 2 108. 2	127, 9 111, 2	7 129. 0 7 113. 2	7 127.9 7 117.4	7 127. 6 7 120. 4	13
Home goods and clothingdo Equipmentdo	95. 5	106.7	105. 5	109. 2	105. 2	105.7	139.1 110.3	137. 5 110. 3	130. 6 110. 2	122. 3 108. 4	123. 5 108. 2	129. 3 110. 3	130. 3 7 111. 3	7 127. 2 7 110. 1	7 124.9 7 111.0	12
Intermediate productsdododo	121. 1 117. 4	131. 0 129. 3	131. 4 130. 9	135. 2 131. 4	131. 8 123. 7	135. 5 129. 2	137. 6 131.8	136, 2 132, 5	132.8 132.0	126. 0 129. 0	122. 0 127. 5	125, 7 130, 1	, 128. 4 , 131. 3	r 129.8 r 130.8	r 132. 2 r 132. 1	13
By industry groupings: Manufacturingdo	114.0	125. 1	125.8	128.9	121.1	125.3	130.2	1 3 0, 2	128. 0	122.1	121.5	124.7	126.0	105 0	- 107 0	
Durable manufactures	108. 4 122. 1	122. 0 129. 7	123. 2 129. 5	125. 8 133. 3	117. 9 125. 6	119.3 133.9	125.9 136.4	126. 3 135. 9	125. 0 132. 4	119. 8 125. 4	118. 5 125. 9	121. 2 129. 7	7 122.8 7 130.7	125.8 122.4 r 130.8	7 127.0 7 123.8 7 131.7	1 1 1 1 1
Mining and utilitiesdo	124. 1	129. 0	12 3 . 6	128. 2	133. 0	137. 2	137.1	131. 2	127. 3	126.8	126. 9	126, 1	r 125. 1	r 123.8	7 123. 9	1:
asonally adjusted: Total indexdo	115. 2	125. 6	124.9	125.6	126.7	126, 4	126.8	127.0	127.5	126, 5	r 125. 4	r 124. 5	r 124. 7	124. 9	- 105 5	
By market groupings: Products, totaldo Final productsdodo	113.8	123. 4	122.9	123.7	124. 2	123.7	124.3	124.3	125. 3	124.0	123.0	122. 4	r 122. 6	7 122.8	7 125. 5 123. 4	1:
Final productsdododododo	111. 9 123. 6	121. 3 131. 7	120.8 131.7	121. 3 131. 9	122. 1 132. 9	121. 4 131. 2	122.4 132.3	122. 7 132. 6	123. 7 133. 5	122, 6 131, 3	121. 3 r 129. 2	120. 6 128. 3	r 121. 0 r 128. 5	121.0 + 128.7	7 121. 9 129. 5	
Durable consumer goodsdo Automotive productrdo	125. 7 127. 7	138. 9 136. 6	141.6 142.6	141. 8 142. 6	142. 4 141. 7	134. 0 121. 1	138. 2 129. 8	137. 3 131. 4	138. 5 133. 7	134. 6 120. 6	7 128. 2 7 108. 0	126. 4 106. 6	7 128.5 7 108.0	7 130. 4 7 112. 7	r 132. 7	1
Autos do do do do do do do do do do do do do	112. 7 156. 5	125. 4 158. 2	129.8 167.0	132. 6 161. 9	134. 0 156. 7	103.9 154.2	118. 4 151. 8	122, 5 148, 4	124. 8 150. 9	106. 2 147. 8	90.0	86. 4 145. 5	86.3 149.8	97. 7 141. 5	100.3	1 3
Home goods Qdodo	124. 5 124. 6	140. 1 144. 6	140.9 148.1	141. 3 147. 2	142.9 147.8	141. 1 146. 3	142.8 149.4	140.9	141.2	142.5	139.6	137. 5 131. 9	7 140. 1 135. 8	r 140. 5	r 141. 7	14
Carpeting and furnituredo	132, 6	149. 8	147.8	148.9	155. 4	154. 2	153.3	143. 4 153. 9	140. 4 152. 7	147. 9 150. 1	138. 4 153. 5	153. 3	154.5	* 135. 1 * 158. 2	136. 6 157. 7	
Nondurable consumer goodsdo Clothingdo	122. 8 109. 7	129. 0 116. 2	128. 0 114. 2	128. 1 116. 0	129. 0 116. 5 132. 5	130. 2 117. 0	130.1 118.0	130.8 116.8	131.5 117.3	130. 2 120. 3	129. 5 116. 3	129. 1 114. 5	7 128. 7 112. 0	7 128. 0 107. 2	r 128. 4	-
Consumer staples do Nonfood staples do Consumer foods and tobacco do Nonfood staples do Consumer do Consumer staples do Consum	126. 2 117. 5 135. 3	132. 4 122. 1	131.7 120.9 143.1	131. 4 119. 6 143. 7	121. 3 144. 1	133.6 121.9 145.8	133.2 122.2 144.8	134. 5 123. 3	135. 2 126. 5	132. 8 125. 0	133. 0 126. 9 139. 4	133.0 125.9 140.4	7 133. 1 7 125. 7 7 140. 8	7 133. 5 7 124. 4 7 143. 0	r 133. 9 r 124. 4	1
Equipmentdo	95.5	143. 2 106. 7	105.7	106.6	107.3	107.6	108.5	146. 2 108. 9	144. 3 110. 1	141. 1 110. 1	109. 8	109.9	7 110. 1	110. 4	* 143.8 * 111.3	1
Business equipment dodo	106, 1	122. 6 120. 1	121. 3 119. 1	122. 5 119. 8	123. 0 120. 5	124. 6 122. 5	125.8 124.1	126. 2 124. 5	127. 8 125. 6	126. 9 124. 9	126. 8 125. 3	127, 3 126, 6	r 127. 6 r 126. 8	7 128.3 7 128.5	7 129. 1 7 128. 4	1
Building and mining equipment do Manufacturing equipmentdo	104. 8 92. 7	120. 4 113. 0	118.8 112.0	119. 1 11 3 . 1	119. 6 113. 9	123. 0 115. 1	123.7 117.3	124. 7 117. 3	126. 0 118. 2	126. 0 118. 5	128. 5 119. 3	130. 3 120. 6	7 131. 3 7 121. 1	7 137.9 7 122.1	7 135. 5 7 122. 0	1
Commercial transit, farm eq Qdo Commercial equipmentdo	110. 3 118. 4	125. 5 1 3 5. 0	123, 7 131, 6	125. 4 134. 1	125. 8 135. 9	127.0 137.0	127.7 138.2	128, 1 140, 1	130. 3 141. 3	129, 2 139, 3	128. 5 139. 8	128. 2 139. 8	128.7 140.8	7 128. 0 7 140. 4	r 129. 9 r 141. 2	1
Transit equipmentdo Defense and space equipmentdo	96. 8 77. 9	109.7	109. 8 79. 7	109. 7 80. 1	109. 0 81. 1	108. 4 79. 7	109.6 79.8	109. 8 80. 0	111.4	111.1	109. 5 81. 4	7 109. 3 80. 9	r 109. 4 r 81. 0	r 106. 1 r 80. 6	r 110.0	1
Intermediate products do	121. 1	80. 4 131. 1	130. 5	132.0	132. 5	132.1	131.0	130.6	80. 9 131. 1	81. 9 129. 1	129. 2	129. 1	r 128. 2	r 129. 3	r 129. 6	1
Construction products do Misc. intermediate products do	120. 8 121. 3	133. 8 128. 7	132. 2 129. 2	133.5 128.9	134. 6 132. 7	135. 3 129. 6	134.9 128.1	134. 3 127. 5	133.7 129.0	131. 1 127. 4	133. 0 126. 3	131. 3 127. 4	, 129. 6 , 127. 5	7 130. 8 7 128. 0	7 132. 2 127. 5	1
Materialsdo Durable goods materials ♀do	117. 4 113. 5	129. 3 130. 0	128. 3 128. 6	129. 0 129. 2	130. 9 131. 6	130. 9 131. 8	131.3 132.3	131. 1 132. 2	131.5 133.0	130. 7	r 129. 7 r 129. 8	128. 3 127. 3	f 128.8 r 127.2	r 128. 5	r 129. 0 r 128. 2	
Equipment parts do	113. 8 99. 3	127. 6 119. 3	125. 7 118. 0	128. 8 118. 2	126. 9 124. 5	128.6 122.3	129.9 122.1	128. 2 122. 7	128. 4 125. 8	121. 0 125. 3	7 113. 0 123. 9	109. 3 122. 6	7 110. 6 7 121. 6	r 112.6 r 119.7	* 114. 2 * 122. 9	1
Nondurable goods materials Q	122. 5 129. 2	129. 2 139. 9	128. 9 1 3 9. 4	129. 4 140. 2	130. 4 142. 2	130.6 142.4	130.3 141.9 128.3	130. 1 141. 4 126. 9	130. 7 142. 4	129. 2 140. 1	131. 1 143. 4 121. 5	131, 1 141, 7 122, 5	r 131. 9 r 143. 1 r 122. 6	r 131.8 r 144.0 r 125.3	7 130. 9 7 142. 8	
By industry groupings:	120.9	124. 2	122.9	125. 3	126.9	126.3	120.0	120. 9	124, 9	12 3 , 1		122.0	122.0	120.0	r 124. 8	1
Manufacturing, total do- Durable manufactures do-	114. 0 108. 4	125. 1 122. 0	124.9 121.9	125. 6 123. 0	126. 5 123. 8	126. 1 122. 6	126.3 123.3	126. 4 123. 6	127. 4 124. 3	126. 4 123. 1	7 125. 3 7 121. 0	124. 5 119. 4	r 124. 6 r 120. 4	124.8 120.6	7 125. 6 121. 9	111
Primary and fabricated metals do Primary metals do Iron and steel do	113. 9 113. 1 107. 1	128. 7 127. 0	128. 1 126. 1	128. 7 124. 5	130.6	129. 5 125. 6	129.5 127.8 122.7	130. 6 128. 7	131. 0 128. 9	130. 5 130. 7 127. 7	130. 4 129. 5 125. 5	127. 6 125. 0 119. 4	r 128. 2 r 125. 3 119. 6	7 127. 6 7 124. 3 7 116. 4	7 128. 1 7 125. 0 7 117. 5	1 1 1
Nonferrous metals do Fabricated metal products do	123. 6 114. 8	121. 7 136. 5 130. 5	119. 8 135. 0 130. 3	119. 9 131. 5 133. 4	120. 9 140. 3 133. 5	118. 5 137. 5 133. 8	136.5 131.5	123. 6 141. 1 132. 4	124. 2 140. 1 133. 1	141. 3 130. 0	137. 0 131. 4	135. 3 130. 6	7 135. 5 7 131. 6	7 141. 6 7 131. 3	138.0 131.6	
Machinery and allied goods Q do	103.5	117.3	117.3	118.8	119.4	117. 7	118.9	119.0	119.9	118.6 130.9	115. 2 128. 6	113. 8 127. 2	7 114.8 7 128.4	* 115. 2	117.0	1
Machinery do do Nonelectrical machinery do Electrical machinery do do do do de Electrical machinery do do de de de de de de de de de de de de de	107. 5 105. 7 109. 6	125. 8 125. 0 126. 8	124.7 124.0 125.4	126. 9 126. 1 127. 8	127. 6 127. 1 128. 1	128. 5 128. 9 128. 1	130.0 130.0 129.8	129. 3 1 3 0. 0 128. 6	130. 4 130. 3 130. 5	130. 9 130. 2 131. 6	129. 4 127. 7	128. 1 126. 2	129.8 126.8	7 128. 0 7 130. 5 7 125. 3	7 129.6 7 131.5 7 127.4	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Transportation againment	99.0	109.1	111.0	112. 2	112.1	105.7	107.3	108.8	109.8	103, 0	95.7	93. 9	r 95. 0	97.3	r 100. 4	
Aerospace and misc trans as do	123. 1	138. 1 81. 2	140. 9 82. 2	143. 3 82. 2	144. 1 81. 3	131.0 81.3	133.9 81.7	136. 4 82. 3	137.8 82.9	124. 6 82. 2	112.7 79.3	109. 2 79. 3	* 110. 2 80. 3	116.5 78.8	119.2	1
Instruments do	120. 2 120. 0	138.3	138.9	140. 2	140.8	140.9	141.5	141.0	142.6	142.7	143.0	142.8	r 142. 8	r 143. 8	r 143.8	1
Lumber and products do- Clay, glass, and stone products do-	122. 4 122. 4 118. 6	129. 1 127. 9 129. 8	130.3 127.5 132.0	129. 2 126. 6 130. 5	129. 8 125. 4 132. 3	129. 2 128. 4 129. 6	128.8 128.9 128.8	129, 7 127, 4 131, 2	129. 3 127. 3 130. 4	127. 8 126. 3 128. 7	7 129. 7 7 126. 1 131. 8	127. 4 127. 1 127. 6	128. 1 126. 1 129. 3	7 130. 2 7 130. 3 130. 1	7 130. 4 130. 3 130. 4	
Furniture and miscellaneous	122.7	135. 1	1 3 6. 0	135. 4	135.9	137. 5	138.2	136. 1	136. 4	135. 3	133. 4	135. 2	136.8	r 136. 8	136.4	ı
Furniture and fixtures do- Miscellaneous manufactures do-	113. 5 131. 1	126. 1 143. 2	126. 5 144. 5	126. 5 143. 6	127. 5 143. 5	129. 5 144. 9	130.4 145.3	128. 8 142. 9	127. 9 144. 3	124. 9 144. 5	124. 2 141. 8	125. 4 144. 2	126. 8 145. 8	7 128. 8 144. 1	128. 0 144. 1	
Nondurable manufactures do Textiles, apparel, and leather do Textile mill per de de de de de de de de de de de de de	122, 1 108, 1	129.7 115.0	129. 2 11 3 . 3	129. 3 115. 0	130. 6 114. 5	130, 9 115, 4	130.7 117.5	130. 4 116. 8	131. 3 116. 7	131. 2 118. 8	7 131. 4 7 116. 2	131. 5 115. 3	130.9 - 112.4	7 130. 8 7 109. 5	131. 1 • 110. 3	
Apparel products	117. 4 105. 7	127. 3 11 3. 2	127, 2 110, 0	119. 2 111. 0	128.9 112.1	129. 0 113. 6	130.2 115.4	130. 2 114. 9	129. 4 115. 3	130. 9 118. 5	7 128. 4 116. 4	127. 6 113. 6	125. 0 • 110. 0	r 122. 2 105. 8	124.9	
Paper and printing	88. 9 116. 1	83.7	83.0	86.6	79. 2	81.0	86.4	83. 1	82.9	82. 9	77.6	83. 7	83.0	r 84. 4	83. 0	
Paper and products do Printing and publishing do		122. 2 135. 4 113. 2	121. 9 135. 1 113. 2	122. 8 134. 6 114. 8	123, 8 135, 3 116, 0	124.5 137.0	122.1 134.8	121. 3 135. 3	121. 9 136. 2 112. 3	121. 2 136. 7	121. 7 138. 7	122. 2 137. 6	122. 5 140. 2	r 123. 5 r 141. 2	r 122. 3 136. 7	
r Revised. Preliminary. Monthly revision							113.6 ata for i	112.1 tems not	112,3 shown s	110. 8 enaratel		111.9	110. 7	r 111.7	r 112. 6	11

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in	1972	1973 »	<u> </u>			1	973				<u> </u>		1	974		
the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
	GEN	ERAI	BUS	SINES	S IN	DICA	TOR	S—Co	ntinu	ıed						
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION;—Continued											ĺ					
Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con.	-	ĺ	Ì										}			ŀ
Seasonally adjusted—Continued By industry groupings—Continued			ļ		1											
By industry groupings—Continued Manufacturing, total—Continued Nondurable manufactures—Continued											ŀ					
Chemicals, petroleum, and rubber 1967=100. Chemicals and productsdo	137. 8 139. 6	149. 3 150. 2	150. 2 150. 2	149. 8 150. 4	151. 8 152. 0	151.0 151.4	150.9 153.0	151. 1 152. 7	151.6 153.0	151.6 154.5	151. 5 154. 9	151. 2 155. 3	151. 3 155. 5	r 153. 1 r 156. 3	7 153.5 7 156.9	153. 156.
Petroleum productsdo Rubber and plastics productsdo	120, 6 145, 5	127. 4 163. 8	128.5 166.8	129. 7 163. 9	129.3 168.8	128. 2 167. 9	126.0 163.6	130. 4 161. 9	129. 5 164. 5	125, 5 162, 3	120. 5 164. 3	116. 9 163. 5	117.3 - 164.2	r 124.6 r 165.1	r 124. 9 164. 9	125.
Foods and tobaccodo	117. 6	121.9	121.5	119.5	121.3	122.0	122.2	121.7	124.7	123.0	125. 4	126. 2	r 125. 3	124, 8	r 125. 4	124.
Foods do do Tobacco products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	118.6 103.7	122. 7 110. 7	122. 4 111. 2	120. 3 108. 1	122. 4 105. 3	122, 9 110, 1	123.2 109.1	122. 4 113. 7	125. 4 115. 8	124. 5 104. 2	126. 3 113. 3	127. 2 112. 1	7 126.5 110.4	126. 0 109. 6	r 126. 6	126.
-	124.1	129.0	127.0	128. 2	130. 4	130.7	131.3	131.5	130.6	126. 9	125. 4	126. 9	r 127. 3	r 127.9	r 127. 8	127.
Mining and utilitiesdododododo	108. 8 120. 9	110. 3 130. 8	109. 1 127. 0	109. 5 121. 6	111.0 128.4	111. 5 131. 4	111.8 136.6	111.9 138.3	111. 3 135. 2	110. 4 135. 2	109. 9 1 35 . 2	111.7 132.2	7 112. 2 132. 9	7 111.3 7 126.6	111.6 128.3	111.
Stone and earth minerals do Coal, oil and gas do do Coal, oil and gas do Coal	98. 1 109. 2	109. 5 108. 3	108.8 107.3	105. 2 108. 9	109. 1 109. 5	113. 1 109. 2	109.5 109.6	109. 2 109. 7	111.7 108.8	113. 1 107. 5	111.9 107.0	111. 6 109. 6	110.7 110.2	110.7 r 109.8	111.0 110.0	110.
Coal do do do do do do do do do do do do do	104. 2 110. 0	104. 4 108. 9	100. 9 108. 4	108. 0 109. 1	109. 0 109. 5	104. 0 110. 0	109.8 109.7	103.0 110.8	104. 1 109. 6	110. 4 107. 0	108. 7 106. 8	112, 7 109, 1	114.7 r 109.5	110.3 - 109.7	7 113. 6 109. 5	114. 109.
Crude oil	107. 3	104. 4	104.6	104. 6	105. 4	104.8	103.9	104.2	103.7	102. 9	102. 4	r 104. 2	r 101. 3	100.1	100.6	
Utilitiesdododo	143. 4 149. 4	152. 6 161. 1	149. 5 156. 8	151. 6 159. 7	154. 8 163. 9	154. 8 163. 8	155.8 165.1	156. 2 165. 3	154. 6 163. 4	147. 6 155. 6	144.9 153.0	146. 1 154. 6	7 146. 5 7 155. 1	r 148. 7 158. 3	r 148. 7	148.
Gasdo	123. 4	124, 2														
BUSINESS SALES §											·					
Mfg. and trade sales (unadj.), totalomil. \$!	· 1				,	}	715 3 ,952		1	{ · ·	, ,,,	1	167, 682	
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), totalo	, ,	i	. ,		1	r145,337	-,	7149,469	r152,255			7156,203	,		162, 287	
Manufacturing, total	r 401,318	7 464,686	70,376 38,376	70,639 38,280	72,257 739,788	72,290 38,902	72,146 739,248	r 74,581 r 40,879	76,178 41,055	74,617 739,465	76,389 739,994	76,978 40,073	78,197 40,6 3 5	79,050 41,232	80, 840 42, 420	
Mondarable Roods industriesdo	- 542, 000	092, 092	32,000	32, 359	32,469	33,388	32,898	33,702	35,123	35,152	36, 395	ſ	7 37,562	7 37,818	38,420	
Retail trade, totaldo Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	1448, 379 149, 659	1 503, 317 170, 275	41, 723 14, 299	41, 167 13,731	42, 767 14,469	42, 355 14, 481	42,529 14,267	42, 970 14, 331	42,976 14,090	42,116 13,270	42, 932 13, 525	43,134 13,327	43,872 13,660	7 44,283 7 13,941	44, 612 14, 185	
		333, 042	27, 424	27, 436	28, 358	27, 874	28,262	28, 639	28,886	28,846	29, 407	29,807	30,212	l	30, 427	
Merchant wholesalers, totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo	138, 446	1 364, 858 167, 713	29,675 13,964	29,528 13,781	30,443 14,039	30, 692 13, 950	30,646 13,968	31, 918 14, 391	33,101 14,995	33,910 15,232	34, 896 15, 898	36,091 15,860	37,515 16,669	7 37,704	36, 835 16, 906	
Nondurable goods establishmentsdo BUSINESS INVENTORIES §	159, 753	197, 145	15,711	15,747	16,404	16,742	16,678	17,527	18,106	18,678	18,998	20, 231	20,846	⁷ 20,625	19,929	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year	104 000	010 047		207 401	007 670			or 4 = 00	010 500		000.000			205 225	200 400	
or month (unadj.), total †mil. \$ Mig. and trade inventories, book value, end of year		219, 247	,	207,491	,		,	214,722		219,247	1	,		7235,225		
or month (seas. adj.), total †	196,002 107,719	221,357		206,961 113,025	208,776 113,910		′ '	214,284	217,637	221,357 120,870	224,657 122,570	227,726	1	r232,586	1	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	70, 218 37, 501	120, 870 79, 441 41, 429	72,867	73,801 39,224	74,278 39,632	114,907 75,213	116,114 76,249	76, 951	77,645 40,790	79,441 41,429	80, 541 42, 029	124,831 81,925	126,500 83,014	* 84,168	130, 763 85, 542	
	1	63, 561	38,758 59.012	59,788	60,213	39,694	39,865	40, 27 3 61,681	62,937	63,561	64, 261	42,906	43,486	r 44,330	45, 221 65, 615	
Retail trade, total† do do Durable goods stores do Nandurable goods stores do	26, 034 30, 517	28, 778 34, 783	26,661	27, 051 32, 737	27, 494 32, 719	60,677 27,563	60, 847 27, 507	27, 926 33, 755	28, 662 34, 275	28,778 34,783	28, 852 35, 409	28, 789	28, 578		28, 499 37, 116	
Nondurable goods storesdodododododo	31, 732	36, 926	32, 351 33, 986	34,148	34,653	33, 114 34, 964	33, 340	35, 379	36,265	36,926	37, 826	35, 605 38,501	36, 165 39,347	7 39,293	39, 917	
Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	18,884	21, 112 15, 814	19,929 14,057	20,141 14,007	20,159 14,494	20, 089 14, 875	35,266 20,257 15,009	20, 331 15, 048	20,787 15,478	21,112 15,814		21,786	22, 3 52 16,995	, 22,604 , 16,689	23, 175 16, 742	
BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS		,-	11,00	,	,	11,000	10,000	20,010	'	20,011		10,110	10,000	10,000	10,112	
Manufacturing and trade, total † dratio	r 1. 52	7 1. 44	r 1. 44	r 1. 46	7 1. 44	r 1. 45	71.46	1. 43	r 1. 43	r 1. 47	, 1. 46	r 1. 46	1.44	r 1. 44	1. 46	
Manufacturing, total	r 1. 69	7 1. 58	r 1. 59	r 1.60	* 1.58	* 1.59	r 1. 61	r 1. 57	r 1. 56	r 1. 62	7 1. 61	1.62	* 1.62	1.62	1,62	
Durable goods industries o do do Materials and supplies do do do do do do do do do do do do do	7 2, 03 7 . 58	7 1, 91 7 . 56	r 1.90	7 1. 93 7 . 56	7 1. 87 7 . 55	r 1.93	71.94	7 1.88	7 1.89 7.57	7 2. 01 7 . 62	7 2. 01 7 . 62	7 2.04	7 2.04 7.65	2.04	2. 02 . 65	
Materials and supplies do Work in process do Finished goods do	7.91 7.54	r.87 r.48	r.87	7.88 7.49	r.85	7.89	7.89 7.48	7.86 7.46	r.87	7.91 7.48	r.91 r.48	7.92 7.49	7.92 7.48	7.91 .47	.90	
Nandurable goods industries do	1 20	1.20	1.21	1.21	1, 22	1.19	1. 21	1.19	1.16	1.18	1.15	1.16	1. 16	1.17	1.18	
Materials and supplies do Work in process do Finished goods do	.48	. 46	.46	. 19	.19	.46	.47	7 .46 .19	.45 .18	. 45	. 45	7.45 .18	. 45	. 46	.47	
	1	.55	. 56	. 56	.56	. 54	. 55	.54	.53	.54	. 52	. 52	. 52	7.53	. 52	
Retail trade, total †	1.45 1.96	1.42	1.41 1.86	1. 45 1. 97	1.41	1.43 1.90	1. 43 1. 93	1.44	1.46 2.03	1.51 2.17	1.50 2.13	1.49 2.16	1.48 2.09	r 1. 46	1. 47 2. 01	
	1	1.18	1.18	1. 19 1. 16	1.15	1.19	1.18	1.18	1.19	1.21	1.20	1. 19	1.20	7 1. 20	1. 22	
Merchant wholesalers, total do Durable goods establishments do	1. 55	1.43	1. 15 1. 43	1.46	1.14	1.14	1. 15 1. 45	1.11	1.10	1. 09 1. 39	1. 08 1. 35	1. 07 1. 37	1.05 1.34	1.04	1.08 1.37	
Nondurable goods establishmentsdo MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS	. 91	.87	.89	.89	.88	. 89	.90	.86	,85	. 85	.86	.83	.82	7.81	. 84	
AND ORDERS Manufacturers' export sales:																
Durable goods industries:	OE 100	21 000	0 750	0.60=	0.051	0.000	0.00	0.644	0.070	9 17.	0,000	9.046	2 500	. 9 404	9 690	
Unadjusted, total mil. \$ Seasonally adj., total do	25, 108	31, 623	2,759 2,660	2,627 2,560	2, 3 51 2, 6 51	2, 399 2, 646	2,684 2,722	2, 841 2, 815	2,979 2,920	3,174 2,884	2,9 3 8 3,119	3, 243 3, 344	3, 526 3, 302	7 3, 494 7 3, 441	3, 632 3, 509	
Shipments (not seas. adj.), totalo	744,198	r 856,778	71,644	75,431	r 66,602	70,112	74,499	76,404	75,505	r 70,6 3 9	71,248	r 78,072	r 81, 3 91	r 80,823	82, 100	
Durable goods industries, total 9 ofdo	r 401,318	7 464,686	7 39,760	r 41,799	7 35,888	7 36,576	7 40,163	7 41,608	40,474	7 37,115	7 37,088	40,828	r 42,829	42,699		2 46,53
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous metalsdo	22, 344 57, 941	24, 936 72, 027	2, 182 6, 195	2,270 6,402	2, 045 5, 536	2,229 5,846	2,189 6,155	2,314 6,345	2,136 6,383	1,809 6,072	1,839 6,504	1,993 7,061	2,150 7,555	7 2, 229 7 7, 757	2, 251	2 8, 55
Nonferrous metals	28, 109 21, 392	35, 260 26, 539	3, 034 2, 253	3, 119 2, 357	2,760 1,991	2,882 2,177	2,986 2,320	3, 054 2, 355	3,057 2,428	2,840 2,384	3, 133 2, 453	3, 246 2, 848	3,700	7 3, 641 7 3, 052	3,885 3,037	

r Revised. P Preliminary. ¹ Based on data not seasonally adjusted. ² Advance estimate; total mfrs. shipments for May. 1974 do not reflect revisions for selected components. ♂ See corresponding note on p. S-6. §The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade; business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown below on pp. S-6 and S-7; those for wholesale and retail trade on pp. S-11 and S-12.

†See note marked "‡" on p. S-12; revisions for total mfg. and trade (unadj. and seas. adj.) and inventory-sales ratios for mfg. and trade total and retail trade, total, durable, and non-durable appear on p. 7 of the March 1974 SURVEY. Q Includes data for items not shown separately. ‡ See note marked "o" on p. S-4.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ar	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
	GEN	IERAI	BUS	SINE	SS IN	DICA	TOR	S—Co	ntinu	ied						
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued																
Bhipments (not seas. adj.)—Continued Durable goods industries—Continued Fabricated metal productsmil. \$. Machinery, except electricaldo. Electrical machinerydo. Transportation equipment ofdo. Motor vehicles and partsdo. Instruments and related productsdo.	47, 098 61, 024 55, 950 7 99, 951 66, 762 13, 393	53, 707 73, 380 63, 497 7 113,317 77, 278 14, 334	4, 503 6, 199 5, 111 r 10,204 7, 006 1, 170	4,732 6,750 5,583 7 10,407 7,169 1,263	4, 295 5, 705 4, 909 7 8, 399 5, 419 1, 119	4,455 5,734 5,230 7,566 4,667 1,168	4,655 6,468 5,654 7 9, 352 6,227 1,299	4, 811 6, 237 5, 642 7 10,481 7, 314 1, 302	4, 668 6, 174 5, 571 7 10,029 6, 928 1, 258	4,527 6,384 5,438 7,823 4,866 1,218	4, 325 6, 223 5, 060 7 8, 249 5, 611 1, 134	4,739 7,020 5,662 r 8,855 5,762 1,240	4,921 7,551 5,777 8,941 5,638 1,316	7 4, 948 7 7, 172 7 5, 552 7 9, 195 7 5, 891 7 1, 244	5, 280 7, 155 5, 743 7 9, 591 6, 176 1, 300	27,836
Nondurable goods industries, total Q	342, 880 114, 496 5, 863 26, 726	392, 092 134, 947 6, 201 30, 531	31, 884 10, 740 526 2, 549	33,632 11,383 555 2,725	30,714 10,806 517 2,200	33,536 11,750 560 2,602	34,336 11,982 516 2,631	34, 796 12,187 534 2, 758	35,031 12,337 532 2,675	33,524 11,980 539 2,537	34,160 12,010 549 2,556	37,244 12,653 509 2,785	38,562 12,939 530 2,932	7 38,124 7 12,171 7 531 7 2,806	38, 236 12, 163 588 2, 894	
Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do	28, 278 57, 437 29, 932 19, 185	32, 417 67, 034 35, 815 20, 488	2,699 5,784 2,781 1,716	2,833 5,962 2,953 1,794	2, 562 5, 152 2, 919 1, 580	2,798 5,536 3,017 1,702	2,815 5,769 3,121 1,743	2, 863 5, 643 3, 135 1, 809	2,850 5,610 3,425 1,729	2,719 5,463 3,694 1,584	2, 901 5, 685 3, 742 1, 696	3, 125 6, 452 4, 173 1, 842	3,217 6,729 4,374 1,919	7 3, 258 7 7, 094 7 4, 499 7 1, 985	3, 284 6, 958 4, 735 1, 962	
Shipments (seas. adj.), totalo do. By industry group: Durable goods industries, total 2 o do. Stone, clay, and glass products			7 70,376 7 38,376 2,096 5,710 2,704 2,115	7 70,639 7 38,280 2,072 5,789 2,753 2,178	7 72,257 7 39,788 2,075 6,023 2,924 2,245	r 72,290 r 38,902 2,084 6,165 3,030 2,301	r 72,146 r 39,248 2,046 6,266 3,149 2,284	7 74,581 7 40,879 2, 178 6, 730 3, 459 2, 369	7 76,178 7 41,055 2, 162 6, 792 3, 367 2, 495	r 74,617 r 39,465 2,048 6,687 3,181 2,586	7 76,389 7 39,994 2,125 6,766 3,220 2,580	7 76,978 7 40,073 2, 159 6, 884 3, 163 2, 776	7 78,197 7 40,635 2,154 7,059 3,420 2,686	79,050 741,232 72,191 77,047 73,208 72,831	80,840 7 42,538 2,162 7 7,421 3,462 2,852	² 42, 659
Fabricated metal products			4, 487 6, 047 5, 296 7 9, 409 6, 395 1, 171	4,411 6,159 5,265 7 9,252 6,250 1,186	4,606 6,240 5,405 7 10,182 7,055 1,196	4, 385 6, 117 5, 350 7 9, 550 6, 524 1, 163	4,345 6,243 5,288 7 9, 783 6,692 1,192	4, 648 6, 353 5, 372 7 10,121 6, 932 1, 245	4,714 6,614 5,382 79,783 6,668 1,232	4,730 6,630 5,387 78,418 5,490 1,226	4,780 6,649 5,529 78,654 5,555 1,265	4, 823 6, 712 5, 621 7 8, 262 5, 167 1, 281	4,836 6,969 5,629 78,177 5,042 1,315	r 4, 879 r 6, 884 r 5, 727 r 8, 699 r 5, 465 r 1, 270	5, 260 6, 980 5, 964 7 8, 857 5, 644 1, 304	28,782
Nondurable goods industries, total Q do Food and kindred products do Tobacco products do Textile mill products do Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do			32, 000 10, 872 520 2, 611 2, 715 5, 387 2, 819 1, 663	32, 359 11, 071 515 2, 566 2, 708 5, 593 2, 883 1, 677	32, 469 11, 222 506 2, 550 2, 722 5, 641 2, 936 1, 712	33,388 11,827 540 2,550 2,767 5,694 3,017 1,700	32, 898 11, 348 498 2, 499 2, 739 5, 575 3, 100 1, 706	33,702 11,739 536 2,532 2,807 5,687 3,170 1,748	35, 123 12, 180 528 2, 637 2, 898 5, 895 3, 456 1, 794	35,152 12,089 552 2,642 2,891 6,140 3,663 1,754	36,395 12,762 582 2,793 3,009 6,127 3,746 1,830	36,905 12,693 535 2,816 3,067 6,315 4,077 1,819	37,562 12,730 7 544 2,759 3,091 6,435 4,404 1,826	7 37,818 7 12,451 7 549 7 2,851 7 3,235 7 6,490 7 4,531 7 1,879	582 2, 966 3, 304	
By market category: Home goods and apparel	171,555 1146,257 r1 97,809 179,835 163,500 1 285,242 131,354 r1116,222	1 80, 572 1 166,933 r1111,622 1 91, 945 1 72, 361 1 333,345 1 36, 451 r131,725	6, 682 13, 570 7 9, 284 7, 560 6, 079 27, 201 2, 993 7 10,936 7 9, 267 7 1, 669	6, 681 13, 734 7 9, 302 7, 436 6, 021 27, 465 2, 975 7 10,987 7 9, 460 7 1, 527	6, 541 13, 837 7 9, 489 8, 344 6, 098 27, 948 3, 095 7 11, 147 7 9, 585 7 1, 562	6, 616 14,472 r 9, 223 7, 807 5, 928 28, 244 3, 084 r 10,956 r 9, 445 r 1, 511	6, 683 13, 929 7 9, 519 7, 898 5, 928 28, 189 3, 042 7 11, 118 7 9, 583 7 1, 535	6, 878 14,479 7 9, 534 8, 306 6, 112 29,272 3, 152 7 11,408 7 9, 783 7 1, 625	7, 178 14, 915 7, 9, 849 7, 980 6, 301 29, 955 3, 260 7, 11,479 7, 9, 938 7, 1, 541	6, 961 14,746 7 9, 898 6, 724 6, 314 29,974 3, 143 7 11,470 7 9, 965 7 1, 505	7, 083 15,267 10,009 6, 792 6, 192 31,046 3, 132 7, 11,718 7, 10,166 1, 552	7, 152 15,167 10,116 6, 424 6, 376 31,743 3, 236 7 11,869 7 10,259 7 1,610	7, 433 15,218 10,335 6,327 6,329 32,555 3,335 12,019 10,407 1,612	77,476 715,034 710,433 76,744 76,436 732,927 73,284 712,143 710,557 71,586	7, 845 15, 016 10, 425 6, 946 6, 652 33, 956 7 3, 503 7 12,200 7 10,606 7 1,594	² 3, 194 ² 12, 513
Inventories, end of year or month: Book value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable goods industries, totaldo Nondurable goods industries, totaldo	107, 415 69, 803 37, 612	78,835	112,604 73, 562 39, 042	113,175 73,911 39,264	113,367 74,051 39,316	114,465 75,117 39,348	115,045 75, 707 39, 338	116,496 76,399 40,097	117,842 77,154 40,688	120, 312 78, 835 41, 477	122,8 37 80,460 42, 37 7	125,398 82,181 43,217	83,515	r129,464 r 84,911 r 44,553	131, 922 86, 389 45, 533	
Book value (seasonally adjusted), total do By industry group: Durable goods industries, total do Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary metals do Blast furnaces, steel mills do Nonferrous metals do	70, 218 2, 463 9, 658 5, 268 3, 354	79, 441 2, 813 9, 356 4, 672 3, 449	72, 867 2, 524 9, 425 4, 940 3, 403	73, 801 2, 593 9, 391 4, 830 3, 472	74, 278 2, 669 9, 452 4, 869 3, 475	75,213 2,679 9,346 4,820 3,388	76, 249 2, 702 9, 323 4, 791 3, 358	76,951 2,720 9,222 4,677 3,375	77, 645 2, 737 9, 226 4, 617 3, 402	79, 441 2, 813 9, 356 4, 672 3, 449	80,541 2,863 9,467 4,691 3,500	124,831 81,925 2,861 9,523 4,632 3,595	83,014 2,952 9,562 4,546 3,670	r128,438 r 84,108 r 3,027 r 9,723 r 4,542 r 3,795	85, 542 3, 103 9, 895 4, 569	
Fabricated metal products	7, 832 14, 386 10, 381 16, 150 4, 589 2, 717	8, 997 16, 703 12, 559 18, 233 5, 646 3, 268	8, 189 15, 172 11, 211 16, 634 4, 799 2, 744	8, 230 15, 386 11, 369 16, 977 5, 074 2, 823	8, 238 15, 504 11, 514 17, 029 5, 102 2, 879	8, 378 15,681 11,742 17,328 5, 107 2, 978	8, 519 15, 952 11, 834 17, 690 5, 436 3, 031	8, 513 16,164 12,102 17,766 5, 391 3, 083	8, 792 16, 365 12, 302 17, 763 5, 391 3, 170	8,997 16,703 12,559 18,233 5,646 3,268	9,023 17,021 12,749 18,339 5,713 3,413	9, 264 17,405 13,016 18,460 5, 616 3, 581	9, 384 17,693 13,133 18,671 5, 689 3, 627	7 9, 583 7 18,102 7 13,341 7 18,490 7 5,583 7 3,702	18, 564 13, 488 18, 666	
By stage of fabrication: Materials and supplies 9do Primary metalsdo Machinery (elec. and nonelec.)do Transportation equipmentdo	20, 010 3, 283 6, 516 3, 022	24, 423 3, 586 8, 359 3, 888	21, 198 3, 348 7, 157 3, 195	21, 424 3, 326 7, 245 3, 433	21, 721 3, 389 7, 411 3, 413	22,080 3,377 7,602 3,407	22, 621 3, 355 7, 769 3, 667	23,064 3,376 7,932 3,624	23, 444 3, 494 8, 076 3, 594	24,423 3,586 8,359 3,888	24,923 3,665 8,523 3,886	25,494 3,772 8,742 3,842	26,335 3,915 9,006 3,936	7 26,913 7 4,140 7 9,283 7 3,830	4, 3 25 9, 640	
Work in process 9 do Primary metals do Machinery (elec. and nonelec.) do Transportation equipment do	32, 074 3, 485 11, 250 11, 774	36, 078 3, 450 13, 407 12, 761	33, 318 3, 544 11, 964 11, 999	33, 735 3, 493 12, 237 12, 100	33, 944 3, 514 12, 358 12, 133	34,461 3,477 12,539 12,384	34, 742 3, 496 12, 675 12, 439	35,082 3, 455 12,983 12,576	35, 519 3, 405 13, 203 12, 589	36,078 3,450 13,407 12,761	36,285 3,478 13,621 12,818	36,942 3, 434 13,985 13,001	37,264 3,430 14,135 13,076	7 37,721 7 3,471 7 14,419 7 13,042	14,656	
Finished goods 9	18, 134 2, 890 7, 001 1, 354	18, 940 2, 320 7, 496 1, 584	18, 351 2, 533 7, 262 1, 440	18, 642 2, 572 7, 273 1, 444	18, 613 2, 549 7, 249 1, 483	18, 672 2, 492 7, 282 1, 537	18, 886 2, 472 7, 342 1, 584	18,805 2, 391 7, 351 1, 566	18, 682 2, 327 7, 388 1, 580	18,940 2,320 7,496 1,584	19, 333 2, 324 7, 626 1, 635	19,489 2,317 7,694 1,617	19,415 2,217 7,685 1,659	r 19,474 r 2, 112 r 7, 741 r 1, 618	19, 640 2, 097 7, 756 1, 611	
Nondurable goods industries, total ?do	37, 501 9, 421 2, 369 4, 044 2, 875 7, 018 2, 300 2, 383	41, 429 10, 584 2, 460 4, 589 3, 267 7, 268 2, 626 2, 627	38, 758 9, 864 2, 352 4, 295 2, 948 7, 036 2, 321 2, 457	39, 224 10, 042 2, 343 4, 317 2, 992 7, 046 2, 335 2, 484	39, 632 10, 135 2, 331 4, 349 3, 006 7, 136 2, 412 2, 532	39,694 10,011 2,399 4,379 3,032 7,140 2,388 2,539	39, 865 10, 027 2, 398 4, 436 3, 070 7, 175 2, 391 2, 551	40,273 10,172 2,425 4,407 3,089 7,185 2,474 2,578	40,790 10,432 2,446 4,521 3,170 7,208 2,548 2,574	41,429 10,584 2,460 4,589 3,267 7,268 2,626 2,627	42,029 10,638 2,569 4,707 3,325 7,263 2,731 2,702	42,906 10,791 2,589 4,675 3,403 7,563 2,868 2,742	43,486 11,035 2,588 4,733 3,484 7,655 3,002 2,742	r 44,330 r 11,164 r 2,561 r 4,769 r 3,656 r 7,836 r 3,312 r 2,759	45, 221 11, 059 2, 558 4, 795 3, 757 8, 143 3, 544 2, 891	
Materials and suppliesdo Work in processdo Finished goodsdo	13, 865	7 15, 818 7 6, 597 7 19, 014	1 * 6. 151	1 7 6 170	1 r 6, 196	1 * 6. 270	1 * 6. 320	7 6. 347	7 6. 442	1 * 6. 597	1 * 6, 568	1 * 6.754	6, 732	7 17,535 7 6,922 7 19,873	18, 100 7, 081 20, 040	

r Revised.

Based on data not seasonally adjusted.

Advance estimate; total mfrs. shipments for May 1974 do not reflect revisions for selected components.

As a result of corrections in the aircraft, missiles, and parts industry data for this component have been revised by the Bureau of the Census back to 1968. Revised data prior to May 1973 appear in

the Census Bureau publication "Change Sheet" to Mfrs'. Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1967-73 (Series: M3-1.5), issued June 1974. Q Includes data for items not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973				1	973		1				1	974	,	
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	GEN	NERAI	L BUS	SINE	SS IN	IDICA	TOR	S—Co	ntin	ued						
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued				}												
nventories, end of year or month—Continued Book value (seasonally adjusted)—Continued				•	 		ļ									
By market category: Home goods and apparelmil. \$ Consumer staplesdo	14, 373	13, 231 16, 024	12, 426 14, 849	12, 586 14, 976	12, 707 15, 254	12,842 15,345	12, 929 15, 417	13,146 15,638	13, 065 15, 808	13,231 16,024	13, 405 16, 131	13,503 16,456	13,695 16,753	7 13, 578 7 16, 923	13, 618 16, 990	
Equip. and defense prod., excl. autodo Automotive equipmentdo Construction materials and suppliesdo	27, 251 6, 081	31, 140 7, 305 10, 220	28, 338 6, 432 9, 235	28, 680 6, 753 9, 378	28, 912 6, 708 9, 446	29,464 6,749 9,590	29, 820 7, 084 9, 760	30,302 7,021 9,764	30, 582 7, 038 10, 019	31,140 7,305 10,220	31,572 7,399 10,287	32,238 7,307	32,721 7,378	733, 142 7, 287	33, 760 7, 314	
Other materials and suppliesdo	39, 231	42,950	40, 345	40,652	40, 883	40,917	9, 760 41, 104	41,353	41,923	42,950	43,776	10,441 44,886	10,669 45,284	r 11, 055 r 46, 453	11, 3 90 47, 6 91	
Household durables do. Capital goods industries do. Nondefense do. Defense do.	5, 562 30, 771 25, 684	6, 263 35, 103 29, 488	5, 870 32, 101 26, 717	5, 904 32, 490 27, 013	5, 936 32, 740 27, 306	5, 998 33,351 27,796	6, 065 33, 691 28, 163	6, 210 34,200 28,669	6, 112 34, 541 29, 033	6,263 35,103 29,488	6,352 35,553 29,874	6,537 36,205 30,368	6, 682 36,752 30,786	7 6, 629 7 37, 263	6, 657 38, 004	
Defense do do	!	5, 615	5, 384	5,477	5, 434	5, 555	5, 528	5, 531	5,508	5,615	5,679	5,837	5,966	r 31, 285 r 5, 978	31, 895 6, 109	
New orders, net (not seas. adj.), totalodo Durable goods industries, totalodo Nondurable goods industries, totaldo	755, 075 411, 305 343, 770	7 885, 744 7 492, 886 2 3 92, 858	773, 381 741, 404 31, 977	777, 650 744, 078 33, 572	7 69, 277 7 38, 620 30, 657	772, 497 739, 001 33,496	76, 208 741, 933 34, 275	778, 661 743, 829 34,832	78, 051 742, 979 3 5, 072	772, 686 739, 105 33,581	774, 948 740, 566 34,382	781, 481 744, 159 37,322	783, 377 744, 736 38,641	r 83, 152 r 44, 904 r 38, 248	84, 679 7 46,504 38, 197	² 48,62
New orders, net (seas. adj.), total	r 2755,075	[,] 2885,744	73, 600	74, 291	74, 288	75, 407	74, 025	777, 025	78,602	76, 291	78, 1 3 8	79, 128	79,547	r82, 0 59	85, 088	
By industry group: Durable goods industries, total 9 &do Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo	7411, 305 60, 143	7492, 886 78, 642	7,042	741, 946 7, 015	741,840 6,658	7, 150	7 41, 155 6, 3 25 3, 068	7 43, 304 6, 868	743, 476 6, 730	7 41, 026 6, 597	741, 514 5, 956	7 42, 268 6, 624	6, 930	7 44, 124 7 7, 510	r 46,730 r 9,002	
Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous metalsdo	29, 813 21, 670	39, 913 27, 436	3, 729 2, 316	3, 817 2, 232	3, 493 2, 219	3, 912 2, 296	2,338	3, 309 2, 516	3, 109 2, 582	3,014 2,557	2,037 2,899	2,863 2,729	3, 037 2, 764	7 3, 303 7 2, 994	4, 641 3, 160	
Fabricated metal productsdodo	48, 075 63, 779 57, 171	57, 881 80, 432 67, 473	4, 861 6, 544 5, 696	4, 672 6, 719 5, 682	5,008 6,902 5,676	4, 903 6, 647 5, 701	4, 982 6, 922 5, 537	5, 135 7, 174 5, 816	4,997 7,313 5,788	5, 237 7, 308	5, 144 7, 087 6, 269	5,410 7,427	5, 165 8, 018 5, 751	7, 5, 557 7, 734	5, 688 8, 113	
Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment Aircraft, missiles, and parts do do do do do do do do do do do do do	102, 282 22, 520	7 118, 287 7 24, 215	r 9, 804 r 2, 133	10, 259 2, 199	* 10, 123	7 10, 242 7 2, 161	7 9, 874 7 1, 959	7 10, 635 7 2, 423	10,734	5,399 78,698 71,787	7 9, 344 7 2, 241	6,180 r 8, 823 r 2, 318	7,998 1,881	7 6, 204 7 8, 758 7 1, 795	6,635 r 9,095 2,096	2 8, 86
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo	343, 770 89, 291	392, 858 99, 484	32, 086 8, 417	32, 345 8, 186	32, 448 8, 242	33,424 8,370	32, 870 8, 260	33,721 8, 465	35, 126 8, 687	35,265 8,601	36,624 9,033	36,860 8,902	37,573 8,908	37, 935	38, 365 9, 370	
Industries with unfilled orders—do Industries without unfilled orders¶do	254, 479	293, 374	23, 669	24, 159	24, 206	25, 054	24, 610	25,256	26, 439	26,664	27,591	27,958	28,665	7 9, 263 7 28, 672	28, 995	
By market category: Home goods and appareldodo	² 71, 896 ² 146,254	² 80, 983 ² 166, 960	6, 695 13, 561	6,778 13,738	6, 642 13,846	6, 491 14, 480	6, 732 13, 926	6, 948 14, 488	7, 274 14911	6,858 14,749	7, 135 15,283	7,062 15,159	7,488 15,215	7, 539 15, 027	7, 882 15, 006	
Consumer staples Consumer staples Equip, and defense prod., excl. auto. 3° do. Automotive equipment. do. Construction materials and supplies. do.	² 101,223 ² 80,395	² 121,699 ² 93,479	7 10, 162 7, 746	7,708	7 9, 896 8, 322 6, 406	7 10, 233 8, 060	710,003 8,105	7 10, 470 8, 3 07	711, 414 8, 018	7 10, 701 6, 887	11, 285 6, 882	711,079 6,429	6, 3 94	711,530 76,969	11, 919 7, 123	
Supplementary series:	-200,001	² 76, 200 ² 346, 423	6, 423 29, 013	6, 240 29, 377	29,176	6, 417 29, 726	6, 458 28, 801	6, 630 30, 182	6,558 30,427	6, 897 30, 199	6, 539 31,014	6,779 32,620	6, 577 3 2,899	, 6, 998 , 33, 996	7, 042 36, 116	
Household durablesdo Capital goods industries o do Nondefense o do	² 31, 645 ² 121,366	² 36, 761 ² 143,787 ² 123,723	3, 007 711, 833	3,078 r12,520 r10,564	3, 154 r 11, 746	2, 996 r 12, 181 r 10, 283	3, 055 *11, 728 *10, 389	3, 220 * 12, 755 * 10, 928	3,358 713,285 711,160	3, 015 712, 392 710, 943	3, 168 7 13, 185	3, 153 13, 480	3,375 12,762	3, 336 13, 452	r 3, 574 r 13,883	² 3, 1 ⁴ ² 12,9
Nondefensed do do do do do do do do do do do do do	r 219, 524	r 220, 064	7 10, 044 7 1, 789	7 1, 956	* 10, 571 * 1, 175	r 1, 898	r 1, 33 9	1,827	7 2, 125	* 1, 449	* 2, 182	r 2, 065	, 1, 462	7 11, 925 7 1, 527	r 11,804 r 2,079	² 11,63
Infilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), total	* 84, 197	7 113, 452 7 108, 715	797,610	r99,827 r95,066	r102,504 r97,800	r104,888 r100,225	r106,596	*108,861	r111,401 r106,722	*113,452	r117,149	r120,559 r115,522	r122,546	124,875 119, 63 2	127, 453	2124,2
Durable goods industries, total♂do Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled orders⊕do	7 80, 228 3, 969	4,737	792,788 4,822	4, 761	4, 704	4, 663	4,602	4, 640	4,679	4,737	4, 958	5,037	5, 117	, 5, 243	5, 202	-121,2
Infilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted), totalmil. \$mil. \$mil. \$		r 114, 694				1		ľ	1	i ' :	ſ	1	ĺ	1 '	i	
Durable goods industries, total \$\rightarrow \sigma^{\text{-}} \do \text{-} \do \te	7 80, 914 7, 964	7 109, 862 14, 844 9, 884	792,740 11,954	796, 412 13, 181	798, 459 13, 815	14,798	103,450 14,857	*105,874 14,996	108,297 14,934	109,862 14,844	r111,384 14,033	113,584 13,773	114,927 13,645	7117,817 714, 106	r122,016 r 15,688	² 125,7 ² 17,4
Nonferrous metalsdo	1,861	2, 787	8, 025 2, 506	2,560	9, 658 2, 534	2,528	10, 459 2, 582	2,730	10,051 2,816	9,884 2,787	3, 106	8,401 3,058	3, 136	8, 114 7 3, 298	3, 607	
Fabricated metal products do Machinery, except electrical do do do do do do do do do do do do do	10, 926 14, 917 15, 748	15, 122 22, 002 19, 718	12, 024 17, 365 17, 566	12, 285 17, 926 17, 984	12,686 18,587 18,256	13, 206 19, 118 18, 610	13, 842 19, 798 18, 857	14, 329 20, 621 19, 300	14,614 21,321 19,706	15, 122 22, 002 19, 718	15,486 22,438 20,459	16,073 23,156 21,018	16,401 24,207 21,140	717,079 725,057 721,617	17, 508 26, 188 22, 287	
Electrical machinery do	7 25, 035 7 16, 938	7 30, 355 7 18, 397	26, 883 17, 521	727,891	727,831 717,647	r 28, 522 r 17, 927	728, 612 717, 882	r 29, 126 r 18, 337	30, 076 18, 456	730, 355 718, 397	31,047	31,607	731, 430 718, 848	731, 490	7 31,730 18,692	2 31,8
Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled ordersdo By market category:	4, 034	4, 832	4,720	4,708	4, 686	4,723	4,694	4,712	4,718	4,832	5,061	5,015	5, 028	7 5, 144	5, 087	
Home goods, apparel, consumer staples do Equip. and defense prod., incl. auto.	2, 432 r 43, 293	2,881 55,295	2,668 48,023	2,770 49,448	2,877 49,831	2,761 51,097	2,806 51,786	2,885 r 52,724	2,978 54,327	2,881 55,295	2,949 756,663	2,852 57,631		7 2, 961 59, 663	2, 989 61, 331	
Construction materials and suppliesdo Other materials and suppliesdo Supplementary series:	10, 270 28, 953	14, 165 42, 353	11, 258 35, 511	11, 477 37, 425	11,785 38,652	12, 274 40, 136	12, 805 40, 747	13, 323 41, 654	13,581 42,129	14, 165 42, 353	14,512 42, 3 21	14,917 43,199	43,543	r 15, 726 r 44, 611	16, 116 46, 772	
Household durables do Capital goods industries do dc	1, 933 r 49, 903 r 30, 023	2, 254 7 61, 580 7 40, 840	2, 127 r 53, 537 r 33, 757	2, 230 r 55, 073 r 34, 862	2, 288 55, 672 35, 848	2, 201 r 56, 898 r 36, 688	2, 213 r 57, 505 r 37, 492	2, 281 58, 854	2,379 760,659	2, 254 r61, 580	2, 289 763, 048 741, 676	2, 208 r 64, 661 r 42, 834	2, 249 r 65, 406 r 43, 728	7 2, 300 7 66, 716	7 2, 371 7 68,402 7 46,295	2 2, 3; 2 68,8; 2 46,9;
Nondefense of dododo		20,740	19,780	20, 211	19,824	20, 210	20, 013	738, 639 720, 215	739,862 720,797	20,740	r 21, 372	721,827	21,678	745, 094 721, 622		2 21,93
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS© New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.):							}							Ę		
Unadjustednumber Seasonally adjusted†do	316, 601	329,546	30, 476 28,286	29, 003 27, 999	27,797 27,664	26, 542 26, 689	23, 158 26, 241	26, 931 26, 809	24, 268 26, 718	23, 145 24, 627	r 28,617 r 26,209	r 25, 33 8 r 27,142	* 28,270 * 26,578	30, 948 29, 406		
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURESO				_	_									_		
Failures, totalnumber_ Commercial servicedo Constructiondo	9, 566 1, 252 1, 375	9, 345 1, 182 1, 419	838 97 149	840 94 124	714 89 120	837 114 112	717 105 121	772 109 139	739 102 107	693 86 114	795 99 126	797 99 153	971 143 161	802 97 140		
Manufacturing and miningdo Retail tradedo	1,576 4,398	1, 463 4, 341	106 390	125 411	120 316	130 396	130 301	117 334	116 331	119 301	135 361	131 333	149 412	112 386		
Wholesale tradedodo	965 2,000,244	940 2, 298, 606		86 180, 209	69 206, 186	85 190, 147	60 189, 473	73 185, 660	218, 673	73 245, 618	74 337, 284	81 213, 133	106 204, 587	67 209, 758		.
Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do	193, 530	244, 958 309, 075 797, 490	9, 290 37, 962 57, 965	9, 822 16, 928 89, 959	37, 197 33, 800 55, 995	17, 188 21, 225 55, 207	21,054 44,024 54,935	30, 201 34, 791 60, 400	22,378 16,444 44,707	29, 759 24, 807 65, 696	69, 548 47, 237 88, 618	20, 508 47, 085 96, 031	19, 652 36, 391 60, 849	65, 332 20, 134 39, 928		
Retail trade do Wholesale trade do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1 558, 270	672, 831 274, 252	33, 665 29, 067	36, 923 26, 577	42, 572 36, 622	68, 438 28, 089	46, 552 22, 908	41, 487 18, 781	115, 026 20, 118	113, 393 11, 963	106, 240 25, 641	27, 687 21, 822	65, 383 22, 312	38, 726 45, 638		.
Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns.	2 38, 3	2 36. 4	36.3	38.2	35.7	39.1	38.6	37. 0	34.7		35.5	37.5	40.8	34.1		1

^{&#}x27;Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Advance estimate; totals for mfrs. new and unfilled orders for May 1974 do not reflect revisions for selected components. 2 Based on unadjusted data. See corresponding note on p. S-6. 2 Includes data for items not shown separately. Helicules textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries, unfilled orders for other nondurable goods are zero.

[¶] For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco manufactures, apparel and other textile products, petroleum and coal products, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders. ○ Compiled by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. (failures data for 48 States and Dist. of Col.). † Revised back to Mar. 1971 to reflect new seas. factors; revisions prior to Feb. 1973 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73						19	974		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
			CC	OMM	ODIT	Y PR	ICES									
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS																
Prices received, all farm products1910-14=100	320	438	414	437	43 9	529	485	468	461	470	504	513	492	466	445	419
Crops Qdodododo	260 328	370 379	348 408	385 427	367 423	444 356	411 342	408 323	410 338	441 343	470 352	497 407	489 357	463 369	455 429	450 414
Cottondo	245 183	274 283	255 243	249 281	7 257 288	316 363	323 325	322 331 506	335 330	403 351	429 376	439 400	452 391	494 351	412 365	407 369
Feed grains and haydodo	192 273	378 332	264 323	294 362	299 317	506 346	325 537 349	506 377	518 339	570 324	620 33 9	649 332	596 339	486 334	440 347	446 396
Tobaccodo	685	718	707	706	705	710	731	728	73 8	768	762	764	764	765	765	765
Livestock and products Qdododo	339 366	496 428	471 381	482 382	500 391	604 428	548 467	521 49 3	506 511	495 519	534 523	527 524	495 525	469 521	437 503	393 464
Meat animalsdo Poultry and eggsdo	494 137	666 232	651 206	$\frac{666}{221}$	693 232	847 3 07	726 280	671 252	637 242	606 250	680 255	668 252	615 228	577 205	534 178	471 166
Prices paid:	371	430	421	434	433	451	447	447	452	458	469	475	480	400	492	405
All commodities and servicesdodododo	401	444 420	438	443 428	443 426	453 451	456 441	458	470	472	480	492	500	489 504	513	495 515
Production itemsdoAll commodities and services, interest, taxes, and	350	496	409 488	501	500	517		439	439	448	461	463	466	479	477	481
wage rates (parity index)1910-14=100 Parity ratio §	432 74	88	85	87	88	102	513 95	514 91	519 89	525 90	538 94	545 94	549 90	562 83	564 79	567 74
CONSUMER PRICES																
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)																
Not Seasonally Adjusted All items1967=100	125.3	133.1	131.5	132. 4	132.7	1 3 5. 1	135.5	136. 6	137. 6	1 3 8. 5	139. 7	141.5	143.1	144.0	145. 6	147.1
Special group indexes: All items less shelterdo	122. 9	131.1	129.7	130. 6	131.0	133.5	133. 6	134. 5	135. 6	136. 5	137. 8	139.8	141.5	142. 4	144. 2	145.7
All items less fooddodododo	125. 8 124. 9	130.7 132.9	129.7 131.3	130. 3 132. 2	130. 4 132. 5	130. 9 135. 0	131. 8 135. 4	133. 1 136. 4	134. 0 137. 5	134. 8 138. 4	135. 6 139. 7	136. 8 141. 5	138. 4 143. 1	139.7 144.0	141. 5 145. 6	143.3 147.1
Commoditiesdo	120.9	129. 9 132. 8	128.3	129.4	129.7	132.8	132.8	133. 5	134.7	135.7	137 . 0	139.3	141.0	141.9	143.7	145. 2
Nondurablesdododododo	121. 7 119. 8	124.8	130.7 124.0	132. 0 124. 7	132. 4 124. 4	136. 6 124. 7	136. 5 125. 5	137. 4 127. 0	138.9 128.5	140. 3 130. 0	142. 1 131. 3	145. 2 133. 5	147. 2 136. 1	147.8 137.7	149. 3 139. 5	150.4 141.0
Durables do do do do do do do do do do do do do	118.9 119.4	121.9 123.5	121.8 123.0	122. 3 123. 7	122. 4 123. 5	122.6 123.8	122. 6 124. 3	123. 2 125. 4	123. 3 126. 3	123. 2 127. 1	123. 3 127. 9	123. 4 129. 2	124.3 131.1	126, 1 132, 8	128.5 134.9	131. 2 136. 8
Services less rent do do do do do do do do do do do do do	133.3 135.9	139. 1 141. 8	137.6 140.1	138. 1 140. 7	138. 4 141. 0	1 3 9. 3 141. 9	140. 6 143. 4	142. 2 145. 2	143. 0 146. 1	143. 8 146. 9	144. 8 148. 0	145. 8 149. 1	147. 0 150. 4	147. 9 151. 4	149. 4 153. 1	150. 9 154. 7
Food 9	123. 5 128. 0	141. 4 160. 4	137.9 155.6	139.8 156.5	140.9 157.8	149. 4 184. 0	148. 3 180. 2	148. 4 170. 7	150. 0 167. 4	151. 3 165. 8	15 3 . 7 169. 2	157. 6 174. 2	159. 1 171. 6	158. 6 164. 4	159. 7 158. 6	160. 3 155. 1
Dairy productsdo Fruits and vegetablesdo	117. 1 125. 0	127.9 142.5	123, 2 144, 6	124. 1 151. 7	124. 1 153. 7	126. 6 152. 6	130. 3 137. 3	137. 3 138. 8	141. 2 143. 7	144. 9 145. 3	146. 3 149. 7	149. 3 155. 9	151. 5 162. 5	153. 7 163. 0	154. 6 177. 7	153. 8 183. 1
Housingdo	129. 2	135.0	133.3	133.9	134.2	1 3 5. 2	136. 6	138. 1	139. 4	140.6	142. 2	143. 4	144.9	146.0	147.6	149. 2
Rent dodo	134.5 119.2	140.7 124.2	138.7 123.7	139. 4 124. 0	139.7 124.4	141.1 125.0	142, 9 125, 4	144. 7 125. 9	145. 6 126. 3	146. 4 126. 9	147. 4 127. 3	148. 3 128. 0	149. 4 128. 4	150. 2 128. 8	151. 3 129. 3	152. 8 129. 8
Homeownershipdo Fuel and utilities ?do	140. 1	146. 7 126. 9	144, 2 125, 4	145. 0 125. 6	145. 2 125. 7	147.0 126.3	149, 2 126, 8	151. 5 128. 6	152. 6 132. 1	153. 6 135. 9	154.8 140.8	155. 8 143. 5	157. 2 144. 9	158. 2 146. 9	159. 4 148. 6	161. 2 149. 4
Fuel oil and coaldo	118.5 120.5	136.0 126.4	129.3 125.7	131. 6 125. 4	131.7 125.5	132.8 125.8	133, 6 126, 5	141. 1 127. 4	155.6 129.8	172.8 131.0	194.6 134.3	202. 0 137. 3	201. 5 140. 0	206. 5 141. 9	211.0 143.9	214. 2 144. 5
Gas and electricitydo Household furnishings and operationdo	121.0	124.9	12 3 .9	124. 7	125.0	125. 3	126. 1	126.7	127.5	128.0	129.0	130.1	132.6	134.0	137.0	139.2
Apparel and upkeepdo Transportationdo	122. 3 119. 9	126. 8 123. 8	126.7 123.5	126. 8 124. 6	125.8 124.8	126. 5 124. 5	128. 3 123. 9	129. 6 125. 0	130. 5 125. 8	130. 5 126. 7	128.8 128.1	130. 4 129. 3	132. 2 132. 0	133. 6 134. 4	135. 0 137. 6	135. 7 140. 7
Privatedodo	117.5 111.0	121.5 111.1	121.3 111.1	122. 4 111. 0	122. 6 110. 9	122.3 110.6	121. 6 109. 1	122.9 111.9	123. 8 112. 2	124. 6 112. 0	126. 2 112. 9	127.5	130. 4 112. 8	133. 1 113. 3	136. 6 114. 6	139.8 116.4
Used carsdo Publicdo	110. 5 143. 4	117.6 144.8	120.6 143.9	122. 3 144. 9	122.7 144.9	121. 3 144. 9	120. 3 145. 5	118. 5 145. 2	116. 1 144. 6	112.6 146.5	107. 0 146. 0	103.0 146.2	102, 2 146, 6	110.7 146.3	121.9 146.3	133.6 148.6
Health and recreation ♀	126. 1 132. 5	130. 2 137. 7	129.6 136.6	130. 0 137. 0	130.3 137.3	130. 5 137. 6	131. 1 138. 3	132. 1 140. 6	132.6 140.9	133. 0 141. 4	133.7 142.2	134.5 143.4	135. 4 144. 8	136. 3 145. 6	137.7 147.2	139. 4 149. 4
Personal caredo Reading and recreationdo	119.8 122.8	125. 2 125. 9	124.4 125.6	124. 9 125. 9	125. 3 126. 2	125.7 126.1	126. 3 126. 8	127. 3 127. 2	128. 1 127. 5	129. 2 127. 6	129. 8 128. 3	130. 8 128. 9	131. 8 129. 5	133. 1 130. 4	134.9 132.0	136. 5 133. 5
Seasonally Adjusted:				1 3 9. 5	1 3 9. 9	148. 4		149. 1	151, 2	151.9		157. 9	158.8		159, 5	160.0
Food at home do do			137. 8 137. 5	1 3 9. 5	1 3 9. 5	150. 1	148. 0 148. 8	149.7	151.6	152. 4	154. 5 155. 2	159. 3	160.0	158. 1 158. 9	160. 2	160. 4
Fuels and utilities do Fuel oil and coal do do do do do do do do do do do do do			125. 1 129. 2	125. 9 132. 0	126. 0 132. 9	126. 6 133. 3	127. 3 134. 1	129, 2 141, 8	132. 2 156. 2	136. 0 173. 3	140. 7 193. 6	142.9 200.4	144. 2 199. 3	146.3 205.3	148. 3 210. 8	149.7 214.8
Apparel and upkeepdo			126. 2	126.7	126. 9	127.9	128.0	128.6	129. 1	129. 5	129.8	131.2	132. 5	133.6	134.5	1 3 5. 6
Transportation doPrivate do	1		123. 1 120. 9	124. 0 121. 7	124. 3 122. 0	124. 4 122. 2	124. 9 122. 6	125. 0 122. 8	125. 8 123. 7	126. 6 124. 5	127. 8 126. 2	129.7 128.0	132. 5 131. 1	134. 5 133. 2	137. 2 136. 2	140. 0 139. 0
New carsdo Commoditiesdo	1	l .	110.9 128.2	111. 3 129. 1	111.8 129.3	112. 1 132. 7	112. 6 132. 7	111.8 133.5	111.6 134.7	111. 0 135. 7	111. 2 137. 6	111. 4 139. 7	112.0 141.1	112.8 141.9	114. 4 143. 6	116.8 144.9
Commodities less fooddo	1	I	122.8	123. 3	123. 6	124. 0	124. 4	125. 0	125. 9	126.7	128.3	129.7	131. 5	132.9	134.6	136. 4
WHOLESALE PRICESO			1						}					ļ		
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)		İ]					}					1		
Not Seasonally Adjusted Spot market prices, basic commodities:																
22 Commodities 1967=100 9 Foodstuffs do	1 120. 0 1 115. 0	1 173. 8 1 175. 2	161. 1 158. 6	171. 2 172. 8	181. 9 187. 2	207. 8 236. 6	194. 9 208. 0	192.0 197.7	192. 1 191. 5	204.3 197.7	213.3 209.4	232.0 231.9	233.0 226.8	230. 8 220. 1	221. 6 215. 1	224. 4 219. 7
13 Raw industrials do All commodities do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1 123. 0 119. 1	¹ 173, 1 135, 5	162. 9 133. 5	170. 1 136. 7	178. 1 134. 9	189. 8 142. 7	186.3	188. 1 139. 5	192. 4 141. 8	208. 9 145. 3	215. 9 150. 4	232, 0 152, 7	237. 2 154. 5	238. 4 152. 7	226. 2 155. 0	227. 5 155. 7
By stage of processing:		1					1	}			1		}	1	}	1
Crude materials for further processing do Intermediate materials, supplies, etc. do	127. 6 118. 7	174.0 131.6	167.7 131.3	177.5 134.0	170.9 131.7	207.5 135.8	197.1 133.7	185.7 134.3	182.7 135.4	186.4 138.5	201.3 142.0	205, 6 144, 6	200.6 149.1	192.7 152.8	186.5 157.6	178. 5 160. 9
Finished goodsdodododo	117. 2 116. 6	127.9 129.2	126, 2 127, 1	127.4 128.6	127.7 128.9	131.9 134.2	131. 2 133. 2	131.2 133.0	132.0 133.8	133.6 135.5	137.4 139.9	140. 1 143. 2	141.0 143.8	142.1 144.7	143.8 146.0	144. 0 145. 4
By durability of product:	119.5	123.5	123.1	123. 4	123.5	123.9	124. 2	125.1	125.7	126.7	128.3	129.3	13 0. 9	132.4	1 3 5.9	138.7
Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo	121, 1 117, 6	127.9	128.0 137.1	128.2	128.0	128.5 152.3	128.9	129.7 145.5	131.1 145.4	132.7 148.6	134.8 155.5	136.5 159.3	139.8 160.1	143.4 159.7	147.3 160.8	150. 0 160. 1
Total manufactures do Durable manufactures do	117. 9 117. 1 121. 1	139.9 129.2	128.3	141.9 130.1 127.8	139.1 129.1 127.6	133.4	147.8 131.8	145.5 132.0 129.0	132.8 130.1	148.6 135.1 131.6	138.6 133.8	140.9 135.0	143.6	146.0 141.1	149. 3 145. 6	151. 5 148. 4
Nondurable manufactures do O. Computed by BRA O. Computed by BRA	114.7	127. 4 131. 0	127.7 129.0	127.8 132.4	130.7	128.0 138.8	128.3 135.3		135.5			146.8			153.1	

¹ Computed by BEA. QIncludes data for items not shown separately. § Ratio of prices received, to prices paid (parity index). ♂For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities see respective commodities. ○ Goods to users, incl. raw foods and fuels.

†Effective June 1974 Survey, indexes have been restated to reflect new seasonal factors data for periods prior to April 1973 on the new basis will be shown later. 'Revised.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973				19	73						197	74		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		CO	ммо	DITY	PRI	CES-	-Cont	inue	ł							
WHOLESALE PRICES♂—Continued					-											
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)-Continued													<u> </u>			
All commodities—Continued Farm prod., processed foods and feeds_1967=100_	122. 4	159, 1	154. 9	163. 6	156. 9	184.5	173. 5	166.8	164. 4	168. 0	177.8	180. 6	176. 2	169. 6	167. 4	161.
Farm products Qdo Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried_do	125. 0 127. 6	176. 3 168. 1	170, 4 186, 0	182. 3 197. 5	173. 3 187. 8	213. 3 162. 2	200. 4 149. 0	188. 4 162. 1	184. 0 168. 2	187. 2 171. 6	202. 6 184. 5	205. 6 214. 5	197. 0 210. 6	186. 2 226. 9	180. 8 236. 8	168. 204.
Grainsdo Live poultrydo Livestockdo	102. 9 104. 0 142. 5	183. 6 179. 5 190. 4	149. 9 180. 3 188. 7	178. 6 184. 5 193. 8	157. 2 189. 5 199. 3	266. 4 269. 7 243. 3	231. 5 226. 5 207. 4	229. 0 189. 2 185. 5	220. 8 154. 4 180. 0	248.7 144.5 171.0	270. 8 143. 2 197. 3	278. 1 179. 8 195. 1	263. 0 166. 1 181. 1	213. 0 146. 0 169. 0	210. 4 146. 9 159. 1	224. 132. 137.
Foods and feeds, processed Qdododo	120. 8 118. 0	148. 1 121. 7	145. 0 121. 9	151. 8 121. 4 125. 9	146, 5 121, 1 125, 5	166. 2 121. 2 136. 2	156, 3 121, 6 147, 7	153. 1 123. 0	151. 9 123. 8 156. 2	155.7 124.4	162. 1 125. 6 166. 3	164. 7 126. 0	163. 0 129. 3	159. 1 132. 3	158. 9 134. 5	157. 138.
Cereal and bakery products	114. 7 118. 6 119. 7 130. 0	134. 4 131. 1 129. 6 167. 5	124. 3 126. 5 127. 2 162. 5	127. 5 127. 9 164. 9	127. 1 127. 7 169. 7	131. 3 129. 3 198. 3	137. 2 130. 0 187. 3	150. 5 139. 6 135. 0 170. 2	139. 9 136. 3 165. 0	160. 1 142. 3 137. 8 164. 9	145. 1 139. 3 177. 8	169. 5 147. 6 140. 7 179. 7	172. 3 151. 2 141. 2 165. 5	167. 1 154. 1 142. 8 157. 6	167. 1 146. 9 145. 2 153. 4	166. 142. 148. 141.
Industrial commoditiesdo	117. 9	125.9	125. 3	126.0	126. 1	126.7	127.4	128.5	130.1	132, 2	135. 3	1 3 8. 2	142.4	146.6	150.5	153.
Chemicals and allied products Qdododododo	104. 2 91. 7	110. 0 96. 6	109. 3 94. 7	110. 4 95. 0	110. 8 96. 7	111. 0 95. 9	111. 5 95. 9	112.7 95.9	113. 5 104. 9	115. 6 106. 1	118. 2 112. 3	120. 2 113. 1	127.3 118.1	132.3 118.2	137.0 118.3	142. 120.
Chemicals, industrial do. Drugs and pharmaceuticals do. Fats and oils, inedible do. Prepared paint do.	101, 2 103, 0 115, 8 118, 0	103. 4 104. 3 228. 3 122. 2	102.7 104.0 232.0 120.8	103. 0 104. 4 263. 6 121. 0	103. 4 104. 4 263. 2 121. 0	103. 5 104. 3 273. 2 121. 0	104. 3 104. 7 279. 5 121. 2	105. 3 104. 7 273. 0 126. 0	105. 4 104. 9 241. 8 128. 1	105, 9 105, 1 286, 0 128, 6	108. 1 105. 3 298. 0 130. 1	110. 2 105. 7 335. 7 130. 1	122. 0 106. 2 372. 4 132. 5	130. 9 107. 6 385. 4 135. 4	138. 2 109. 1 359. 3 136. 0	146. 111. 361. 146.
Fuels and related prod., and power ?do Coaldo	118. 6 193. 8	134. 3 218. 1	131. 1 214. 2	133. 4 215. 1	134. 7 214. 0	135. 2 214. 4	137. 4 222. 6	139.3 224.1	144. 1 239. 0	151, 5 240, 7	162.5 249.3	177. 4 252. 9	189.0 259.3	197.9 303.7	204. 3 307. 7	210. 321.
Electric powerdo Gas fuelsdodo Petroleum products, refineddo	121. 5 114. 1 108. 9	129. 3 126. 7 128. 7	128. 2 121. 4 125. 0	128. 4 128. 0 127. 6	129. 0 128. 7 129. 9	129. 1 130. 4 130. 3	130. 9 132. 2 131. 2	132. 1 133. 4 134. 0	133. 5 133. 1 140. 3	135. 9 137. 6 151. 7	137. 5 137. 1 166. 4	142. 2 146. 4 187. 8	148. 9 148. 6 206. 3	153. 4 149. 0 215. 8	159. 7 150. 0 224. 4	164. 151. 2 3 2.
Furniture and household durables \$do Appliances, household do Furniture, household do Home electronic equipment do	111. 4 107. 6 117. 3 92. 7	115. 2 108. 5 123. 0 91. 9	115. 1 108. 0 122. 3 92. 2	115. 2 107. 4 123. 3 91. 6	115. 2 107. 7 123. 2 91. 6	115. 9 109. 0 123. 6 92. 0	116. 0 109. 0 124. 4 91. 5	116. 6 109. 1 125. 2 91. 5	117. 2 109. 5 126. 6 91. 5	117. 5 109. 8 127. 1 91. 1	119.0 111.3 128.9 91.3	120. 2 111. 6 129. 8 91. 4	121. 3 112. 5 130. 3 92. 2	122. 9 113. 2 132. 8 92. 2	124. 5 114. 0 134. 9 92. 5	126. 115. 135. 93.
Hides, skins, and leather products Qdo Footweardo	131. 3 124. 5	143. 1 130. 5	142, 2 129, 3	140. 9 129. 3	141. 4 129. 5	143.0 129.7	143.8 130.3	143. 8 131. 0	143.0 131.9	141. 9 132. 5 227. 3	142. 6 134. 0	143. 4 134. 9	143. 4 135. 9	145. 4 138. 1	146.3 138.7	146. 139.
Hides and skins	213. 7 140. 3 144. 3 159. 4	253. 9 160. 1 177. 2 205. 2	253. 5 159. 7 186. 9 215. 4	241. 6 156. 4 183. 1 214. 8	246. 3 156. 8 177. 8 209. 6	261. 6 157. 5 178. 8 210. 8	257. 3 162. 8 181. 9 216. 9	256. 3 160. 7 180. 3 214. 5	239.8 160.4 184.7 211.1	227. 3 156. 1 186. 1 214. 8	220. 9 155. 7 183. 7 213. 3	222. 0 155. 1 184. 1 212. 6	201. 7 156. 7 191. 3 221. 4	211. 2 158. 4 200. 2 230. 9	218. 6 159. 3 198. 0 227. 3	207. 156. 192. 220.
Machinery and equipment 9do Agricultural machinery and equipdo	117. 9 122. 3	121. 7 125. 9	121. 5 125. 0	121. 9 125. 4	122. 0 125. 5	122.3 125.5	122.6 125.6	123. 1 127. 5	123.8 128.9	124. 6 129. 4	126. 0 130. 9	127. 0 131. 2	129.0 132.6	130. 8 133. 4	134. 1 137. 8	137. 141.
Construction machinery and equipdo Electrical machinery and equipdo Metalworking machinery and equipdo	125. 7 110. 4 120. 2	130. 7 112. 4 125. 5	130. 9 112. 3 125. 2	131. 3 112. 7 125. 6	130, 9 112, 7 125, 8	131. 4 112. 7 125. 8	131.4 112.8 126.6	132. 5 113. 0 127. 5	132.7 113.3 128.0	134. 1 114. 0 128. 9	135. 6 115. 1 131. 2	137. 0 115. 7 132. 1	138. 6 116. 9 134. 3	140. 1 118. 5 136. 6	145. 1 120. 6 140. 9	148. 12 3 . 144.
Metals and metal products ♀ do Heating equipment. do Iron and steel do Nonferrous metals do	123. 5 118. 2 128. 4 116. 9	132. 8 120. 4 136. 2 135. 0	131.7 120.2 135.3 133.2	132. 5 120. 7 135. 9 135. 0	132.8 120.9 135.9 135.9	133.7 120.7 136.0 137.9	134. 4 120. 7 136. 5 138. 5	135. 9 120. 8 138. 6 140. 7	138.5 121.1 141.6 144.9	141. 8 121. 6 142. 4 155. 6	145.0 122.9 144.7 161.1	148. 0 123. 7 148. 9 165. 0	154.7 124.4 157.7 176.3	161. 2 127. 5 164. 9 186. 5	168. 7 130. 0 169. 1 200. 4	174. 132. 177. 200.
Nonmetallic mineral products 9do Clay prod., structural, excl. refractories	126. 1	130. 2	130. 5	131. 1	130.0	130.0	129.9	13 0. 9	131.5	132. 6	1 3 8. 7	142.1	144. 2	146.7	150.7	152.
Concrete productsdo	117. 3 125. 6	123.3 131.7	123. 6 131. 5	123. 8 132. 3	123.8 132.3	123.9 132.3	123.9 132.5	124. 6 133. 6	124.6 134.1	124. 8 134. 5	127. 2 139. 8	128.3 142.3	130.8 144.7	131. 5 145. 3	132.7 147.7	134. 149.
Pulp, paper, and allied productsdo	114. 7 113. 4 116. 3	120. 9 122. 1 121. 4	120. 4 120. 7 120. 8	124. 1 122. 0 122. 5	122. 9 122. 3 121. 8	122, 5 123, 3 121, 5	122.0 124.4 121.7	122. 4 125. 8 122. 3	122.0 127.6 124.7	123. 3 128. 7 125. 2	127. 9 131. 8 126. 8	130. 0 132. 9 127. 7	129. 6 137. 2 132. 6	132.7 144.4 140.1	133.3 146.6 141.9	137. 147. 143.
Paper do Rubber and plastics products do Tires and tubes do	109. 3 109. 2	112. 4 111. 4	111. 5 110. 0	112.6 110.4	112.9 110.4	113. 1 110. 4	112.8 110.4	114.0 115.1	114.8 116.3	116. 5 116. 3	117. 7 118. 0	119.8 121.2	123. 8 128. 8	129. 4 129. 6	133. 7 129. 9	135. 131.
Textile products and apparel Qdodo	113.6 114.8	123.8 119.0	122.3 118.4	123.7 118.8	124. 2 118. 8	125. 2 119. 3	126.8 119.5	128.5 121.5	130.0 121.9	131. 4 122. 2	133.8 123.7	135. 2 124. 6	136. 1 125. 2	137. 5 127. 0	139. 1 128. 0	141. 129.
Cotton productsdo Manmade fiber textile productsdo Textile housefurnishingsdo	121. 8 108. 0 109. 2	143. 6 121. 8 113. 3	137. 4 121. 5 110. 5	141.3 122.9 111.5	144.6 12 3 .1 111.5	147.3 123.7 112.2	153.1 126.7	155. 5 127. 7 115. 2	161.2 128.6 119.1	165. 2 129. 7 126. 4	171.5 130.7 133.0	173. 0 132. 8 133. 5	173.7 133.6 135.2	175. 1 135. 2 136. 7	174. 9 138. 1 143. 6	181. 140. 145.
Wool productsdo	99.4	128. 2	127. 5	131.3	132. 1	134.9	112. 3 133. 7	130. 2	128.9	128.7	128.6	129.7	127.9	121. 1	121.1	119.
Transportation equipment 9Dec. 1968=100 Motor vehicles and equip1967=100	113. 7 118. 0	115. 1 119. 2	115. 1 119. 1	115. 0 118. 9	115. 0 119. 0	115.1 119.0	114.5 118.3	115. 9 120. 0	116.1 120.1	117.3 121.4	118. 6 122. 9	118.9 123.1	119, 1 123, 2	119. 4 123. 3	121. 4 1 24. 9	122. 126.
Seasonally Adjusted								!	i I			ł 	1		<u> </u> 	
By stage of processing: Crude materials for further processingdo Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo			148.3 127.5	152, 5 128, 3	154. 4 128. 2	157. 3 129. 2	162. 1 130. 2	165.7 131.4	175. 1 133. 1	180. 7 135. 6	188.0 138.0	200.9 140.5	211.8 145.5	221.7 150.2	214.6 155.6	217. 159.
Finished goods: Consumer finished goodsdodo			127. 0 142. 0	128.3 144.6	128. 3 143. 3	133. 9 158. 3	133. 1 154. 4	133.8 155.9	134.9 156.0	136.0 157.4	139.6 162.1	142.5 166.0	143.5 163.8	145. 0 163. 6	145. 9 162. 6	145. 156.
Durable do			117.8 115.6	118.3 115.9	118.6 116.1	119.1 116.5	119.5 116.9	120.4 117.2	121.8 117.1	123.0 117.5	125.5 119.1	128.1 119.7	130.9 120.7	133. 4 121. 8	135.7 123.6	138. 125.
Nondurable do Producer finished goods do			119.4 123.0	120.0 123.4	120. 4 123. 6	120.9 124.1	121.1 124.7	122. 7 125. 4	124.9 125.8	126. 6 126. 6	130. 2 128. 0	133. 9 128. 9	137. 8 130. 6	141. 2 132. 3	144. 2 135. 8	
By durability of product: Total manufactures			127. 9 127. 3 168. 4	129.8 127.5 177.7	128. 7 127. 5 169. 7	133, 0 128, 1 213, 1	132. 1 128. 7 201. 6	132.5 129.5 193.6	133. 6 130. 6 191. 3	135.6 132.0 190.6	138.7 133.8 203.2	140.6 134.9 202.6	143. 2 137. 5 193. 5	145. 7 140. 4 186. 6	148. 9 145. 2 178. 7	164.
Farm productsdoProcessed foods and feedsdo			144.7	151.2	144.6	165. 5	156.0	155.3	154, 2	157.0	162.1	163. 4	161.9	159.7	158.6	156.
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR As measured by—										}						
Wholesale prices	\$0.840 .799	\$0.744 .752	\$0.751 .760	\$0.735 .755	\$0.745 . 754	\$0.704 .740	\$0.716 .738	\$0.721 .732	\$0.718 .727	\$0.705 .722	\$0.682 .716	\$0.669 . 707	\$0.661 .699	\$0.655 .694	\$0.645 .687	\$0.6

^{&#}x27;Revised. See corresponding note on p. S-8. Sincludes data for items not shown separately.

Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973	<u> </u>	1	1	13)73 	1	1				19	74		<u> </u>
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ant	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
		CON	STRU	CTIO	N AN	ID R	EAL	ESTA	TE							
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE																
ew construction (unadjusted), totalmil. \$	124,077	r 135,437	r 11,5 3 9	r 12,0 63	r 12, 3 02	r 12,628	r 12,486	⁷ 12,27 3	r 11,878	r 10,685	9, 450	9 , 34 9	r 10,002	11,010	11, 659	
Private, total Q	7 93,893 7 54,228 7 44,879	* 102,875 * 57,604 * 47,841	7 8, 691 7 4, 924 7 4, 106	7 9, 161 7 5, 257 7 4, 417	r 9, 447 r 5,424 r 4, 549	7 9, 564 7 5, 460 7 4, 561	7 9, 357 7 5, 287 7 4, 418	7 9,280 7 5, 010 7 4, 149	7 8, 912 7 4, 692 7 3, 850	7 8, 240 7 4, 242 7 3, 465	7, 122 3, 637 2, 051	6, 742 3, 295 2, 671	7,276 3,553 2,836	7 8, 022 3, 994 7 3, 083	8, 516 4, 326 3, 311	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total 9mil. \$mil. \$	24, 036 4, 676	* 27,584 * 6, 243	r 2, 312 r 480	- 2, 38 8 - 528	* 2, 479 * 557	- 2, 501 - 572	r 2, 473 r 580	r 2,576 r 617	r 2, 500 r 604	r 2, 388 r 635	2, 155 509	2, 174 55 3	r 2, 314 r 569	7 2, 440 7 586	2, 514 640	
Commercialdo Public utilities: Telephone and telegraphdo	13, 462 73, 302	* 15, 453 * 3, 967	r 1, 318	* 1, 348	r 1, 397 r 349	r 1, 417	r 1, 3 95	7 1, 441	r 1, 394 r 390	r 1, 278	1, 183 271	1, 170 281	7 1, 246 359	7 1, 336 364	1, 361	
Public, total Qdodo	* 30,184	r 32,562	r 2, 848	• 2, 902	r 2, 855	r 3, 064	r 3, 129	- 2, 993	r 2, 866	r 2, 445	2, 332	2,584	· 2, 610	r 2, 988	3, 143	
Buildings (excluding military) \(\text{\chicksim} \) do	11, 500 875	r 12, 994 941	1, 162 75	1,066 81	1, 020 83	r 1, 060 75	1, 085 64	1, 129 114	1, 149 97	1, 065 72	1, 007 58	1, 155 7 3	1, 115 69	1, 2 3 1 89		
Industrial. do Military facilities do Highways and streets do	534 - 1, 087 - 10, 429	605 1, 170 10, 559	52 r 105 r 886	57 r 106 r 1, 014	43 r 102 1, 082	42 * 104 * 1, 142	48 - 92 - 1, 171	53 7 98 7 1, 057	52 7 96 7 926	57 97 734	99 651 146	54 93 701	68 - 100 675	70 107	63 98	
ew construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), totalbil. \$			r 134. 5	r 134. 7	r 137.2	r 137. 4	r 137. 3	r 136. 4	r 135. 6	r 133. 2	1 3 2. 5	r 136. 3	* 1 3 5. 5	136. 2	135, 2	
Private, total 9dodo			* 101. 9	• 10 3 . 2	r 105. 6	r 105. 5	r 104. 1	• 103. 2	r 102. 2	r 100. 1	98. 6	99. 2	* 98. 7	r 98. 8	99. 2	
Residential (including farm) do New housing units do Nonresidential buildings, except farm and pub-				r 58. 2 r 49. 6	7 59. 1 7 49. 7	r 59.3 r 49.5	7 58. 0 48. 2	7 56. 2 7 46. 2	7 54. 4 7 44. 2	7 52. 3 7 42. 1	50. 4 39. 7	50. 0 39. 3	7 50. 0 7 39. 4	7 49. 6 7 39. 3	49. 7 3 9. 7	
lic utilities, total 9			7 27. 2 7 5. 8 7 15. 4	7 27. 6 7 6. 0 7 15. 6	* 28. 5 * 6. 5 * 16. 0	7 28. 0 7 6. 4 15. 8	r 27. 9 r 6. 8 r 15. 4	7 28. 4 7 6. 7 7 15. 8	28. 9 7. 1 16. 1	7 29. 1 7 7. 3 7 15. 9	29. 4 6. 9 16. 3	30. 7 8. 0 16. 6	730.0 7.5 716.3	7 29. 5 7 6. 9 7 16. 3	29. 6 7. 5 16. 1	
Public utilities: Telephone and telegraphdo			r 3. 9	3. 9	· 4. 2	4. 3	74.1	4.3	r 4. 4	74.0	4. 4	4.1	4.3	4. 4		
Public, total Qdo			* 3 2. 6	r 31. 5	r 31. 6	r 31. 9	33. 2	7 33. 2	r 33. 4	r 33. 1	3 5. 4	37.8	7 36.1	r 37. 3	36. 0	
Buildings (excluding military) Q do Housing and redevelopment do Industrial do Military facilities do Highways and streets do			13.4 .9	7 12. 6 7 1. 0	12.1 1.0	7 12. 1 1. 0 . 5	7 12.6 .8 .6	7 13. 5 1. 4 . 6	13. 2 1. 0	7 13. 1 7. 7 7. 7	13. 6 . 7 . 7	14.7 1.0	7 14.5 7.8	14.6 1.0 .8		
Military facilities do Highways and streets do do do do do do do do do do do do do			1.3 10.0	1. 2 • 10. 0	71.2 710.7	71.1 710.6	1.0	7 1. 1 7 10. 7	71.1	1.1	1. 3 12. 2	1. 4 12. 9	1. 4 11. 0	1.5 11.8	1. 2	
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS																
onstruction contracts in 50 States (F. W. Dodge Division, McGraw-Hill): Valuation, totalmil. \$mil. \$	91,062	r 101,102	r 9, 34 1	9, 910	9, 228	10, 303	8, 151	8, 983	7, 905	6, 133	5, 954	6, 610	7, 911	8, 929	10, 158	
Index (mo. data seas. adj.)1967=100_	1 165	1 181	173	183	175	199	182	191	194	161	155	187	181	179	188	
Public ownership mil. \$ Private ownership do	24, 009 67, 016	* 26, 974 * 73, 888	7, 002	2, 995 6, 916	2, 581 6, 647	2, 968 7, 33 5	2,328 5,822	2,055 6,928	2, 140 5, 765	1,855 4,277	2, 135 3, 819	2, 212 4, 3 98	2, 481 5, 430	2, 33 6 6, 59 3	3,082 7,076	
By type of building: Nonresidentialdodo	27, 055 45, 020	7 32, 116 7 46, 387	7 2,594 7 4,718	2,976 4,612	2, 991 4, 224	3, 241 4, 233	2,719 3,638	2,758 3,673	2, 655 3, 299	2, 210 2, 341	2, 3 07 2, 2 3 1	2, 260 2, 678	2,752 3,374	2,842 3,924	3, 120 3, 862	
Non-building constructiondo lew construction planning (Engineering News-Record) Odo	18, 986 68, 001	* 22,520 86,743	7 2, 029 6, 660	2, 323 3, 996	2, 013 5, 070	2, 828 8, 373	1,794 7,416	2,552 8,518	1, 951 10, 669	1,581	1,415 10,692	1,672 7,321	1,785 9,472	2, 163 8, 698	3, 176 7, 609	7,64
HOUSING STARTS AND PERMITS	00,001	00,740	0,000	0,000	3,010	0,0.0	1,410	0,010	10,000	10,013	10,002	1,021	0, 112	0,050	1,008	7,01
lew housing units started: Unadjusted:															Ì	
Total (private and public) thous Inside SMSA's do Privately owned do	1,732.7 2,356.6	2,057.5 1,501.7 2,045.3	234. 2 171. 7 234. 0	203. 4 147. 5 202. 6	203. 2 141. 9 202. 6	199. 9 147. 2 197. 2	148. 9 104. 1 148. 4	149. 5 101. 5 147. 1	133.3	90. 6 69. 1 90. 4	86. 2 63. 9 84. 5	109. 6 78. 7 109. 4	92.6 124.8	r 159.5	104, 2 r 149, 5	147.
One-family structuresdo Beasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total privately owneddo		1, 132. 0	2, 330 1, 243	114.8 2,152	114. 7 2, 152	2, 030	1,844	1,674	1,675	1, 403	43. 3 1, 464	1, 922	76. 9 1, 499	r 102. 2	7 96. 5	99.
One-family structuresdo The private housing units authorized by building permits (14,000 permit-issuing places):			1,243	1, 140	1,232	1, 108	990	957	938	767	793	1,056	962	996	r 933	1,01
Monthly data are seas. adj. at annual rates: Totalthous One-family structuresdo	2, 219 1, 0 33	1,796 870	1,838 954	2, 030 934	1, 780 904	1, 750 805	1,596 778	1,316 654	1,314 647	1, 237 606	1, 301 638	1, 333 729	1, 461 784	1,300 734	7 1, 116 683	1, 11 67
fanufacturers' shipments of mobile homes: Unadjusteddo Seasonally adjusted at annual ratesdo	575. 9	566. 9	56. 0 628	56. 0 600	49. 2 564	52. 5 543	43. 8 479	45. 0 458	39. 0 490	27. 9 456	28. 8 469	30.0 449	36. 9 475	42. 1 435	41. 1 451	
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES					1											
Pept. of Commerce composite1967=100.	139	152	150	151	153	155	156	156	158	158	160	162	163	164	166	
merican Appraisal Co., The: 1013=100 Average, 30 cities do Atlanta do New York do San Francisco do St. Louis do	1, 369 1, 563 1, 436 1, 285 1, 286	1, 515 1, 749 1, 590 1, 469 1, 434	1,517 1,752 1,581 1,440 1,441	1, 522 1, 753 1, 582 1, 497 1, 441	1, 523 1, 752 1, 580 1, 499 1, 471	1,539 1,762 1,591 1,522 1,464	1,547 1,757 1,659 1,518 1,461	1,547 1,756 1,659 1,517 1,461	1,542 1,732 1,653 1,508 1,457	1,544 1,773 1,651 1,504 1,461	1,543 1,770 1,649 1,503 1,461	1,557 1,800 1,660 1,515 1,477	1,586 1,835 1,707 1,540 1,501	1,590 1,838 1,710 1,540 1,516		
loeckh indexes: Average, 20 cities: Apartments, hotels, office buildings1967 = 100 Commercial and factory buildingsdo	145. 4 144. 8	154.0 154.4			154. 5		157.8		157. 8		158.9 159.3		162, 5	1,010		

Revised. Preliminary. 1 Computed from cumulative valuation total.

OData for May, Aug., and Nov. 1973 and Jan. and May 1974 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

 $[\]cent{Q}$ Includes data for items not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	973						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nusl	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
	CONS	STRUC	CTION	AN	D RE	AL E	STAT	E—C	ontin	ued						
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES—Con.						ļ	<u> </u>									
Engineering News-Record: Building	155. 2 163. 0	168. 4 176. 5	168.9 175.0	168. 5 176. 5	168. 3 177. 0	169.3 178.8	170. 2 179. 6	171. 2 180. 0	171.0 180.1	171. 4 180. 5	171. 0 180. 6	170.8 180.6	171. 0 182. 9	174. 2 182. 6		1 177. 5 1 185. 6
Federal Highway Adm.—Highway construction: Composite (avg. for year or qtr.)1967=100	138. 2	152. 4	ļ	145. 9			155. 1			167.8			187. 4			
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS								1								
Output index: Composite, unadjusted 91947-49=100 Seasonally adjusteddo	189.7	194.1	214.3 197.5	209. 3 195. 1	197. 1 206. 7	216. 1 198. 0	191. 1 186. 9	206. 3 186. 0	179. 1 187. 0	160. 4 183. 5	163. 0 172. 9	161.5 184.0				
Iron and steel products, unadjusteddo Lumber and wood products, unadjdo Portland cement, unadjusteddo	175. 0 193. 9 219. 4	193. 1 194. 6 235. 4	208. 2 210. 1 277. 9	209. 4 197. 0 282. 7	200. 3 180. 8 285. 0	204. 1 209. 7 319. 3	192. 2 187. 0 259. 4	213. 7 206. 4 301. 0	185. 2 185. 7 230. 6	168. 8 166. 1 158. 5	172. 8 177. 2 1 3 2. 6	162. 2 175. 6 147. 3	195. 1 190. 5			
REAL ESTATE¶			ŀ													
Mortgage applications for new home construction: FHA net applicationsthous. units Seasonally adjusted annual ratesdo Requests for VA appraisaisdo Seasonally adjusted annual ratesdo	209. 2	83. 2 161. 9	8. 4 91 15. 1 166	9. 1 99 14. 9 166	7. 4 92 12. 4 136	6. 6 69 13. 5 141	7. 5 94 10. 5 137	3. 6 51 12. 3 142	5. 2 56 10. 7 134	2. 1 30 7. 3 124	3.3 46 8.9 124	4. 8 62 11. 5 163	4. 2 71 12. 6 144	9.3 71 14.9 150	8. 3 89 14. 3 157	p 15. 8 p 185
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount	8, 067. 06 8, 419. 86	4, 473. 30 7, 467. 53	385. 90 655. 67	381. 62 650. 60	393. 06 665. 86	295. 11 560. 30	266. 34 561. 04	358. 37 647. 95	357. 15 720. 58	224. 72 470. 36	315.12 648.20	259. 94 517. 3 7	252. 99 533. 4 8	303.86 416.26	334. 10 716. 12	906. 77
Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of periodmil. \$	7, 979	15, 147	10, 156	11,142	12, 365	13, 511	14, 298	14, 799	14, 866	15, 147	15, 188	14, 904	14, 995	16,020	16, 803	
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associa- tions, estimated total mil. \$ By purpose of loan:		r 49, 464	* 5, 471	r 5, 732	r 5, 054	r 4, 966	7 3, 174	7 2, 786	r 2, 37 9	2,529	2,346	2,697	3, 648	4, 490) ´	
Home construction do Home purchase do All other purposes do	7 8, 548 7 26, 594 7 16, 227	7 8, 432 7 28, 248 7 12, 784	r 930 r 3, 137 r 1, 404	7 902 7 3, 465 7 1, 365	r 850 r 3, 076 r 1, 128	7 800 7 3, 056 7 1, 110	7 571 7 1, 836 767	7 1, 547 7 707	r 448 r 1, 365 566	1, 338 766	389 1,298 659	1,456 1,459 782	625 1, 967 1, 056	793 2, 421 1, 276		
Foreclosures number	1	135, 820	12,719	11, 509	11,070	11, 239	10,014	11, 431	11,017	10,668	11,705	10, 419	11,412			
Fire losses (on bldgs., contents, etc.)mil. \$	2, 304	2, 639	224	223	218	221	222	200	211	242	263	236	278	235	273	
]	DOM	ESTI	C TR	ADE									
ADVERTISING																
McCann-Erickson national advertising index, seasonally adjusted:	219 262 341 186 153	233 291 372 188 154	232 287 380 191 146	231 277 384 192 149	233 282 344 187 176	230 284 343 189 163	230 305 343 190 146	232 296 350 189 158	238 303 379 197 149	256 317 455 193 163	2 138 2 138 2 144 2 133 2 137					
Magazine advertising (general and natl. farm magazines):																
Cost, total	1, 210. 6 44. 2 102. 1 21. 0 145. 0 113. 6	1, 309. 2 46. 1 118. 9 25. 5 140. 5 95. 7	126. 7 3. 5 13. 3 3. 5 13. 0 8. 3	109.8 2.0 11.0 2.5 12.6 9.3	81.3 1.5 7.8 1.2 10.1 8.4	77. 2 3. 7 6. 0 1. 3 10. 6 5. 3	117. 1 6. 2 7. 9 2. 7 11. 2 6. 8	141.7 5.9 13.5 2.8 13.2 8.7	140. 1 5. 1 12. 5 1. 7 12. 8 9. 7	115.7 3.6 7.3 1.0 12.3 7.9	80.1 2.3 5.3 .9 8.5 4.1	98. 0 2. 8 8. 6 1. 4 10. 9 8. 4	112.1 4.9 11.1 2.0 11.5 7.1	125, 9 6, 5 9, 8 3, 4 12, 5 8, 0	14.1	
Beer, wine, liquors	81.0 72.9 29.4 20.5 94.6 486.2	86. 9 77. 3 36. 6 18. 6 110. 1 552. 9	8. 0 9. 4 3. 9 2. 0 8. 7 53. 1	7.4 7.3 3.4 1.3 8.6 44.4	5.6 3.9 2.6 1.1 8.4 30.6	3.9 3.5 2.6 1.1 8.1 31.0	6. 4 6. 7 4. 2 1. 7 9. 2 54, 1	10.7 9.4 4.4 2.2 11.1 59.9	11. 0 9. 2 3. 5 2. 1 11. 2 61. 3	14. 8 5. 3 3. 2 . 9 12. 0 47. 6	3.7 2.2 2.1 1.5 9.7 39.7	5. 1 3. 4 2. 2 1. 3 10. 2 43. 6	6.8 6.5 2.6 1.1 10.9 47.5	9. 6 8. 8 2. 8 2. 2 11. 5 50. 9	3. 6 1. 4 10. 9	
Newspaper advertising expenditures (64 cities): ⊕ Total mil. \$ Automotive do Classified do Financial do General do Retail do	3, 496. 5 98. 0 881. 2 114. 5 478. 0 1, 924. 8	3, 786. 1 99. 8 1, 024. 2 138. 9 479. 2 2, 044. 1	338. 5 9. 7 91. 2 10. 4 44. 5 182. 8	316. 3 8. 8 90. 2 11. 6 40. 8 164. 9	298. 8 8. 8 91. 8 17. 8 30. 4 150. 0	302. 8 9. 2 91. 8 8. 7 29. 4 163. 8	316. 9 8. 8 88. 6 9. 5 41. 6 168. 3	331. 6 7. 9 85. 7 12. 7 46. 1 179. 2	349. 1 8. 6 80. 7 10. 3 45. 8 203. 8	322. 3 5. 0 68. 1 9. 6 36. 3 203. 3	282. 9 8. 0 75. 7 13. 1 36. 8 149. 3	277. 5 7. 6 74. 9 8. 0 37. 6 149. 4	336.7 11.0 89.8 10.4 45.9 179.6	314. 9 10. 3 84. 3 12. 0		
WHOLESALE TRADE Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj.), total.mil. \$. Durable goods establishmentsdo	138.446	364, 858 167, 713 197, 145	31, 232 14, 828 16, 404	30, 104 14, 567 15, 537	29,892 14,073 15,819	32, 391 14, 958 17, 433	29,849 13,739 16,110	34, 067 15, 463 18, 604	33, 895 14, 971 18, 924	32, 834 13, 894 18, 940	33, 694 14, 682 19, 012	32,730 14,103 18,627	37,586 16,628 20,958	r 3 8, 0 02 r 17,722 r 20,280	38, 854 18, 200 20, 654	
Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total mil. \$ Durable goods establishments do Nondurable goods establishments do	31, 895 18, 672	37, 292 20, 954	33, 820 20, 062 13, 758	33, 921 20, 329	34,295 20,390	34, 317 20, 188 14, 129	34,728 20,168	35, 667 20, 278	36, 796 20, 657 16, 139	37, 292 20, 954	38, 379 21, 158	38,854 21,615	39,764 22,441	7 39,462 7 22,851 16,611	39, 723 23, 347	

Revised. Index as of July 1, 1974: Building, 182.2; construction, 189.5. ² Beginning Jan. 1974 data reflect new reference base, 1967=100. Comparable data for Jan. 1973 are as follows (1967=100): Combined index, 133; network television, 130; spot TV, 156; magazines, 116: newspapers, 128. ♀Includes data for items not shown separately. §Data include

guaranteed direct loans sold. ¶Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mortgages) are under money and interest rates on p. S-18. ⊕Source: Media Records, Inc. 64-City Newspaper Advertising Trend Chart.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as glown	1972	1973	 			1:	773					,	19	74		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
		D	OME	STIC	TRA	DE—	Conti	nued								
RETAIL TRADE																
All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), totalmil. \$	448, 379	503, 317	43, 178	43, 586	41, 665	43, 135	40, 916	43 , 721	44, 552	49,824	37, 92 3	36,668	42,709	r44,200	*46,728	1 45,270
Durable goods stores Qdo Automotive groupdo Passenger car, other auto. dealersdo Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo	149, 659 88, 612 81, 521 7, 091	170, 275 100, 661 92, 768 7, 895	15, 465 9, 428 8, 744 684	15, 410 9, 242 8, 522 720	14,518 8, 707 8, 016 691	14, 654 8, 519 7, 809 710	13,718 7,843 7,188 656	15, 171 8, 982 8, 258 724	14, 104 8, 083 7, 342 741	13, 409 6, 378 5, 619 759	11, 477 6, 470 5, 917 553	11, 293 6, 391 5, 867 524	13,603 7,798 7,158 640	7 14,445 7 8,272 7 7,556 7 716	7 15,341 7 8,748 8,009 739	1 15,030 1 8, 455
Furniture and appliance group Qdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo	21, 315 12, 550 7, 029	24, 030 14, 290 7, 904	1,953 1,214 602	2, 032 1, 228 670	1, 940 1, 179 634	2, 047 1, 229 680	1, 972 1, 142 678	2, 049 1, 238 660	2, 159 1, 293 699	2, 552 1, 370 935	1, 928 1, 123 654	1, 803 1, 076 588	2,077 1,267 642	7 2, 034 7 1, 251 7 626	7 2, 163 1, 343 657	1 2, 167
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, bldg. materials dealers.c ³ do Hardware storesdo	20, 064 15, 973 4, 091	22, 766 18, 049 4, 717	2,098 1,656 442	2, 185 1, 704 481	2,080 1,668 412	2, 180 1, 770 410	1, 937 1, 536 401	2, 068 1, 645 423	1,912 1,497 415	1,771 1,283 488	1, 453 1, 150 303	1, 496 1, 178 318	1,781 1,410 371	7 2,008 7 1,589 7 419	2,177 1,724 453	
Nondurable goods stores Q	298, 720 21, 993 5, 198 8, 386 3, 774	333, 042 24, 062 5, 609 9, 119 4, 229	27, 713 1, 908 448 738 324	28, 176 1, 975 472 756 345	27, 147 1, 740 397 677 299	28, 481 1, 931 411 698 378	27, 198 1, 974 412 747 401	28, 550 2, 030 448 783 365	30, 448 2, 214 523 842 361	36, 415 3, 386 896 1, 243 476	26, 446 1, 700 409 636 292	25, 375 1, 518 344 589 253	29,106 1,848 399 703 323	7 29,755 7 2,130 7 465 7 781 7 397	7 31,387 7 2,050 482 769 341	1 30,240 1 1,974
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	14, 523 33, 891 95, 020 88, 340 31, 044	15, 474 37, 925 105, 731 98, 392 34, 432	1, 281 3, 238 8, 745 8, 139 2, 947	1, 300 3, 353 9, 135 8, 512 3, 008	1, 240 3, 359 8, 976 8, 345 3, 088	1, 303 3, 556 9, 344 8, 687 3, 023	1, 226 3, 339 8, 859 8, 242 2, 837	1, 300 3, 341 8, 929 8, 302 2, 981	1, 286 3, 204 9, 207 8, 596 2, 996	1,741 3,272 9,932 9,214 2,908	1, 267 2, 995 9, 145 8, 528 2, 793	1, 255 2, 854 8, 750 8, 142 2, 692	1,329 3,238 9,734 9,072 3,088	r 1, 363 r 3, 288 r 9, 348 r 8, 670 r 3, 181	71,401 73,554 710,163 79,465 73,410	19,184
General merchandise group with non- stores ?	74, 903	83, 301	6,713	6,771	6, 269	6, 915	6, 594	7, 172	8, 543	11, 618	5, 511	5, 315	6,735	7, 166	r 7, 400	17,079
stores § \$mil. \$mil. \$mol. \$mol. \$mol. \$mol. \$	68, 936 46, 560 4, 722 7, 498 9, 215	77, 036 52, 292 5, 384 8, 212 9, 602	6, 194 4, 229 7 409 648 789	6, 284 4, 308 7 363 669 825	5, 799 3, 910 401 603 826	6, 391 4, 286 453 677 819	6, 072 4, 142 414 630 759	6, 555 4, 396 556 665 784	7,886 5,297 714 790 823	11,063 7,734 574 1,326 1,160	5, 037 3, 369 341 519 740	4, 817 3, 167 381 517 697	6,174 4,132 479 637 775	7 6, 615 7 4, 476 476 7 711 778	7 6,833 7 4,650 450 727 816	1 6, 546 1 4, 498
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), totaldo		į.	41,723	41, 167	42,767	42, 355	42, 529	42,970	42,976	42, 116	42, 932	43, 134	43,872	r 44,283	r 44,612	1
Durable goods stores \$do Automotive groupdo Passenger car, other auto. dealersdo Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo			14, 299 8, 503 7, 870 633	13, 731 7, 943 7, 328 615	14,409 8,654 7,992 662	14, 481 8, 645 7, 968 677	14,267 8,457 7,771 686	14, 331 8, 482 7, 769 713	14, 090 8, 183 7, 492 691	13, 270 7, 400 6, 681 719	13, 525 7, 474 6, 786 688	13, 327 7, 236 6, 548 688	13,660 7,403 6,721 682	7 13,941 7 7,644 7 6,964 7 680	7,818 7,818 7,138 680	1 13,966
Furniture and appliance group \(\frac{1}{2} \)do Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo			1,995 1,203 635	2, 006 1, 181 675	2,000 1,217 637	2, 025 1, 189 685	2, 063 1, 214 686	2, 005 1, 195 661	2, 046 1, 204 672	1, 975 1, 165 668	2, 058 1, 211 672	2, 032 1, 231 679	2, 191 1, 316 703	7 2, 163 7 1, 290 7 699	2, 203 1, 323 695	
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, bldg. materials dealers&do Hardware storesdo		1	1,939 1,546 393	1,946 1,520 426	1, 894 1, 515 379	1,894 1,503 391	1,836 1,428 408	1, 867 1, 460 407	1,890 1,484 406	1,835 1,450 385	1,858 1,447 411	1, 961 1, 518 443	2,028 1,572 456	7 2,012 7 1,591 7 421	2,012 1,610 402	
Nondurable goods stores Q do Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do do do do do do do do do do do do do		-	27,424 1,962 456 753 335	27,436 1,997 463 780 338	28,358 2,028 469 788 349	27,874 1,967 450 730 352	28,262 2,042 462 764 371	28,639 2,019 462 751 371	28,886 2,006 463 761 339	28,846 2,051 480 776 346	29, 407 2, 053 456 785 357	29, 807 2, 074 476 781 354	30,212 2,149 501 800 361	7 30,342 7 2,010 7 482 7 742 7 337	7 30,427 2,081 483 778 343	1 30,331
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do		-	1.291	1, 314 3, 085 8, 598 8, 000 2, 843	1,305 3,122 9,128 8,507 2,908	1, 298 3, 158 8, 964 8, 345 2, 836	8.992	1, 332 3, 308 9, 194 8, 568 2, 951	1,322 3,331 9,135 8,511 2,966	1, 297 3, 387 9, 264 8, 603 2, 902	1, 323 3, 331 9, 551 8, 874 2, 952	1, 370 3, 326 9, 634 8, 957 3, 059	1,376 3,318 9,594 8,912 3,154	7 1, 408 7 3, 429 7 9, 689 7 9, 003 7 3, 236	1, 397 3, 353 9, 744 9, 066 3, 314	
General merchandise group with non- stores ?			6,917	6, 939	7,051	6, 923	6, 989	6,995	7, 213	7,002	7,234	7, 237	7,543	7,438	7,518	
General merchandise group without non- stores ? §			6,386 4,346 7 443 667 799	6, 430 4, 352 7 442 686 807	6, 538 4, 423 486 684 817	6, 402 4, 351 442 682 810	6, 486 4, 406 468 689 807	6, 461 4, 357 482 696 811	6, 661 4, 485 473 726 793	6, 464 4, 445 403 690 839	6, 666 4, 456 470 738 820	6, 677 4, 486 485 707 824	6,992 4,701 498 753 829	7 6, 863 7 4, 663 494 7 716 842	487	
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: \$ Book value (unadjusted), total \$	54, 918 25, 268 11, 826 4, 336		60,139 28,042	60,395 28, 291 14, 190 4, 625 4, 044	60,008 27,916 13,989 4,582 4,050	58,909 25,843 11,854 4,615 3,981	26,308	62,559 26,991 12,657 4,800 3,990	64,951 28,099 13,490 4,900 3,969	61,643 27,899 13,847 4,690 4,024	61, 820 28, 217 14, 150 4, 658 4, 142	63, 364 28, 994 14, 640 4, 687 4, 290	65, 538 29, 631 14, 738 4, 810 4, 434	7 66,299 7 29,887 7 14,723 4,918 4,503	66, 818 29, 986 14, 666 4, 978 4, 491	
Nondurable goods stores \$do Apparel groupdo Food groupdo	4,614 5,858	33, 744 5, 012 6, 697	32, 097 4, 879 6, 019	32, 104 4, 863 6, 139	32,092 4,883 6,049	33, 066 5, 125 6, 156	33, 840 5, 271 6, 308	35, 568 5, 512 6, 526	36, 852 5, 678 6, 749	33, 744 5, 012 6, 697	33, 603 4, 771 6, 588	34, 370 4, 892 6, 674	35, 907 5, 172 6, 998	36,412 5,142 6,937	36, 832 5, 130 7, 031	
General merchandise group with non- storesmil. \$. Department storesdo	. 12, 115	14,548 8,379	13, 937 8, 217	13, 936 8, 124	14, 097 8, 247	14, 569 8, 590	14, 932 8, 708	16, 073 9, 368	16, 447 9, 476	14, 548 8, 3 79	14, 869 8, 577	15, 278 8, 812	16, 123 9, 395	16,631 9,753	16, 988 9, 921	
Book value (seas. adj.), total †	26, 034 12, 306 4, 407	63, 561 28, 778 14, 433 4, 765 4, 144	59,012 26,661 12,731 4,585 3,936	59,788 27,051 13,041 4,613 3,974	60,213 27,494 13,476 4,612 4,030	60,677 27,563 13,470 4,641 4,047		61,681 27,926 13,627 4,723 4,047	62,937 28,662 14,302 4,727 4,041	63,561 28,778 14,433 4,765 4,144	64, 261 28, 852 14, 470 4, 831 4, 218	64, 394 28, 789 14, 297 4, 787 4, 288	28,578	* 64,855 * 28,495 * 13,595 4,851 4,361	65, 615 28, 499 13, 435 4, 919 4, 338	
Nondurable goods stores Q	4,826 5.789	34, 783 5, 244 6, 618	4,970	32,737 5,035 6,167	32,719 5,021 6,092	33, 114 5, 033 6, 250	5,008	33,755 5,099 6,389	34, 275 5, 170 6, 478	34, 783 5, 244 6, 618	35, 409 5, 187 6, 705	35, 605 5, 118 6, 805	36, 165 5, 199 7, 016	5, 132	37, 116 5, 227 7, 043	
stores	12, 930 7, 754	15, 532 8, 943	14, 043 8, 262	14, 258 8, 368	14, 369 8, 482	14, 528 8, 623	14, 590 8, 614	14, 937 8, 708	14, 925 8, 567	15, 532 8, 943	16, 103 9, 288	16, 121 9, 3 70	16, 313 9, 480	16,654 9,768	17, 116 9, 973	

r Revised. ¹ Advance estimate. ♀ Includes data not shown separately. ♂ Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores. § Except department stores mail order. ‡ Series revised beginning Jan. 1972 to reflect

benchmark data from the 1972 Annual Retail Trade Report and new seas. factors; revision for Jan.-Dec. 1972 appear on p. 7 of the Mar. 1974 SURVEY.

	1972	1973 p				19	73						19	74		
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
1	<u>· </u>	De	OMES	STIC	TRA	DE(Conti	nued	·	<u>'</u>	•	<u>'</u>	·		<u>'</u>	'
RETAIL TRADE—Continued										,		1				Ī
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total Qmil. \$	137, 650	154, 546	12,653	12,945	12,214	13,008	12,447	13,181	14,653	18,305	11,656	11, 245	13, 414	r 13,648	14, 369	
Apparel group 9	6, 055 782 2, 194 1, 694 5, 246 2, 887 1, 902	6, 569 749 2, 393 1, 908 5, 857 3, 193 2, 085	524 63 200 144 479 277 159	544 66 200 162 498 286 178	451 45 172 139 471 286 166	529 49 186 168 494 305 169	555 54 192 185 465 279 174	545 63 193 157 493 265 169	591 77 213 156 494 265 176	912 119 336 224 751 254 235	413 47 146 123 469 231 190	366 40 133 106 461 220 162	486 55 179 138 514 258 180	7 589 68 7 206 7 178 7 522 7 259 7 179	522 63 192 146 537 275 195	
General merchandise group with non- stores ?mil. \$	58, 113	65, 569	5, 268	5, 3 22	4,930	5, 426	5, 158	5, 634	6,749	9, 33 5	4, 254	4, 135	5, 3 12	r 5, 672	5,845	
General merchandise group without non- stores	55, 100 41, 053 5, 933	62, 471 46, 380 6, 627	5,005 3,745 518	5, 077 3, 831 543	4, 696 3, 482 487	5, 172 3, 819 542	4, 907 3, 670 509	5, 313 3 , 900 542	6, 422 4, 678 652	9,068 6,823 1,086	4, 035 2, 993 409	3, 878 2, 813 411	5,030 3,686 512	7 5, 401 7 3, 988 7 574	5, 563 4, 144 583	
Grocery storesdo Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo	49, 206 2, 094	55, 165 2, 210	4, 524 189	4, 723 202	4,586 197	4, 762 200	4, 547 176	4, 665 204	4, 933 193	5, 196 202	4, 835 142	4, 652 137	5, 242 170	7 4,880 7 197	5, 3 55 205	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total ?do			12,730	12,634	13,161	12,812	13, 024	13,33 2	13,332	13,222	13,716	13,762	14,036	r14,008	14,067	
Apparel group Q do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do			538 64 208 148 480 262	544 62 204 157 507 263	554 59 210 173 495 255	522 57 185 154 487 274	556 60 198 165 499 282	538 63 182 162 511 280	530 65 190 145 503 289	535 61 187 154 500 257	555 56 211 164 519 256	552 64 198 156 534 259	549 68 202 151 543 255	7 543 66 7 197 7 151 7 553 7 261	527 61 192 148 530 255	
			5, 426 5, 158 3, 841	5, 450 5, 198 3, 850	5, 490 5, 236 3, 865	5, 454 5, 196 3, 846	5, 471 5, 234 3, 875	5, 573 5, 309 3, 939	5, 674 5, 405 3, 998	5, 511 5, 265 3, 942	5,678 5,391 3,969	5, 726 5, 425 3, 996	5, 9 3 5 5, 668 4, 170	r 5, 925 r 5, 635 r 4, 185	5, 984 5, 713 4, 233	
Variety storesdo			533 4,533	560 4, 406	558 4,848	553 4, 592	561 4,712	566 4,870	600 4,743	545 4,829	5,073	5,057	5,065	* 576 * 5,041	597 5,071	
All retail stores, accts. receivable, end of yr. or mo.:			174	172	191	189	190	204	181	172	183	188	180	r 187	189	
Total (unadjusted) mil. \$ Durable goods stores do Nondurable goods stores do Charge accounts do Installment accounts do	25, 068 8, 115 16, 953 10, 090 14, 978	27, 038 8, 520 18, 518 10, 445 16, 593	24, 547 8, 367 16, 180 10, 195 14, 352	24,712 8,541 16,171 10,205 14,507	24,353 8,452 15,901 9,823 14,530	24,582 8,592 15,990 9,948 14,634	24, 762 8, 601 16, 161 10, 047 14, 715	25, 272 8, 674 16, 598 10, 260 15, 012	25,752 8, 446 17,306 10,337 15,415	27, 038 8, 520 18, 518 10, 445 16, 593	25, 994 8, 138 17, 856 10, 012 15, 982	25, 709 8, 023 17, 636 9, 958 15, 751	25,637 8,212 17,425 10,147 15,490	26, 122 8, 409 17, 713 10, 604 15, 518		
Total (seasonally adjusted)	23, 518 7, 940 15, 578 9, 671 13, 847	25, 375 8, 351 17, 024 9, 991 15, 384	24, 665 8, 467 16, 198 10, 040 14, 625	24,790 8,383 16,407 9,995 14,795	24,869 8,394 16,475 9,897 14,972	25,064 8,482 16,582 10,037 15,027	24, 943 8, 352 16, 591 9, 988 14, 955	25, 341 8, 397 16, 944 10, 090 15, 251	25,449 8, 345 17,104 10,183 15,266	25, 3 75 8, 3 51 17, 024 9, 991 15, 3 84	25, 534 8, 351 17, 183 10, 223 15, 311	26, 015 8, 417 17, 598 10, 405 15, 610	26,071 8,535 17,536 10,468 15,603	26, 471 8, 636 17, 835 10, 755 15, 716		
	LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMI	PLOY	MEN'	T, AN	ND EA	ARNII	NGS						
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES																
Total, incl. armed forces overseastmil.	1 208. 84	1 210. 40	210.14	210.27	210.40	210. 54	210.68	210.83	210.97	211.09	211.21	211.33	211. 43	211.55	211.66	211.78
Labor force, persons 16 years of age and over thous. Civilian labor force do. Employed, total do. Agriculture do. Nonagricultural industries do. Unemployed do.	3, 472 78, 230	91, 040 88, 714 84, 409 3, 452 80, 957 4, 304	89, 891 87, 557 83, 758 3, 467 80, 291 3, 799	92, 729 90, 414 85, 567 4, 053 81, 514 4, 847	93, 227 90, 917 86, 367 4, 165 82, 201 4, 550	92, 436 90, 129 85, 921 3, 826 82, 095 4, 208	91, 298 89, 006 84, 841 3, 436 81, 406 4, 165	92, 046 89, 757 85, 994 3, 525 82, 469 3, 763	92, 168 89, 884 85, 828 3, 419 82, 409 4, 056	91, 983 89, 701 85, 643 3, 202 82, 441 4, 058	91, 354 89, 096 84, 088 3, 197 80, 891 5, 008	91, 692 89, 434 84, 294 3, 283 81, 011 5, 140	91, 884 89, 633 84, 878 3, 334 81, 544 4, 755	91, 736 89, 493 85, 192 3, 437 81, 756 4, 301	92, 158 89, 929 85, 785 3, 604 82, 181 4, 144	94, 758 92, 546 87, 167 3, 895 83, 272 5, 380
Seasonally Adjusted Civilian labor force do Employed, total do Agriculture do Nonagricultural industries do			88,263 83,950 3,320 80,630	88,818 84,518 3,430 81,088	88,828 84,621 3,512 81,109	88,704 84,513 3,425 81,088	89,373 85,133 3,376 81,757	89,749 85,649 3,455 82,194	89,903 85,649 3,561 82,088	90,033 85,669 3,643 82,026	90,543 85,811 3,794 82,017	90, 556 85, 803 3, 852 81, 951	90, 496 85, 863 3, 699 82, 164	90, 313 85, 775 3, 511 82, 264	90, 679 85, 971 3, 457 82, 514	90, 919 86, 165 3, 293 82, 872
UnemployeddododoRates (unemployed in each group as percent	1, 158	812	4,313 818	4,300 789	4,207 755	4,191 777	4,240 768	4,100 756	4,254 820	4,364 740	4,732 768	4,753 830	4, 633 815	4, 5 3 8 857	4,708 877	4,754 9 3 9
of total in the group): All civilian workers. Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16-19 years	4.0	4.9 3.2 4.8 14.5	4. 9 3. 4 4. 6 15. 1	4.8 3.2 4.9 14.0	4.7 3.1 4.8 14.4	4.7 3.1 4.8 14.3	4.7 3.0 4.8 14.3	4.6 3.0 4.4 14.0	4.7 3.0 4.7 14.5	4. 8 3. 0 5. 0 14. 4	5. 2 3. 4 5. 2 15. 6	5. 2 3. 5 5. 1 15. 3	5. 1 3. 4 5. 0 15. 0	5. 0 3. 6 4. 9 13. 8	5. 2 3. 4 5. 1 15. 8	5. 2 3. 5 5. 1 15. 6
White Negro and other races Married men, wife present	10.0	4.3 8.9 2.3	4. 4 9. 2 2. 3	4.3 8.8 2.3	4.1 9.2 2.1	4, 2 8, 8 2, 1	4. 2 9. 2 2. 1	4. 1 8. 4 2. 1	4. 2 8. 9 2. 1	4. 4 8. 6 2. 2	4.7 9.4 2.3	4.7 9.2 2.4	4. 6 9. 4 2. 4	4.5 8.7 2.5	4.7 9.5 2.2	4.8 8.8 2.6
Occupation: White-collar workers Blue-collar workers	3.4	2.9 5.3	2. 9 5. 3	2. 9 5. 3	2. 9 5. 2	2. 9 5. 2	2. 9 5. 1	2. 6 5. 1	2. 8 5. 4	3. 1 5. 2	3. 2 6. 0	3. 2 6. 1	2. 8 6. 1	2.8 6.4	3. 2 5. 7	3. 1 6. 2
Industry of last job (nonagricultural): Private wage and salary workers. Construction. Manufacturing. Durable goods.	5.7 10.3 5.6 5.4	4.8 8.8 4.3	4.8 8.9 4.4	4.7 8.2 4.4 3.7	4. 7 9. 4 3. 8 3. 3	4. 7 8. 5 4. 0 3. 6	4.7 9.6 4.2 4.0	4.5 9.0 3.9 3.7	4.8 9.1 4.3 3.6	5. 0 8. 2 4. 3 3. 9	5. 3 9. 1 5. 1 5. 0	5. 4 7. 9 5. 3 5. 1	5. 1 8. 4 5. 2 5. 0	5. 3 10. 3 5. 0 5. 0	5. 2 9. 6 4. 7 4. 5	5. 2 4. 8

Preliminary. As of July 1. c Corrected.
Preliminary. Except department stores mail order.
Revisions back to 1970 appear in P-25, No. 521, "Population Estimates and Projections,"
May 1974) Bureau of the Census.

of Beginning in the Feb. 1974 SURVEY, data reflect new seasonal factors; comparable monthly data back to 1967 appear in EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS (Feb. 1974), USDL, BLS. Seasonally adjusted data through 1966 as shown in the 1973 Business Statistics, are comparable.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS July 1974 S-141973 1973 1974 1972 Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Aug. June July Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Маг. June p Annual May Apr. May LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued EMPLOYMENT Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.:
Total, not adjusted for seasonal variation...thous...
Private sector (excl. government)......do.... 75, 567 61, 910 75, 404 61, 589 76, 308 62, 565 75, 368 62, 317 75,686 62,715 76,238 62,819 75,613 61,633 r 76,706 r 62,413 77,248 62,918 72, 764 59, 475 Seasonally Adjusted; Total employees, nonagricultural payrolis do...

Private sector (excl. government)....do...

Nonmanufacturing industries...do...

Goods-producing....do...

Mining....do...

Contract construction...do... 76, 526 62, 642 42, 636 24, 296 654 76,679 62,841 42,746 24,450 644 76,626 62,739 42,649 24,468 646 3,732 76,941 62,834 42,913 24,239 75, 526 61, 867 42, 011 24, 139 75,961 62,305 42,423 24,215 76,363 62,617 42,601 24,349 639 76,813 62,819 42,915 24,317 76,804 62,761 42,910 24,231 77,155 63,005 43,065 24,265 75, 567 61, 910 42, 090 24, 093 75, 321 61, 679 41, 897 24, 010 75, 478 61, 883 42, 079 24, 115 75,747 62,110 42,249 24,171 77, 107 62, 955 43, 037 24, 194 72, 764 59, 475 40, 541 23, 061 607 3, 521 656 3, 757 655 3,725 665 3, 611 3,700 3, 694 3,711 3,636 3,648 3,620 3,654 3, 680 3,676 r 3, 659 r 3, 661 Manufacturing ... do
Durable goods... do
Ordnance and accessories... do
Lumber and wood products... do
Furniture and fixtures... do
Stone, clay, and glass products... do
Primary metal industries... do
Fabricated metal products... do
Machinery, except electrical... do
Electrical equipment and supplies do
Transportation equipment... do
Instruments and related products... do
Miscellaneous manufacturing... do 19,921 11,733 7 193 7 654 19, 918 11, 749 189 638 524 18, 933 10, 884 188 612 493 660 19,820 11,633 193 19, 782 19, 856 11, 654 192 19, 804 11, 646 193 19,861 11,692 192 19,882 11,708 190 20,095 11,859 186 20,090 11,859 190 20,006 11,774 192 19,904 11,683 191 19,940 11,744 + 189 + 648 20,016 19,851 11,802 191 634 11,602 193 631 525 696 632 522 628 522 631 527 694 1,323 1,459 2,065 2,006 1,859 500 436 637 645 527 645 647 523 648 523 527 528 701 1,353 1,466 2,086 2,039 1,858 507 439 528 522 703 522 697 1, 308 1, 459 2, 040 2, 009 1, 858 494 438 522 693 1, 315 1, 453 2, 042 1, 996 1, 856 692 1, 299 1, 456 2, 021 1, 984 1, 877 693 701 707 702 694 701 1,357 1,473 2,121 2,048 1,857 512 439 707 1, 354 1, 470 2, 128 2, 057 1, 827 514 440 1,316 1,449 2,134 2,033 1,681 7 1, 320 1, 456 7 2, 136 7 2, 031 7 1, 756 7 523 1, 308 1, 457 2, 040 2, 008 1, 871 494 436 1,343 1,466 2,133 2,051 1,753 1,339 1,456 2,073 2,010 1, 331 1, 454 2, 123 1, 235 1, 371 1, 864 1, 327 1, 448 2, 149 2, 044 1, 769 1, 833 1, 747 456 425 2, 043 1, 706 521 1, 850 503 435 495 487 490 438 444 440 442 444 8, 2**3**2 1, 754 76 7 8, 188 1, 750 7 77 1, 016 7 1, 296 7 728 8, 221 1, 755 76 8, 207 1, 764 77 1, 019 r 8, 196 r 1, 747 r 76 8, 169 1, 737 75 8, 180 1, 736 76 8, 202 1, 729 76 8, 158 1, 720 76 8, 174 1, 719 70 8, 214 1, 735 72 8,236 1,749 75 8, 231 1, 753 75 8, 186 1, 736 74 8,169 1,706 72 1, 025 1, 309 729 1, 109 1, 045 1,011 1,280 725 1, 030 1, 321 724 1, 105 1, 042 192 7 1,013 7 1,297 7 731 991 1, **33**5 697 1, 024 1, 340 718 1. 025 1.022 1. 024 1. 021 1, 027 1.028 1.029 1, 351 719 1, 095 1, 025 1, 351 719 1, 100 1, 030 1, 337 719 1, 097 1, 038 1, 340 725 1, 098 1, 043 728 71,105 71,046 191 7684 295 1, 111 1, 056 191 690 293 1,102 1,043 190 694 1, 106 1, 046 1, 080 1, 002 190 627 304 1, 098 1, 030 187 1,100 1,031 189 1, 101 1, 034 186 690 295 190 687 297 182 676 186 687 190 683 193 192 690 190 686 693 291 296 297 291 51, 475 4, 611 16, 288 4, 079 12, 209 4, 053 12, 866 13, 657 2, 627 52,573 4,676 16,487 4,190 12,297 52,496 4,691 16,472 4,192 12,280 51,746 4,629 16,388 52, 230 4, 684 16, 417 52,890 • 4,661 • 16,605 51,311 51,387 52,014 52,229 52,158 52,702 4,668 16,549 52,913 49, 704 51, 363 51,576 61, 387 4, 597 16, 262 4, 072 12, 190 4, 049 12, 820 13, 659 2, 613 11, 046 4, 649 16, 597 4, 213 12, 384 4, 129 13, 386 14, 152 2, 653 11, 499 4, 495 15, 683 3, 918 11, 765 4,644 16,398 4,152 12,246 4,101 13,128 13,887 4,593 16,256 4, 598 16, 294 4,617 16,352 4,671 16,465 4,654 16,520 16, 294 4, 071 12, 223 4, 048 12, 828 13, 595 4, 046 12, 210 16,352 4,099 12,253 4,064 12,906 13,637 2,599 10,405 4, 137 12,328 4,088 13,044 13,746 2,626 11,120 16,520 4,163 12,357 4,095 13,122 13,838 2,638 11,200 r 4, 202 r 12,347 r 4, 130 r 13,248 r 14,107 2, 681 r 11,426 4, 111 12,277 4,046 12,210 4,044 12,776 13,642 2,641 4, 184 12, 233 4, 109 13, 136 13, 884 2, 651 4, 192 12,280 4, 124 13,215 13,994 2,670 11,324 12,277 4,078 12,995 13,656 12, 297 4, 127 13,240 14,043 2, 675 11,368 7 4, 143 7 13,331 7 14,150 7 2, 698 7 11,452 3, 927 12, 309 13, 290 2, 650 10, 640
 Services
 do

 Government
 do

 Federal
 do

 State and local
 do
 2,613 11,043 2,654 11,233 11,031 11,001 11,007 11, 233 52,063 14,841 52,286 14,866 52,483 14,886 52,485 14,799 50,772 14,422 51, 899 14, 7**3**9 50,823 14,513 50,985 14,405 51, 530 r 51,978 r 14,454 r 14,490 52, 669 14, 687 51, 025 14, 457 51, 276 14, 575 51, 616 14, 458 51,976 14,727 Seasonally Adjusted ‡ 51,948 18,156 503 3,090 14,563 51, 276 18, 062 476 3, 011 14, 575 8, 548 99 51, 090 17, 996 461 2, 984 14, 551 8, 528 99 542 428 555 r 51,917 r 18,086 r 504 r 3,000 r 14,582 r 8,578 51, 247 18, 093 479 51, 592 18,155 51,915 18,347 52,003 18,017 507 2,948 14,562 8,574 51, 241 18, 111 51,442 18,135 483 52,044 18,322 491 3,057 14,774 8,712 93 548 434 1,096 1,137 1,441 1,417 1,324 318 51,781 18,157 51,856 18,257 51,855 18,079 500 3,063 14,516 8,489 96 557 430 565 1,053 1,111 1,444 1,396 1,164 325 348 r 52,046 r 18,093 r 506 r 2,995 r 14,592 r 8,576 18,100 483 3,063 14,609 8,599 96 544 434 554 495 3, 081 14,771 8, 712 96 555 434 100 488 3, 049 14,720 8, 674 477 3, 020 14, 614 8, 573 501 2,974 3, 048 14, 566 8, 562 99 3,041 14,611 8,597 2,908 13,838 7,919 14, 682 8, 624 96 555 434 565 1, 079 1, 127 1, 448 1, 447 1, 233 321 349 8, 524 96 557 430 565 1, 067 1, 117 1, 435 1, 407 1, 180 324 346 98 542 436 555 94 527 408 527 93 543 431 556 96 r 561 430 r 559 1, 055 1, 117 1, 446 1, 397 1, 242 541 431 557 544 434 554 544 431 554 1,058 1,121 1,381 1,378 1,334 306 546 434 562 1, 093 1, 131 1, 411 1, 412 1, 331 314 343 r 429 1, 044 1, 123 1, 366 1, 370 1, 354 304 343 1, 052 1, 126 1, 380 1, 389 1, 348 306 341 1, 050 1, 127 1, 379 1, 392 1, 338 306 342 1, 066 1, 129 1, 399 1, 384 1, 339 311 340 1, 082 1, 123 1, 398 1, 386 1, 332 311 339 1, 094 1, 134 1, 447 1, 423 1, 298 320 343 1,058 1,117 1,444 1,393 1,248 1, 064 1, 109 1, 445 1, 404 1, 253 331 345 984 1, 049 1, 236 1, 238 1, 248 276 331

Revised. Preliminary. Revised seasonally adjusted payroll employment, hours, earnings, etc. (back to Jan. 1968) were not incorporated in the 1973 edition of Business Statistics. Revised data for

33, 094 3, 957 14, 435 3, 385 11, 050

143

33,130 3,960 14,421 3,406 11,015

33, 154 3, 952 14,449 3, 404 11,045

3, 142 11,611

33,307 3,969 14,489 3,423

3, 420 11,066 3, 153

6, 027 1, 172 61

900 1,163

33, 215 3, 967 14, 451 3, 411 11, 040

5, 919 1, 180

1, 165

581 117

32, 018 3, 883 13, 923 3, 278

10, 645 3, 072 11, 140

Service-producing do.
Transportation, comm., elec., gas, etc. do.
Wholesale and retail trade do.
Wholesale trade do.
Retail trade do.

33,776 r 33,831 r 33,953 4,016 r 4,006 r 4,008 14,599 r 14,654 r 14,694 3,506 3,509 r 3,521 11,093 r 11,145 r 11,173 3,178 r 3,181 r 3,184 11,983 r 11,990 r 12,067 3, 15a 11,696 1968-72 appear in EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS (June 1973), USDL, BLS; seasonally adjusted data for 1947-67 as shown in the 1973 BUSINESS STATISTICS are comparable with the curren

33,624 4, 028 14, 528 3, 494 11, 034

33,792

4,033 14,599 3,502 11,097

33,599 4,019 14,596 3,456 11,140

33, 722 4, 002 14, 657 3, 483 11, 174

33, 568 3, 988 14, 517 3, 468 11, 049

3, 165 | 3, 171 | 3, 169 | 3, 162 | 3, 174 | 11,819 | 11,892 | 11,894 | 11,906 | 11,986 |

6,010 1,157 57 899 1,160

558 661

606

33,437 3,972 14,527 3,432 11,095 3,162

11,776

r 347

6,004 1,190 r 64 890 1,120 r 563 r 661 r 607 120 r 537 r 252

6.027

r 349

6,016 1,190 63 888 1,120 565 664

r 613 r 122 r 540 r 251

560 670

612

121 545 250

33, 986 3, 999 14, 694 3, 516 11, 178 3, 177

12, 116

1973 Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS 1972 1973 1974 Annual Мау June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Feb. Dec. Jan. June » Mar. Apr. May LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued AVERAGE HOURS PER WEEK Seasonally Adjusted 37. 2 37. 0 42. 5 37. 5 40. 7 40. 7 3. 9 37. 4 42. 5 37. 4 40. 9 40. 6 3. 8 37. 2 37. 6 42. 4 37. 5 40. 5 40. 7 3. 8 37. 0 37. 5 42. 6 37. 1 40. 5 37. 2 37. 3 42. 9 36. 7 41. 0 37. 1 37. 0 42. 8 38. 5 40. 8 40. 6 3. 8 37. 0 36. 6 43. 4 37. 7 40. 1 40. 5 3. 5 36. 8 36. 6 42. 9 37. 1 40. 3 40. 4 3. 6 36.6 36.3 42.5 36.2 39.1 36. 8 36. 6 7 43. 2 7 37. 0 40. 3 40. 3 3. 5 36. 8 37. 1 42. 6 37. 4 40. 4 40. 1 37. 0 37. 0 42. 5 37.0 37.2 43.3 37.2 41.2 40.7 3.7 36. 7 36. 4 42. 6 36. 2 40. 0 40. 3 3. 4 37. 2 42. 5 37. 0 40. 6 37. 1 42. 4 37. 2 40. 7 36. 9 40. 7 40. 6 3. 7 * 39. 3 2. 9 3. 8 3. 5 3.3 Durable goods do.
Overtime hours do.
Overtime hours do.
Ordnance and accessories do.
Lumber and wood products do.
Furniture and fixtures do.
Stone, clay, and glass products do.
Frimary metal industries do.
Fabricated metal products de.
Machinery, except electrical do.
Electrical equipment and supplies do.
Transportation equipment do.
Instruments and related products do.
Miscellaneous manufacturing ind do. 41.3 3.9 42.6 40.9 7 40.9 7 3.6 7 43.0 7 40.1 41. 3 3. 9 42. 4 40. 3 39. 4 41. 9 42. 7 41. 4 4. 0 42. 1 40. 3 39. 4 42. 1 43. 4 41. 6 42. 3 40. 2 40.8 41.1 40.9 42.7 40.3 39.5 41.7 41.5 42.4 39.9 40.3 40.5 38.9 41.5 41. 4 4. 0 41. 9 40. 9 40. 1 42. 2 41. 9 41. 5 40. 1 41. 9 40. 5 38. 9 41. 1 3. 9 41. 5 40. 7 39. 7 42. 0 41. 8 41. 4 4. 0 42. 5 40. 7 39. 7 42. 2 42. 7 41. 5 39. 8 2. 9 7 41. 6 40. 1 7 38. 8 7 41. 2 7 39. 6 7 40. 7 7 39. 0 7 38. 9 39. 4 7 37. 6 40.8 3.3 43.0 39.9 39.4 41.4 41.7 40.9 42.3 40.0 40.5 39.0 41. f 41. 4 4. 1 7 40. 5 39. 8 42. 1 42. 2 41. 6 42. 2 40. 2 42. 3 40. 6 38. 9 3.6 42.2 41.0 3.5 41.9 40.4 3.6 42.1 40.6 39.7 41.9 41.4 41.2 42.5 40.6 40.8 39.0 4. 1 42. 3 40. 6 39. 9 42. 1 42. 4 41. 6 42. 6 4.2 41.9 40.7 40.1 42.3 41.9 41.6 42.6 40.6 42.1 40.7 39.1 7 40.1 39.3 7 41.5 41.7 7 41.0 7 42.3 7 40.1 7 40.4 7 40.3 7 38.9 39.6 42.2 42.4 41.5 39.8 41.6 41.8 41.0 42.3 39.6 40.0 40.6 38.3 41. 9 41. 6 41. 2 42. 0 40. 5 41. 8 40. 5 39. 3 41. 8 42. 4 40. 1 41. 0 40. 4 38. 7 41. 5 42. 6 40. 0 41. 5 40. 8 38. 6 41. 5 43. 0 40. 4 41. 1 40. 9 39. 1 42.9 40.1 41.0 41.0 38.8 40. 4 41. 9 40. 7 39. 0 39. 6 3. 3 40. 8 38. 8 40. 7 35. 6 39. 7 3. 3 40. 6 39. 2 40. 5 35. 8 39. 7 3. 5 40. 8 40. 7 40. 6 35. 7 7 38. 7 2. 8 39. 8 7 38. 8 39. 2 7 34. 5 39. 4 3. 2 7 40. 6 7 38. 5 40. 3 35. 6 39. 6 3. 4 40. 4 38. 3 40. 8 35. 8 39. 6 3. 4 40. 4 37. 9 40. 9 36. 0 39. 6 3. 4 40. 2 36. 0 40. 8 35. 9 39. 7 39. 5 3. 3 40. 4 38. 5 39. 8 3. 4 40. 6 37. 9 39.8 39.6 39.5 **3**9. 3 39.6 3. 3 40. 4 37. 7 40. 4 35. 5 3. 3 40. 4 37. 4 41. 3 36. 0 3.4 40.9 38.9 40.8 35.9 3. 4 40. 8 39. 5 40. 6 35. 2 3. 1 40. 5 38. 9 40. 1 34. 9 40.8 36.0 40.8 40. 9 35. 9 42. 5 37. 7 42. 0 42. 6 40. 9 37. 8 42.6 37.6 41.8 42.8 40.8 38.1 41.7 37.1 41.8 42.5 39.3 37.3 42. 2 37. 6 42. 0 41. 9 40. 5 37. 2 42.8 37.9 41.8 42.2 41.2 38.3 42.8 37.8 41.9 42.7 41.0 37.5 42.7 37.9 41.9 42.2 41.0 37.9 42.7 87.8 42.0 41.7 40.7 88.1 42. 7 37. 7 42. 1 42. 4 40. 8 37. 8 42. 4 37. 7 42. 1 42. 1 42.7 42.8 r 42.3 42.6 37.9 41.9 42.2 42.8 42.8 38. 0 42. 0 42. 1 40. 8 37. 9 38. 0 42. 0 42. 5 r 41.8 r 42.3 r 40.4 r 37.6 41. 2 38. 0 40.6 37.2 7 40. 6 34. 3 39. 1 32. 9 7 37. 0 34. 1 40. 4 35. 1 39. 8 33. 6 40. 7 34. 6 39. 4 33. 1 37. 0 34. 0 40. 4 34. 4 38. 9 33. 0 40. 3 34. 3 38. 9 32. 9 36. 9 34. 0 7 40. 9 34. 5 7 38. 9 33. 1 7 36. 9 7 34. 0 40. 5 34. 4 39. 2 33. 0 37. 1 34. 3 Trans., comm., elec., gas, etc....do.
Wholesale and retail trade...do.
Wholesale trade...do.
Retail trade 40. 7 34. 7 39. 5 33. 2 37. 2 34. 2 40. 9 34. 5 39. 4 33. 0 37. 0 34. 2 40. 8 34. 5 39. 3 33. 0 36. 9 34. 0 40.4 34.5 39.1 82.9 40.8 34.3 39.1 32.8 40. 6 34. 7 39. 5 33. 2 41.0 34.8 39.7 33.4 37.0 34.2 40.7 34.9 39.5 33.5 40. 6 34. 6 39. 5 33. 2 37. 2 34. 1 Retail trade 37.2 34.1 37.0 34.1 MAN-HOURS Seasonally Adjusted Man-hours of wage and salary workers, nonagric establishments, for I week in the month, seasonally adjusted at annual rate † . bil. man-hours.
Total private sector do Mining do Contract construction do Manufacturing do Transportation, comm., elec., gas do Wholesale and retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Services do Government do 148.33 120.16 1.46 6.89 40.79 9.93 729.75 7.92 23.42 728.17 147.30 119.91 1.39 7.20 41.52 9.72 29.44 7.84 22.80 27.40 148.03 120.54 1.41 7.09 41.75 9.76 29.61 7.90 23.03 27.49 149.25 121.23 1.48 7.36 41.61 9.86 149. 86 121. 38 1. 47 7. 02 41. 42 147. 29 119. 87 1. 38 7. 06 41. 62 9. 74 29. 46 7. 82 149.11 121.09 1.45 7.25 149.07 120.67 1.46 7.19 149.91 148.36 120.40 147.53 120.18 147.12 147.35 119.97 148.58 120.86 149.24 121.74 142. 46 115. 37 1. 34 6. 78 39. 68 9. 47 28. 68 7. 59 21. 83 27. 09 7121, 29 71. 49 77. 04 741, 54 147.12 119.80 1.34 7.08 41.56 9.78 1 29.53 7.79 22.71 27.32 120.86 1.41 7.11 41.95 9.90 29.58 7.85 23.05 27.67 1. 45 6. 84 41. 69 9. 94 29. 37 1.40 7.12 41.48 9.81 1.39 7. 13 41. 63 9. 72 29. 57 7. 82 22. 92 27. 35 7. 20 42. 14 9. 74 29. 36 7. 94 23. 20 28. 02 9. 79 29. 84 7. 97 23. 88 28. 48 7 9, 84 29, 77 7 7, 97 9. 84 29. 77 7. 88 23. 19 27. 50 29. 55 7. 94 23. 43 28. 02 29. 40 7. 82 22. 94 27. 38 7.88 23.22 27.95 23. 41 28. 41 Indexes of man-hours (aggregate weekly):#

Private nonagric payrolls, total 1967=100
Goods-producing do
Mining do
Contract construction do
Manufacturing do
Durable goods do
Nondurable goods do
Service-producing do
Transportation comm., elec., gas do
Wholesale and retail trade do
Wholesale trade do
Retail trade do
Finance, insurance, and real estate do
Services 111.7 7 102.6 7 109.4 7 108.6 101.3 111. 8 102. 0 108. 1 108. 0 100. 7 101. 5 111.8 103.6 109.2 114.2 101.5 110.6

100.2

107.2

106.4

98.9

99.2

98.4

117.8

108.9

114.2

114.3

123.5

125.2 110.8 103.3 100.9 109.7 102.2 102.9 110.8 103.1 98.0 109.7 102.1 102.8 111.1 110. 9 103. 4 101. 6 112. 0 102. 9 100. 6 116. 0 107. 0 113. 2 112. 2 113. 6 122. 9 121. 9 110. 9 103. 1 102. 9 110. 6 101. 8 102. 6 100. 7 116. 3 107. 9 113. 0 112. 6 113. 1 122. 7 122. 8 111. 4 103. 7 103. 7 110. 2 102. 6 103. 5 101. 2 116. 8 107. 2 113. 8 113. 1 114. 1 123. 7 123. 3 111. 7 104. 0 103. 8 110. 3 103. 0 104. 0 101. 4 117. 0 109. 0 113. 7 113. 4 113. 9 122. 8 123. 4 104.9 107.2 112.8 102.5 107.3 111.4 103.4 105.3 105.1 102. 5 106. 8 101. 4 110. 7 102. 2 102. 9 115. 3 103. 6 104. 6 97. 5 105. 5 96. 8 94. 9 99. 5 112. 5 104. 4 110. 4 105.5 103.5 104.6 102.0 116.6 107.1 112.8 101. 8 102. 1 101. 4 116. 8 100.8 100.8 100.8 117.2 107.6 113.3 113.8 113.1 123.3 125.1 101. 6 101.8 100.5 101. 6 101. 4 117. 5 108. 3 113. 5 113. 7 113. 4 123. 5 125. 5 99. 6 118. 6 107. 7 114. 5 115. 0 114. 3 124. 0 127. 6 102.8 101.1 116.1 107.9 113.7 112.2 114.3 122.3 121.4 102. 0 117. 5 108. 3 101. 1 116. 1 101. 2 116. 5 118. 1 108. 2 110. 5 107. 2 113. 8 112. 3 114. 3 122. 7 122. 6 110, 1 107, 2 113, 3 112, 4 113, 7 109.3 112.6 108. 3 114. 6 114. 5 114. 6 123. 4 124. 1 114.2 114. 9 113. 9 123. 9 126. 3 113.2 112.6 124.0 124.2 114.0 110.9 122. 7 122. 1 HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS 4.06 4.99 6.75 4.24 4.07 4. 14 r 5. 12 6. 81 r 4. 33 4. 15 4. 60 4. 41 r 4. 59 3. 90 4. 70 6. 40 4. 06 3. 89 4. 31 4. 12 4. 28 4.01 4.92 6.70 4.21 Trivate nonagric. payrolls. dollars. Mining. do Contract construction. do Manufacturing. do Excluding overtime. do Excluding overtime. do Durable goods. do Excluding overtime. do Ordnance and accessories. do Lumber and wood products. do Furniture and fixtures. do Furniture and fixtures. do Primary metal industries. do Primary metal industries. do Machinery, except electrical. do Electrical equipment and supplies do Transportation equipment. do Instruments and related products. do Miscellaneous manufacturing ind. do Revised. 2 Preliminary. Revisions for Jacobs. 4. 17 5. 16 6. 84 4. 37 4. 19 4. 64 4. 45 4. 64 3. 87 3. 50 4. 54 4. 16 4. 4. 54 5. 54 5. 3.91 4.69 6.46 4.06 3.88 4.31 4.11 4.29 3.62 3.28 4.21 3. 99 4. 76 6. 66 4. 14 3. 95 4. 39 4. 19 4. 38 3. 67 3. 34 4. 27 4. 00 4. 86 6. 67 4. 16 3. 97 4. 42 4. 21 4. 48 3. 65 3. 34 4. 28 5. 23 5. 4. 65 3. 97 5. 23 5. 4. 02 4. 99 6. 74 4. 21 4. 04 4. 47 4. 29 4. 49 3. 68 3. 36 4. 27 5. 24 3. 85 4. 61 4. 02 3. 85 4. 08 4. 23 3. 54 4. 14 4. 95 4. 21 4. 50 3. 81 5. 00 3. 87 4. 67 6. 35 4. 04 3. 86 4. 30 4. 22 3. 61 3. 25 4. 17 3. 99 4. 78 6. 64 4. 13 3. 93 4. 39 4. 17 4. 37 3, 65 4, 38 6, 06 3, 81 3, 65 4, 05 3, 88 4, 09 3.89 4.70 6.47 4.07 3.88 4.32 4.12 3.58 3.26 4.18 5.03 4.55 3.86 5.87 3.88 3.27 4. 21 4. 05 4. 47 4.02 4.48 4.28 4.49 3.68 3.36 4.29 5.23 4.75 3.98 5.32 4. 11 4. 50 4. 35 4. 53 3. 76 3. 42 4. 39 5. 38 4. 40 4. 73 3. 99 5. 25 4. 06 3. 43 4.50 4.31 4.53 3.74 3.41 4. 29 4. 51 3. 78 3. 89 4. 30 5. 25 4. 39 4. 75 3. 97 5. 23 4. 05 3. 42 4. 28 3. 59 3. 25 4. 20 5. 00 4. 24 4. 51 3. 86 5. 06 7 3. 81 3. 48 4. 44 7 5. 54 4. 52 3. 31 3. 06 3. 91 4. 66 3. 99 4. 27 3. 67 3. 68 3. 33 4. 26 5. 16 4. 30 4. 61 3. 91 5. 10 3. 93 4. 33 5. 30 4. 43 4. 78 3. 99 5. 27 4. 96 4. 24 4. 50 3. 83 5. 05 5.10 4.24 4.53 3.88 5.02 5. 14 4. 32 4. 63 3. 91 5. 14 3. 93 5. 24 4. 38 4. 73 3. 98 5. 28 4. 04 3. 41 7 4. 84 7 4. 06 7 5. 36 4. 10 7 3. 48

3. 72 3. 11

4.04 3.36

4.06 3.48

r Revised. Preliminary. 1 hours): 29.09; 29.34 (corrected); 29.36. 1 Revisions for Jan.-Mar. 1973 are as follows (bil. man-

[†] See note "†", p. S-14. ¶ Production and nonsupervisory workers. § Revised beginning June 1971 to correct errors of estimation; revisions appear at bottom of p. S-14, Oct. 1973 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973	<u> </u>			19	73				 ,		19	774		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYM	IENT	, ANI	EA1	RNIN	GS	Conti	nued					
HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS-Con.																
Average hourly earnings per worker ¶—Con. Not seasonally adjusted—Continued Private nonagric, payrolls—Continued Manufacturing—Continued							: :									
Nondurable goods	3. 47 3. 33 3. 64 3. 2. 73 2. 61 3. 94 4. 48 4. 92 2. 71 4. 60 2. 71 3. 88 2. 70 3. 88 3. 80 3. 81 3. 82 3. 83 3. 83 3. 84 3.	3. 69 3. 53 3. 83 3. 77 2. 94 4. 68 4. 47 5. 22 3. 80 2. 04 3. 20 4. 12 2. 3. 61 3. 36	3. 64 3. 50 3. 82 3. 84 2. 90 2. 71 4. 67 4. 42 5. 22 3. 71 2. 80 4. 96 3. 17 4. 09 2. 3. 32	3. 66 3. 51 3. 82 2. 90 2. 75 4. 68 4. 46 5. 24 5. 75 2. 80 9. 3. 19 4. 10 2. 86 3. 58 3. 34	3. 70 3. 55 3. 89 2. 74 4. 23 4. 70 4. 49 5. 26 3. 82 2. 79 4. 12 2. 64 3. 20 4. 12 3. 36	3.70 3.54 3.83 2.92 2.79 4.24 4.70 4.50 4.50 3.81 2.80 3.21 4.13 3.60 3.34	3. 75 3. 58 3. 85 3. 62 2. 84 4. 26 4. 26 4. 53 5. 29 3. 86 4. 19 2. 92 3. 66 3. 44	3. 76 3. 60 3. 89 3. 73 3. 03 2. 85 4. 27 4. 75 4. 54 5. 26 3. 86 2. 85 5. 18 3. 27 4. 183 2. 36 4. 23 3. 64 3. 44	3. 78 3. 62 3. 91 3. 81 3. 06 2. 86 4. 30 4. 76 4. 58 5. 29 4. 22 2. 94 4. 22 2. 34 3. 67 3. 45	3.80 3.64 3.97 3.87 3.07 2.83 4.79 4.60 5.27 3.91 2.87 3.28 4.27 2.94 2.94 2.94 3.72 3.48	3. 83 3. 68 4. 00 3. 92 3. 06 2. 85 4. 79 4. 64 5. 40 5. 40 5. 20 1. 3. 35 4. 29 2. 90 3. 74 3. 50	3. 83 3. 69 4. 02 3. 89 3. 06 2. 86 4. 31 4. 82 4. 64 5. 42 5. 92 5. 24 6. 4. 31 2. 99 3. 75 3. 53	3. 85 3. 70 4. 05 4. 01 3. 07 2. 87 4. 85 4. 65 5. 42 5. 29 5. 23 3. 38 4. 33 3. 01 3. 75 3. 54	r 3. 87 3. 74 r 4. 08 r 4. 14 r 3. 05 2. 89 r 4. 37 r 4. 85 r 4. 70 r 5. 55 r 3. 87 r 5. 295 r 5. 26 r 5. 38 r	73.92 3.77 4.13 74.28 73.11 2.95 74.49 73.93 73.00 75.27 73.44 74.41 3.07 73.77 73.61	3, 96 3, 81 4, 14 4, 31 3, 24 4, 47 4, 92 4, 80 5, 48 3, 94 3, 01 5, 29 3, 47 4, 45 3, 10 3, 81 3, 61
Seasonally adjusted: † Private nonagricultural payrolls	3. 65 4. 38 6. 06 3. 81 4. 64 3. 02 3. 45 3. 18	3. 89 4. 70 6. 47 4. 07 5. 04 3. 20 3. 61 3. 36	3. 85 4. 62 6. 34 4. 02 4. 97 3. 16 3. 56 3. 32	3. 87 4. 70 6. 43 4. 04 5. 01 3. 19 3. 59 3. 36	3. 91 4. 74 6. 46 4. 07 5. 03 3. 21 3. 61 3. 38	3.92 4.73 6.50 4.09 5.11 3.23 3.61 3.37	3. 96 4. 78 6. 59 4. 13 5. 15 3. 26 3. 67 3. 42	3. 98 4. 76 6. 59 4. 16 5. 17 3. 27 3. 65 3. 43	3. 99 4. 83 6. 63 4. 16 5. 18 3. 29 3. 67 3. 44	4.02 4.90 6.67 4.18 5.19 3.31 3.73 3.48	4. 02 4. 97 6. 69 4. 20 5. 20 3. 33 3. 73 3. 49	4. 04 4. 96 6. 72 4. 20 5. 24 3. 34 3. 72 3. 52	4. 07 4. 98 6. 78 4. 24 5. 26 3. 37 3. 74 3. 54	4. 08 7 5. 07 6. 83 7 4. 25 7 5. 28 3. 37 3. 75 3. 56	4. 14 7 5. 13 6. 81 7 4. 33 7 5. 28 7 3. 43 7 3. 76 7 3. 61	4. 17 5. 19 6. 92 4. 37 5. 31 3. 47 3. 82 3. 63
Indexes of avg. hourly earnings, seas. adj.: ⊕ ¶‡ Private nonfarm economy: Current dollars	137. 9 110. 1 136. 7 146. 9 135. 4 143. 7 135. 0 133. 4 138. 4	146. 5 110. 1 146. 4 156. 2 143. 3 155. 8 143. 2 140. 4 146. 4	144.7 110.1 144.8 153.5 141.7 138.5 144.7	146. 0 110. 4 146. 2 155. 4 142. 7 155. 0 142. 9 139. 5 146. 3	146. 9 110. 9 147. 9 156. 3 143. 7 155. 6 143. 6 140. 9 147. 3	147.6 109.4 147.5 157.2 144.5 157.7 144.4 140.9	149. 0 109. 9 149. 5 159. 1 145. 4 158. 5 145. 7 143. 4 148. 8	149. 6 109. 5 148. 4 159. 2 146. 5 159. 8 146. 2 142. 7 149. 1	150. 3 109. 1 150. 2 160. 3 147. 0 160. 0 146. 9 143. 6 149. 9	151.3 109.2 152.1 161.2 147.9 160.2 147.9 145.5 151.3	151. 7 108. 4 154. 2 160. 5 148. 5 161. 1 148. 8 145. 2 152. 1	152. 5 107. 6 154. 8 162. 5 149. 3 162. 2 149. 1 145. 2 152. 9	153. 5 107. 2 156. 1 163. 6 150. 1 163. 0 150. 4 145. 5 153. 8	154. 5 107. 3 7 158. 0 164. 6 151. 4 7 163. 7 7 151. 0 146. 9 155. 2	r 156. 1 r 107. 2 r 159. 9 r 164. 7 r 153. 4 r 163. 4 r 153. 2 r 147. 3 r 157. 0	157. 7 107. 3 161. 5 167. 3 155. 2 164. 4 154. 9 150. 0 157. 7
Hourly wages, not seasonally adjusted: Construction wages, 20 cities (E N R): 5 Common labor	6. 642 9. 146 1. 84 4. 923	7. 07 9. 59 2. 00 5. 42 7	6. 93 9. 48	7. 04 9. 52 5. 452	7. 09 9. 55 , 2. 01	7.18 9.66	7. 22 9. 72	7. 22 9. 76 1. 97	7. 25 9. 80	7.27 9.84 5.500	7. 29 9. 89 2. 17	7. 31 9. 89	7.31 9.90	7. 31 9. 91 2. 21	7. 31 9. 91	7.41 10.05 a 2.25
A vg. weekly earnings per worker, ¶private nonfarm:† Current dollars, seasonally adjusted	135, 78 108, 36 120, 79 96, 40	144. 32 108. 43 126. 55 95. 08	143. 22 108. 95 125. 70 95. 63	143. 58 108. 57 125. 98 95. 26	145. 45 109. 80 127. 42 96. 19	145 .04 107 .48 127 .11 94 .19	147.31 108.72 128.86 95.10	147. 26 107. 80 128. 82 94. 30	148. 03 107. 53 129. 42 94. 01	148.74 107.39 129.96 93.83	147. 53 105. 40 129. 03 92. 18	149.48 105.51 130.53 92.13	149.78 104.60 130.77 91.33	149. 33 103. 69 130. 42 90. 56	152, 35 104, 68 132, 75 91, 21	153, 46 104, 44 133, 60 90, 92
Current dollars, not seasonally adjusted: Private nonfarm, total	135. 78 186. 15 224. 22 154. 69 167. 27 137. 76 187. 46 106. 00 154. 42 90. 72 128. 34 108. 44	144. 32 199. 28 240. 68 165. 65 179. 28 146. 12 204. 62 111. 04 162. 74 95. 28 133. 93 114. 58	142. 45 195. 46 237. 75 163. 61 178. 05 143. 78 201. 87 109. 37 161. 56 93. 72 131. 73 112. 55	144. 74 200. 34 241. 94 165. 24 179. 31 145. 67 204. 09 112. 29 162. 36 96. 67 132. 82 114. 90	146. 64 200.22 245.76 164.43 177.14 146. 89 207. 14 113.92 163.56 98. 10 134. 65 116. 93	146.63 200.73 247.42 164.43 176.28 147.26 210.43 113.63 163.55 97.87 133.56 115.90	148.83 205.54 251.66 169.33 183.06 150.00 211.75 113.12 165.51 96.94 135.79 117.30	147. 63 204. 20 251. 08 168. 50 181. 75 149. 27 211. 86 112. 16 164. 27 96. 10 134. 68 116. 62	148. 00 208. 49 250. 13 169. 73 183. 43 150. 82 211. 75 112. 85 166. 27 96. 43 135. 79 116. 96	149.17 214.02 245.22 173.45 187.71 152.38 210.71 113.82 168.67 97.61 138.38 118.32	146. 33 211.08 235.23 168.40 181.04 150.14 210.48 113.57 166.88 96. 58 438.01 118. 30	147.86 213.07 245.34 168.82 181.93 150.14 211.17 113.90 166.80 96.88 138.75 119.67	170.87 184.05 151.31 209.72 114.92 168.00 97.52 138.38	r 244.08 r 166.18 178.20 148.61 r 212.50 115.26 r 169.12 98.43	r 188.14 r 154.06 r 212.38 r 116.96	154. 71 221. 88 260. 60 176. 55 190. 70 156. 42 215. 30 120. 41 174. 89 103. 23 141. 35
HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING											e					
Seasonally adjusted index †	101	122	122	123	131	126	120	123	120	114	111	108	111	r 116	• 115	
LABOR TURNOVER: Manufacturing establishments: Unadjusted for seasonal variation: Accession rate, total			F 0	.	<u>.</u> .	6. 2	k 7	5. 2	2.0	0.0	4, 2	3. 6	4.0	r 4. 4	p 5.1	
mo. rate per 100 employees_ do do Separation rate, total do Quit do do Layoff do do Seasonally adjusted: Accession rate, total do do	4. 4 3. 3 4. 2 2. 2 1. 1	4.8 3.9 4.6 2.7 .9	5.3 4.4 4.3 2.7 .6	5.9 5.0 4.4 2.8 .6	5.1 4.1 5.1 2.8 1.4	5. 0 6. 5 4. 5 . 8 4. 7	5.7 4.7 5.7 3.9 .7	4.3 4.9 3.0 .8 5.0	3.8 3.0 4.1 2.2 1.0	2.6 2.0 3.9 1.6 1.5	3. 2 4. 9 2. 2 1. 7 4. 5	2.7 4.0 1.9 1.2	3. 0 4. 3 2. 3 1. 1 4. 4	3.3 74.2 2.4 .9	p 3.9 p 4.4 p 2.7 p .8 p 4.9 p 3.9	
Accession rate, total			4.3 4.7 2.8 .8	3.6 4.7 2.9 .8	3.9 4.5 2.8 1.0	3.8 5.1 3.0 .9	3.7 4.4 2.4 .7	3.9 4.6 2.8 .8	3.8 4.6 2.8 .9	3.5 4.4 2.5 1.1	3. 6 5. 1 2. 6 1. 5	3. 4 4. 8 2. 5 1. 3	3.4 4.8 2.6 1.2	3.6 74.5 2.6 1.0	9 4.8 9 2.8 9 1.0	
WORK STOPPAGES Industrial disputes: Number of stoppages:														{		
Humber of stoppages: Beginning in month or yearnumber. In effect during monthdo	5,010 1,714	5, 600 2, 200	580 860 155 253 2,483	520 840 238 299 2,173	500 830 253 377 2,510	530 890 167 341 2, 698	500 850 259 360 2,696	420 740 164 261 2,421	380 650 213 354 2,729	250 460 78 145 1,849	310 480 132 244 1,305	350 560 102 134 1,142	480 710 163 237 1,973	550 840 211 331 3,542	740 1,060 391 638	

r Revised. Preliminary. Estimate. As of July 1, 1974.

† See corresponding note, p. S-14. ¶ Production and nonsupervisory workers.

(D'The indexes exclude effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries, and the manufacturing index also excludes effects of fluctuations in overtime premiums. See also note "‡", for p. S-14.

or Wages as of July 1, 1974: Common, \$7.53; skilled, \$10.25. § For line-haul roads only; omits wages in switching and terminal companies. △Earnings in 1967 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1967 by dividing by Consumer Price Index. Effective May 1974 SURVEY, data reflect new seasonal factors (revisions available back to 1969). † Revised Mar. and July 1972 (1967 = 100), 93 and 104.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73						19	974		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYN	MENT	', AN	D EA	RNIN	IGS-	-Cont	inued					
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE Unemployment insurance programs: Insured unemployment, all programs, average weekly § Q	2, 186 13, 580	* 1,783 * 12,820	1, 610 887	1, 52 3 865	1, 640 1, 231	1,572 954	1,440 747	1, 451 978	1, 667 1, 159	2, 092 1, 619	2, 740 2, 114	2, 824	2,751	r 2, 564	» 2, 278	
Insured unemployment, avg weeklydo Percent of covered employment: △ Unadjusted Seasonally adjusted Beneficiaries, average weeklythous_ Benefits paid §mii. \$.	1,848 3.5 1,467	p 1, 632 p 2. 7 p 1, 371 p 4,007.6	1,465 2.5 2.7 1,299	1, 384 2. 4 2. 7 1, 210 287. 1	1, 505 2. 5 2. 7 1, 202 296. 3	2. 4 2. 6 1, 229 316. 3	1, 299 2. 1 2. 6 1, 102 248.3	1, 299 2. 1 2. 6 1, 070 280. 7	1, 503 2. 4 2. 7 1, 138 289. 4	3. 1 2. 8 1, 363 335. 9	2, 561 4. 1 3. 1 2, 062 570. 8	4. 2 3. 3 2, 230 553. 3	1, 215 2, 502 4. 0 3. 4 2, 266 593. 9	3. 5 3. 3 2, 043 2, 043 2, 557. 4	3.0 3.3	
Federal employees, insured unemployment, average weeklythous. Veterans' program (UCX): Initial claimsdo Insured unemployment, avg weeklydo Beneficiaries, average weeklydo Benefits paidmil. \$	36 523 106 103 361.8	^p 360 ^p 62 ^p 60 ^p 209. 4	28 27 58 58 16.7	28 28 56 54 14. 3	39 32 59 55 15. 3	42 31 59 59 17. 4	42 26 53 52 13.5	27 51 48 14. 3	28 54 50 14. 2	47 30 60 53 14. 6	47 33 67 67 20. 2	43 26 66 65 17. 5	26 65 65 18.3	36 28 61 260 27.8	» 33 » 59	
Railroad program: A pplicationsthous. Insured unemployment, avg weeklydo Benefits paidmil. \$	105 20 51. 5	93 12 30. 6	3 10 2.3	7 9 1. 7	13 9 1.5	7 9 1.8	6 10 1. 6	4 9 1. 9	4 10 1. 9	4 9 1.6	8 14 2. 7	3 12 2. 4	10 2. 2	3 r 10 2. 0	2 7 1.6	
]	FINA	NCE				·		·	<u> </u>	·	<u></u>	
BANKING Open market paper outstanding, end of period: Bankers' acceptances. mil. \$ Commercial and finance co. paper, totaldo Placed through dealersdo Placed directly (finance paper)do	6, 898 34, 721 12, 172 22, 549	8, 892 41, 073 13, 062 28, 011	6, 888 35, 672 9, 436 26, 236	7, 237 35, 786 9, 489 26, 297	7, 693 35, 463 9, 161 26, 302	7, 734 37, 149 9, 026 28, 123	8, 170 37, 641 10, 198 27, 443	8, 237 41, 602 13, 046 28, 556	8, 493 42, 945 14, 141 28, 804	8, 892 41, 073 13, 062 28, 011	9, 101 45, 491 15, 419 30, 072	9, 364 47, 164 17, 346 29, 818	10, 166 44, 690 15, 028 29, 662	10, 692 44, 677 14, 991 29, 686	11,727 46,171 15,438 30,733	
Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of period	18, 29 3 9, 107 2, 298 6, 889	21, 840 11, 071 2, 577 8, 193	20, 319 9, 953 2, 765 7, 601	20, 641 10, 118 2, 725 7, 798	20, 856 10, 256 2, 811 7, 789	21, 206 10, 441 2, 865 7, 899	21, 346 10, 592 2, 738 8, 016	21, 454 10, 781 2, 711 7, 961	21, 505 10, 926 2, 662 7, 917	21,840 11,071 2,577 8,193	22, 506 11, 245 3, 123 8, 138	22, 919 11, 402 3, 211 8, 3 06	23, 171 11, 467 3, 143 8, 561	23, 641 11, 878 2, 891 8, 872	24, 041 12, 142 2, 693 9, 205	
Bank debits to demand deposit accounts, except interbank and U.S. Government accounts, annual rates, seasonally adjusted: Total (233 SMSA's) O bil. \$ New York SMSA do Double SMSA's (except N.Y.) do Double SMSA's (except N.Y.)			16,452.0 7,177.0 9,275.1	9.414.3	r9.843.1	r10.144.3	r9.893.3	r10.257.2	r10.611.6	10.543.6	10.734.8	10.917.4	r 11.252.5	711.424.2	11.555.3	[_
Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.)do6 other leading SMSA's ¶do226 other SMSA's			3,918.3 5, 356. 7	4,050.2 5,364.1	4, 282. 4 r5,560.8	4, 318. 2 *5,826.0	4, 195. 7 r5,697.6	4,418.0 r5,839.1	4, 519. 8 r6,091.7	4, 462. 8 r6,080.8	4,517.1 6,217.6	4,582.1 6,335.3	4,718.0 76,534.5	74,747.6 76,676.6	4, 788. 7 6, 766. 5	
Assets, total 9	97, 675 77, 291 1, 981 69, 906	106, 464 84, 680 1, 258 78, 516	79,392 1,224 74,128	80, 355 1, 770 75, 022	104, 439 83, 349 2, 245 77, 098	101,577 82,489 2,842 76,093	101,944 81,123 1,558 76,165	107, 422 85, 454 2, 198 78, 491	103,656 83,217 1,915 77,129	106,464 84,680 1,258 78,516	140,665 83,422 961 78, 240	104,409 83,439 720 78,237	105,463 85,194 1,820 79,483		r111,075 r 90, 254 3, 298 87, 395	\$8,960 3,209 80,484
Gold certificate accountdo	10, 303	11, 460	10, 303	10, 303	10, 303	10, 303	10, 303	11,460	11, 460	} '	11, 460	11, 460	11, 460	11, 460	11, 460	11, 460
Liabilities, total ?	97, 675 28, 667 25, 647	106, 464 31, 486 27, 060	29,123 24,892	29,920 24,818	32, 461 28, 405	30, 822 28, 955	30,919 28,240	107, 422 34, 886 31, 787	31, 145 28, 108	31,486 27,060	32,134 28,241	31,227 27,989	105,463 32,250 29,838	32,822	*111,075 * 35, 241 * 31, 012	33,688 29,623
Federal Reserve notes in circulationdo All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures: Reserves held, total	59, 914 1 31, 353 1 31, 134	65, 470 1 35, 068 1 34, 806	60, 223 32,393 32,275	60, 847 32, 028 31, 969	61, 362 33, 524 33, 202 322	61, 640 33, 785 33,538	61, 628 34,019 33,782	62, 120 34, 912 34, 712	63, 292 34, 727 34, 523	65, 470 35, 068 34, 806	63, 497 36,655 36,419	63, 662 35, 242 35, 053	34,966 34,790	64, 971 35,929 35,771	65, 802 *36, 519 36, 325	
Excess. do Borrowings from Federal Reserve banks do Free reserves. do Large commercial banks reporting to Federal Reserve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo.: Deposits:	1 219 1 1,049 1 -830	1 262 1 1, 298 1 —1,069	118 1,786 -1,638	59 1, 789 -1, 653	322 2, 051 -1, 605	246 2, 143 -1, 734	33,782 237 1,861 -1,477	34, 712 200 1, 467 -1, 141	204 1,399 -1,111	262 1, 298 1, 069	36,419 236 1,044 -790	189 1, 186 -980	176 1,352 -1,144	158 1,714 -1,509	r 194 r 2, 580 r—2,234	p 3 5
Demand, adjusted o mil. \$ Demand, total Q do Individuals, partnerships, and corp do State and local government do U.S. Government do Domestic commercial banks do	106, 219 169, 768 121, 308 7, 221 6, 469 22, 412	112,531 184,565 128,207 7,352 7,164 25,286	95, 919 150, 506 109, 224 6, 561 2, 891 20, 341	149.944	100,176 157,604 111,539 6,901 3,010 22,748	96, 466 143, 546 105, 787 5, 697 1, 816 19, 072	97, 578 156, 014 110, 371 6, 317 5, 512 21, 246	162,134	100, 178 156, 083 112, 459 6, 173 2, 138 22, 406	184,565	99, 349 158, 015 109, 056 6, 238 5, 690 22, 815	155,789	163,148	114, 468 7, 167 7, 347	r161,0 3 8	
Time, total Qdo Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: Savingsdo Other timedo	160, 661 58, 572 72, 334					190, 776 56, 286 97, 902	189,784 56,172 96,585	188,702 56,128 95,438				192,851 57,144 99,038	197,889 58,485	203, 690 57, 836	7209,575 57,844 7111,042	211, 533 58, 115
Loans (adjusted), total do	226,042	270, 659 110, 778 9, 439 28, 075 55, 181	246,084	250,603 104,812 9,700 24,897 50,121	256, 120 107, 433 12, 128 26, 599 51, 104	256,833 106,789 9,640 25,872 52,037 77,863	259,755 108,299 9,301 26,312 53,179 79,243		260,217	270,659		267,013	278,044	284, 33 9 121, 575 8, 426 29, 841	7283,872 7120,877 77,936 729,730 757,493 785,252	292, 73 8
Investments, total	85, 146 29, 133 22, 552 56, 013	86, 982 25, 460 19, 932 61, 522	79,843 23,989 19,798 55,494		76, 549 78, 256 22, 299 19, 345 55, 957	78, 450 22, 098 18, 592 56, 352	80, 235 22, 523 19, 202	82, 292 23, 195 19, 256 59, 097	82,850 24,257 19,823	86, 982 25, 460 19, 932	87,086 25,691 19,832 61,395	86, 884 25, 357 20, 492	87,230 25,326 20,161 61,904	85, 017 22, 960 20, 270	783,688 721,804 719,727 761,884	83, 626 20, 872 19, 123 62, 754

r Revised. r Preliminary. ¹ Average for Dec. § Insured unemployment (all programs) data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws; amounts paid under these programs are excluded from State benefits paid data. △Insured unemployment as % of average covered employment in a 12-month period. ♀ Includes data not shown separately. ♂For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial bank and U.S. Government, less cash items in

process of collection; for loans, exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves). OTotal SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's. Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Los Angeles-Long Beach.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	973						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			F	INAN	CE-	Conti	nued	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
BANKING— Continued]	1		Ī]					
Commercial bank credit (last Wed. of mo., except for June 30 and Dec. 31 call dates), seas. adj.;† Total loans and investments o bil. \$. Loans o do U.S. Government securities do Other securities. do	556. 4 377. 8 61. 9 116. 7	630. 3 447. 3 52. 8 130. 2	597. 7 417. 4 61. 0 119. 3	602. 0 420. 3 61. 6 120. 1	427. 5 59. 8	435. 9 57. 9	439. 1 56. 4	441. 1 55. 1	628. 4 445. 5 55. 0 127. 9	630. 3 447. 3 52. 8 130. 2	638. 0 452. 3 54. 4 131. 3	645. 7 457. 1 56. 2 132. 4	654. 9 466. 3 56. 2 132. 4	56.7	668, 6 478, 0 56, 7 113, 9	673. 3 480. 8 57. 1 135. 4
Money and interest rates: \$ Bank rates on short-term business loans: In 35 centerspercent per annum. New York Citydo 7 other northeast centersdo	1 5. 82 1 5. 57 1 6. 07	1 8. 30 1 8. 06 1 8. 65	7. 35 7. 04 7. 71			9.08			10. 08 9. 90 10. 51			9. 91 9. 68 10. 28			11. 15 11. 08 11. 65	
8 north central centers do 7 southeast centers do 8 southwest centers do 4 west coast centers do	1 5.74 1 6.07 1 6.02 1 5.80	1 8.29 1 8.34 1 8.30 1 8.26	7. 44 7. 37 7. 33 7. 25			9. 24 9. 25 9. 16 9. 25			10. 02 9. 96 10. 08 10. 04			9. 98 9. 80 9. 93 9. 78			11. 09 10. 88 10. 82 11. 19	
Discount rate (N.Y.F.R. Bank), end of year or monthpercent_	4. 50	7.50	6.00	6. 50	7.00	7.50	7. 50	7. 50	7. 50	7. 50	7.50	7. 50	7. 50	8. 00	8.00	8.00
Federal intermediate credit bank loansdo Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mortgages): New home purchase (U.S. avg.)percent. Existing home purchase (U.S. avg.)do	1 6.00 1 7.45 1 7.38	1 7. 16 1 3 7. 95 1 3 8. 01	6. 34 7. 71 7. 77	7. 08 7. 79 7. 79	7. 21 7. 87 7. 84	7. 38 7. 94 8. 01	7. 42 8. 17 8. 26	8. 05 8. 31 8. 50	8. 18 8. 39 8. 58	8. 34 8. 49 8. 61	8. 42 8. 52 8. 64	8. 52 8. 62 8. 70	8. 58 8. 64 8. 63	8. 58 8. 67 8. 60	8. 68 - 8. 74 - 8. 67	8. 84 8. 84
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo.do Stock Exchange call loans, going ratedo	2 4. 47 2 4. 69 2 4. 52 2 5. 16	2 8. 08 2 8. 15 2 7. 40 2 8. 25	7.15 7.27 6.85 7.18	7.98 7.99 7.45 7.83	9, 19 9, 18 8, 09 8, 41	10. 18 10. 21 8. 90 9. 41	10. 19 10. 23 8. 90 10. 04	9. 07 8. 92 7. 84 10. 02	8. 73 8. 94 7. 94 10. 00	8. 94 9. 08 8. 16 10. 00	8.72 8.66 7.92 9.95	7.83 7.83 7.40 9.39	8. 43 8. 42 7. 76 9. 08	9. 61 9. 79 8. 43 10. 23	10.68 10.62 8.94 11.48	10. 79 10. 96 9. 00 11. 78
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue)percent 3-5 year issuesdo	² 4. 071 ² 5. 85	² 7. 041 ² 6. 92	6. 34 8 6. 78	7. 188 6. 76	8. 015 7. 49	8. 672 7. 75	8. 478 7. 16	7. 155 6. 81	7. 866 6. 96	7. 364 6. 80	7. 755 6. 94	7. 060 6. 77	7. 986 7. 33	8. 229 7. 99	8. 430 8. 24	8. 145 8. 14
CONSUMER CREDIT (Short- and Intermediate-term)																
Total outstanding, end of year or monthmil. \$	157, 564	180, 846	164, 277	167, 083	169, 148	171, 978	173, 035	174,840	176, 969	180, 486	178, 686	177, 522	177, 572	179, 495	181,680	
Installment credit, totaldo	127, 332	147, 437	133, 531	136, 018			1	143, 610			146, 575		145, 768		148, 852	
Automobile paper do. Other consumer goods paper do. Repair and modernization loans do. Personal loans do.	44, 129 40, 080 6, 201 36, 922	51,130 47,530 7,352 41,425	47, 518 41, 096 6, 541 38, 376	48, 549 41, 853 6, 688 38, 928	49, 352 42, 575 6, 845 39, 440	50, 232 43, 505 7, 009 40, 064	50, 557 44, 019 7, 120 40, 397	51,092 44,632 7,235 40,651	51, 371 45, 592 7, 321 41, 116	51,130 47,530 7,352 41,425	50, 617 47, 303 7, 303 41, 352	50, 386 46, 781 7, 343 41, 417	50, 310 46, 536 7, 430 41, 492	50, 606 47, 017 7, 573 41, 851	51, 076 47, 588 7, 786 42, 402	
By type of holder: Financial institutions, totaldo Commercial banksdo Finance companiesdo	111, 382 59, 783 32, 088	129, 305 69, 495 37, 243	118, 165 63, 707 33, 859	120, 450 64, 999 34, 367	122, 479 66, 065 35, 020	124, 823 67, 381 35, 634	126, 040 67, 918 35, 993	127, 307 68, 627 36, 365	128, 553 69, 161 36, 887	129, 30 5 69, 495 37, 24 3	128, 870 69, 429 37, 140	128, 807 69, 246 37, 148	128, 799 69, 232 37, 005	129, 988 69, 944 37, 291	131, 675 70, 721 37, 751	
Credit unions do do do do do do do do do do do do do	16, 913 2, 598	19,609 2,958	17, 832 2, 767	18,269 2,815	18, 517 2, 877	18, 961 2, 847	19, 207 2, 922	19, 33 9 2, 976	19, 517 2, 988	19,609 2,958	19, 429 2, 872	19, 430 2, 983	19,550 3,012	19, 704 3, 049	20, 053 3, 150	
Retail outlets, totaldododo	15, 950 261	18, 132 299	15, 366 284	15, 568 289	15, 733 293	15, 987 296	16, 053 297	16, 303 300	16, 847 302	18, 1 3 2 299	17, 705 296	17, 120 293	16, 969 292	17, 059 293	17, 177 294	
Noninstallment credit, total	30, 232 12, 256 10, 857 1, 399	33, 049 13, 241 11, 753 1, 488	30, 746 12, 817 11, 359 1, 458	31,065 12,990 11,520 1,470	30, 936 12, 968 11, 491 1, 477	31, 168 13, 111 11, 655 1, 456	30, 942 13, 088 11, 608 1, 480	31, 230 13, 145 11, 654 1, 491	31, 569 13, 161 11, 669 1, 492	33, 049 13, 241 11, 753 1, 488	32, 111 13, 117 11, 652 1, 465	31, 595 13, 159 11, 663 1, 496	31, 804 13, 188 11, 686 1, 502	32, 448 13, 315 11, 806 1, 509	11,806	
Charge accounts, total do Retail outlets .do Credit cards .do Service credit .do	9, 002 7, 055 1, 947 8, 974	9,829 7,783 2,046 9,979	8, 319 6, 387 1, 932 9, 610	8,555 6,544 2,011 9,520	8, 479 6, 424 2, 055 9, 489	8,605 6,475 2,130 9,452	8, 335 6, 229 2, 106 9, 519	8, 590 6, 554 2, 036 9, 495	8, 785 6, 761 2, 024 9, 623	9, 829 7, 783 2, 046 9, 979	8, 875 6, 894 1, 981 10, 119	8, 018 6, 136 1, 882 10, 418	7, 939 6, 097 1, 842 10, 677	8, 434 6, 556 1, 878 10, 699	1,999	
Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted:	142, 951 40, 194 55, 599 47, 111	165, 083 46, 453 66, 859 51, 771	14, 792 4, 409 5, 698 4, 685	14,608 4,313 5,678 4,617	14, 812 4, 177 5, 753 4, 882	15,099 4,252 6,065 4,782	12, 624 3, 476 5, 217 3, 931	14, 454 4, 196 5, 894 4, 364	14, 098 3, 693 5, 980 4, 425	14, 117 2, 872 6, 826 4, 419	12, 3 75 2, 9 34 5, 471 3 , 970	11, 227 2, 945 4, 525 3, 757	13, 246 3, 546 5, 479 4, 221	14, 856 3, 944 6, 141 4, 771	4, 200 6, 319	
Repaid, total do Automobile paper do Other consumer goods paper do Ail other do Other consumer goods paper do Ail other do Other	126, 914 34, 729 49, 872 42, 313	144, 978 39, 452 59, 409 46, 117	12, 283 3, 369 5, 043 3, 871	12, 121 3, 282 4, 921 3, 918	12, 618 3, 374 5, 031 4, 213	12,501 3,372 5,135 3,994	11, 341 3, 151 4, 703 3, 487	12, 937 3, 661 5, 281 3, 995	12, 308 3, 414 5, 020 3, 874	12,080 3,113 4,888 4,079	13, 237 3, 447 5, 698 4, 092	11, 875 3, 176 5, 047 3, 652	13, 405 3, 622 5, 724 4, 059	13, 577 3, 648 5, 660 4, 269	3,730 5,748	
Seasonally adjusted: Extended, total			13, 932 3, 989 5, 504 4, 439	13, 646 3, 762 5, 505 4, 379	14,542 3,930 5,943 4,639	14, 294 3, 968 5, 961 4, 365	13, 691 3, 939 5, 537 4, 215	14, 149 3, 912 5, 911 4, 326	14, 275 3, 819 5, 978 4, 478	12, 677 3, 315 5, 254 4, 108	13, 714 3, 492 5, 662 4, 560	13, 541 3, 389 5, 647 4, 505	13, 823 3, 484 5, 933 4, 406	14, 179 3, 545 6, 034 4, 600	3,769 - 6,156 -	
Repaid, total			11, 941 3, 261 4, 917 3, 763	12, 034 3, 253 4, 955 3, 826	12,544 3,334 5,141 4,069	12,399 3,293 5,168 3,938	12, 332 3, 406 5, 072 3, 854	12, 449 3, 427 5, 149 3, 873	12, 549 3, 471 5, 154 3, 924	3,338 5,001 3,928	3, 433 5, 193 4, 171	12,870 3,394 5,340 4,136	13, 206 3, 544 5, 596 4, 066	13, 026 3, 498 5, 483 4, 045	3,601	

r Revised. Preliminary.

Average for year. Daily average. Beginning Jan. 1973, data reflect changes in sample and weighting. O Adjusted to exclude interbank loans.

[§] For bond yields, see p. S-21. † Beginning Jan. 1959, monthly data have been revised to reflect new seasonal factors and adjustment to benchmarks for the latest call date (June 30, 1973). Revisions are in the Nov. 1973 Federal Reserve Bulletin.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				1	973						19	74		_
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun
			F	INAN	CE—	Conti	nued	' 				·	<u>'</u>	<u>' </u>		
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE																
Budget receipts and outlays: Receipts (net)	1208, 649 1231, 876	1 232,225 1 246,526	16, 584 20, 157	28, 537 20, 814	18, 121 22, 607	21, 291 22, 139	25, 007 20, 736	17, 637 23, 092	20, 209 22, 099	21, 987 19, 686	23, 476 23, 671	20, 226 21, 030	16, 818 22, 905	29, 657 22, 273	 	
Budget surplus or deficit (-) do. Budget financing, total do. Borrowing from the public do. Reduction in cash balances do.	1-23,227 1 23,227 1 19,442 1 3,785	1 -14,301 1 14,301 1 19,275 1 -4,974	-3, 573 3, 573 -1, 970 5, 543	7, 723 -7,723 -2,369 -5,354	-4, 486 4, 486 -713 5, 199	-847 847 -563 1,410	4, 271 -4, 271 564 -4, 835	-5, 455 5, 455 1, 395 4, 060	-1, 891 1, 891 2, 202 -311	2, 302 -2, 302 3, 128 -5, 430	-195 195 -773 968	-804 804 -162 966	-6,086 6,086 4,309 1,777	7, 384 -7, 384 -2, 502 -4, 882		
Gross amount of debt outstandingdo Held by the publicdo	1437, 329 1323, 770	1 468,426 1 343,045	467, 555 345, 414	468, 426 343, 045	469, 296 342, 33 2	472, 438 341, 769	472, 073 342, 333	473,139 343,727	474, 973 345, 9 3 0	480, 660 349, 058	478,957 3 48,285	481, 443 348, 123	485, 649 352, 432	483, 090 349, 931		
Budget receipts by source and outlays by agency: Receipts (net), total	1 208, 649 1 94, 737 1 32, 166 1 53, 914	1 232,225 1 103,246 1 36,153	16,584 3,825 923 9,380	28, 537 12, 306 8, 796 5, 081	18,121 8,814 1,350 5,336	21, 291 9, 279 695 8, 778	25, 007 11, 707 5, 247 5, 409	17, 637 9, 230 1, 053 4, 712	20, 209 10, 106 652 6, 724	21, 987 9, 134 6, 096 4, 149	23, 476 14, 327 1, 562 5, 232	20, 226 8, 601 819 8, 400	16, 818 3, 219 5, 549 5, 721	29, 657 14, 764 5, 463 6, 896		
Otherdo	1 27, 832 1 231, 876	1 28, 286 1 246,526	2, 456 20, 157	2, 354 20, 814	2,621	2, 53 9 22, 139	5, 409 2, 644 20, 736	2,641	2,827	2,608 19,686	2, 356 23, 671	2, 406 21, 030	2,330	2, 5 3 4 22, 27 3		
Outlays, total?	1 10, 943 1 75, 150	1 10,028 1 73,297	62 6, 238	273 7, 473	2, 3 26 5, 0 33	847 6, 662	6, 032	799 6, 52 3	1, 161 6, 647	137 6, 123	1, 209 6, 690	547 6, 285	22, 905 682 6, 662	534 6, 703		
mil. \$ Treasury Department	1 71, 779 1 22, 124 3, 422 1 10, 710	1 82,042 1 30,982 1 3,311 1 11,968	7, 583 2, 214 255 1, 014	7, 815 2, 124 301 862	6, 902 3, 863 278 1, 097	7, 203 2, 284 262 1, 050	7, 396 2, 552 246 968	7, 415 3, 763 249 1, 056	7, 463 2, 566 246 1, 191	7, 383 2, 371 221 1, 141	7, 996 4, 061 251 1, 202	7,862 2,522 231 1,086	8, 164 2, 640 252 1, 191	1 293		
Receipts and expenditures (national income and product accounts basis), qtrly. totals seas. adj. at annual rates: Federai Government receipts, totalbil.\$	r 227. 2	r 258. 5		r 255. 0			r 261.8			r 268. 3			r 279. 4			
Personal tax and nontax receiptsdo Corporate profit tax accrualsdoIndirect business tax and nontax accruals.do Contributions for social insurancedo.	* 108. 2 * 36. 6 * 20. 0 * 62. 5	* 114. 1 * 43. 7 * 21. 2 * 79. 5		r 110. 3 r 44. 7 r 21. 4 r 78. 6						7 121.6 7 43.5 7 21.3 7 81.8			r 124. 1 r 47. 2 r 21. 5 r 86. 7			p 129 p 21 p 88
Federal Government expenditures, totaldo	r 244. 7	r 264. 2		262. 4			r 263. 4			7 270. 6			r 281. 0			p 291
Purchases of goods and servicesdo National defensedo	r 104. 9 r 74. 8	106. 6 74. 4		r 106. 2 r 74. 0			r 105. 3			7 108. 4 7 75. 3		 	7 111.5 7 75.8			p 113
Transfer payments do Grants-in-aid to State and local govts do Net interest paid do Subsidies less current surplus of government	7 82. 8 7 37. 4 13. 5	r 95. 5 r 40. 5 r 16. 3		* 94. 7 * 40. 1 * 15. 9			7 96. 5 7 39. 8 7 16. 8			7 98. 8 7 41. 0 7 17. 6			7 106. 5 7 42. 9 7 17. 9			1
enterprisesbil. \$ Less: Wage accruals less disbursementsdo	r 6.6	75.3		-5.4 1			.0	•	•	.0			.0		l	p 1
Surplus or deficit (-)do	r-17.5	r-5.6		r-7.4			r-1.7			r-2.3			r-1.5			
LIFE INSURANCE				,											i I	
Institute of Life Insurance: Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance cos. bil. \$ Government securities do Corporate securities do Mortgage loans, total do Nonfarm do	11. 37	11.38 117.73	7 243.41 7 11.34 7 115.84 7 77.45 7 71.76	244. 53 11. 36 116. 15 77. 91 72. 19	247. 08 11. 43 118. 06 78. 24 72. 47	11.42 117.84	250.20 11.40 119.20 79.04 73.18	251. 59 11. 40 119. 71 79. 52 73. 62	11.46 118.02	252.07 11.38 117.73 81.18 75.19	253. 53 11. 46 119. 08 81. 49 75. 53	254. 74 11. 54 119. 72 81. 74 75. 79	255. 85 11. 77 119. 94 81. 97 75. 99	256. 58 11. 59 120. 47 82. 47 76. 44		
Real estate	7. 30 18. 00 1. 98 11. 15	7. 77 20. 08 2. 25 11. 69	77.53 718.56 71.45 711.24	7. 55 18. 67 1. 78 11. 10	7.58 18.84 1.80 11.13	7.63 19.18 1.73 11.20	7.68 19.51 1.81 11.56	7.76 19.77 1.83 11.59	7.84 19.93 1.81 11.81	7. 77 20. 08 2. 25 11. 69	7.82 20.24 1.90 11.54	7.82 20.38 1.82 11.72	7.83 20.54 1.81 12.00	7.78 20.83 1.50 11.93	7. 85 21. 07 1. 53 12. 08	
Ife Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total	55,857	232,016 162,119 63,000 6,897	19,141 14,176 4,339 626	19,609 13,715 5,313 581	18,829 13,003 5,283 543	19,058 13,418 5,061 579	17,250 12,407 4,261 582	20,326 14,614 5,165 547	20,293 14,177 5,578 538	26,822 15,114 11,100 608	17, 799 12, 623 4, 650 526	18, 679 13, 447 4, 638 594	22, 245 15, 520 6, 093 632	20,840 16,033 4,217 590	21, 824 16, 120 5, 057 647	
MONETARY STATISTICS		}														
old and silver: Gold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period)mil. \$. Net release from earmark\$do. Exportsthous. \$. Importsdo.	-1,715 63,053	11,567 -1,538 145,965 356,150	10, 410 2 3, 056 33, 070	10, 410 25 21,503 34, 990	10,410 22 24,958 27,134	4,012	10,410 18 4,973 36,162	11, 567 -1, 685 23, 586 33, 770	11, 567 18 15, 970 30, 411	11, 567 36 37, 234 23, 236	11, 567 24 20, 223 19, 767	11, 567 5 9, 191 58, 959	11,567 2 7,185 41,412	11, 567 11 19, 331 23, 264	11,567 5 6,793 32,381	
Production: ¶ South Africamil. \$ Canadado	1, 109. 8	1,073.6 75.0	86.0	87. 6 6. 4	88.3 5.6	90. 2	88. 2 5. 7	97. 5 7. 0	97. 2 6.3	88. 8 6. 7	91.2	88.8	84.3 6.3		92, 901	
Bilver: thous. \$. Imports. do Price at New York dol. per fine oz. Production: United States. thous, fine oz.	31, 592 59, 357 1, 685	27,637 268,639 2.558	1,718 7,490 2.401	876 15, 231 2, 621 3, 036	5, 627 32, 988 2, 706	4,563 27,569 2.636 3,385	3, 277 30, 764 2, 675	1, 871 22, 200 2. 886	1, 593 66, 379 2. 860	1, 093 32, 156 3, 137	1,114 13,527 3,637 3,125	2, 424 20, 459 5. 359	10, 422 67, 433 5, 326	2,886	5. 43 2	4.

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Data shown in 1971 and 1972 annual columns are for scal years ending June 30 of the respective years; they include revisions not distributed to

months. Q Includes data for items not shown separately. § Or increase in earmarked gold (-). ¶ Valued at \$38 per fine ounce from Jan. 1972-Sept. 1973, at \$42.22 thereafter.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73						197	4		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
			F	INAN	CE—	Conti	nued		<u>.</u>	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>					-
MONETARY STATISTICS—Continued		1														
Currency in circulation (end of period)bil. \$	66. 5	72.5	67.2	67.8	68. 2	68. 4	68. 2	69.0	70.3	72. 5	69.9	70. 5	71. 2	72. 2	73. 2	
Money supply and related data (avg. of daily fig.):⊕ Unadjusted for seasonal variation: Total money supply	248. 9 54. 6 190. 9 293. 4 7. 2	263. 8 59. 3 204. 4 345. 3 7. 1	257. 9 58. 7 199. 2 342. 7 8. 7	263. 6 59. 4 204. 1 344. 7 7. 1	265. 7 60. 0 205. 7 347. 8 6. 5	263. 0 60. 0 202. 0 356. 7 4. 1	264. 0 60. 1 203. 8 359. 3 5. 3	266, 1 60, 4 205, 7 360, 3 6, 0	270. 9 61. 5 209. 5 359. 0 4. 3	279. 1 62. 7 216. 4 362. 2 6. 3	278. 1 61. 6 216. 5 369. 4 8. 0	270. 8 61. 9 209. 0 374. 4 6. 6	273. 5 62. 7 210. 8 379. 2 6. 3	279. 6 63. 6 216. 1 387. 3 6. 0	274. 5 r 64. 2 r 210. 2 r 394. 2 7. 5	278. 9 64. 9 214. 0 397. 9 6. 2
Adjusted for seasonal variation: Total money supply			262. 4 58. 9 203. 4 342. 7	265. 5 59. 4 206. 2 345. 9	266. 4 59. 5 206. 9 349. 6	266. 3 59. 8 206. 4 355. 1	265. 5 60. 2 205. 3 358. 0	266, 6 60, 5 206, 1 359, 1	269. 2 61. 0 208. 2 360. 1	271. 4 61. 7 209. 7 363. 5	270. 8 61. 9 208. 9 370. 1	273. 7 62. 7 211. 1 374. 8	276. 2 63. 4 212. 9 377. 7	278. 1 64. 0 214. 1 387. 4	7279. 2 64. 5 214. 8 7394. 7	^p 280. 9 64. 8 216. 1 399. 9
Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas, adjusted: Total (233 SMSA's) O ratio of debits to deposits. New York SMSA			97. 8 235. 1 67. 4 103. 7 56. 3	99.9 245.0 68.7 107.6 54.0	102.6 247.5 71.3 111.7 55.8	106.2 252.5 73.6 113.6 58.4	107.4 266.4 72.4 111.6 57.5	109.5 265.3 74.7 116.4 58.8	113. 2 274. 9 77. 1 118. 6 61. 2	110.2 269.8 75.8 115.0 60.6	111.5 270.3 77.3 116.2 62.2	118. 0 294. 2 79. 3 119. 9 63. 7	118. 2 292. 5 80. 3 120. 8 64. 7	r 115. 4 274. 6 r 80. 2 r 119. 7 r 65. 0	116. 7 275. 3 80. 7 120. 9 65. 3	
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)																
Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC): Net profit after taxes, all industries	36, 467 3, 021 659 1, 012	48, 058 3, 790 827 1, 711		12, 972 897 256 574			11,612 996 199			12, 968 1, 131 182 324						
Paper and allied productsdo Chemicals and allied productsdo	941 4, 499	1, 441 5, 686		402			370			378 1, 435						
Petroleum refining	5, 151 1, 060 687 1, 022 1, 569	7, 366 1, 263 1, 367 1, 679 2, 223		1, 671 376 363 458 608			1, 967 407 290 411 564			2, 322 312 462 474 586						
Machinery (except electrical)do Elec. machinery, equip., and suppliesdo	3, 481 2, 999	4, 957 3, 968		1,340 994			1, 200 974			1, 32 6 1, 149						
Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.)	780 3,639 5,944	911 4,083 6,788		288 1,461 1,811			191 467 1, 693			209 762 1,915						
Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo	16, 110	17, 767		4, 268			4, 125			5, 252						
SECURITIES ISSUED																
Securities and Exchange Commission: Estimated gross proceeds, total mil. \$ By type of security: Bonds and notes, total do. Corporate do. Common stock do. Preferred stock do.	95, 408 82, 337 26, 291 9, 912 3, 372	7 100,592 89,435 21,669 7,780 3,377	11,219 10,403 1,722 627 187	7,943 7,122 2,757 606 216	7,643 6,882 1,870 536 226	8, 036 7, 610 1, 396 330 96	8,091 7,542 1,366 430 119	8,924 7,883 2,358 685 355	12,553 11,247 2,257 668 637	6, 635 5, 866 2, 469 573 196	3, 392 3, 392 284 152	3, 686 2, 686 318 268	3, 294 3, 122 361 395			
By type of issuer:	39, 574 6, 593 1, 932 11, 316	32, 823 4, 875 1, 073 10, 270	2,537 399 109 765	3, 578 728 50 1, 596	2,631 533 102 920	1,822 275 141 513	1,915 348 59 585	3, 398 522 57 949	3, 563 476 34 1, 080	3, 238 504 157 888	3,392 896 139 1,441	2,686 387 181 829	3, 122 569 55 1, 447			
Transportation	1, 230 4, 832 10, 055	1, 541 4, 906 8, 436	245 374 581	183 332 517	250 303 374	86 325 357	142 243 350	114 678 926	245 796 814	232 377 807	127 146 121	6 3 97 871	76 331 593			1
Noncorporate, total Q	54,610 17,080 23,070	67, 184 19, 057 22, 760	8, 681 3, 353 1, 870	4, 365 559 2, 046	5,012 490 1,992	6, 214 3, 097 1, 474	6, 176 2, 432 1, 630	5, 525 485 2, 232	8, 990 4, 521 2, 224	3, 397 148 1, 966						
State and municipal Issues (Bond Buyer): Long-term do Short-term do	22, 941 25, 222	22, 95 3 24, 667	1, 870 2, 492	2,031 2,517	1,992 1,923	1,474 1,740	1, 630 2, 750	2, 2 3 2 2, 501	2, 224 1, 785	2, 183 2, 507	2, 288 1, 860	1, 970 2, 117	2,091 1,786	r 2, 3 22 2, 1 55	7 2, 177 7 2, 797	1, 913 3, 799
SECURITY MARKETS Stock Market Customer Financing]
Margin credit at brokers and banks, end of month, total	1 9,045 1 8,180 1 865 1 1,528	1 6, 382 1 5, 251 1 1, 131	7, 650 6, 784 866 1, 502	7,369 6,416 953	7,299 6,243 1,056	7,081 6,056 1,025	6,954 5,949 1,005	7,093 5,912 1,181	6,774 5,671 1,003 1,102	6, 382 5, 251 1, 131	6, 343 5, 323 1, 020	6, 462 5, 423 1, 039	6, 527 5, 519 1, 008	5, 558		
Margin accounts do Cash accounts do Revised & Preliminary 1 End of year							379 1,623			454 1,700	442 1,666	420 1,604	424 1,583	411 1,438		

¶At all commercial banks.

⊙Total SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's.

⊙Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland and Los Angeles-Long Beach.

§Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1972	1973	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	74 Apr.	May	June
	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	CE—		!	1 000.	1 2101.	Dec.	1	1 200.	11111	11011	1.209	
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued Bonds			ļ													
Prices: Standard & Poor's Corporation: High grade corporate: Compositeddol. per \$100 bond Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do	65. 9 84. 4	63. 6 85. 4	64.7 86.1	64. 4 85. 8	63. 8 83. 2	61.0 82.2	61. 2 86. 2	62. 1 86. 9	62. 1 85. 6	62. 9 86. 1	62. 3 85. 2	62. 0 85. 3	61. 3 83. 5	60. 0 80. 2	59.7 77.3	59. 5 73. 2
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable¶do	68.71	62.80	63.43	62. 61	60, 87	58.71	61.81	63. 13	62.71	62.37	60.66	60.83	58. 70	57.01	56.81	57. 11
Sales: Total, excl. U.S. Government honds (SEC): All registered exchanges: Market value	9, 515. 67 10,077.35	8, 297. 99 9, 420. 76	645. 90 738. 59	615. 35 725. 34	604. 89 701. 33	766, 20 852, 43	622. 73 699.17	741. 95 823. 72	628. 28 708. 70	r 529. 31 r 666. 43	594. 86 673. 60	509. 02 602. 90	610.31 727.18	554. 59 662. 32		
New York Stock Exchange: Market valuedo Face valuedo	8, 717. 24 9, 168. 52	7, 865. 38 8, 736. 82	606. 45 684. 98	585. 14 679. 35	579. 43 663. 75	744. 67 807. 02	597. 88 6 3 2. 78	691. 10 759. 22	597. 92 672. 62	497. 33 621. 38	567. 26 6 3 5. 50	468. 34 561. 97	580, 93 688, 09	532, 65 632, 56		
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, totalmil. \$	5, 444. 12	4, 424. 67	379.95	335. 55	354.44	351. 15	355. 69	399. 52	344.40	3 49. 19	366. 4 2	287. 9 3	301.99	313. 10	336.83	296, 22
Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent. By rating: Aaa	7. 63 7. 21	7. 79 7. 44	7. 62 7. 29	7. 69 7. 37	7.80 7.45	8, 04 7, 68	8.06 7.63	7. 96 7. 60	8. 02 7. 67	8. 05 7. 68	8. 15 7. 83	8. 17 7. 85	8. 27 8. 01	8. 51 8. 25 8. 28	8.68 8.37	8, 85 8, 47
Aa	7. 48 7. 66 8. 15	7.65 7.83 8.24	7, 49 7, 64 8, 06	7. 55 7. 71 8. 13	7. 64 7. 86 8. 24	7. 84 8. 11 8. 53	7. 86 8. 11 8. 63	7. 84 7. 98 8. 41	7. 90 8. 07 8. 42	7. 92 8. 11 8. 48	7. 97 8. 22 8. 58	7. 97 8. 26 8. 59	8. 08 8. 34 8. 65	8. 28 8. 61 8. 88	8.42 8.85 9.10	8. 55 9. 05 9. 34
By group: Industrials	7.35 7.74 7.98	7. 60 7. 83 8. 12	7.41 7.63 8.01	7. 49 7. 69 8. 07	7. 59 7. 81 8. 17	7. 91 8. 06 8. 32	7. 89 8. 09 8. 37	7. 76 8. 04 8. 24	7. 81 8. 11 8. 28	7. 84 8. 17 8. 28	7. 97 8. 27 8. 34	8. 01 8. 33 8. 27	8. 12 8. 44 8. 34	8. 39 8. 68 8. 51	8, 55 8, 86 8, 73	8. 69 9. 08 8. 89
Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds)do Standard & Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)do	5. 25 5. 27	5. 22 5. 18	5. 22 5. 12	5. 25 5. 15	5. 59 5. 39	5, 34 5, 47	5.00 5.11	5. 17 5. 05	5. 15 5. 17	5. 18 5. 12	5. 20 5. 20	5, 26 5, 19	5, 57 5, 36	5.91	6.08 5.96	6. 33 6. 08
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable⊙dodo	5, 63	6.30	6.22	6. 32	6. 53	6, 81	6.42	6, 26	6. 31	6.3 5	6.56	6.54	6. 81	7.04	7.07	7.03
Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate, composite																
dollars dollars	4.87	9. 58 10. 46 5. 01 4. 03 7. 53 12. 13	9.39 10.18 4.99 4.00 7.54 11.64	9. 41 10. 19 5. 00 3. 97 7. 54 12. 89	9. 53 10. 45 5. 01 3. 97 7. 54 13. 20	9. 59 10. 53 5. 02 4. 06 7. 54 13. 23	9. 62 10. 58 5. 03 4. 06 7. 54 11. 88	9. 73 10. 75 5. 03 4. 09 7. 55 11. 88	10. 16 11. 22 5. 03 4. 09 7. 55 11. 90	10. 19 11. 23 5. 04 4. 19 7. 66 12. 91	10. 34 11. 44 5. 08 4. 19 7. 82 12. 91	10. 37 11. 49 5. 09 4. 04 7. 83 13. 10	10. 41 11. 52 5. 12 4. 08 8. 13 13. 18	10. 43 11. 68 4. 56 4. 08 8. 13 13. 18	10.41 11.64 4.57 4.09 8.13 13.22	10. 51 11. 80 4. 57 4. 11 8. 13 13. 22
Price per share, end of mo., compositedolndustrialsdoPublic utilitiesdoRailroadsdo	290, 65 362, 44 80, 20 91, 00	285. 44 356. 26 71. 21 79. 72	281. 78 352. 21 74. 69 71. 60	280. 68 351. 31 72. 89 71. 40	289. 38 363. 50 69. 70 74. 55	279. 26 350. 38 67. 87 71. 44	287. 99 357. 90 72. 38 77. 35	288. 50 361. 44 68. 21 80. 73	258, 72 320, 11 60, 95 83, 86	263. 71 323. 48 60. 87 95. 43	259. 96 318. 98 63. 23 89. 14	259. 70 316. 22 63. 72 91. 77	253. 37 310. 44 61. 31 86. 16	243. 14 300. 31 50. 33 80. 69	235.56 293.23 47.49 73.58	232.79 291.23 43.43 74.71
Yields, composite percent Industrials do Public utilities do Railroads do N.Y. banks do Property and casualty insurance cos do	3. 07 2. 65 6. 07 4. 10 3. 35 2. 92	3. 36 2. 94 7. 04 5. 06 3. 05 3. 45	3.33 2.89 6.68 5.59 3.46 3.71	3. 35 2. 90 6. 86 5. 56 3. 20 3. 82	3. 29 2. 87 7. 19 5. 33 2. 91 3. 60	3. 43 3. 01 7. 40 5. 68 2. 83 3. 69	3. 34 2. 96 6. 95 5. 25 2. 75 3. 20	3. 37 2. 97 7. 37 5. 07 2. 70 3. 28	3. 93 3. 51 8. 25 4. 88 3. 02 3. 38	3. 86 3. 47 8. 28 4. 39 2. 91 3. 70	3. 98 3. 59 8. 03 4. 70 3. 20 3. 80	3. 99 3. 63 7. 99 4. 40 3. 10 3. 93	4. 11 3. 71 8. 35 4. 74 3. 30 4. 21	4. 29 3. 89 9. 06 5. 06 3. 39 4. 40	• 4, 42 • 3, 97 • 9, 62 • 5, 56 • 3, 76 • 5, 13	4. 51 4. 05 10. 52 5. 50 4. 31 5. 44
Earnings per share (indust., qtrly. at ann. rate; pub. util. and RR., for 12 mo. ending each qtr.): Industrials dollars. Public utilities do Railroads do	20, 28 7, 73 6, 71	26. 01 7. 55 7. 60		27.15 7.63 7.10			23.77 7.60 7.11			29. 18 7. 55 7. 60			24.95 p 7.15 p 7.89			
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 10 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)percent	6, 89	7. 23	7. 13	7.25	7. 35	7. 43	7.38	7. 18	7.40	7.76	7. 60	7. 47	7. 56	7.83	8. 11	8. 25
Prices: Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks) Industrial (30 stocks) Public utility (15 stocks) Transportation (20 stocks)	950.71 112.83	286. 73 923. 88 103. 39 180. 55	286. 34 922. 41 107. 38 175. 53	274. 32 893. 90 105. 34 159. 79	275. 35 903. 61 101. 38 162, 70	267. 36 883. 73 95. 72 157. 72	277. 54 909. 98 99. 96 166. 82	295. 03 967. 62 101. 67 182. 75	272.02 878.98 93.18 175.93	259. 84 824. 08 87. 42 177. 96	857, 24 93, 16	266. 86 831. 34 93. 16 186. 15	277. 49 874. 00 92. 79 193. 83	264. 53 847. 79 85. 48 181. 13	251.83 829.84 76.03 167.57	251. 00 831. 43 71. 81 169. 77
Standard & Poor's Corporation: o' Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index (500 stocks)1941-43=10_	109. 20	107. 43	107. 22	104. 75	105, 83	103. 80	105. 61	109.84	102.03	94. 78	96, 11	9 3. 4 5	97. 44	92.46	89.67	89. 79
Industrial, total (425 stocks) Qdo. Capital goods (116 stocks)do. Consumers' goods (148 stocks)do. Public utility (55 stocks)do. Railroad (20 stocks)do.	121, 79 119, 39 113, 90 56, 89 44, 11	120. 44 118. 57 107. 13 53. 47 37. 76	119. 95 116. 48 107. 44 55. 43 36. 14	114.75	118. 65 116. 31 105. 94 53. 31 35. 22	116.75 115.98 104.35 50.14 33.76	118. 52 116. 60 105. 16 52. 31 35. 49	123. 42 122. 30 106. 58 53. 22 38. 24	114.64 115.48 96.97 48.30 39.74	106. 16 107. 44 86. 57 45. 73 41. 48	107. 18 108. 06 87. 63 48. 60 44. 37	104. 13 104. 31 86. 85 48. 13 41. 85	108. 98 109. 22 92. 24 47. 90 42. 80	103. 66 104. 19 87. 73 44. 03 40. 26	101. 17 100. 69 87. 34 39. 35 37. 04	101, 62 100, 10 90, 07 37, 46 37, 31
Banks: New York City (9 stocks)do Outside New York City (16 stocks)do	57.37 105.81	64. 60 104. 35	59.79 97.72	58. 28 97. 45	66. 05 102, 23	66, 62 102, 43	71. 08 107. 24	73. 43 113. 30	1 .	65. 33 101. 09	65. 38 108. 04	62. 93 107. 14		63. 93 103. 39	59, 92 93, 23	56.70 86.06
Property-liability insurance (16 stocks)_do	132.58	118.93	109. 50	113.36	122.09	114.02							103.67		•	82.88

r Revised. P Preliminary. Corrected. Number of issues represents affect continuity of the series. Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an

assumed 3 percent 20-year bond. $\,\,\,\odot$ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more. $\,\,$ Includes data not shown separately.

Jnless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973		1		19	73						19	74		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			F	INAN	CE	Conti	nued									
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued Stocks—Continued																
rices—Continued New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes: Composite	60. 29 65. 73 50. 17 38. 48 78. 35	57. 42 63. 08 37. 74 37. 69 70. 12	56. 74 62. 22 36. 66 39. 01 65. 33	55. 14 60. 52 33. 72 37. 95 63. 52	56. 12 61. 53 34. 22 37. 68 68. 95	55. 33 61. 09 33. 48 35. 40 68. 26	56. 71 62. 25 35. 82 36. 79 72. 23	59.26 65.29 39.03 37.47 74.98	54.59 60.15 36.31 34.73 67.85	50. 39 55. 12 34. 69 33. 47 62. 49	51. 39 55. 77 36. 85 35. 28 64. 80	50. 01 54. 02 36. 26 35. 27 62. 81	52, 15 56, 80 38, 39 35, 22 64, 47	49. 21 53. 95 35. 87 32. 59 58. 72	47. 35 52. 53 33. 62 30. 25 52. 85	47. 1-52. 6: 33. 7: 29. 2: 51. 2:
ales: Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): Market value	204, 026 6299	177,878 5,723	14, 9 3 1 475	12, 085 409	11,927 3 99	12,659 424	12, 623 408	18,726 587	17, 501 560	τ 14, 072 τ 524	14, 411 524	9, 657 359	12, 649 450	9, 34 0 343		
On New York Stock Exchange: mil. \$. Market value. mil. \$. Shares sold (cleared or settled) millions. New York Stock Exchange: Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales	159, 700 4, 496	146, 451 4, 337	12, 34 3 357	9, 852 308	9, 717 306	10, 342 330	10, 3 95 3 09	15, 644 457	14, 528 435	11,860 407	12, 038 401	7, 953 273	10, 580 352	7,695 266		
(sales effected)	4, 138 871. 54 19, 159	4, 053 721. 01 20, 967	758.59 20,066	752.58 20,327	308 792.06 20,466	271 765. 77 20, 521	807. 24 20, 548	808. 69 20, 607	709. 54 20, 694	385 721. 01 20, 967	363 719, 81 21, 056	257 718. 89 21, 110	701. 18 21, 163	254 669. 91 21, 224	275 645.56 21,337	628. 4 21, 39
- Turnet of State and Company		REIG			· 		<u>-</u>	1 .			1, 000			1	1 22,007	1 22,00
VALUE OF EXPORTS		1											<u>. </u>			
xports (mdse.), incl. reexports, totalmil. \$	49,788.2	71, 314. 0	6,061.8	5,896.4	5 ,3 92.2	5,819. 3	6, 015. 6	6, 783. 5	7, 127. 7	6, 969. 7	6, 873. 6	7, 340. 1	8, 547. 3	8, 418. 0	8, 488. 1	
Excl. Dept. of Defense shipmentsdo Seasonally adjusteddo	49,218.6	70, 798. 4	6,020.8 5,557.3	5,857.9 5,725.6	5,326.1 5,859.9	5,787.4 6,044.3	5, 959. 0 6, 413. 7	6,749.3 6,584.0	7, 091. 1 6, 870. 6	6, 925. 7 6, 95 3 . 5	6,8 3 1.6 7,111.0	7, 298. 2 7, 605. 5	8, 519. 6 7, 67 3 . 9	8, 3 81. 4 8, 2 3 4. 0	8, 427. 0 7, 629. 7	
By geographic regions: Africa	11,297.2	2, 306 , 9 18, 425, 4 1, 743, 9 22, 179, 6	200. 4 1, 444. 2 150. 5 2, 022. 5	232. 0 1, 444. 2 134. 0 1, 899. 0	125.5	172.2 1,574.0 158.1 1,825.8	135. 2	142.4	247. 2 1, 915. 1 248. 5 2, 237. 3	212.6	183.1	247. 5 2, 039. 2 186. 1 2, 452. 5	284. 9 2, 345. 5 233. 6 2, 774. 0	295. 9 2, 204. 6 226. 4 2, 630. 4	286. 6 2, 063. 4 198. 4 2, 672. 4	
Northern North America	12,418.8 3,564.1		1, 422. 1 415. 9 353. 6	1, 334. 3 410. 5 375. 2	1, 049. 3 427. 4 357. 3	1, 080. 9 453. 3 442. 9	1, 190, 9 449, 2 447, 5	1, 516.4 509.2 552.8	i	1, 3 77. 7 474. 6 512. 7	1, 3 96. 8 541. 0 488. 7	1, 405, 9 525, 9 482, 9	1, 666. 7 624. 5 617. 9	1, 705. 9 670. 0 611. 0	1, 789. 1 676. 0 698. 5	
By leading countries: Africa: Egypt	76. 1 602. 5	225. 4 746. 4	26. 2 56. 5	34. 4 60. 3	20.7 59.8	13. 2 60. 8	33. 4 66. 9	6.0 77.5	13. 7 71. 3	15. 5 67. 0	40.7 61.9	32. 0 80. 0	45. 4 92. 1	43. 3 100. 6	35. 8 85. 5	
Asia; Australia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado Indiado Pakistando Malaysiado	856, 5 350, 1 183, 0 128, 0	1, 449. 1 524. 9 238. 9 161. 6	130. 2 31. 4 16. 0 12. 8	108.6 35.5 15.7 10.4	107.6 37.3 24.9 12.3	135. 2 49. 7 9. 0 14. 3	106. 7 82. 1 19. 0 15. 2	116.5 61.8 23.7 19.7	217. 4 47. 5 28. 8 17. 1	183. 8 34. 5 31. 6 20. 3	133. 0 20. 6 30. 4 23. 4	151, 1 16, 2 25, 3 24, 9	198. 1 34. 1 59. 3 29. 6	187. 5 40. 8 50. 8 26. 7	174. 0 39. 6 20. 7 30. 7	
Indonesia do Philippines do Japan do	307. 6 365. 5 4, 962. 9	442. 1 495. 5 8, 311. 8	30.6	35.7	34. 4 45. 6 621. 9	30. 2 41. 4 747. 8	41. 5 41. 3 704. 1	42.8 44.7 757.4	42. 5 55. 5 794. 8	54. 0 55. 1 771. 9	43. 7 47. 0 796. 3	33. 2 51. 2 964. 6	44.3 69.6 939.1	43. 6 58. 7 944. 7	33. 8 69. 4 887. 8	
Europe: do France. do East Germany do West Germany do	1,608. 9 17. 5 2,807. 5	2, 263. 1 28. 0 3, 755. 9	200.1 1.2 293.6	160. 5 . 6 322. 1	154. 0 . 8 280. 9	165. 2 11. 0 308. 4	167. 2 . 3 298. 5	200.8 .5 355.3	198. 4 5. 3 379. 6	217. 4 2. 7 389. 1	211. 9 5. 2 367. 7	225. 1 . 3 428. 6	293. 3 . 4 484. 0	234.9 3.6 448.6	257. 2 3. 6 407. 7	
Italydo Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdo	1,434. 2 542. 2 2,658. 2	2, 118. 8 1, 189. 8 3, 563. 5	172.6 137.7 340.5	225. 3 142. 9 282. 5	182.3 103.8 272.5	166. 9 97. 3 267. 9	152. 8 77. 1 289. 0	169.8 76.8 346.4	213. 3 64. 4 377. 4	190. 6 77. 0 340. 2	196. 9 55. 7 345. 6	224. 5 55. 8 327. 5	285. 1 53. 8 410. 7	247. 7 38. 8 343. 8	278. 3 56. 7 434. 6	
North and South America: Canadado	12,415.2	15, 072. 8	1, 422. 0	1, 334. 1	1,049.1	1, 080. 8	1, 190. 7	1,516.3	1, 34 2. 9	1, 377. 7	1, 3 96. 5	1, 405. 8	1,666.6	1, 704. 0	1,788.3	
Latin American Republics, total ♀ do Argentina do Brazil do Chile do Colombia do Mexico do Venezuela do	6, 466. 8 396. 1 1,242.7 185. 9 317. 3 1, 982. 2 923. 7	8,921.4 451.3 1,916.0 248.5 436.6 2,937.4 1,032.5	688. 1 30. 6 139. 3 11. 2 27. 0 240. 4 77. 9	705.7 29.4 149.0 19.4 39.0 235.8 71.4	706. 3 25. 2 151. 3 10. 2 33. 2 253. 0 81. 9	812. 9 57. 9 160. 8 15. 2 47. 3 268. 1 84. 8	809. 2 53. 5 183. 2 14. 8 44. 2 271. 7 82. 0	974. 4 59. 1 231. 0 38. 6 41. 1 318. 1 99. 2	933. 7 53. 4 210. 5 50. 6 40. 4 277. 9 101. 3	896. 2 31. 0 234. 8 29. 4 43. 6 281. 1 91. 2	927. 1 31. 5 214. 6 20. 4 40. 2 320. 8 97. 1	912. 7 35. 0 175. 2 21. 8 51. 3 322. 2 100. 2	1, 129. 5 43. 1 245. 4 38. 1 49. 5 365. 4 140. 6	1, 175, 9 35, 1 246, 8 26, 6 65, 9 428, 9 135, 8	1, 265. 0 50. 6 290. 5 28. 5 49. 9 429. 9 144. 5	
xports of U.S. merchandise, total do Excluding military grant-aid do Agricultural products, total do Nonagricultural products, total do	48, 419. 1 9.406.9	70, 223. 0 69, 707. 4 17, 676. 4 52, 546. 6	5, 924.8 1, 364.9	5, 754.4 1, 376.0	5, 244.4 1, 218.1	5, 716.0 5, 684.1 1, 469.5 4, 236.9	5, 879. 9 1, 448. 7	6, 668. 1 6, 633. 9 1, 733. 7 4, 934. 4	7,001.3 2,082.0	6,842.0 1,975.6	1, 839, 2	7, 206. 9 1, 918. 5	2, 106, 3	8, 255. 9 2, 014. 1	1, 795. 3	
By commodity groups and principal commodities: Food and live animals ? mil. \$ Meats and preparations (incl. poultry) . do	5,660.6 251.9 3,501.1	11, 930. 8 444. 2 8, 495. 1	834.7 45.1 565.1	38.5	907. 4 27. 5 660. 5	1,216.7 32.4 920.2	1, 191, 0 28, 7 921, 1	1, 216. 0 44. 7 847. 3	1, 385. 2 41. 7 989. 7	1, 293. 1 43. 9 935. 6	1, 198. 1 35. 6 879. 1	1, 156. 8 30. 8 820. 3	1, 257. 3 35. 0 917. 0	1, 181. 8 30. 2 877. 5	1,083.4 26.5 805.7	
Beverages and tobaccodo	908.3	1,008.5	68. 4	1	72.1	77. 3	921. 1	110.6	128. 7	94. 3	90.8	87. 2	79.1	94.9	111.3	ļ
Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels Q do Cotton, raw, excl. linters and waste do Soybeans, exc. canned or prepared do Metal ores, concentrates, and scrap, do	5,030.4 503.3 1,508.1 507.9	929. 0 2, 757. 4	778. 8 69. 8 290. 4 101. 3	187.0	563. 7 58. 6 112. 0 129. 0	558.9 52.1 93.4 129.4	506. 3 47. 5 50. 1 106. 0	278.0	892. 2 56. 6 419. 8 79. 7	852. 2 128. 9 334. 9 79. 5	854. 0 123. 3 298. 0 99. 4	992. 6 145. 1 378. 7 109. 0	1, 113. 8 201. 0 404. 9 97. 0	163. 3 401. 0	275. 1	

r Revised. Q Includes data not shown separately.

r Revised.

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{P}}$ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973	ļ			19	73						19	74		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
FO	REIG	N TRA	DE (OF T	HE U	NITE	D ST	ATE	S—Co	ntinu	ıed					
VALUE OF EXPORTS—Continued											1					
Exports of U.S. merchandise—Continued By commodity groups and principal commodities—Continued Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. 9mil. \$	1, 552. 5	1,670.5	141.0	137.8	132,3	154, 1	121.6	177.1	156, 2	175. 0	144. 2	178.6	161. 6	222, 7	281.0	
Coal and related productsdo Petroleum and productsdo	1, 019. 1 444. 5	1, 052. 0 518. 0	95.9 40.7	91. 1 39. 8	81.3 44.2	102. 8 41. 8	65. 7 48. 0	119. 6 49. 9	105, 3 43, 1	105. 7 59. 6	67. 5 59. 2	116.4 46.4	90. 0 60. 5	145. 3 65. 5	194.7 72.8	
Animal and vegetable oils, fats, waxesdo Chemicalsdo	508. 0 4,132.8	684. 0 5, 748. 5	54. 4 460. 1	58.9 475.8	58.9 467.8	59, 6 516, 5	66, 2 505, 6	59. 1 553. 1	61. 4 566. 9	77. 6 544. 8	73. 7 604. 6	96.5 650.2	100.9 734.8	124. 2 774. 7	711.9	
Manufactured goods ? do. Textiles do. Iron and steel do. Nonferrous base metals do.	4,904.1 778.8 825.9 566.8	7, 161. 3 1, 224. 7 1, 300. 8 950. 3	578. 9 94. 2 109. 7 64. 3	587. 0 96. 4 102. 2 71. 2	556. 6 89. 0 103. 2 78. 7	607. 5 94. 9 107. 3 87. 1	648. 8 120. 1 106. 8 95. 8	709. 2 127. 0 127. 4 103. 8	731. 3 141. 0 130. 4 109. 7	705, 4 134, 5 155, 5 99, 0	756. 3 140. 1 155. 2 100. 0	795.5 145.0 155.4 98.1	934. 3 167. 2 186. 1 114. 2	952. 0 171. 2 193. 1 135. 0	1,036.3 165. 4 239. 9 141. 3	
Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$	21, 532. 7	27, 841. 7	2,568.2	2 ,317 .1	2,049.5	2, 067. 6	2, 319. 4	2, 551. 0	2, 564. 0	2, 647. 5	2, 5 1 5. 5	2, 734 .3	3, 376. 3	3, 185. 7	3,268.6	•
Machinery, total Q	13,236.1 749.6 410.0 1,598.9 3,697.8 8,296.6	17, 129. 7 987. 1 488. 9 2, 094. 6 5, 030. 7 10, 712. 1	1, 474. 2 97. 0 37. 0 179. 8 439. 3 1,094.8	1, 428. 8 86. 6 35. 8 182. 9 413. 8 888. 6	1, 383. 2 79. 0 38. 7 169. 1 397. 8 666. 4	1, 402. 1 69. 0 39. 2 178. 2 414. 1 665. 4	1, 433. 6 75. 5 44. 2 181. 0 429. 9 885. 8	1, 631. 9 86. 5 50. 6 191. 7 489. 1 919. 0	1, 554, 6 76, 0 43, 5 188, 4 466, 1 1, 009, 3	1, 572. 6 77. 4 57. 5 181. 5 459. 0 1, 074. 9	85. 6 41. 5 168. 9 521. 5 875. 1	1, 626 .3 84 .6 32 .7 193 .9 489 .5 1, 107 .9	2,009.0 114.1 42.0 252.8 594.3 1,367.3	1, 929. 0 120. 3 50. 5 238. 3 575. 6 1, 256. 7	260. 9 590. 8 1,259.0	
Motor vehicles and partsdo Miscellaneous manufactured articlesdo	4,799.4 3,189.6	5, 988. 7 3, 950. 7	543. 6 334. 7	521. 7 345. 4	407.7 308.9	389. 5 331. 0	468. 9 336. 9	620. 7 378. 5	489. 7 373. 3	544. 7 346. 1	546. 3 371. 3	572.0 382.9	666. 8 477. 9	671.3 468.1	674. 7 500. 6	
Commodities not classifieddo	1,559.5	1,843.5	146.7	171.1	193.2	126. 8	147.7	163.8	178. 6	150. 2	184. 1	174.2	197. 8	207.8	218.5	
VALUE OF IMPORTS												5				
General imports, totaldo Seasonally adjusteddo	55, 582. 8	69, 121. 2	6,0 33.4 5,700.0	5,900.7 5,765.2	5,651.8 5,821.2	5, 997. 4 5,991.4	5, 286. 3 5,621.3	6, 373. 3 5,968.6	6, 787. 2 6,627.5	5,777.3 6,08 3 .9	6, 649. 6 6, 467. 2	6,692.3 7,392.4	7,823.2 7,845.2	8, 37 0. 8 8, 141 . 2	8,899.2 8,406.6	
By geographic regions: Africa	1,145.5	2, 350. 5 17, 774. 5 1, 553. 6 19, 680. 5	120.3	187. 5 1, 549. 1 123. 0 1, 628. 9	124.0	245. 9 1, 789. 0 175. 0 1, 769. 1	232. 8 1, 502. 6 116. 5 1, 402. 9	165.1	145. 5 1, 566. 2 200. 9 1, 960. 8	124. 0 1, 254. 1 139. 0 1, 629. 2	134.3	142.2 1,425.9 96.7 1,705.3	149.9	563. 7 2, 026. 2 109. 8 2, 227. 4	623. 6 2,343.7 113. 0 2,190.8	
Northern North Americado Southern North Americado South Americado	14,933.1 3,537.0 3,459.8	17, 452. 4 4, 987. 5 4, 340. 8	1,667.1 419.2 356.4	1, 673. 7 418. 4 316. 0	1, 395. 7 364. 5 325. 5	1, 177. 7 450. 8 388. 1	1, 329. 3 357. 9 343. 1	1, 648. 3 435. 7 416. 3	1, 546. 3 487. 8 407. 6	1, 221. 2 468. 0 470. 7	1, 414. 0 577. 1 601. 0	1, 396.6 680.0 522.1	1, 783. 9 872. 5 752. 2	1,796.0 807.2 839.4	2,094.4 804.3 728.5	
By leading countries: Africa: Egyptdo Republic of South Africado	16. 9 3 24. 7	25. 9 373. 9	1.4 31.7	2. 2 28. 4	1. 0 38. 5	4.9 27.0	2. 5 33, 6	3.7 31.9	1. 6 34, 4	. 6 23. 5	1. 2 19. 3	2.6 32.2	. 5 43. 1	3. 8 35. 9	15. 0 42. 3	
Asia; Australia and Oceania: do Australia, including New Guinea	819. 9 426. 6 40. 2 301. 2 277. 8 490. 9 9,064.1	1, 087. 4 434. 9 38. 8 417. 1 442. 2 662. 9 9, 644. 8	76. 9 35. 9 2. 3 40. 7 43. 8 56. 1 812. 6	82. 5 39. 2 1. 7 40. 0 48. 4 55. 0 810. 9	84. 0 33. 1 3. 4 38. 5 32. 5 80. 9 821. 1	123. 8 40. 8 4. 2 38. 0 51. 4 75. 6 944. 1	80. 3 42. 2 3. 8 39. 5 48. 7 71. 3 753. 4	114.5 41.6 3.1 41.8 44.5 42.3 823.6	146. 0 33. 5 3. 9 41. 9 28. 9 69. 7 895. 7	112. 1 36. 2 3. 8 33. 5 25. 3 50. 9 702. 5	109. 2 43. 2 5. 4 44. 4 33. 1 35. 0 836, 5	64.6 47.9 6.2 38.3 48.8 57.4 763.0	86. 1 41. 6 3. 6 57. 9 112. 8 66. 1 808. 2	75. 6 39. 1 5. 3 54. 7 159. 5 86. 8 951. 3	72. 4 48. 8 5. 4 60. 3 161. 9 94. 7 1,039.0	
Europe: do France	1,368.6 10.3 4,250.3 1,756.7 95.4 2,987.1	1,715.3 10.5 5,318.2 1,988.0 213.7 3,642.1	153. 3 1. 1 482. 8 156. 6 10. 9 317. 0	145. 7 1. 2 460. 1 166. 8 11. 4 298. 5	162.3 1.1 470.9 166.7 12.5 300.1	168. 7 . 9 482. 1 208. 2 18. 7 343. 0	121. 3 1. 0 341. 8 141. 2 19. 1 259. 1	131. 9 . 9 530. 4 155. 2 22. 8 317. 9	157. 9 1. 0 514. 0 189. 1 26. 6 372. 1	144. 5 . 6 382. 9 165. 2 28. 9 274. 1	135. 4 1. 0 498. 8 190. 8 25. 4 245. 0	128.7 .4 433.1 235.1 42.7 258.2	164. 2 1. 3 521. 5 248. 4 30. 8 368. 4	189. 8 . 9 617. 2 235. 5 33. 3 338. 4	594. 6 224. 0 30. 8	
North and South America: Canadadodo	14,926.7	17, 442. 9	1, 666. 4	1,672.8	1, 394. 5	1, 176. 1	1, 327. 4	1,647.5	1, 546. 2	1, 220. 0	1, 414. 0	1,396.6	1, 782. 8	1,794.9	2,094.3	
Latin American Republics, total ♀ do Argentina do Brazil do Chile do Colombia do Mexico do Venezuela do By commodity groups and principal commodities:	5,772.5 201.4 941.6 82.9 283.9 1,632.2 1,297.5	7,600.1 274.1 1,183.0 101.9 406.9 2,287.0 1,624.8	644. 4 18. 6 102. 7 4. 9 38. 7 189. 5 126. 8	604.9 17.9 94.5 2.9 32.8 206.6 121.9	569. 8 22. 4 77. 2 1. 0 34. 7 170. 8 128. 5	671. 8 24. 9 99. 0 1. 5 21. 9 198. 0 169. 8	570. 6 21. 2 89. 9 3. 8 29. 4 164. 2 147. 2	700. 8 26. 4 108. 9 12. 1 35. 7 207. 9 159. 1	710. 0 27. 7 113. 0 25. 6 43. 3 218. 8 128. 3	736. 2 34. 7 126. 2 12. 8 47. 1 209. 0 164. 4	921. 5 33. 8 148. 5 25. 0 43. 8 226. 0 273. 5	853.8 26.2 124.3 20.7 45.2 251.4 248.4	1, 220. 8 35. 3 131. 8 45. 7 53. 8 341. 7 370. 6	1, 243. 5 28. 5 140. 4 31. 2 52. 1 297. 0 458. 9	101. 6 40. 1 51. 6 281. 3	
Agricultural products,totalmil. \$ Nonagricultural products, totaldo	6,512.8 49,069.9	8, 450. 0 60, 671. 2	787. 8 5, 244. 2	670. 1 5, 230. 7	641.8 5, 010.0	725.4 5,272.0	644. 5 4, 641. 8	715.6 5,657.7	839. 3 5, 947. 9	772. 0 5, 005. 3	813. 4 5, 836. 2	806.9 5, 885.4	992. 4 6, 8 3 0. 7	910. 1 7, 460. 7	916. 9 7,982. 3	
Food and live animals	150.9 1.182.1	7, 986. 2 212. 0 1, 565. 9 1, 668. 0 917. 7	732. 7 24. 0 180. 1 135. 9 85. 5	627. 1 15. 5 126. 1 120. 8 69. 3	598. 9 14. 4 117. 0 125. 7 75. 5	696. 9 10. 1 127. 6 175. 1 100. 5	615.7 6.3 102.2 143.8 79.9	707. 0 3. 2 124. 8 200. 1 39. 2	809. 0 14. 1 122. 9 185. 0 107. 6	725. 3 32. 7 123. 8 156. 8 86. 9	780. 8 36. 5 165. 3 167. 9 45. 9	743.4 25.7 153.0 133.0 105.0	910. 4 38. 1 194. 2 159. 3 124. 7	823. 4 29. 8 184. 0 127. 1 134. 3	42. 1 148. 8	
Beverages and tobaccodo	1, 009. 4	1, 213. 1	102. 5	97. 3	94.4	91.2	91.0	128.0	127. 0	113.7	100.3	86.2	104. 1	113. 1	116.5	
Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels ♀ do Metal ores	3, 859. 8 1, 021. 6 509. 9 195. 8 196. 2	4, 987. 9 1, 290. 7 676. 9 235. 6 344. 5	443. 8 103. 6 57. 5 23. 2 27. 0	453. 1 121. 9 51. 9 21. 0 29. 2	431. 3 128. 4 55. 3 22. 1 22. 3	408. 7 128. 5 45. 0 20. 6 38. 9	386. 8 99. 9 51. 8 15. 9 39. 1	490. 7 148. 8 70. 1 17. 4 42. 6	478. 7 134. 8 79. 4 17. 4 38. 3	383. 0 114. 5 58. 8 14. 1 26. 3	413.6 102.5 79.1 19.0 35.2	387.9 85.3 78.5 18.5 41.7	488. 0 132. 4 84. 0 23. 7 53. 4	478.6 115.8 93.5 23.8 44.7	18.2	
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etcdo Petroleum and productsdo	4,799.0 4, 299. 6	8, 101. 0 7, 548. 5	610. 6 565. 2	604. 3 566. 7	554. 9 515. 5	776. 3 728. 8	694. 9 648. 5	794. 7 740. 9	908. 3 860. 6	1, 030. 5	1, 304 . 9 1, 210. 7	1,577.0	1, 819. 6 1, 7 3 9. 2	2, 292. 1 2, 211. 2	2,285.5 2,199.8	
Animal and vegetable oils and fatsdododo	179. 6 2, 014. 6	254.6 2,436.7	15. 8 213. 1	19. 8 208. 8	18. 9 185. 8	23. 5 206. 2	21, 2 189, 2	25. 5 206. 1	37. 4 216. 2	38. 5 208. 2	23. 6 200. 7	24.5 226.3	35. 3 262. 3	40. 3 310. 4	42. 2 333. 8	
Manufactured goods ♀ do Iron and steel. do Newsprint. do Nonferrous metals. do Textiles. do	2,927.6 1,053.9 1,933.0	2 449 4	1,179.2 296. 2 104. 8 186. 2 137. 8	1, 114. 0 243. 5 109. 4 178. 9 128. 3	1, 192. 7 279. 5 97. 4 211. 2 128. 9	1, 135. 2 273. 4 80. 9 188. 8 136. 5	968. 9 220. 9 83. 6 188. 4 116. 5	1, 136, 0 258, 9 93, 1 209, 5 132, 0	1, 239. 6 281. 7 109. 0 294. 9 127. 5	1, 071. 3 257. 3 97. 4 231. 3 115. 3	212. 0 123. 9 241. 4	1, 081 .4 218 .0 117 .3 241 .7 121 .7	1, 312. 8 245. 9 119. 5 375. 0 132. 2	1, 290. 7 282. 6 123. 2 304. 4 126. 2	344.3	

	1972	1973				19	973			1			19	74		
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr		May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
FO	REIG	N TRA	DE ()F T	HE U	NITE	D ST	ATES	S—Co	ntinu	ed				<u> </u>	
VALUE OF IMPORTS—Continued	1		[<u> </u>		<u> </u>			}					
General imports—Continued By commodity groups and principal commodities—Continued																
Machinery and transport equipmentmil.\$ Machinery, total 9	7,786.9	20, 969, 6 9, 909, 2 187, 9 4, 471, 1	1,954.4 853. 8 16. 5 377. 4	1,918.1 865.0 14.5 391.2	1,700.7 855.3 17.3 387.0	1,683.7 907.2 19.1 421.6	1,507.6 759.4 14.5 358.1	1, 943. 9 934. 9 15. 6 466. 3	2, 055. 2 1, 003. 1 20. 5 446. 5	1,443.2 710.7 19.6 322.7	1,943.9 882.5 19.2 419.1	1,770.2 765.1 17.7 340.2	1,984.3 912.4 19.6 403.6	2, 120. 1 994. 9 22. 0 444. 5	2, 303. 8 1, 032. 5 23. 0 477. 6	
Transport equipmentdo Automobiles and partsdo	9, 633. 2 7, 946. 1	11, 060. 4 9, 216. 1	1, 100. 5 941. 7	1, 053. 2 896. 2	845. 4 706. 7	776. 5 608. 3	748. 2 602. 8	1, 009. 0 867. 2	1, 052. 2 884. 8	732. 5 611. 4	1, 061. 5 922. 0	1, 005. 1 882. 6	1, 071. 9 897. 9	1, 125. 2 929. 5	1, 271. 3 1, 086. 9	
Miscellaneous manufactured articlesdo	6, 910. 6	8, 184. 0	649.7	697. 1	720. 4	820. 0	666. 2	781.3	772. 2	608.3	642. 3	640. 2	7 3 5.6	72 3. 1	770. 2	
Commodities not classifieddo	1, 598. 0	1,789.8	131.6	160. 9	153, 8	155. 6	144. 9	160. 2	143. 4	155.3	144, 6	155. 1	170.8	179.0	173. 2	•••••
Indexes												s.				
Exports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid): Unit value	117. 6 134. 3 158. 0	137. 5 165. 4 227. 5	132. 4 175. 3 232. 1	134. 5 167. 5 225. 3	137. 6 149. 1 205. 2	142. 9 155. 5 222. 2	141. 6 162. 5 230. 2	147. 1 176. 6 259. 8	149. 2 183. 7 274. 1	155. 3 172. 5 267. 9	158. 7 166. 6 264. 3	162. 7 173. 5 282. 2	166. 3 198. 0 329. 2	167. 3 193. 3 323. 3	166. 9 194. 7 324. 8	
General imports: do. Unit value	126. 1 163. 8 206. 6	149. 6 171. 8 257. 1	146. 9 183. 3 269. 2	147. 8 178. 2 263. 3	150. 3 167. 8 252. 2	153. 5 174. 4 267. 6	152. 3 154. 9 235. 9	159. 6 178. 2 284. 4	165. 0 183. 6 302. 9	172. 7 149. 3 257. 8	181. 7 163. 3 296. 8	192. 5 155. 2 298. 7	202. 8 172. 2 349. 1	215. 6 173. 3 373. 6	218. 5 181. 7 397. 1	
Shipping Weight and Value																
Waterborne trade: Exports (incl. reexports): Shipping weightthous. sh. tons Valuemil. \$mil. \$	230, 176 25, 520	274, 259 39, 641	24, 391 3, 177	24, 509 3, 182	22,524 3,050	25, 283 3, 429	21,751 3,356	24,645 3,802	24, 756 4, 280	22,762 4,042	19, 991 3, 858					
General imports: Shipping weight thous. sh. tons- Value mil. \$	1	437, 444 42, 555	38, 259 3, 680	37, 023 3, 538	33, 479 3, 512	44, 749 4, 048	37, 583 3, 340	7 41,291 7 3,871	42, 3 24 4, 2 3 0	33, 412 3, 720	32, 265 4, 294					
	TI	RANSI	PORT	ATIO	N AN	D CO	OMM	UNIC.	ATIO	N				_		
TRANSPORTATION	Ī						Ī	1				<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>		
Air Carriers (Scheduled Service) Certificated route carriers: Passenger-miles (revenue)	152.41	161.96	13. 16	14. 95	16.00	16. 98	13. 15	12,88	11.99	13. 13	12.99	11.69		» 13. 70		
Passenger-load factor\$	20,746	52. 1 22, 242 p 12, 419	50. 3 1, 822	55. 0 2,008 3,111	54. 9 2, 088	57. 5 2, 230	48. 5 1, 843 2 3, 431	47. 8 1, 848	55.5 1,736	56, 9 1, 826 p 3, 091	55. 0 1, 766	55.6 1,636		» 1, 882	1	
Passenger revenues do Freight and express revenues do Mail revenues do Operating expensesO do	9, 271 938 271	p 10, 274 p 10, 274 p 1, 075 p 303 p 11, 835		2, 599 260 67 2, 923			p 2, 859 p 282 p 65 p 3, 089			p 2, 494 p 291 p 105						
Net income after taxesdo	222	p 227		88			p 171			p 14						
Domestic operations: Passenger-miles (revenue) bil Express and freight ton-miles mil Mail ton-miles do	118. 14 2, 567 686	126, 3 2 2, 922 687	10. 11 255 58	11. 55 258 55	12.00 235 51	12.96 269 56	9. 86 256 53	10. 13 277 57	9.77 257 58	10, 58 231 74	10. 26 222 56	9. 45 221 53	11. 16 254 60	p 11. 08 p 243 p 57	p 10, 67 p 267 p 58	
Operating revenues⊙ mil. \$ Operating expenses⊙ do Net income after taxes⊙ do	8,652 8,158 196	^p 9, 694 ^p 9, 201 ^p 178		2, 433 2, 267 77			^p 2, 597 ^p 2, 3 75 ^p 95			^p 2, 457 ^p 2, 353 ^p 35						
International operations:△ Passenger-miles (revenue)bil. Express and freight ton-milesmil. Mail ton-milesdo	34. 27 1, 738 515	35. 64 1, 916 522	3. 05 150 r 44	3. 39 157 43	4. 00 162 40	4, 02 164 43	3, 29 180 39	2. 75 187 39	2. 22 175 47	2, 55 157 51	2, 73 154 35	2. 24 158 35	2. 62 190 39	p 2. 62 p 174 p 38	p 2. 90 p 1. 87 p 41	
Operating revenues O. mil. \$. Operating expenses O. do Net Income after taxes O. do	2, 512 2, 420 26	p 2,725 p 2,634 p 49		678 656 11			P 834 P 714 P 75			p 634 p 662 p −21						
Local Transit Lines											!					
Fares, average cash ratecents. Passengers carried (revenue)mil.	27. 4 5, 290	27.8 5,284	27. 8 456	27. 8 420	27. 8 391	.27. 7 413	27.7 408	27. 7 462	27.7 448	27. 7 447	27. 7 483	457	534	492	484	
Motor Carriers Carriers of property, large, class I:* Number of reporting carriers Operating revenues, totalmil. \$	94	94 8,708		94 2, 109			94 2, 151			94 2, 433	ļ		94 2,294			
Net income, after extraordinary and prior period charges and creditsl	258	234		64			51 46			67			47			
carrier service mil. tons. Freight carried—volume indexes, class I and II intercity truck tonnage (ATA): Common and contract carriers of property		189											73			
(qtriy.)average same period, 1967=100 Common carriers of general freight, seas. adj. 1967=100	128 136. 4	142 163. 4	163. 4	145 162. 2	159.6	159. 3	142 162. 6	167, 7	174. 6	132	2168. 4	2 167. 2	2 166. 4	2 159. 1	² 157. 6	
Class I Railroads Financial operations, qtrly. (AAR): Operating revenues, total, excl. Amtrak⊕♀mil. \$	13, 440	14,796		3, 727			3, 633			3,913			3,939			
Passenger, excl. Amtrak do Operating expenses Φ	12, 598 257 10, 580	13, 794 259 11, 571		3, 482 66 2, 925						3,634 68 2,990			3, 656 74 3, 099 671			
Tax accruais and rents	2,030 830 1 483	2,366 859 1 558		592 211 1 151			572 163 1 83			641 282 1 203			168			

r Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ Before extraordinary and prior period items. ² Comparison with year-ago data may be affected by the change in reporting actual tonnage carried instead of billed tonnage, per the ICC Uniform System of Accounts (1/1/74). ♀ Includes data not shown separately. ¶ Applies to passengers, baggage, cargo, and mail carried. § Passenger-miles as a percent of available seat-miles in revenue service; reflects proportion of seating capacity actually sold and utilized. ⊙Total revenues, expenses, and income

for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service. A Effective July 1973, carrier group referred to as "International"; no change in comparability of data. New series: Source: ICC (no comparable data prior to 1972). The end of the identical quarter of each year (and from year to year); see . What. Railroad Pass. Corp. (Amtrak), not included in AAR data above, operations for 1972 and 1973 (mil. dol.): Operating revenues, 163; 202; operating expenses, 286; 328; net income, -148; -159 (ICC).

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973		-		197	3						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
TR	ANSP	ORTA	TION	ANI	CO	MMU	NICA'	TION	Cor	tinu	ed					
TRANSPORTATION—Continued																
Class I Railroads—Continued	1										l					
Ton-miles of freight (net), revenue and nonrevenue bil Revenue ton-miles, qtriy. (AAR) do. Revenue per ton-mile cents. Passengers (revenue) carried 1 mile mil	800. 8 776. 7 1. 616 8, 560	1,620		2 435. 9 218. 0 2 1. 607 2 4, 233			211.2			214.0 2 1.632						
Travel																
Hotels and motor-hotels: Average sale per occupied room dollars. Rooms occupied , % of total. Restaurant sales index same mo. 1051=100. Foreign travel: U.S. citizens: Arrivals thous.	19.068	20, 42 64 130 9, 211	20, 53 69 153 775	20. 39 68 143 790	20. 25 65 130	20. 93 70 128 1, 172	20. 71 66 135	21. 09 73 132 751 653	21. 04 63 123	20. 3 6 46 129 594	20. 35 56 107 620	21. 86 63 124 601	21. 54 66 153 720	22. 48 68 138		
Departures	1 8, 312 5, 193 4, 310	8,758 5,750 4,905	787 427 376	941 474 418	1,020 615 480	870 663 628	741 512 470	495 425	573 416 381	609 473 414	584 475 387	587 399 310	679 469 3 66			
Passports issueddo National parks, visits¶do	2, 728 54, 087	2,729 55,406	335 4,826	306 7, 618	255 10, 0 30	21 3 10, 296	152 5, 616	148 4, 159	132 2, 256	108 1,493	168 r 1, 308	185 1,450	245 r 1, 992	287 r 2, 850	298 4, 146	280 6,778
COMMUNICATION (QTRLY.)																
Telephone carriers (63 carriers except as noted): Operating revenues 9	23, 079 11, 261 8, 984 14, 869 4, 032 117, 3			4 6, 447 4 3, 074 4 2, 570 4 4, 032 4 1, 183 4 120, 2			1 4.100									
Telegraph carriers: Domestic:			1	1										ĺ		
Operating revenues mil. \$ Operating expenses do Net operating revenues (before taxes) do International:	431. 8 349. 8 55. 1	373. 0 53. 7		93.4 15.7			114. 5 95. 3 11. 7			115. 8 93. 9 14. 3			92. 8 15. 6	³ 40. 3 ³ 31. 2 ³ 6. 4	³ 41. 2 ³ 32. 4 ³ 6. 1	
Operating revenuesdo Operating expensesdo Net operating revenues (before taxes)do	226. 0 163. 7 49. 4	261. 6 182. 9 64. 7		63.8 44.2 16.2			66. 0 45. 8 17. 0			70. 6 49. 4 17. 2			72. 6 49. 7 19. 2	3 24. 3 3 16. 7 3 6. 3	35 24. 5 35 16. 4 3 5 6. 9	
		CHEN	IICA I	LS A	ND A	LLIE	D PR	ODU	CTS							
CHEMICALS																
Inorganic Chemicals]			
Production: Aluminum sulfate, commercial (17% Al ₂ O ₃)† thous. sh. tons. Chlorine gas (100% Cl ₂)† Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl)† do. Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl)† do. Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58% Na ₂ O), † thous. sh. tons. Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH)† do. Sodium silicate, anhydrous† do. Sodium silfate, anhydrous† do. Sodium trypolyphosphate (100% Na ₃ P ₂ O ₁₀)† Titanium dioxide (composite and pure)† do. Sulfur. native (Frasch) and recovered: Productiond Lious (Frasch) and recovered: Productiond Stocks (producers') end of periodd. do.	9, 873 2, 302 556 4, 310 1 9, 586 661 1, 327 1, 033 718	1, 137 10, 303 2, 388 525 3, 838 10, 679 727 1, 422 914 772	106 886 209 49 337 928 72 120 81 68	88 838 196 42 297 870 60 110 76 63	96 875 191 42 304 904 60 122 79 61	112 866 210 41 338 895 58 112 76 67	79 835 188 37 261 868 62 108 70 61	108 889 208 44 331 913 64 138 71 65	96 882 204 45 328 913 67 113 71 67	86 894 191 44 300 924 60 105 71 68	92 878 205 47 271 903 57 101 69 65	90 815 193 42 265 831 60 99 63	90 7 877 192 47 283 906 61 117 76 771	102 880 190 37 335 903 68 123 73 72		
Inorganic Fertilizer Materials	3,796	3, 927	3, 763	3,805	3,756	3,801	3,820	3,903	3, 876	3,927	3,897	3, 799	3,809	3,868		
Production:																
Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous‡ thous. sh. tons Ammonium nitrate, original solution‡	6, 881 1, 858 7, 981 1, 593 6, 531	7 15, 466 7 6, 952 1, 983 7 7, 439 7 11, 972 6, 493 7 31, 723	1, 353 636 160 661 206 586 7 2, 836	1, 324 592 142 622 206 525 7 2, 635	1, 254 558 170 611 156 531 7 2, 635	1, 254 568 192 608 164 540 7 2, 797	1, 333 569 198 587 151 536 r 2, 527	1, 361 561 212 626 164 552 7 2, 605	1, 299 573 152 631 170 537 r 2, 663	1, 323 613 156 644 167 559 7 2, 748	1, 158 557 201 687 153 532 2, 607	1, 191 573 214 677 147 530 2, 478	7 1, 476 7 675 7 154 7 747 7 189 7 586 7 2, 628	1,439 662 184 741 187 573 2,709		
Production thous. sh. tons. Stocks, end of period do. Potash, deliveries (K₂0) do. Exports, total 9 do. Nitrogenous materials do. Phosphate materials do. Potash materials do. Imports: do.	19,612	7 5, 578 7 332 5, 902 20, 128 1, 044 14, 895 1, 579	495 233 581 1, 518 110 1, 141 114	446 298 308 1,540 68 1,109 146	444 349 220 1,785 88 1,295 184	430 363 335 1,798 95 1,276 125	431 340 415 1,639 92 1,115 192	471 304 592 1,764 69 1,362 120	449 322 577 1,678 100 1,233 130	7 481 7 332 492 1, 698 87 1, 221 122	419 308 568 1,896 126 1,334 184	463 298 567 1,774 75 1,308 120	7 459 7 285 675 1, 314 48 1, 030 100	473 237 740 1, 731 54 1, 414 80	7 587 1,237 62 985 87	p 394
Ammonium nitrate	378 264 4,855	338 299 5,899	37 22 547	25 12 305	15 11 261	11 12 295	16 23 385	24 29 669	27 23 601	13 26 489	31 20 610	21 25 626	27 44 752	50 23 795	48 20 816	

r Revised. Preliminary.

Annual total; revisions not distributed to the monthly or quarterly data.

For six months ending in month shown.

For 66 carriers.

Omits 1 carrier which had, for the period Jan.-Apr. 1974, average monthly operating revenues of \$800,000, expenses, \$700,000. and net operating revenues of \$44,000.

Data include visits to Vayageurs National Park effective July 1973.

¹⁶ 23 385 5 27 23 601 3 $\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \\ 295 \\ 0 \end{array}$ 24 29 669 16 13 26 489 12

Sincludes data not shown separately.

† Monthly revisions back to 1971 are available upon request.

o'In the footnote of the 1973 BUSINESS STATISTICS a distinction is made between "gross weight" and "sulfur content." However, because the difference is so minute, the Bureau of Mines no longer makes this distinction.

	1972	1973				197	13						19	974		
nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun
	CHEM	IICAL	S AN	D AI	LIEI) PR(ODUC	TS—	Conti	nued		<u> </u>	l			!
CHEMICALS—Continued																
Industrial Gases;	i															
Acetylene mil. cu. ft Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid thous. sh. tons	11, 568 1, 481	8, 370 1, 380	659 112	633 120	627 126	650 136	622 116	653 131	663 116	665 114	626 109	631	* 628 * 121	6 3 9 12 3		
Hydrogen (high and low purity)mil. cu. ft Nitrogen (high and low purity)do Oxygen (high and low purity)do Organic Chemicals 3	58, 890 193, 540 353, 190	61, 653 225, 557 383, 997	5,010 19,326 32,203	4, 655 18, 601 31, 273	4, 948 19, 221 32, 328	5, 654 19, 484 31, 667	5, 482 19, 203 31, 959	5, 909 19, 953 34, 092	5, 647 19, 215 33, 035	5, 801 19, 733 33, 329	5, 719 20, 043 32, 684	5, 699 18,126 30,062	7 5, 956 7 20, 238 7 33, 382	5, 879 18, 974 32, 749		
oduction: Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin)mil. lb	1 34. 6	32. 2	2.4	3.0	2. 5	2.4	2.4	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.5	3. 1	3. 2	2.8	
Creosote oil \oplus mil. gal. Ethyl acetate (85%) mil. lb. Formaldehyde (37% HCHO) do Glycerin, refined, all grades do Methanol, synthetic mil. gal. Phthalic anhydride mil. lb.	119. 1 1 217. 2 15,500.0 353. 0 1 897. 0 1 936. 0	1 110, 6 1 219, 1 16,173,6 359, 1 11,072,0 11,026,9	9. 1 17. 1 511. 3 29. 8 79. 7 91. 6	8. 7 18. 7 524. 5 30. 0 94. 3 87. 3	8. 5 15. 0 506. 9 29. 9 85. 6 80. 1	9, 1 21, 3 525, 1 31, 5 94, 5 92, 2	8. 4 18. 5 503. 2 27. 6 90. 8 85. 2	8. 8 15. 6 543. 8 29. 9 83. 9 81. 3	8. 5 13. 1 516. 7 30. 2 95. 3 82. 3	10. 2 15. 1 534. 7 30. 3 88. 1 95. 6	8. 5 16. 4 515. 7 30. 8 78. 6 86. 5	8. 9 16. 4 510. 3 28. 8 78. 5 78. 2	10. 7 15. 9 538. 3 30. 8 83. 2 85. 1	11. 3 15. 4 576. 7 32. 2 101. 9 87. 5	9. 9 12. 0 533. 7 31. 1 89. 7 87. 7	
ALCOHOL; thyl alcohol and spirits:	601.0	692, 0	70.1	** 0	F4 0		EO O	62.7	62, 2	56.4	49. 9	49.9	45. 3	55. 5		
Production mil. tax gal. Used for denaturation do Taxable withdrawals do stocks, end of period do matured alcohol: do	621. 3 453. 0 82. 5 76. 9	467. 9 72. 9 100. 9	58. 1 38. 8 6. 6 87. 7	55. 9 37. 8 6. 4 89. 6	54. 2 34. 3 5. 6 94. 3	57. 4 39. 8 6. 2 90. 9	59. 9 38. 0 5. 8 81. 1	41. 8 7. 0 82. 2	6.9 84.9 23.8	36. 2 5. 6 100. 9	35. 4 6. 3 79. 7	38. 4 5. 6 95. 4	37. 4 6. 9 87. 8	41. 8 6. 5 85. 9		
Production mil. wine gal Consumption (withdrawals) do Stocks, end of period do	245. 9 246. 7 2. 1	253. 4 253. 6 2. 5	21. 6 21. 5 2. 8	20.3 20.2 2.9	18. 9 19. 1 2. 8	22. 1 22. 1 2. 7	20.3 20.3 2.8	22. 5 22. 7 2. 5	23. 6 23. 6 2. 8	19. 7 19. 7 2. 5	23. 0 2. 8	20. 8 20. 7 2. 9	21. 3 21. 1 3. 2	23. 5 2. 4		
PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS oduction:														}		
Phenolic resins	¹ 1,680.1 ¹ 7,629.4 ¹ 1,732.3 ¹ 4,602.0 ¹ 4,288.9	11,912.3 18,451.1 12,152.5 14,896.3 14,423.4	172, 6 705, 8 170, 0 418, 4 388, 8	169. 4 682. 2 169. 5 420. 5 358. 7	149. 7 699. 7 183. 5 411. 6 354. 1	147. 1 696. 9 185. 7 410. 0 349. 8	161, 3 686, 1 186, 1 395, 8 365, 9	165. 7 784. 6 188. 4 362. 8 374. 9	143. 0 710. 4 184. 6 370. 9 367. 9	145. 2 742. 5 194. 7 388. 3 377. 2	143. 4 719. 2 176. 6 390. 5 377. 5	153. 6 692. 4 178. 0 382. 1 374. 1	145. 9 730. 8 194. 3 441. 6 402. 1	7 159. 5 723. 3 7 187. 6 430. 1 7 400. 4	151. 0 727. 5 165. 8 451. 3 393. 2	
plosives (industrial), shipments, quarterly													100.0			
mil. lb ints, varnish, and lacquer, factory shipments: Fotal shipments	2, 108. 7 3, 009. 2 1, 659. 3 1, 349. 8	2, 083. 7 3,152. 0 1,673.9 1,478.1	294. 4 161. 6 132. 8	528. 5 297. 5 166. 3 131. 2	279. 4 163. 6 115. 8	301. 7 171. 3 130. 4	551. 2 272. 5 140. 3 132. 2	274. 3 137. 6 136. 7	240, 0 114, 6 125, 4	527. 9 197. 8 91. 8 106. 0	243. 8 115. 0 128. 8	246. 3 121. 3 125. 0	279. 5 139. 1 140. 4	311. 7 161. 5 153. 2		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ELEC	TRIC	POW	VER A	AND	GAS	1	I		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ELECTRIC POWER		İ												-	ļ	
oduction (utility and industrial), total mil. kwhr	1.853.390	1.947.079	155, 189	167, 393	181, 085	184, 103	164, 242	159, 194	149. 394	161, 772	160, 720	149, 413	156, 519	145, 697		
Electric utilities, total do By fuels do By waterpower do	1,747,323 1,474,589		147, 112 122, 55 3		172, 539	175, 928		153, 888	140, 785	153, 276 127, 047						
Privately and municipally owned utildo Other producers (publicly owned)do		1,522,995 325,543	121, 097 26, 015	131, 667 27, 145	143, 343 29, 197	146, 682 29, 245	131, 044 25, 260	128, 5 3 0 25, 3 58	115, 947 24, 8 3 8	124, 02 3 29, 25 3	126, 442 25, 784	113, 947 27, 776	119, 281 28, 765	115, 248 22, 33 8		.
Industrial establishments, total doBy fuels doBy waterpower do	102, 678	98, 540 94, 978 3, 562	8,076 7,759 318	8, 580 8, 259 3 21	8,546 8,270 276	8, 175 7, 910 265	7, 938 7, 694 244	5, 3 05 5, 064 242	8,608 8,322 286	8, 496 8, 186 310	8, 494 8, 173 321	7,690 7,394 296	8, 473 8, 154 319	8, 111 7, 792 319		
les to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute)mil. kwhr_ Commercial and industrial:	1,577,714	1, 703, 203	1 3 1, 814	139, 014	149,064	154. 594	154, 877	145, 715	1 3 8, 889	137, 882	143, 201	137, 340	136, 116	134, 088		
Small light and powersdodododo	361, 859	396, 903 687, 235	30, 838 56, 784	33, 745 57, 542	36,733 57,091	37, 704 59, 023	37, 452 59, 514	34, 146 60, 779	32, 180 58, 910	30, 822 56, 482	31, 271 55, 695	30, 295 55, 022	30, 049 55, 786	29, 819 56, 502		
Railways and railroadsdo Residential or domesticdo	4, 440 511, 423	4, 186 554, 171	322 39, 102	330 42, 451	324 49, 781	335 52,341	328 52, 308	339 45, 285	346 42, 308	371 45, 198	375 50, 794	367 46, 797	356 45, 080	345 42, 568		-
Street and highway lightingdo Other public authoritiesdo Interdepartmentaldo	12, 193 43, 190 5, 142	12, 836 42, 340 5, 532	978 3, 316 473	951 3, 501 494	966 3,687 482	1,002 3,712 477	1, 047 3, 735 495	1, 119 3, 567 480	1, 177 3, 494 474	1, 219 3, 325 464	1, 234 3, 377 456	1, 139 3, 277 444	1,119 3,245 482	1,067 3,306 481		-
evenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute)mil. \$	27, 921. 1	31, 662. 9	2, 423. 5	2, 592. 6	2, 800. 9	2, 891. 1	2, 944. 0	2, 758. 7	2, 644. 7	2,679.3	2, 829. 6	2, 817. 6	2, 870. 4	2,919.1		-
GAS otal utility gas, Quarterly															}	
(American Gas Association): Customers, end of period, total thous Residential do Commercial do Industrial do Other do	43, 370 39, 776 3, 330 216 49	44, 268 40, 628 3, 380 214 46		43, 451 39, 902 3, 290 213 46			43, 464 39, 948 3, 261 200 55			44, 268 40, 628 3, 380 214 46						
Sales to customers, total tril. Btu Residential do Commercial do Industrial do Other do	8,798	16, 276 4, 965 2, 298 8, 164 849		3,930 1,088 508			3, 160 464 286 2, 163 247			3, 872 1, 169 559 1, 963 181						
Revenue from sales to customers, totalmil. \$. Residential	12, 488 6, 105 2, 066	12, 976 6, 231 2, 196 4, 078		3, 039 1, 415 491			2,135 734 270 1,035			3, 248 1, 544 548 1, 073						

r Revised. ¹ Reported annual total; revisions are not distributed to the monthly data. § Data are not wholly comparable on a year to year basis because of changes from one classification to another. ♂Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973			-	19	73						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
	FO	OD A	ND K	INDF	ED P	ROD	UCTS	s; TO	BACC	co						
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES Q					}											
Productionmil. bbl_ Taxable withdrawalsdo	131.81	148.60 138.45	13.83 12.87	13.09 12.55	13.76 12.77	14, 17 13, 68	12.12 11.50	12.38 11.54	10.90 10.72	10.65 10.08	12. 19 10. 97	10.98 9.87	13. 05 11. 82	13.09 11.74		
Stocks, end of perioddodo Distilled spirits (total): Productionmil. tax gal	12. 44 183. 79	12.76 183.24	14. 48 18. 3 1	14. 20 17. 49	14. 3 0 9, 66	13, 81 11, 77	13. 58 13. 20	13. 52 16. 09	12. 9 3 15. 72	12.76 15.42	13. 17 16. 02	13.56 13.83	13. 92 14. 90			1
Consumption, apparent, for Deverage purposes	1 393.42 200, 44	1 404.36 209.98	33. 64 19. 36	33. 65 17. 39	29.64 14.22	32, 29 18, 04	29.48 17.03	36.09 23.96	41.06 21.14	47 .13 15. 90	r 29. 3 6 17. 76	r 27. 86 15. 34	34. 64 19. 66			
Taxable withdrawals mil. tax gal Stocks, end of period do Imports mil. proof gal	971.71 100.16	939. 70 107. 28	970. 31 9. 30	971. 05 8. 17	965, 20 7, 12	959.75 7.73	954, 16 8, 20	930. 87 11. 36	940. 43 13. 69	939. 70 11. 20	937. 26 7. 32	935. 98 7. 67	931.30 9.93	17. 43 929. 00 10. 24	8.09	
Whisky: Productionmil. tax gal Taxable withdrawalsdo	116. 56 130. 10	108. 38 133. 63	11.93 11.96	10. 78 10. 44	5. 34 8. 86	6.61 10.62	6. 95 11. 05	6. 77 16. 68	7. 93 14. 32	7. 54 9. 59	8. 63 10. 82	8. 16 9. 43	8. 3 2 13. 06	8. 82 10. 87		
Stocks, end of perioddo Importsmil. proof gal_	924. 41 87. 69	893, 00 92, 30	925. 34 7. 95	926. 11 6. 98	922, 29 6, 07	917. 57 6. 68	912.87 7.08	888. 11 9. 75	895. 00 11. 98	893. 00 9. 66	889. 61 6. 27	888. 16 6. 42	883. 30 8. 54	880. 99 8. 81	6, 69	
tectified spirits and wines, production, total mil. proof gal Whiskydo	120. 30 62. 60	114, 16 53, 14	10.78 5,27	9.70 4.62	7. 60 3, 48	9. 74 4. 49	9, 47 4, 43	12. 41 6. 52	10.31 4.66	8, 51 3, 46	10. 26 4. 10	8. 46 3. 71	10. 58 5. 32	9.75 4.44		
lines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines:																
Productionmil. wine galdododododo	21. 13 20. 36 8. 08	20,50 18,97 8,48	1.72 1.54 10.00	. 85 1. 58 9. 17	1. 26 . 90 9. 45	1.73 1.15 9.95	1. 99 1. 56 10, 29	2. 36 2. 81 9. 76	2. 35 2. 67 9. 33	1.56 2.25 8.48	1.86 1.26 8.89	1.46 1.01 9.24	1. 82 1. 34 9. 68	1.00 .95 9.63		
Importsdodo	1. 98 301. 16	2.02	10.01	. 14 8. 83	. 14 8, 42	. 12 18. 80	. 10 89. 49	. 20	. 27 86. 3 2	. 24 23, 69	. 13 12. 98	8.63	. 14	. 12	. 12	
Productiondo Taxable withdrawalsdo Stocks, end of perioddo	269.58 350.88	437.46 273.12 422.37	24. 54 257. 93	22.60 236.95	18, 19 221, 03	21, 80 214, 87	20.00 275.43	26. 66 386. 66	24. 64 437. 96	22, 59 422, 3 7	24. 88 406. 51	19.72 388.76	13. 84 26. 39 370. 21	5. 41 22. 44 350. 83		
Importsdo Distilling materials produced at wineriesdo	45. 07 261. 10	53, 15 378, 67	5. 10 3. 41	4. 93 4. 18	4. 86 1. 32	4. 26 30. 24	3. 97 136. 45	4. 3 5	4. 90 35. 69	4. 17 18. 78	3. 93 3. 94	2.07 4.80	3. 66 2. 20	4. 78 4. 96	4. 37	
DAIRY PRODUCTS		3.6.01		1.10		00.21	100.10	100120	30, 30	10.10	0.01	1.00	2.20	4.50		
utter, creamery: Production (factory)mil. lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo	1,101.9	r 4 918. 6	r 99. 9	r 87. 1	r 67. 7	* 56. 6	r 51. 1	r 63. 4	r 60. 3	r 69. 5	80. 6	69.0	77.4	88.1	99. 8	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period	107.5	46.4 r 2.689	139. 4 . 620	150. 2 . 619	143.8	11 3 . 2	94.3	67.5 r.807	54.3 .770	46. 4 . 744	51.5 .708	50. 2 . 653	58. 7 . 698	80.0	7 97. 7 . 621	120.
Production (factory), totalmil. lb	7 4 2,604.6 1,644.3	⁷ 2,685.4 ⁷ 1,672. 5	r 266. 3 r 172. 9	r 266. 7 r 175. 4	r 236. 7 r 153. 4	* 216. 2 * 136. 3	r 187. 4 r 113. 3	r 202. 7 r 122. 2	r 205. 4 r 123. 5	r 233. 7 r 141. 0	240. 1 15 3 . 1	232. 2 153. 6	270. 7 181. 0	269. 1 177. 6	276. 7 185. 4	
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddodododo	331. 4 269. 4	357. 8 290. 3	330. 6 271. 1	374. 2 307. 5	392. 9 320. 2	395. 5 320. 6	382. 3 310. 5	371. 0 301. 1	356. 0 290. 0	357. 8 290. 3	364. 2 297. 6	391.7 327.0	438. 0 362. 6	489. 9 412. 9	7 530.0 7 452.5	561. 478.
Importsdo	179. 4	3 232, 0	16. 1 . 792	20.2	31. 2 . 801	14.5	13.0	28.9	29. 2 . 971	29. 9 1. 020	37. 1 1. 050	54. 7 1. 040	56. 6 1. 060	18. 9 1. 050	17.4	
ondensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods	1,183.3	1,102.2		r 115. 5	· 100. 6	r 96. 9	r 80. 2	r 80. 2	772.4	r 88. 3	81.6	77.7	92.4	90.6	100.0	.89
Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of month or year o'mil. lb.	74.7	69. 2	85. 4	114. 1	133. 6	67. 1	95. 6	89. 4	75. 2	69. 2	54.5	57. 5	62. 2	76. 7	110.0	
Exports: Condensed (sweetened)do Evaporated (unsweetened)do	14. 4 40. 5	1.0 41.4	. 1 3. 1	. 2 3. 0	. 1 3. 0	. 1 4. 6	. 1 1. 9	(5) 3.8	(⁵) 2. 5	(⁵) 3. 4	(5) 3 . 2	. 1 3. 9	. 1 3. 6	(5) 4.0	.1	
luid milk: Production on farmsdodo	4 119,904	115, 620	10,998	10,570	10,042	9, 466	8, 888	8, 9 3 9	8, 609	9, 024	9, 278	8, 711		10,091	r 10.791	10. 50
Price, wholesale, U.S. average 4 per 100 lb.	4 60, 9 31 4 6. 07	57, 563 7. 13	5, 920 6. 40	5, 885 6. 40	5, 229 6. 56	4, 753 7. 17	3, 973 7. 84	4, 086 8. 30	3, 870 8, 65	4, 219 8. 81	4,719 8.89	4, 540 8. 92	5, 299 8. 94	5, 566	6,071 r 8.25	₽7.
Ory milk: Production: Dry whole milkmil. lb	4 75, 2	78.0	9.3	9. 3	r 5. 5	r 5. 6	r 5. 3	r 4. 9	r 4, 5	r 5. 7	5.7	6. 1	6.5	10.9	9.7	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Stocks, manufacturers', end of period:	1, 223. 5	r 4 916. 9	r 118. 9	r 115.8	7 86. 2 9, 6	* 65. 0 8. 2	r 49. 5	7 54. 4 7. 6	r 44. 0	7 58. 2 5. 4	58.4 5.9	56.0	75. 3 8. 2	95. 0 10. 0	121. 2 11. 0	
Dry whole milkdododododo	3.4 37. 9	5. 4 74. 5	5. 1 81. 5	9. 0 102. 2	100. 7	93. 3	7. 3 84. 7	78. 1	7. 0 63. 5	74.5	58.6	7. 5 53. 7	58.8	87.0	141. 9	
Dry whole milkdodododo	38. 3 164. 1	49.7 10.4	5. 2 . 2	6. 2 1. 5	3.8 · 2	3.7	5.9 .7	1. 5 . 2	4.3	2.4	2.0	2.6 .5	4.1	5.1 .3	4.6	
milk (human food) \$\frac{1}{2} \text{per lb} \text{GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS}	. 331	. 464	. 446	. 449	. 461	. 484	.500	. 518	. 522	. 531	. 540	. 578	. 623	. 670	. 621	
xports (barley, corn, oats rye, wheat)mil. bu_arley:	31,789.3	32,896.2	2 43 . 6	282. 7	26 2. 9	3 10. 1	267. 6	237. 0	251. 5	217. 8	202, 0	181.7	198.4	184. 4	200. 8	
Production (crop estimate) do Stocks (domestic), end of period do do do do do do do do do do do do d	423.5 361.8	6 424.5 321.6		7 162. 5			423.7			321.6			215. 4 122. 0			10 349.
On farms do Off farms do Exports, including malt do	246. 2 115. 6 60. 6	208.5 113.1 94.6	10.4	⁷ 88. 8 ⁷ 73. 8 7. 6	9. 8	8.8	286. 1 137. 6 11. 9	5. 8	9. 3	208.5 113.1 7.5	8. 2	6.0	93. 4 3. 9	5.8	8. 3	
Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): No. 2, malting \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per bu. No. 3, straight \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do	1. 23 1. 23	2.02 2.00	1.64 1.64	1.72 1.69	1.79 1.80	2. 47 2. 44	2.62 2.60	2. 60 2. 60	2. 5 2 2. 4 9	2. 51 2. 51	2.71 2.69	3. 17 2. 95	3. 45 3. 41	2.85 2.77	2.77 2.76	3. 0 3. 0
orn: Production (crop estimate, grain only)mil. bu	6 5, 573	6 5, 643														
Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo On farmsdo Off farmsdo	4,831 3,689	4, 469 3, 353 1, 116		1,931 1,366 564			7 709 7 405 7 304			4, 469 3, 353 1, 116			2, 858 2, 008 850			~
Exports, including meal and flourdo Prices, wholesale:	886. 2	1,312.3	92. 2	136. 6	124. 3	138.0	112.4	92.3	112.5	112.7	108.1	99.7	128.0	117. 1 2.69	124.3	
No. 3, yellow (Chicago)\$ per bu_ Weighted avg., selected markets, all grades do	1. 30 1. 26	2.19	2.01 2.02	2. 43 2. 30	2, 59 2, 33	2. 98 2. 70	2.39	2. 34 2. 3 5	2. 53 2. 3 9	2. 67 2. 58	2. 92 2. 58	3. 10 3. 02	3. 01 2. 95	2.64	2. 7 3 2. 60	2.
ats: Production (crop estimate) mil. bu. Stocks (domestic), end of period, total do	6 692	664											435			10 69
On farms do Off farms do Off	556	634 473 161		7 412 7 231 7 181			805 606 199			634 473 161			287 148			
Exports, including oatmealdo Price, wholesale, No. 2, white (Chicago)	25. 2	54. 3	7.0	6. 9	5.8	5. 7	5. 2	9. 1	5. 6	4.8	.3	.8	.5	3.8	8.8	
\$ per bu * Revised. * Preliminary. * Includes Hawai			1.03	l		٠	'	'	8 Averag	1.52	۱			1.33 erage for		l

r Revised. P Preliminary. I Includes Hawaii; no monthly data available for Hawaii.
2 Average for Jan., Feb., Apr.—July, Oct.—Dec. 3 Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the months. Revised monthly data back to 1971 are available upon request. Less than 50 thousand pounds. Crop estimate for the year. Previous year's crop; new crop not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley and

oats; Oct. for corn). § Average for July-Sept., and Dec. § Average for April, May, and Dec. 10 July 1 estimate for 1974 crop. Gradensed milk included with evaporated to avoid disclosing operations of individual firms. § Excludes pearl barley. 9 Scattered monthly revisions for 1972 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	973			-			19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
FO	OD AN	ND KI	NDRI	ED PI	RODU	JCTS	TOE	BACC	0—С	ontinu	ıed					
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con.																
Rice: Production (crop estimate) mil. bags Q	1 85. 4	1 92.8							 							
California mills: Receipts, domestic, roughmil. lb_ Shipments from mills, milled ricedo	1,774 1,266	2, 151 1, 591	151 123	120 83	93 47	78 80	18 48	274 112	241 115	251 252	236 150	175 148	113 73	1 3 5 87	172 149	
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of periodmil. lb	. 86	109	62	61	77	52	8	144	194	109	114	88	92	99	70	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producersmil. lb_	7, 472 5, 133	6, 621	67	41	37	645	1, 294	2, 263	809 545	340 366	326 476	327 406	174 331	133 281	73	
Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of period mil. lb	1, 967	4, 226 1, 816	234 672	227 499	259 240	233 435	346 951	1, 922	1,925	1,816	1,565	1,386	1, 187	993	237 824	
Exports do Price, wholesale, No. 2, medium grain (Southwest Louisiana) \$per lb\$	4, 447	3,583	271 , 153	159 . 153	204 . 153	. 163	215 . 185	253	402	405 .300	368	265	287	.300	233	. 250
Rye: Production (crop estimate) mil. bu	1 29. 2	1 26, 4	, 100	.100		. 100	1200									5 22.0
Stocks (domestic), end of perioddo Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) _ \$ per bu _	54. 0 1. 07	21.5 1.82	1. 27	² 33. 3 1. 35	1, 52	2. 23	36. 9 2. 92	2.70	2, 46	21.5 2.69	3.42	3. 43	18. 1 3. 13	2.38	2, 12	2. 60
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), totalmil. bu	1 1, 545	1 1,711														5 1, 925
Spring wheatdo Winter wheatdo Distributiondo	1 1, 185 1, 695	1 442 1 1, 270 2, 176		489									386			5 522 5 1, 403
Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldododo	1,399	936 368	 	2 430			1,449			936			550 184			
Off farmsdo	889	568		² 125 ² 305			614 835		101.0	568	05.0		366			
Exports, total, including flourdododo	3 778. 5	³ 1, 403. 5 ³ 1, 372. 1	131.1 128.8	128. 4 126. 1	118. 4 115. 2	152.8 149.1	135. 3 131. 6	123. 2 122. 1	121.9 120.5	91.6 89.5	85. 2 83. 1	75. 2 72. 8	66. 0 63. 9	57. 6 55. 7	57. 2 55. 0	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) \$ per bu	1.86	3.43	2.61	2. 75	3.06	4.49	4.84	4.50	4, 50	4, 98	5.47	5.88	5, 50	4.45	4, 29	5. 02
No. 2, hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City).do Weighted avg., selected markets, all grades \$ per bu	1.86	3.58	2.64	2, 79	2.84 3.22	4.71	5.09	4.72	4.78	5. 23 5. 38	5.70 5.96	5. 78 6. 27	5, 25 5, 93	4.19	3. 63 4. 62	5. 29
Wheat flour:	1.57	3.04	2.62	2.77	3. 22	4. 92	5, 34	4.01	4.51	3.30	3.50	0.27	0.93	4.15	4.02	0.2
Production: Flourthous. sacks (100 lb.) Offalthous. sh. tons	4,303	249, 265 4, 303	20, 603 354	19,771 342	20,068 348	21, 893 380	21, 589 373	21, 982 385	20, 657 359	20, 972 356	383	20, 141 350	20,760 364	18, 532 326		
Grindings of wheatthous. bu Stocks held by mills, end of period thous. sacks (100 lb.)	557, 801	555, 269 5, 505	45, 808	43, 765 5, 393	44,681	48, 889	48, 111	49, 258	46, 272	46, 912 5, 505	48, 882	45, 015	46, 063	41,503		
Exportsdo Prices, wholesale:	16, 549	13, 456	977	993	1, 3 52	1,596	1, 607	483	612	912	914	1,015	904	8 3 2	957	
Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis) \$ per 100 lb Winter, hard, 95% patent (Kans. City)do	6. 534 5. 867	8.734 8.454	7.313 7.038	7.875 7.738	7. 738 7. 538	10. 280 9. 388	10.600 10.463	9. 913 9. 863	10. 225 10. 113	11. 525 11. 075	12. 975 12. 91 3	13. 313 13. 150	12.700 12.490	10.188 9.738	9.838 9.188	10. 968 9. 688
LIVESTOCK															ļ	
Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calvesthous. animals	2,421	1,808	131	117	118	115	128	168	170	156	181	155	180	172	167	
Cattledodo	32, 267	30, 521	2,694	2,563	2,441	2,366	2, 362	2,866	2,687	2,519	2,793	2, 303	2, 621	2,643	2,793	36, 62
Beef steers (Omaha) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per 100 lb. Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) do Calves, vealers (Natl. Stockyards, 1ll.) do	35. 49 38. 89 46. 88	r 43. 52 r 49. 13 57. 19	45.83 50.79 57.50	46, 66 49, 38 61, 40	47. 77 53. 23 59. 30	53, 13 56, 40 67, 50	45. 05 49. 73 56. 40	41. 33 49. 84 53. 40	39. 56 47. 63 57. 50	38. 63 44. 42 56, 50	47. 28 48. 70 58. 50	45.72 45.30 60.50	41, 98 43, 65 59, 00	40.81 42.49 58.50	39. 49 37. 24 51. 00	33. 16
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. animals_	78, 759	72, 264	6, 638	5,711	4, 996	5, 569	5, 348	6,613	6, 534	5,859	6, 804	5,584	6, 568	r 6, 867	7, 077	
Prices: Wholesale, average, all grades (Sioux City) \$ per 100 lb.	26. 58	r 40. 10	35, 82	37. 66	45. 69	55. 28	42. 96	41. 28	39. 89	38, 37	3 9. 27	38. 39	34, 35	29.95	25. 43	26. 51
Hog-corn price ratio-(bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. live hog)	22.3	21.3	21.9	18. 7	20. 3	21.0	20. 4	18.8	18. 6	16.0	15. 5	14. 3	13. 1	12.7	10.7	9. 1
Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. animals Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha)	9,905	9, 234	858	727	807	844	789	915	747	612	749	612	772	r 782	670	
\$ per 100 lb.	30. 13	r 36. 69	3 6. 25	38.00	3 9. 25	41.50	33. 38	31.75	34.75	37. 50	38. 3 8	40.38	37. 50	3 9 .75	47. 25	46. 25
Total meats:	İ															
Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected slaughter t mil. lb. Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of	35, 632	r 33, 525	r 2, 994	r 2, 750	2, 561	r 2, 569	r 2, 551	r 3, 141	7 3, 006	r 2, 812	3, 157	2,576	3, 029	3,086	3, 227	
periodmil, lb_ Exports (meat and meat preparations)do Imports (meat and meat preparations)do	670 614 2,012	830 759 1,972	698 74 166	675 66 143	588 49 153	505 57 209	525 53 159	643 72 207	770 62 184	830 70 156	864 58 171	864 51 137	960 60 168	1,006 56 142	1,021 51 126	
Beef and veal: Production, inspected slaughter tdo	20, 524	r 19, 504	r 1, 697	1,626	1, 566	, 1, 487	1,515	1,850	1,740	1,651	1, 823	1, 483	1,731	1,727	1,822	
Exportsdo	380 54	459 81	347 7	334 8	308 6	262	252 5	324 8	403 10 139	459 9 118	476 9 128	460 8 93	499 7 117	485 5 99	476 4 89	
Imports do. Price, wholesale, heef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (East Coast) per lb.	1,461	1, 471 4 . 696	.710	. 728	. 749	167	123 . 713	. 671	. 648	.670	. 767	. 770	. 688	.670	. 666	. 63
Lamb and mutton: Production, inspected slaughtermil. lb	515	486	47	3 8	42	42	40	47	39	33	40	34	43	42	35	
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Pork (including lard), production, inspected	16	15	16,	16	14	13	13	16	15	15	12	12	14	14	17	
slaughter t mil. lb. Revised. ¹ Crop estimate for the year. ² Pre		•	1, 250		953		994 months	1,243	1,226 erage for	1, 126		,		1,317 y 1 estin		974 ero

r Revised. ¹ Crop estimate for the year. ² Previous years' crop; new crop not reported until July (beginning of new crop year). ³ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed

to the months.

Q Bags of 100 lbs.

4 Average for Jan.-July and Sept.-Dec.

5 July 1 estimate of 1974 crop.

4 Scattered monthly revisions back to 1971 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73				l		1	974		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
FO	OD A	ND KI	NDR	ED P	RODI	JCTS	тог	BACC	0—C	ontin	ued					
MEATS—Continued							1									
Pork (excluding lard): Production, inspected slaughter	214 105 395	711,879 286 169 398	7 1, 087 259 29 37	940 252 14 35	839 201 6 30	924 179 4 34	882 196 6 30	1, 094 224 14 37	1, 074 277 8 36	992 286 5 30	1, 143 303 5 34	940 307 3 36	1, 101 351 4 40	1, 166 405 6 32	1, 200 417 6 30	
Hams, smoked composite	. 625	1.810	.722 .737	.745	. 794	1. 045	. 839 . 866	. 784	. 957	.818	. 9 3 7 . 815	. 859	. 752	.720	. 834	5 . 476 . 692
POULTRY AND EGGS Poultry: Slaughter (commercial production)mil. lb. Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period, total	10, 883	10,649	878	909	946	1, 025	905	1, 105	990	847	933	766	806	832	944	
Turkeysdo Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers	324 208	431 281	173 88	228 137	290 199	355 261	460 3 51	577 451	466 321	431 281	424 268	392 243	380 226	382 216	r 405 r 227	449 26 3
Eggs: \$ per lb Production on farmsmil, cases O	.134 193. 2	,241 184. 9	.235 16. 0	.235 15. 1	.300 15. 3	.370 15. 2	.330 14.8	.215	15, 1	. 180 15. 8	. 200 15. 7	. 230 14. 3	. 210 16. 0	. 195 15. 5	15. 8	15.1
Stocks, cold storage, end of period: Shellthous. cases O Frozenmil. lb_	41 68	34 43	39 44	73 46	54 48	62 49	86 53	72 54	67 49	34 43	23 38	42 36	59 39	66 44	7 86 7 50	81 55
Price, wholesale, large (delivered; Chicago)† \$ per doz	.380	. 610	. 505	. 582	. 651	. 769	. 700	. 646	. 678	.728	. 750	. 695	. 621	. 542	. 445	. 446
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	İ		}													
Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons. Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)\$ per lb	282, 2 . 3 22	248.0 .636	29.3 .614	17.0 .674	15. 8 . 870	9. 9 . 790	5. 4 . 758	2. 8 . 805	11. 1 .770	27. 6 . 651	28. 9 . 648	21. 1 . 738	31.7 .830	21. 9 1 .085	28. 0 1. 168	1. 015
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of periodthous. bags.go. Roastings (green weight)do.	3, 663 20, 075	4, 146 19, 415		4, 325 4, 784			4, 582 4, 275			4, 146 5, 153			4, 933 5, 056			
Imports, total	20, 757 6, 152 2 . 544 1, 976	21, 799 4, 606 . 676 2, 141	2, 494 475 . 650 143	1,710 424 .670 135	1,573 211 .700 114	1, 731 411 . 700 183	1, 399 348 . 725 233	1, 624 489 . 723 227	1, 624 420 .730 234	1, 652 282 . 720 180	2, 182 459 . 720 211	2, 022 272 . 710 220	2, 457 364 . 750 7 241	2, 264 567 .755 200	1, 868 166 . 765 190	. 740
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of periodmil. lb	415	459	270	291	324	336	364	411	453	459	451	43 5	427	, 414	p 424	
Sugar (United States): Deliveries and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts: Productionthous. sh. tons. Entries from off-shore, total?do	4, 896 6, 700	r 4, 931 r 6, 551	212 592	168 648	112 707	77 408	1 3 5 587	663 597	1, 019 581	915 35 6	563 663	386 474	29 3 4 3 2	148 534	665	
Hawaii and Puerto Ricodo Deliveries, total Qdo For domestic consumptiondo	1, 262 11, 528 11, 415	7 1, 217 7 11, 538 11, 482	988 984	140 1,063 1,058	1,027 1,025	92 1, 203 1, 197	1,026	942 938	81 890 888	86 919 918	38 959 957	32 867 864	924 921	901 899	103	
Stocks, raw and ref., end of perioddo Exports, raw and refined	2,710	r 2, 583	2,604	2, 291	2,040	1,454	1, 022 979	1, 251	1,902	2,608	2, 488	2, 509	2,493	7 2, 174 4, 168	^p 2, 101 9, 9 3 2	.
Imports:	110	3,946	137	313	239	286	196	299	439	349	587	3, 969	6, 086	4,108	9, 302	
Raw sugar, total Qthous, sh. tons From the Philippinesdo Refined sugar, totaldo	5, 154 1, 246 76	5, 200 3 1, 566 29	506 168 1	418 153 (4)	448 262 5	566 215 5	393 285 1	220 24 0	550 82 6	461 52 (4)	244 0 (4)	500 94 0	554 140 (4)	509 161 (4)	512 180 0	
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesale\$ per lb_Refined;	. 091	. 103	. 100	. 103	. 102	. 108	. 109	. 112	.111	. 112	. 122	. 155	. 195	.195	. 228	. 270
Retail (incl. N.E. New Jersey) \$ per 5 lb- Wholesale (excl. excise tax) \$ per lb-	. 704 . 123	. 775 . 1 33	. 751 . 127	. 767 . 127	. 775 . 132	. 779 . 137	. 803 . 137	.821 . 141	. 840 .150	. 860 . 128	. 868 . 143	. 896 . 161	1.024 .200	1. 159 .200	1, 253 . 248	. 285
Tea, importsthous. lb FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS	151, 495	173, 314	17, 423	12, 425	13, 660	12, 614	12, 527	16, 878	16, 506	11, 997	11,675	14, 974	16, 583	17, 177	18, 122	
Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):											:					
Productionmil. lb_ Stocks, end of period⊕do Balad or cooking oils;	3, 532. 5 127. 3	3, 445. 2 114. 6	291. 6 120. 6	262. 5 137. 3	240. 4 120. 4	294. 7 86. 2	$^{261.9}_{95.2}$	338. 2 97. 6	301. 1 111. 5	290, 9 114, 6	330. 0 104. 7	290. 1 118. 3	305. 6 146. 0	7 280. 9 7 156. 9	271. 9 130. 4	
Productiondodo Stocks, end of period⊕dodo	3, 904. 8 85. 6	3, 927. 7 74. 1	354.3 90.9	352. 3 112. 2	287.1 72.3	330. 4 52, 2	288.3 63.8	327. 8 62. 2	348. 8 66. 3	329.9 74.1	381. 0 76. 5	343.8 79.5	372. 1 101. 1	337.3 788.6	344. 9 107. 3	
Production	2, 361. 2 69. 3	2, 357. 0 61. 2	200. 1 68. 2	168. 3 69. 7	151.7 57.4	187. 7 47. 1	185.7 58.4	224. 1 60. 2	217. 9 59. 3	214.8 61.2	248. 1 55. 3	205.7 63.0	213. 4 74. 4	7 194. 8 7 75. 2	205. 3 80. 7	. 462
Animal and fish fats: Tallow, edible:	. 313	. 340	. 324	. 327	. 327	. 348	.367	. 373	. 381	. 381	. 415	. 429	. 455	. 455	. 402	. 402
Production (quantities rendered) mil. lb. Consumption in end products do Stocks, end of period 1 do Tallow and grease (except wool) inadible.	544. 8 633. 6 45. 3	474.7 548.7 40.4	39. 5 44. 3 26. 9	39. 6 41. 7 22. 8	34.9 36.2 22.2	27. 1 36. 7 20. 8	35.8 35.8 18.7	50. 9 50. 4 25. 7	52.7 43.3 37.6	42.7 45.2 40.4	44. 0 50. 9 52. 8	37.0 51.5 33.7	46. 9 54. 3 37. 2	7 46. 1 51. 9 7 33. 9		
Production (quantities rendered) do Consumption in end products do Stocks, end of period	4, 834. 3 2, 761. 6	4, 33 5, 1 2, 540, 3	375.9 231.1	352. 0 206. 8	345.5 191.4	335, 3 199, 6	$\frac{320.2}{197.0}$	404. 3 229. 9	390. 2 208. 9	384. 7 197. 3	416, 5 234, 6	343. 5 202. 3	398. 3 224. 5	7 392, 8 7 222, 2 7 302, 9	414. 7 227. 4 373. 1	

Consumption in end products. do. 2, 761, 6 2, 540, 3 31, 1 26, 8 191, 4 199, 6 197, 0 229, 9 108, 9 197, 3 234, 6 202, 3 224, 5 7222, 2 227, 4 193, 6 197, 0 229, 9 108, 9 197, 3 234, 6 202, 3 224, 5 7222, 2 227, 4 193, 6 197, 0 229, 9 108, 9 197, 3 234, 6 202, 3 224, 5 7222, 2 227, 4 193, 6 197, 0 229, 9 108, 9 197, 3 234, 6 197, 0 229, 9 108, 9 197, 3 234, 6 197, 0 229, 9 108, 9 197, 3 234, 6 197, 0 197, 1 208, 9 197,

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
FO	OD AN	ID KI	NDRI	ED PI	RODU	CTS;	ТОВ	BACCO	O—Co	ntinu	ıed					
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS—Continued																
Vegetable oils and related products:																
Coconut oil: Production, refined	593. 0 824. 9 229. 1 677. 0	604. 1 879. 0 105. 9 716. 9	62. 5 82. 1 183. 4 61. 3	54. 0 78. 2 166. 6 43. 7	44. 2 64. 7 148. 4 41. 9	47. 5 68. 2 140. 4 64. 1	46.6 73.8 114.3 29.8	51. 4 83. 3 79. 0 46. 7	35. 2 66. 1 102. 7 64. 8	43. 2 62. 3 105. 9 74. 6	42.7 70.1 101.4 24.3	30. 2 60. 7 90. 0 25. 3	48. 9 62. 7 108. 5 45. 0	39. 6 62. 7 96. 1 48. 2	32. 5 53. 6 89. 1 35. 3	
Corn oil: Production: Crude	507. 2 464. 5 463. 7 76. 8	529. 2 529. 5 508. 7 45. 0	47.5 41.0 39.5 88.4	45. 9 44. 1 41. 7 91. 2	45.8 44.1 37.4 92.1	44. 3 41. 9 45. 4 71. 9	43.8 42.6 42.6 56.6	45. 2 50. 7 49. 8 54. 4	42. 4 45. 0 44. 1 43. 4	43. 1 48. 5 41. 2 45. 0	45. 1 51. 0 51. 5 42. 2	41. 8 42. 8 38. 0 51. 5	45. 4 39. 9 39. 9 60. 7	7 46. 6 7 34. 2 7 34. 2 7 73. 1	46. 2 39. 5 40. 1 82. 2	
Cottonseed oil: Production: Crude	1,133. 5 712. 0 187. 4 475. 4	1, 541. 5 1, 330. 2 864. 5 158. 0 545. 0 3 . 157	136. 3 126. 0 88. 1 232. 5 63. 7 . 210	108. 4 99. 1 80. 5 215. 8 55. 3 . 223	92. 9 76. 8 69. 5 190. 0 39. 0	87.8 102.7 66.1 181.6 23.8	56. 2 66. 6 52. 3 114. 4 43. 2	120. 6 89. 0 70. 2 124. 5 22. 6 . 250	169. 8 117. 2 75. 1 161. 6 24. 9 . 220	149. 0 123. 3 84. 0 158. 0 38. 2 . 300	176. 9 134. 9 84. 3 202. 4 28. 8 . 320	150. 2 118. 2 73. 4 177. 9 79. 0 . 365	160. 4 125. 5 77. 1 198. 8 52. 3 . 345	r 144.1 r 129.3 r 75.8 r 198.9 56.3 . 380	140. 9 118. 4 74. 7 189. 9 94. 2 . 400	. 395
Soybean cake and meal: Productionthous. sh. tons Stocks (at oil mills), end of perioddo	16, 99 3 , 1 180, 5	16, 223. 5 245. 6	1,406.2 156.5	1, 189. 1 158. 5	1,009.0 166.0	1,078.3 168.1	948.7 141.8	1,424.9 195. 7	1,638.5 206.3	1,651.3 245.6	1,699.6 211.5	1,606.9 243.4	1,728.8 325.9	71,590.8 7318.1	1, 633. 7 396. 9	
Soybean oil: Production: Crude	6, 464. 0 6, 748. 7 896. 5	7, 540. 2 6, 462. 6 6, 724. 9 690. 5 874. 3 3 . 206	655.8 538.9 581.8 900.1 111.8 .189	553. 1 514. 2 534. 3 822. 7 90. 3 . 226	470. 1 428. 9 464. 2 748. 7 81. 5	510.5 538.8 569.3 620.1 37.0	439. 8 502. 3 522. 7 515. 5 45. 2	676. 8 575. 5 616. 4 531. 5 12. 9 . 309	764. 9 595. 8 619. 2 599. 9 31. 7 . 219	769. 8 591. 7 578. 7 690. 5 108. 6 . 302	797. 7 660. 3 668. 6 623. 3 122. 2 . 287	751. 5 589. 5 588. 6 642. 4 120. 2 . 374	809. 0 609. 0 634. 1 626. 0 98. 3 . 304	750.8 r 569.8 r 572.8 r 726.3 146.0 . 278	778. 6 567. 6 572. 7 765. 1 96. 9 . 312	.309
TOBACCO Leaf:	}														ĺ	
Production (crop estimate) mil. lb. Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of period mil. lb. Exports, incl. scrap and stems thous. lb.	606, 176	1 1, 738 4, 409 2 612,980	46, 192	4, 039 45, 321	40, 122	40, 593	4, 196 54, 580	70, 213	81,897	4, 409 56, 617	53,510	47, 633	4, 215 39, 115	52, 704	57, 684	
Imports, incl. scrap and stemsdo Manufact ured:	240, 509	268, 585	25, 603	19, 045	19, 069	21, 650	21, 565	26, 113	23,216	25, 434	10, 532	42, 384	21,805	23,013	20,421	
Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (small): Tax-exempt	551,016	58, 225 588, 019 5, 553 41, 543	3, 988 52, 042 507 2, 642	4, 237 50, 757 483 2, 917	4, 469 43, 525 403 3, 133	4, 913 56, 821 506 4, 391	4, 857 46, 122 442 3, 544	5, 005 58, 502 576 3, 814	7,897 52,420 479 4,194	3, 832 39, 985 339 2, 960	4,833 53,261 418 2,889	4, 407 48, 910 380 3, 730	5, 563 48, 003 405 3, 637	4, 380 46, 092 452 3, 791	5,044	
		·	LEA'	THEF	R ANI) PR	ODUC	CTS		<u>'</u>	•	'		<u>'</u>	·	•
HIDES AND SKINS			1]						1					
Exports: Value, total 9 thous. \$. Calf and kip skins thous. skins. Cattle hides thous. hides.	292, 023 2, 064 17, 589	376, 999 1, 886 16, 867	33, 474 209 1, 411	25, 441 113 1, 266	23, 731 117 1, 155	24, 077 135 1, 100	25, 636 139 1, 229	30, 958 138 1, 463	29, 359 154 1, 412	27, 892 151 1, 3 91	29, 025 144 1, 4 2 3	31, 212 169 1, 500	31, 751 337 1, 462	31, 642 184 1, 567		
Imports:	16.852	83, 900 12, 833 1, 600	8, 700 1, 219 272	7, 900 804 52	8, 600 1, 598 83	6, 900 1, 157 113	4, 600 540 55	4, 400 684 27	5, 200 562 84	3,800 494 16	4,600 765 65	3,900 791 57	6,800 1,468 40	6,500 1,308 16	8, 500	
Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. shipping point: Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/161b	. 563	622 343	. 610 . 363	. 610 . 33 8	. 610 . 363	. 610 . 383	. 610 . 355	. 610 . 363	. 610 . 328	. 610 . 282	. 610 . 293		. 610 . 241	.610 .263	. 850 . 263	
Production: Calf and whole kipthous. skins. Cattle hide and side kipthous. hides and kips. Goat and kidthous. skins. Sheep and lambdo	20, 084 3, 522	1, 262 17, 768	117 1,632 257 1,418	124 1,588 248 1,380	81 1, 150 141 968	122 1,479	103 1,429 991	105 1,566	122 1,437	110 1,374 7 1,046	129 1, 445 1, 115	136 • 1, 398	147 1, 437	1, 433		
Exports: Upper and lining leatherthous, sq. ft.		2 100 104			8, 154		9, 919-	10, 184	g 450	9,563	9, 984	10,163	10, 407	11, 917		
Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. tannery: Sole, bends, lightindex, 1967=100. Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades	4 157. 5	6 184. 5	12, 618	166.8	166. 8	10, 353	187. 0	179.8	6, 459 179. 8	179.8	179.8	179.8		165.4	165.4	
index, 1967=100. LEATHER MANUFACTURES	106.7	7 119.5														
Shoes and slippers:														05.5		
Production, total thous, pairs. Shoes, saudals, and play shoes, except athletic thous, pairs. Slippers do Athletic do	417,604	377, 719 r 98, 244	31, 395 9, 094	41, 513 32, 301 8, 169	25, 536 5, 745	43, 971 33, 079 9, 724	39, 187 29, 252 8, 886	45, 206 33, 590 10, 411	38,573 28,345 9,107	33, 966 27, 310 5, 756	38, 380 31, 116 6, 359	39, 869 32, 127 6, 965	42, 015 33, 447 7, 731	28, 635 7, 499	31, 672 8, 507	
Athleticdo	8, 726 2, 053	7 10, 130 2, 233		842 201	569 89	924 244	867 182	927 278	914 207	737 163	780 152	629 148	686 151	686 145	692 177	
Exportsdo	2 2, 253	3, 599	284	335	312	357	320	406	370	312	246	321	412	299		-
Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory: Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodyear weltindex, 1967=100. Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear weltindex, 1967=100. Women's pumps, low-medium qualitydo	125.7	140.7 134.2 8 122.1	140. 1 135. 5 121. 1	140. 1 135. 5 121. 1		140. 1 135. 5 121. 1	140. 1 135. 5 121. 1	142. 6 135. 5 121. 1	146. 1 135. 5 121, 1	146. 1 135. 5 121. 1	147. 4 136. 8 123. 8	147. 4 136. 8 123. 8	152. 1 138. 0 123. 8	153.9 140.5 126.7	153.9 143.0 126.7	143. 0

Revised. ¹ Crop estimate for the year. ² Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly data. ² Average for Jan.-June and Oct.-Dec. ⁴ Average for Jan.-July and Oct.-Dec. ⁵ Jan.-Aug. average.

⁶ Average for Jan.–July and Sept.–Dec. ⁷ Jan.–Apr. average. ⁸ Apr.–Dec. average. ⁹ Includes data for items not shown separately. ¶ Factory and warehouse stocks. ⁶ Corrected.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973				19	73						19	974		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			LUM	IBER	AND	PRO	DUC	ГS								
LUMBER—ALL TYPES Q															l	
National Forest Products Association: Production, totalmii. bd. ft Hardwoodsdodo Softwoodsdo	1 38,254 6, 813 31, 441	1 37,890 6, 579 31, 311	3, 290 491 2, 799	3, 207 549 2, 658	3, 038 580 2, 458	3, 456 631 2, 825	3, 250 631 2, 618	3, 453 682 2, 771	3, 057 571 2, 486	2,710 511 2,199	2,741 468 2,272	2, 945 518 2, 427	3, 191 534 2, 657	3, 457 570 2, 887		
Shipments, total doHardwoods doSoftwoods do	1 39,390 7, 231 32, 159	1 37,629 6, 680 30, 949	3, 351 563 2, 788	3, 264 544 2, 720	3, 044 534 2, 511	3, 402 582 2, 820	3, 096 578 2, 518	3,312 628 2,683	3, 008 593 2, 415	2, 623 535 2, 088	2, 647 496 2, 151	2, 850 529 2, 321	3, 219 521 2, 698	3,377 552 2,825		
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period, totaldo Hardwoodsdodo Softwoodsdo	4, 152 581 3, 571	4, 413 480 3, 933	3, 835 150 3, 686	3, 765 152 3, 613	3, 758 198 3, 561	3, 813 248 3, 565	3, 967 301 3, 666	4, 108 355 3, 753	4, 157 334 3, 824	4, 413 480 3, 933	4, 499 443 4, 056	4, 596 435 4, 161	4, 568 448 4, 120	4, 648 466 4, 182		
Exports, total sawmill productsdo Imports, total sawmill productsdodo	1,390 9,428	1, 959 9, 5 3 7	201 931	174 899	152 823	181 623	204 1, 453	192 764	141 780	129 640	163 634	145 547	186 700	188 721		
Douglas fir: Orders, newmil. bd. ft	9, 242	8, 978	692	813	803	736	715	682	745	666	631	626	790	737	692	
Orders, unfilled, end of perioddodo	8, 983	679 9, 116	643 769	636	726 682	622 814	670 722	682 632 769	616 760	679 638	701 644	692 691	727 759	688	598 761	
Production	9, 191 7 3 5	8, 916 935	780 882	820 854	713 823	840 797	667 852	720 901	761 900	603 9 3 5	609 970	635 1,026	755 1,0 3 0	r 776 r 1, 029	782 1,008	
Exports, total sawmili products	405 111 294	637 176 462	79 39 40	53 13 40	47 10 37	56 16 40	68 24 44	63 13 50	37 11 26	42 14 28	60 19 41	46 12 34	76 12 63	73 22 51		
Prices, wholesale: Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L. \$ per M bd. ft	144. 27	181.86	209. 91	192. 13	180. 93	180. 19	190, 27	176. 11	170. 43	170. 26	159, 25	163.06	181.51	186.18	179.03	167. 6
Southern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	1 8, 539 435	1 7, 697 405	726 556	656 546	609 528	690 550	564 497	576 412	617 441	472 405	571 423	627 507	718 540	607 487		
Productiondodododo	1 8, 337 1 8, 525	17,847 17,727	705 695	649 666	628 627	689 668	644 617	684 661	618 588	557 508	599 553	573 543	670 685	681 660		
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of period	1, 028 64, 456	1,148 94,346	1,014	997 9, 580	998 7, 946	1, 019 9, 696	1, 046 11, 037	1,069 8,826	1, 099 6, 365	1, 148 5, 973	1, 194 7, 077	1, 224 5, 675	1, 209 6, 155	1, 2 3 0 10, 575		
Exports, total sawmill products	04, 450	94, 940	8, 803	5, 360	1,5%0	9,030	11,007	0,020	0, 500	0,970	1,011	3,073	0, 100	10, 575		
Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L. 1967=100. Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. & 1967=100.	154. 7 140. 8	198. 2 186. 2	195. 0 178. 6	204. 9 200. 1	201. 4 185. 9	214.1 192.4	217. 6 211. 0	217. 7 211. 0	218. 8 214. 3	215. 6 214. 3	210. 6 215. 4	207. 4 215. 4	207. 7 220. 8	212.8 231.8	207. 8 231. 8	195. 232.
Western pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	10, 756 555	10, 452 556	901 552	885 551	949 631	957 627	872 592	918 584	748 568	698 556	748 657	803 716	842 688	878 654	859 557	
Productiondodo	10, 395 10, 563	10, 498 10, 451	971 951	882 886	857 869	970 961	924 907	937 926	798 764	729 710	651 647	755 744	841 870	938 912	912 956	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of perioddo Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x	1, 214	1, 261	1, 187	1, 183	1,171	1,180	1, 197	1,208	1, 242	1, 261	1,265	1,276	1, 247	1,273	1, 229	
12", R. L. (6' and over)\$ per M bd. ft HARDWOOD FLOORING	130. 91	179.62	243. 95	228. 13	197. 73	160.65	155. 33	154. 98	155. 90	168. 99	193, 90	190, 23	204. 37	234.99	231. 32	200. 6
Oak: Orders, new	268. 2 11. 6	178.3 5.1	15. 1 4. 0	16. 2 6. 0	13. 2 6. 3	17. 4 5. 5	14. 9 5. 5	15. 7 4. 8	13. 7 5. 5	9. 3 5. 1	14. 4 5. 1	8.8 3.9	10.5 3.4	9. 6 2. 6	8. 5 2. 2	
Production	244. 8 261. 1 6. 6	188. 0 184. 6 8. 2	15. 8 16. 6 3. 7	14. 6 15. 3 3. 2	12.6 11.6 3.6	18. 9 18. 1 4. 4	15. 4 15. 0 4. 5	18. 5 16. 4 6. 1	15. 4 13. 4 7. 7	13. 6 10. 8 8. 2	16. 2 14. 3 10. 1	13. 0 9. 5 12. 6	13.6 11.2 15.0	13. 0 9. 6 16. 7	12. 8 8. 8 20. 8	
		M	ETAI	LS AN	ND M	ANUI	FACT	URES	3					·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
IRON AND STEEL Exports:													}			
Steel mill products thous. sh. tons. Scrap do Pig iron do	2,873 7,383 15	1 4, 052 11, 256 15	372 1, 202 1	323 1,057 2	343 1, 130 1	324 1, 234 1	281 1,025 3	374 757 1	388 600 1	473 675 2	455 859 3	448 884 2	503 703 13	533 698 31	627 826 18	
Imports:	17, 681 373 653	15, 150 391 459	1,604 46 71	1, 229 51 53	1,380 39 45	1, 316 36 36	1,075 20 41	1, 235 33 24	1, 313 21 55	1, 092 20 31	827 24 13	830 20 10	892 22 15	971 15 22	1, 142 18 60	
Iron and Steel Scrap							ļ					<u>.</u>				
Production thous, sh. tons Receipts, net do Consumption do Stocks, end of period do	41,670	57, 301 43, 121 101, 462 6, 990	5, 099 3, 856 9, 039 7, 792	4, 810 3, 668 8, 495 7, 789	4,539 3,356 7,832 7,878	4,725 3,433 8,107 7,912	4,570 3,357 8,288 7,460	4, 948 3, 909 8, 938 7, 321	4,732 3,783 8,542 7,266	4, 473 3, 515 8, 219 6, 990	4, 724 3, 544 8, 516 6, 730	3, 327 7, 673	P 4, 775 P 3, 980 P 8, 646 P 6, 748			
Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: Composite (5 markets)	34. 65 38. 00	55.95 57.40	49. 65 52. 50	52. 92	52, 95	52, 95 56, 00	56. 28 58. 50	65. 89	77. 53 80. 50	80. 48 77. 00	79.60 82.00	102, 20 101, 50	115. 40 117. 50	127.63 117.50	94. 22 85. 00	107. 6 105. 5
Revised. Preliminary. Annual data; Totals include data for types of lumber not	monthly	revisions	are no		ble.									nning A		

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73						19)74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	ıual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	M	ETALS	SANI) MA	NUFA	CTU	RES-	-Con	tinue	d		'				-
IRON AND STEEL—Continued																
Ore																
(ron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): Mine productionthous. lg. tons Shipments from minesdo Importsdo	1 75, 434 78, 287 35, 761	87, 214 90, 665 43, 331	9, 046 10, 414 3, 977	8, 940 10, 404 4, 577	8, 617 11, 066 4, 353	8, 911 10, 868 5, 071	8, 496 10, 342 4, 233	8, 197 9, 631 5, 577	6, 3 21 7, 876 4, 705	5,977 6,448 3,080	5, 528 2, 979 3, 199	5, 075 2, 445 1, 780	5, 789 2, 532 2, 010	6, 099 5, 931 2, 766	4, 536	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: Receipts at iron and steel plantsdo Consumption at iron and steel plantsdo Exportsdo	112, 303 119, 937 2, 095	132, 905 137, 073 2, 747	14,419 11,771 164	14, 363 11, 408 331	15,657 11,636 371	14, 940 11, 645 425	14, 194 11, 077 400	14, 240 11, 672 310	12, 151 11, 491 215	10, 968 11, 848 121	5, 096 11, 676 94	4, 427 10, 479 36	5, 151 11, 267 38	7, 943 10, 991 152	14, 326 11, 338 229	
Stocks, total, end of period	1 14, 679	59, 461 10, 418 45, 990 3, 053	53, 499 22, 096 30, 230 1, 173	55, 301 20, 642 33, 204 1, 455	57, 006 18, 196 37, 231 1, 579	58,415 16,125 40,524 1,766	60, 291 14, 383 43, 641 2, 267	61, 609 12, 949 46, 209 2, 451	60,705 11,394 46,869 2,442	59, 461 10, 418 45, 990 3, 053	54, 889 12, 727 39, 241 2, 921	50, 915 15, 368 33, 189 2, 358	47, 132 18, 525 27, 073 1, 534	44, 229 18, 791 24, 047 1, 391	27, 035 1, 456	
Manganese (mn. content), general importsdo	949	916	99	58	85	72	51	127	41	51	56	41	81	27	57	
Pig Iron and Iron Products																
Pig iron: Production (excluding production of ferroalloys)																
thous. sh. tons. Consumption do Stocks, end of period do	1 88, 942 1 89, 140 1, 660	100, 837 100, 300 1, 203	8,809 8,931 1,358	8, 468 8, 571 1, 295	8, 516 8, 506 1, 372	8, 282 8, 290 1, 335	8, 087 7, 941 1, 285	8, 588 8, 466 1, 241	8, 402 8, 114 1, 207	8, 609 8, 184 1, 203	8, 563 8, 624 1, 16 2	7, 804 7, 806 1, 079	8, 386 9 8, 459 9 996	8, 233	8, 3 87	
Price, basic furnace ¶\$ per sh. ton	3 71.38	75, 24	75.89	75. 89	75. 89	75. 89	75. 89	75, 89	75. 89	75.89	75. 89	77.44	82, 81	96.00	96.00	133.
Castings, gray iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period						1								İ		
Shipments, total do Gordon do Castings, malleable fron:	1, 140 15, 328 8, 301	1,666 17,099 9,148	1,383 1,550 815	1,447 1,500 815	1,493 1,312 727	1,521 1,360 800	1,547 1,367 752	1,559 1,570 876	1, 592 1, 446 754	1, 666 1, 228 683	1, 748 1, 379 751	1,750 1,239 705	7 1, 752 1, 388 7 807	1,725 1,412 823		
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons	96 961 579	147 1, 031 617	118 96 57	124 88 52	131 77 49	138 82 50	140 80 48	139 95 57	130 84 50	147 71 42	142 84 51	144 75 47	147 r 81 50	147 75 46		-
Steel, Raw and Semifinished]						1	l l	[
Steel (raw): Production	133, 241 104. 5	¹ 150,799 118. 5	13, 174 121. 9	12, 488 119. 4	12,290 11 3 .8	12,182 112.7	12,229 117. 0	12,876 119, 2	12,586 120, 4	12,722 117, 7	12,726 117.8	11, 598 118. 8	12,758 118.1		r 12,752 r 118. 0	
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons	317 1,596	929 1,896	471 162	535 164	602 122	689 150	729 147	796 174	899 180	929 174	996 174	1,057 167	7 1, 1 3 5 191	1, 228 183		
For sale, totaldo	1,308	1, 569	136	140	102	126	124	147	139	137	142	136	157	147		-
Steel Mill Products Steel products, net shipments:									Į.							
Total (all grades)thous. sh. tons	1	1111, 430	10,023	9, 657	8,703	9,422	8, 905	9,892	9, 445	8,670	9, 779	8,714	'	9, 698	10,047	
Semifinished productsdo Structural shapes (heavy), steel pilingdo Platesdo Ralls and accessoriesdo	5,656	1 5, 749 7, 081 9, 678 1, 689	540 672 847 156	477 619 806 143	424 596 786 125	479 622 853 119	493 584 801 126	475 671 879 145	510 618 851 148	507 582 867 130	504 630 908 153	470 552 841 153	513 703 1,034 166	492 646 961 157	532 664 968 167	
Bars and tool steel, total	1 15, 518 9, 299 4, 454 1, 675	1 18, 176 1 10, 763 1 5, 135 1 2, 161	1,660 977 481 192	1, 578 952 434 184	1,419 829 418 164	1,531 890 445 187	1, 470 864 422 175	1,649 939 496 205	1,545 902 447 187	1,412 806 444 153	1, 592 945 447 189	1,454 842 428 174	1,703 999 483 211	1,677 969 490 208	1,694 993 475 215	
Pipe and tubing	7, 609 2, 952 6, 135	9, 133 3, 245 7, 316	818 292 586	785 286 629	708 240 594	791 273 626	729 266 565	864 292 609	822 252 578	795 209 543	802 276 7 33	770 253 671	908 297 636	843 295 668	910 296 720	
Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), totaldo Sheets: Hot rolleddo Cold rolleddo	1 39, 862 14, 036 16, 123	49, 3 70 16, 886 20, 3 77	4, 453 1, 449 1, 908	4, 334 1, 439 1, 801	3, 812 1, 320 1, 521	4, 128 1, 394 1, 679	3, 871 1, 290 1, 606	4,307 1,489 1,730	4, 120 1, 440 1, 683	3,625 1,300 1,459	4, 182 1, 503 1, 697	3, 550 1, 278 1, 416	4, 343 1, 525 1, 764	3, 959 1, 344 1, 629	4, 096 1, 458 1, 609	
By market (quarterly shipments): Service centers and distributors do- Construction, incl. maintenance do- Contractors' products do-	9, 299 5, 055	22, 705 11, 405 6, 459		5, 842 2, 980 1, 721			5,580 2,917 1,651		.	5, 961 2, 953 1, 628			6, 145 3, 059 1, 709	² 1, 128 ² 575	2 2, 108 2 1, 155 2 594	
Automotive do	18, 217 2, 730	23, 217		6, 153					-	5, 361 841	1		4, 681 903	² 1, 461 ² 301	² 1, 563 ² 304	1
Rail transportation	15,396	3, 228 6, 351 7, 811 1 30, 254		1,870						1, 609 1, 852 7, 802			1,741 2,230 8,323	2 598 2 719 2 2,838	² 582 ² 773 ² 2, 968	
Steel mill products, inventories, end of period: Consumers' (manufacturers only)mil. sh. tons Receipts during perioddo Consumption during perioddo.	8. 8 68. 0 69. 2	11. 2 83. 6 81. 2	9.5 7.5 7.0	9. 7 7. 2 7. 0	9, 9 6, 5 6, 3	10. 0 7. 0 6. 9		10.7 7.4 7.4	7. 2	11. 2 6. 2 6. 0	11.7 7.3 6.8	11.9 6.4 6.2	11.9 7.1 7.1	11.8 6.5 6.6		
Service centers (warehouses)do	8.6	8.7	8.4	8.0	8.4	8.6	8.2	7.7	8.1	8.7	8.5	8.1	7 8.6	₽ 8. 6		.
Producing mills: In process (ingots, semifinished, etc.)do Finished (sheets, plates, bars, pipe, etc.).do	11.3 10.2	9.7 7.4	10.0 9.0	10. 0 8. 0	10. 0 7. 9	10. 0 7. 6	9. 9 7. 5			9. 7 7. 4	9. 4 7. 2	9. 2 7. 0			p 8. 1 p 5. 5	

r Revised.

P Preliminary.

Annual data; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.

P For month shown.

Annual data; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.

¶Effective May 1973 Survey, prices are in terms of dollars per short ton.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	73						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
	MI	ETALS	ANI) MA	NUFA	CTU	RES-	-Con	tinue	d						
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS																
Aluminum: Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) thous. sh. tons. Recovery from scrap (aluminum content)do	4, 122 11, 045	4, 530 1, 060	380 99	373 90	382 81	374 87	372 82	388 92	379 86	399 79	403 84	376 79	419 85	410		
Imports (general): Metal and alloys, crude \triangle do Plates, sheets, etcdo	646. 4 80. 9	507.6 57.3	44.7 5.6	50. 7 4. 8	34. 6 4. 3	36. 0 4. 9	33. 0 3. 8	46. 0 3. 6	35. 1 3. 5	36. 5 3. 0	30. 5 3. 6	34. 7 3. 7	48. 6 3. 4	41. 1 3. 2	44. 1 4. 0	<u> </u>
Exports: Metal and alloys, crudedo Plates, sheets, bars, etcdo	108. 3 154. 0	229.6 215.1	11. 1 17. 0	10. 3 17. 3	14. 1 15. 1	16. 4 15. 7	29. 8 18. 7	31. 2 20. 5	47. 0 20. 8	22. 8 20. 4	22. 0 20. 9	20. 9 16. 0	30. 4 20. 0	22. 8 24. 0	17. 7 26. 4	
Price, primary ingot, 99.5% minimum\$ per lb	. 2645	. 2533	. 2500	. 2500	. 2500	. 2500	. 2500	. 2540	. 2625	. 2725	. 2900	. 2900	. 2924	.3150	. 3150	. 3340
Aluminum products: Shipments: Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.) mil. lb. Mill products, total do. Sheet and plate do. Castings do.	11,877.6 9,246.2 4,767.9 1,858.6	\$\big 14,438 \\ \$\partial 10,902 \\ \$\partial 5,741 \\ 2,026	1,262.9 9 73. 4 517. 7 180. 0	1,242.7 954.9 498.2 173.2	1,117.6 886.3 467.5 138.3	1,203.4 918.1 480.8 162.6	1,185.4 880. 1 462. 6 155. 3	1,336.5 969.3 506.8 181.8	1,209.6 907. 2 482. 9 164. 6	1,194.1 905.6 489.0 140.7	1,295.2 986.7 537.3 167.9	r1,199.0 r 895.5 r 480.3 149.0	1, 318. 9 1, 002. 1 545. 8 r 160. 8			
Inventories, total (ingot, mill prod., and scrap), end of periodmil. ib.	4, 861	4, 366	4, 561	4, 547	4, 574	4, 544	4, 504	4, 423	4,375	4, 366	4, 276	r 4, 250	4, 187			
Copper: Production: Mine, recoverable copperthous. sh. tons Refinery, primarydo From domestic oresdo From foreign oresdo Secondary, recovered as refined, qtrlydo	1, 664. 8 1,873. 2 1,680. 4 192. 8 383. 0	1,726.9 1,833.2 1,663.0 170.2 444.0	152. 1 168. 7 153. 7 15. 0	147. 5 163. 4 147. 3 16. 1 113. 0	130. 5 145. 0 132. 8 12. 2	142. 6 137. 2 127. 5 9. 8	140. 9 135. 1 121. 3 13. 8 107. 0	154. 3 154. 1 141. 4 12. 7	141, 8 150, 8 141, 6 9, 2	141.9 143.7 129.8 13.9 121.0	134. 6 147. 1 132. 4 14. 7	130. 6 138. 3 121. 4 16. 9	145. 2 145. 0 130. 1 14. 9 129. 0	141. 3 149. 5 129. 2 20. 3		
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap (copper cont.)do Refined \triangle do	423. 6 189. 8	425.6 199.9	31. 5 16. 2	21. 5 10. 4	36. 4 12. 2	21. 1 8. 0	25. 5 10. 2	42. 3 17. 1	57. 4 30. 3	36. 7 21. 7	42. 7 23. 8	47. 1 25. 5	65. 9 33. 8	44.3 °19.9	54. 6 26. 2	
Refined and scrap △	267. 7 182. 7	342.0 189.4	24. 0 13. 5	31. 2 18. 3	48. 9 19. 7	36. 3 18. 4	28. 5 16. 2	26. 0 15. 9	24.7 13.6	21. 7 11. 9	20. 4 8. 2	28. 4 13. 1	22. 6 9. 5	24.6 10.0	40.7 19.8	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.), qtrlydo Stocks, refined, end of perioddo Fabricators'do Price, electrolytic (wirebars), dom., delivered	2, 230 271 114	2, 411 157 108		648 180 98			516 153 90			607 157 108			609 145 87			
\$ per lb Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total): Brass mill products. mill.lb Copper wire mill products (copper cont.)do Brass and bronze foundry productsdo	3, 016 2, 647 767	3, 317 3, 031 775	. 6008	. 6008 867 810 195	. 6008	.6008	739 705 178		. 6016	833 731 202		. 6858			.8146	. 8624
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous, sh. tons Recovered from scrap (lead cont.)do	618.9 1 616.6	1 603. 0 636. 9	56. 1 59. 1	43. 4 56. 3	51. 4 45. 7	55. 7 52. 9	51. 3 47. 3	53. 6 51. 4	48.7 51.5	53. 1 48. 2	57. 6 50. 3	53, 2 54, 8	58.4 54.9	r 52. 8 50. 9	5 3 . 5	
Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metaldo Consumption, totaldo	344. 6 1,485. 3	280. 5 1, 483. 7	22. 1 123. 7	21. 3 124. 0	36. 5 99. 7	28. 4 123. 1	13. 3 122. 2	11. 9 136. 3	20, 5 128, 4	19. 6 117. 3	19. 4 130. 9	18. 1 121. 7	23. 1 125. 3	24.9 121.8	15. 3	
Stocks, end of period: Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMSthous. sh. tons Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial	168.0	157. 5 27. 1	126. 3	134. 3	154. 2	144.7	147. 2	154. 3	156.7	157. 5	160. 9	165. 6	168.9	01.6		
(lead confent)thous. sh. tons Consumers' (lead content) c ³ do Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters (gross weight)thous. sh. tons Price, common grade, delivered\$ per lb.	64.5 1118.5 166.3 .1503	78. 6 . 1628	34.7 118.7 68.8 .1648	33. 1 120. 3 64. 3 . 1650	21. 8 131. 0 64. 2 . 1650	25. 2 128. 7 64. 2 . 1650	27. 7 119. 3 70. 7 . 1650	23. 5 108. 4 71. 5 . 1650	21. 8 121. 1 72. 2 . 1650	27. 1 117. 5 78. 6 . 1772	21.7 113.4 90.8 .1898	21. 8 120. 2 86. 2 . 1900	24.7 133.8 91.8 .1953	21. 6 138. 8 86. 8 . 2149	, 2150	
Tin:							12000		.1000		11000	12000				
Imports (for consumption): Ore (tin content)	4, 216 52, 451 1 20, 180 1 2, 199 1 69, 033	4, 480 45, 845 19, 800 11, 610 73, 500	564 5, 474 1, 725 190	489 4, 083 1, 705 160	0 4,858 1,290 150	3, 622 1, 900 165 5, 630	190 3, 193 1, 285 160	496 2, 615 1, 795 175 6, 255	1, 430 1, 570 145	1,019 3,732 1,410 135	449 2,637 1,600 165	55 1,797 1,550 160	508 3,309 1,335	509 2, 43 5	596 2,791	
Primary do Exports, incl. reexports (metal) do Stocks, pig (industrial), end of period do	1 53, 506	57, 770 3, 741	6, 465 5, 185 51	6, 230 4, 850 158	5, 210 4, 255 291	4,460 249	5, 820 4, 580 113	5, 145 306	5, 950 4, 535 512	5, 785 4, 485 1, 399	6, 650 5, 025 1, 214	5, 900 4, 625 584	6, 160 4, 995 1, 346	6, 430 4, 870 3, 151	1, 350	~
Stocks, pig (industrial), end of perioddo	11,766 1.7747	9, 620 2. 2748	8, 155 2. 0911	9,030 2,1227	8, 895 2, 3755	10,795 2. 4345	9, 645 2, 402 3	8, 860 2, 4591	9, 345 2. 6244	9, 620 3. 0099	8, 9 35 2, 9814	8, 690 3. 5154	9,820 3.8943	9, 910 4. 4077	4. 5688	4. 628
Mine prod., recoverable zincthous. sh. tons Imports (general): Ores (zinc content)dodododo	478. 3 254. 9 522. 6	475. 9 199. 1 588. 7	40. 1 20. 6 40. 7	36. 8 19. 0 50. 3	40. 0 12. 1 53. 4	40. 9 16. 2 49. 8	42. 8 9. 8 40. 7	42. 8 15. 7 51. 5	40. 8 11. 8 48. 2	38. 2 13. 7 47. 3	42. 6 15. 4 56. 2	39. 3 24. 3 49. 4	41. 9 19. 8 52. 1	40. 2 18. 7 36. 8	20. 4 39. 0	
Consumption (recoverable zinc content): Oresdo Scrap, all typesdo	1 118. 3 1 292. 1	158. 7 290. 1	14. 9 25. 6	12. 5 24. 8	11. 5 23. 0	11.7 24.6	12.7 25.2	12. 7 26. 4	14. 3 26. 0	13. 2 25. 4	12.1 25.8	12.3 25.2	13.1 27.0	14. 0 27. 2		
Slab zine: § Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores. thous. sh. tons. Secondary (redistilled) production do Consumption, fabricators. do Exports. do	1 633. 2 1 73. 7 11, 418. 3 4. 3	541. 3 87. 5 1, 488. 9 14. 6	53. 2 6. 4 134. 0 . 4	47.3 5.3 122.3	49.8 5.3 111.4 1.0	48. 6 6. 8 124. 1 1. 5	50.7 6.2 121.9 1.2	51. 1 5. 9 135. 2 1. 3	48. 6 5. 9 118. 0 3. 3	49. 6 5. 7 105. 5 4. 5	44.7 5.7 118.0 3.1	43. 1 5. 7 109. 3 3. 6	45.7 6.3 116.8 1.9	40. 9 6. 7 112. 9 4. 5		
Stocks, end of period: Producers', at smelter (ZI)⊙do Consumers'do Price, Prime Western\$ per lb.	1 126. 1	1 20. 3 104. 9 . 2066	24. 6 114. 0 . 2039	22, 2 110, 9 , 2031	25. 1 116. 3 . 2034				29, 7 101, 8 . 2035	29. 3 104. 9 . 2736		25. 1 109. 9 . 3190 efinery sh	•	18.8 123.1 .3482	. 347 8	-

r Revised. P Preliminary. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available. Δ Effective Jan. 1974 includes items not covered for earlier periods: Aluminum—pipes, tubes, blanks, etc.; copper—imports of alloyed refined, and exports of ores, concentrates, blister, etc. § All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remeited zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment.

of Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap. ○ Producers' stocks elsewhere, end of June 1974, 2,700 short tons. ○ Corrected.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973				19	973						197	4		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	Jur
	M	ETAL:	S ANI	D MA	NUF.	ACTU	RES-	-Con	tinue	d					<u> </u>	
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT																
oundry equipment (new), new orders, net mo. avg. shipments 1967=100.	75. 4	110.3	84.6	166. 5	119. 7	97. 2	84.0	133. 3	131.1	126.3	116.2	148.9	136.0	212.3		
eating, combustion, atmosphere equipment, new orders (domestic), net, qtrly 9mil. \$dodo	79. 3 12. 8	128.6 19.9		32. 8 5. 2			33. 8 4. 1			35. 0 4. 9			32. 2 6. 8			ļ
Fuel-fired processing heating equipdo	41.3	75.8		18.9			23. 2			20.8			15.5			
aterial handling equipment (industrial): Orders (new), index, seas. adj ¶1967 = 100	128. 4	190. 3	r 177. 9	r 172. 9	r 186. 5	r 204. 9	- 205.7	r 214. 0	r 219.0	r 225. 0	196.5	197. 0	191.8			
dustrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized)number Rider-typedo	15, 482 16, 902	21, 3 87 21, 917	2, 001 2, 055	2,155 1,947	1,621 1,361	1,765 1,737	1,890 1,876	1,775 1,745	1,682 1,919	1,669 2,288	1,535 1,763	1,536 1,554	2,032 2,316	1,946 2,031	1,974 2,395	
dustrial trucks and tractors (internal combustion orgines), shipmentsnumber_	40, 698	52, 014	4, 654	4,865	3, 568	3,869	4, 484	4,652	4, 325	4, 903	6, 025	5, 553	7,636	6, 540	7,096	
dustrial supplies, machinery and equipment: New orders index, seas. adjusted 1967-69=100	116.3	149.7	147.7	148. 0	154. 0	156.8	153.7	156. 6	164. 6	166.7	171.3	171, 0	172.0	178.5	179.3	Ĺ
dustrial suppliers distribution: Sales index, seas. adjusted†1967=100	120.3	139.6	140.0	143.4	144.8	154.4	146.8	144. 2	149. 9	142.9	149, 9	148. 9	149. 5	159.6	164. 4	1
achine tools: Metal cutting type tools: Orders, new (net), total	1, 008, 95	1, 825, 45	154.85	133, 20	131.30	127.35	168.70	184. 05	160. 80	179. 25	169.55	174.05	254.25	243. 75	p234, 05	
Domesticdododo	877. 25 714. 45	1, 550. 40 1, 073. 75	139.55 100.60	110.00 102.90	108. 20 72. 65	111.45 76.90	138.80 95.75	165. 35 98. 45	138. 45 86. 35	122.55 124.50	144.95 84.10	149.25 95.85	215.55 129.30	218. 10 123. 00	p206. 35 p118. 95	1
Domestic doOrder backlog, end of period dodo	627. 15 702. 0	935.05 1,453.7	84.55 1,026.4	90. 40 1, 056. 7	63. 15 1,115.4	64.85 1,165.9	79.45 1,238.9	85. 65 1, 324. 5	75. 90 1,399.0	112.35 1,453.7	72. 50 1,539.2	86. 30 1,617.4	111.05 1,742.4	108.15 1,863.2	p104.00 p1,978.3	
Metal forming type tools: Orders, new (net), totaldo	403.05	787. 20	70.95	78. 20	52.90	58. 30	61.55	71.40	56.95	50.00	41.80	45.75	66.80	41.70		1
Domestic do do do do do do do do do do do do do	368. 20 304. 25 267. 20	717. 20 427. 25 388. 05	66.50 38.25 35.30	74. 15 42. 05 39. 85	48. 40 30. 05 27. 45	52, 50 33, 85 29, 35	53.50 36.40 32.40	64. 45 38. 80 32. 45	49. 65 41. 25 38. 20	45. 60 44. 80 39. 35	39. 85 38. 50 34. 85	38, 05 37, 95 33, 05	56.80 47.60 40.80	36. 95 42. 80 39. 05	₽ 51.20	
Domestic	260.5	620.6	458.5	494. 6	517.4	541.9	567.1	599.7	615. 4	620, 6	623. 9	631.7	650.9	649.8		
ractors used in construction: Tracklaying, totalunits	21, 225 1 546. 0	1 24,872 1 690, 6		6,467	•		5,719			5,506 166.2	3 1,760 3 56.5		3 2,384 3 74.5	3 2, 183		
mil. \$ Wheel (contractors' off-highway)units_ mil. \$	1 5, 056 1 198. 5	² 5, 729 ² 223, 4		192. 8 2 1, 747 2 67. 7			174.7 2 1,419 2 55.5			2 1, 133	[·	74.5	.	.]	-1
Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only), wheel and tracklaying typesunits	46, 052	53, 616			l		!					.				.
ractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors' off- highway types)units.	¹ 801. 7	951. 9		259. 2 61, 111	ł		225. 1 46, 304			1	í	1	r ³ 22,271	3 23.047)
mil. \$	1,141.0	1 1,322.8		382.6			304. 9			348.8	3.5 19,751 3.5 138. 9	3 115.0	r3154.6	3 163. 6		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT atteries (auto. replacement), shipmentsthous	43, 220	43, 468	2, 631	2,807	2, 915	4, 120	4, 525	4, 830	4, 741	4,208	4,629	3,607	3,070	2,920	3, 143]
otors and generators: New orders, index, qtrly1967=100_	i	129. 6		134. 2			127.2			134.9			179.3			
adio sets, production, total marketothous-elevision sets (incl. combination models), produc	20, 086	50, 198	3,860	4 3, 990	3,067	3, 935	4 6, 303	3,870	3,952	4 3, 860	3, 141	2,976	4 3, 427	2, 435	3,321	4.
tion, total market othous.	13, 507	17, 367	1,341	4 1,778	1,018	1,424	4 1,778	1, 535	1, 453	4 1, 494	1,024	1, 327	4 1, 655	1, 258	1,188	4
Iousehold major appliances (electrical), factory ship ments (domestic and export)* 9thousdo	31,094	35,049	3,352	3,384	2, 965 306. 2	2, 935 146. 0	2,690	3, 070 204. 0	2, 625 299. 8	2, 346 348 . 5	2, 585 497. 6	2, 576 494. 7	3, 175 651. 9	3, 160 671. 6		1 2
Dishwashers do Disposers (food waste) do	3, 199	1 5, 346 1 3, 702 2, 976	722. 4 325. 8 263. 6	785.6 303.4 266.2	272. 4 236. 0	318. 2 252. 5	128. 7 322. 1 266. 9	379.3 280.5	325. 4 244. 4	279. 1 233. 8	253. 5 209. 8	242. 8 200. 7	310.2	303.2	297.2	
Ranges do Refrigerators do	3. 232	2,976 3,430 16,774	311.9 623.7	r 292. 5 618. 5	304. 0 703. 2		294. 0 578. 6	331. 3 596. 2	264. 3 470. 8	231, 2 423, 7	242.3 441.2	234. 6 450. 3		271.9 541.6	269.5 556.1] ;
Freezers * do	1.576	2, 415 5, 504	216.8 476.0	7 227. 4 463. 4	311. 0 432. 5	200. 1 543. 3	183. 8 502. 3	213. 7 580. 0	216. 6 420. 8	199. 1 316. 9	188. 5 407. 3	400.8		263. 7 462. 9	283. 9 479. 0	١.
Dryers (incl. gas) do	. 3,925	4, 256 9, 030	309.3 677.6	330. 3 671. 7	319. 2 632. 5	422. 3 755. 2	419. 2 857. 9	470. 6 929.5	362. 1 871. 8	288. 7 624. 5	319.3 674.1	295. 8 799. 5		315. 6 786. 0		
GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL)											1					
urnaces, gravity and forced-air, shipments_thous_ langes, total, salesdo	2,661	1, 720 2, 481	145.5 230.6	136, 6 238, 7	143. 1 166. 8	146. 0 210. 7	149. 5 232. 1	152. 5 201. 5	124. 4 183. 4	114. 4 169. 7	136. 4 162. 9	148.9	181.5	r 158.8	192.1	
ater heaters (storage), automatic, salesdo	3,163	3,080 PETF					228.3 D PR			209. 4	1 235.8	214.7	1 201.0	1 204. 2	240.2	1
COAT	1	1					 `	1		[<u> </u>	!	ĺ	<u> </u>	ι	T
nthracite: Production thous. sh. tons_	7, 106	1 6, 725	633	r 600	429	580	525	606	575	513	495	440	510	540	r 565	1
Exportsdo Price, wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at mine	- 780	717	91	72	33	95	37	97	47	48	39	12	40	80	105	
ituminous: \$ per sh. ton Production \$\pmath{\frac{1}{2}}\$thous, sh. tons	1	20.044	19.600	ŀ	19,845	20. 458	20. 703	20, 703	21.070	21, 621	21. 621 53, 470	22.785		26. 031 53. 065	26. 031 r 56, 090	26
Revised. Preliminary. Annual data; n	•	1 591,000	. ,			55,005 حت							: Sets pro			·

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Annual data; monthly or quarterly revisions not avail. 2 Excludes figures for rubber-tired dozers. 3 For month shown. 4 Data cover 5 weeks; other periods, 4 weeks. 5 Includes nonfarm industrial tractors previously classified in the tractor shovel loader group shown above; for Jan. 1974, shipments of this type totaled 3,446 units valued at \$25.1 mil.

†Effective June 1973 Survey, index revised back to 1970. c Corrected.
¶Revised monthly data for Jan. 1971-Apr. 1973 are as follows (1967=100): 1971-91.6; 97.3; 94.9; 88.6; 92.4; 99.2; 121.9; 101.6; 108.7; 90.4; 103.7; 110.4; 1972-111.1; 113.8; 112.7; 113.0; 116.6; 127.2; 131.0; 150.7; 136.2; 130.0; 154.5; 151.0; 1973-159.4; 164.0; 176.2; 185.9.

of Effective Jan. 1973, data reflect total market as follows: Sets produced in the United States, imports by U.S. manufacturers for sale under their brand name and, beginning 1973, sets imported directly for resale.

*New series. Source: Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers.

† Includes data not shown separately.

† Monthly revisions for 1972 will be shown later.

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973	İ	1		1	973							974	1	ī
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	Jun
	PETR	OLEU	M, C	OAL,	AND	PRO	DUC	rs–c	Contin	ued						
COAL—Continued				1		1			ļ			1			1	
tuminous—Continued Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total 9 thous sh. tons. Electric power utilities do Mig. and mining industries, total do Coke plants (oven and beehive) do	516, 776 348, 612 159, 253 87, 272	556, 022 386, 879 160, 827 93, 634	43, 628 29, 655 13, 596 8, 048	45, 115 31, 824 12, 895 7, 774	47,715 34,620 12,651 7,964	48, 840 35, 933 12, 447 7, 894	45, 471 32, 735 12, 052 7, 603	46, 427 32, 263 13, 348 7, 887	46, 703 31, 962 13, 798 7, 736	50, 130 33, 886 15, 228 8, 048	50, 415 34, 468 14, 637 7, 977	45, 122 30, 020 14, 002 7, 307	46, 402 31, 010 14, 549 7, 664	44, 032 29, 290 14, 212 7, 737		
Retail deliveries to other consumersdo	8,748	8, 200	360	381	431	446	672	804	932	1,009	1, 310	1, 100	840	520		
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of period, total thous sh. tons. Electric power utilities do. Mfg. and mining industries, total do. Oven-coke plants do.	115, 372 98, 450 16, 632 9, 032	99, 022 85, 512 13, 220 6, 875	114,551 97,470 16,681 8,821	107,616 90,747 16,594 8,544	105, 027 90, 818 13, 949 6, 039	104, 488 90, 055 14, 123 6, 493	103,561 88,886 14,400 6,575	104, 397 90, 200 13, 917 7, 097	104, 095 89, 734 13, 991 7, 171	99, 022 85, 512 13, 220 6, 875	96, 005 83, 366 12, 339 6, 269	93, 970 80, 910 12, 670 6, 090	97, 445 83, 250 13, 765 6, 255	103, 997 89, 900 13, 687 6, 662		
Retail dealersdo	290	290	360	275	260	310	275	280	370	290	300	390	430	410		1
Exportsdo Prices, wholesale: Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. mine	55, 960	52, 870	5, 140	4, 969	4, 164	5, 125	3, 424	5, 882	5, 214	4,889	2,813	4, 627	3, 179	4,944	6,032	
\$ per sh. tondo	10. 378 11. 367	11, 816 3 11, 659	11.570 11.283	11.616	11.551	11. 551	12,040	12. 129	13.010	13. 103	(5) (5)					
COKE									į į							
Rechive	654 59, 853 23, 953	² 784 63, 496 26, 458	66 5, 454 2, 229	60 5, 325 2, 315	5,307 2,351	71 5, 383 2, 309	67 5, 153 2, 067	68 5, 358 2, 215	66 5, 218 2, 099	82 5, 426 2, 175	67 5, 422 2, 053	65 4, 974 1, 844	70 5, 252 1, 994	70 5, 242	5, 3 69	
Oven-coke plants, total do. At furnace plants do. At merchant plants do. Petroleum coke do. xports do.	2, 941 2, 590 351 1, 563	1, 184 1, 113 71 1, 995	1,796 1,638 159 1,922	1,712 1,572 139 1,965	1,514 1,367 148 2,057 119	1,520 1,370 150 2,087	1,501 1,375 126 2,027	1,435 1,339 96 1,957	1, 313 1, 236 76 2, 017	1, 184 1, 113 71 1, 995	1, 125 1, 053 72 1, 928 70	1,139 1,070 69 1,811	1, 163 1, 100 63 1, 653	1, 183 1, 130 53	46	
	1, 232	1, 395	227	108	119	147	211	109	88	101	70	57	149	130	135	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS rude petroleum:			 					,			; •	}			}	
Oil wells completed	2 11, 306 3, 45 4, 280, 9 88	9, 892 4 3, 87 4, 537, 3 91	749 3.77 380.7 90	767 4.13 385.9 94	912 4.11 395.2 94	724 4.11 391.7 93	854 4, 12 376, 8 92	790 4, 12 395, 5 94	822 371, 2 91	1, 087 376, 6 89	763 6 373. 2 6 84	901 	936 6. 33 368. 7 82		957	
ll oils, supply, demand, and stocks: New supply, total otmil. bbl	5, 839.0	6, 262. 0	523.6	505. 3	531. 2	540.8	516.7	542.0	534. 2	519.1	495.8	452. 1	493.8			
Production: Crude petroleum Natural-gas plant liquids Imports:	3, 455. 4 648. 3	3,353.4 645.1	288. 4 54. 9	276. 3 52. 6	285. 0 54. 8	284.0 55.1	272. 3 53. 1	284. 3 55. 3	274.3 54.0	280. 3 54. 5	276. 1 53. 6	256. 4 49. 5	277. 4 54. 7			
Crude and unfinished oilsdo Refined products;do	856. 8 878. 5	1, 234. 2 1, 029. 4	103.7 76.7	101. 3 75. 1	113. 0 78. 3	115.9 85.8	108.7 82.5	119.5 82.8	108.5 97.4	94. 3 90. 0	77.5 88.5	66. 3 79. 9	81. 4 80. 3			
Change in stocks, all oils (decrease, -)do	-85.0	49. 3	20.4	24. 3	28.3	10.7	18. 7	21.8	-14.2	-14.9	-33. 2	-27.9	5. 9	l		l
Demand, total⊕dodo	6,071.7	6, 381. 7	522. 0	500. 6	514.8	546.6	505. 9	536.8	559.1	547. 3	541 . 8	492. 1	50 3 . 4	i	į.	1
Crude petroleum do Refined productst do Domestic product demand, total ♀⊕ do Gasolinet do Kerosene do	2, 350, 7	.7 83.5 6,297.5 2,452.0 78.9	7. 2 514. 7 215. 7 4. 1	0 6. 4 494. 1 210. 3 3. 5	7. 2 7. 2 507. 3 218. 9 4. 6	6.7 539.8 226.6 4.5	7, 1 498. 6 198. 7 5. 5	0 6. 9 529. 9 208. 6 5. 6	6.1 553.0 206.0 9.2	6.9 540.3 194.1 7.4	. 5 5. 9 535. 4 181. 2 9. 7	.3 5.4 486.4 171.7 7.9	497. 4 192. 7			. {
Distillate fuel oildo Residual fuel oil‡do Jet fueldo	1,066.1 925.6 382.5	1, 124. 3 1, 019. 9 383. 4	82. 2 78. 1 34. 5	72. 4 78. 0 30. 2	72.2 74.7 32.4	79.2 83.4 32.5	79.8 80.0 31.9	90. 4 79. 0 33. 0	105. 3 93. 6 30. 4	114, 2 90, 2 32, 2	118. 4 94. 1 27. 8	107. 4 84. 3 24. 1	97. 5 78. 0 29. 6			.
Lubricantsdo Asphaltdo. Liquefied gases‡do	52.8 163.8 519.8	59. 0 182. 6 528. 6	5. 1 16. 1 39. 3	4. 5 20. 1 34. 5	5. 4 23. 4 34. 2	5.3 26.1 39.3	4. 6 21. 1 38. 7	5. 7 20. 9 46. 0	5. 0 15. 1 50. 8	4.9 9.3 49.5	5. 2 6. 9 54. 8	4. 4 7. 6 44. 2				.
Stocks, end of period, total do Crude petroleum do Unfinished oils, natural gasoline, etc. do Refined products. do	959. 0 246. 4 100. 8 611. 7	1, 008. 3 242. 5 107. 0 658. 8	933.7 257.9 112.7 563.1	958. 0 248. 9 111. 0 598. 2	986.3 243.7 109.5 633.1	997.0 248.3 106.4 642.2	1, 015. 6 241. 3 109. 4 665. 0	1, 037. 4 246. 3 110. 3 680. 9	1,023.2 250.0 111.7 661.6	1, 008. 3 242. 5 107. 0 658. 8	975. 1 233. 0 105. 9 636. 1	947. 2 240. 7 103. 2 603. 2	953. 1 244. 7 115. 2			
efined petroleum products: Gasoline (Incl. aviation): Production	2,320.0 .7 217.1	2, 401. 9 1. 7 213, 4	209. 8 . 2 205. 3	211.3 (1) 211.6	218.3 .1 215.0	215.4 .1 208.6	200. 2 (1) 213. 9	207. 1 . 3 218. 2	193. 2 . 5 211. 4	190. 4 . 2 213. 4	184. 2 .1 221. 3	168. 2 (¹) 223. 0	186. 5 2 223. 6			
Prices (excl. aviation): Wholesale, regular*Index, 2/73=100. Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities		109.9	105.7	108. 6	110.4	111.1	110.9	112.9	118.5	126.1	136.7	147.0	161.4	172. 1	177.3	188
(1st of following mo.) \$ per gal. Aviation gasoline: Production mil. bbl.	. 245 17. 0	. 275	. 268	. 268	. 268	. 267	. 277	. 286	. 303	. 328	.361	. 381	.396	. 417	. 435	
Exports;dododo	4.3	16. 4 . 2 3. 9	1. 4 (1) 3. 1	(1) 3.1	1. 6 (¹) 3. 4	1.9 (1) 3.4	1.4 (1) 3.5	1.7 (1) 3.6	1.8 (1) 4.0	1, 1 (1) 3, 9	1. 1 (¹) 3. 8	1. 0 (¹) 3. 9	(1) 3. 2			
Productiondo Stocks, end of perioddo Price, wholesale (light distillate)*	80. 1 19. 1	80. 1 21. 0	5. 2 19. 1	4.5 20.2	4. 9 20. 5	5.4 21.6	5. 9 22, 1	7. 0 23. 5	6, 6 21, 2	7. 1 21. 0	5. 9 17. 5	5. 6 15. 6	4.7 15.0			

^{*}Revised. ¹ Less than 50 thousand barrels. ² Reflects revisions not available by months. ³ Average for Jan.-May. ⁴ Average for Jan.-Oct. ⁵ Series discontinued. ⁶ Beginning Jan. 1974, data may reflect input of lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, unfinished oils, and other hydrocarbons which are processed through the crude oil distillation facilities. No comparable data for earlier periods are available.

Q Includes data not shown separately. § Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

∂ Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and hydrogen refinery input," not shown separately. ‡ Monthly revisions for 1972 will be shown later. ⊕ Beginning March 1974 Surver, data are restated to account for processing gain and crude losses not previously included; comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later. ⊙ Effective with Jan. 1974 data, series known as "Gross input to crude oil distillation units"; see note 6 for this page. *See similar note, p. S-36.

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973	<u></u>			19	73				l		1	974		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	PETR	OLEU	J M , C	OAL,	, ANI	PR(DUC	TS—	Conti	nued						
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
efined petroleum products—Continued Distillate fuel oil: Production Imports do Exports do Stocks, end of period Price, wholesale (middle distillate)*	963. 6 66. 4 1, 2 154. 3	1, 030. 2 138. 8 3. 2 196. 5	78.9 7.7 .1 119.1	84. 8 6. 5 . 3 137. 9	85. 4 9. 9 . 1 160. 9	86. 9 8. 9 . 3 177. 3	84. 4 8. 9 . 8 190. 2	90. 3 13. 5 . 7 203. 0	87. 7 14. 8 . 1 200. 2	97. 3 13. 5 . 3 196. 5	89. 3 13. 9 . 1 181. 2	67. 2 8. 2 . 1 149. 2	69. 0 8. 3 . 2 128. 9			
Index, 1967=100 Residual fuel oil: Production. mil. bbl. Imports. do Exports. do Stocks, end of period. do Price, wholesale* Index, 1967=100	292. 5 637. 4 12. 1 55. 2	354. 6 666. 7 9. 2 53. 5 190. 4	29. 4 51. 7 1. 2 49. 2 185. 3	137. 4 27. 4 52. 7 .2 51. 8 181. 0	27. 4 49. 5 1. 1 53. 4 184. 9	143. 3 26. 4 57. 3 .9 53. 6 176. 6	145. 6 26. 3 55. 2 . 7 55. 1 183. 5	30. 5 48. 2 . 6 55. 0 201. 6	31. 8 58. 2 52. 0 206. 0	171. 7 35. 9 55. 6 . 3 53. 5 281. 4	194.8 33.2 53.7 .3 46.5 319.4	28.8 53.8 .3 45.0 417.2	251.8 28.3 51.9 .3 47.2 505.9	257. 9 522. 0		279.
fet fuel: Production mil. bbl Stocks, end of period dodo	310. 0 25. 5	313. 7 28. 5	26. 0 25. 8	25. 1 25. 4	25. 6 25. 7	26. 2 24. 9	25. 4 25. 1	27. 1 25. 6	25. 6 28. 5	25. 7 28. 5	24. 8 29. 7	21. 9 29. 6	25. 8 30. 0			
Lubricants: Production	65. 3 15. 0 13. 3	68. 7 12. 8 12. 2	5.8 1.2 12.9	5. 4 1. 2 12. 8	5. 8 1. 0 12. 2	5.6 1.0 11.8	5. 5 1. 0 11. 8	6. 2 . 8 11. 6	6.0 .9 12.1	6. 0 1. 1 12. 2	5. 9 1. 0 12. 0	5. 2 . 7 12. 3	6. 1 1. 0 12. 7			
Asphalt: Productionmil. bbl. Stocks, end of perioddo	155. 3 21. 6	167. 9 15. 0	14. 7 30. 2	16. 8 27. 3	17. 7 22. 9	18. 9 16. 8	18. 1 14. 9	17. 8 12. 5	14. 0 12. 1	11. 4 15. 0	8. 8 18. 0	8. 7 20. 1	11. 5 23. 2			
Liquefied gases (incl. ethane and ethylene): Production, total	575. 1 444. 7 130. 4 85. 7	583. 9 447. 0 136. 8 98. 6	51. 5 38. 4 13. 0 80. 0	48. 4 36. 8 11. 6 90. 0	49. 2 36. 5 12. 7 101. 0	48. 7 36. 6 12. 1 106. 8	47. 1 36. 0 11. 1 111. 3	49. 7 38. 0 11. 7 111. 3	47. 2 37. 3 9. 9 104. 2	48. 8 38. 3 10. 5 98. 6	47.7 37.6 10.1 90.1	44.5 35.0 • 9.4 88.5	50. 5 40. 0 10. 6 92. 9			
		PULP	, PAF	ER,	AND	PAPI	R PF	RODU	CTS		-	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	!		•
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER																
lpwood: Receiptsthous. cords (128 cu. ft.)	70, 273 71, 538 5, 165	71, 772 71, 453 5, 092	6, 027 6, 133 4, 291	6, 234 6, 074 4, 330	5, 998 5, 845 4, 421	6, 347 6, 097 4, 515	5, 956 5, 746 4, 890	6, 505 6, 185 5, 184	6, 081 6, 024 5, 217	5, 876 5, 796 5, 092	6, 068 6, 307 4, 805	6, 027 6, 023 4, 640	6, 840 6, 608 5, 087	6, 622 6, 425 5, 365		
Consumption thous, sh. tons	11,703 626	12,223 516	1,059 495	1, 032 472	926 492	1,047 471	977 433	1,097 467	1,057 485	977 516	1,069 537	992 545	* 1,114 * 590	1,082 643		
WOODPULP oduction: Total, all grades	46, 767 1, 656 31, 826 2, 173	48, 238 1, 672 32, 460 2, 293	4, 189 141 2, 838 197	4, 058 148 2, 714 198	3, 928 118 2, 663 185	4, 181 144 2, 803 205	3, 849 113 2, 619 185	4, 185 165 2, 764 197	4, 104 143 2, 753 198	3,748 148 2,463 177	4, 100 144 2, 730 196	3,776 135 2,490 174	4, 253 171 2, 833 194	4, 177 142 2, 786 188		
Groundwooddododo	4, 639 2, 502 3, 971	4, 678 3, 130 4, 003	409 264 339	412 253 333	393 253 317	421 258 351	350 253 329	421 289 349	404 269 33 6	386 259 316	405 298 3 27	382 305 290	411 307 337	380 320 360		
ocks, end of period: Potal, all mills	848 323 393 86	725 296 348 81	782 324 379 78	807 343 385 79	736 318 339 79	736 327 341 68	683 294 328 62	707 324 323 60	725 329 335 61	725 296 348 81	702 310 329 63	686 309 316 61	737 351 321 65	757 328 353 76		
ports, all grades, totaldo Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	1 2, 253 793 1 1, 460	1 2, 343 736 1 1, 607	184 68 116	210 60 150	181 62 119	196 47 149	198 53 144	211 62 149	211 60 151	180 52 128	193 75 118	206 61 145	237 74 163	245 68 177		
ports, all grades, total do	1 3, 728 224 1 3, 504	1 3, 993 177 1 3, 816	365 22 343	333 17 315	324 17 307	250 3 247	279 10 270	356 17 339	378 23 355	287 21 266	363 21 341	337 22 316	345 13 333	19		
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS																
per and board: Production (Bu. of the Census): All grades, total, unadjusted_thous. sh. tons_ Paperdo Paperboarddo Wet-machine boarddo Construction paper and boarddo	59, 445 25, 426 28, 532 147 5, 341	61,833 26,486 29,654 135 5,559	5, 505 2, 363 2, 633 12 497	5, 196 2, 213 2, 509 12 462	4, 919 2, 123 2, 332 10 454	5,380 2,280 2,594 11 495	4, 813 2, 050 2, 305 11 447	5, 491 2, 338 2, 647 12 494	5, 228 2, 237 2, 509 11 470	4,710 2,077 2,210 10 412	5, 258 2, 277 2, 547 12 421	4, 923 2, 125 2, 354 11 432	r 5, 421 r 2, 344 r 2, 577 r 14 r 486	2, 269 2, 554 14		
Wholesale price indexes: Book paper, A grade	109. 0 105. 5 106. 4	112. 4 115. 1 112. 8	111.7 114.6 110.8	112. 4 116. 7 111. 7	112.4 116.7 112.2	112. 4 116. 7 112. 8	112. 4 116. 7 115. 9	115. 3 118. 0 117. 7	115.3 119.7 118.8	115.3 120.7 120.1	116.7 127.0 121.7	116.7 131.0 121.8	123. 5 133. 9 123. 4	134. 2 145. 1 123. 7	134. 2 148. 0 125. 4	135. 148. 124.

decreasing portion of domestic transactions. Because of the time required to collect the new data there will be a one-month lag in pricing; e.g. the May 1974 index reflects changes in prices from Mar. to Apr. Except for gasoline (p. S-35), 1973 annuals are averages of Jan. and Feb. old indexes and Mar.-Dec. new; for gasoline, it is an average of Feb.-Dec. new indexes. There are no comparable indexes for earlier periods.

• Corrected.

^{*}Revised.

¹ Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.

*New series. The Bureau of Labor Statistics has revised its pricing program and discontinued prices for the former specification. The index shown is developed from revenue and volume data collected directly from petroleum companies. The pricing formerly was based on spot quotations in trade journals, which over the past year have come to represent a

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973	1			19	973						19	74		
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	PULP	, PAP	ER, A	ND I	PAPE	R PR	ODUC	CTS—	Conti	inued			·			
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Con.																
Selected types of paper (API): Groundwood paper, uncoated: Orders, new	1, 405 164 1, 317 3, 630	1, 431 152 1, 427 3, 826	112 192 124 344	125 195 122 318	130 207 109 292	136 211 132 316	112 219 120 293	126 201 136 312	96 168 123	100 152 119 309	118 139 126 333	117 169 109	140 168 120 34 6	134 193 127 321		
Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo Shipmentsdo Uncoated book and writing and related papers. I Orders, newdo Shipmentsdo	393 3, 522 6, 089 6, 023	346 3,852 r 6,418 r 6,590	462 339 * 575 * 579	462 328 7 556 7 551	420 310 7 484 7 532	435 324 7 528 7 576	419 301 7 514 7 524	422 325 7 563 7 603	359 330 7 504 7 556	346 310 7 498 7 515	352 345 7 585 7 597	342 310 r 525 r 533	366 341 7 563 7 601	349 328 530 587		
Unbleached kraft packaging and industrial converting papers: Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of period do Shipments do Tissue paper, production do	4, 039 241 3, 916 3, 977	3, 967 193 4, 011 3, 984	300 212 354 349	370 192 340 334	374 191 314 314	324 196 346 336	303 190 327 308	387 178 351 340	313 176 339 328	320 193 332 311	337 190 340 333	345 204 333 316	370 210 364 345	345 215 353 335		
Vewsprint: Canada; Production	8, 820 8, 901 251	9, 140 9, 199 19 3	828 846 265	825 811 279	775 781 273	684 665 292	592 665 218	716 722 213	801 826 188	785 780 193	3 815 3 791 3 216	758 740 233	835 776 292	799 848 244	794 820 218	
United States: Production do Shipments from mills do Stocks at mills, end of period do	3, 422 3, 437 27	3, 431 3, 435 24	309 313 34	282 281 35	278 278 35	288 292 30	258 262 27	291 292 25	289 289 26	261 263 24	³ 281 ³ 277 ³ 28	258 261 25	277 272 31	255 261 24	276 276 24	
Consumption by publishers. do Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of periodthous. sh. tons	7,569 544	7, 658 603	702 642	642 671	620 670	610 628	608 606	652 590	652 606	623 603	* 569 * 657	539 718 628	619 707	598 727	638 720	
Importsdo	7, 101 163. 20	7, 410 170. 44	656 168. 58	678 168. 58	606 169, 42	586 169. 42	511 170, 25	567 170. 25	656 179. 67	549 182, 34	682 184. 34	184.34	623 195, 05	636 205. 13	205. 13	207. 1
aperboard (American Paper Institute): Orders, new (weekly avg.)thous. sh. tons. Orders, unfilled \$	513 1,446 549	518 1,603 568	594 1,899 588	596 1,860 583	541 1,874 518	595 1, 90 3 587	57 3 1, 909 548	575 1,817 585	579 1,723 590	518 1,603 574	583 1, 753 579	563 1,741 587	622 1,789 597	594 1,775 587	596 1,741 599	58' 1,58' 58'
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipmentsmil. sq. ft. surf. area	1 211, 926	1 228,052	19, 758	19, 591	16, 762	20, 239	18, 267	21,744	19,410	16,934	19,556	18, 238	19,518	19, 474	19,664	
Folding paper boxesthous. sh. tonsmil \$	2, 525. 0 1, 33 0. 0	2,614.0 1,460.0	217.5 118.9	215. 1 119. 5	193. 5 107. 0	232. 4 130. 9	216. 7 125. 0	243. 0 138. 9	227. 0 130. 2	225. 3 133. 0	r 125, 6 133, 0	, 201. 5 , 123. 1	224. 1 138. 0	, 215. 4 , 137. 5	218. 5 135. 4	
		RU.	BBER	ANI	RU	BBER	PRO	DUC	TS							
RUBBER																
tatural rubber: Consumptionthous. lg. tons Stocks, end of perioddo Imports, incl. latex and guayuledo	640. 60 116. 72 602. 16	122.44	² 57. 34 ² 116, 17 55. 48	54. 46 111. 08 53. 44	48. 97 111, 49 40. 71		56. 30 121. 68 63. 69	63. 41 114. 92 60. 17	57, 12 122, 47 56, 3 2	53, 96 122, 44 38, 32	64. 43 122. 04 53. 18	58. 43 118. 26 59. 09	63. 02 127. 44 63. 42	50, 15		
Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.)_\$ per lb_ynthetic rubber:	.181	. 351	.310	.368	. 413	. 413	. 364	. 336	. 395	. 540	, 538	. 510	. 488	. 428	. 440	. 42
Consumption do Stocks, end of period do	2, 296. 12 495. 68	2, 400. 84 520. 99	² 222. 59 ² 197. 72 ² 469. 41	199. 86 196. 06 469. 93	210, 04 180, 33 499, 28	220, 38 209, 48 505, 91	210. 67 209. 08 517. 18	227. 49 219.68 500.88	212. 61 196. 86 494. 73	219, 37 188, 97 520, 99	222. 74 221. 03 500. 84	208. 70 201. 94 497. 00	227. 42 218. 06 476. 72			
Exports (Bu. of Census) do Reclaimed rubber: do Production do Consumption do Stocks, end of period do	257. 10 194. 45 187. 58	275. 84 201. 02 163. 71	24. 18 ² 19. 02 ² 13. 42 ² 22. 40	23. 58 18. 46 13. 81	20. 86 16. 79 11. 38	18. 96 15. 30 11. 89	29. 34 11. 71 11. 27	25. 01 13. 04 14. 52	21.60 11.31 11.17	21, 10 14, 10 10, 80	22, 40 11, 27 13, 75	20. 55 14. 32 13. 15	27. 76 15. 38 14. 43			
Stocks, end of perioddodo	19.91	20,96	² 22. 40	23, 16	25. 04	23.87	22.18	21.43	21.66	20, 96	19.81	17.64	17. 19			
neumatic casings, automotive:	229,611	223, 418	18, 693	17,752	14, 287	17, 325	17,727	19,841	18, 035	17, 343	20, 366	19, 349	20, 497	18, 334		
Shipments, total	227,944 63,924	238, 916 69, 600 165, 216 4, 100	21, 646 6, 360 14, 969 317	21, 994 6, 562 15, 099 332	19, 433 4, 671 14, 462 300	19,658 4,473 14,892 293	20, 765 5, 424 14, 920 421	22, 582 6, 555 15, 523 504	17, 559 5, 884 11, 203 471	13, 950 3, 778 9, 762 409	17,055 4,846 11,657 551	15, 808 4, 432 10, 854 522	17. 222 4, 724 11, 962 536	19, 639 5, 245 13, 832		
Stocks, end of perioddodododo	60, 255 2, 127	50, 275 4, 393	60, 485 404	56, 834 440	52, 341 34 9	50, 3 92 245	47,775 429	45, 636 548	46, 472 517	50, 275 488	53, 308 539	57, 056 601	60, 55 3 568	59, 020 684		
nner tubes, automotive: Production	37, 962 41, 774 9, 391 766	38, 701 44, 710 8, 556 1, 290	3, 438 3, 568 10, 366 121	3, 233 3, 919 10, 203 149	2,350 3,348 9,633 67	2,950 3,688 9,311 110	3, 209 3, 736 9, 234 82	3, 592 4, 273 8, 999 143	3, 041 3, 395 8, 601 141	3, 008 3, 366 8, 556 129	3, 554 4, 210 8, 298 80	3, 441 3, 819 8, 517 138	r 3,875 r 3,890 r 8,897 158	3,570 3,887 8,978 227		

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to months. 2 Publication of monthly rubber statistics was discontinued by the Census Bureau effective with the Dec. 1972 report (Series M30A). Data beginning Jan. 1973 are from the Rubber Manufacturers Association and are not strictly comparable with earlier data. 3 Beginning January 1974, data reflect reduction in basis weight of newsprint from 32 to 30 lbs. for 500 sheets measuring 24" x 36"; data for January 1974 on 32-lb. basis (thous. short tons): Canadaproduction, 840; shipments, 815; stocks, 222; United States—production, 289; shipments, 285;

mill stocks, 29; consumption by publishers, 586, stocks at and in transit, 676.

[†]Represents the sum of uncoated book paper and writing and related papers formerly shown separately; data for new orders no longer available for the individual items.

As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption.

Monthly data are averages for the 4-week period ending on Saturday nearest the end of the month; annual data are as of Dec. 31.

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973				197							19	74		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jur
	:	STON	E, CL	AY,	AND	GLAS	SS PF	RODU	CTS							
PORTLAND CEMENT																
hipments, finished cementthous. bbl.	1 433,149	1472, 149	46, 452	47, 181	47, 633	53, 138	43, 367	50, 213	38, 612	26, 500	22, 245	24,601	31,846	38, 622	43,133	
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS	1															
ipments:	ļ															
Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. standard brick		8, 922. 7	861.7	862, 1	832. 9	868.0	704. 5	781.7	692.5	526.3	511.4	452.1	7 570.4	622. 4		
Structural tile, except facingthous. sh. tons_ Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrifieddo	100.5	94. 2 1, 637. 5	7. 2 151. 8	8. 3 161. 9	9. 2 160. 6	10.5 174.2	10.0 148.6	9. 9 150. 2	8. 7 132. 1	5. 7 87. 7	6. 5 97. 2	5. 5 100. 9	77.5 128.4	8. 1 132. 8		
Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent.	133.3	123.3	11.7	12.1	11.3	13.0	10. 2	11. 2	9.1	8.2	7.9	7.5	9.0	9. 5		
Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un- glazed mil. sq. ft.	307.9	300.6	27.3	26.0	25. 2	27. 5	23.0	26.8	23.9	21.3	23.0	22.1	r 23. 6	25. 3		
rice index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock 1967=100	122.1	130.9	1 3 0. 9	131, 3	131.3	131.5	131.5	132. 1	132.1	1 3 2. 5	1 34 . 8	136.5	139. 5	141. 2	141.8	14:
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS					102.0									,		
at glass, mfrs.' shipmentsthous. \$	550,292	591,290		147,118			148, 3 95			153,526			146, 864			
Sheet (window) glass, shipmentsdo	157,187	152,242		38,680			37,396			38,647			40, 524			
Plate and other flat glass, shipmentsdo	393,105	439,048		108,438			110,999			114,879		- 	106, 340			
lass containers: Productionthous. gross_	267,347	277,372	24,772	24,476	22,922	24, 270	22,116	24,662	21,098	20, 318	24,430	20,804	25, 814	28, 754		
Shipments, domestic, totaldo	264, 869	272,630	26,458	23,813	21, 684	26, 206	22, 543	23,283	21,656	20, 721	2 3 ,722	23, 377	29,425	28, 313		
Narrow-neck containers: Fooddodo	24.333	23, 634	2, 296	1,856	1,482	2,240	2, 565	1,890	1,577	1,592	2,020		3, 264	1		
Beveragedodo	71,053	71,000 59,994	7, 030 5, 836	7, 094 5, 359	6, 590 5, 408	6,816 5,805	5,739	5, 361 5, 152	5,440 4,541	5, 552 4, 3 86	2, 0 20 5, 19 3 5, 015	2, 189 5, 407 4, 878	6, 432 6, 346	2,398 7,476 6,588		
Liquor and winedo	22, 425	22,729	2, 218	1,886	1, 439	1,899	4,995 1,630	2, 159	2,105	1,911	2, 339	2,074	2,568	1,608		
Wide-mouth containers: Food (incl. packer's tumblers, felly glasses.													ļ			
Food (incl. packer's tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous. gross. Dairy productsdo	58, 241 238	59, 129 197	5, 692 25	4,654 13	4,300	6, 301 21	4, 933 14	5, 313 16	4,874 16	4, 446 14	5, 551 19	5, 167 13	6, 748 13	6, 949 14		
Narrow-neck and Wide-mouth containers:	1				"			10	10		10	10	1			
Medicinal and toilet	29, 892 4, 283	31, 526 4, 421	2, 925 436	2, 582 369	2, 156 297	2,739 385	2,330 337	3,008 384	2,694 409	2, 510 310	3, 130 455	3, 190 459	3, 583 471	2, 907 373		
Stocks, end of perioddo	35,842	35, 924	38,727	39, 107	39, 936	37, 681	36,587	37,608	36,884	35, 924	36 ,922	34, 230	30, 364	30, 612		
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS (QTRLY)	00,012	00,521	00,121	00, 107	00, 800	91,001	30,001	01,000	30,002	00,021	30,522	01,200	00,001	00,012		
roduction:		Ì	l l											1		
Crude gypsum thous. sh. tons	*112,328 *112,005	, 113,558 , 112,592		3, 473 3, 182		ļ	3, 777 3, 259			3, 632 3, 167			3, 218 2, 916			
nports, crude gypsumdo	7,718	7, 661		1,904			2,079			2, 105			1,619	1		
ales of gypsum products:	7,718	7,001		1,501			2,019			2, 100			1,015			
Uncalcineddododo	4,719	5, 525		1,580			1,554			1,530			1, 281			
Industrial plastersdo	309	349		91	- 		79			93			83			
Building plasters: Regular basecoatdodo	330	293		79			72			66		<i>-</i>	59			
All other (incl. Keene's cement) do Board products, total mil. sg. ft.	14,372	484 15, 151		128 3, 812			118 3,899			3, 780			106 3, 482			
LathdoVeneer basedodo	451 357	369 399		93 102			82 101			83 99			101 93			
Gypsum sheathing do do	343	341 11, 130		96 2, 784			88 2,870			77 2,757			71 2,517			
Type X gypsum board do Predecorated wallboard do	2, 279 204	2,700		678 60			701 56			719			655 44			
		<u></u>			LE P	ROD	UCTS	<u></u>								
WOVEN FABRICS ‡	1	1									1	}				Ī
oven fabrics (gray goods), weaving mills:									000	000	,, ,,,	000	- 000	2 1, 129		
Production, total Q mil. linear yd Cotton do do do do do do do do do do do do do	5,666	11,751 5,416	948 445	942 444	² 934 ² 430	902	900 404	² 1, 130 ² 506	920 404	830 370	² 1, 159 ² 518	960 431 522	7 968 433 7 528	² 1, 129 ² 508 ² 611		
	1	6, 214	492	488	2 495	479	489	2611	509	453	2 628		ļ	ļ.		
Stocks, total, end of period of do	408	718 285	789 321	800 310	792 311	763 315	739 304	720 295	728 296	718 285	741 295	778 321	7796 330	827 341 482		
Manmade fiber	i	428	462	484	477	444	432	422	429	428	442	452	r 462	1		
Orders, unfilled, total, end of period ¶dododo	2, 111	3,502 1,559	4, 666 2, 280	4, 489 2, 174	4, 251 2, 078	3, 894 1, 799	3, 821 1, 640	3,640 1,541	3,553 1,527	3,502 1,559	3, 477 1, 491	3, 457 1, 524	1,545	3, 340 1, 510		
Manmade fiberdo	2,010	1,905	2, 337	2, 272	2, 133	2,057	2, 143	2,020	1,986	1,905	1, 950	1,900	7 1,846	1,801		
COTTON			1									}	1			
otton (excluding linters): Production:						1	1	1								
Ginnings△thous. running bales. Crop estimate, 480-pound bales, net weight	1	4 12, 596	ļ		3	135	496	5,012	9, 202	11,603	12, 375	12,596				
Consumption thous, bales	7 777	4 12, 958 7, 279	579	575	2 573	567	543	2 706	564	509	2 712	412, 958 592	587	7 2 679	564	-
Stocks in the United States, total, end of period	19 222	12, 595	6, 203	5, 200	3, 929	15, 985	15, 217	14, 444	13,421	12,595	10,822	9, 633	8, 226	6, 928	5, 682	
Domestic cotton, total	10 910	12, 586	6, 191	5, 187	3,916	15, 975	15, 206	14, 434	13,411 5,015	12,586 2,788	10,823 10,813 1,521	9,620 1,432	8, 211 1, 156	r 6, 915 958	5, 670 722	
Dark Heat and in manife	3,346	2,788 8,761	1,065 3,476	878 2,737	350 2,074	13, 160 1, 494	12,836 1,249	4.374	7,401	8,761	8, 145	6,964	5,642	r 4, 459	3, 406	
Public storage and compresses do Consuming establishments do	7,947 1,026	1,037	1,650	1,572	1,492	1,321	1,121	1,029	995	1,037	1, 147	1,224	1,413	1,498	1,542	

tMonthly revisions (1970-72) appear in "Woven Fabrics; Production, Stocks, and Unfilled Orders," M22A—Supplement 3 (Aug. 1973), Bureau of the Census. Q Includes data not shown separately.

¶Unfilled orders cover wool apparel (including polyester-wool) finished fabrics; production and stocks exclude figures for such finished fabrics. Orders also exclude bedsheeting, toweling, and blanketing.

△ Cumulative ginnings to end of month indicated.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973				19	73						1	974		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		TE	XTIL	E PF	RODU	CTS-	-Cont	tinue	<u> </u>	···········		<u>'</u>				
COTTON—Continued																
Cotton (excluding linters)—Continued Exportsthous. bales Importsdo	3, 089 75	5, 495 33	437 4	500 2	388 2	329 (3)	266 6	259 3	257 3	592 1	545 3	598 3	778 11	638 6	561 3	
Price (farm), American uplandcents per lb. Price, Strict Low Middling, Grade 41, staple 34 (11/16"), average 11 markets*cents per lb.	1 27. 2 1 35. 6	7 44. 6 7 71. 9	30. 2 45. 2	29. 5 46. 0	30. 4 52. 1	37. 5 66. 9	38. 2 80. 5	38. 0 75. 3	39. 5 6 66. 7	47. 6 76. 6	50. 7 78. 1	52. 0 68. 6	53. 4 62. 4	58. 4 63. 4	48.7 56.2	48. 0 55. 2
COTTON MANUFACTURES Spindle activity (cotton system spindles): Active spindles, last working day, totalmil_ Consuming 100 percent cottondo. Spindle hours operated, all fibers, totalbil_ Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo	18.3 10.4 115.9 .445 67.7	18. 0 9. 8 116. 2 .447 63. 1	18.1 9.9 9.2 .458 5.0	18. 1 9. 9 9. 1 . 456 5. 0	17.8 9.9 29.3 .372 25.0	18.0 9.9 9.0 .452 4.9	18. 1 9. 8 8. 9 . 444 4. 8	18. 1 9. 8 2 11. 5 . 458 2 6. 1	18. 1 9. 8 9. 2 . 460 4. 9	18. 0 9. 8 8. 2 . 409 4. 4	18.1 9.8 211.4 .455 26.0	18. 1 9. 8 9. 4 . 468 5. 0	18. 3 9. 7 9. 3 . 467 5. 0	r 18. 0 r 9. 5 2 11. 0 r . 439 2 5. 8	17. 9 9. 4 9. 1 . 457 4. 8	
Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width: Production (qtrly.)mil. lin. yd	5, 666	r 5, 086	} 	r8 1. 3 24			r 1, 160	 		, 1, 226			1, 317			
Orders, unfilled, end of period, as compared with avg. weekly productionNo. weeks' prod Inventories, end of period, as compared with avg. weekly productionNo. weeks' prod Ratio of stocks to unfilled orders (at cotton mills), end of period	22.7 4.1	18. 4 2. 9 . 16	22. 5 3. 0	21. 4 2. 8	26. 2 3. 6	19.3 2.9	17. 6 2. 6	16.5 2.7	16. 4 2. 8	18.4 2.9	15.8 2.7	15.6 2.8	16. 0 2. 8 . 17	16. 5 3. 1	14.3 3.1	
Exports, raw cotton equivthous. bales_ Imports, raw cotton equivdo	409. 2 735. 5	459. 9 680. 9	38.8 59.2	37. 9 56. 2	35. 4 54. 2	33.9 58.1	42. 5 49. 4	43. 8 60. 4	44.8 57.7	43. 3 56. 0	44. 1 53. 6	43. 6 58. 6	52. 9 59. 5	51. 0 51. 2	51. 5 68. 1	
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES Fiber production, qtrly. totalmil. lb. Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)dodo Staple, incl. tow (rayon)dodo	7, 293. 6 653. 1 713. 2	8, 329. 4 635. 3 696. 7		2,099.3 164. 7 168. 2			2,077.2 153.7 172.6			2, 129. 6 158. 9 187. 4			2,079.3 146.2 181.2			
Yarn and monofilaments do	2, 773. 3 2, 582. 4 571. 6	3, 339. 6 2, 969. 8 688. 0		827. 8 765. 9 172. 7			842. 3 738. 2 170. 4			856. 4 745. 4 181. 5			858. 1 723. 5 170. 3			
Fxports: Yarns and monofilamentsthous. lb Staple, tow, and topsdo	117, 405 205, 485	⁵ 252,829 316, 441	19, 451 28, 661	21,773 24,730	19,802 25,523	17, 099 21, 196	27, 451 29, 190	25, 270 29, 687	27, 213 25, 025	27, 232 28, 425	29,907 34 ,5 3 6	27, 351 25, 248	27, 509 32, 515	30,058 29,950	26, 588 34, 019	
Imports: Yarns and monofilamentsdoStaple, tow, and topsdo	249, 948 157, 857	171, 102 164, 251	16, 876 16, 759	14, 695 16, 276	11, 281 18, 172	10, 511 13, 033	6, 877 11, 032	8, 242 14, 487	6, 986 13, 266	4, 510 8, 861	6, 049 13, 358	4, 305 6, 439	4, 935 10, 254	5,845 10,937	5, 450 8, 760	
Stocks, producers', end of period: Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)	61. 6 61. 5 293. 7 298. 1	46. 3 34. 0 232. 2 186. 5		48. 9 32. 5 250. 0 228. 6			48. 4 26. 5 254. 8 199. 6			46. 3 34. 0 232. 2 186. 5			37. 2 25. 9 222. 9 185. 9			
Textile glass fiberdo Prices, manmade fibers, f.o.b. producing plant: Staple: Polyester, 1.5 denier	84.0	72.5	۵,	70. 2	21		69.4	61	. 61	72.5	 e1		68.8	e1	. 61	. 61
Yarn: Rayon (viscose), 150 denierdo Acrylic (spun), knitting, 2/20, 3-6Ddo	1. 03 1. 22	1.04 1.30	1. 05 1. 31	1.05 1.31	1. 05 1. 31	1. 05 1. 32	1.05 1.32	1. 05 1. 32	1. 05 1. 32	1. 05 1. 32	. 61 1. 08 1. 32	1.11 1.32	1. 13 1. 32	. 61 1. 15 1. 35	1. 15 1. 38	1. 15 1. 36
Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics: Production (qtrly.), total ?	5, 530. 9 1, 723. 0 506. 2 377. 0 3, 062. 6	76,108.6 1,895.0 473.1 365.8 r3,526.8		781,570. 9 477. 2 122. 2 94. 1 178 915. 3			71,415.1 437.2 109.1 85.7 7 817.1			r1,547.8 500. 6 115. 6 86. 3 r 879. 6			1, 699. 4 587. 4 145. 1 110. 5 930. 0			
do Polyester blends with cottondo Filament and spun yarn fabrics (combinations and mixtures)mil. lin. yd	428. 2 2, 190. 1 515. 4	435. 5 r2,513.9 474. 7		115. 0 r8 658. 9 119. 6			105.3 7571.8 113.4			99. 7 622. 8 118. 1			98. 0 656. 3 114. 3			
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES Wool consumption, mill (clean basis): Apparel class	142.2 76.4 96.6 71.8	112. 4 41. 4 59. 8 40. 6	10. 1 3. 7 6. 4 4. 3	9.7 3.5 6.8 5.3	28.7 22.9 5.6 4.7	8.6 2.9 4.7 3.5	8.1 2.3 2.8 2.1	2 10. 6 2 2. 8 2. 9 2. 2		6. 4 1. 3 2. 1 1. 3	2 8.0 2 2.0 1.6 1.1	6.3 2.0 3.0 1.1	6. 6 1. 7 2. 5 1. 7	2.5 1.6	3. 1 1. 8	
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: Good French combing and staple: Graded territory, fine\$ per lb. Graded fleece, 36 blooddo Australian, 64s, warp and half-warpdo	1, 157 , 925 1, 321	2,500 1,594 3,035	2. 335 1. 375 3. 093	2. 575 1. 600 3.242	2. 600 1. 650 3. 215	2. 750 1. 700 3. 210	2.750 1.512 2.942	2. 630 1. 420 2. 741	2. 419 1. 475 2. 596	2.375 1.500 2.818	2, 360 1, 480 2, 725	2, 225 1, 3 88 2, 53 2	1. 975 1. 350 2. 400	1, 850 1, 340 2, 357	1. 712 1. 262 2. 376	1. 788 1. 250 2. 332
Wool broadwoven goods, exc. felts: Production (qtrly.)mil. lin. yd_	101.8	106.0		30.8			24.9			20.7	ļ		25.1			
FLOOR COVERINGS Carpet and rugs:* Rugs, carpet, and carpeting, shipments, quarterly: Total woven, tufted, othermil. sq. yds	934.9	71,027.6		259.9			256.6			r 259. 8			242. 9			

Revised. ¹ Season average. ² For 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ³ Less than 500 bales. ⁴ Price not directly comparable with earlier data. ⁵ Annual total; revisions not distributed by months or quarters. ⁶ Effective Nov. 1, 1973, Little Rock, Ark., deleted from market average. ⁷ Preliminary season average based on sales through Mar. 1974. ⁸ Revised 1st quarter 1973 fabric production (mil. lin. yd.): Cotton, 1,377; manmade total, 1,574.8; spun yarn total, 914.8; polyester-cotton blends, 660.4.

*New series. Cotton market price (U.S. Department of Agriculture) available monthly back to 1947. Carpet and rug shipments (Bureau of the Census) quarterly data back to 1968 are available. For 1973, data have been revised to omit estimates for rugs not specified by kind; these estimates have been temporarily withdrawn.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1972	1973				1	973						19	74		
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		TE	XTII	E PF	RODU	CTS-	-Con	tinue	d	·		·	·	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	
APPAREL;										-						
Hosiery, shipmentsthous. doz. pairs_ Men's apparel cuttings:0	228,723	228, 269	17, 875	22, 267	19, 851	23, 066	19,982	22, 077	18, 079	14,929	17,007	16,482	19,783	17,358		
Suitsthous. units_ Coats (separate), dress and sportdo	18, 174 18, 202	16, 701 18, 801	1, 372 1, 665	1, 278 1, 533	862 1, 125	1, 480 1, 689	1, 401 1, 541	1,589 1,775	1,471 1,660	1, 142 1, 260	1,511 1,499	1, 384 1, 414	1,512 1,681			
Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo Slacks (jean's-cut), casual*thous. doz Shirts, dress and sportdo		149, 747 13, 447 33, 392	15, 233 1, 317 2, 920	13, 262 1, 316 3, 001	9, 529 1, 206 2, 113	13, 706 1, 010 2, 942	11, 052 1, 115 2, 739	13, 050 1, 121 3, 067	11,536 1,029 2,956	8, 877 1, 053 2, 439	11, 931 1, 048 2, 805	10,819 968 2,797	15, 676 1, 186 3, 015			
omen's misses', juniors' apparel, cuttings:‡ Coatsthous. units	20,877		1,751													
Dressesdo	13, 824		16, 614 1, 753 737													
	1	TF	RANSI	PORT	'ATIO	N E()UIPI	MENT		<u>`</u>	<u>'</u>		!			
AEROSPACE VEHICLES																
orders, new (net), qtrly. total mil. \$	23, 842 14, 817	27,034 15,861	^a 7, 120 ^a 3, 540	6, 099 3, 709			6, 908 4, 442			r 6,907 r 4,170			7,228 4,235			
Prime contractdododes (net), receipts, or billings, qtrly, total_do	21, 274	7 24, 390 7 24, 298	a 6,369 a 5,644	5, 567 6, 532			6, 252 5, 646			* 6,202			6,582 6,234			
U.S. Governmentdododododododo.	13, 492 26, 922	7 14, 488 7 29, 661	28, 3 98	3, 723 27, 967			3, 597 29, 229						3, 523 30, 655			ł
U.S. Government do	15, 322 13, 060	7 16, 695 7 13, 544	415, 486 413, 734	15, 473 13, 507			29, 229 16, 318 13, 765			716,695 713,544			17,407 13,879			
Engines (aircraft) and partsdo	2, 572 5, 272	7 2,821 7 5,670	4 2,653 5,553	2,763 5,255			2,756 6,010	{		* 2,821 * 5,670			3, 083 5, 330			l
sion units, and partsmil. \$ Other related operations (conversions, modifications), products, servicesmil. \$	2,990	r 2,897	r 2,912	2,785			2,900	1		r 2, 897			3, 142		}	i
ircraft (complete):	3, 231. 8	4, 598. 2	599.6	436. 9	332, 2	252. 4	285. 8	252, 2	454, 2	516.8	3 21. 5	491.6	4 72. 7	r 559.9	467.0	
Shipments do Airframe weight thous. lb Exports, commercial mil. \$	47, 694 1, 608. 7	64, 370 2, 311. 0	7, 698 314. 2	5,376 145.2	4, 630 89, 0	4, 196 125. 0	4, 112 210. 9	3,856 88.7	5, 717 254. 5	6,855 256.6	3, 437 134. 6	6, 332 360. 8	6,310 381.7	* 6,907 300.5	6,241 270.4	\
MOTOR VEHICLES																
actory sales (from plants in U.S.), totalthous. Domesticdodo	10,646.8	12, 637. 3 11, 865. 7	1, 140. 4	1, 186. 3 1, 122. 5	949. 1 898. 3	640. 1 603. 6	878.0	1, 143. 7	1, 139. 8 1, 062. 3	737. 9 691. 9	855.9 787.6	781.4 708.3	857. 9 774. 1	928.6 841.0	992.6 910.5	2 88
Passenger cars, totaldodo	8,823.9 8,352.5 2,446.8	9,657.6 9,078.8 2,979.7	940. 9 880. 1 278. 9	921.3 873.3 265.0	714. 0 677. 5 235. 1	440.3 415.7 199.7	716. 9 666. 1 226. 5	955. 5 887. 2 276. 4	887. 8 827. 1 252. 0	540.0 507.1 197.8	599. 9 552. 1 256. 0	551.9 501.5 229.5	616.0 557.1 241.9	681.1 617.4 247.6	736. 9 679. 0 255. 7	2 65 2 23
Domesticdo	2, 294. 4	2, 786.8	260.3	249. 2	220.8	187. 8	211. 9	256. 5	2 3 5, 1	184.8	2 3 5. 6	206. 8	217.0	223.7	231. 5	
etail sales, new passenger cars : Total, not seasonally adjustedthousdodo	10,950 9,327	11, 457 9, 676	1,146 972	1,086 909	961 808	838 686	875 754	979 858	913 778	694 574	679 551	684 568	780 654	817 703	882 767	
Imports do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1,623	1,781	17 4 12. 5	178 11.6	153 11. 8	152 11. 5	121 11. 7	858 122 9. 9	1 3 5 10. 1	120 9. 5	128 9. 3	116 9.1	126 9, 2	114 9.3	115 9.4	
Domestics△ do			10.7 1.8	9.7 1.8	10.0 1.8	9.9 1.7	10. 2 1. 5	8. 4 1. 5	8. 4 1. 8	7. 7 1. 8	7.7 1.7	7. 6 1. 6	7.7 1.4	8.0 1.3	8. 2 1. 2	
Retall inventories, new cars (domestics), end of period:△													<u> </u>			
Not seasonally adjusted thous. Seasonally adjusted do	1,311 1,454	1, 600 1, 765	1,648 1,452	1,708 1,523	1,612 1,592	1, 387 1, 553	1,360 1,478	1,479 1,664	1,628 1,812	1,600 1,765	1,705 1,713	1,737 1,644	1,695 1,540	1,674 1,499	1,655 1,461	1, 1,
nventory-sales ratio, new cars (domestics)△ ratio	2.0	2,0	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	
Exports (Bureau of the Census): Passenger cars (new), assembledthous	410. 25	509. 19	49, 52	41.74	30, 27	20.95	40.33	54. 46	43. 18	52, 66	42. 37	47.06	56.10	64.31	5 9. 78	
To Canada do do Trucks and buses (new), assembled do mports (Bureau of the Census):	376. 23 120. 62	452. 37 151. 65	45.81 13.49	38. 24 12. 96	26. 08 12. 67	18.68 9.18	37. 55 9. 14	47. 32 14. 08	34.80 11.22	45. 71 12. 71	33. 00 13. 37	40, 96 18, 84	49. 20 23. 79	53.76 23.98	51.84 19.74	
Passenger cars (new), complete units do from Canada, total do	842.30	2, 43 7. 3 4 8 71 . 56	253. 73 100. 69	232.73 91.01	189, 15 56, 34	149.32 28.86	140.56 61.60	203. 04 85. 62	222. 18 84. 03	148. 03 52. 77	252. 03 74. 28	245. 01 87. 65	254.71 80.08	263.81 59.35	284.62 87.05	
Trucks and buses ¶	429.41 143,310	500.68 164,641	51.39 14,268	48.46	37. 68 12, 906	39.79 12,997	36.96 12,915 -	48. 86 15, 585	46, 80 14, 839	37. 35 14, 201	51, 42 15, 240	48. 90 15,273	43. 41 16, 854	44. 41 715, 564	59.90 15,838	1
Vansdodo 'railer bodies (detachable), sold separatedo	95, 879 20, 009	108,940 18,626	9, 222 1, 365	13,696 9,002 1,512	8,792 1,935	8,690 963	8,441 1,069	10, 384 949	10,290 1,337	9,434 1,596	10, 130 1, 887	9, 508 1, 190	10,978	710, 105 2, 574	10, 196 1, 850	
'railer chassis (detachable), sold separatedo Registrations (new vehicles):⊙	20, 250	12,790	696	1,028	1,078	1,012	828	1,018	977	912	1,027	460	1,040	7 818	934	
Passenger cars thous Imports, incl. domestically sponsored do	1 4 1,529	141,720	11,061.2 170.6	4 163.7	4 167.3	3 151.1	4 132.6	4 919. 5	4 888. 6 4 119. 6	4 875. 6 4 141. 8	4 110.8	3 103. 4	\$ 650. 6 \$ 114. 9	³ 697. 9 ³ 106. 4	5 724.3 5 98.9	1
Trucksdodo	1 4 2,514	1 43, 029	4 264.7	4 279. 2	4 281.1	3 275.0	4 240. 8	252.2	4 243. 4	4 248. 0	4 190. 0	3 178. 2	3 210. 8	3 226. 2	5 229.0	
reight cars (all railroads and private car lines):															-	
Shipments number Equipment manufacturers do	142.073	58, 252 54, 814	4,390	4, 647 4, 414	3,727 3,466	4, 464 4, 215	4,797 4,505	6, 373 6, 016	5, 929 5, 606	5, 246 4, 820	5,862 5,701	4,003 3,876	5, 355 5, 112	4,723 4,418	5,570 5,413 7,200	
New orders do Equipment manufacturers do Unfilled orders, end of period do	1 42, 343	1105, 765 1102, 136 67, 199	6, 551 6, 121 38, 027	11,664 10,964 44,469	5,582 5,282 46,097	5, 461 5, 461 47, 067	8, 142 7, 442 50, 781	13, 535 13, 410 57, 313	9, 736 9, 436 60, 799	11,797 11,745 67,199	11, 246 8, 921 72, 622	6,731 6,231 75,228	10, 514 10, 345 79, 725	13,393 11,412 88,335	7,200 7,200 89,379	
Equipment manufacturersdodoreight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR);	17,666	65, 380	35, 624	41,600	43, 189	44, 408	47,714	55, 078	58,606	65, 380	68, 689	70,922	75, 493	82,427	83,628	
Number owned, end of period thous. Held for repairs, % of total owned. Capacity (carrying), total, end of mo. mil. tons.	_ 5.8	1, 395 6. 3 98. 19	1, 403 5. 8 98. 12	1,402 5.8 98.07	1,401 6.0 98.12	1,396 6.1 97.89	1,395 6.2 97.94	1,393 6.2 97.95	1,395 6.3 98.19	1,395 6.3 98.19	1, 398 6. 3 98. 61	1, 394 6. 4 98. 44	1,394 6.2 98.65	1,395 6.4 98.79	1,393 6.3 98.73	
Average per cartons.	69.53	70.38				70.12		70. 31		70.38	70. 56	70.61	70.76		70.87	

Q Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

\[\Delta \) Domestics include U.S.-type cars produced in the United States and Canada; imports cover foreign-type cars and captive imports, and exclude domestics produced in Canada.

\[\mathbb{E}\) Effective Sept. 1973 Survey, data include imports of separate chassis and bodies.

\[\mathbb{E}\) Effective Feb. 1974 Survey, excludes shipments of dollies and converter gear.

\[\mathcal{O}\) Courtesy of R. L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited.

\[\mathbb{E}\) Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

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THE NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT ACCOUNTS - 1973

Relation of the Four Major Measures of Production and Income Flows

- GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT is the market value of the output of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy
- NATIONAL INCOME is the total earnings of labor and property from the production of goods and services
- PERSONAL INCOME is the total income received by persons from all sources
- DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME is the income remaining to persons after payments of personal taxes

